

## CMS/CS/EE 144

### Networks: Structure & Economics

#### Administrivia

- 1) QUIZ TODAY
- 2) Rankmaniac out today!
- 3) HW4 due today
  - Solutions are up front
- 4) Don't forget about blog posts...
- 5) Be sure to think about project ideas...
- 6) Game theory primer on Tuesday

We know a lot about the **structure** of networks

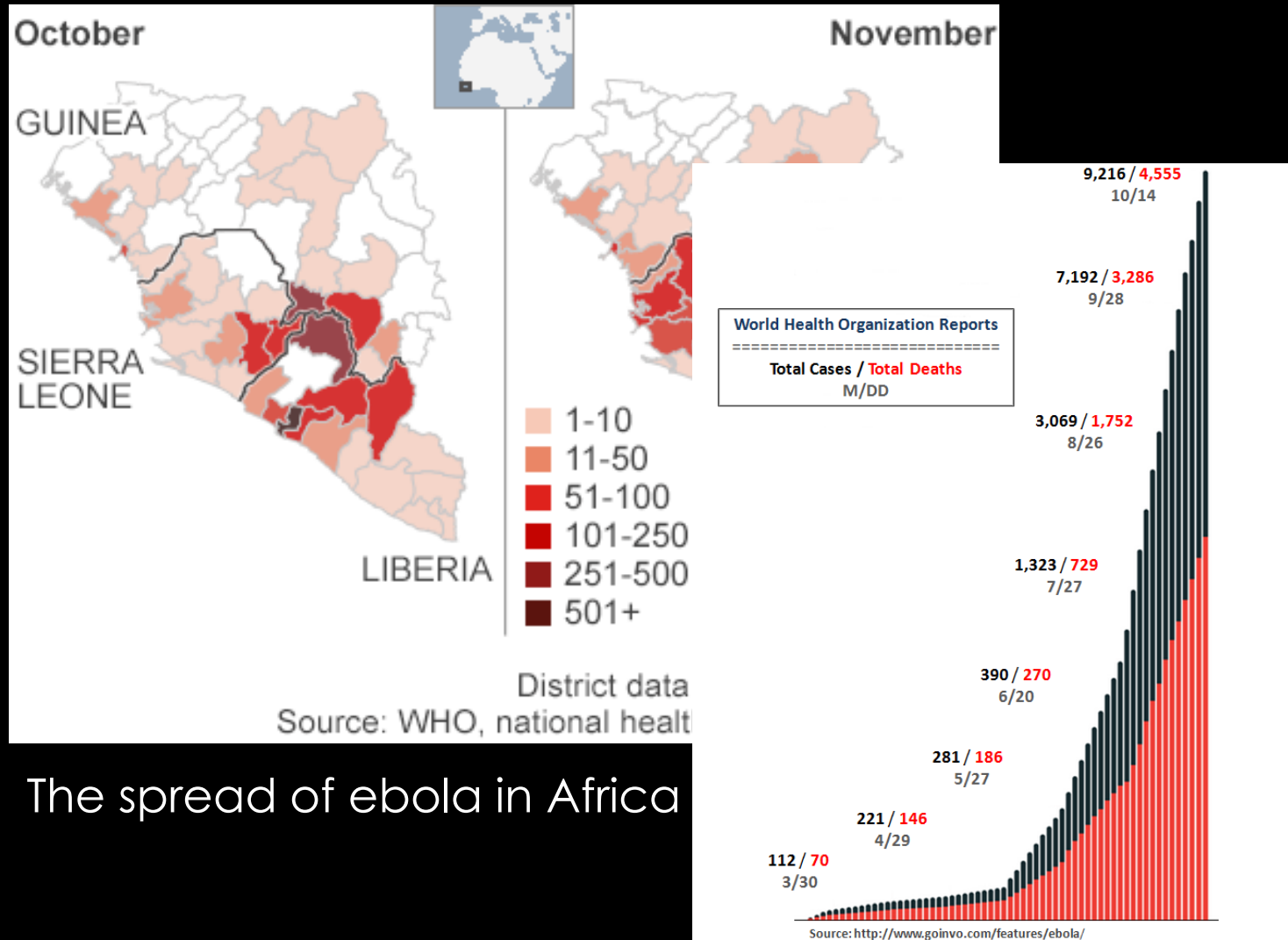


...but very little about **dynamics** over networks

## TODAY

Cascading behavior in networks  
a.k.a. diffusion in networks  
a.k.a. spread of epidemics

