

Maths Answers

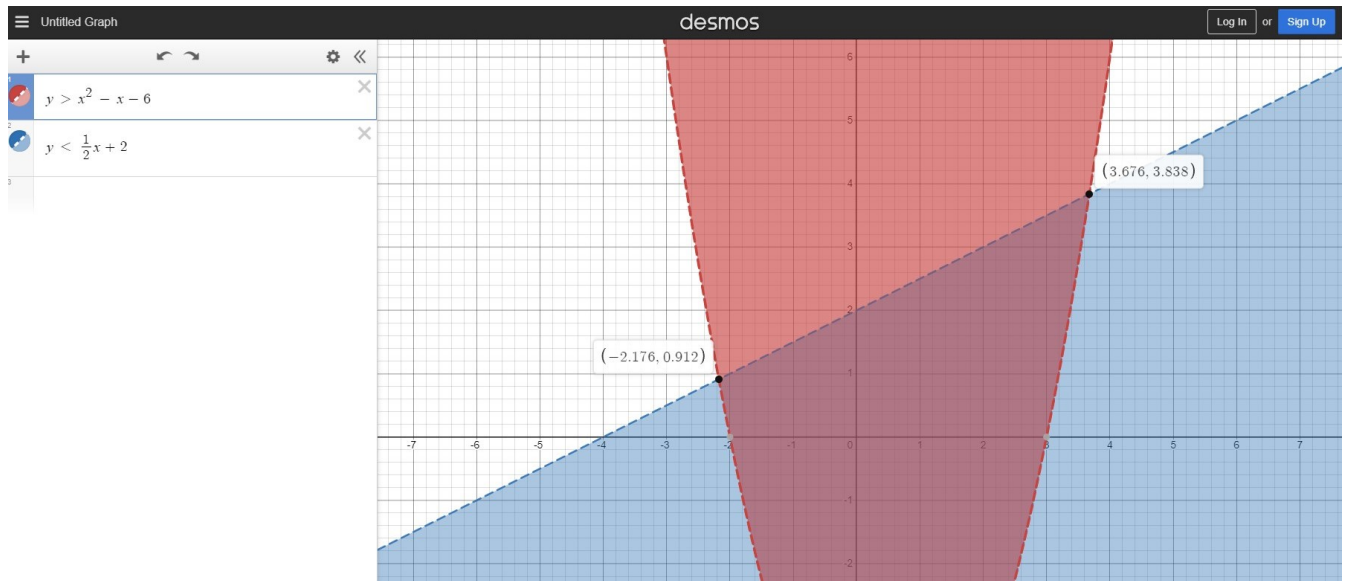
Page 48

Some useful tools I used:

- Desmos: <https://www.desmos.com/calculator>. graphing tool
- MathPapa Algebra Calculator: <https://www.mathpapa.com/algebra-calculator.html>. You can put your equation in, and evaluate any value.

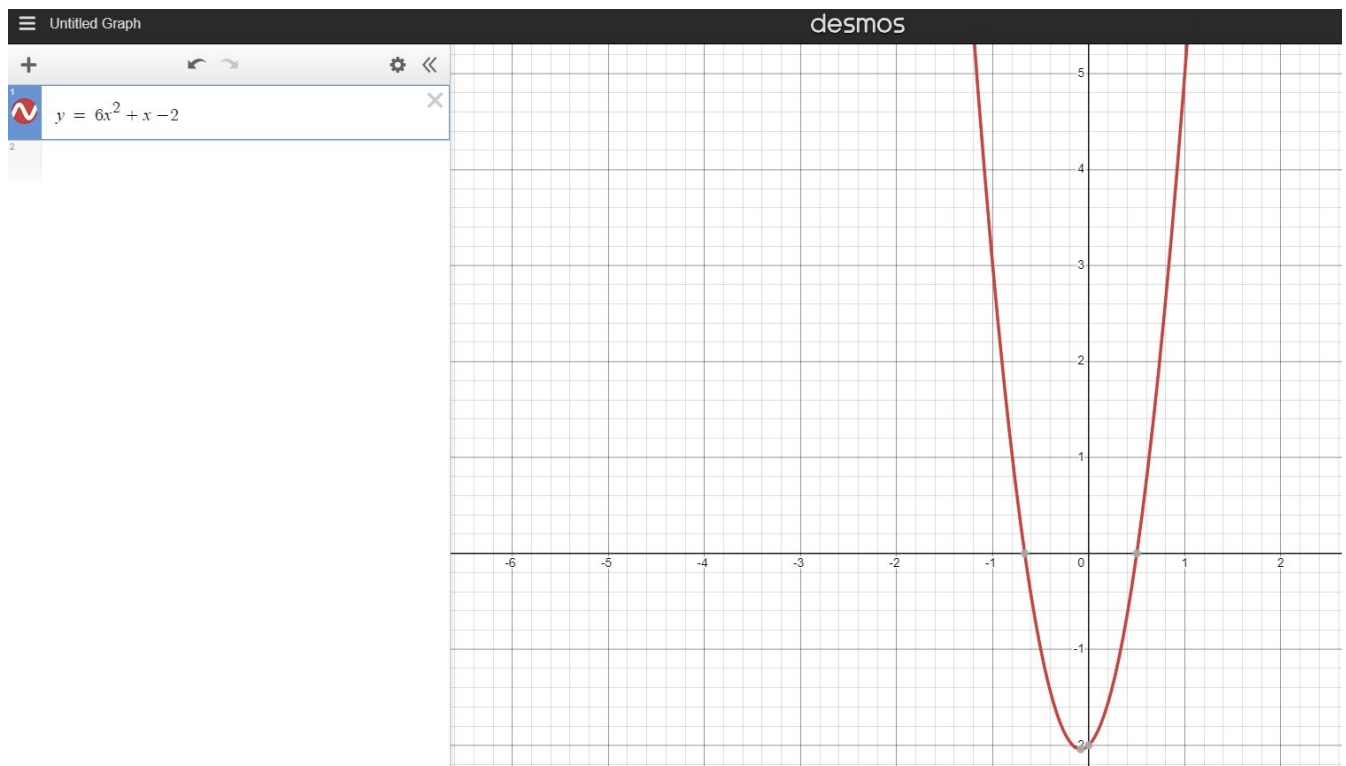
Question 7

Plot this into your graph paper. I used an online tool called desmos.com to plot it.



Question 8

Plot this into your graph paper.



Question 9

General equation of a circle: $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$

We know the center is $(1, -3)$. and the radius is 5.

Substitute the known center, and radius values, into the general equation.

$$(x - 1)^2 + (y - (-3))^2 = 5^2$$

Simplify:

$$(x - 1)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 25$$

Expand the squared brackets, and simplify:

$$x^2 - x - x + 1 + y^2 + 3y + 3y + 9 = 25$$

$$x^2 - 2x + y^2 + 6y + 10 = 25$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 6y - 15 = 0$$

Question 10

$$x^2 + y^2 + 10x - 2y - 10 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 10x + y^2 - 2y - 10 = 0$$

$$(x - (-5))^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 6^2$$

Page 50

Exercise 2.1

Question 1

$$f(1) = 5^x = 5^1 = 5$$

Question 2

Already answered in the book.

Question 3

$$h(4) = 2(2^x) = 2(2^4) = 2(16) = 32$$

Question 4

$$g(2) = -6(3^x) = -6(3^2) = -6(9) = -54$$

Question 5

$$f(4) = -(2^x) = -(2^4) = -(16) = -16$$

Question 6

$$h(2) = 2(5^x) = 2(5^2) = 2(25) = 50$$

Page 51

Question 7

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = 3^x$	.037	.111	.333	1	3	9	27
$y_2 = 2(3^x)$	.074	.222	.666	2	6	18	54
$y_3 = \frac{1}{2}(3^x)$	.0185	.055	.166	0.5	1.5	4.5	13.5
$y_4 = 3^x + 2$	2.037	2.111	2.333	3	5	11	29
$y_5 = 3^x - 2$	-1.962	-1.88	-1.666	-1	1	7	25

Page 52

Question 8

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = (\frac{1}{2})^x$	8	4	2	1	0.5	0.25	0.125
$y_2 = 2(\frac{1}{2})^x$	16	8	4	2	1	0.5	0.25
$y_3 = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2})^x$	4	2	1	0.5	0.25	0.125	0.0625
$y_4 = (\frac{1}{2})^x + 2$	10	6	4	3	2.5	2.25	2.125
$y_5 = (\frac{1}{2})^x - 2$	6	2	0	-1	-1.5	-1.75	-1.875

