

A satellite image of a coastal region, likely the Gulf of Mexico, showing land, water, and clouds. A large black rectangular text box is centered over the image.

Natural Disasters Data Analysis

Team 10

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Evaluating Natural Disaster Frequency Trends

Hypothesis

Natural disasters occur more frequently every year over time.

Null Hypothesis:

Time has no impact on the frequency of natural disasters.



SOCIOECONOMIC DATA AND APPLICATIONS CENTER (SEDAC)

A Data Center in NASA's Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) — Hosted by CIESIN at Columbia University

1. The Geocoded Disasters (GDIS) Dataset is a geocoded extension of a selection of natural disasters from the Centre for the Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters' (CRED) Emergency Events Database(EM-DAT).
2. Part of NASA's Earth Observing System Data and Information System (EOSDIS)
3. Data is collected at Columbia University' Climate School Center for Integrated Earth System Information (CIESIN)

Dataset Descriptions

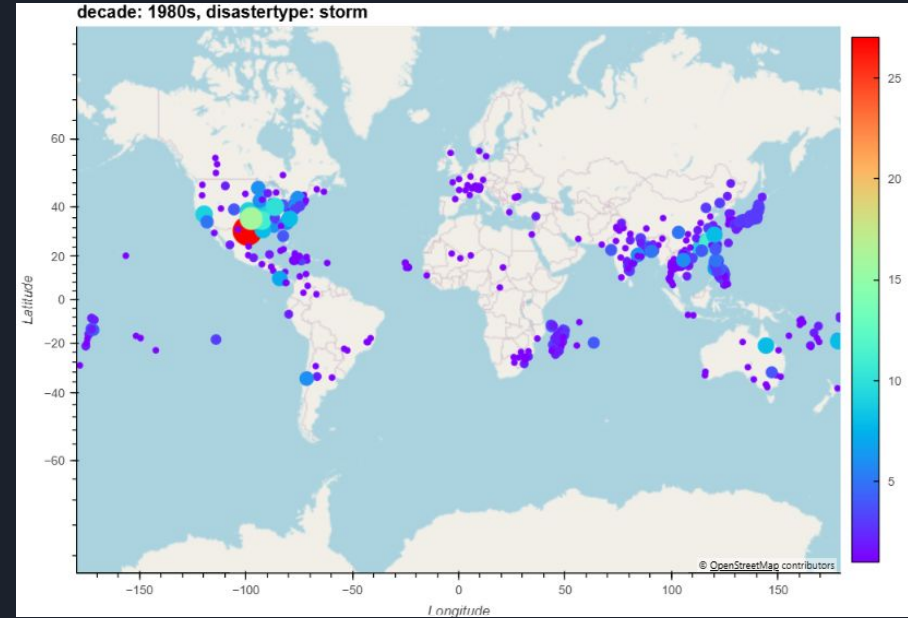
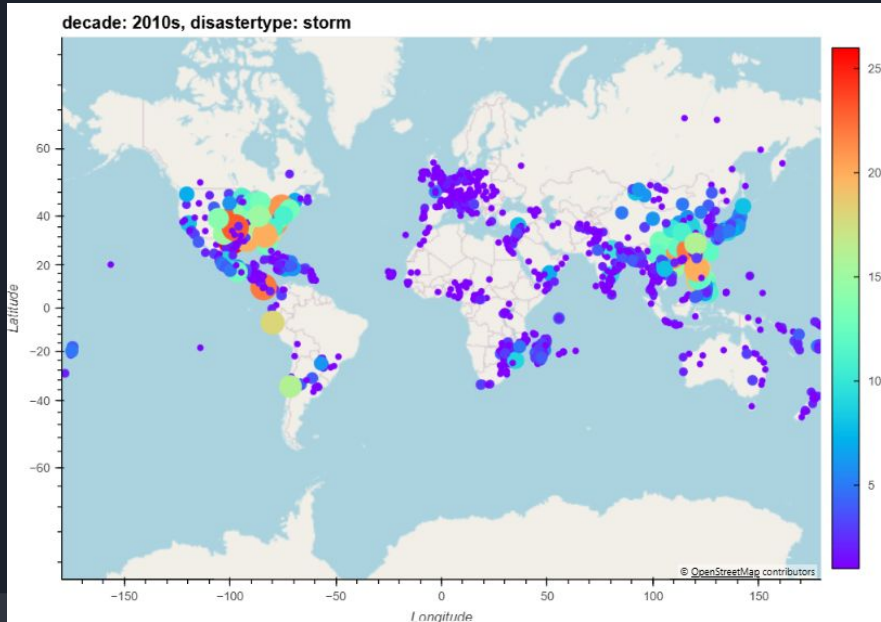
1. The data set encompasses 39,953 locations for 9,924 disasters that occurred worldwide in the years 1960 to 2018. Disaster types include floods, storms (typhoons, monsoons etc.), earthquakes, landslides, droughts, volcanic activity and extreme temperatures.
2. The dataset contains U.S. disaster cost assessments of the total, direct losses (\$ in millions) inflicted by: tropical cyclones, inland floods, drought & heat waves, severe local storms (i.e., tornado, hail, straight-line wind damage), wildfires, crop freeze events and winter storms.