# The spread of disease...



The spread of ebola in Africa

## The spread of memes...

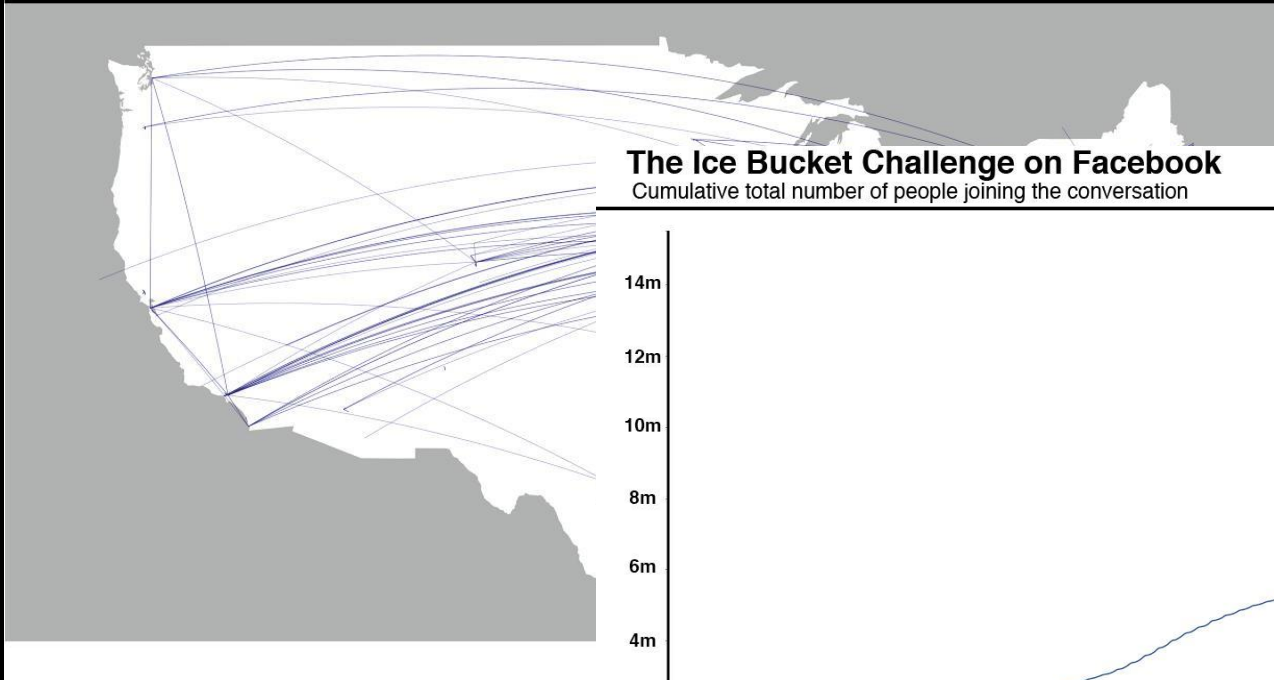


The ice bucket challenge

# The spread of memes...

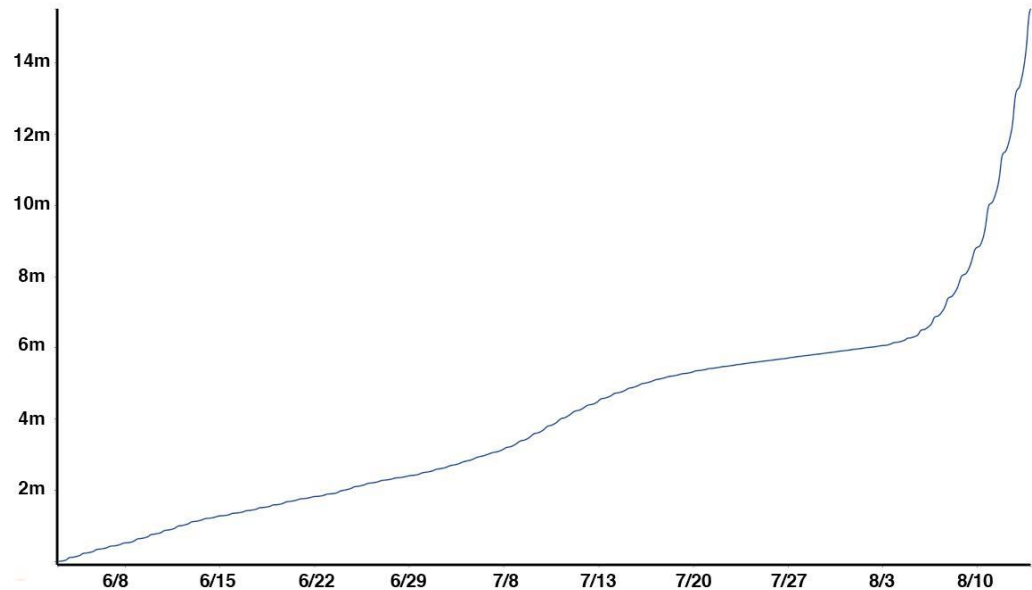
## Ice Bucket Challenge spread on Facebook

