

## MODULE 2

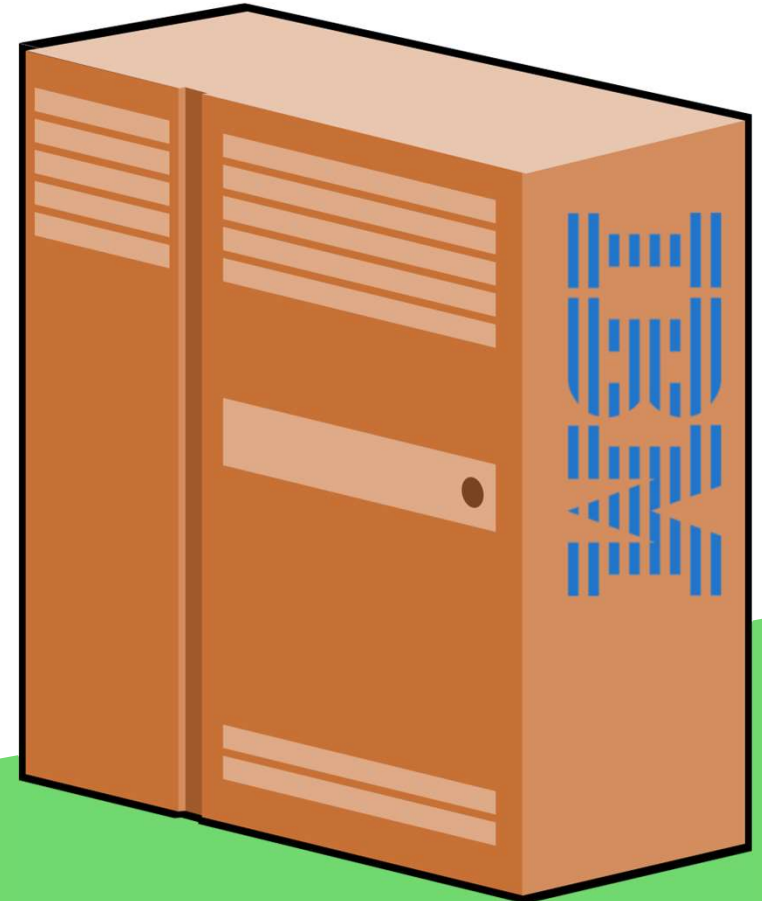
# Application Architecture and Introduction to Networks