Dataset 1 - Data Cleaning and Processing

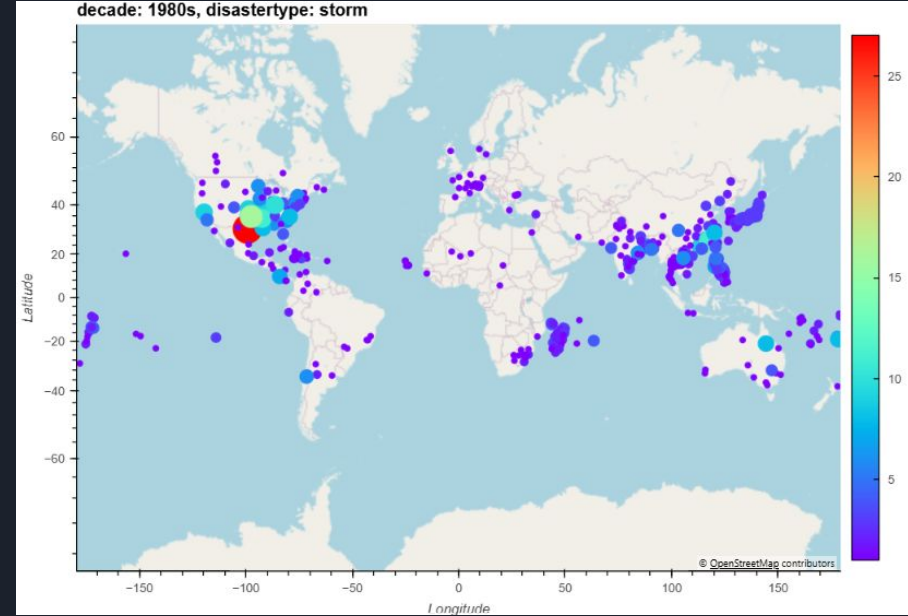
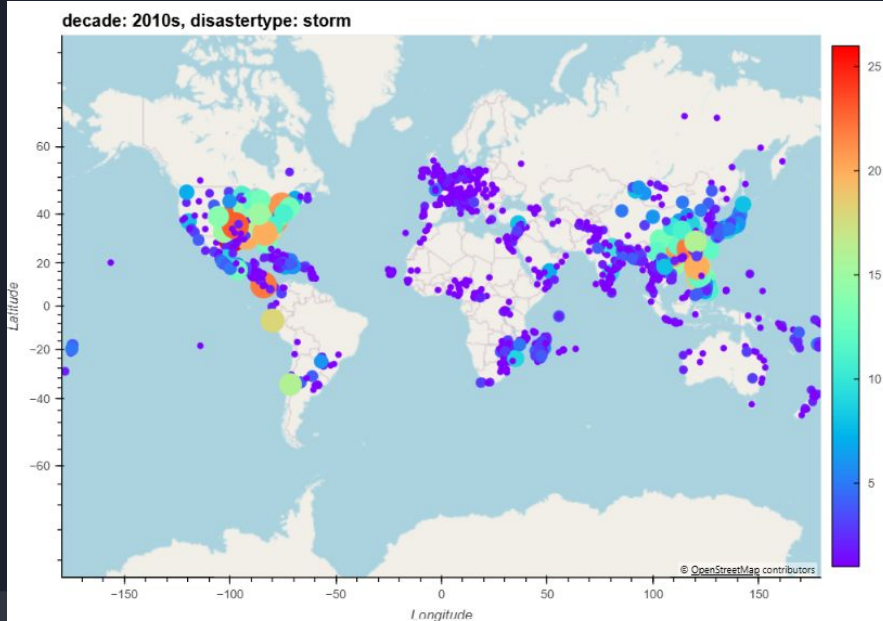
	id	country	iso3	gwno	year	geo_id	geolocation	level	adm1	adm2	adm3	location	historical	hist_country	disastertype	disasterno	latitude	long
0	109	Albania	ALB	339.0	2009	346	Ana E Malit	3	Shkoder	Shkodres	Ana E Malit	Ana E Malit	0	NaN	flood	2009-0631	42.020948	19.4
1	109	Albania	ALB	339.0	2009	351	Bushat	3	Shkoder	Shkodres	Bushat	Bushat	0	NaN	flood	2009-0631	41.959294	19.5
2	175	Angola	AGO	540.0	2001	760	Onjiva	3	Cunene	Cuanhama	Onjiva	Onjiva	0	NaN	flood	2001-0146	-17.093484	15.6
3	187	Angola	AGO	540.0	2009	710	Evale	3	Cunene	Cuanhama	Evale	Evale	0	NaN	flood	2009-0092	-16.531533	15.7
4	187	Angola	AGO	540.0	2009	749	Mupa	3	Cunene	Cuvelai	Mupa	Mupa	0	NaN	flood	2009-0092	-16.200065	15.8

	id	country	year	level	location	disastertype	disasterno	latitude	longitude
0	109	Albania	2009	3	Ana E Malit	flood	2009-0631	42.020948	19.418317
1	109	Albania	2009	3	Bushat	flood	2009-0631	41.959294	19.514309
2	175	Angola	2001	3	Onjiva	flood	2001-0146	-17.093484	15.665758
3	187	Angola	2009	3	Evale	flood	2009-0092	-16.531533	15.773987
4	187	Angola	2009	3	Mupa	flood	2009-0092	-16.200065	15.844189

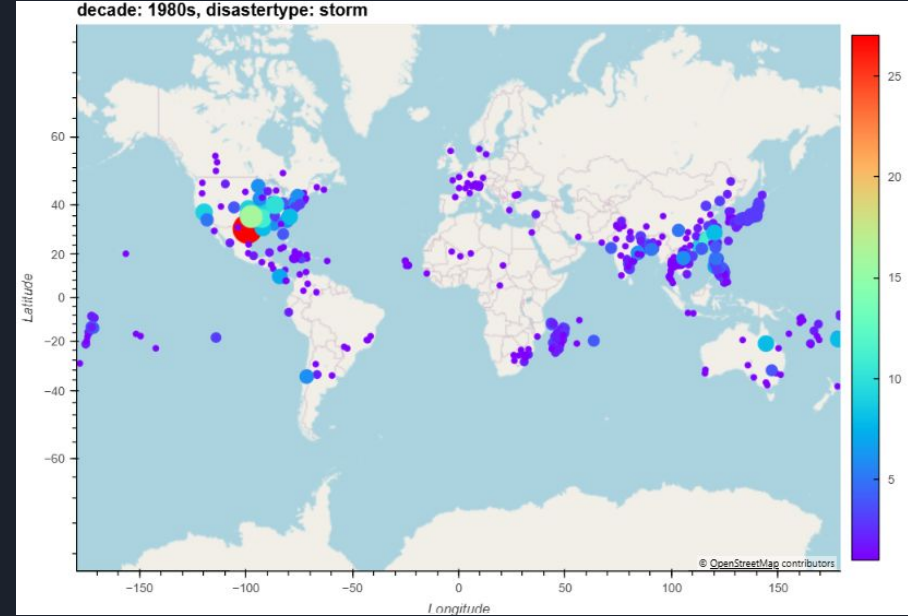
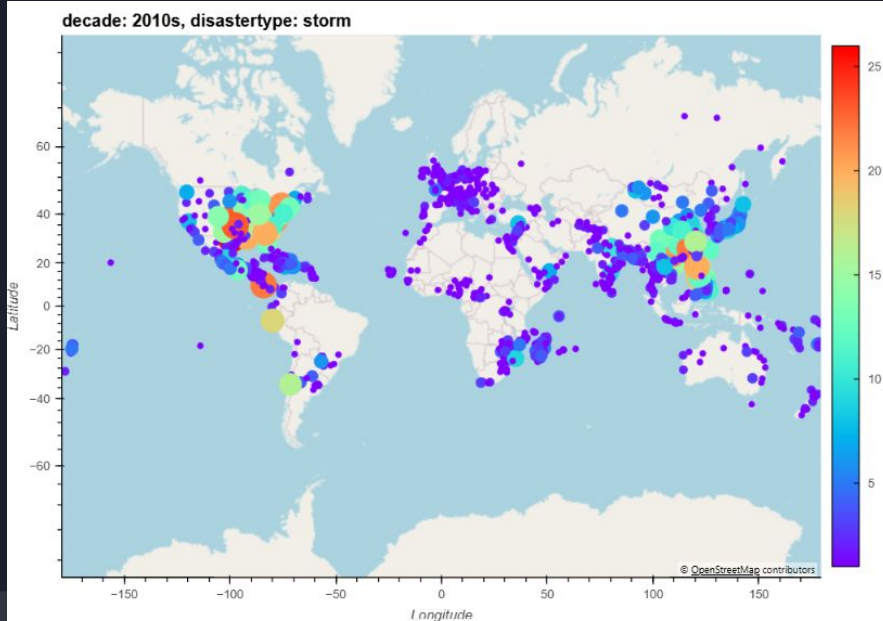
Visualization 1: Floods by Decades (1960s and 70s)