Lines represent at least 10 connections between challenge nominators and nominees



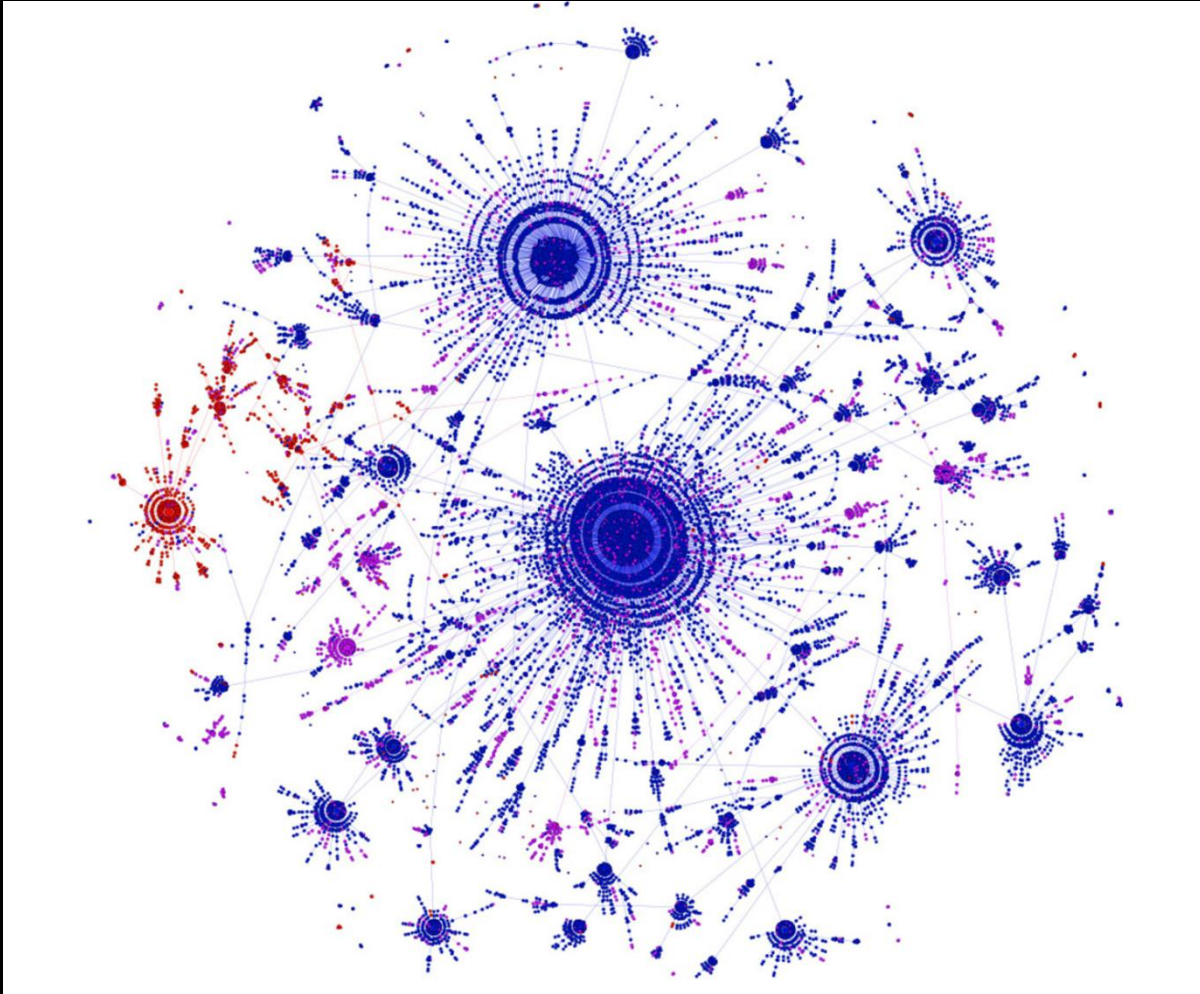
## The Ice Bucket Challenge on Facebook

Cumulative total number of people joining the conversation



