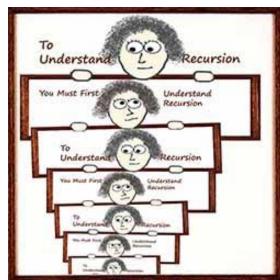
# RECURSION AND FINAL REVIEW



#### Problem Solving with Computers-I

https://ucsb-cs16-wi17.github.io/





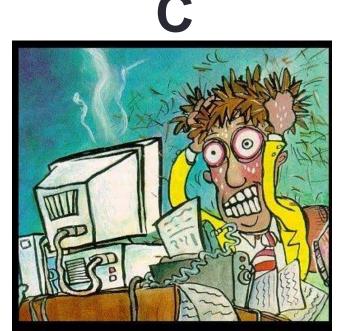
#### Final Exam!

- Thursday (03/23) 4pm to 7pm NH 1006 and a overflow room
- Assigned seating will be posted on Piazza
- Everything we have covered so far is on the exam
- Duration: 3 hours
- Closed book: no calculators, no phones, no computers
- Only 1 sheet (double-sided is ok) of written notes
  - Must be no bigger than 8.5" x 11"
  - You have to turn it in with the exam

# How do you feel after the last two labs?













## Lab 08: When should you use a helper function?

bool isPalindrome(const char \*s1) //recursive deTartraTED WasItACarOrACatISaw

Do we need a helper function for a recursive implementation of the above function?

- A. Yes
- B. No

#### Steps towards a recursive solution:

- 1. Identify the recursive structure in your input and or problem
- 2. Write the recursive step in plain English
- 3. Do you need a helper function?

# Lab 08: Thinking recursively!

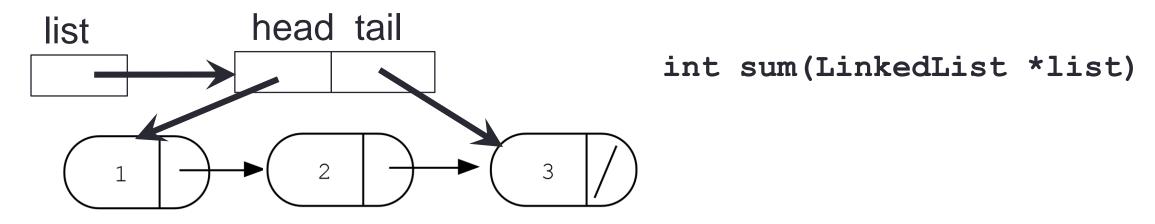
#### deTartraTED WasItACarOrACatISaw

bool isPalindromeHelper(const char \*s1, int len) //recursive

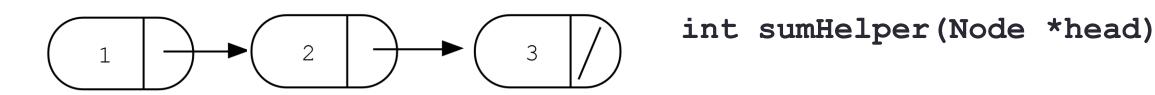
#### Steps towards a recursive solution:

- 1. Identify the recursive structure in your input and or problem
- 2. Write the recursive step in plain English
- 3. Do you need a helper function?
- 4. Implement (and test) the base case
- 5. Believe that you already have a correct implementation of the function that works on all smaller size inputs
- 6. Implement (and test) the recursive case

## Recursion on lists: compute the sum of all elements

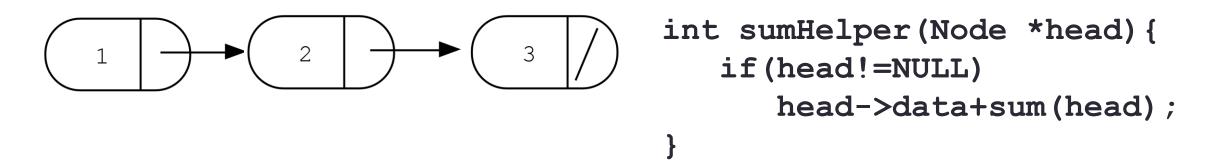


## Recursion on lists: compute the sum of all elements



- 1. Identify the recursive structure in your input and or problem
- 2. Write the recursive step in plain English
- 3. Do you need a helper function?
- 4. Implement (and test) the base case
- 5. Believe that you already have a correct implementation of the function that works on all smaller size inputs
- 6. Implement (and test) the recursive case

