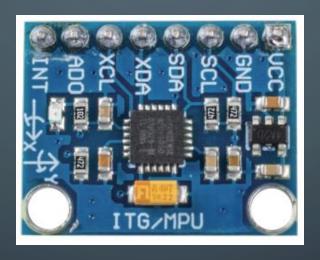
SENSOR MEASUREMENT PROJECT

BY ANDREW SCHALK, LIAM MCGUIRE, AND CHENG CHEN

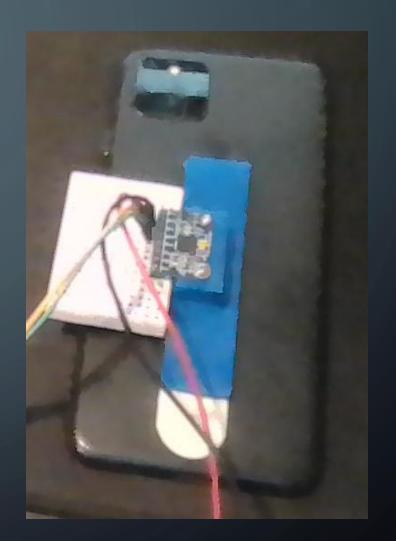


• 6 DOF gyroscope and accelerometer

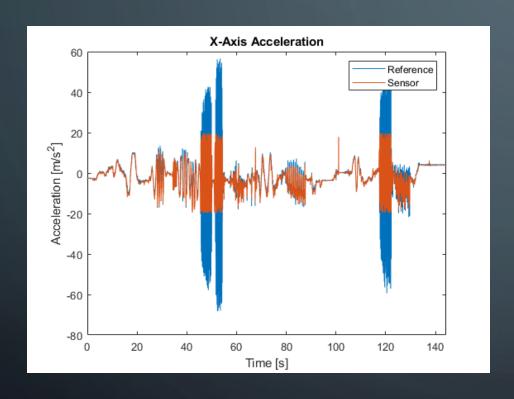


Testing Setup

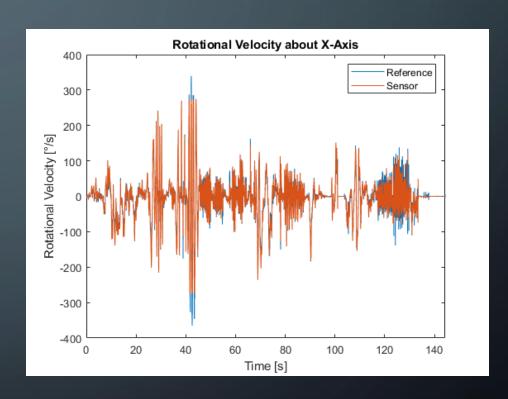
- Ground Truth: Smart phone with sensor LSM6DSR
 - Assumption: Will be accurate enough to act as effective ground truth
 - Accelerometer Range: $\pm 157 \text{m/s}^2$
 - Gyroscope Range: $\pm 2000^{\circ}/s$



