## biblatex-sbl

## SBL Style Using biblatex

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## 1 Introduction

biblatex-sbl provides support to biblatex and LaTeX for citations, bibliography, and a list of abbreviations in the style recommended by the Society of Biblical Literature (SBL). The style conforms to the second edition of the *SBLHS*.

The style supports all examples given in the handbook (see biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf). Shorthand citations and a list of abbreviations containing journals, series, and shorthands are handled automatically. Repeated authors in the bibliography are replaced by a horizontal line. *Ibidem* and *idem* is enabled by default. Indexing of names is supported, but not enabled by default. Only note style citations, not Author-Date citations are supported. Primary sources can be cited in parentheses. biblatex-sbl is compatible with biblatex's support for hyperref.

For anything not covered in this manual, please see the biblatex documentation. Bugs and feature requests can be submitted at https://github.com/dcpurton/biblatex-sbl/.

**Note:** This package should be considered as beta software and its output carefully checked when you use it.

## 2 Requirements

biblatex-sbl requires at least version 3.11 of biblatex and the xparse package. biber must be used. bibtex is not supported. For localization babel (not polyglossia) and csquotes are recommended.

## 3 Usage

The following minimal example will set up biblatex-sbl to conform to the defaults of the *SBLHS*.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[style=sbl]{biblatex}
\addbibresource{<bibfile.bib>}
\begin{document}
\printbiblist{abbreviations}
\printbibliography
\end{document}
```

#### 3.1 Localization

By default biblatex-sbl uses American style punctuation and quotation marks. You can choose a different style by including the babel and csquotes packages in your document preamble. polyglossia is not well supported by biblatex and its use is discouraged.

```
\usepackage[ngerman]{babel}
\usepackage{csquotes}
\usepackage[style=sbl]{biblatex}
```

Currently english (including variants such as british, australian, etc.), spanish, and german are supported.

For Greek and especially Hebrew, the set up is more complicated and you should use xelatex or lualatex. See sbl-paper.pdf for example Greek and Hebrew usage with babel.

```
\usepackage[nil,bidi=default]{babel}
\usepackage{csquotes}
\babelprovide[import=en-US,main]{american}
\babelprovide[import=he]{hebrew}
\babelprovide[import=el]{polutonikogreek}
\babelfont[american]{rm}[Ligatures=TeX]{Linux Libertine 0}
\babelfont[hebrew]{rm}%
   [Ligatures=TeX,Contextuals=Alternate]{SBL BibLit}
\babelfont[polutonikogreek]{rm}%
   [Ligatures=TeX,Contextuals=Alternate]{SBL BibLit}
```

#### 3.2 Commands

The standard commands for biblatex-sbl generally follow those defined by biblatex. Included below are the most typical commands. For more commands and options, reference the biblatex manual.

```
\autocite[\langle prenote \rangle][(\langle altpostnote \rangle)\langle postnote \rangle]\{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\autocite inserts a citation as a footnote. If used in a footnote, the citation is placed in parentheses. It works as in the standard biblatex styles, except that that postnote argument can be divided into two using parentheses. This creates an altpostnote field which is used in some of the examples from §6.4 of the *SBLHS*. e.g.,

```
\autocite[See][(1.3)8:223]{clementinehomilies}

1. See The Clementine Homilies 1.3 (ANF 8:223).
```

To use only altpostnote surround the whole argument in parentheses. e.g.,

```
\autocite[(III. 1-164)]{PGM:betz}

1. PGM III. 1-164 (Betz).
```

```
\cite[\langle prenote \rangle][(\langle altpostnote \rangle)\langle postnote \rangle]\{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\cite works in the same way as \autocite except that the citation is placed directly into the text instead of in a footnote.