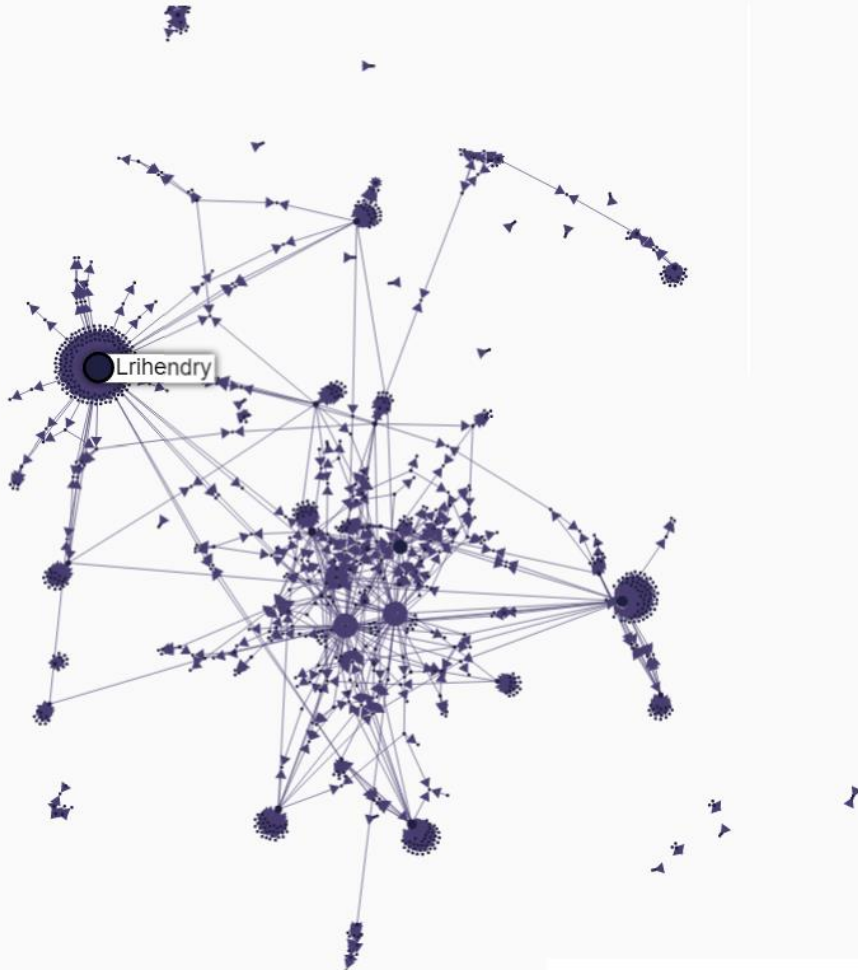
Source: Facebook

## The spread of activism...



Support of health care reform

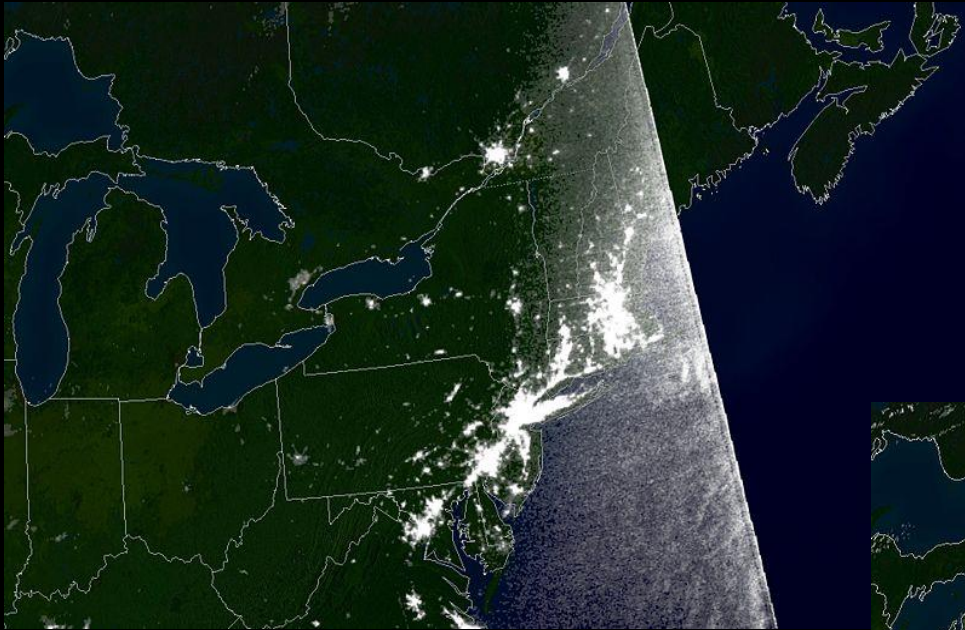
## The spread of fake news...