Testing Data

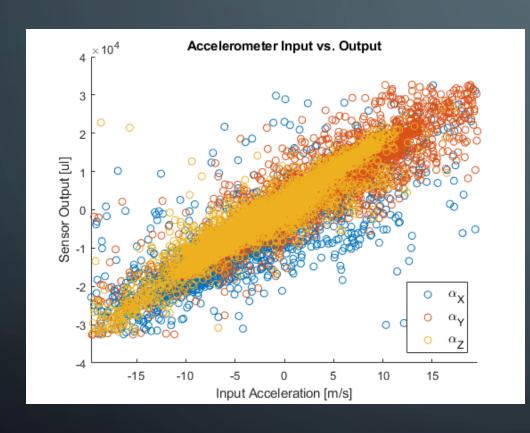


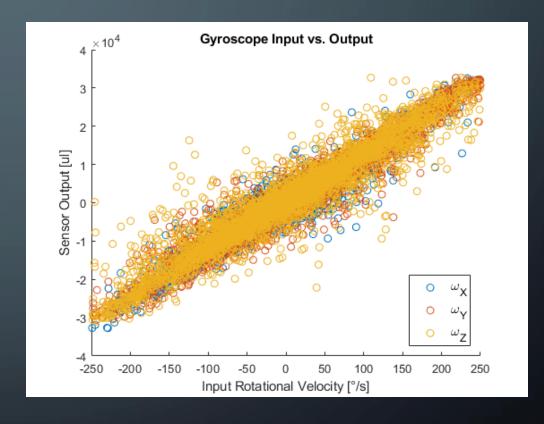
MPU Range: $\pm 19.62 \text{ m/s}^2$



MPU Range: $\pm 250^{\circ}/s$

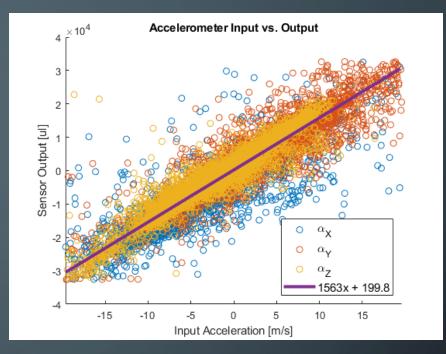
Testing Data

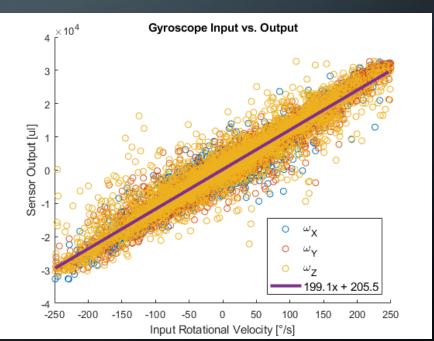




Test Results

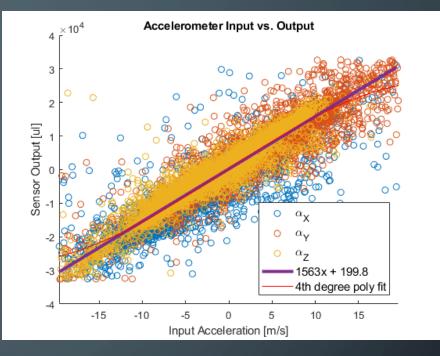
- Sensitivity
 - Accelerometer: 1563 [ul/m/s²]
 - Gyroscope: $199.1 [ul/^{\circ}/s]$
- Accuracy (Measurement-Tolerance)
 - Accelerometer
 - Mean: $1.145 \, [\text{m/s}^2]$
 - Max: $33.08 \, [m/s^2]$
 - Gyroscope:
 - Mean: 6.058 [°/s]
 - Max: 155.3 [°/s]

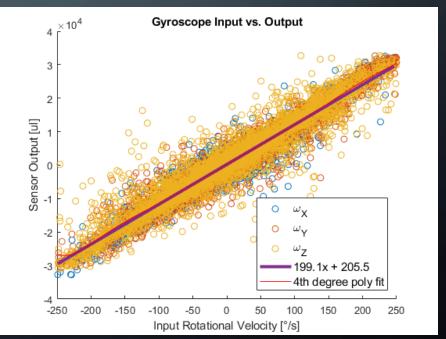




Test Results

- Non-Linearity (max deviation from linear fit)
 - Accelerometer: $1.651 \, [\text{m/s}^2]$
 - Gyroscope: 5.192 [°/s]