```
\langle parencite[\langle prenote \rangle][(\langle altpostnote \rangle)\langle postnote \rangle]\{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\parencite works in the same way as \autocite except that the citation is placed inside parentheses instead of in a footnote. This is most useful for citing primary sources. e.g.,

```
\parencite[2.233-235]{josephus:ant}
(Josephus, Ant. 2.233-235)
```

```
\journalcite\{\langle key \rangle\}
\seriescite\{\langle key \rangle\}
\shorthandcite\{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\journalcite, \seriescite, and \shorthandcite inserts the respective abbreviation into the text and also adds it to the list of abbreviations. The abbreviation is hyperlinked to the list of abbreviations if the hyperref package is loaded.

These commands ignore the prenote and postnote fields, so can safely be used anywhere within a database entry.

#### \printbiblist

This command prints a bibliography list. In biblatex-sbl all abbreviations (journals, series, and shorthands) can be printed using the following command:

```
\printbiblist[...]{abbreviations}
```

See the biblatex manual for an explanation of available optional arguments.

## \printbibliography

Inserts the bibliography. See the biblatex manual for an explanation of available optional arguments.

## 3.3 Package Options

biblatex-sbl defaults to the recommendations of the SBL, but it also supports many of the standard options from biblatex as well as a few custom ones outlined below.

accessdate=true, false

default: false

The *SBLHS* discourages the use of access dates. If they are required this option can be passed to biblatex.

citepages=sbl, permit, omit, separate

default: sbl

Use this option to fine-tune the formatting of the pages field the first time an entry is cited.

sbl

The postnote field is not printed for first citations. e.g.,

```
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
```

1. Blake Leyerle, "John Chrysostom on the Gaze," JECS 1 (1993): 159–74.

If postnote is not a page range, then it is printed in parentheses after pages. e.g.,