Question 9

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = -4^x$	-0.015625	-0.0625	0.25	-1	-4	-16	-64
$y_2 = 2(4^x)$	-0.03125	-0.125	-0.5	-2	-8	-32	-128
$y_3 = -\frac{1}{2}(4^x)$	-0.007813	-0.03125	-0.125	-0.5	-2	-8	-32
$y_4 = -4^x + 2$	1.984375	1.9375	1.75	1	-2	-14	-62
$y_5 = -4^x - 2$	-2.015625	-2.0625	-2.25	-3	-6	-18	-66

Question 10

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = 5^{-x}$	125	25	5	1	0.2	0.04	0.008
$y_2 = 2(5^{-x})$	250	50	10	2	0.4	0.08	0.016
$y_3 = \frac{1}{2}(5^{-x})$	62.5	12.5	2.5	0.5	0.1	0.02	0.004
$y_4 = 5^{-x} + 2$	127	27	7	3	2.2	2.04	2.008
$y_5 = 5^{-x} - 2$	123	23	3	-1	-1.8	-1.96	-1.992

Question 11

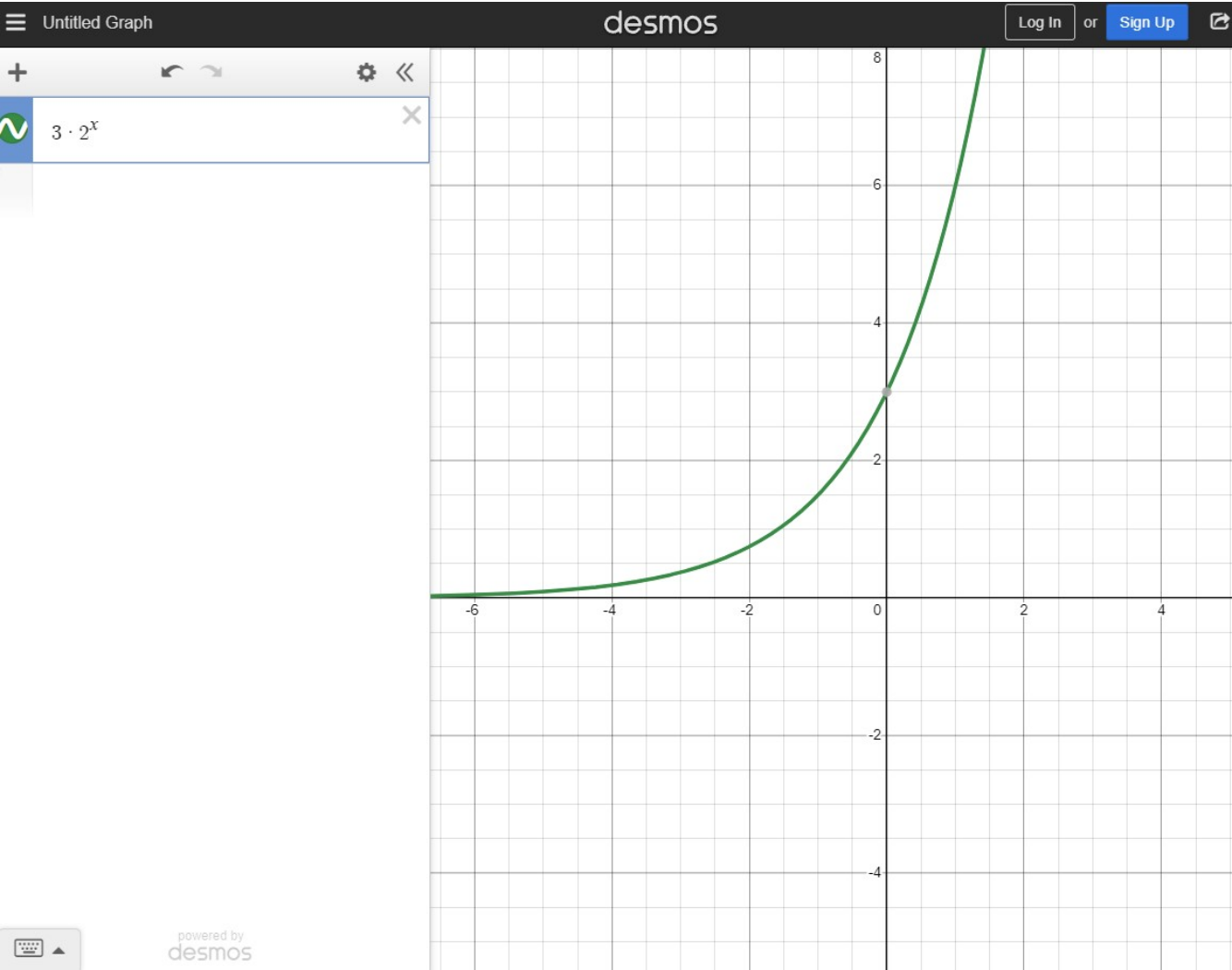
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = 2^{x+1}$	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	16
$y_2 = 2(2^{x+1})$	0.5	1	2	4	8	16	32
$y_3 = \frac{1}{2}(2^{x+1})$	0.125	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8
$y_4 = 2^{x+1} + 2$	2.25	2.5	3	4	6	10	18
$y_5 = 2^{x+1} - 2$	-1.75	-1.5	-1	0	2	6	14

Page 53

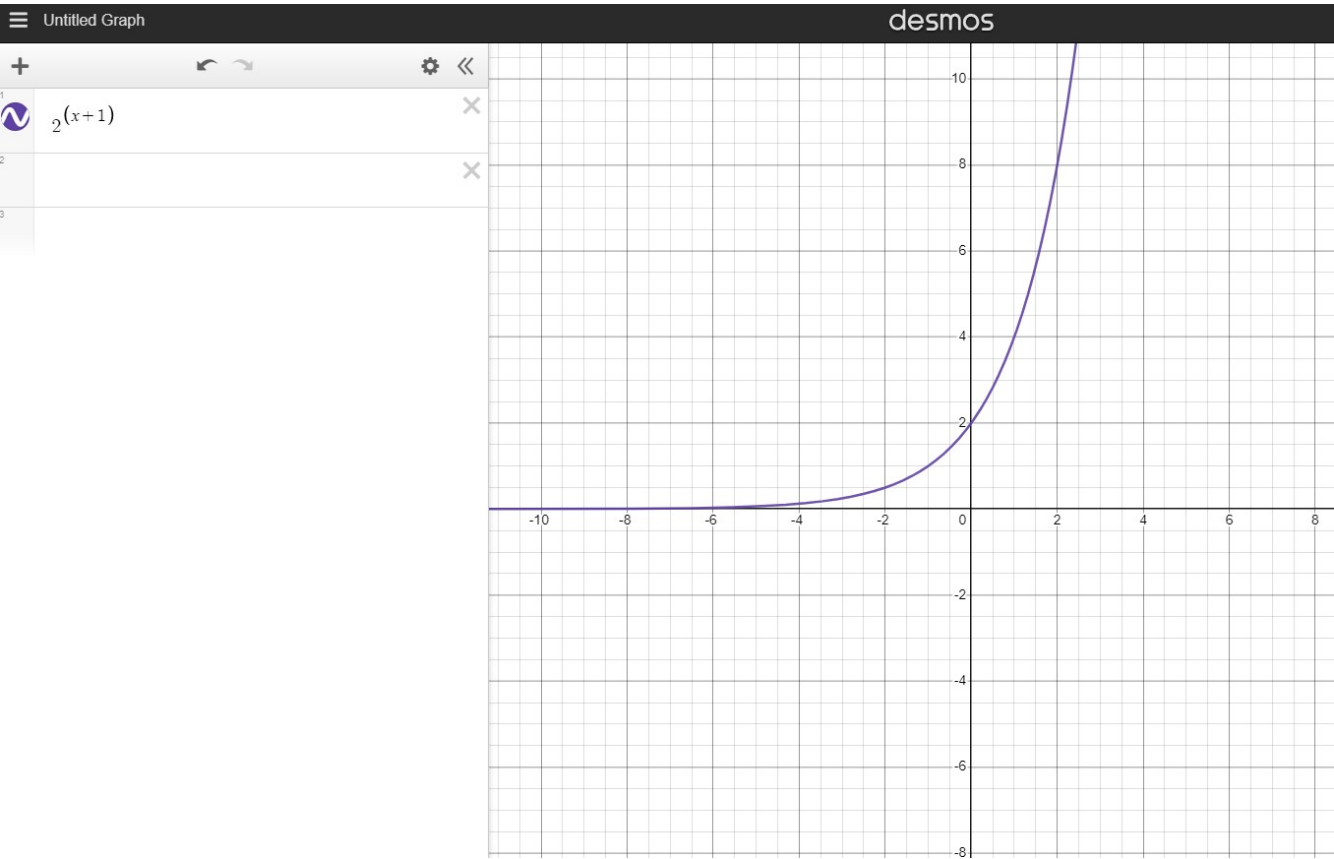
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = 4^{x-2}$	0.000977	0.003906	0.015625	0.0625	0.25	1	4
$y_2 = 2(4^{x-2})$	0.001953	0.007813	0.03125	0.125	0.5	2	8
$y_3 = \frac{1}{2}(4^{x-2})$	0.000488	0.001953	0.007813	0.03125	0.125	0.5	2
$y_4 = 4^{x-2} + 2$	2.000977	2.003906	2.015625	2.0625	2.25	3	6
$y_5 = 4^{x-2} - 2$	-1.999023	-1.996094	-1.984375	-1.9375	-1.75	-1	2