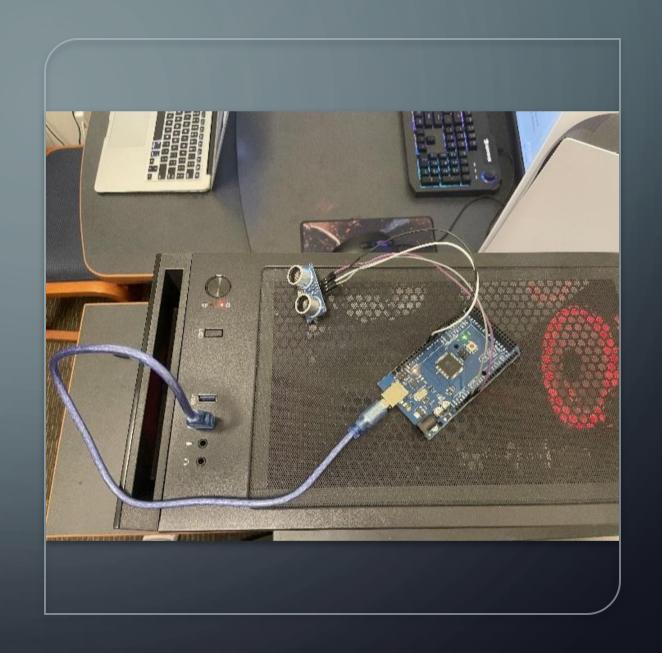
Main Take-aways

- Highly linear output
- Reasonably accurate and sensitive for some applications

Sends pulse signals and detects if there is a return signal

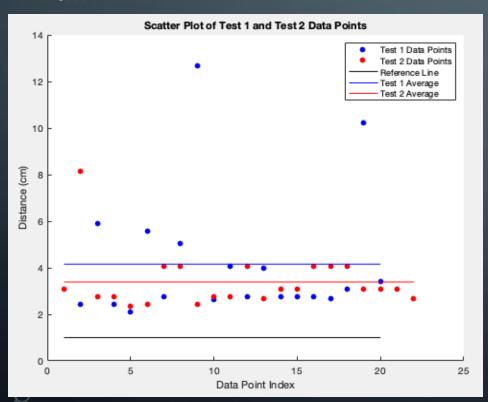


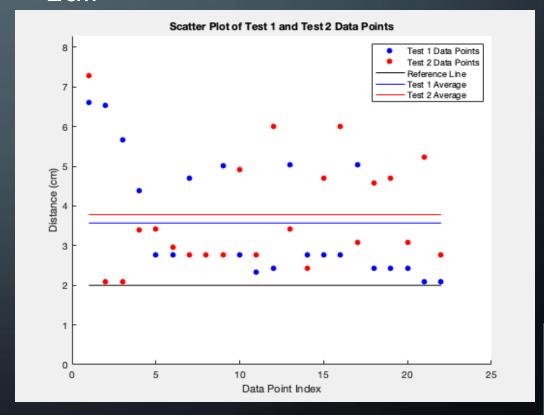
- Testing: Sensor kept above the ground to avoid interference and in open wide room
- Measured distances from sensors ranging from 1cm to 500cm
- Data collected used to test measurement capabilities