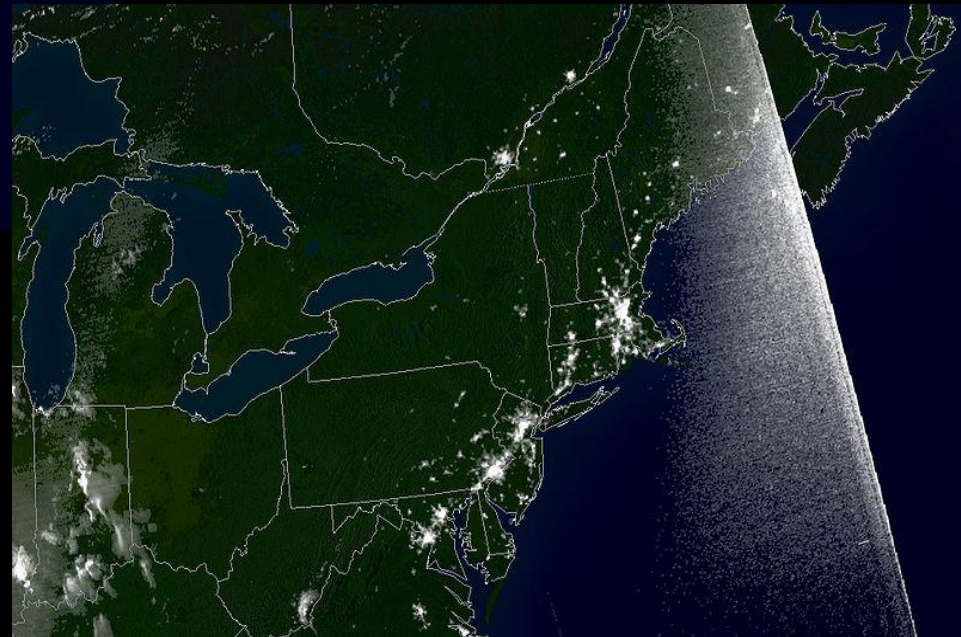
Visualization of retweets of “Isis Leader Calls for American Muslim Voters to Support Hillary Clinton” from World Daily News Report between 10/10/16 and 12/14/16.



## The spread of failures...



2003 blackout  
small failure in Indiana  
“cascaded” and affected  
55 million people



### 3 main classes of cascading behavior in networks

#### The spread of “disease”

diseases like the flu, AIDS, STDs, etc,  
but also computer viruses  
e.g., ebolla

#### The spread of “information” / “memes”

news, rumors, urban legends, political messages  
e.g., the ice bucket challenge

#### The spread of trends & tech

popularity of web sites, a new gadget, viral marketing  
recycling, opinions, etc.  
e.g. smartphone adoption

Cascades have been interesting to social scientists for a long time

- Spread of agricultural processes (Ryan-Gross 1943)
  - Adoption depended on social network
- Spread of medical practices (Coleman et al 1966)
  - Social power of peers caused adoption
- Many studies of the spread of disease...

...but now it's much easier to study them

# THREE TYPES OF QUESTIONS ABOUT CASCADES

## Measurement questions

What do cascades look like?

What drives the spread of cascades?

## Modeling questions

How can we model the spread of cascades?

## Optimization & Detection questions

How can we maximize/minimize the spread of cascades?

Can we detect which nodes are influential/infectious?

Can we learn network structure by observing cascades?

## Outline

- 1) An experiment
- 2) A “toy” model that we can study analytically
- 3) Some data about real cascades  
and current research questions

## AN EXPERIMENT

Each bag has 3 marbles.

{ with prob.  $1/2$ , 1 is red and 2 are white (MW)  
with prob.  $1/2$ , 2 are red and 1 is white (MR)

People come up in turn. Each pulls a marble, and puts it back without showing the class and then announces a guess as to whether the bag is MR or MW.

