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## IDENTIFIERS

ABSTRACT This Aklanon-English dictionary consists of a list of basic root words or word bases of Aklanon. The dictionary is designed to be used both by native speakers of Aklanon and by foreign learners. For the former, it can serve to: (1) establish a uniform system of spelling, (2) broaden or intensify the use and understanding of idiomatic standard American English, (3) serve as a reference book for the standard speech of Kalibo, (4) broaden the vocabulary of those interested in studying their native language, and (5) introduce a more linguistically oriented study of Aklanon. For foreign learners, it is useful as a language learning tool. The dictionary is preceded by a discussion of root words and their derivations, an outline of the six basic grammatical functions and the basic parts of speech of Aklanon, a discussion of morphophonemic change, and an explanation of the conventions for spelling the Aklanon dialect. A short bibliography of relevant references follows the dictionary. (CLK)

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# A STUDY OF THE AKLANON DIALECT

Volume Two

## DICTIONARY

[of root words and derivations]

AKLANON TO ENGLISH

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## In Memoriam

Although many have given me credit for initiating and researching The Study Of The Aklanon Dialect, this book would not have been possible if it were not for the cooperation, the efforts, the dedication and the wisdom of Professor Vicente Salas Reyes.

As this book was going to press, we received news of his untimely death on Saturday, May 17, 1969. Although he was 82 years old, his intellect, wit and cooperative spirit made him a truly unequalled Aklanon expert, for not only was his wisdom his own, he wanted to share it with all his fellowmen, even up to his dying breath.

This book, then, is born and duly baptized in the death of that great man. May His Soul Live On By The Grace Of God In Eternal Bliss. And May His Spirit Live On In Aklan That Others Of This Province May Know Him And Emulate Him. His life and his death are a challenge to us all.

R. David Paul Fazio

A STUDY OF THE AKLANON DIALECT, Volume Two —  
AKLANON TO ENGLISH DICTIONARY

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ABBREVIATIONS AS USED IN THIS TEXT can be found on a fold-out  
sheet on the inside of the back cover.

## PREFACE

This present book is the result of four years of painstaking research and re-edition. It is a companion and follow-up volume to the GRAMMAR, published a year ago; but it is far more necessary and practical than its companion volume.

### FOR AKLANONS it can serve the following functions:

- (1) to establish a uniform system of spelling throughout the province;
- (2) to broaden or intensify the use and understanding of idiomatic standard American English, particularly for students and teachers;
- (3) to serve as a reference book for the standard speech [including borrowed and adopted terms] of Kalibo--the geographical, educational, financial, mercantile and political center of the province of Aklan;
- (4) to broaden the vocabulary and knowledge of those interested in studying their own native dialect, since not only common, but also "deep" and foreign words are included as they are actually used;
- (5) to introduce a more linguistically oriented study of the Aklanon language in order to break off from a long-standing tradition of "folk linguistics" and so-called "dialect experts".

### FOR FOREIGN LEARNERS {whether Western or other Filipinos} it has the following uses:

- (1) to help in translating the words of the dialect into the more reachable idiom of English;
- (2) to indicate the actual use of root words as they occur in current Aklanon speech;
- (3) to act as a pronunciation guide, since accents and phonemic spellings [with some exceptions] are indicated;
- (4) to serve as a list of the most common and several uncommon words which could be memorized from time to time.

FOR LINGUISTS we hope to provide another humble treatment of a hitherto un-researched language and enrich the catalog of literature available on the less known dialects and languages of the world. In addition, the word list contained herein should be of interest to etymologists as they will note the large number of reflexes or words related to other Philippine dialects and languages.

Neither this dictionary nor its authors purport to have gathered every word in the Aklanon language, but a major number are certainly represented. Native speakers who may browse through this book will be surprised at seeing a very large representation of English and Spanish words. Some may be tempted to criticize their presence here. However, one need only eavesdrop on any conversation of local people--be it formal or informal--and hear for himself the overwhelming number of borrowed terms in actual use. The authors have operated on the principle that the sounds floating in Aklanon air make up the total part and parcel of Aklanon speech and should be represented here. For those who will be startled to see borrowed, foreign or vulgar words we ask their forbearance and understanding in this matter.