Test Data and Plots

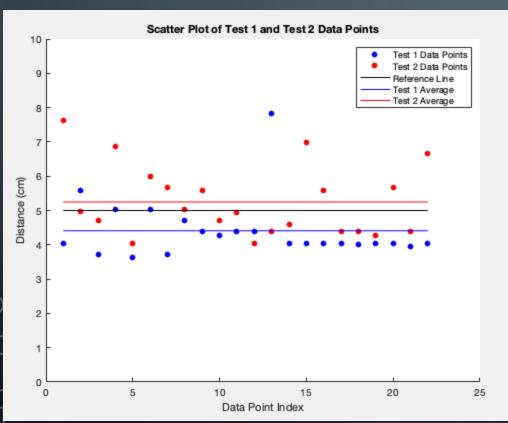
1 cm

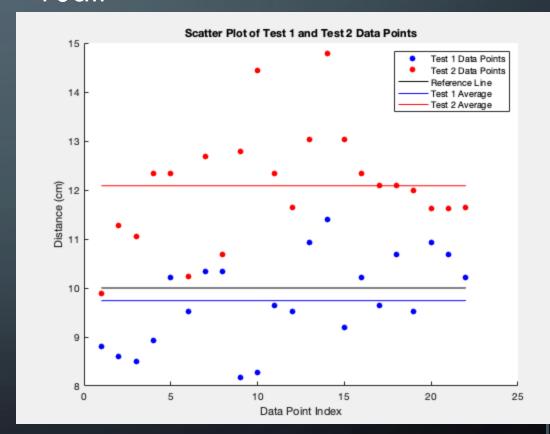




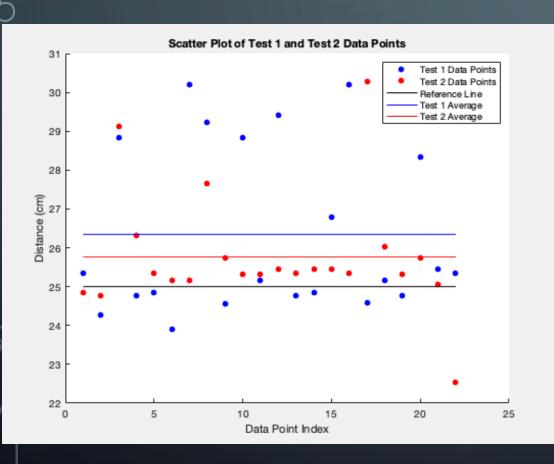
ULTRASONIC SENSOR TESTS CONT.