Page 54

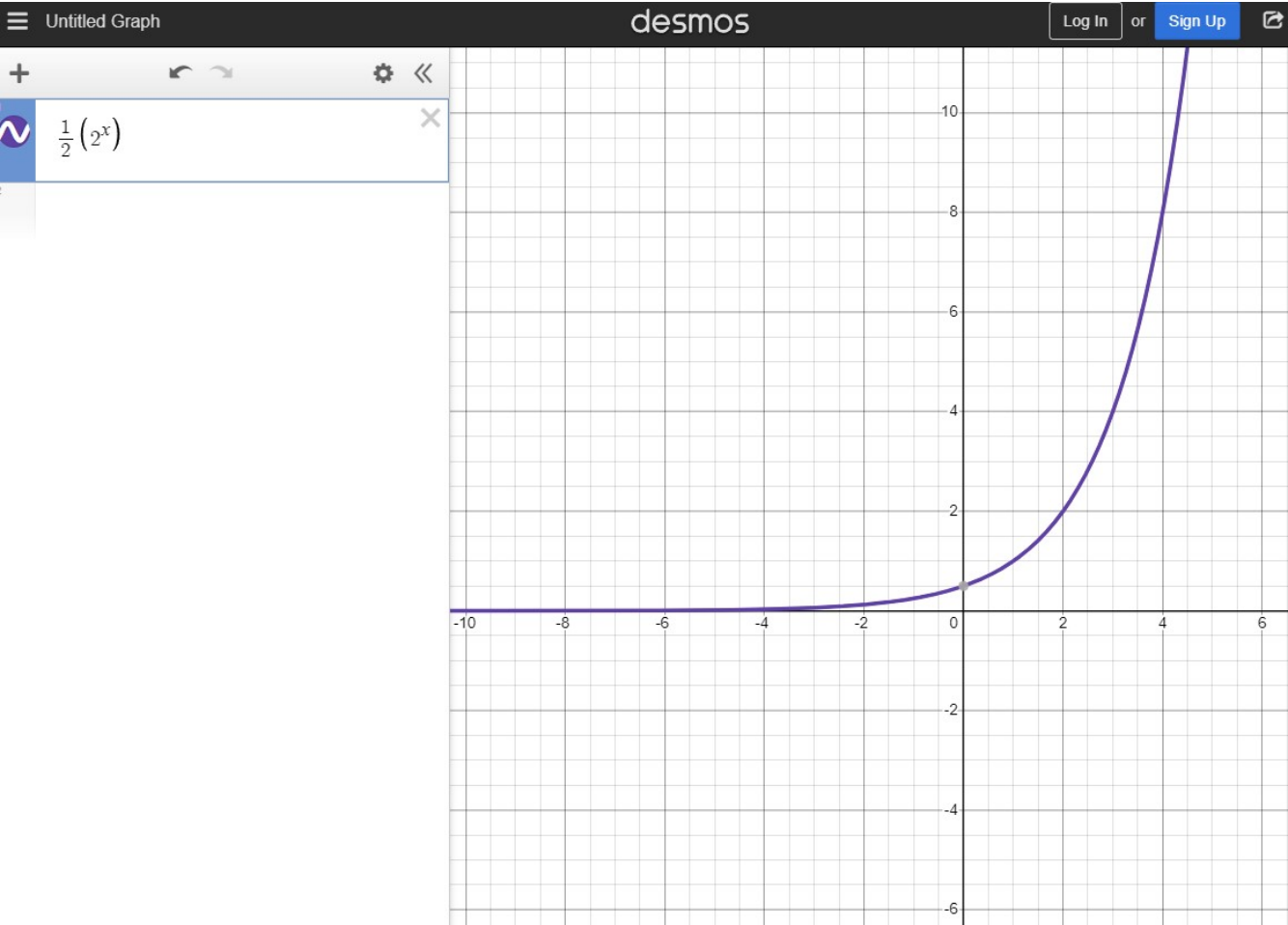
Question 13



Question 14



Question 15



Page 56

Question 17

$$3^{3x+5} = 3^{x+4}$$

$$3x + 5 = x + 4$$

$$3x - x = 4 - 5$$

$$2x = -1$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Question 18

$$3^{2t} = 3^{4t-6}$$

$$2t = 4t - 6$$

$$2t - 4t = -6$$

$$-2t = -6$$

$$2t = 6$$

$$t = 6/2$$

$$t = 3$$

Question 19

$$7^{5w} = 7^{3w-10}$$

$$5w = 3w - 10$$

$$5w - 3w = -10$$

$$2w = -10$$

$$w = -10/2$$

$$w = -5$$

Question 21

$$9^{t+6} = \frac{1}{9^{t+2}}$$

$$9^{t+6} = 9^{-1(t+2)}$$

$$t + 6 = -1(t + 2)$$

$$t + 6 = -t - 2$$

$$t + t = -2 - 6$$

$$2t = -8$$

$$t = -8/2$$

$$t = -4$$

Question 22

There is a mistake in the book here. The example from the book is:

$$2^x \cdot 2^3 = 2^5$$

$$2^{3x} = 2^5$$

$$3x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{3}$$

The second line is wrong, it should be:

$$2^{3+x} = 2^5$$

Then...

$$3 + x = 5$$

$$x = 5 - 3$$

$$x = 2$$

The correct answer is **2**, not $\frac{5}{3}$

Question 23

$$5^{2y} \cdot 5^4 = 5^6$$

$$5^{2y+4} = 5^6$$

$$2y + 4 = 6$$

$$2y = 6 - 4$$

$$2y = 2$$

$$y = 2/2$$

$$y = 1$$

Question 24

$$3^{5c} \cdot 5^{5c} = 15^{9c-4}$$

$$15^{5c} = 15^{9c-4}$$

$$5c = 9c - 4$$

$$5c - 9c = -4$$

$$-4c = -4$$

$$4c = 4$$

$$c = 4/4$$

$$c = 1$$

Question 25

$$2^{2p} \cdot 7^{2p} = 14^{6p-2}$$

$$14^{2p} = 14^{6p-2}$$

$$2p = 6p - 2$$

$$2p - 6p = -2$$

$$-4p = -2$$

$$4p = 2$$

$$p = 2/4$$

$$p = 1/2$$

$$p = 0.5$$

Page 57

Question 26

There is also a mistake here.

$$9^{x+3} > 9^1$$

The example in the book is that

$$x + 3 > 0$$

This is wrong because it is 9^1 so it should be:

$$x + 3 > 1$$

$$x > 1 - 3$$

$$x > -2$$

Question 27

$$5^x \leq 5^4$$

$$x \leq 4$$

Question 28

$$2^{2m-2} \geq 2^{5m+6}$$

$$2m - 2 \geq 5m + 6$$

$$2m - 5m \geq 6 + 2$$

$$-3m \geq 8$$

$$m \geq -\frac{8}{3}$$

Question 29

$$7^{2y-3} < 7^{5y+6}$$

$$2y - 3 < 5y + 6$$

$$2y - 5y < 6 + 3$$

$$-3y < 9$$

$$y < -\frac{9}{3}$$

$$y < -3$$

Question 30

I think this question is wrong.

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{w+4} \geq \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{w-5}$$

Sign changes as the coefficient a is less than 1

$$w + 4 \leq w - 5$$

$$w \leq w - 5 - 4$$

$$w \leq w - 9$$

There is no solution for the inequality above, because $w - 9$ is strictly smaller than w . This question is wrong.