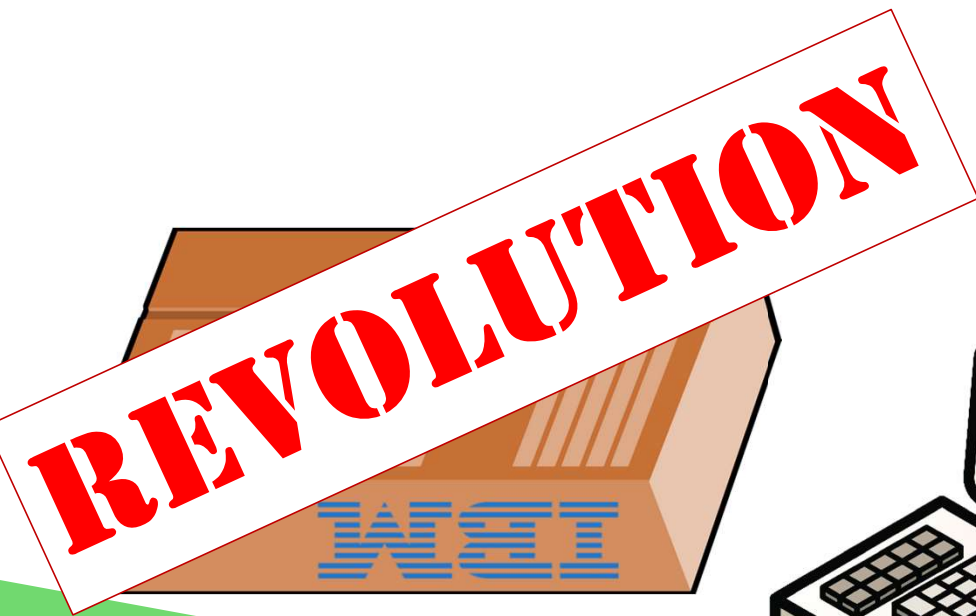
# Before the PC Revolution

```
Processes: 218 total, 2 running, 9 stuck, 198 sleeping, 901 threads, 73.00/0.00
Load Avg: 1.40, 1.75, 1.00 CPU usage: 4.15% user, 4.40% sys, 91.44% idle
SharedLibs: 1640K resident, 0K data, 0K linkedin.
MemRegions: 31278 total, 1893M resident, 113M private, 364M shared.
PhysMem: 5895M used (1191M wired), 10G unused.
VM: 523G vsize, 1820M framework vsize, 0(0) swapins, 0(0) swapouts.
Networks: packets: 12185/8921K in, 11967/1964K out.
Disks: 88156/2205M read, 21233/425M written.

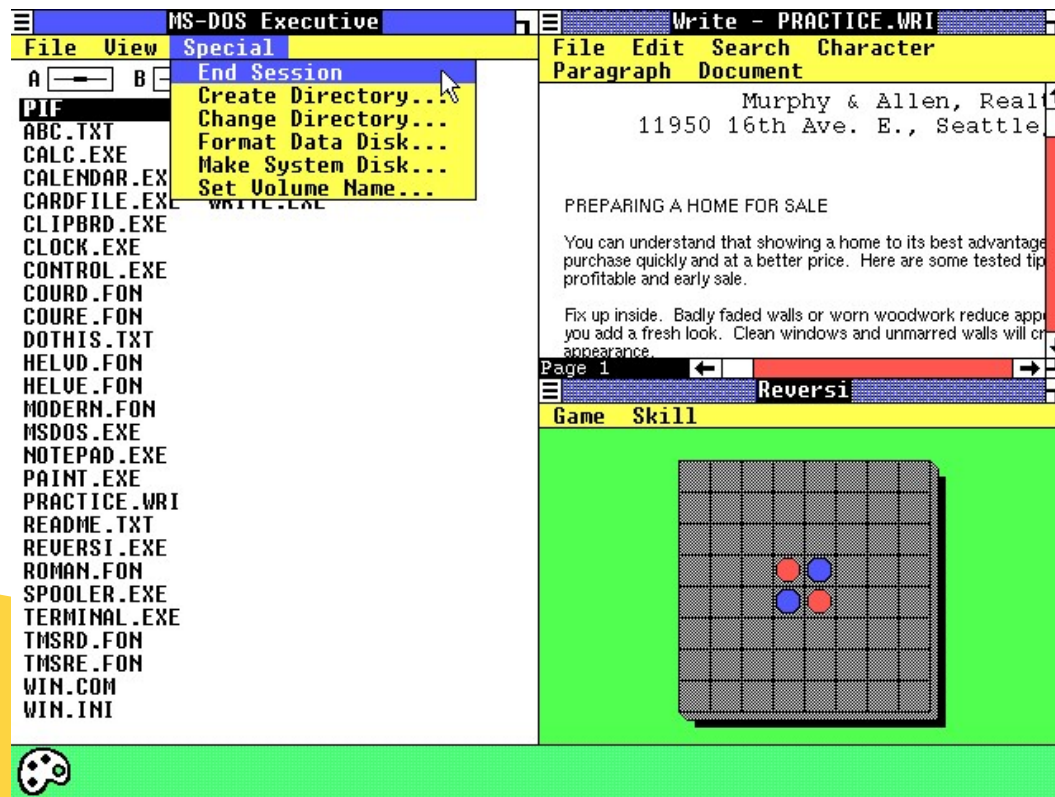
PID COMMAND %CPU TIME #TH #WO #PORT MEM PAGE CMPL PGAP PPID
592 screenshot 0.0 00:00:02.7 5 55+ 1952K+ 20K+ 00 262 262
590 mdworker 0.0 00:00:01.3 0 0 44 2832K 00 00 590 1
589 mdworker 0.0 00:00:01.3 0 0 44 1572K 00 00 589 1
588 top 1.7 00:00:51.1/1 0 22+ 2860K 00 00 588 584
584 bash 0.0 00:00:00.1 0 1 15 580K 00 00 584 583
583 login 0.0 00:00:01.3 1 20 1228K 00 00 583 482
574 sshd 0.0 00:00:00.2 0 25 160K 00 00 574 1
567 system Prefe 0.0 00:03:23.3 0 270 39M 8364K 00 567 1
561 systemstatd 0.0 00:00:01.2 1 19 1040K 00 00 561 1
560 com.apple.We 0.0 00:01:42.9 0 229 25M 00 00 560 1
558 com.apple.We 0.0 00:05:07.15 3 224 151M 1716K 00 558 1
555 bash 0.0 00:00:00.1 0 15 604K 00 00 555 554
554 login 0.0 00:00:01.3 1 20 1176K 00 00 554 482
550 bash 0.0 00:00:00.1 0 15 600K 00 00 550 549
```