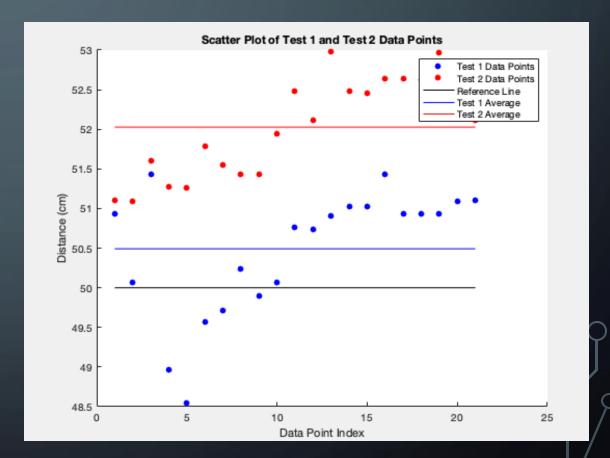




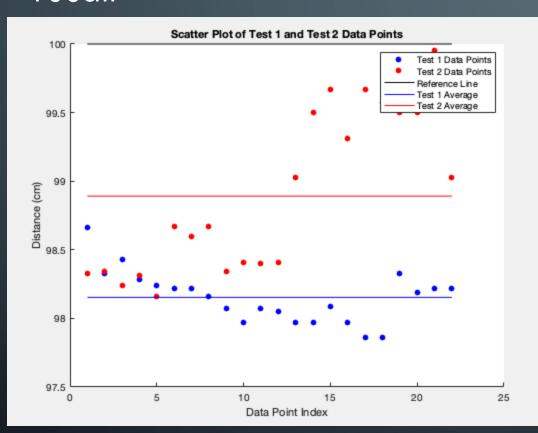


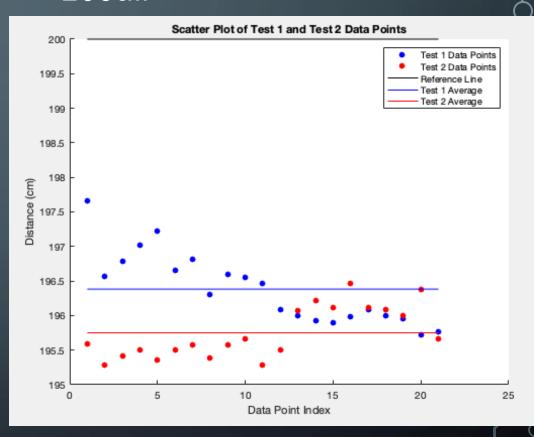
25cm

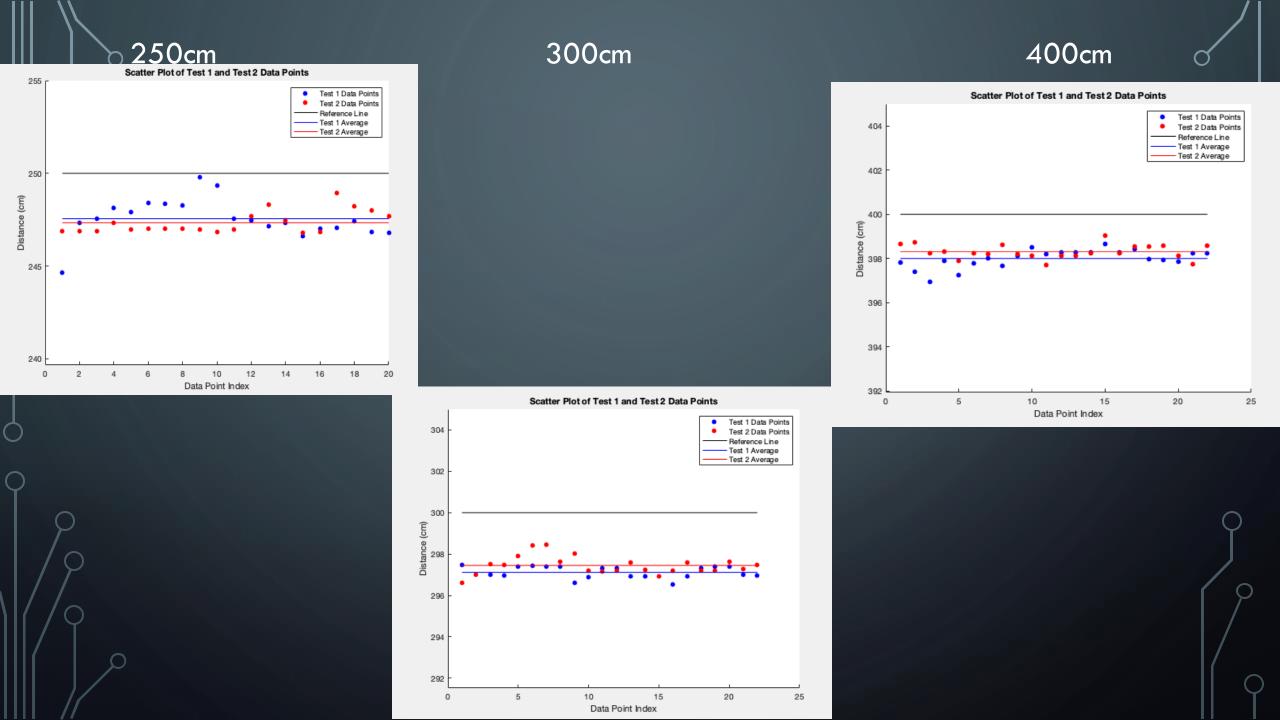




100cm







450cm

ULTRASONIC SENSOR

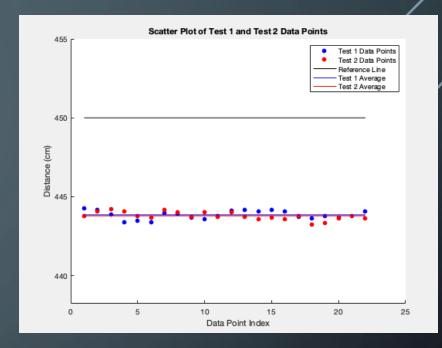
Range

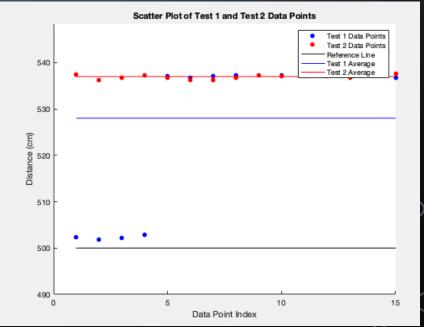
- O if not in proper position, sensor would read 1200cm
- 25cm to 450cm
- O Data points were too inaccurate before 25cm and weakens begins at 450cm