Question 31

$$\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{t+2} \geq \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{5t-4}$$

Sign changes as the coefficient a is less than 1.

$$t + 2 \leq 5t - 4$$

$$t - 5t \leq -4 - 2$$

$$-4t \leq -6$$

$$4t \leq 6$$

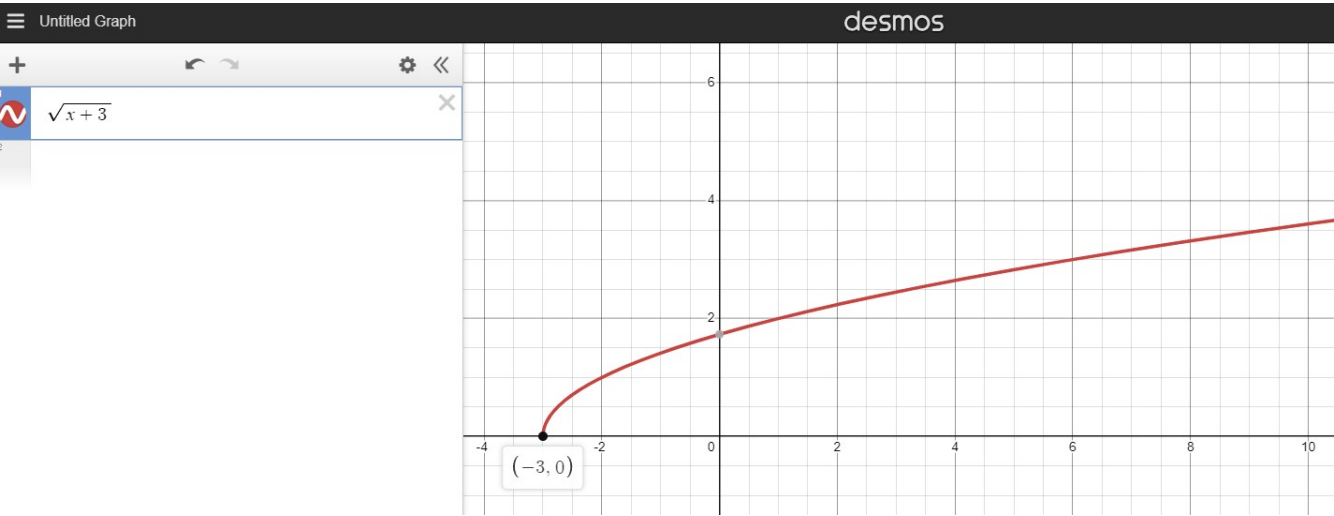
$$t \leq \frac{6}{4}$$

$$t \leq \frac{3}{2}$$

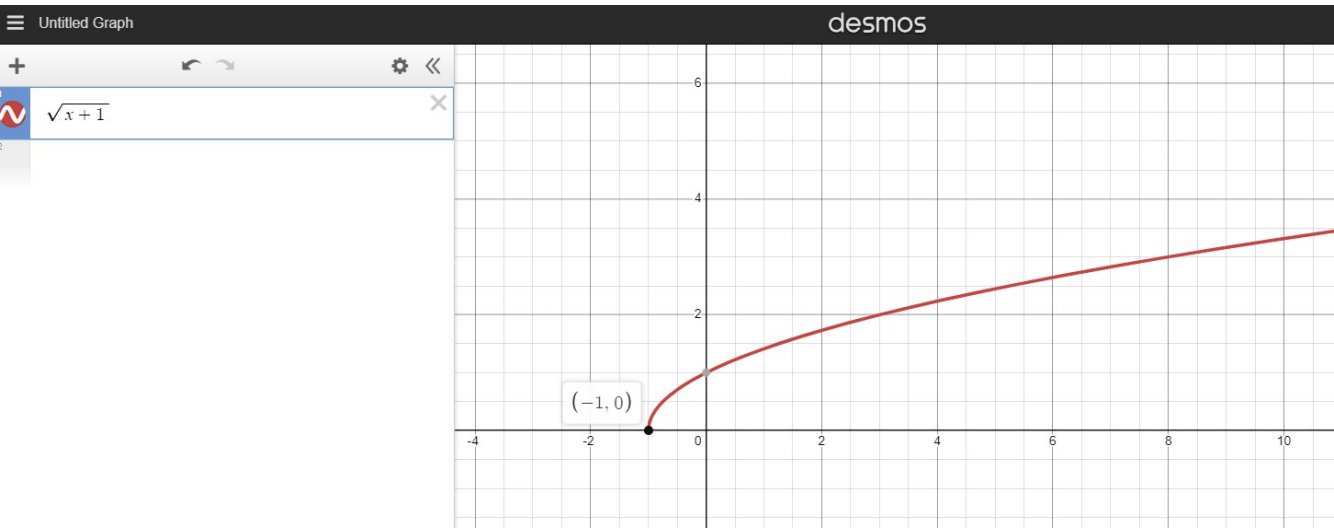
Page 59

I only plotted the graph for all these questions, to fill the table you can just use your calculator.