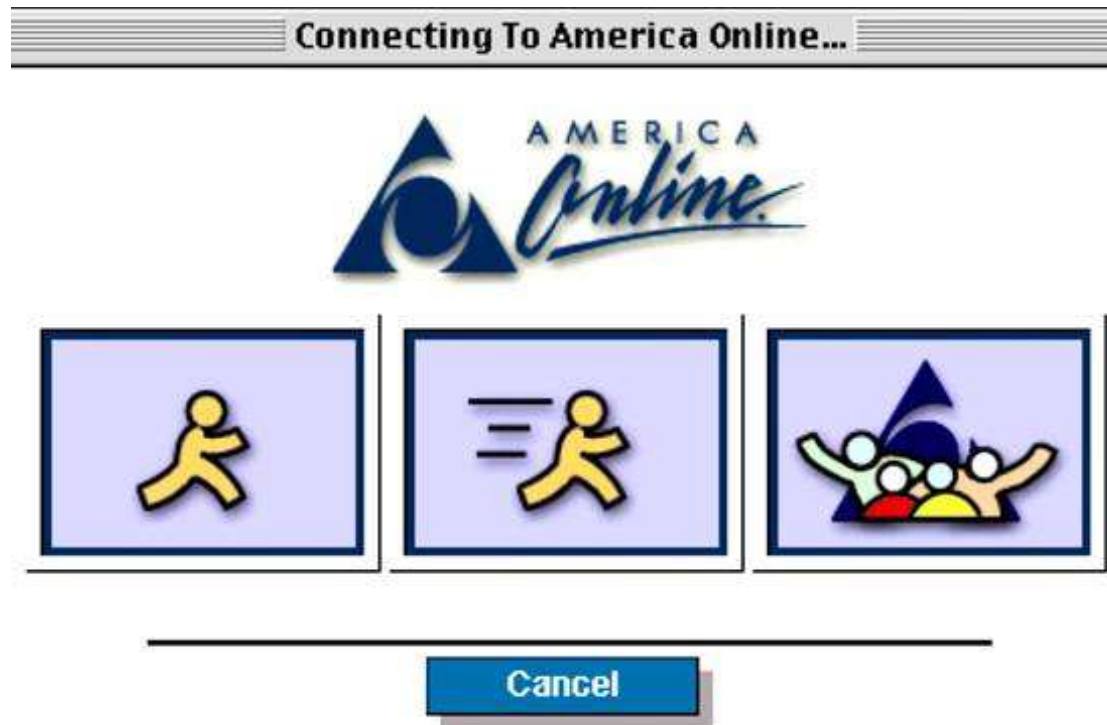
# PC Revolution!