Now, let's look at a simple cascade on a graph

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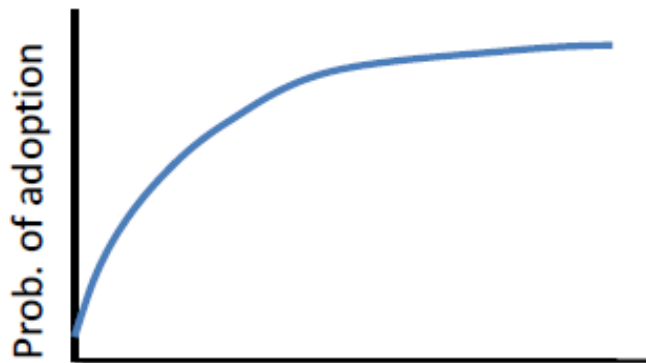
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## When do people adopt a new behavior?



$k$  = number of friends adopting

Diminishing returns?

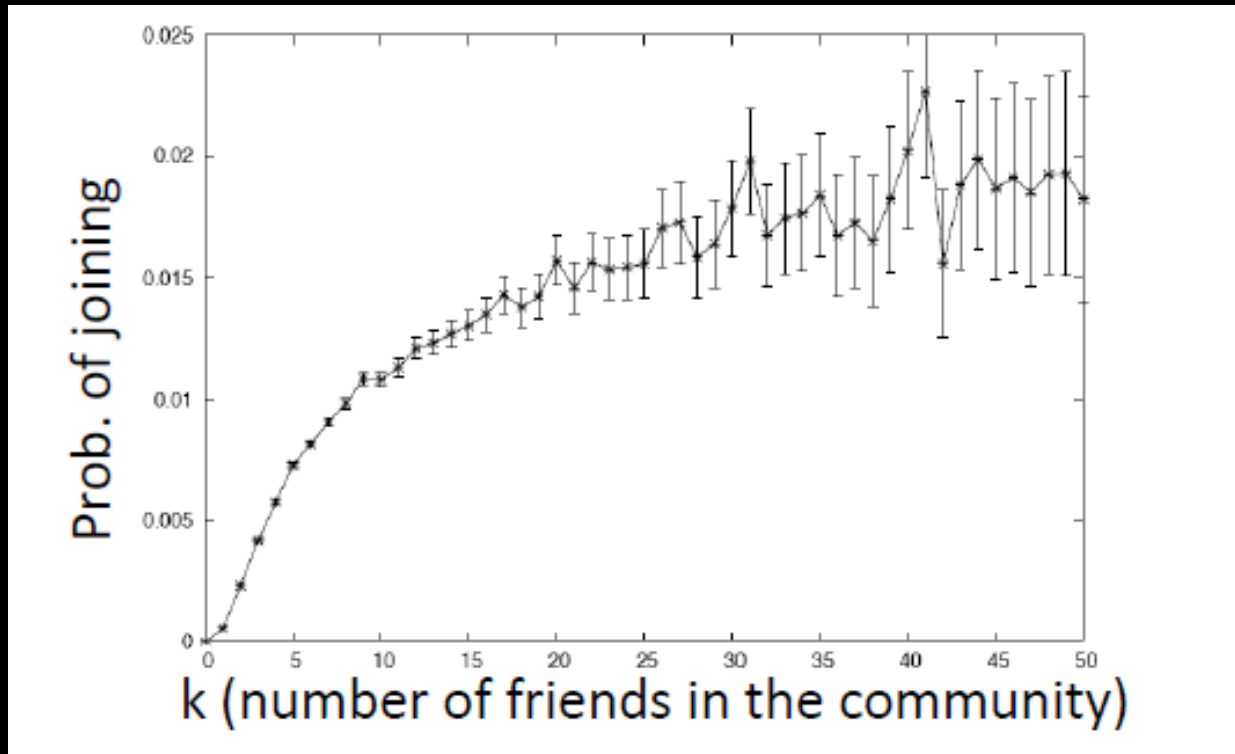


$k$  = number of friends adopting

Critical mass?

