

# Lab 3

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# Class Container + Review

# What is Class Container in C++

- “A container is a holder object that stores a collection of other objects (its elements). They are implemented as class templates, which allows a great flexibility in the types supported as elements.” — <https://cplusplus.com>
  - example: stack, queue, linked lists, trees
- Remember CSEN 12 ADT in C
  - struct
  - generic SET (void \*)
- In Our Case
  - we have a Roster, that store a collection of students.

# Array as Pointer

- In C
  - assume we have `int arr[20];`
  - when access `arr`, we get a pointer that points to the 1st element of `arr`
- In C++
  - same idea
- Pointer Arithmetic
  - `arr++` → point `arr` to the next element
  - `*arr` → access value pointed by `arr`
  - `arr + (int)i` → point `arr` to `i`-th element from the current location of `arr`

# Lab 3 Description

# Project Structure

- lab3sampleinput.txt
- Roster
  - roster.h
  - roster.cxx
  - rostermain.cxx
- Makefile

# roster.h (Class Containers)

- Two Classes
  - Student (regular class)
  - Roster (class container)



# Student (Regular Class)

- Represents a student record object
- Public Variables
  - using `ID_t = unsigned int;` // define our own type called **ID\_t** which is an **integer** type (7-digits)
- Private Variables
  - ? // what is unique about a student?
  - ? // 1st part of student name
  - ? // last part of student name
  - ... // more?

# Student (Regular Class)

- Functions to be implemented
  - Student Constructor
    - default? parameterized? copy? multiple?
  - ostream operator<<(ostream& os, const Deck& d)
    - what it means to print a Student Object?
  - ... // more?

# Roster (Class Container)

- Represents a collection of Student Record Object
- Public Variables
  - using T = Student; // specify the type **T** to be **Student**, **WHY?**
  - static const int CAPACITY=30; // capacity of the roster record
  - ... // more?
- Private Variables
  - ? // an array to store the Student Objects?
  - ? // current index ?
  - ? // index to insert ?
  - ... // more?

# Roster (Class Container)

- Functions to be implemented
  - Roster Constructor
    - default? parameterized? copy? multiple?
  - `bool insert(T &);`
  - `void erase(Student::ID_t);`
  - `T* begin(void);` // return a pointer to the first record of roster data
  - `T* end(void);` // return a pointer to the last record of roster data
  - `T* next(void);` // return the next record to previous actions, HOW WE KNOW?
  - `... // more?`

# rostermain.cxx (rostertest)

- Main Function For Test

- takes user input from input file
  - `rosterTest < input_file > outout_file` takes care of it
  - Or you can use `ifstream`
- reads line by line
  - already done in sample main
- format for line input
  - `<command key> <params (depend on key)>`
  - `<command key> <params> format`
    - `<A> <ID> <first> <last>` – insertion of a student with the input ID, first, last
      - ex: A 1234567 John Doe
    - `<X> <ID>` – deletion of student with ID
      - ex: X 7654321
    - “L” – list roster of students
      - ex: L

# rostermain.cxx testing tips (rostertest)

- Edge Cases

- insertion
  - under what cases we can not insert a student into the roster?
- deletion
  - under what cases we can not delete a student into the roster?
- list
  - under what cases we can not list the roster?

# Deliverables

- All .cpp files
- All .h files
- Makefile
- Testing materials (e.g. input, output)
- Test plan

# Demo

- Test Plan
- Corresponding test scripts
- Code compilation/run



# Other Tips

- Test code frequently
- Test your code comprehensively
  - Think about what needs to be tested
  - Points will be deducted if you missed critical test cases

# Don't Forget

- Submit the code before the deadline
- File with guide to implement and hints are in Camino
  - Make sure your code can run on school Linux server