

5 POINTS AVAILABLE

INSTRUCTIONS

Please write your **Name and Student Number** at the top of this page.

Remember: you have to write quizzes in your **registered** tutorial.

Make sure to show as many steps of your work as possible, justify as much and annotate any interesting steps or features of your work. Do not just give the final answer.

QUESTION 1

Suppose that G is a graph with *exactly* one odd-length cycle C . Prove that G can be 5-coloured.

Hint: Consider the graph $G - C$ (where we remove all the vertices in the cycle C).

Solution: We do as the hint says and consider the graph $H := G - C$. Notice that since C was the *only* odd cycle in G , this implies that H has no odd cycles. By a theorem in the book (Theorem 11.5) we know that H containing no odd cycles implies that H is, in fact, bipartite (i.e. 2-colourable).

Thus, we colour H with two colours (say, red and blue), and we can colour the cycle C with three different colours (say, green, yellow, and purple). Combining these two colourings (to get a colouring of G) means that *at worst* G is 5-colourable, as desired.