PROF. VICENTE SALAS REYES  
PCV R. DAVID PAUL ZORC  
MR. NICOLAS L. PRADO

PLEASE NOTE that the letters "m", "k" and "p", have been greatly reduced in size by eliminating the ma-, ka-, pa-, and pang- prefixes and listing the words under each root word. Hence, "matám-is" is found under "tám-is", "panindahán" under "tínda(h)". This will involve some creative thinking on the part of the user, for he will have to discover a root word before he can look up any entry in this dictionary.

## L ALPHABETICAL ORDER

For the sake of convenience and to eliminate the doubling of entries, the following alphabetical order was selected, including: the vernacularization of foreign sounds and the union of the vowel sounds "i - e" and "o - u". Letters on a horizontal line are alphabetically equivalent.

1. a
2. b v
3. k c, qu, cu
4. d j /dy/
5. e /g/ [Aklanon fricative consonant]
6. g
7. h j /h/
8. i e
9. l
10. m
11. n ñ /ny/
12. ng
13. o - u
14. p f
15. r
16. s z, c
17. t ch /ts/
18. w
19. y

In cases where traditional Aklanon would spell several words identically because of omitted accents (stress) or glottal stops, we give first precedence to stress difference [penultimate stress precedes final stress] and then to open vowels [(h)] before glottalized vowels ['], as in:

bága(h)	(n)	glowing embers
bága'	(n)	lung(s)
bagá'	(adj)	swollen
tíbo(h)	(n)	pipe, tube
tíbo'	(RV7)	to sprout, grow; increase
tubó	(n)	sugar cane
bobo	(n)	dolt, simpleton, fool
bo-bo'	(RV2)	to pour out

## II. THE SPELLING OF THE ENTRIES

Many readers may well be surprised at the spelling of some of the entries in this dictionary. Since Aklanon is a language where the traditional spelling of words very, very closely matches the pronunciation of the words, the authors have chosen to represent even foreign words with a native spelling. There is a long-standing tradition of such a procedure in my written language. Even modern English tends to simplify its spelling by changing "night" to "nite", "although" to "altho" and "catalogue" to "catalog". Aklanon itself has freely adopted the English "evacuate" into the more native and commonly accepted "bakwit", "vulcanize" into "pabuikit"; the Spanish "chinelas" to "sinilas", "horas" to "eras", and "jabon" to "sabón". Since the Institute of the National Language encourages and practices such in the development of Pilipino, Aklanons have a precedent for their own dialect. Hence, although some spellings may seem ridiculous or humorous at the present time, they can eventually be expected to be popular, vernacularized words, such as

"ice cream"	/ayskrim/
"jeep"	/dyip/
"hollow block"	/haloblak/
"nurse"	/nars/
"featherduster"	/pederdas/
"floorwax"	/plorwaks/

The authors have also taken a step forward in spelling all the truly Aklanon or Filipino names of towns and places in the correct vernacular spelling, retaining only the Spanish and American names in the spelling of the original language. It is urged that the municipal councils of each town adopt such spellings to insure uniformity and conventionality throughout the province, as in

OLD VERSION	CORRECTED SPELLING
Libacao	Libakaw
Calivo	Kalibo
Daguitan	Dagitan
Malinao	Malinaw
Laguimbanua	Eagingbanwa

However, names of towns and places that are not native Aklanon words should retain the spelling of the original foreign language; such as in "New Washington", "Numancia", "Ibajay" or "Roxas City".

Traditional Aklanon spelling does not account for three symbols which linguists would expect in a phonological transcription. We account for them by using the following symbols along with the traditional Aklanon spelling.

- Final pronounced, but traditionally unspelled /h/ is written in as (h), as in: simbah(h), tinda(h), daea(h) to show that the /h/ sound will appear when the root is affixed, as in: simbahán, tindahan, daehon:

- The glottal stop, transcribed as /ʔ/ by linguists, has traditionally been spelled with the hyphen "-" by Aklanons when in the middle of a word, as in: sii-o, gae-om, an-om, bo-bo, us-us, ba-ba. However, it had been unspelled at the end of a word, except for a few who used the grave accent ' `` ' to signal its presence. The authors

have chosen to show the presence of a final glottal stop with the apostrophe, ', as in: báho', túbo', baó', tubá'. In this way, it acts as a clue for the foreign learner to the correct pronunciation; yet it does not disturb an Aklanon's reading of the text. Some linguists had chosen the symbol g for the glottal stop, but this has proven very confusing to non-linguists, both native speakers and foreign learners alike.

