



Proof. Let $T = BB_0 \cap CC_0$. Since quadruples of points P, Q, B, B_0 ; Q, P, C, C_0 ; Q, P, A, A_0 are concyclic, we have $\sphericalangle(PB, BT) = \sphericalangle(PB, BB_0) = \sphericalangle(PQ, QB_0) = \sphericalangle(PQ, QC_0) = \sphericalangle(PC, CC_0) = \sphericalangle(PC, CT)$, which means, that points P, B, C, T are concyclic. It follows, that $T \in (ABC)$ and $T \in BB_0$. Now we define $T' = BB_0 \cap AA_0$. Similarly, points P, B, A, T' are concyclic. That gives us, that $T' \in (ABC)$ and $T' \in BB_0$, which means, that $T = T'$ and we are done. \square

Claim 2. Let $S = (ABC) \cap (A'B'C')$. Then S is symmetric to P with respect to line OQ .

Claim 3. Lines AA' , BB' , CC' are comcurrent at S .

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