# GUI Revolution



# Internet Revolution





# Separation of Concerns

User interaction  
UI, UX



Module 3

Business  
Logic



Module 2

Persistent  
Storage



# Our Application Evolution



# Our Application Evolution

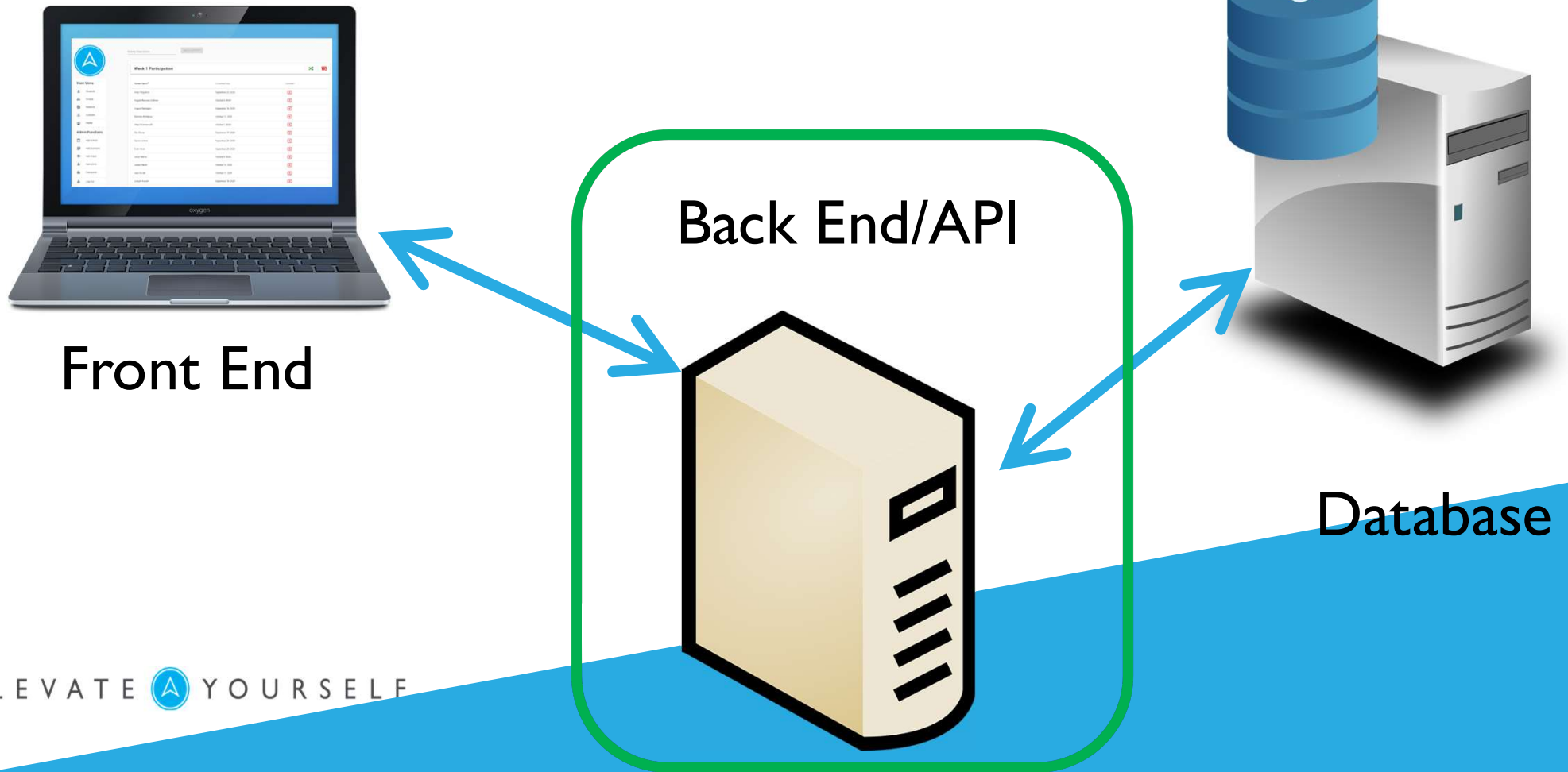




# Our Application Evolution

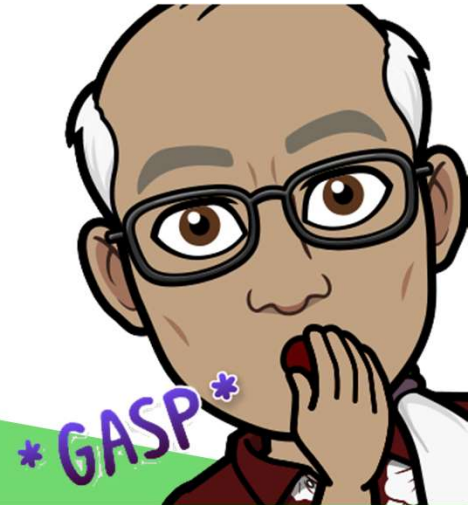


# Our Application Evolution



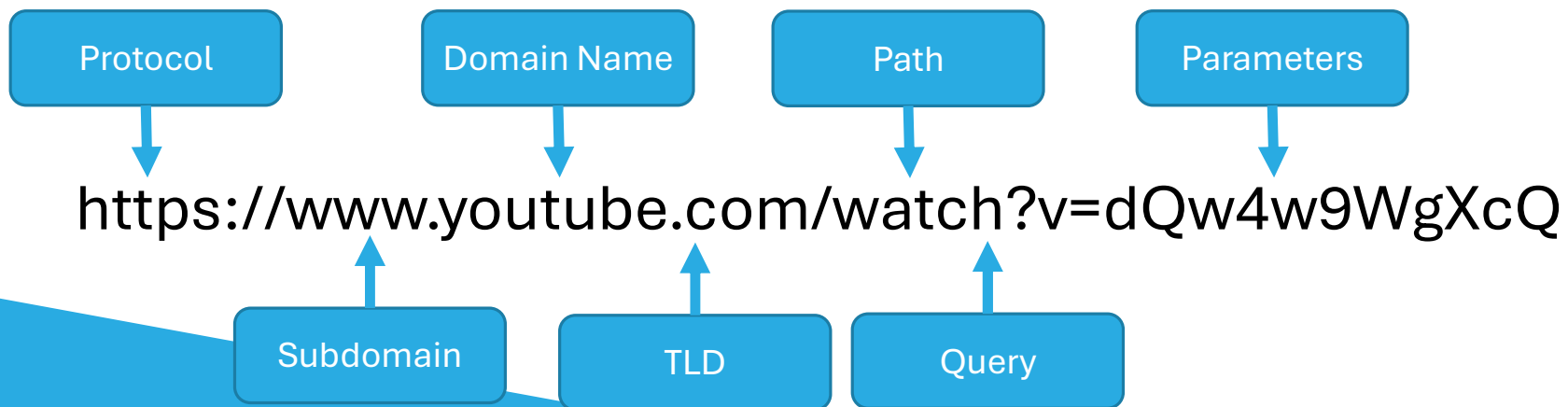
# Internet

- Has anyone ever used the internet?



# The URL

- What does URL stand for?
- Uniform Resource Locator



# IP Address

- Internet Protocol Address (the phone number of the internet)
- Four numbers with 8 bits per number
  - 8 bits == 255 numbers
  - Example IPv4: 54.161.176.89
  - What's your IP address?
- IPv4 is 32 bit allowing for 4.26 billion addresses.