- Aklanon spelling rarely, if ever, accounts for stress. Since stress is most important in distinguishing the meaning of words, the authors have endeavored to indicate stress as often as possible with the acute accent ' . Certain stress pairs will show the importance of such a symbol in the accurate transcription of Aklanon, especially for foreign learners:

tubo	(n)	pipe, tube
tubó	(n)	sugar cane
píto	(RV)	to whistle
pító	(n)	seven, 7
hápon	(n)	afternoon
hapón	(n)	Japan[ese]
tábo'	(RV)	to fetch, meet
tabó'	(n)	dipper, ladle

### III. INTRODUCTION -- HOW TO UNDERSTAND AND USE THIS DICTIONARY

This dictionary is a list of the basic root words or word bases of the Aklanon dialect (considered a language by linguists). If one only wishes to get the general meaning of words it should be relatively simple to use. However, if the reader wishes to reap the full fruit of all the information contained herein, such as how particular roots are used, or how they can grow into other parts of speech, we urge him to master the grammatical explanations which will follow this section.

The authors have endeavored to present the following information in this dictionary:

1. The ROOT WORD, given first in broad or expanded type, followed thereafter by the root word's most important and commonly used DERIVATIONS. For example:

tawo(h) -- katawohan, kinatawohan, hatawo, etc.  
inom -- ilimnon, imna, ginainom, etc.  
tinda(h) -- tindahan, panindahan, pangpanindahan, etc.

2. The ETYMOLOGY OR ORIGIN OF THE WORD, if it is not native Kalibo Aklanon. For example:

kabayo' [Sp]	borrowed or derived from SPANISH
bakwit [Eng]	borrowed or derived from ENGLISH
ayos [Tag]	borrowed or derived from TAGALOG
boesit [Ch]	borrowed or derived from CHINESE
putli' [Hil]	borrowed or derived from HILIGAYNON
arigato [Jp]	borrowed or derived from JAPANESE
aeokait [Lib]	used in the vicinity of LIBAKAW
tako' [Bkd]	used by mountain or remote peoples
eungaeog [Ibj]	used in the vicinity of IBAJAY
baeangag [Oak]	coming from old or "deep" Aklanon

panghingaean [Nab] developed by the late Dr. Artemio Nabor of Kalibo, Aklan.  
rugto [Kin] used in Kinaray-a mixed areas

3. The particular CLASSIFICATION OF THE WORD if it is not part of the commonly accepted speech medium for the general public, such as:

[FE]	a Filipino English translation, not generally known or used by native speakers of English.
[AE]	an American English translation, not generally known or used by Filipino speakers of English.
[idm]	an idiom or idiomatic expression of the Aklanon.
[expr]	an expression or phrase more or less current to Aklanon.
[slg]	a slang or composed term used generally by the younger generation in their common parlance among one another.
[sup]	a superstitious term or belief.
[stf]	a scientific term.
[cor]	a corruption of some other word, for example, making a Spanish sounding word from an English term.
[gen]	a generally used term; part of standard accepted speech.
[vul]	a vulgar or indecent term, recorded here for the benefit of foreigners, and also so that Aklanon may know the idiomatic English equivalents.

4. Some ADDITIONAL INFORMATION about a word or its meaning, cross references to the GRAMMAR, or to other parts of this DICTIONARY. For example:

[Ctr: ]	a contraction of some other word or phrase: biriona' [Ctr: pakay-i runá'] rang [Ctr: ro akon nga]
[Abr: ]	an abbreviation of some longer form: mga [Abr: niangá]
[Alt: ]	an alternate form for the word is some other: riya [Alt: diya] matlaong [Alt: maton] halimonon [Alt: hilamonon]
[Syn: ]	a synonym or word with roughly the same meaning is some other word: tuetun-an [Syn: libro] uhong [Syn: amamakoe] kuno [Syn: mana]
[Opp: ]	the opposite of the word given is some other: tonton [Opp: baták] putí [Opp: itúm] tugák [Opp: hugót] intok [Opp: eagko']

[Cf.] confer with or refer to some other word  
or entry for additional information:

mus-an [Cf: manok]

Altavas [Cf: Jimeno]

timog [Cf: hangin]

morado [Cf: saging]

[G.] refer to the GRAMMAR (Zorc, de la Cruz),  
page [as listed].

[D.] refer to this DICTIONARY, page [as listed].