Question 1

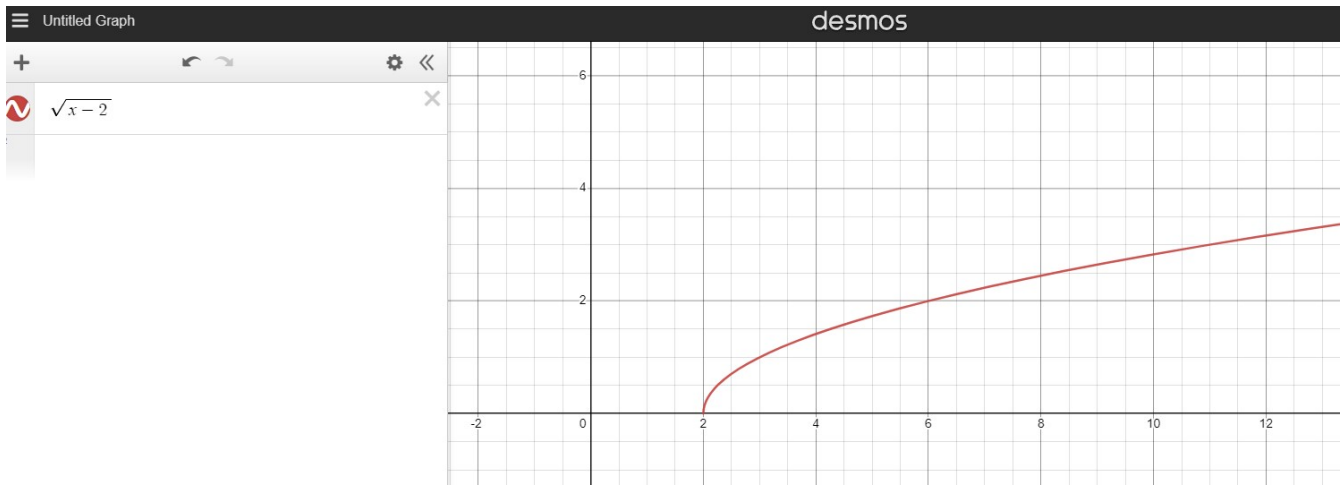


Question 2



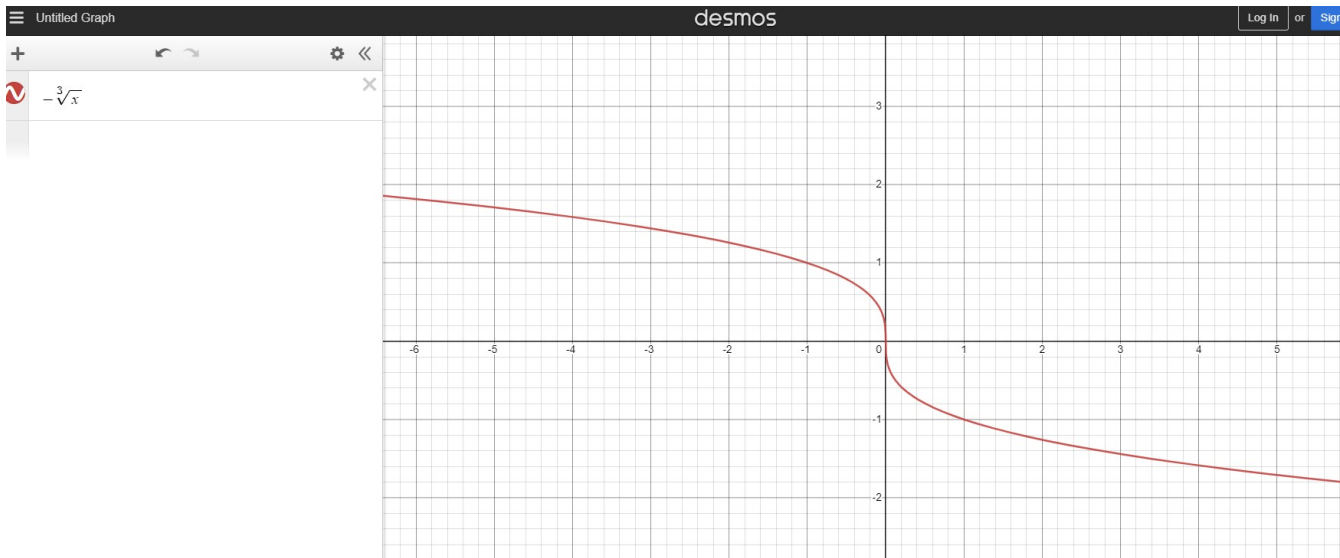
Page 60

Question 3

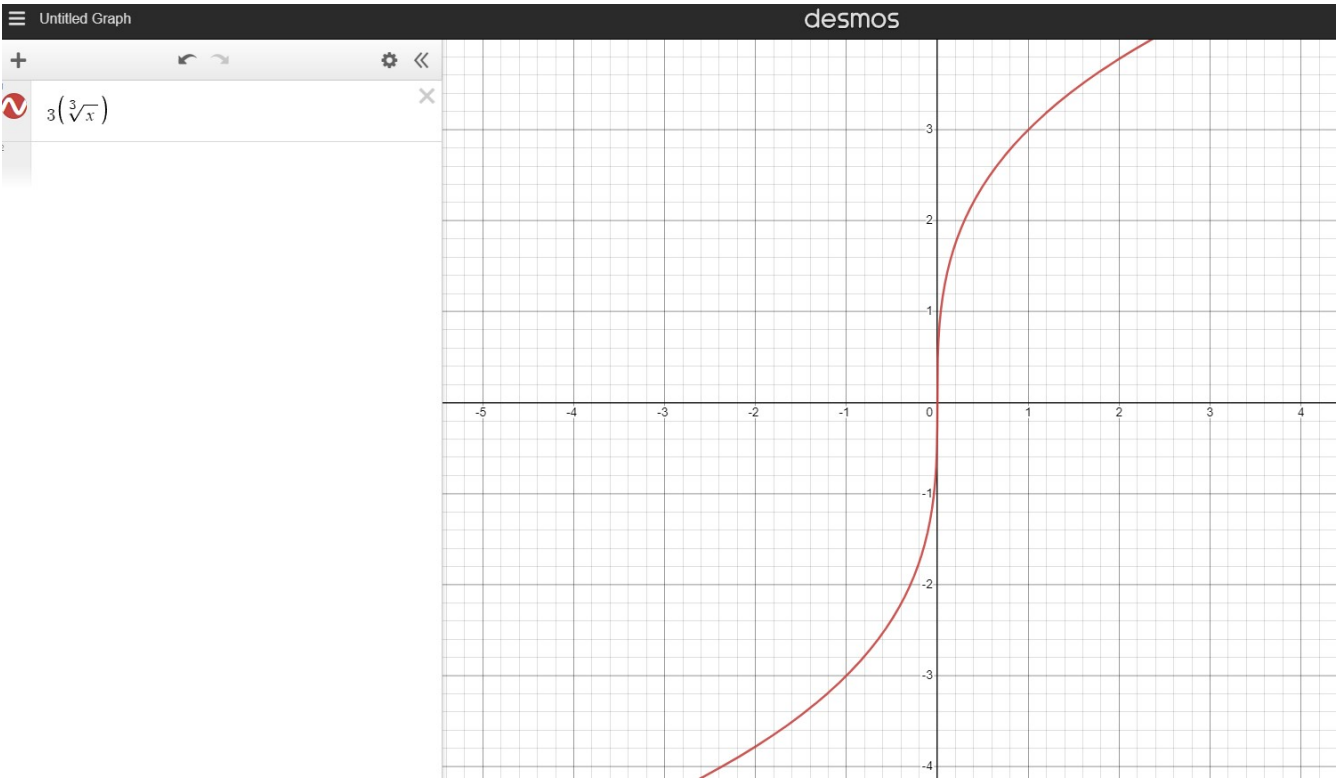


Page 61

Question 4

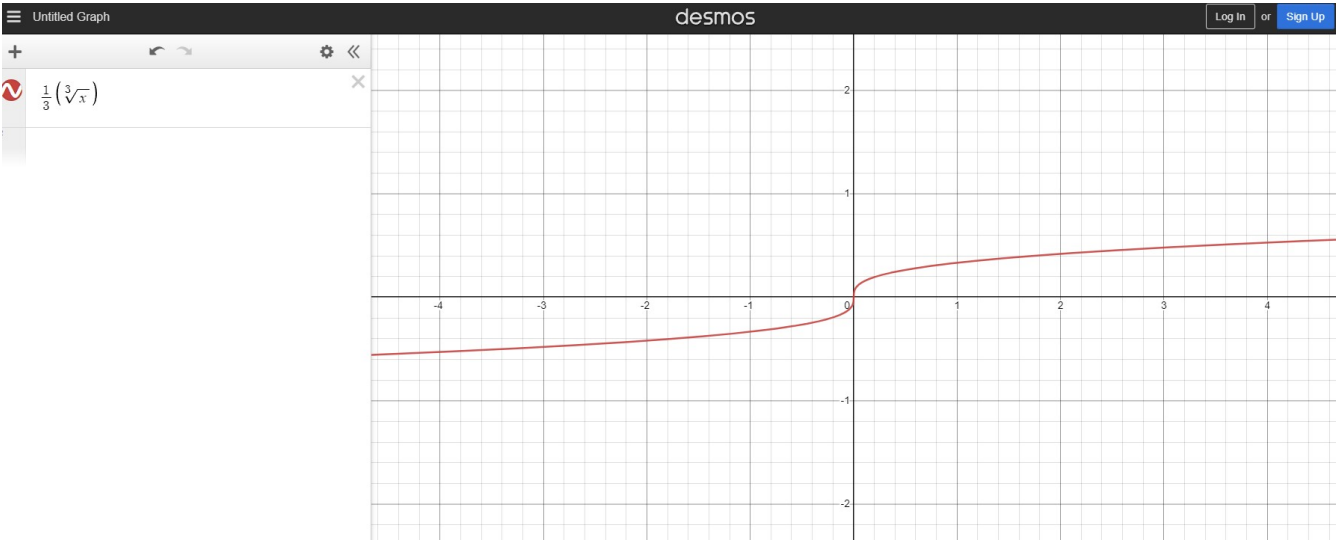


Question 5

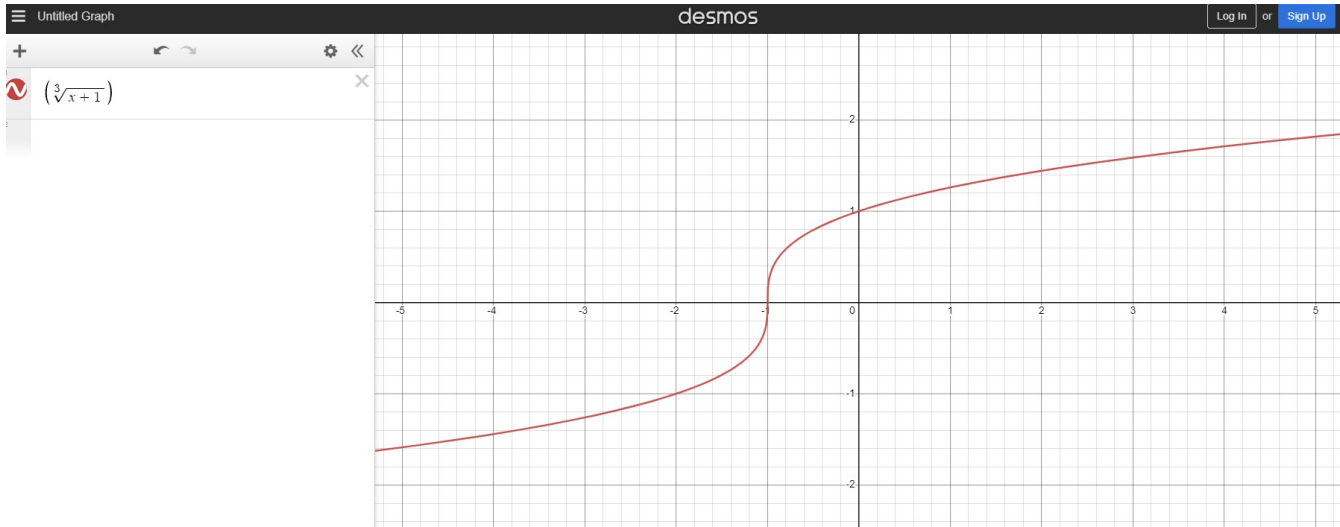


Page 62

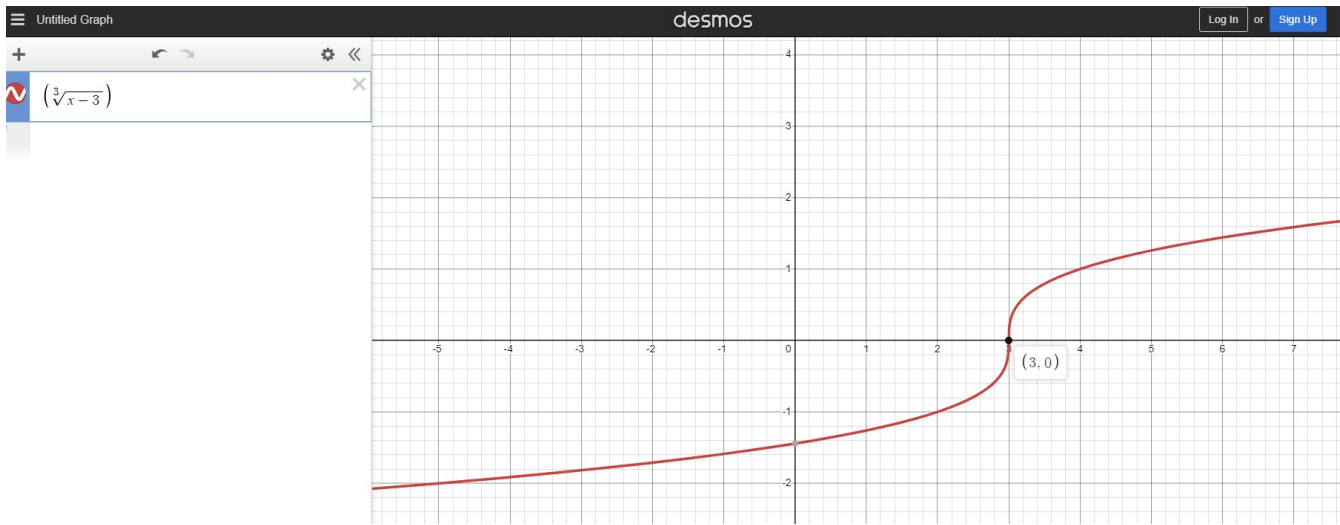
Question 6



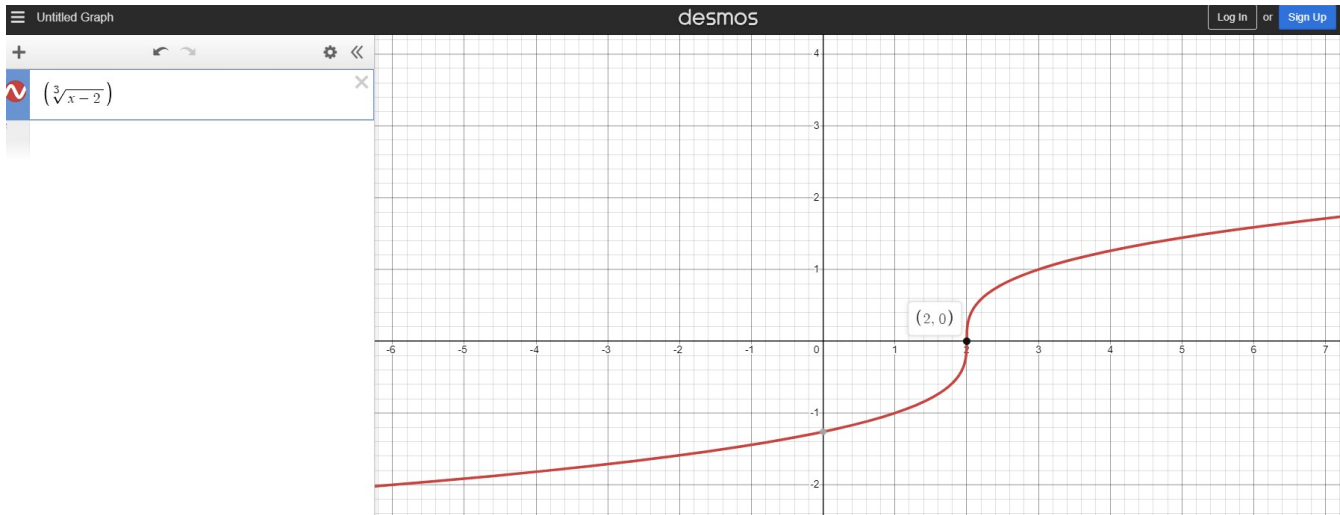
Question 7



Question 8

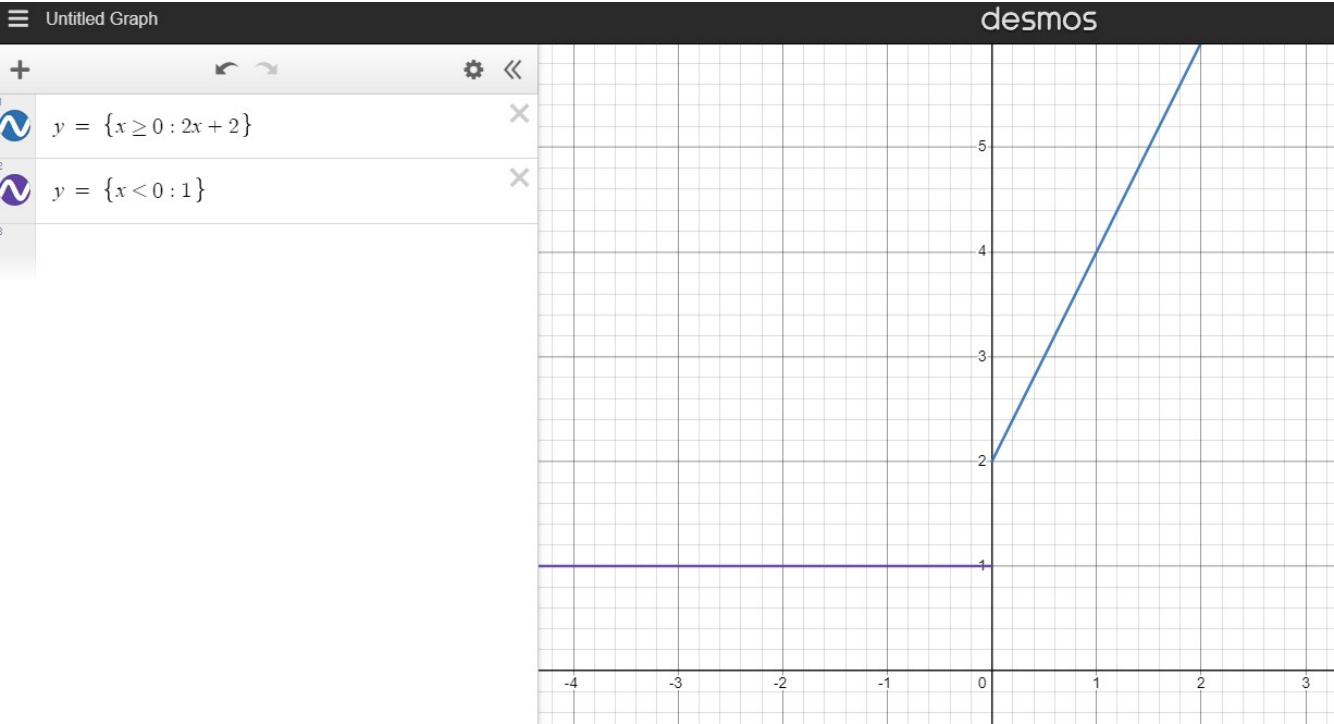


Question 9



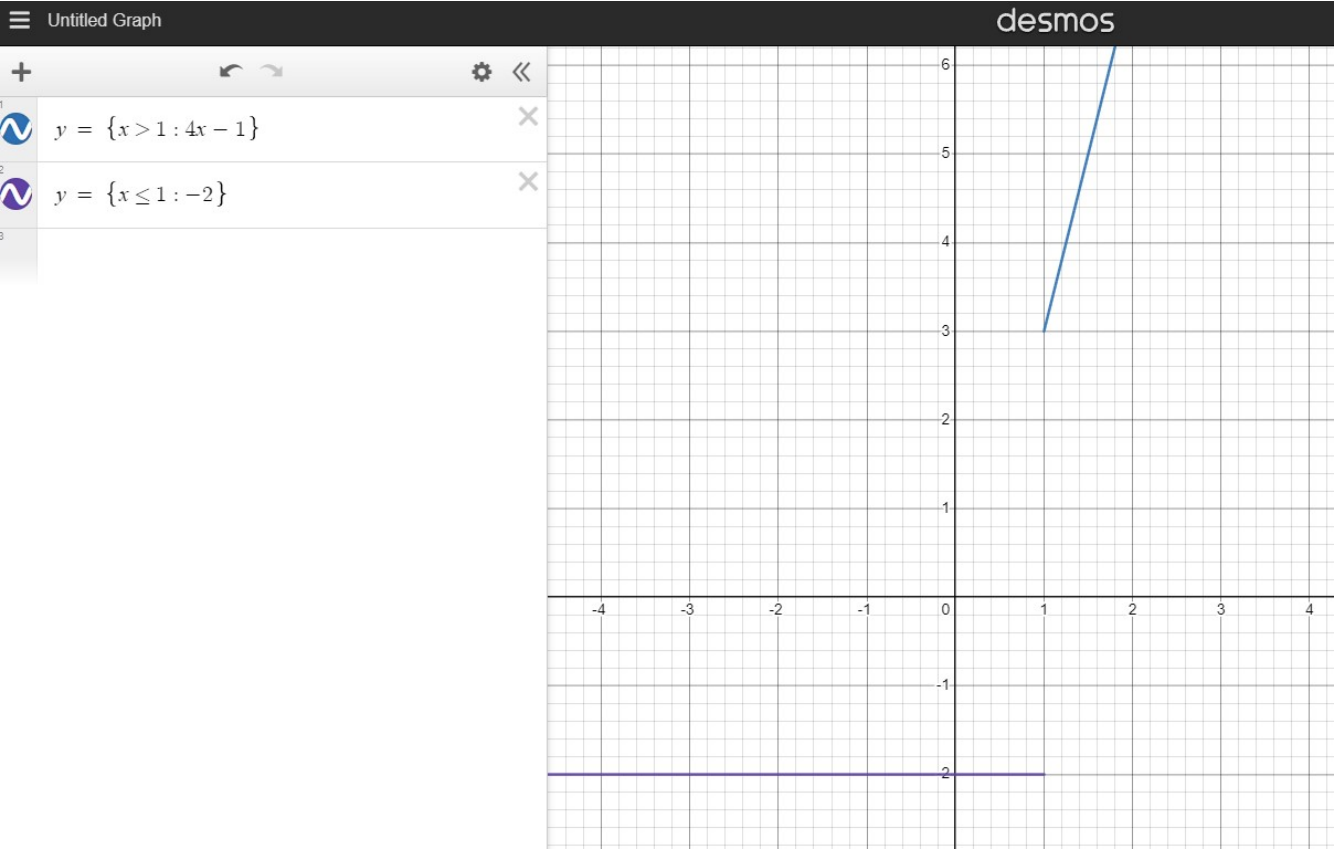
Page 63

Question 10

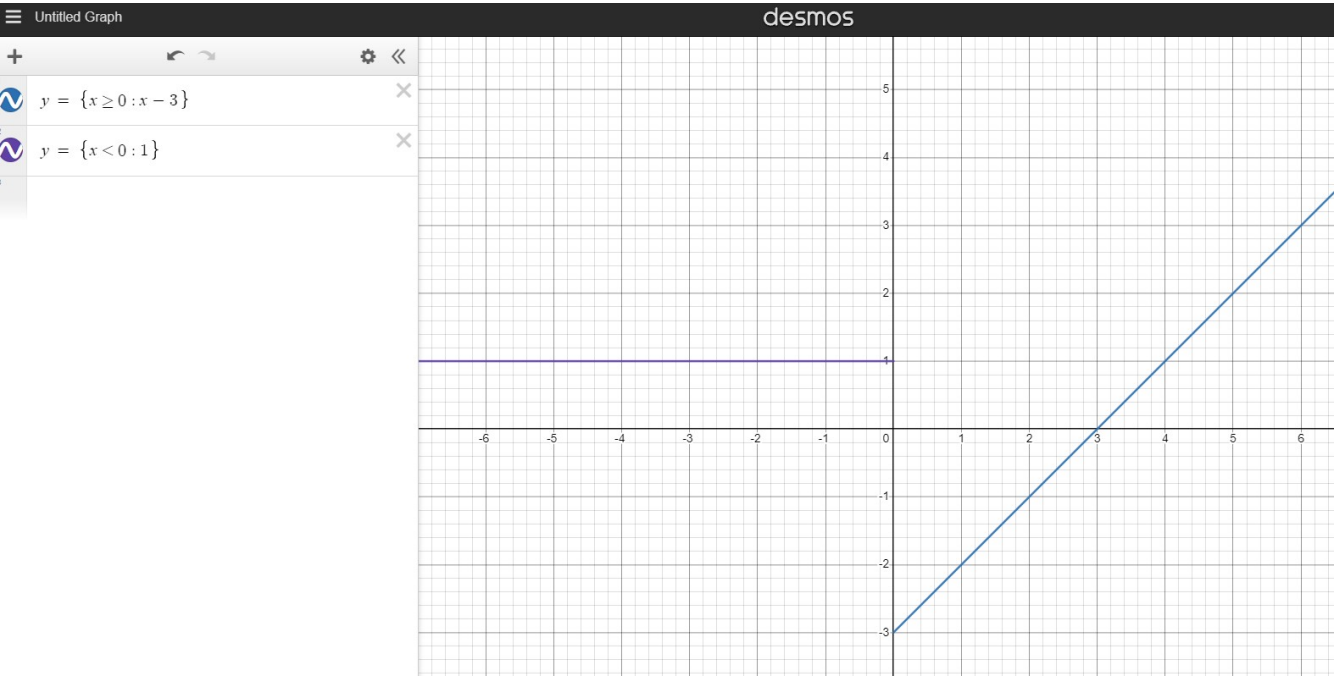


Page 64

Question 11



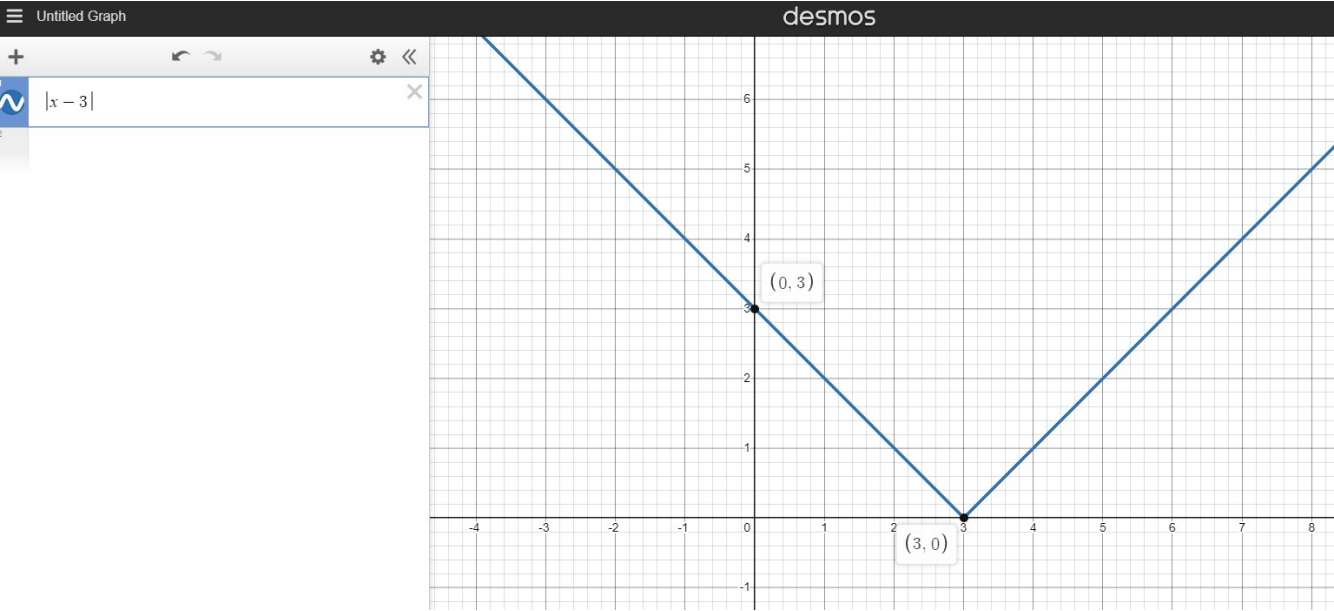