500cm

Repeatability

- O Test was conducted twice to measure repeatability
- Within the range, average measurements between the two tests are close, therefore the tests have good repeatability





Accuracy and Precision

1cm-250cm are not accurate or precise

300cm-400cm are somewhat accurate and precise

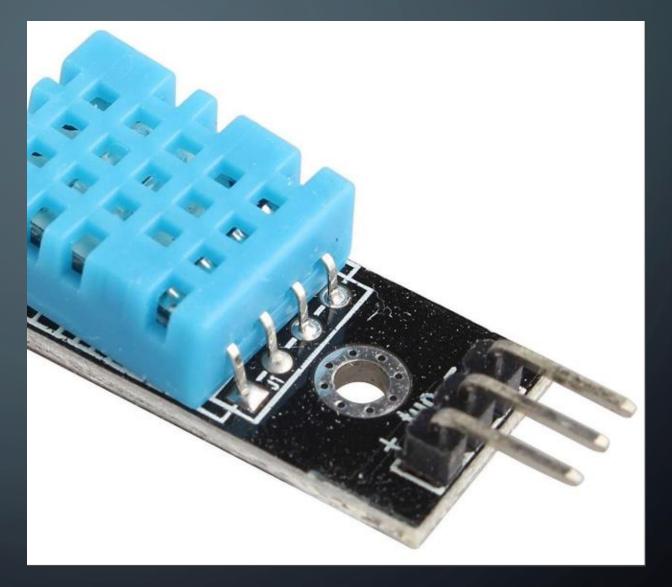
450cm-500cm are precise but not accurate,

Static Error

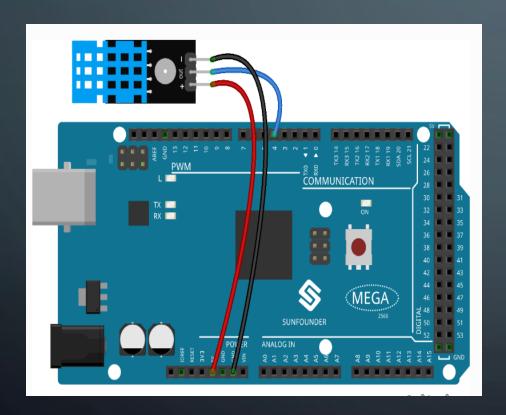
No Consistent Static error was found between distances

DHT-11

The DHT-11 sensor measures temperature and humidity, operating between 3V to 5.5V. Temperature range: 0°C to 50°C, humidity: 20% to 90%. Accuracy: ± 1 °C for temperature and ± 1 % for humidity.



CONNECTIONS AND CODE



```
sketch feb18a.ino
     #include "DHT.h"
     #define DHTPIN 4 // Set the pin connected to the DHT11 data pin
     #define DHTTYPE DHT11 // DHT 11
     DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
     void setup() {
       Serial.begin(9600);
       Serial.println("DHT11 test!");
11
       dht.begin();
12
13
     void loop() {
       // Wait a few seconds between measurements.
16
       delay(2000);
17
       // Reading temperature or humidity takes about 250 milliseconds!
18
       // Sensor readings may also be up to 2 seconds 'old' (it's a very slow sensor)
19
20
       float humidity = dht.readHumidity();
       // Read temperature as Celsius (the default)
21
22
       float temperature = dht.readTemperature();
23
       // Check if any reads failed and exit early (to try again).
24
25
       if (isnan(humidity) || isnan(temperature)) {
26
         Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT sensor!");
         return;
27
28
29
       // Print the humidity and temperature
30
       Serial.print("Humidity: ");
31
       Serial.print(humidity);
32
       Serial.print(" %\t");
33
       Serial.print("Temperature: ");
       Serial.print(temperature);
34
       Serial.println(" *C");
35
36
```