```
\autocite[a note]{irvine:2014}
```

1. Stuart A. Irvine, "Idols [ktbwnm]: A note on Hosea 13:2a," JBL 133 (2014): 509–17 (a note).

The one exception to this is the @incommentary entry type which always sets citepages to omit (see below) when volume is defined.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> See SBLHS §6.1.6, 84.

<sup>2.</sup> See Student Supplement for the SBL Handbook of Style, Second Edition, compiled by Melanie Greer Nogalski et al., ed. Joel M. LeMon and Brennan W. Breed (Atlanta, GA: SBL Press, February 2015), §1.3.3.2, https://www.sbl-site.org/assets/pdfs/pubs/SBLHSsupp2015-02.pdf.

permit The postnote is printed in parentheses after the pages field. e.g.,

\autocite[245]{wildberger:1965}

- 1. Hans Wildberger, "Das Abbild Gottes: Gen 1:26–30," *TZ* 21 (1965): 245–59, 481–501 (245).
- omit The pages field is not printed unless postnote is empty or not a page range (in which case behaviour matches citepages=sbl). e.g.,

\autocite[5]{freedman:1977}

- 1. David Noel Freedman, "Pottery, Poetry, and Prophecy: An Essay on Biblical Poetry," *JBL* 96 (1977): 5.
- The postnote is printed in parentheses after the pages field preceded by the bibliography string thiscite. e.g.,

\autocite[1]{petersen:1988}

1. David L. Petersen, "Hebrew Bible Textbooks: A Review Article," *CRBR* 1 (1988): 1–18 (esp. 1).

If postnote is not a page range, then firstcite is not used and the behaviour matches citepages=sbl.

dashed=true, false default: true

By default, this style replaces recurrent authors/editors in the bibliography by a dash so that items by the same author or editor are visually grouped. This feature is controlled by the package option dashed. Setting dashed=false in the preamble will disable this feature.

eprintdate=year, short, long, terse, comp, iso8601

default: comp

Similar to the date option (for details see the biblatex manual) but controls the format of the eprintdate.

fullbibrefs=true, false

default: false

The *Student Supplement for the SBLHS* permits two styles for the bibliography entry for Bible dictionaries, encyclopaedias, and multivolume commentaries for the entire Bible by multiple authors.<sup>3</sup>

This option applies to @inreference and @incommentary entry types.

true The bibliography entry is printed in long form. e.g.,

Stendahl, Krister. "Biblical Theology, Contemporary." Pages 418–32 in vol. 1 of *The Interpreter's Dictionary of the Bible*. Edited by George A. Buttrick. 4 vols. New York: Abingdon, 1962.

<sup>3.</sup> Student Supplement for the SBLHS, 4-5.

false The bibliography entry is printed in a short form. e.g.,

Stendahl, Krister. "Biblical Theology, Contemporary." *IDB* 1:418–32.

ibidtracker=true, false, context, strict, constrict

default: constrict

This option controls the *ibidem* tracker. The possible choices are:

true Enable the tracker in global mode. not tracked separately between text body

and footnotes.

false Disable the tracker: *ibid.* will not be used.

context Enable the tracker in context-sensitive mode. In this mode, citations in

footnotes and in the body text are tracked separately.

strict Enable the tracker in strict mode. In this mode, potentially ambiguous

references are suppressed. A reference is considered ambiguous if either the current citation (the one including the *ibidem*) or the previous citation (the

one the *ibidem* refers to) consists of a list of references.

constrict This mode combines the features of context and strict. It also keeps track

of footnote numbers and detects potentially ambiguous references in footnotes in a stricter way than the strict option. In addition to the conditions imposed by the strict option, a reference in a footnote will only be considered as unambiguous if the current citation and the previous citation are

given in the same footnote or in immediately consecutive footnotes.

ibidpage=true, false

default: false

The scholarly abbreviation *ibidem* is sometimes taken to mean both 'same author + same title' and 'same author + same title + same page' in traditional citation schemes. By default, this is not the case with this style because it may lead to ambiguous citations. If you prefer the wider interpretation of *ibidem*, set the package option <code>ibidpage=true</code> or simply <code>ibidpage</code> in the preamble. The default setting is <code>ibidpage=false</code>.

idemtracker=true, false, context, strict, constrict

default: constrict

This option controls the *idem* tracker. The possible choices are:

true Enable the tracker in global mode.

false Disable the tracker: *idem* will not be used.

context Enable the tracker in context-sensitive mode. In this mode, citations in

footnotes and in the body text are tracked separately.

This is an alias for true, provided only for consistency with the other trackers.

Since *idem* replacements do not get ambiguous in the same way as *ibidem*,

the strict tracking mode does not apply to them.

constrict

This mode is similar to context with one additional condition: a reference in a footnote will only be considered as unambiguous if the current citation and the previous citation are given in the same footnote.

#### pagetracker=true, false

default: true

This option controls whether *ibidem* and *idem* are used across page breaks or not.

true Enable the tracker in automatic mode. This is like spread if LaTeX is in

twoside mode, and like page otherwise.

false Disable the tracker.

page Enable the tracker in page mode. In this mode, tracking works on a per-page

basis.

Enable the tracker in spread mode. In this mode, tracking works on a

per-spread (double page) basis.

#### sblfootnotes=true, false

default: true

This option controls the style of footnotes. This option is compatible with the footmisc package provided footmisc is loaded before biblatex.

true

Footnotes are printed with a normal number followed by a period and the first line indented:

1. Charles H. Talbert, Reading John: A Literary and Theological Commentary on the Fourth Gospel and the Johannine Epistles (New York: Crossroad, 1992).

false

Footnotes are printed with a superscript (or whatever other default has been set up by your style):

<sup>1</sup>James M. Robinson and Helmut Koester, *Trajectories through Early Christianity* (Philadelphia: Fortress, 1971).

#### shorthand=true, false, short, intro

default: true