Dataset 1 - Visualizations

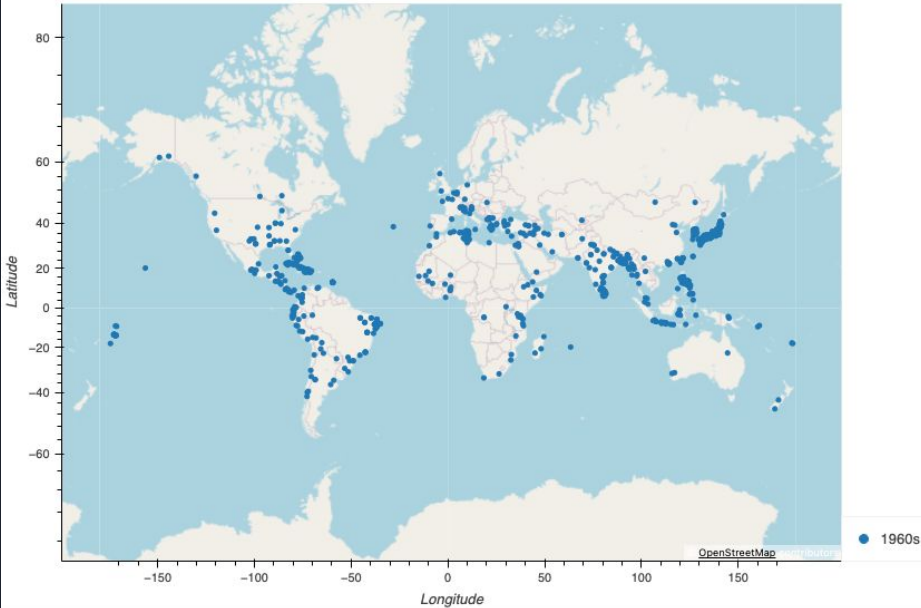


Dataset 1 - Visualizations

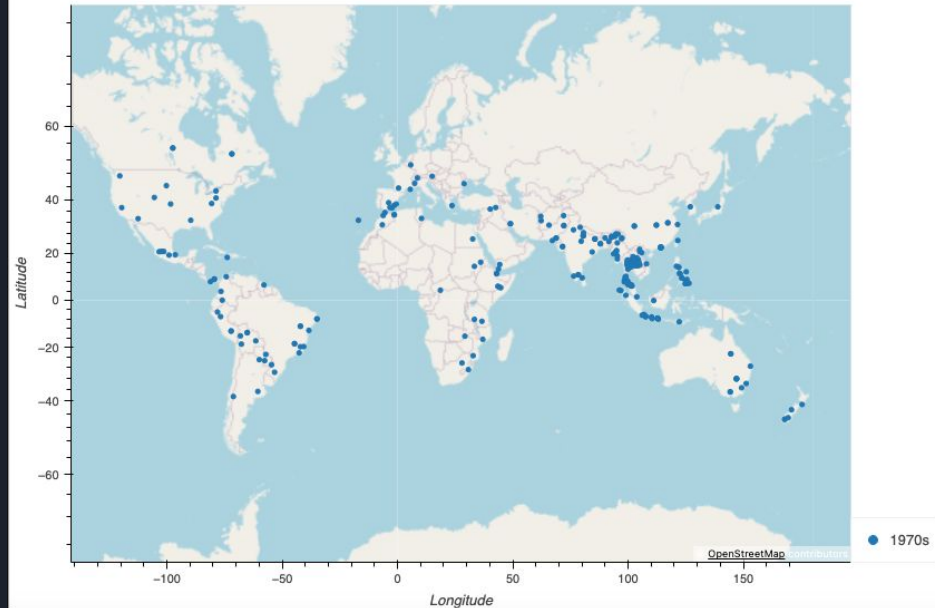


Visualization 2: Floods by Decades (1960s and 70s)