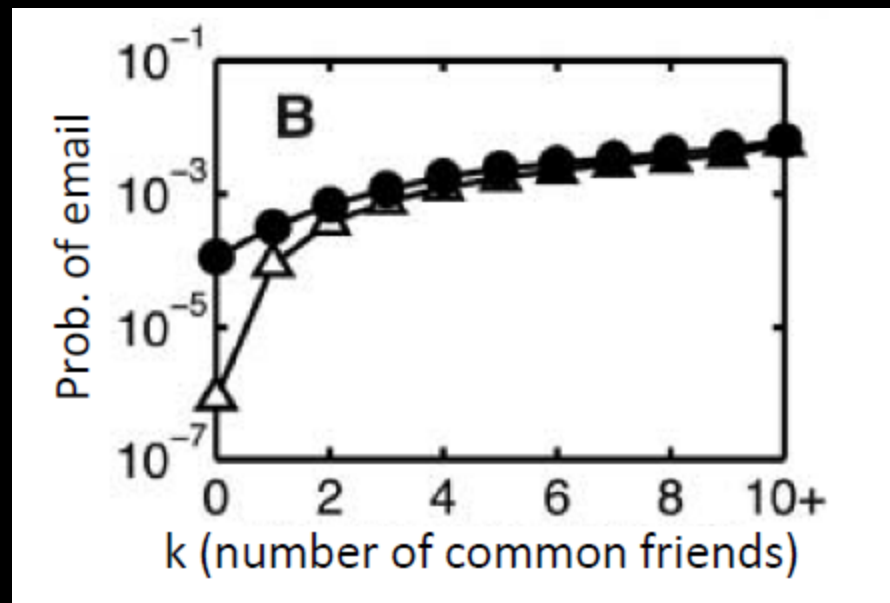
# LiveJournal community membership

[Backstrom-Huttenlocher-Kleinberg 2006]

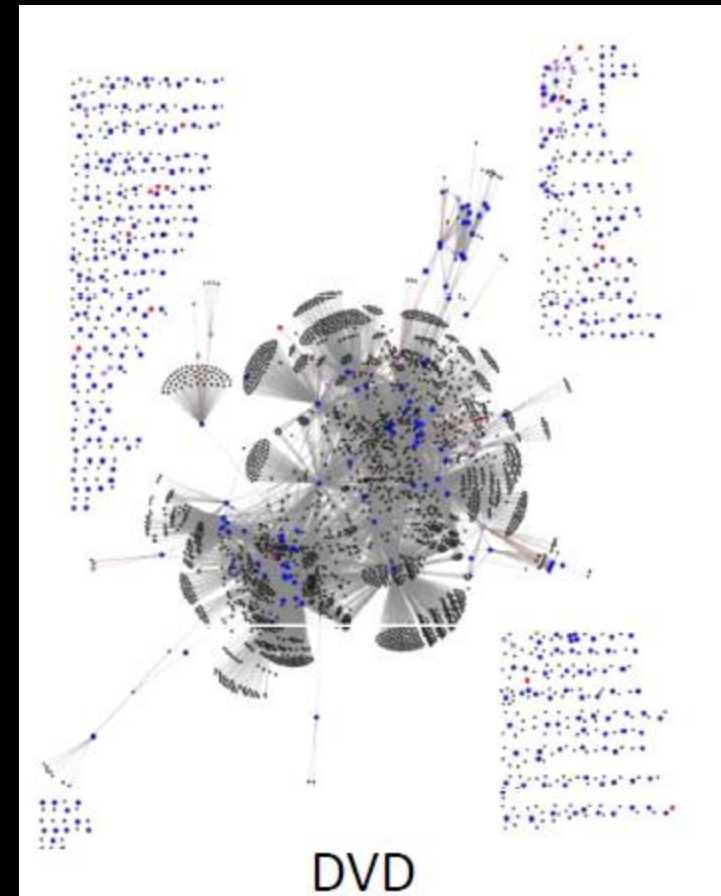
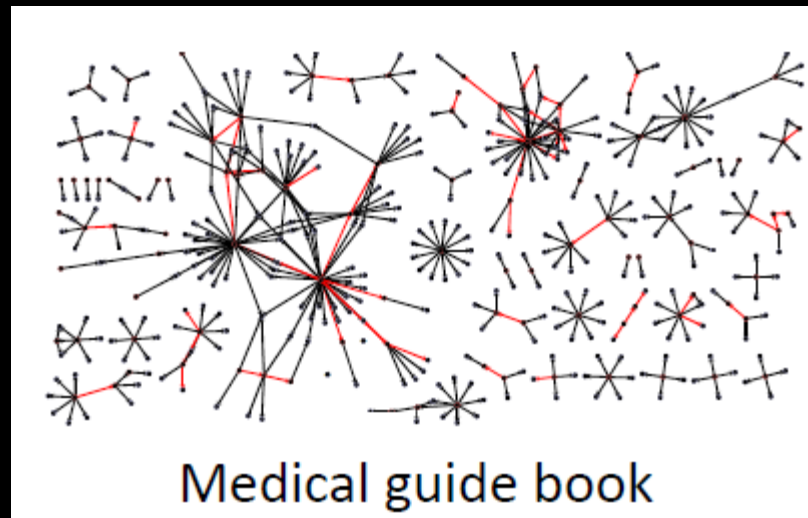