This option controls when and whether the shorthand field is used as a citation. This can also be used as a type option or entry option. @ancienttext and @classictext entry types ignore this option.

true Always use the shorthand when citing the entry.

false Never use the shorthand when citing the entry.

short Print the full citation the first time the entry is cited. Use the shorthand on

subsequent citations.

intro Print the full citation the first time the entry is cited followed by (henceforth

cited as shorthand). Use the shorthand on subsequent citations.

### 4 Database Guide

## 4.1 Entry Types

All standard entry types of biblatex are supported by biblatex-sbl. This section gives an overview of entry types that are most relevant, unique to, or treated in a custom way by biblatex-sbl.

ancienttext

This is a custom type for biblatex-sbl. It is used for the special examples in *SBLHS* §6.4.1, §6.4.3 and §6.4.8.

Unless options = {skipbib=false} is set explicitly, an @ancienttext entry will not appear in the bibliography. (Although, see ANRW entrysubtype below for an exception.) The related field is used to refer to the entry which should appear in the bibliography instead of the @ancienttext entry. Options can be set on the related entry using the relatedoptions field.

The entry pointed to by related along with the postnote is printed in parentheses after the altpostnote, editor, and translator fields if they are present. translator and editor fields are omitted for subsequent citations. e.g.,

## \autocite[319]{suppiluliumas}

- 1. "Suppiluliumas and the Egyptian Queen," trans. Albrecht Goetz (ANET, 319).
- 2. "Suppiluliumas and the Egyptian Queen" (ANET, 319).

## \printbibliography

Pritchard, James B., ed. *Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament.* 3rd ed. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1969.

If the entry contains options = {skipbib=false}, then the bibliography entry will be like @book. Any shorthand is also printed in the same way as a @book shorthand.

The following values for the entrysubtype field are supported:

ANRW

The ANRW entrysubtype is particularly for citing ANRW as outlined in §6.4.8 of the SBLHS. In this case, the entry will appear in the bibliography. See biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf for full details of the required database entry.

chronicle

Formats the title using an upright shape font without quotation marks. e.g.,

#### \autocite[(lines 3--4)125]{esarhaddonchronicle}

1. Esarhaddon Chronicle, lines 3–4 (Albert Kirk Grayson, *Assyrian and Babylonian Chronicles*, TCS 5 [Locust Valley, NY: Augustin, 1975], 125).

Suppresses parentheses around *COS* and the postnote for subsequent citations. e.g.,

#### \autocite[44]{greathymnaten}

- 1. "The Great Hymn to the Aten," trans. Miriam Lichtheim (*COS* 1.26:44–46).
  - 2. "Great Hymn to the Aten," COS 1.26:44.

inscription Similarly to entrysubtype = {chronicle}, this formats the title using an upright shape font without quotation marks.

article An article in a journal or magazine. Also use this type for review articles (*SBLHS* §6.3.4) and electronic journal articles (*SBLHS* §6.3.10).

book A single-volume book with one or more authors where the authors share credit for the work as a whole.

inbook A part of a book which forms a self-contained unit with its own title.

bookinbook This type is similar to @inbook but intended for works originally published as a stand-alone book. The main difference is that the title is printed in italics instead of in quotation marks.

mvbook A multivolume @book.

There is one entrysubtype supported:

The citation for RIMA (*SBLHS*, 97) is treated like a series with a number when cited in full, but as a shorthand with a volume when cited in short form. See biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf for full details.

suppbook Supplemental material in a @book. Use this for an introduction, preface or foreword written by someone other than the author (*SBLHS* §6.2.14). The type field is used to specify the type of supplementary material. See §6.2.14 of biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf. If no type is given, then this behaves like an @inbook.

booklet A book-like work without a formal publisher or sponsoring institution.

classictext This type is a custom type for biblatex-sbl. It is used for the special examples in *SBLHS* §6.4.2 and §§6.4.4–6.

Unless options = {skipbib=false} is set explicitly, a @classictext entry will not appear in the bibliography. The xref field is used to refer to the entry which should appear in the bibliography instead of the @classictext entry.

If present, the translator and series are printed in parentheses following the postnote. e.g.,

\autocite[15.18-19]{tacitus:ann:jackson}

1. Tacitus, Ann. 15.18–19 (Jackson, LCL).

\printbibliography

Tacitus. The Histories and The Annals. Translated by Clifford H. Moore and John Jackson. 4 vols. LCL. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1937.

The series can be suppressed by setting options = {useseries=false}.

If the entry contains options = {skipbib=false}, then the bibliography entry will be like @incollection except that the title is set in italics instead of within quotation marks.

The following values for the entrysubtype field are supported:

churchfather Entries using the churchfather entry subtype print the entry pointed to by related within parentheses following the altpostnote. The postnote field applies to the entry in related. relatedoptions can be used to control some aspects of the formatting for the related entry. altpostnote is always separated from the title by a space.

\autocite[(28.3.5)252]{augustine:letters}

1. Augustine, Letters of St. Augustin 28.3.5 (NPNF1 1:252).

\printbibliography

Augustine. The Letters of St. Augustin. In vol. 1 of The Nicene and Post-Nicene Fathers, Series 1. Edited by Philip Schaff. 14 vols. 1886–1889. Repr., Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 1994.

collection A single-volume collection with multiple, self-contained contributions by distinct authors which have their own title. The work as a whole has no overall author but it will usually have an editor.

mycollection A multi-volume @collection.

incollection A contribution to a collection which forms a self-contained unit with a distinct author and