Location of Floods in 1960s

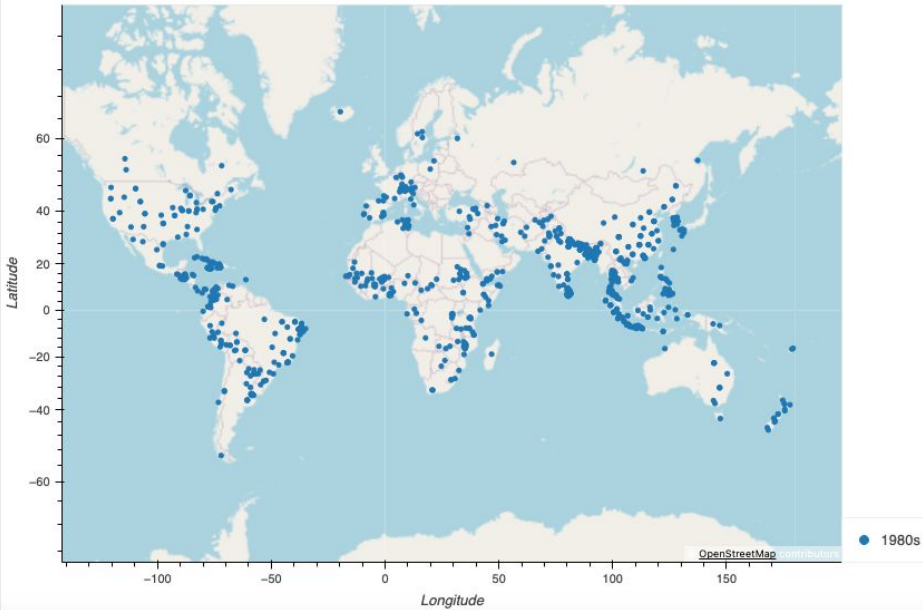


Location of Floods in 1970s

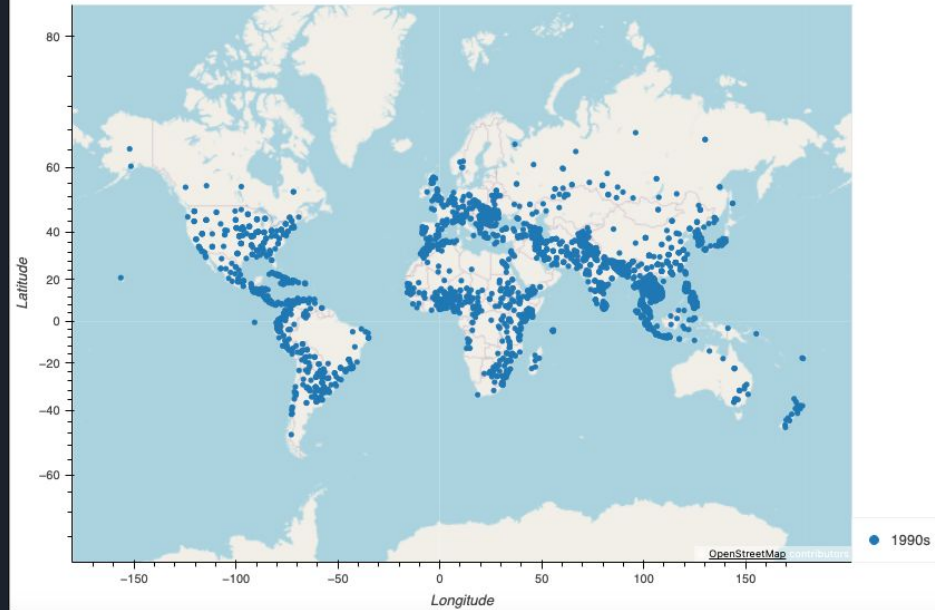


Visualization 2: Floods by Decades (1980s and 90s)

Location of Floods in 1980s

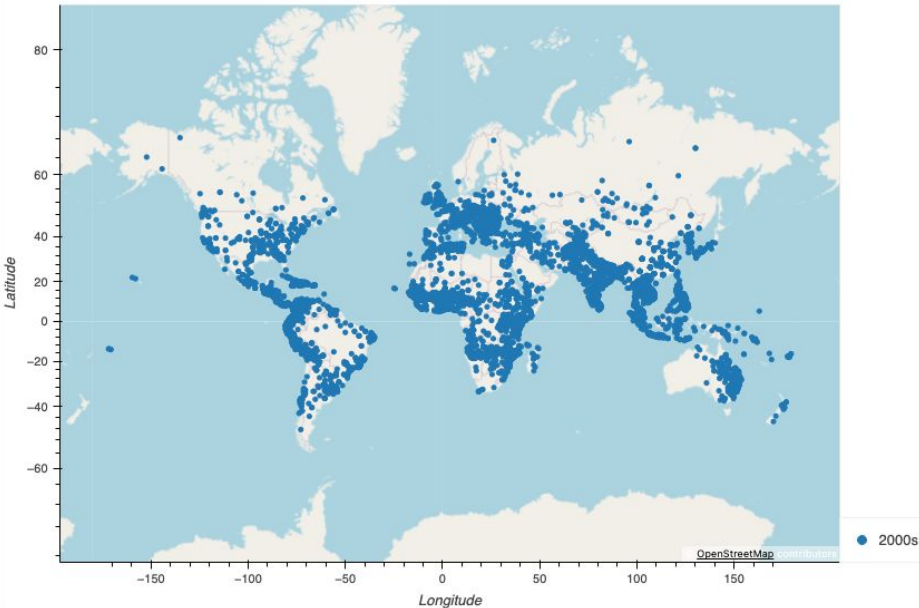


Location of Floods in 1990s

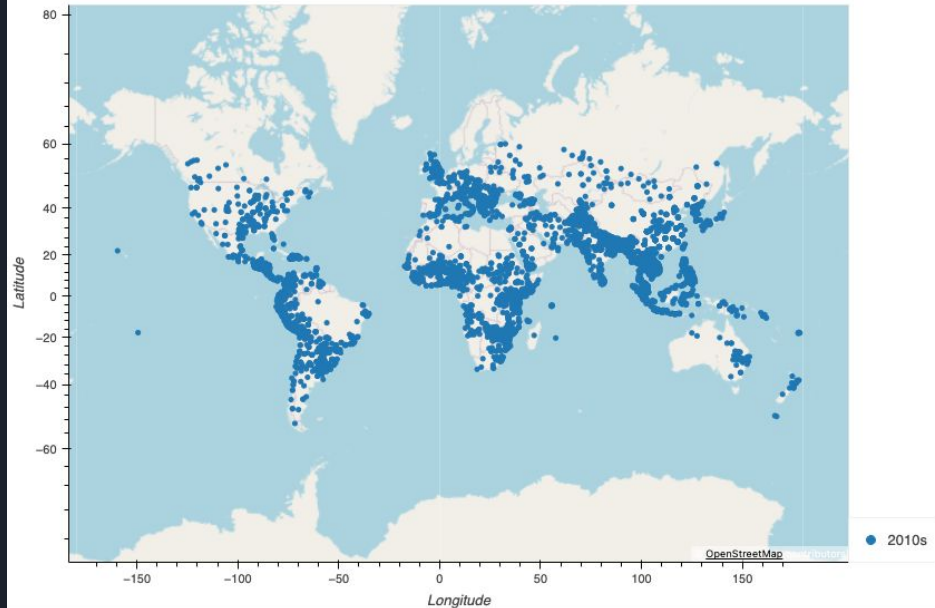


Visualization 2: Floods by Decades (2000s and 2010s)

