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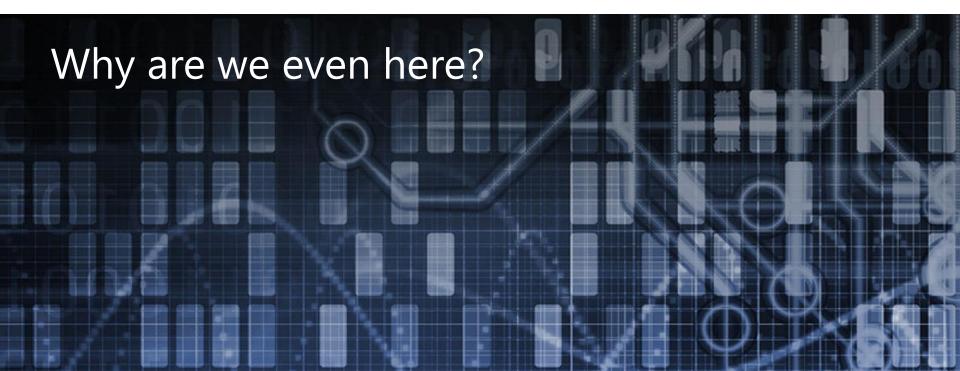


#### Agenda

- Quick overview
- What we know about WanaCrypt0r
- Some cool reversing stuff
- Staying safe
- Should MS answer about MS17-010?
- Closing thoughts and questions



#### **Quick Overview**



### WanaCry first appears 12MAY17

- NHS hospitals in England reportedly turning away ambulances, 16 hospitals reportedly hit
- Telefonica was reportedly suffering outages
- Russia interior ministry
- German train station in Frankfurt
- Fedex was reported infected



# What we know about WanaCryptOr



#### How is it spreading?

 There are two key components - a worm and a ransomware package

- The worm appears to be spreading using leaked NSA exploit ETERNALBLUE and DOUBLEPULSAR
  - Targets machines using SMB



#### **Current Status**

 The malware has a kill switch that terminates if this domain resolves

 Might have been anti-analysis, but it's now registered and neuters the malware

- My favorite domain of all time:
  - www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea.

#### Some people are paying



Total Transactions: 42

Total BTC Received: 7.14505182BTC

Total Est. USD: \$11689.23332700

#wannacry #wcrypt



e.g. 115HrrVServkAJCftWsBMPLb6S3jBAQM7y

Check

#### 115p7UMMngoj1pMvkpHijcRdfJNXj6LrLn

Total Received: 1.19397749

Total Sent: 0.00000000

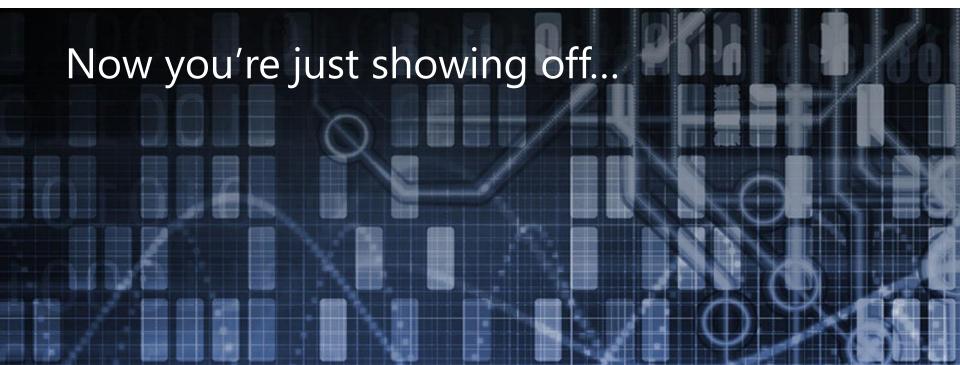
Final Balance: 1.19397749

Total transactions: 9

Recent transactions:



# Some cool reversing stuff



#### The password...

 The malware contains the hardcoded password WNcry@2ol7

```
lea
        eax, [ebp+ExistingFileName]
                          ; 1pPathName
push
        eax
        ds:SetCurrentDirectoryA
call.
push
                          : Source
call
        sub 4010FD
        [esp+6F4h+var 6F4], offset aWncry@2o17 ; "WNcry@2o17"
mnu
                          : hModule
        ehx
push
        sub 401<mark>DAB</mark>
call
call
        sub 401E9E
                          ; lpExitCode
push
        ehx
                          ; dwMilliseconds
push
        ebx
        offset CommandLine ; "attrib +h ."
oush:
call
        sub 401064
push
        ehx
                          ; lpExitCode
                          : dwMilliseconds
push
        ebx
        offset alcacls GrantEv ; "icacls . /grant Everyone:F /T /C /Q"
push
call
        sub 401064
        esp. 20h
add
call
        sub 40170A
```