Probability of email between people as a  
function of number of common friends

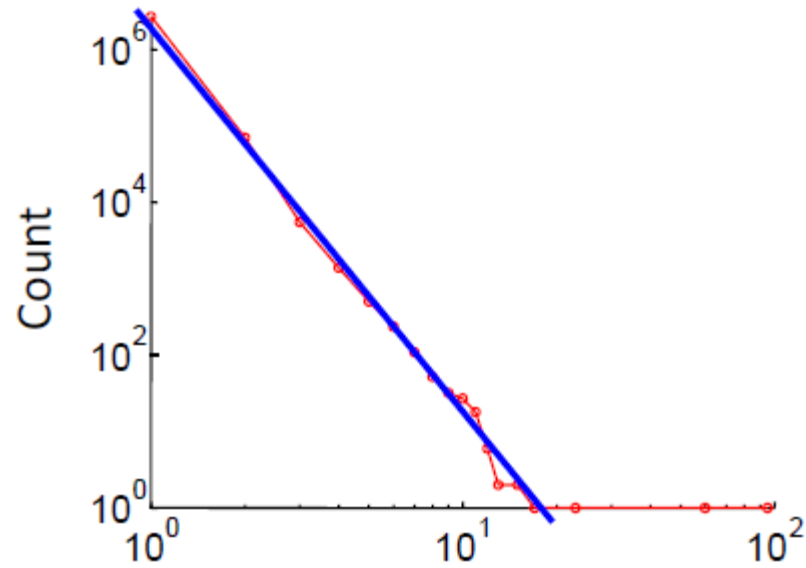
[Kossinets-Watts 2006]



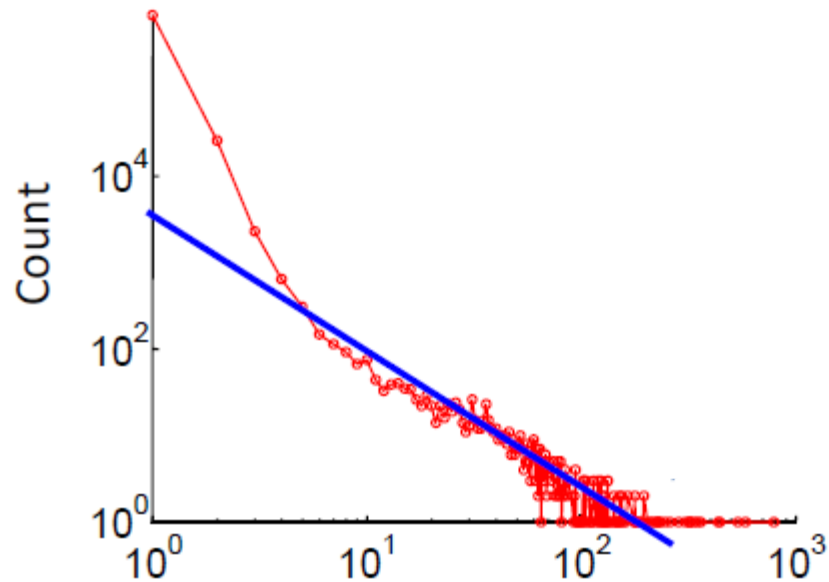
What do cascades look like?



Books



DVDs



Cascade size

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At this point, there are a huge number of models,  
but few are “realistic” ... most are toys ...

- Adoption propagates if  $>t$  neighbors have adopted
- Disease spreads to each neighbor with prob.  $p$

(of course, there are many generalizations of both)

→ The reason is that people want to solve  
the optimization/detection problems....  
so the model needs to be simple

## Key current research questions (and good project ideas)

What are the “cascade thresholds” for various networks?

Can network structure be learned by observing cascades?

Which product/fad will “win”?

What is the cheapest way to create/stop a cascade?

...these are all great project ideas!