Location of Floods in 2000s



Location of Floods in 2010s

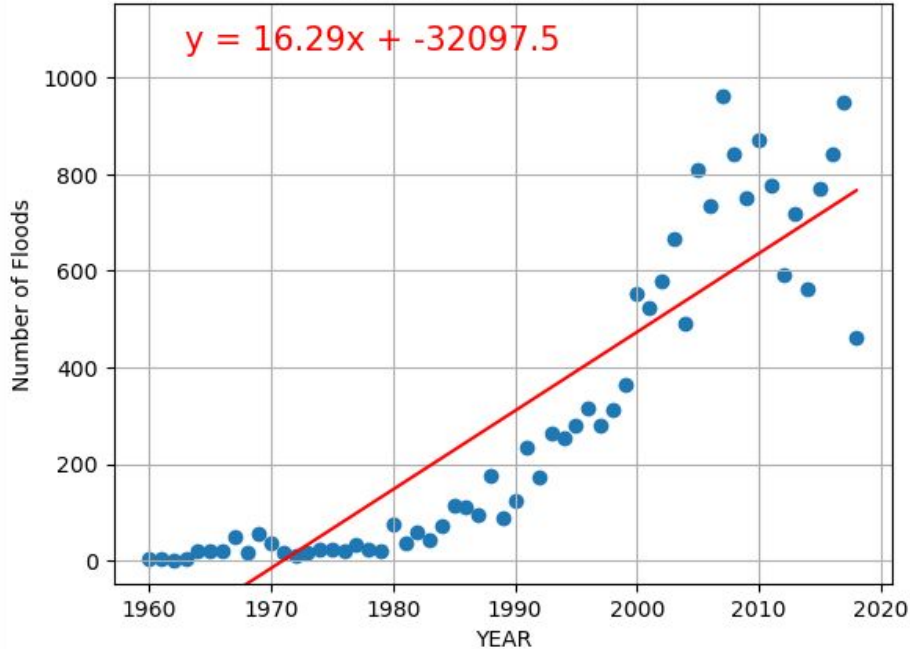


Visualization 3 - 4: Floods & Storms Regression Analysis

The r^2 -value is: 0.7991873523638864

Number of Floods Each Year

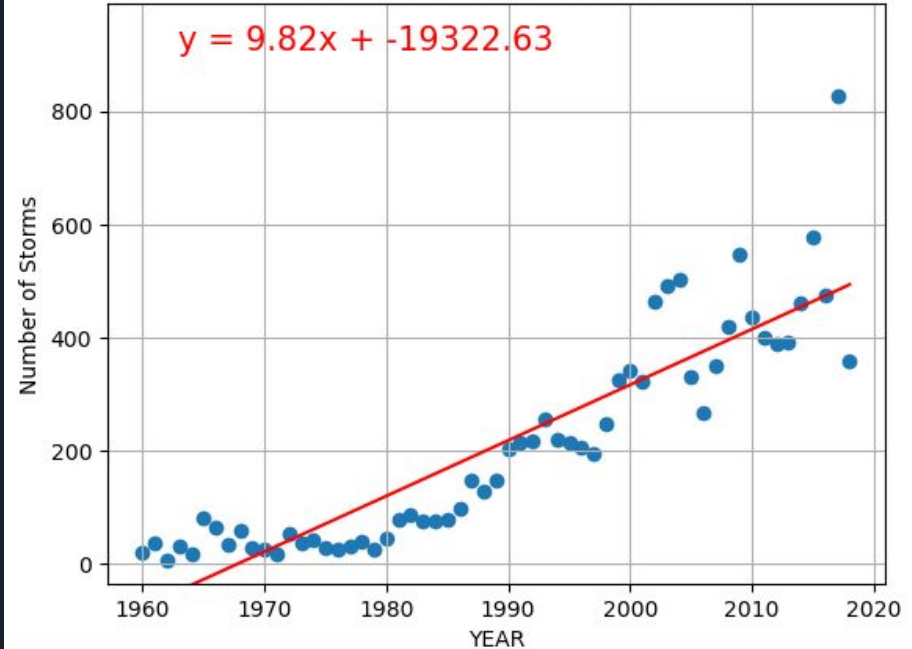
$$y = 16.29x + -32097.5$$



The r^2 -value is: 0.805916332428345

