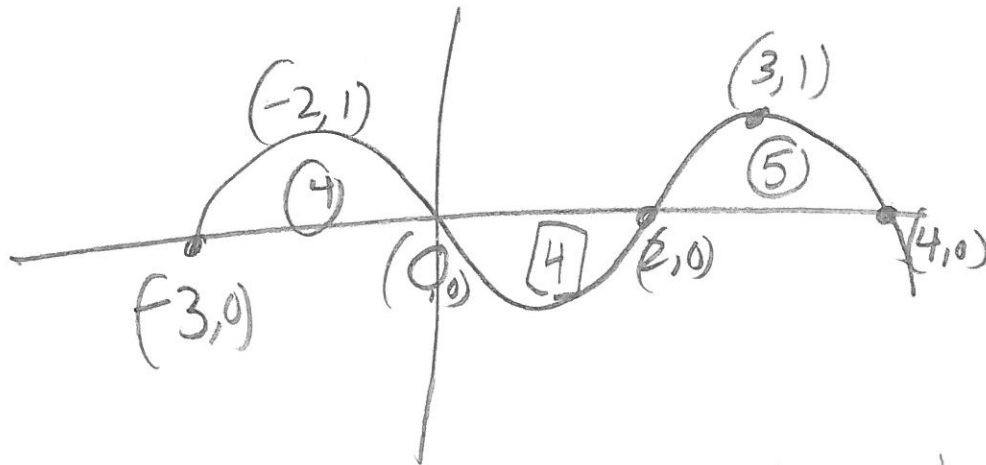


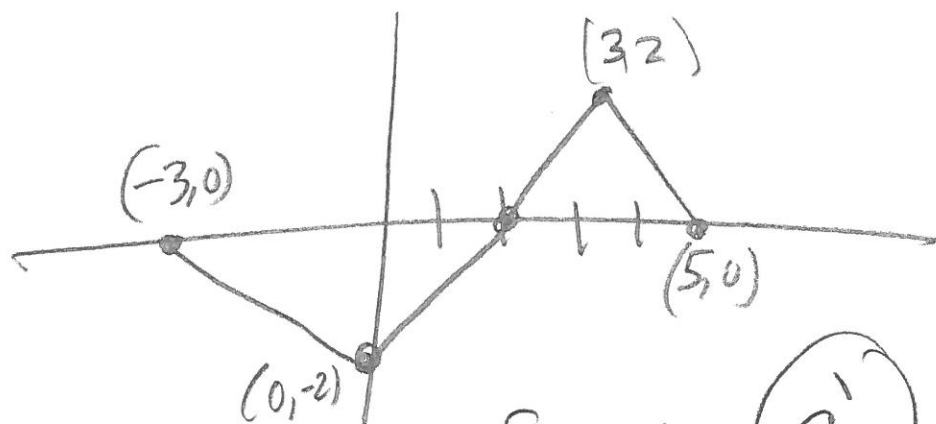
Motion Open Response



$f'(0) = 8$
 f' graph

- A) Relative max for f
- B) Relative min for f
- C) inflection points for f
- d) $f(2)$ e) $f(4)$ f) $f(-3)$
- g) Where is f increasing _____
 f decreasing _____
 f concave up _____
and increases _____