MEASURE

RANGE

•I chose to use boiling water, a desiccant, and ice for my range measurements

ACCURACY

a temperature and humidity sensor was used for reference

STATIC ERRORS

Measure data using Matlab

MEASUREMENT METHODS

Range

- •I put the sensor over boiling water to test the maximum value of its humidity and temperature.
- •I placed the sensor on an ice cube to test it for the lowest temperature measurement
- •I put the sensor in a desiccant to test its lowest humidity level

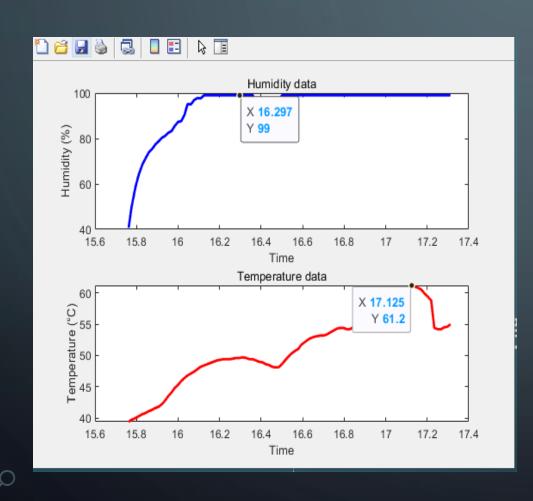
Accuracy

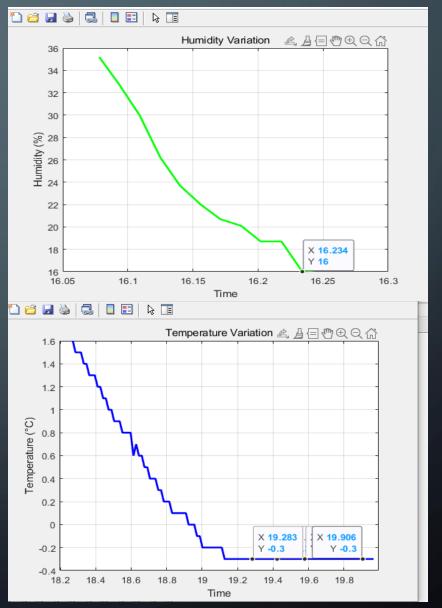
■I made three comparisons, all indoors, using another temperature and humidity sensor to compare the accuracy of the DHT-11 measurement values.

Static Errors

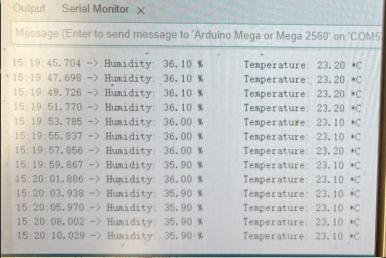
•I tested the data of DHT-11 under static conditions and used matlab to calculate the error

