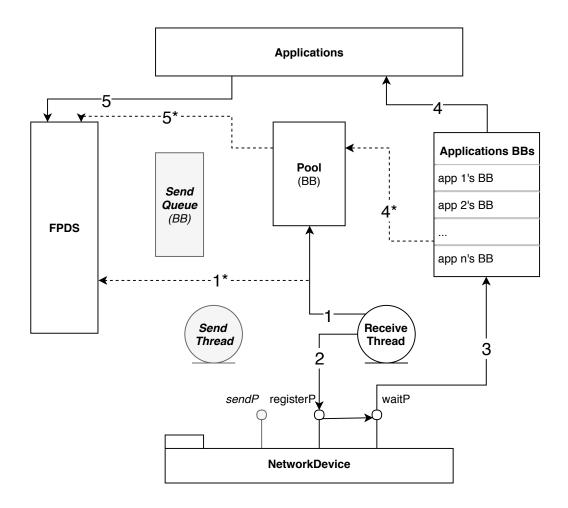
Application receiving packet from the network



^{*}BB stands for Bounded Buffer

Application is any of the applications with PID 0-10 during the execution of the simulated network

- 1. The receive thread nonblocking gets a PacketDescriptor from the pool
 - 1*. If it cannot get a PD from the pool instantly, it blocking gets one from the FPDS
- 2. Receive thread registers the packet with the device, and then waits on a packet to arrive
- Once a packet has arrived, the thread uses the PID field in the PacketDescriptor to find the appropriate application BB for storage
 - * If there are no available packets in the pool or FPDS, the thread will reuse the current packet for the next iteration instead of putting it into an application BB
- 4. An application calls either blocking or non-blocking get with their PID, which looks inside their appropriate BB and returns a PacketDescriptor (or in the case of non-blocking, a return value of 0 or 1)
 - 4*. If the packet fails to go into an application BB, put it back into the pool
- 5. The application returns the packet to the FPDS after getting the data
 - 5^{\star} . If the packet fails to go into the pool, it is returned to the FPDS

^{*}FPDS stands for FreePacketDescriptorStore

^{*}Send Queue is implemented with a Bounded Buffer (not a queue)