title.

commentary A single-volume commentary on a book (or part of a book) of the Bible by one or more authors. This entry type is similar to @book, except that any volume and maintitle is only printed in the bibliography, not the citation.

mvcommentary

A multi-volume commentary on a single book of the Bible by one or more authors or a multi-volume commentary on the whole Bible by multiple authors. Unlike @commentary, this behaves exactly the same as a @mvbook.

A contribution to a commentary which forms a self-contained unit with a distinct author and title. This is typically a commentary on a book of the Bible appearing in a single or multi-volume commentary on the entire Bible.

If an entry contains an xref field, then the bibliography entry is printed in either short or long form as described above under fullbibrefs.

conferencepaper

An unpublished paper presented at a professional society. Use the eventtitle, venue, and date fields to specify detail for the conference. See §6.3.8 of biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf for and example.

lexicon A single-volume lexicon or theological dictionary. This is similar to a @book.

mylexicon A multi-volume lexicon or theological dictionary. This is similar to a @mybook.

inlexicon An article in a lexicon or theological dictionary. This is a custom type for biblatex-sbl. The required xref field must contain the entry name of a @lexicon or @mvlexicon. The @inlexicon entry does not appear in the bibliography. Instead the lexicon pointed to by xref appears in the bibliography.

> Subsequent citations do not include the title, only the name of the lexicon (specified by the xref entry). e.g.,

\autocite[511]{dahn+liefeld:see+vision+eye}

1. Karl Dahn and Walter L. Liefeld, "See, Vision, Eye," NIDNTT 3:511-21.

\autocite[511]{dahn+liefeld:see+vision+eye}

2. Dahn and Liefeld, NIDNTT 3:511.

\printbibliography

Brown, Colin, ed. New International Dictionary of New Testament Theology. 4 vols. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1975-1985.

misc A fallback type for entries which do not fit into any other category. Use the howpublished field to supply publishing information in free format, if applicable.

An online resource without a print counterpart. This is similar to an @article. online

A complete issue of a periodical, such as a special issue of a journal. The title of the periodical periodical is given in the title field. If the issue has its own title in addition to the main title of the periodical, it goes in the issuetitle field.

> This type could also be used to insert a journal into the list of abbreviations. In this case, just use title, shorttitle, and set options = {skipbib}.

reference A single-volume encyclopaedia or dictionary. This is similar to a @book.

myreference A multi-volume @reference. This is similar to a @mybook.

inreference An article in an encyclopaedia or dictionary. The required xref field must contain the entry name of a @reference or @mvreference.

The bibliography entry is printed in either short or long form as described above under fullbibrefs.

review A book review in a journal. This is similar to an @article. Use the revdauthor/revdeditor and revdtitle fields to specify the author/editor and title of the book being reviewed.

Note that review articles are treated like articles and should use the @article entry type.

seminarpaper An SBL seminar paper. This is similar to an @incollection except that *in* is suppressed byfore the booktitle/maintitle. See §6.4.11 of biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf for an example.

series A multi-volume series. This is similar to a @mvbook except that an upright shaped font is used for the title field and the option field is set to {useauthor=false, useditor=false} by default.

This type could also be used to place a series in the list of abbreviations. In this case, just use series, shortseries, and set options = {skipbib}.

## 4.2 Entry Fields

biblatex-sbl supports all entry fields from the biblatex manual except for pagetotal. There are also a number of custom entry fields and specially handled fields supported by biblatex-sbl. These are documented below.

bookeditor list (name)

The editor(s) of the booktitle.

The behaviour of editor, bookeditor, and maineditor is as follows (when editor is not used as the overall editor): editor applies to maintitle (if set) unless maineditor is set. In this case, editor applies to booktitle (if set) unless bookeditor is set. In this case, editor applies to title.

booktranslator list (name)

The translator(s) of the booktitle.

The behaviour of translator, booktranslator, and maintranslator is the same as for editor, bookeditor, and maineditor.

eprintdate field (date)

The date a text edition published online with no print counterpart or an article in an online database is released. See §6.4.1 and §6.4.13 of biblatex-sbl-examples.pdf.

eprintday field (datepart)

This field holds the day component of the eprintdate field.

eprintmonth field (datepart)

This field holds the month component of the eprintdate field.

eprintyear field (datepart)

This field holds the year component of the eprintdate field.

maineditor list (name)

The editor(s) of the maintitle.

maintranslator list (name)

The translator(s) of the maintitle.

revdauthor list (name)

The author(s) of the revdtitle.

revdeditor list (name)

The editor(s) of the revdtitle.

revdshorttitle field (literal)

The title of a book being review in an abridged form. This field is used in subsequent

citations of @review entry types.

revdsubtitle field (literal)

The subtitle of a book being reviewed.

revdtitle field (literal)

The title of a book being reviewed.

revdtitleaddon field (literal)

An annex to the revdtitle, to be printed in a different font.

seriesseries field (literal)

This field is used when a series is begun anew to distinguish between the old and new

series. See SBLHS §6.2.24.

shortbooktitle field (literal)

The booktitle in abridged form.

shorthand field (literal)

A special short form printed instead of the usual citation. Sometimes the shorthand is short for the authors and should be printed in an upright font shape. Other times it is short for the title and should be printed in italics. This behaviour is controlled using the shorttitle field. If the shorttitle is the same as the shorthand then the shorthand is assumed to be short for the title and printed in italics, otherwise it is printed in an upright font. The shorthand is automatically inserted into the list of abbreviations.

