

5 POINTS AVAILABLE

INSTRUCTIONS

Please write your **Name and Student Number** at the top of this page.

Remember: you have to write quizzes in your **registered** tutorial.

Make sure to show as many steps of your work as possible, justify as much and annotate any interesting steps or features of your work. Do not just give the final answer.

QUESTION 1

Recall that $K_{n,m}$ is the bipartite graph with vertices split between two sets X and Y with $|X| = n$ and $|Y| = m$, and with the additional property that every vertex in X is adjacent to every vertex in Y and vice-versa.

Assuming that $n \leq m$ are fixed positive integers, how many X -matchings (matchings which pair-off every vertex in X) are there in $K_{n,m}$? (Justify your answer.)

Solution: *tl;dr* – The answer is:

$$m \cdot (m-1) \cdot (m-2) \cdot \dots \cdot (m-n+1).$$

To see this begin with the first vertex in X , say $x_1 \in X$. Since $K_{n,m}$ is fully connected, there are edges between x_1 and all the vertices of $Y = \{y_1, \dots, y_m\}$, thus pick any of the m vertices in Y to match x_1 . (i.e., there are m choices here.)

Proceed to x_2 , there are $m-1$ remaining vertices which x_2 can be matched with. (i.e., there are $m-1$ choices here.) Continue on this way until we reach x_n . From this we see that there are $m-n+1$ remaining vertices which x_n can be matched with. Hence we see that there are $m \cdot (m-1) \cdot (m-2) \cdot \dots \cdot (m-n+1)$ many X -matchings, as desired.