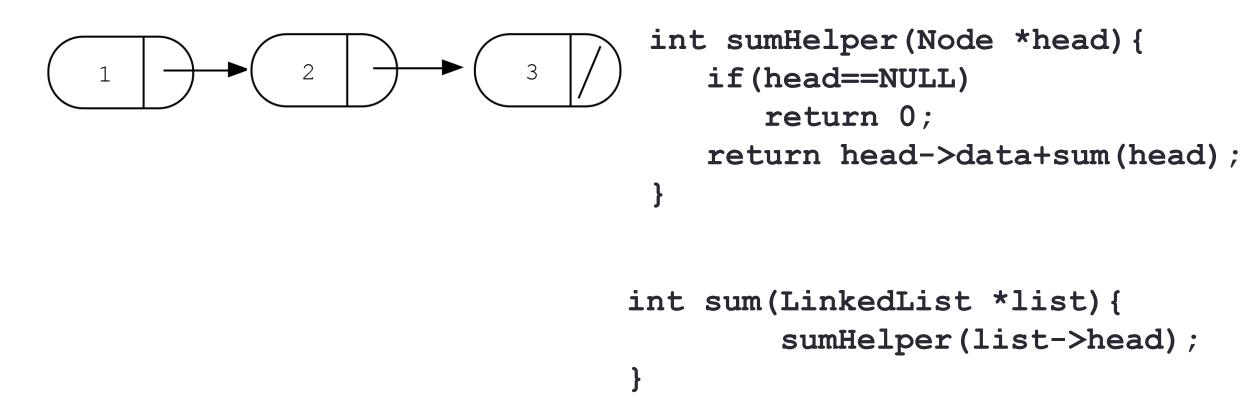
## Recursion on lists: compute the sum of all elements



Which of the following is true about the given implementation?

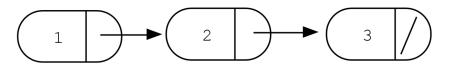
- A. It is correct
- B. It will not return the correct sum
- C. It will result in a segfault

## Under the hood of recursive calls (review)



## Recursion on lists: delete a value recursively

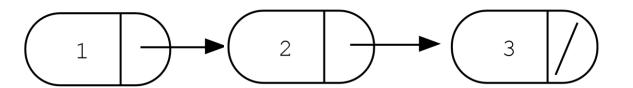
void deleteNodeRecursive(LinkedList \*list, int value)



Node\* deleteNodeRecursiveHelper(Node \*head, int value)



# How do you decide which data structure to use?



1 2 3

## Searching for a value in a sorted array

10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

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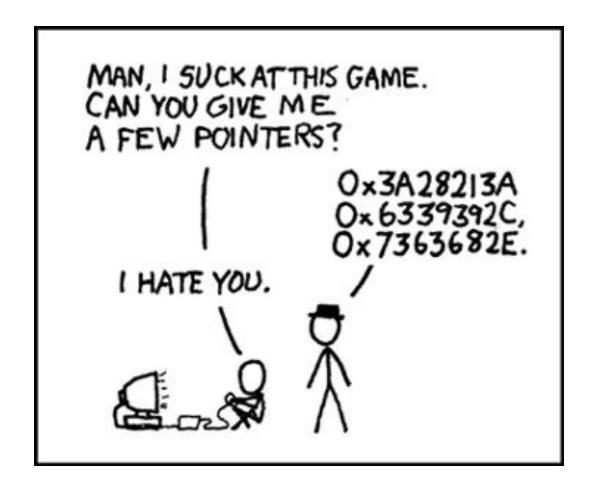
#### Some comic relief...

	COMMENT	DATE
Q	CREATED MAIN LOOP & TIMING CONTROL	14 HOURS AGO
φ	ENABLED CONFIG FILE PARSING	9 HOURS AGO
φ	MISC BUGFIXES	5 HOURS AGO
ф	CODE ADDITIONS/EDITS	4 HOURS AGO
Q_	MORE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
Ιþ	HERE HAVE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
Ιþ	ARARARA	3 HOURS AGO
φ	ADKFJ5LKDFJ5DKLFJ	3 HOURS AGO
Ιφ	MY HANDS ARE TYPING WORDS	2 HOURS AGO
þ	HAAAAAAAANDS	2 HOURS AGO

AS A PROJECT DRAGS ON, MY GIT COMMIT MESSAGES GET LESS AND LESS INFORMATIVE.

HTTP://XKCD.COM/1296/

#### Some comic relief



#### Final words...

Which concepts do you need more help with?

#### Stay posted on Piazza

- Tutor lab hours tomorrow in CSIL
- Extended office hours next week
- Seating arrangement for exams (you may be in a different exam hall)

#### Final words

- You can debug your code!
- .....But you have to write it systematically!



#### Good luck with the final and PA8!