Question 12



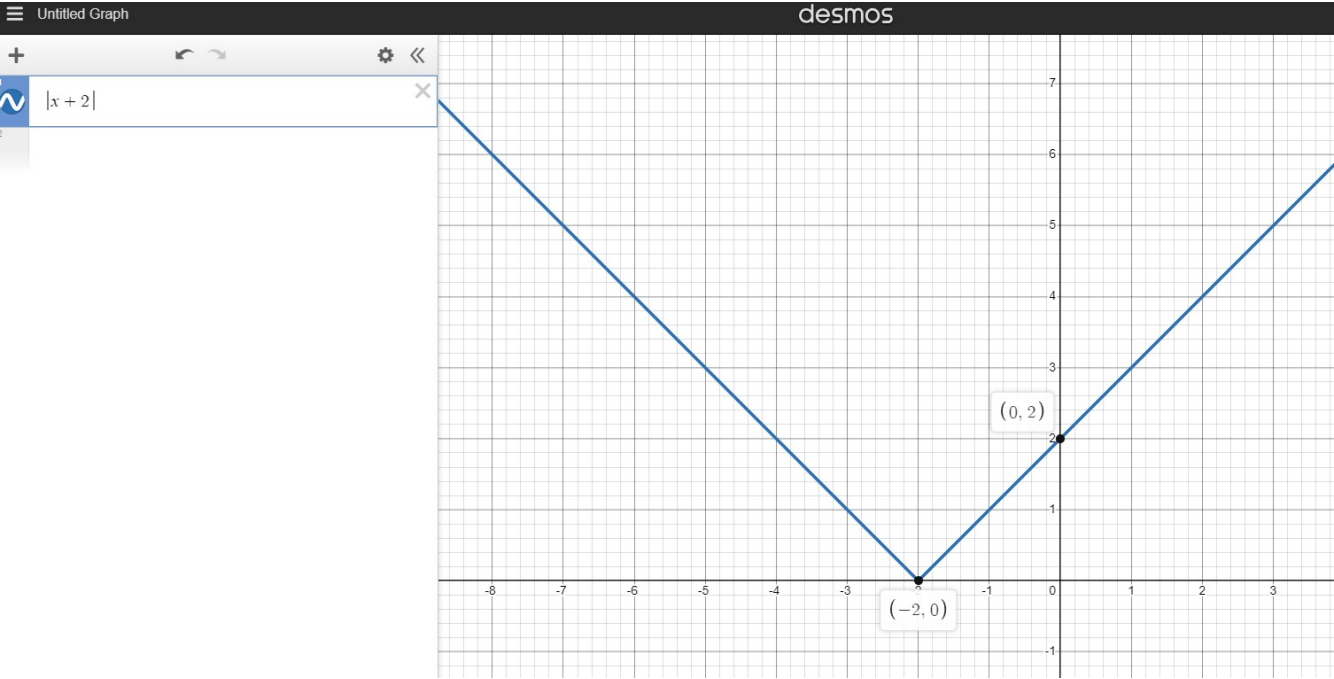
Page 66

Piecewise functions, the intersect and reflection points are marked on the graph. If you need to fill in the tables in your workbook, just plug in the x values into your calculator, should be easy.

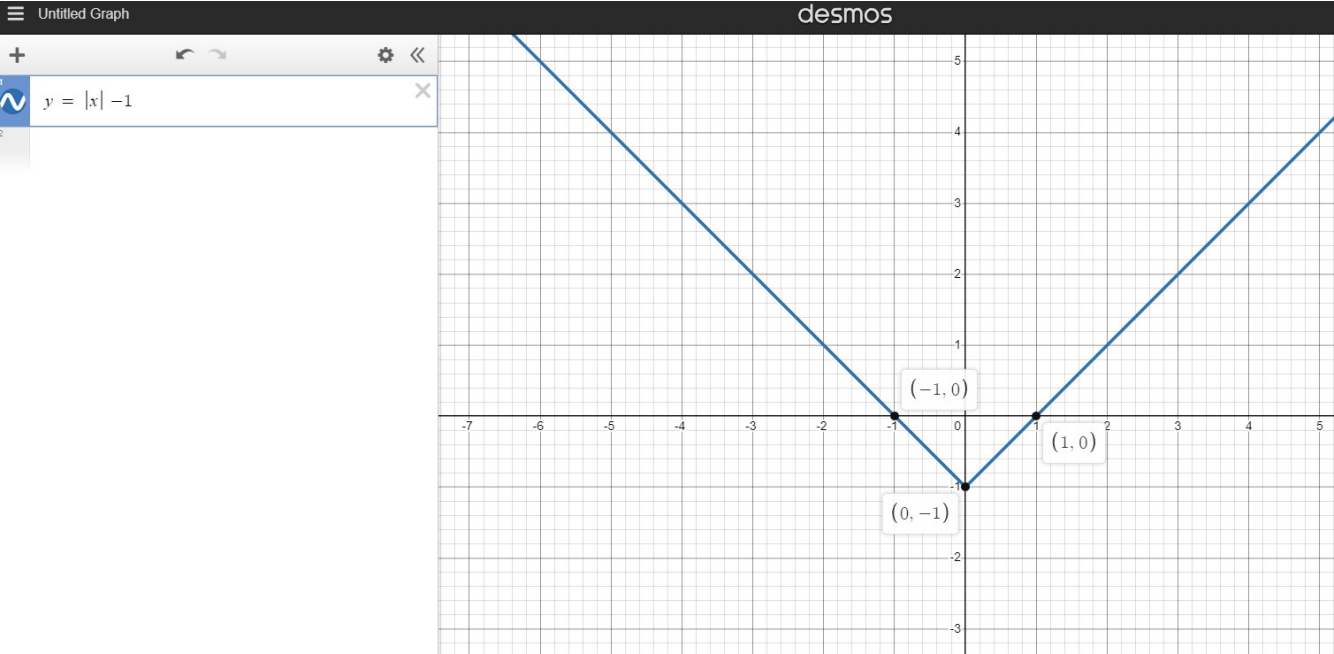
Question 13



Question 14



Question 15



Page 68

Exercise 2.3

Question 2

$$\begin{aligned}(f - g)(x) &= (5x + 2) - (x - 6) \\ &= 5x - x + 2 - 6 \\ &= 4x - 4\end{aligned}$$

If $x = -2$, then...

$$\begin{aligned}(f - g)(-2) &= 4(-2) - 4 \\ &= -8 - 4 \\ &= -12\end{aligned}$$

Question 3

$$\begin{aligned}(sr)(m) &= m \cdot (m + 5) \\ &= m^2 + 5m\end{aligned}$$