The separator between the shorthand and postnote depends on the content of the postnote. If the postnote contains a '.', ':', or '§', then the separator is a space, otherwise it is a comma.

shortjournal field (literal)

The journaltitle in abridged form. This is always printed instead of the journaltitle. The shortjournal and journaltitle is then automatically inserted into the list of abbreviations.

shortmaintitle field (literal)

The maintitle in abridged form.

shortseries field (literal)

The series in abridged form. This is always printed instead of the series. The shortseries and series is then automatically inserted into the list of abbreviations.

shorttitle field (literal)

The title in abridged form. This is printed instead of the full title on subsequent citations.

withauthor list (name)

The author(s) who assist the author. See witheditortype, below, for an example.

withauthortype field (literal)

The type of withauthor. This field will affect the string used to introduce the author(s) who assist the author. If unspecified, the bibliography string with is used.

witheditor list (name)

The editor(s) who assist the editor.

witheditortype field (literal)

The type of witheditor. This field will affect the string used to introduce the editor(s) who assist the editor. If unspecified, the bibliography string with is used.

\autocite[1:24]{TLOT}

1. TLOT 1:24.

\printbibliography

Jenni, Ernst, ed., with assistance from Claus Westermann. *Theological Lexicon of the Old Testament*. Translated by Mark E. Biddle. 3 vols. Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 1997.

\printbiblist{abbreviations}

TLOT Theological Lexicon of the Old Testament. Edited by Ernst Jenni, with as-

sistance from Claus Westermann. Translated by Mark E. Biddle. 3 vols.

Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 1997

withtranslator list (name)

The translator(s) who assist the translator.

withtranslatortype field (literal)

The type of withtranslator. This field will affect the string used to introduce the transla-

tor(s) who assist the translator. If unspecified, the bibliography string with is used.

withbookauthor list (name)

The author(s) who assist the bookauthor.

withbookauthortype field (literal)

This field is analogous to the withauthortype, but for the bookauthor.

withbookeditor list (name)

The editor(s) who assist the bookeditor.

withbookeditortype field (literal)

This field is analogous to the witheditortype, but for the bookeditor.

withbooktranslator list (name)

The translator(s) who assist the booktranslator.

withbooktranslatortype field (literal)

This field is analogous to the withtranslatortype, but for the booktranslator.

withmainauthor list (name)

The author(s) who assist the mainauthor.

withmainauthortype field (literal)

This field is analogous to the withauthortype, but for the mainauthor.

withmaineditor list (name)

The editor(s) who assist the maineditor.

withmaineditortype field (literal)

This field is analogous to the witheditortype, but for the maineditor.

withmaintranslator list (name)

The translator(s) who assist the maintranslator.

withmaintranslatortype field (literal)

This field is analogous to the withtranslatortype, but for the maintranslator.

## 4.3 Type and Entry Options

biblatex-sbl supports many of the entry options outlined in the biblatex manual. There are also a number of custom entry options supported by biblatex-sbl. These are documented below.

skipbiblistshorthand=true, false

This option controls what appears in the list of abbreviations for database entries containing both a shorthand and a shortseries. For entries not containing a shortseries just use the option skipbiblist. The possible options are:

default: false

default: false

true Do not include the shorthand in the list of abbreviations.

false Include the shorthand in the list of abbreviations.

skipbiblistshortseries=true, false

This option controls what appears in the list of abbreviations for database entries containing both a shorthand and a shortseries. For entries not containing a shorthand just use the option skipbiblist. The possible options are:

true Do not include the shortseries in the list of abbreviations.

false Include the shortseries in the list of abbreviations.

usefullcite=true, false default: true

This options controls the format of first citations. The possible choices are:

true Use a full citation the first time the entry is cited.

false Use the short citation form the first time the entry is cited.

useseries=true, false default: true

This option controls whether the series is printed in parentheses following a @classictext citation. This does not affect other entry types.

true Print the series.

\autocite[2.233-235]{josephus:ant:thackery}

1. Josephus, Ant. 2.233-235 (Thackeray, LCL).

\printbibliography

*Josephus*. Translated by Henry St. J. Thackeray et al. 10 vols. LCL. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1926–1965.

false Suppress printing the series.

\autocite[10]{heraclitus:epistle1:worley}

2. Heraclitus, Epistle 1, 10 (Worley).

\printbibliography

Heraclitus. *Epistle 1.* Translated by David Worley. Page 187 in *The Cynic Epistles: A Study Edition.* Edited by Abraham J. Malherbe. SBS 12. Atlanta: Scholars Press, 1977.

default: true

useshorttitle=true, false

This option controls the format of subsequent citations. The possible choices are:

true Include the shorttitle or title in subsequent citations.

false Suppress the shorttitle or title in subsequent citations, so only the au-

thor(s) or editor(s) are printed.

usevolume=true, false default: true

This option controls whether the volume is printed as part of the citation text or as part of the postnote.

true Print the volume as part of the main citation information. e.g., "Vol. 1."

false Print the volume field as part of the postnote. e.g., "1:"

## 4.4 Reprints

biblatex-sbl supports three different ways of doing reprints with varying complexity. If only the original publisher, location, and/or year are required, then use the fields origpublisher, origlocation, and origdate. e.g.,