Number of Storms Each Year

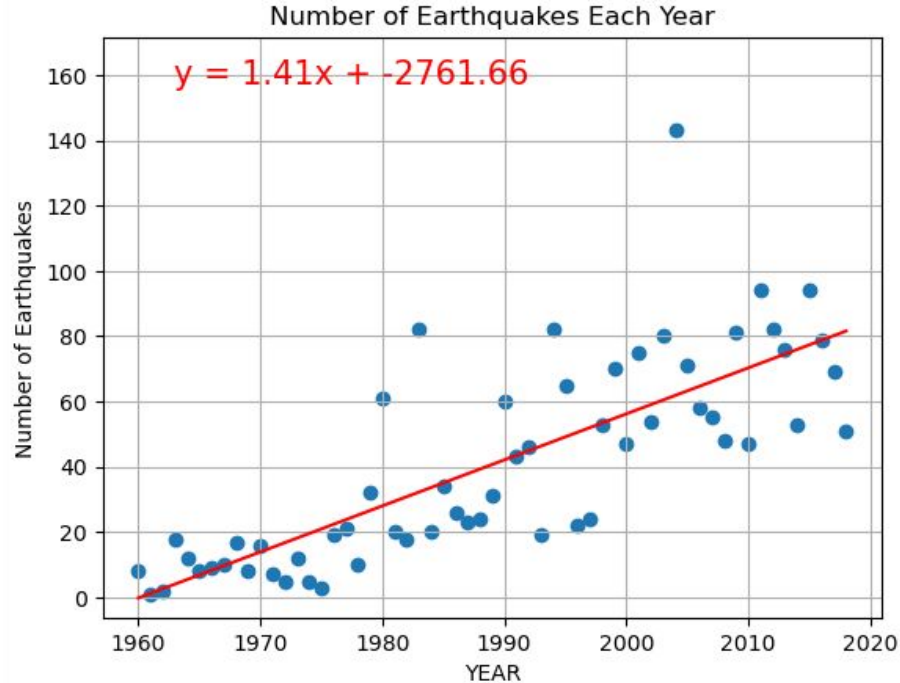
$$y = 9.82x + -19322.63$$



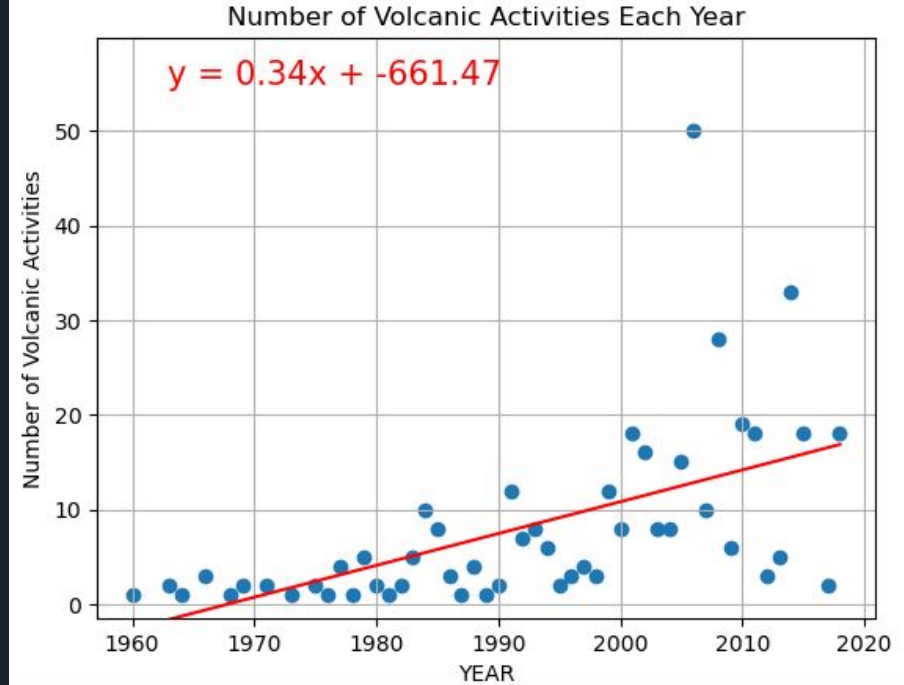
Visualization 5 - 6: Earthquakes & Volcanic Activity

Regression Analysis

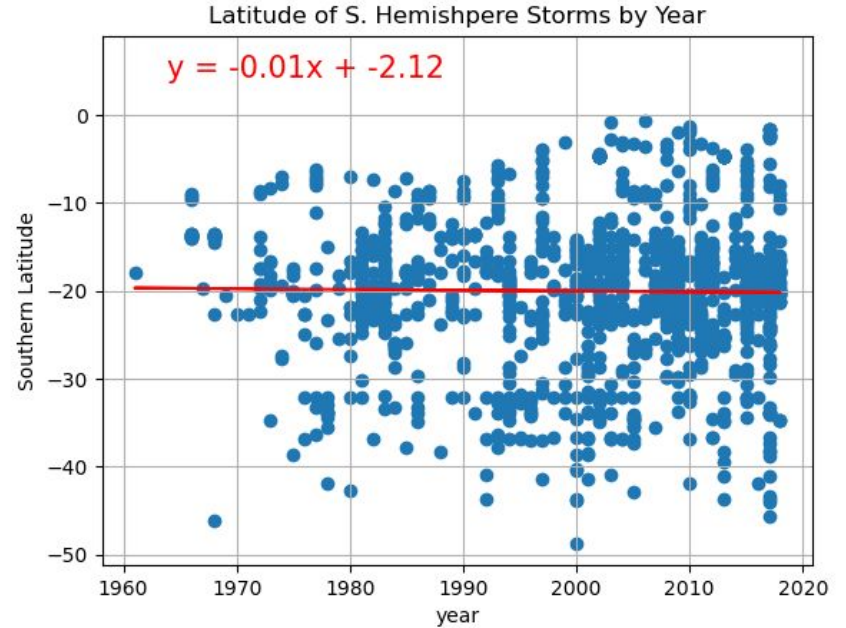
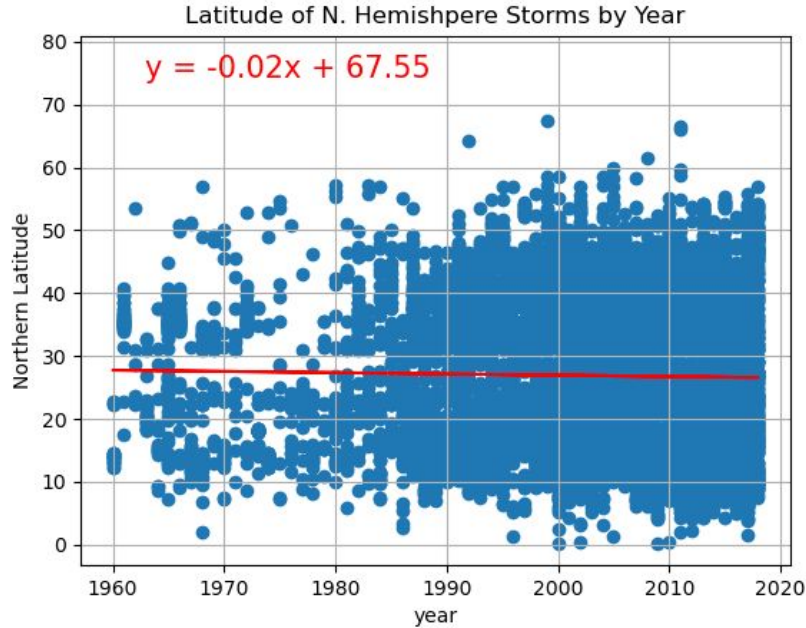
The r^2 -value is: 0.6120364642004856