If $m = -4$, then...

$$\begin{aligned}(sr)(-4) &= (-4)^2 + 5(-4) \\ &= 16 + (-20) \\ &= -4\end{aligned}$$

Question 4

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)(t) &= \frac{t+1}{t-1} \\ \left(\frac{q}{p}\right)(7) &= \frac{7+1}{7-1} \\ &= \frac{8}{6}\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}$$

Question 5

$$(g + f)(a) = a + (-2a - 1)$$

$$= -a - 1$$

$$(g + f)(-3) = -(-3) - 1$$

$$= 3 - 1$$

$$= 2$$

Question 6

$$(h - g)(n) = (3n + 1) - (-5n - 6)$$

$$= 3n + 1 + 5n + 6$$

$$= 8n + 7$$

$$(h - g)(2) = 8(2) + 7$$

$$= 16 + 7$$

$$= 23$$

Question 7

$$(sr)(n) = (n + 1) \cdot (2n + 1)$$

$$(sr)(-1) = (-1 + 1) \cdot (2(-1) + 1)$$

$$= (0) \cdot (-1)$$

$$= 0$$

Question 8

$$\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)(b) = \frac{b - 8}{b - 4}$$

$$\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)(-3) = \frac{-3 - 8}{-3 - 4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{-11}{-7} \\ &= \frac{11}{7} \end{aligned}$$

Question 9

$$\begin{aligned} (f + g)(x) &= (x + 7) + (x + 1) \\ (f + g)(-2) &= (-2 + 7) + (-2 + 1) \\ &= 5 + (-1) \\ &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Question 10

$$\begin{aligned} (h - g)(t) &= (3t + 5) - 2t \\ &= t + 5 \\ (h - g)(4) &= 4 + 5 \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$