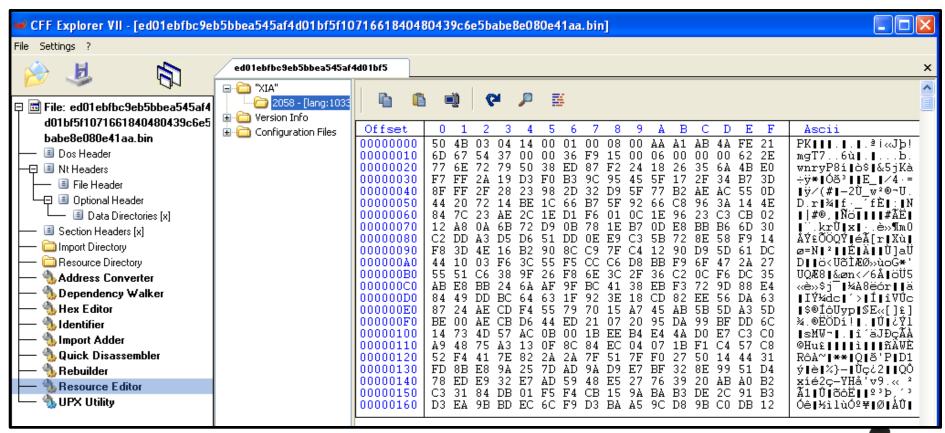
#### The resource...

 The malware drops a encrypted zip file from a resource named "XIA"

```
; int cdecl sub 401DAB(HMODULE hModule, char *Source)
sub 401DAB proc near
Src= dword ptr -12Ch
FileName= bute ptr -128h
hModule= dword ptr
Source= dword ptr
                   OCh
        ebp
push
        ebp, esp
mov
        esp, 12Ch
sub.
        esi
push
        edi
oush:
        offset Type ; "XIA"
80Ah ; 1pName
oush:
.
push
        [ebp+hModule] ; hModule
push
        ds:FindResourceA
call
mov
        esi, eax
test
        esi, esi
        short loc 401E07
iz
```

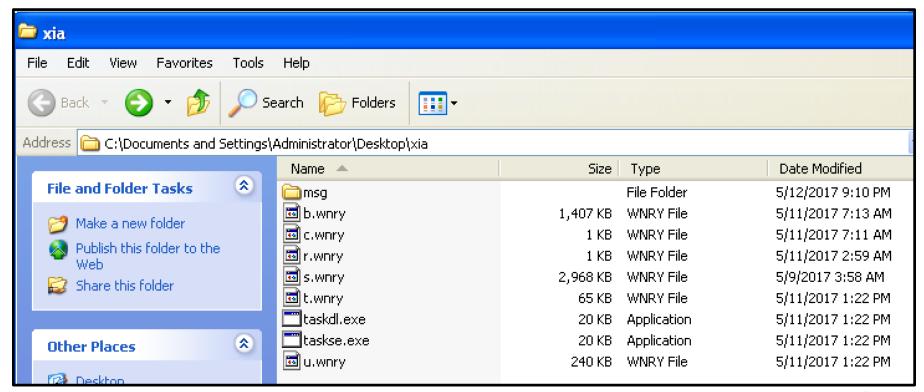
#### Extracting the resource...

To drop the resource, use the CFF Explorer



#### Extracting the resource (2)

 Now just unzip it using the password to get these files





#### More fun secrets

 Now just unzip it using the password to get these files

```
sift$ file *
b.wnry:
       PC bitmap, Windows 3.x format, 800 x 600 x 24
           data
c.wnry:
           directory
msg:
           ASCII text, with CRLF line terminators
r.wnry:
          Zip archive data, at least v1.0 to extract
s.wnry:
taskdl.exe: PE32 executable (GUI) Intel 80386, for MS Windows
taskse.exe: PE32 executable (GUI) Intel 80386, for MS Windows
t.wnry:
            data
            PE32 executable (GUI) Intel 80386, for MS Windows
u.wnry:
```