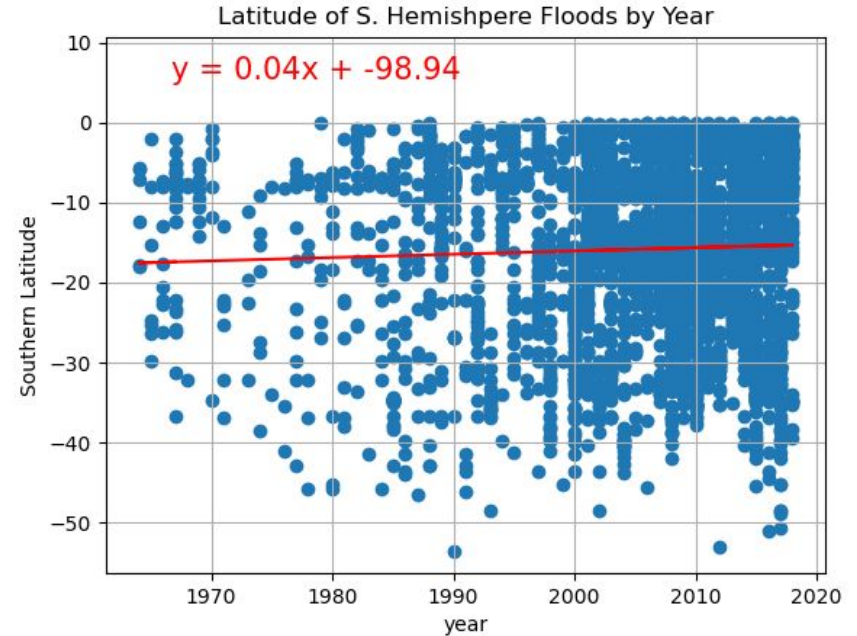
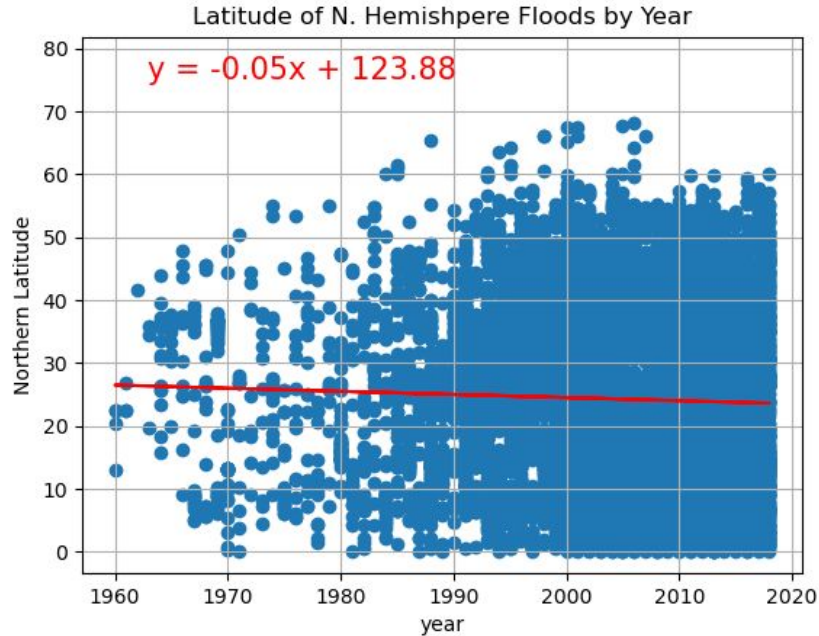
The r^2 -value is: 0.32156106562606984



Spread of Storms by Latitude



Spread of Floods by Latitude

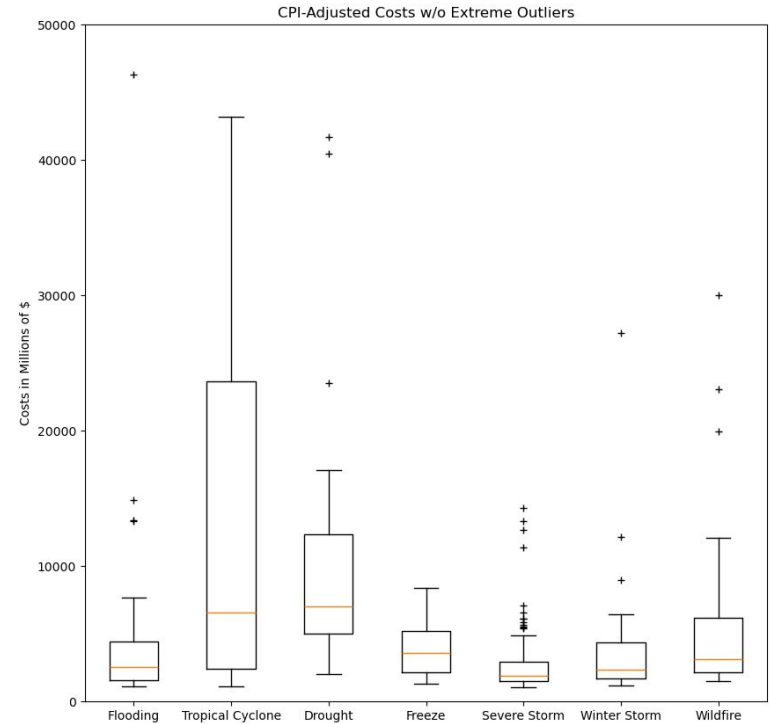
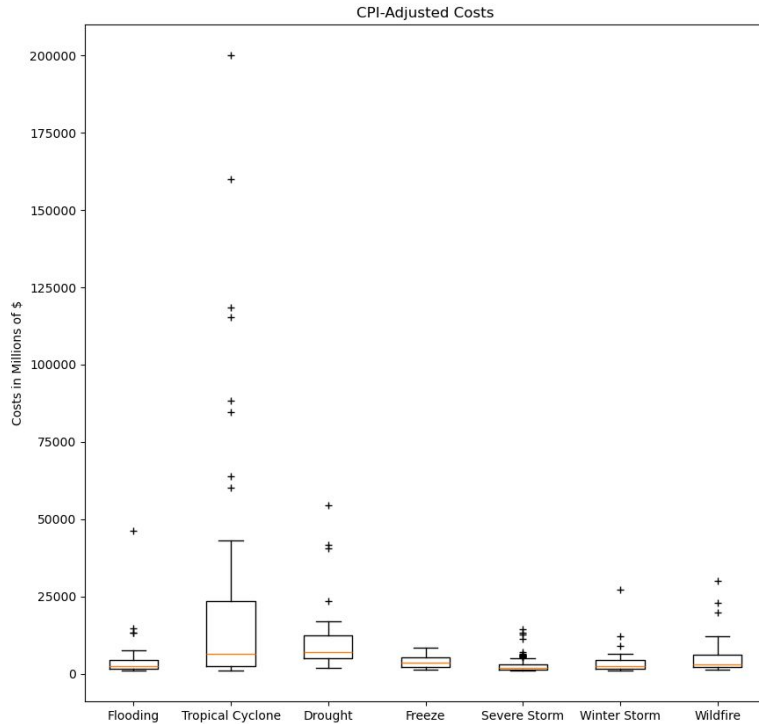