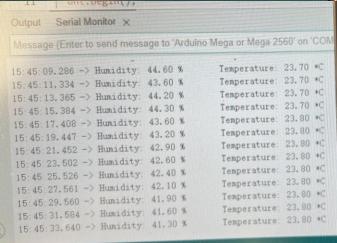
RANGE DATE

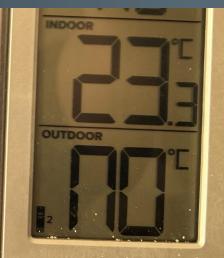


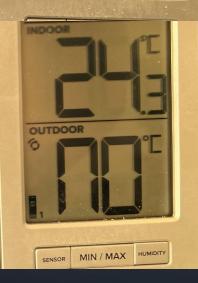


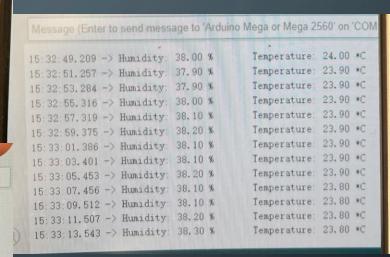
ACCURACY TEMPERATURE

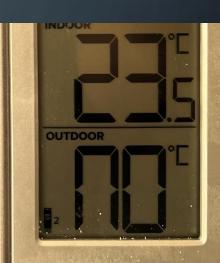




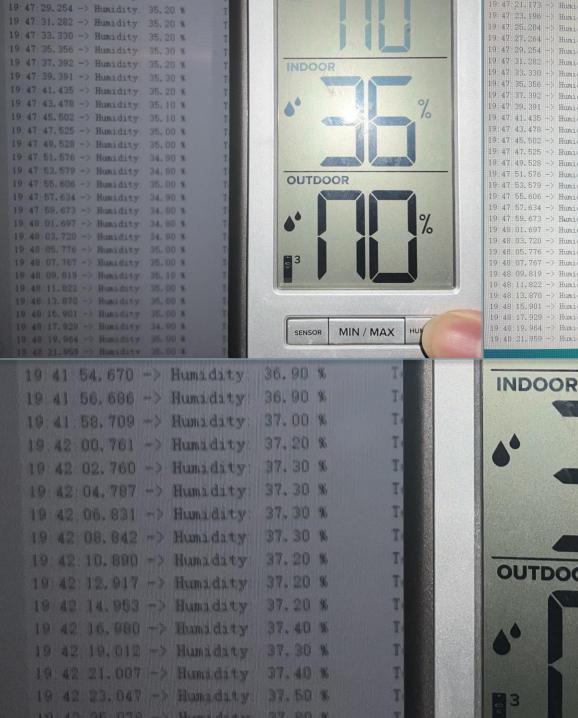








Destroy tested it three times with half an hour's interval. The first time the error was 0.2, the second time the error was 0.5, and the third time the error was 0.3.



19:47:21.173 -> Humidity: 35.20 % 19:47:23.196 -> Humidity: 35.10 % 19:47:25.204 -> Humidity: 35.10 % 19:47:27.264 -> Humidity 35.00 % 19:47 29.254 -> Humidity 35.20 % 19 47 31.282 -> Humidity: 35.20 % 19:47:33.330 -> Humidity: 35.20 % 19:47 35.356 -> Humidity: 35.30 % 19:47-37.392 -> Humidity: 35.20 % 19:47:39.391 -> Humidity: 35.30 % 19:47:41.435 -> Humidity: 35.20 % 19:47:43.478 -> Humidity: 35.10 % 19:47:45.502 -> Humidity: 35.10 % 19:47:47.525 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:47:49.528 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:47:51.576 -> Humidity: 34.90 % 19:47:53.579 -> Humidity: 34.80 % 19:47:55.606 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:47:57.634 -> Humidity: 34.90 % 19:47:59.673 -> Humidity: 34.80 % 19:48:01.697 -> Humidity: 34.80 % 19:48:03.720 -> Humidity: 34.90 % 19:48:05.776 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:48:07.767 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19 48:09.819 -> Humidity: 35.10 % 19:48:11.822 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:48:13.870 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:48:15.901 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:48:17.929 -> Humidity: 34.90 % 19:48:19.964 -> Humidity: 35.00 % 19:48:21.959 -> Humidity: 35.00 %

INDOOR %

ACCURACY HUMIDITY

• The same test was conducted three times with an interval of 30 minutes each time, and the error was within 1%

STATIC ERRORS