```
\autocite[90]{vanseters:1997}
```

1. John Van Seters, *In Search of History: Histeriography in the Ancient World and the Origins of Biblical History* (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1983; repr., Winona Lake, IN: Eisenbrauns, 1997), 90.

```
\printbibliography
```

Van Seters, John. *In Search of History: Histeriography in the Ancient World and the Origins of Biblical History.* New Haven: Yale University Press, 1983. Repr., Winona Lake, IN: Eisenbrauns, 1997.

When extra information is required, use a related entry with relatedtype = {reprint}. A custom string can be specified instead of "Repr." using the optional relatedstring field. In this case no punctuation is inserted after the relatedstring. You could think of the default being relatedstring = {\bibstring{reprint},}. e.g.,

```
@mvbook{sasson:2000,
  editor = {Sasson, Jack M.},
  title = {Civilizations of the Ancient Near East},
  volumes = {4},
```

```
location = {New York},
  publisher = {Scribner's Sons},
  year = {1995},
  related = {sasson:repr},
  relatedtype = {reprint}
}

@mvbook{sasson:repr,
  volumes = {4~vols.\ in 2},
  location = {Peabody, MA},
  publisher = {Hendrickson},
  date = {2000}
}

\autocite[1:40]{sasson:2000}

1. Jack M. Sasson, ed., Civilizations of the Ancient Near East, 4 vols. (New York: Scribner's Sons, 1995; repr., 4 vols. in 2 [Peabody, MA: Hendrickson,
```

Sasson, Jack M., ed. *Civilizations of the Ancient Near East.* 4 vols. New York: Scribner's Sons, 1995. Repr., 4 vols. in 2. Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 2000.

2000]), 1:40.

\printbibliography

A full reprint history also uses the related field, but with some other relatedtype apart from relatedtype = {reprint}. e.g.,