Dataset 2 - Data Cleaning and Processing

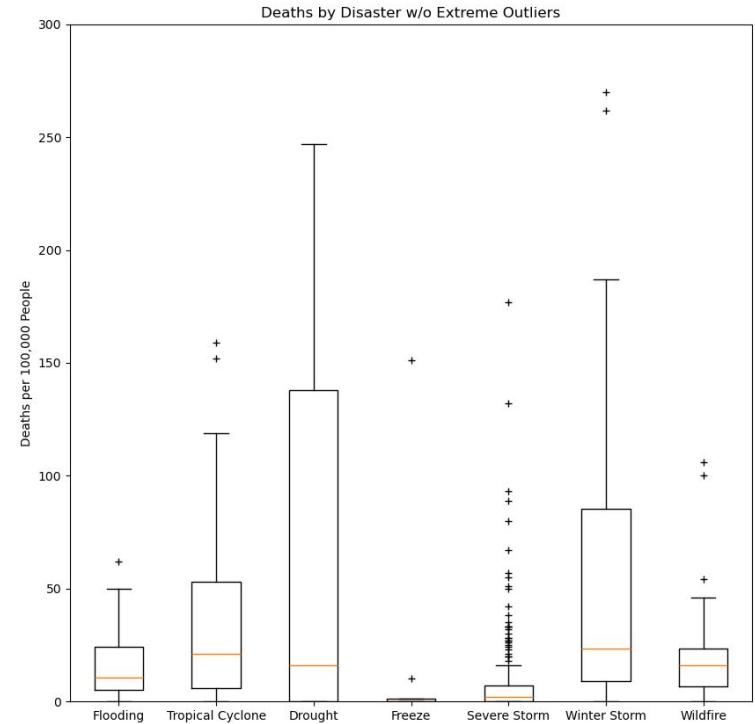
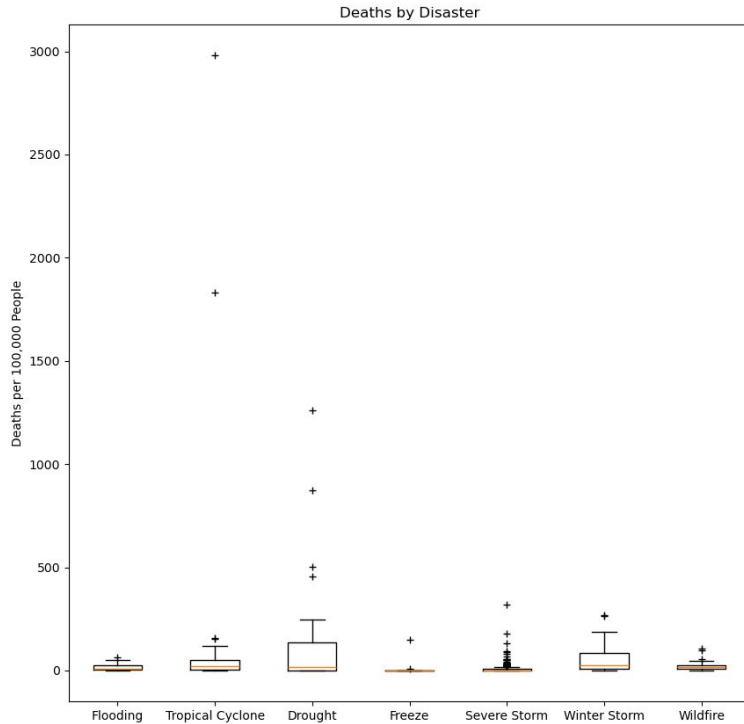
1	Name	Disaster	Begin Date	End Date	CPI-Adjusted Cost	Unadjusted Cost	Deaths
0	Southern Severe Storms and Flooding (April 1980)	Flooding	19800410	19800417	2742.3	706.8	7.0
1	Hurricane Allen (August 1980)	Tropical Cyclone	19800807	19800811	2230.2	590.0	13.0
2	Central/Eastern Drought/Heat Wave (Summer-Fall...	Drought	19800601	19801130	40480.8	10020.0	1260.0
3	Florida Freeze (January 1981)	Freeze	19810112	19810114	2070.6	572.0	0.0
4	Severe Storms, Flash Floods, Hail, Tornadoes (...)	Severe Storm	19810505	19810510	1405.2	401.4	20.0

1	Name	Disaster	Begin Date	End Date	CPI-Adjusted Cost	Unadjusted Cost	Deaths	Duration
255	Hurricane Maria (September 2017)	Tropical Cyclone	2017-09-19	2017-09-21	115200.0	90000.0	2981.0	2
119	Hurricane Katrina (August 2005)	Tropical Cyclone	2005-08-25	2005-08-30	200047.3	125029.5	1833.0	5
2	Central/Eastern Drought/Heat Wave (Summer-Fall...	Drought	1980-06-01	1980-11-30	40480.8	10020.0	1260.0	182
64	Central, Southern and Northeast Drought/Heat W...	Drought	1995-07-01	1995-09-30	2017.6	984.0	872.0	91
88	Eastern Drought/Heat Wave (Summer 1999)	Drought	1999-06-01	1999-08-31	4772.8	2498.9	502.0	91

CPI-Adjusted Costs by Disaster Type



Deaths by Disaster Type



Conclusion

