wumpus-core Guide

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1 About wumpus-core

This guide was last updated for wumpus-core version 0.37.0.

wumpus-core is a Haskell library for generating 2D vector pictures. It was written with portability as a priority, so it has no dependencies on foreign C libraries. Output to PostScript and SVG (Scalable Vector Graphics) is supported.

wumpus-core is rather primitive, the basic drawing objects are paths and text labels. A second library wumpus-basic contains code for higher level drawing but it experimental and the APIs are a long way from stable (it should probably be considered a technology preview).

Although wumpus-core is heavily inspired by PostScript it avoids PostScript's notion of an (implicit) current point and the movements lineto, moveto etc., instead wumpus-core aims for a more *coordinate free* style.

2 Exposed modules

wumpus-core exports the following modules:

- Wumpus.Core. Top-level *shim* module to import all the exposed modules. Some internal data types are also exported as opaque the implementation is hidden, but the type name is exposed so it can be used in the type signatures of *userland* functions. Typically, where these data types need to be *instantiated* smart constructors are provided.
- Wumpus.Core.AffineTrans. The standard affine transformations (scaling, rotation, translation) implemented as type classes, with a of derived operations reflections about the X or Y axes, rotations through common angles.
- Wumpus.Core.BoundingBox. Data type representing bounding boxes and operations on them. Bounding boxes are important for Pictures and they support the definition of *picture composition* operators.

- Wumpus.Core.Colour. A single colour type RGBi is supported. This type defines colour as a triple of integers (Word8) black is (0, 0, 0); white is (255, 255, 255). Some named colours are defined, although they are hidden by the top level shim module to avoid name clashes with libraries providing more extensive lists of colours. Wumpus.Core.Colour can be imported directly if the named colours are required.
- Wumpus.Core.FontSize. Various calculations for font size metrics. wumpus-core has limited handling of font / character size as it cannot interpret the metrics within font files (doing so would be a huge task). Instead this module provides some metrics based on the Courier mono-spaced font that can be used for rudimentary size calculations on text labels.
- Wumpus.Core.Geometry. The usual types an operations from affine geometry-points, vectors and 3x3 matrices, also the DUnit type family. Essentially this type family is a trick used heavily within wumpus-core to avoid annotating class declarations with constraints on the unit class constraints like Fractional u can then be shifted to the instance declaration rather than the class declaration.
- Wumpus.Core.GraphicsState. Data types modelling the attributes of PostScript's graphics state (stroke style, dash pattern, etc.). Note that wumpus-core annotates all primitives paths, text labels with their rendering style, the GraphicsState here is an internal detail used to generate more efficient PostScript and SVG. The smaller types in this module such as StrokeAttr are the only ones relevant for the public API.
- Wumpus.Core.OutputPostScript. Functions to write PostScript or encapsulated PostScript files.
- Wumpus.Core.OutputSVG. Functions to write SVG files.
- Wumpus.Core.Picture. Operations to build *pictures* paths and labels within an affine frame. Generally the functions here are convenience constructors for types from the hidden module Wumpus.Core.PictureInternal. The types from PictureInternal are exported as opaque signatures by Wumpus.Core.WumpusTypes.
- Wumpus.Core.PtSize. Text size calculations in Core.FontSize use points (i.e. 1/72 of an inch). The PtSize module is a numeric type to represent them.
- Wumpus.Core.TextEncoder. Types for handling extended character codes within fonts e.g. for accented characters or the Symbol font. Special characters generally have to be escaped in the PostScript and SVG output, this module provides data types for lookup tables between the escaped character code and its PostScript or SVG representation. Text encoders are associated with fonts glyphs within a font are located by their character name / code. Currently wumpus-core has encoders for the Standard Latin Encoding table and the Symbol font character set.

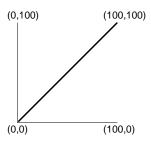


Figure 1: The world frame, with origin at the bottom left.

Wumpus.Core.TextLatin1. A instance of the TextEncoder type for mapping Latin 1 characters to the PostScript and SVG escape characters. Typically this encoder is associated with the fonts - Helvetica, Courier and Times-Roman.

Wumpus.Core.TextSymbol. A instance of the TextEncoder type for the Symbol font. Note, unfortunately escape codes for the Symbol font seem to cause problems for some SVG renderers. Chrome appears fine, but Safari and Firefox currently have problems.

Wumpus.Core.VersionNumber. Current version number of wumpus-core.

Wumpus.Core.WumpusTypes. This module collects internal types for Pictures, Paths etc. and presents them as opaque types - i.e. their constructors are hidden.

3 Drawing model

wumpus-core has two main drawable primitives paths and text labels, ellipses are also a primitive although this is a concession to efficiency when drawing dots (which would otherwise require 4 to 8 Bezier arcs to describe). Paths are made from straight sections or Bezier curves, they can be open and stroked to produce a line; or closed and stroked, filled or clipped. Labels represent a single horizontal line of text - multiple lines must be composed from multiple labels.