Type 2



$f_{\text{graph}} \neq g'$

$$g(x) = \int_z^x f(t) dt$$

$$g(2) \quad g(5) \quad g(0) \quad g(-3)$$

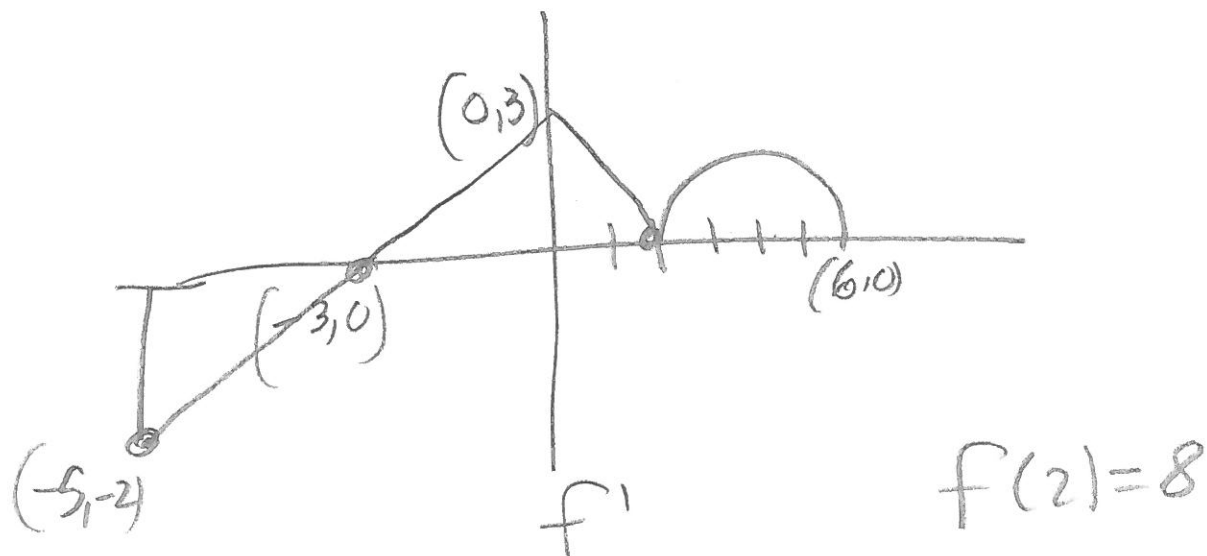
$$g'(-3) \quad g'(0) \quad g'(3) \quad g''(3) \quad g''(4)$$

relative max for $g \rightarrow$

Absolute max for g

Absolute min for g

Type 3



$$f(6)$$

$$f(2)$$

$$f(0)$$

$$f(-3)$$

$$f(-5)$$

$$f''(0)$$

$$f''(-3)$$

absolute

max

min

for f

Solutions

Motion Open Response

A) Relative max for f $x=0, x=4$ where f' goes from positive to negative

B) Rel min for f $x=2$ where f' goes from neg to pos

C) inflection points for f $x=-2$ $x=1$ $x=3$ where f' changes direction

$$d) f(2) = f(0) = 8$$

8 + area $8 - 4 = (4)$

$$e) f(4) = 8 - 4 + 5 = (9)$$

$$f) f(-3) = 8 + 4 - 4 = (8)$$

remember
neg area is
positive when you
go backwards

g) $f \uparrow$ $(-3, 0) \cup (2, 4)$ where f' is positive

$f \downarrow$ $(0, 2)$ where f' is negative

f concave up
and \uparrow $(-3, -2) \cup (2, 3)$ where f' is pos
and increasing

Type 2 Solutions

$$g(x) = \int_{\textcircled{2}}^x f(t) dt$$

we start at $x=2$

$$g(2) = 0 \text{ since } \int_2^2 = 0$$

$$g(5) = 3 \text{ since area is positive 3 triangle}$$

$$g(6) = 2 \text{ area is neg 2 but going backwards turns positive}$$

$$g(-3) = 5$$

$$g'(-3) = \text{look at point } \boxed{0} \text{ since we have } g' \text{ graph}$$

$$g'(6) = -2$$

$$g'(3) = 2$$

$$g''(3) = \text{dne (corner)}$$

$$g''(4) = \text{find slope } \textcircled{-1}$$

Type 3

$$f(2) = 8 \quad \text{so start point } (2, 8)$$

$$f(6) = 8 + \text{area} \quad \text{Semi-circle } r=2$$
$$\pi r^2 = 4\pi \text{ take half}$$

$$(8 + 2\pi)$$

$$f(2) = 8$$

$$f(-3) = 8 - \text{area triangle} \quad (\text{we are going backwards})$$

so negative area is positive!

$$8 - 7.5 = (.5)$$

$$f(-5) = 8 - 7.5 + 2 = (2.5)$$

$$f''(0) = \text{one corner}$$

$$f''(3) = \text{find slope } (-1)$$

abs max for $f \rightarrow$ largest value

$$(8 + 2\pi)$$

min for $f \rightarrow$ lowest value

$$8 - 7.5 = (.5)$$