# IP Address

- Internet Protocol Address (the phone number of the internet)
- IPv4 is 32 bit allowing for 4.26 billion addresses.





# Network Routers



# IPv6

- IPv6 is 128 bits allowing for  $3.4 \times 10^{38}$  addresses.
- Example of IPv6
  - fe80:0000:0000:0000:c0b5:30b7:3fd7:e2a4



# Domain Name System

- DNS translates 198.185.159.144 to techelevator.com
- Start with the right most part of the domain: Top Level Domain:
  - .com
  - .net
  - .edu
- Next, is the domain name:
  - techelevator
  - espn
  - msn
- Then, the subdomain.
  - Each subdomain can point to a different IP

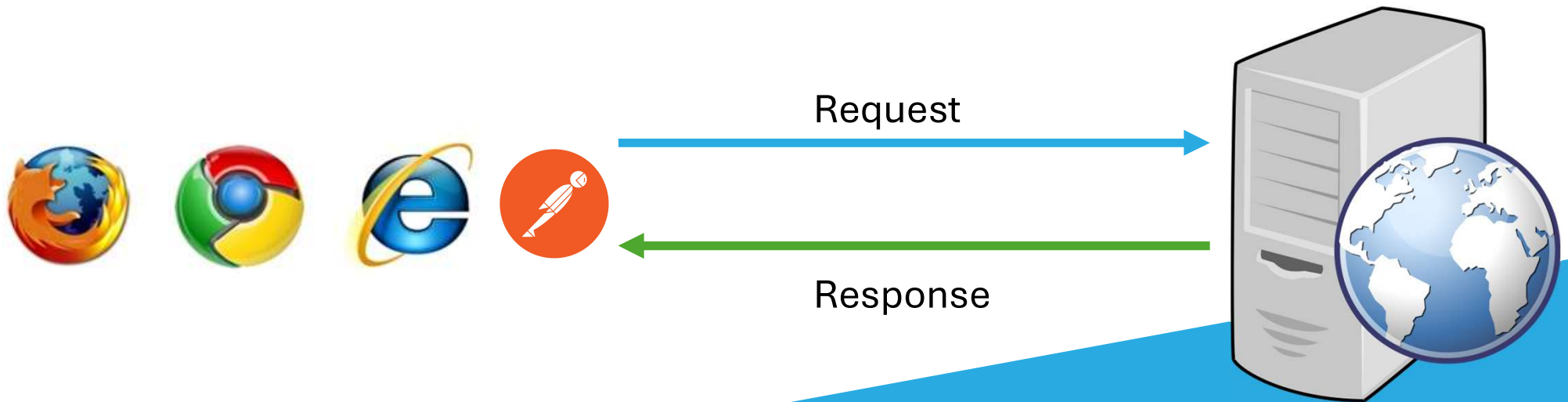
# Port Numbers

- If IP addresses are your phone number, port numbers are the extension
- Range from 0 – 65535
- Common port numbers:
  - 80 == default http
  - 443 == default https
  - 25 == SMTP (email)
  - 21 == FTP



# HTTP and HTTPS

- HTTP: Hypertext transfer protocol
  - How browsers and servers communicate with each other
  - Defines a simple request/response protocol



# Key Elements of HTTP Request

- Method: GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, PATCH
- The page to access
- Form parameters





# Querystring Parameters

- Querystring parameters allow us to add additional inputs.
- Parameters are represented in key/value pairs with the & symbol.  
<https://www.google.com/search?source=hp&ei=67uWX9noGMHF1QGr2KmwDw&q=techelevator&oq=techelevator>
- Anchor is a specific part of the resource and represents a bookmark in the document. Also abstracted by front end frameworks, much like the file path.  
<http://www.yahoo.com#headlinenews>

# Key Elements of the Response Stream

- HTTP Status code
  - 1xx Informational
  - 2xx Success (200 OK)
  - 3xx Redirect (301 Moved Permanently)
  - 4xx Client Error (400 Bad Request, 401 Unauthorized, 403 Forbidden, 404 Not Found)
  - 5xx Server Error (500 Internal Server Error, 501 Not Implemented)



# Response Data

- JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight data-interchange format.