```
@book{wellhausen:1883,
    author = {Wellhausen, Julius},
    title = {Prolegomena zur Geschichte Israels},
    edition = {2},
    location = {Berlin},
    publisher = {Reimer},
    date = {1883}
}
@book{wellhausen:1885,
    author = {Wellhausen, Julius},
    title = {Prolegomena to the History of Israel},
    translator = {Black, J. Sutherland and Enzies, A.},
    preface = {Smith, W. Robertson},
    location = {Edinburgh},
    publisher = {Black},
```

```
related = {wellhausen:1883},
  relatedtype = {translationof},
  date = {1885}
}

@book{wellhausen:1957,
  author = {Wellhausen, Julius},
  title = {Prolegomena to the History of Ancient Israel},
  location = {New York},
  publisher = {Meridian Books},
  related = {wellhausen:1885},
  relatedtype = {reprintof},
  date = {1957}
}
```

### \autocite[20]{wellhausen:1957}

1. Julius Wellhausen, *Prolegomena to the History of Ancient Israel* (New York: Meridian Books, 1957), 20; repr. of *Prolegomena to the History of Israel*, trans. J. Sutherland Black and A. Enzies, with preface by W. Robertson Smith (Edinburgh: Black, 1885); trans. of *Prolegomena zur Geschichte Israels*, 2nd ed. (Berlin: Reimer, 1883).

#### \printbibliography

Wellhausen, Julius. *Prolegomena to the History of Ancient Israel*. New York: Meridian Books, 1957. Reprint of *Prolegomena to the History of Israel*. Translated by J. Sutherland Black and A. Enzies, with preface by W. Robertson Smith. Edinburgh: Black, 1885. Translation of *Prolegomena zur Geschichte Israels*. 2nd ed. Berlin: Reimer, 1883.

## 5 Important Changes

#### 0.11 2018-06-08

• Add abbreviations from related entries to the list of abbreviations.

## 0.10 2018-05-24

- Add dashed option.
- Fix list of abbreviations regression from v0.9.

## 0.9 2018-05-20

- Support and require biblatex 3.11.
- Use ibid and idem by default.
- polyglossia is no longer supported. You should use babel instead.

## 0.8.2 2017-11-16

• Support and require biblatex 3.8a

## **Abbreviations**

**SBLHS** 

2014

ABC	Assyrian and Babylonian Chronicles. Albert Kirk Grayson. TCS 5. Locust Valley, NY: Augustin, 1975
ANET	Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament. Edited by James B. Pritchard. 3rd ed. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1969
ANF	The Ante-Nicene Fathers
ANRW	Aufstieg und Niedergang der römischen Welt: Geschichte und Kultur Roms im Spiegel der neueren Forschung. Part 2, Principat. Edited by Hildegard Temporini and Wolfgang Haase. Berlin: de Gruyter, 1972–
COS	<i>The Context of Scripture.</i> Edited by William W. Hallo. 3 vols. Leiden: Brill, 1997–2002
CRBR	Critical Review of Books in Religion
IDB	<i>The Interpreter's Dictionary of the Bible.</i> Edited by George A. Buttrick. 4 vols. New York: Abingdon, 1962
$\mathcal{J}BL$	Journal of Biblical Literature
<i>JECS</i>	Journal of Early Christian Studies
LCL	Loeb Classical Library
NIDNTT	New International Dictionary of New Testament Theology. Edited by Colin Brown. 4 vols. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1975–1985
$NPNF^1$	The Nicene and Post-Nicene Fathers, Series 1
PGM	<i>Papyri Graecae Magicae: Die griechischen Zauberpapyri.</i> Edited by Karl Preisendaz. 2nd ed. Stuttgart: Teubner, 1973–1974
RIMA	The Royal Inscriptions of Mesopotamia, Assyrian Periods
SBL	Society of Biblical Literature

Society of Biblical Literature Handbook of Style. 2nd ed. Atlanta, GA: SBL Press,

SBS Stuttgarter Bibelstudien

TCS Texts from Cuneiform Sources

TLOT Theological Lexicon of the Old Testament. Edited by Ernst Jenni, with assistance

from Claus Westermann. Translated by Mark E. Biddle. 3 vols. Peabody, MA:

Hendrickson, 1997

TZ Theologische Zeitschrift

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