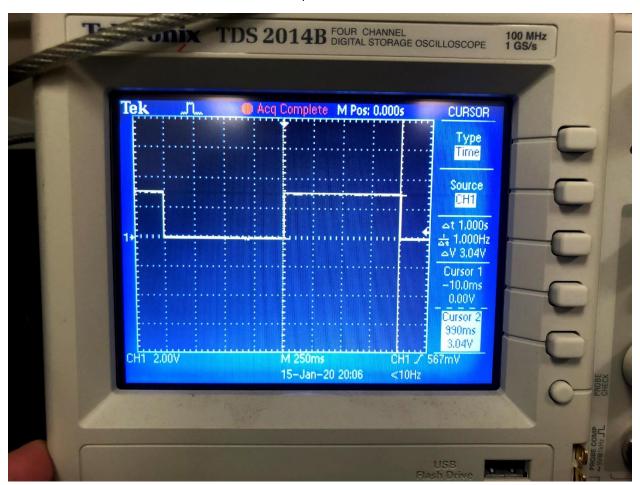
## ECE 153B Lab 1

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## Question 1:

The time delay measured on the oscilloscope is exactly 1 second, accurate to the tenth of a millisecond. (-10 ms to 990 ms on oscilloscope)



## Question 2:

Because the measured value and the expected value are both 1 second, the percent error in our RC oscillator is 0%.

## Question 3:

The address of the SysTick\_Handler() function is 0x080003A4.

Keil Debug Environment

#### Question 4:

The exception number of the SysTick\_Handler() function is 15, as shown by the ISR field. This number represents the entry in the interrupt vector table that contains the address of the SysTick\_Handler() interrupt.

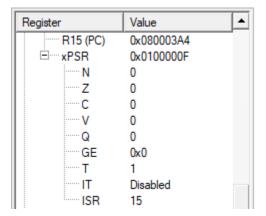


Table 2-5 IPSR bit assignments

Bits	Name	Function
[31:9]	-	Reserved
[8:0]	ISR_NUMBER	This is the number of the current exception:  0 = Thread mode  1 = Reserved  2 = NMI  3 = HardFault  4 = MemManage  5 = BusFault  6 = UsageFault  7-10 = Reserved  11 = SVCall  12 = Reserved for Debug  13 = Reserved  14 = PendSV  15 = SysTick  16 = IRQ0.

#### Question 5:

The interrupt number of the SysTick function, as described in CMSIS, is -1.

stm32l476xx.h

#### Question 6:

The default priority for interrupts that are configurable, including SysTick\_Handler(), is 0. A lower priority value indicates higher urgency.

If software does not configure any priorities, then all exceptions with a configurable priority have a priority of 0. For information about configuring exception priorities see

- System Handler Priority Registers on page 4-21
- Interrupt Priority Registers on page 4-7.

#### Question 7:

No, the SysTick interrupt is not enabled by default.

#### Question 8:

The maximum interrupt time interval between two consecutive SysTick interrupts is 8.39 seconds.

$$\frac{1}{\frac{16 \cdot 10^6}{8}} \cdot (2^{24})$$
= 8.388608

## Question 9:

The GPIO Output Speed determines the slew rate being used for the port. The default GPIO speed is 00 = Low Speed. As the output speed increases, the slew rate increases as well.

#### RM0351

General-purpose I/Os (GPIO)

# 9.4.3 GPIO port output speed register (GPIOx\_OSPEEDR) (x = A..H)

Address offset: 0x08

#### Reset value:

- 0x0C00 0000 for port A
- 0x0000 0000 for the other ports

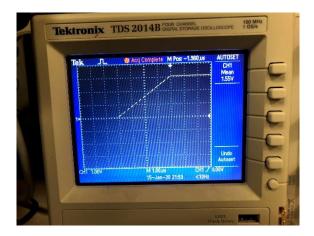
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	
OSPEED15 [1:0]			ED14 :0]	OSPEED13 [1:0]		OSPEED12 [1:0]		OSPEED11 [1:0]		OSPEED10 [1:0]		OSPEED9 [1:0]		OSPEED8 [1:0]		
rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
	OSPEED7 [1:0]		OSPEED6 [1:0]		OSPEED5 [1:0]		OSPEED4 [1:0]		OSPEED3 [1:0]		OSPEED2 [1:0]		OSPEED1 [1:0]		OSPEED0 [1:0]	
rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	rw	

Bits 2y+1:2y OSPEEDy[1:0]: Port x configuration bits (y = 0..15)

These bits are written by software to configure the I/O output speed.

- 00: Low speed
- 01: Medium speed
- 10: Fast speed
- 11: High speed

Note: Refer to the device datasheet for the frequency specifications and the power supply and load conditions for each speed.



GPIO Speed 00 (Low Speed) shows a lower slew rate.



GPIO Speed 11 (High Speed) shows a higher slew rate.