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Aloft Cleveland",
  "address": {
    "id": "69006b81-7f58-4acc-a10e-f9f87affae5f",
    "address": "1111 W 10th St",
    "address2": "",
    "city": "Cleveland",
    "state": "Ohio",
    "zip": "44113"
  },
  "stars": 3,
  "roomsAvailable": 48,
  "costPerNight": 274,
  "coverImage": "aloft-cleveland.webp"
}
```

# JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)

- Key value pairs of data
- Numbers are not in quotes
- Keys are always strings and in double quotes
- Square brackets [ ] indicate arrays
- Curly brackets { } indicate objects

```
{  
  "Title": "Scream",  
  "Year": 1996,  
  "Rated": "R",  
  "Released": "20 Dec 1996",  
  "Runtime": "111 min",  
  "Genre": "Horror, Mystery",  
  "Plot": "A year after the murder of her mother, a teenage girl is  
    terrorized by a new killer, who targets the girl and her friends by  
    using horror films as part of a deadly game.",  
  "Ratings": [  
    {  
      "Source": "Internet Movie Database",  
      "Value": "7.3/10"  
    },  
    {  
      "Source": "Rotten Tomatoes",  
      "Value": "79%"  
    },  
    {  
      "Source": "Metacritic",  
      "Value": "65/100"  
    }  
  ],  
}
```



# LET'S CODE!



# Web Server vs Application Server

- Web Servers are good for serving up web resources that are static content
- Application Servers are for generating dynamic web pages
  - IIS, Tomcat, Apache





# Registering Your Own Domain

- A domain name can be leased from a DNS Registrar.
  - Popular and easy to use registrars are godaddy.com, hover.com or Google's domains.google.
- What you lease is a subdomain of the TLD you choose.
  - Tech Elevator leases the domain techelevator.com.
- You create the subdomains...as many as you like.

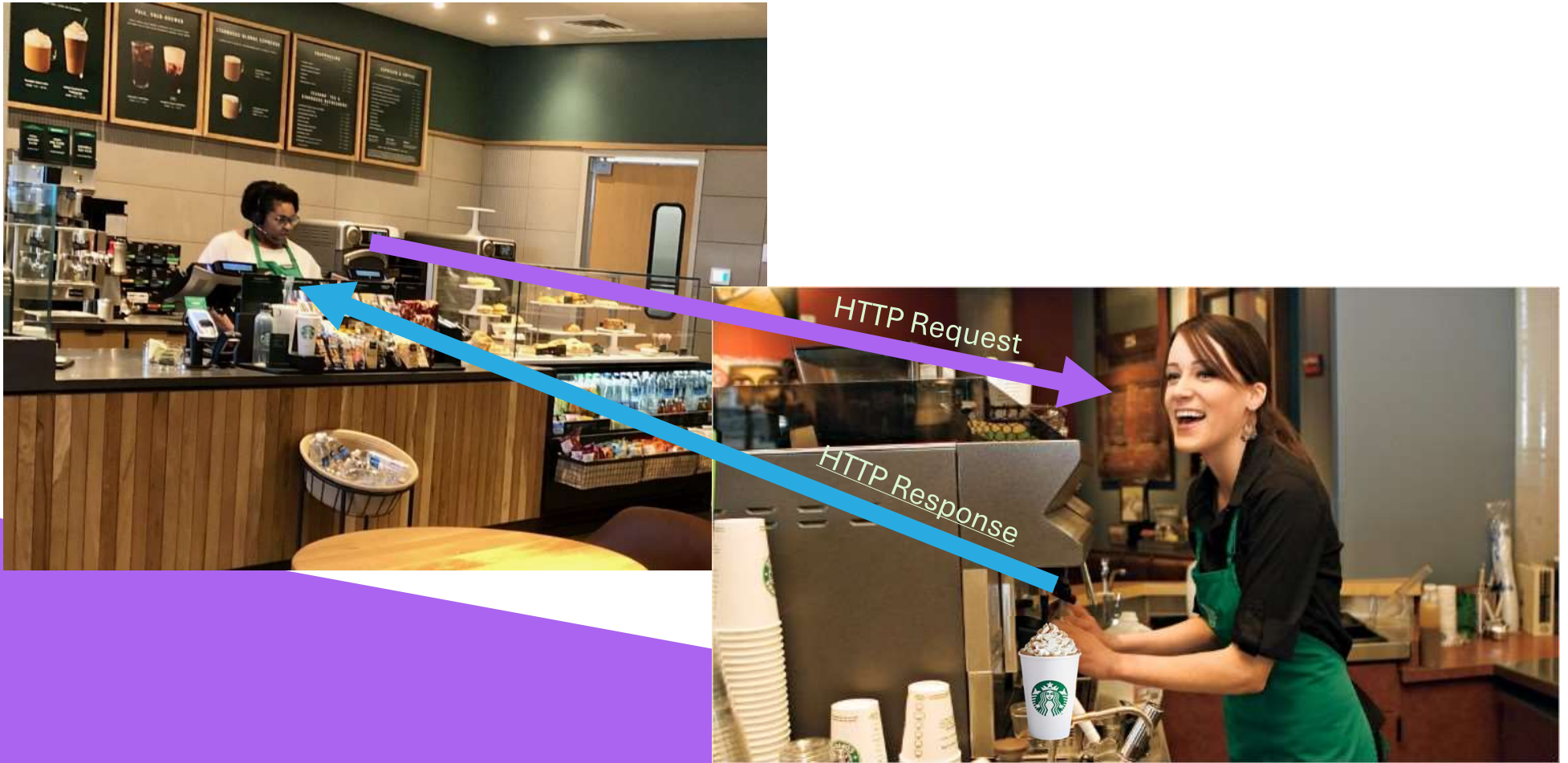
WHAT QUESTIONS DO  
YOU HAVE?



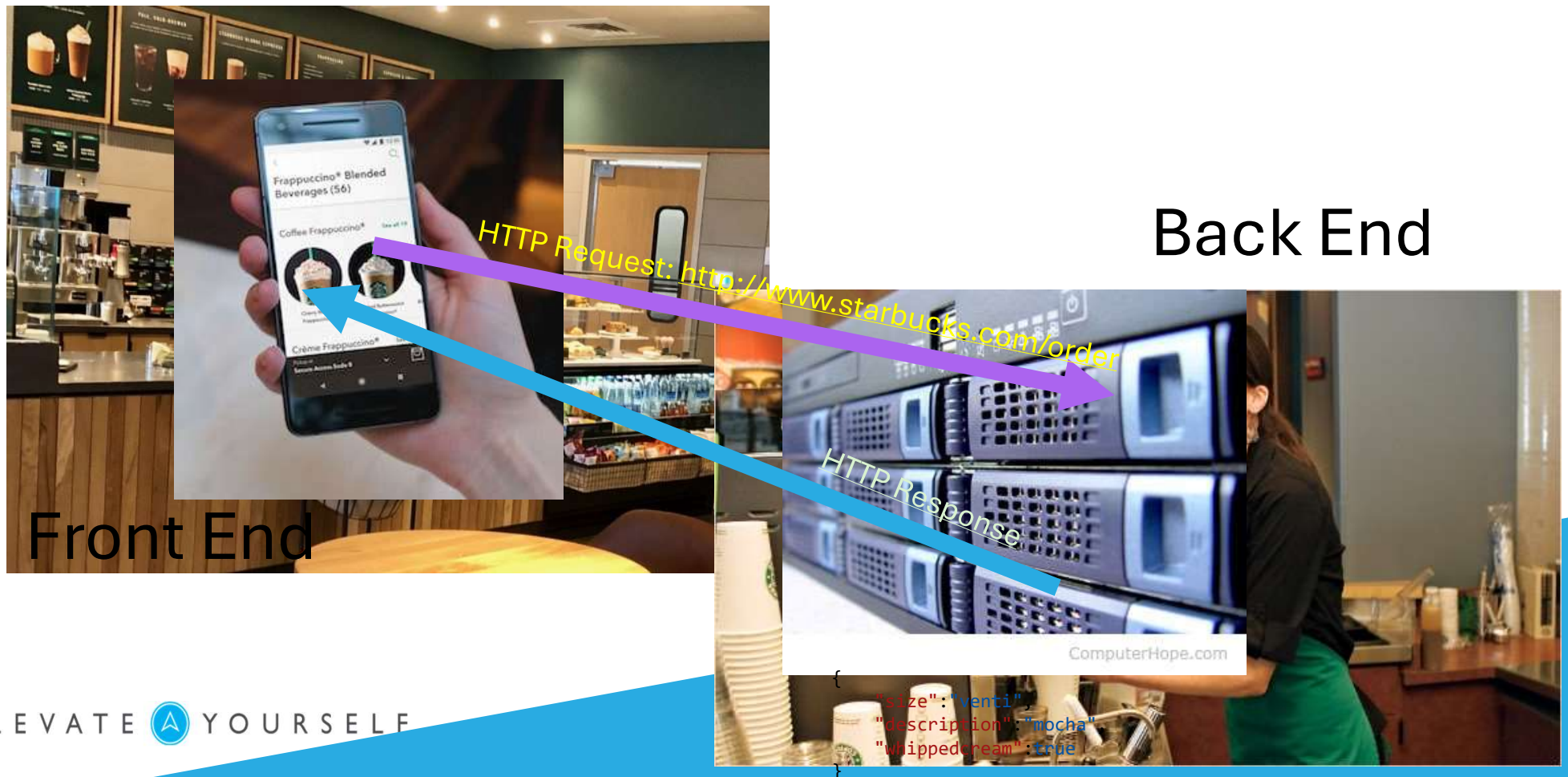
Let's get some coffee!



# Coffee process



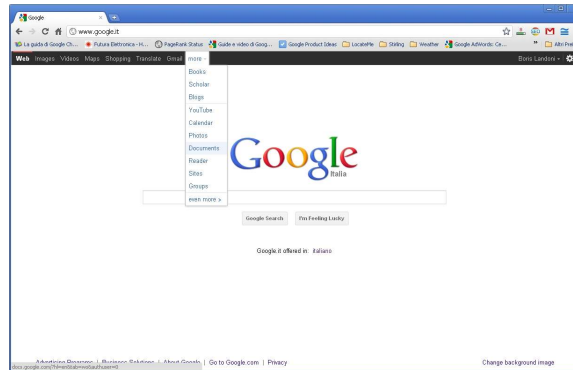
# Coffee process





# Front Ends – You've used

- Web Browser
- Mobile App
- ATM Machine
- Sheetz MTO Kiosk
- Gas Pump



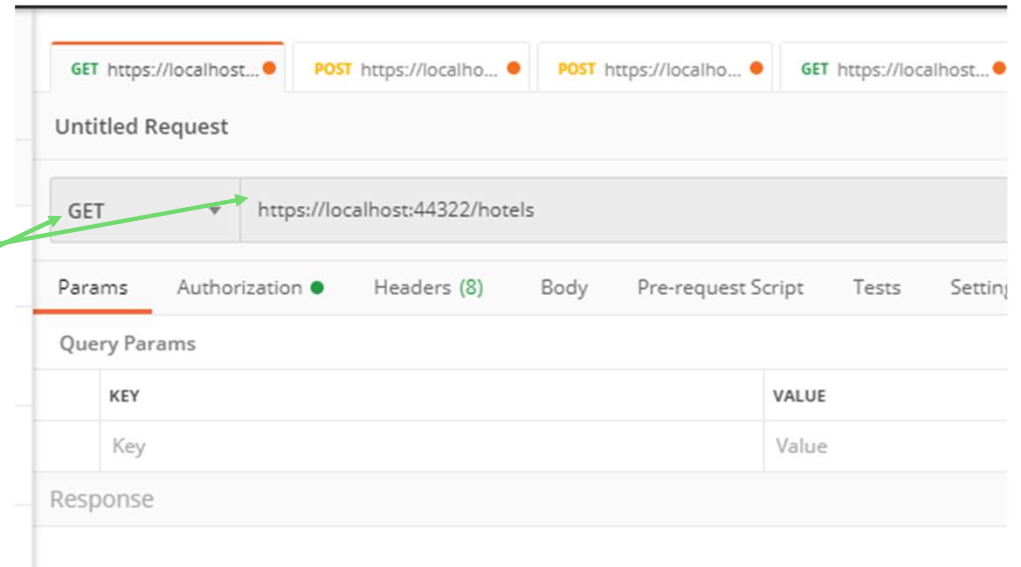


# Front End Needs

- How to talk to the back end
  - Client