#### What's the other zip?

 It appears the other zip is tor.exe (and supporting files)

```
sift$ unzip -l s.wnry
Archive:
         s.wnry
  Length
             Date
                     Time
                             Name
        0 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Data/
        0 2017-05-09 16:58
                             Data/Tor/
        0 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/
  3197106 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/libeay32.dll
   719217 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/libevent-2-0-5.dll
   417759 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/libevent core-2-0-5.dll
   411369 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/libevent extra-2-0-5.dll
                             Tor/libgcc s sjlj-1.dll
   523262 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/libssp-0.dll
    92599 2000-01-01 00:00
   711459 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/ssleay32.dll
  3098624 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/tor.exe
   107520 2000-01-01 00:00
                             Tor/zlib1.dll
  9278915
```

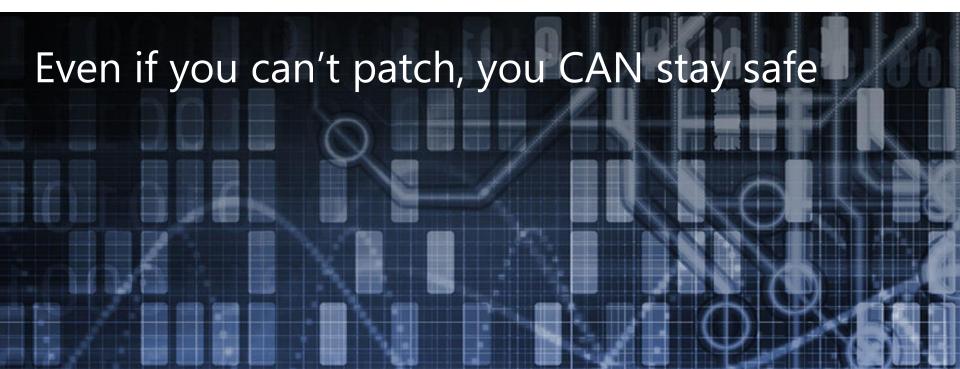
#### Convenience is key

 Trying to be convenient for people to find the decryptor

```
SET ow = WScript.CreateObject("WScript.Shell")
SET om = ow.CreateShortcut("C:\@WanaDecryptor@.exe.lnk")
om.TargetPath = "C:\@WanaDecryptor@.exe"
om.Save
```



# Staying Safe



#### Patch, patch, patch

- If you want to stay safe from this, patching is really the only serious option
- The patch has been available since March...

 If you can't patch (for instance you are on Windows Server 2003), consider network segmentation



#### **Network Segmentation**

- Restrict TCP port 445 traffic to where it is absolutely needed using router ACLs
- Use Private VLANs if your edge switches support this feature
- Use host based firewalls to limit communication on TCP 445, especially between workstations

 BONUS: This will help protect against lateral movement as well!

#### What about MS17-010?



#### How did this get out?

- The Shadow Brokers released data about the exploit in January
  - However the actual exploit was kept secret

 Microsoft mysteriously patched the exploit in March after missing its first Patch Tuesday ever in February



#### What can Microsoft tell the public?

- How was the vulnerability disclosed?
- Who disclosed it?
- Before it was disclosed, does Microsoft has telemetry showing that it was used to hack victims in the wild before January?
- Did the rate of exploitation increase after January?



### This is unprecedented

 There's no precedent for Microsoft releasing this data, but the whole event is unprecedented

 There has never been a leak of nation state hacking tools before

- Read more here:
  - bit.ly/MS17010-petition



## Closing thoughts and questions



#### Takeaways

- 60 day patching cycles aren't okay
  - I'm personally amazed it took this long
- Be ready for more attacks like this in the future
  - Attackers are getting more sophisticated and will benefit from leaked NSA and CIA hacking program data and tools
- Don't forget that WikiLeaks has a trove of CIA hacking tools that remain unreleased to us
  - But who knows who else has them???

# May 12, 2017 DOUBLEPULSAR

 During the live webcast, I said that DOUBLEPULSAR infections for Internet connected hosts were up

 This was based on a sampling error. The current numbers are as follows:



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Latest Internet wide DOUBLEPULSAR scans:

Listening TCP 445: 3,078,509

Responded to SMB request: 1,298,343

Infected with DOUBLEPULSAR: 23,104

#### Don't Ignore This Threat

- After the webcast, multiple people emailed me and asked if they should work the weekend to patch or if the kill switch mitigated this
  - This is an individual risk decision
- But there will be a new variant of this, and probably sooner than later
  - I think ignoring it is probably a career limiting move for most



#### That's all folks!