Primitives are attributed with drawing styles - font name and size for labels; line width, colour, etc. for paths. Primitives can be grouped to support support hyperlinks in SVG output (so Primitives are not strictly *primitive*). The function frame assembles a list of primitives into a Picture with the standard affine frame where the origin is at (0,0) and the X and Y axes have the unit bases (i.e. they have a *scaling* value of 1).

wumpus-core uses the same picture frame as PostScript where the origin at the bottom left, see Figure 1. This contrasts to SVG where the origin at the top-left. When wumpus-core generates SVG, the whole picture is generated within a matrix transformation [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, -1.0, 0.0, 0.0] that changes the picture to use PostScript coordinates. This has the side-effect that text is otherwise

drawn upside down, so wumpus-core adds a rectifying transform to each text element.

Once labels and paths are assembled as a *Picture* they are transformable with the usual affine transformations (scaling, rotation, translation).

Graphics properties (e.g colour) are opaque once primitives are assembled into pictures - it is not possible to write a transformation function that turns elements in a picture blue. In some ways this is a limitation - for instance, the <code>Diagrams</code> library appears to support some notion of attribute overriding; however avoiding mutable attributes does keep this part of <code>wumpus-core</code> conceptually simple. To make a blue or red arrow with <code>wumpus-core</code>, one would make drawing colour a parameter of the arrow constructor function.

4 Affine transformations

For affine transformations Wumpus uses the Matrix3'3 data type to represent 3x3 matrices in row-major form. The constructor (M3'3 a b c d e f g h i) builds this matrix:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{array}$$

Note, in practice the elements g and h are superflows. They are included in the data type to make it match the typical representation from geometry texts. Also, typically matrices will implicitly created with functions from the Core.Geometry and Core.AffineTrans modules.

For example a translation matrix moving 10 units in the X-axis and 20 in the Y-axis will be encoded as (M3'3 1.0 0.0 10.0 0.0 1.0 20.0 0.0 0.0 1.0)

Affine transformations on Pictures are communicated to PostScript as concat commands. For Pictures, wumpus-core performs no transformations itself, delegating all the work to PostScript or SVG. Internally wumpus-core transforms the bounding boxes of Pictures - it needs to do this to maintain their size metrics allowing transformed pictures to be composed with picture composition operators like the picBeside combinator.

PostScript uses column-major form and uses a six element matrix rather than a nine element one. The translation matrix above would produce this concat command:

```
[1.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 10.0 20.0] concat
```

Similarly, it would be communicated to SVG via a group element:

```
<g transform="matrix(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 10.0, 20.0)"> ... </g>
```

wumpus-core also supports the regular affine transformations on Primitives (the arbitrary matrix transformation transform is not supported). Transformations are implicitly interpreted in the standard affine frame - origin at (0,0) and unit scaling vectors for the bases.

For paths, all the transformations are precomputed on the control points before the output is generated. For labels and ellipses the *start point* of the primitive (baseline-left for label, center for ellipse) is transformed by wumpus-core and matrix operations are transmitted to PostScript and SVG to transform the actual drawing (wumpus-core has no access to the paths that describe character glyphs so it cannot precompute transformations on them).

One consequence of transformations operating on the control points of primitives is that scalings do not scale the tip of the *drawing pen*. If a path is stroked, lifted to a Picture and then scaled the whole graphics state is effectively scaled including the pen tip so the path is drawn with a thicker outline. However, if a path is stoked and then scaled as a Primitive, the drawing pen is not scaled so the path will be drawn with the regular line width.

5 Font handling

Font handling is quite primitive in wumpus-core. The bounding box of text label is only estimated - based on the length of the label's string rather than the metrics of the individual letters encoded in the font. Accessing the glyph metrics in a font would require a font loader to read TrueType font files. This would be a significant development effort, probably larger than the effort put into wumpus-core itself; for wumpus-core 's intended use - producing diagrams and pictures rather than high quality text - the primitive font handling is not such a draw back.

In both PostScript and SVG mis-named fonts can cause somewhat inscrutable printing anomalies - usually falling back to a default font but not always. At worst, PostScript may do no subsequent drawing after a font load error. wumpus-core uses scalefont in the generated PostScript, this semingly works for any integer size and not just the regular font sizes (10, 12, 18, 24, 36).

The following table lists PostScript fonts and their SVG equivalents, the package wumpus-basic includes a module Wumpus.Basic.SafeFonts encoding the fonts in this list and matching them to their appropriate TextEncoder.

Note that the Symbol font, whilst incredibly useful, is a taboo with the W3C and they do not condone its use in SVG or HTML. Likewise, certain browsers reject it out of course.

PostScript name	SVG name
Times-Roman	Times New Roman
Times-Italic	Times New Roman - style="italic"
Times-Bold	Times New Roman - font-weight="bold"
Times-BoldItalic	Times New Roman - style="italic", font-weight="bold"
Helvetica	Helvetica
Helvetica-Oblique	Helvetica - style="italic"
Helvetica-Bold	Helvetica - font-weight="bold"
Helvetica-Bold-Oblique	Helvetica - style="italic", font-weight="bold"
Courier	Courier New
Courier-Oblique	Courier New - style="italic"
Courier-Bold	Courier New - font-weight="bold"
Courier-Bold-Oblique	Courier New - style="italic", font-weight="bold"
Symbol	(Symbol - see text)

${\bf 6}\quad {\bf Acknowledgments}$

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