

Corrected proof

(1)

$$B(\underline{\omega}) = \frac{\Gamma(v_b+1) K_b^{2v_b}}{\Gamma(v_b) \pi} \frac{\sigma_b^2}{(K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{v_b+1}}$$

$$\Gamma_{11}(\underline{\omega}) = \dots$$

$$\Gamma_{22}(\underline{\omega}) = \dots$$

$$\sigma_{22}^2 \frac{\Gamma(v_{22}+1) K_{22}^{2v_{22}}}{\Gamma(v_{22}) \pi} \frac{1}{(K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{v_{22}+1}} >$$

$$\frac{\sigma_b^4 \Gamma(v_b+1)^2 K_b^{4v_b}}{\Gamma(v_b)^2 \pi^2} \frac{\sigma_{11}^2 \Gamma(v_{11}+1) K_{11}^{2v_{11}}}{\Gamma(v_{11}) \pi} (K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{-2v_b-2-v_{11}-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_b^4 \Gamma(v_b+1)^2 K^{4v_b}}{\Gamma(v_b)^2 \pi^2} > \frac{\Gamma(v_{11}+1) \Gamma(v_{22}) K^{2v_{11}}}{\pi^2 \Gamma(v_{22}+1) \Gamma(v_{11}) K^{2v_{22}}} (K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{-2v_b-2-v_{11}-1+v_{22}+1}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{11}^2}{\sigma_{22}^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_b^4 < \frac{\sigma_{22}^4 \pi^2}{\sigma_{11}^2} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(v_b)^2}{\Gamma(v_b+1)^2 K^{4v_b}} \frac{\Gamma(v_{22}+1) K^{2v_{22}} \Gamma(v_{11})}{\Gamma(v_{22}) K^{2v_{11}} \Gamma(v_{11}+1)} (K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{2v_b+2+v_{11}-v_{22}}$$

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$$\text{Now: } \Gamma(v+1) = v \Gamma(v)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\Gamma(v+1)}{\Gamma(v)} = v$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_b^4 < \frac{\sigma_{22}^2 \pi^2}{\sigma_{11}^2} \frac{1}{\sigma_b^2 K^{4\nu_b}} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{22} K^{2\nu_{22}}}{\sigma_{11} K^{2\nu_{11}}} (K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{2\nu_b+2+\nu_{11}-\nu_{22}} \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore 2\nu_b+2+\nu_{11}-\nu_{22} \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \nu_b \geq \frac{\nu_{22} - \nu_{11} - 2}{2}$$

$$\text{and } \sigma_b^4 < \frac{\sigma_{22}^2 \pi^2}{\sigma_{11}^2} \frac{1}{\sigma_b^4 K^{4\nu_b}} \frac{\sigma_{22} K^{2\nu_{22}}}{\sigma_{11} K^{2\nu_{11}}}$$

$$< \frac{\sigma_{22}^2 \pi^2}{\sigma_{11}^2} \frac{4}{(\nu_{22} - \nu_{11} - 2)^2 K^{4\nu_b}} \frac{\sigma_{22} K^{2\nu_{22}}}{\sigma_{11} K^{2\nu_{11}}}$$

$$\sigma_b^2 < \frac{\sigma_{22} \pi}{\sigma_{11}} \frac{2}{(\nu_{22} - \nu_{11} - 2) K^{2\nu_b}} \frac{K^{\nu_{22}}}{K^{\nu_{11}}} \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{22}}{\sigma_{11}}}$$

$$\text{Now: } C_{12}(\underline{\omega}) \doteq B(\underline{\omega}) C_{11}(\underline{\omega})$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_b^2 \sigma_b}{\pi} K^{2\nu_b} \frac{\sigma_{11}^2 \sigma_{11}}{\pi} K^{2\nu_{11}} (K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{-\nu_b - \nu_{11} - 2}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_b^2 \sigma_{11}^2}{\pi^2} \left[ \frac{\sigma_b \sigma_{11}}{\pi} K^{2(\nu_b + \nu_{11})} (K^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{-(\nu_b + \nu_{11} + 1) - 1} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Smoothness}(C_{12}) = \nu_b + \nu_{11} + 1$$

$$\text{Variance}(C_{12}) = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \sigma_b \sigma_{11} K^{2(\nu_b + \nu_{11})} \cdot \sigma_b^2 \sigma_{11}^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma_b + \sigma_{11} + 1}{\pi} \cdot K^{2(\nu_b + \nu_{11} + 1)}$$

dc: bnc

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sigma_b \sigma_{11}}{\sigma_b + \sigma_{11} + 1} \cdot K^{-2} \cdot \sigma_b^2 \sigma_{11}^2$$

Now; let  ~~$K=1$~~  and  $v_b = \frac{v_{22} - v_{11} - 2}{2}$

(3)

$$\text{Then } \text{var}(C_{12}) \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{v_b v_{11}}{v_b + v_{11} + 1} \sigma_b^2 \sigma_{11}^2 K^{-2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{(v_{22} - v_{11} - 2) v_{11}}{v_{22} - v_{11} - 2 + v_{11} + 1} \sigma_b^2 \sigma_{11}^2 K^{-2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{v_{11} (v_{22} - v_{11} - 2)}{v_{22} + v_{11}} \sigma_b^2 \sigma_{11}^2 K^{-2}$$

$$< \frac{\sigma_{11}^2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{22}}{\sigma_{11}} \cdot \frac{2}{v_{22} - v_{11} - 2} \sqrt{\frac{v_{22}}{v_{11}}} \cdot \frac{v_{11} (v_{22} - v_{11} - 2)}{v_{22} + v_{11}} \cdot \frac{K^{-2} v_{11}}{K^{-2} v_{11} + v_{22} - v_{11} - 2}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_{11} \sigma_{22} \cdot 2 \sqrt{v_{22} v_{11}}}{v_{22} + v_{11}}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_{11} \sigma_{22} \sqrt{v_{22} v_{11}}}{\frac{(v_{22} + v_{11})}{2}}$$

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So we choose the parsimonious Markov model.

But the really cool thing is that  $v_{12} \geq \frac{v_{11} + v_{22}}{2}$  and not =

What about different length scales? From  $\textcircled{\#}$

$\textcircled{4}$

$$\sigma_b^4 < \frac{\sigma_{22}^2 \pi^2 \Gamma(v_b)^2}{\sigma_{11}^2 \Gamma(v_b+1)^2 K_b^{4v_b}} \frac{\Gamma(v_{22}+1) K_{22}^{2v_{22}} \Gamma(v_{11})}{\Gamma(v_{22}) K_{22}^{2v_{22}} \Gamma(v_{11}+1)} \\ \cdot (K_b^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{2v_b+2} (K_{11}^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{v_{11}+1} \\ (K_{22}^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{-v_{22}-1}$$

$\therefore$  What we need is that

$$(K_b^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{2v_b+2} (K_{11}^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{v_{11}+1} (K_{22}^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{-v_{22}-1} \\ \geq 1 \quad \forall \underline{\omega}$$


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Simplify:  $(\sigma_1 + x^2)^{\gamma_1} (\sigma_2 + x^2)^{\gamma_2} \geq 1 \quad \forall x$

$$\Rightarrow (K_b^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{2v_b+2} \geq \frac{(K_{22}^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{v_{22}+1}}{(K_{11}^2 + \|\underline{\omega}\|^2)^{v_{11}+1}} \quad \forall \underline{\omega}$$

$x_1$