- Reference to Back End
  - URL (end point)
- Method (or verb)
  - HttpGet – retrieve information
  - HttpPost – add information
  - HttpPut – update information
  - HttpDelete – delete information

# Front End Needs – Postman

- How to talk to the back end
  - Client
- Reference to Back End
  - URL (end point)
- Method (or verb)
  - HttpGet – retrieve information
  - HttpPost – add information
  - HttpPut – update information
  - HttpDelete – delete information



# Consumer of API– Code

- How to talk to the back end
    - Client
  - Reference to Back End
    - URL (end point)
  - Method (or verb)
    - HttpGet – retrieve information
- RestClient
    - `get()` sets up a *GET* request
    - `.uri(String)` sets the endpoint
    - `.retrieve()` sends the *GET* request
    - `.body(Class)` extracts the *Body*

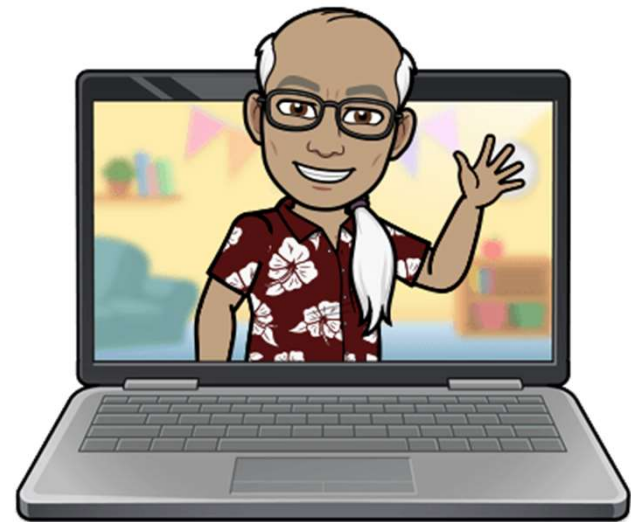
Hotel reservation server

- <https://te-pgh-api.azurewebsites.net/api/hotels>



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# LET'S CODE!



WHAT QUESTIONS DO  
YOU HAVE?



Reading for tonight:  
**Consuming Web APIs (POST, PUT, DELETE)**

