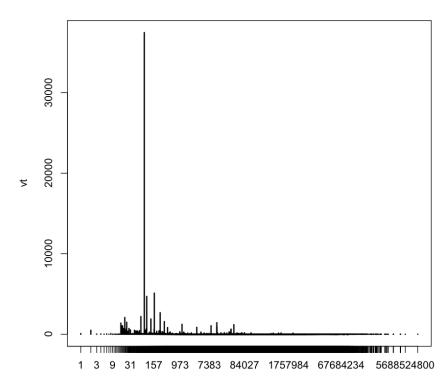
#### HW4

#### **Andrew Risse**

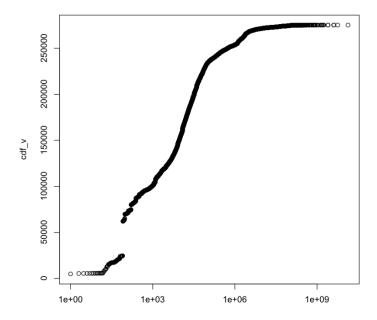
USC ID: 5987-0295-24

- 1a. macOS High Sierra (Version 10.13.3), I have had these files since late 2010, so about 7.5 years.
- 1b. I found 275240 files.
- 1c. Average size 1.36MB.
- 1d. Standard Deviation 46.5MB.
- 1e. Median 6.39KB.
- 1f. There are more small files.
- 1g. Mode is 81B.It occurs 37,470 times.
- 1h. Yes it is significant, it is 13.8% of files.
- 1i. Most of the 81B files are in ./Library/Application Support/CE/Debug

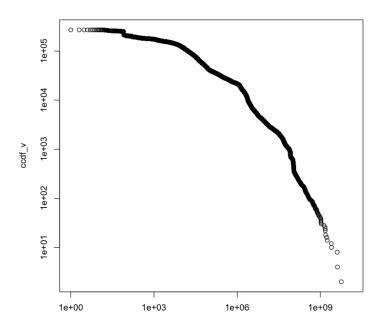
### 1j. PDF



## 1k. CDF



# 1l. CCDF



1m. A heavy tailed distribution in a CCDF would be approximately linear.

1n. Yes.

10. The CDF graph shows heavy tailed distribution because of the approximately linear behavior over significant range (left and right).

1p. I am much less of a pack rat.

2a. RFC 792

2b.

Echo or Echo Reply Message

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
```

2c. macOS High Sierra, Version 10.13.3

```
2d.
```

```
* Structure of an icmp header.
*/
struct icmp {
                                                  /* type of message, see below */
          u_char
                    icmp_type;
                                                  /* type sub code */
          u_char
                    icmp_code;
          u_short
                  icmp_cksum;
                                                  /* ones complement cksum of struct */
          union {
                    u_char ih_pptr;
                                                            /* ICMP_PARAMPROB */
                                                  /* ICMP_REDIRECT */
                    struct in_addr ih_gwaddr;
                    struct ih_idseq {
                              n_short icd_id;
                              n_short icd_seq;
          ih_idseq;
          int ih_void;
```

```
/* ICMP_UNREACH_NEEDFRAG -- Path MTU Discovery (RFC1191) */
                 struct ih_pmtu {
                          n_short ipm_void;
                         n_short ipm_nextmtu;
                 } ih_pmtu;
                 struct ih_rtradv {
                          u_char irt_num_addrs;
                         u_char irt_wpa;
                         u_int16_t irt_lifetime;
                 } ih_rtradv;
        } icmp_hun;
2e. Yes, and no. It also just has an "int" and just "short"s and it doesn't define how big those are
2f. It specifies u_int16_t ->16 bit unsigned integer
2g. Linux Fedora 27
2h.
struct icmphdr
                         /* message type */
 u_int8_t type;
                         /* type sub-code */
 u_int8_t code;
 u_int16_t checksum;
 union
 {
  struct
  {
   u_int16_t id;
   u_int16_t sequence;
                                  /* echo datagram */
  } echo;
  u_int32_t
                 gateway;
                                  /* gateway address */
  struct
  {
```

```
u_int16_t __unused;
   u_int16_t mtu;
                               /* path mtu discovery */
  } frag;
} un;
};
2i. This approach specifies the size of each int.
2j. Entire program to test my code included, referenced:
https://codereview.stackexchange.com/questions/149717/implementation-of-c-standard-library-
function-ntohl
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <string.h>
struct decoded_icmp
{
       unsigned int type,
       code,
       checksum,
       id,
       seqno;
};
void demarshall(unsigned char bytes[], struct decoded_icmp *out)
{
       out->type = (u_int16_t)bytes[0]<<0;
       out->code = (u_int16_t)bytes[1]<<0;
       out->checksum = ((u_int16_t) bytes[3]<<0) | ((u_int16_t) bytes[2]<<8);
       out->id = ((u_int16_t) bytes[5]<<0) | ((u_int16_t) bytes[4]<<8);
       out->seqno = ((u_int16_t) bytes[7]<<0) | ((u_int16_t) bytes[6]<<8);
}
```

```
int main()
{
         struct decoded_icmp out;
         unsigned char bytes[] = { 1, 2, 3, 69, 6, 120, 9, 171 };
         demarshall(bytes, &out);
         printf("%08x, %08x, %08x, %08x, %08x\n", out.type, out.code, out.checksum, out.id, out.seqno);
         return 0;
}
```