There are certain occasions in Aklanon when a root word is never used in its base form, but occurs with a prefix. In order to be consistent in listing roots, we list the root word followed by the prefix which must accompany it, such as:

'sunsun	jma[	"masunsun"
labár.	jpang[	"panglabár"
hidait	jpag[	"paghidait"
mungaya'	jha[	"hamungaya"

5. THE PART OF SPEECH OR USE of the word presented. This will be discussed in more detail in the next unit. However, by way of illustration, note that a simple abbreviation like "RV2" can reveal a lot. "RV2" means that the root word is a REGULAR VERB of the SECOND CLASS, that it can be conjugated according to the actor focus forms [naga-, nag-, ma-, etc.] to stress the actor or doer; but that when it is used to stress an object, it will take the forms of the Instrument Focus verb conjugation [gina-, gin-, i-, -an, ig-, etc.]. Hence, any verb root listed as RV2 will emphasize a direct object according to the forms described: ibaligya, itus-on, taw-an, igbutang, ginaeubóng, etc.

6. THE ENGLISH MEANING of the Visayan word or phrase, based on standard or colloquial mid-Western American English. Since part of the purpose of this book is to present idiomatic American English to Aklanon for their use in school and in general communiques or discussions, certain Aklanon forms that might be regular when based on the grammar of the dialect will be presented because the English itself reveals a different structure or some sort of idiom. For example, normally the authors do not list the occurrence of the causative ipa- for every verb root, because almost any verb can take this causative form. However, in those cases where English itself would use a different form than the causative, the Aklanon causative construction is presented in order to reveal the English variations. The Aklanon verb kaon (eat) has a regular causative form in pakaon, but the English causative is not "let eat" but rather "feed". Since the English evidences such a drastic change away from the Aklanon idiom, an entry is made to reveal such a phenomenon. The same can be said for the inclusion of such forms as:

hueam / borrow	pahueam / lend (CV)
tam-is / sweet	patam-is / sweeten (CV)
barbas / beard	pamarbas / shave (DV)
asawa / spouse	pangasawa / court and marry (DV)

There are certain occasions where no English word is known to the authors to equivalently represent the Aklanon term. This is generally the case when the scientific name of animals, plants, and so on is only approximated or given as a type.

bolináw	(n)	[fish] - a type of fish
guyóm	(n)	[ant] - a type of ant
apeod	(adj)	[having the flavor of an unripe banana]
tiáw	(n)	[fish--delicious; soft-boned]

In some cases, however, the authors have been able to identify the scientific names of plants and trees, and so both the general English description and the accurate scientific name are presented, such as:

iba'	(n)	[tree, fruit--very sour] <u>Averrhoa bilimbi L.</u>
tubó	(n)	sugar cane. <u>Saccharum officinarum</u>
tángead	(n)	[lemon grass--used for seasoning] <u>Andropogon citratus DC</u>

It is imperative to call to the attention of the Filipino reader that English has a particular phenomenon not generally present in Visayan, namely the occurrence of several levels of vocabulary, such as scientific, general and/or vulgar. In such instances, Aklanon usually has only one term applicable which can be medical, polite or vulgar as the user intends or the situation suggests. By way of example, if an American goes to a doctor, he would have to speak using polite or scientific terms: "I have been moving my bowels more often lately." The same person talking to his friends might come out with the more vulgar: "I'm always shitting." The Aklanon word in either case would be "pandiho". The authors have therefore tried to give as many possible English meanings, but marking them well so that one can understand in which environment the terms are to be used with English speakers:

utó	(n)	flatulence [stf]; bad air [gen]; "fart" [vul]
bótoł	(n)	penis [stf]; male organ [gen]; "cock, prick" [vul]

#### IV. ROOT WORDS AND THEIR DERIVATIONS

Root words or word bases are those words which carry the principal meaning in structures like: táwo(h)/person, pueá(h)/red, káqñ/exit and the like. They are the basic units of meaning from which most other meaningful words grow--that's why they are called "roots", because other words grow from them. In English, root words are not always very easy to locate. It is difficult, for example, to isolate the root in: "food, feed, fed, feast", yet there is something basic to each. In Aklanon, on the other hand, roots are always pretty easy to find. There are, first of all, SIMPLE ROOTS, such as bilin, which does not change its form in: pagbilin, bilinan, binilin. Or tapu in: pagkatapus, tumapus, katapusan. Simple roots never change their form; they can always be found whole. But there also are, secondly, REDUCED ROOTS, which are root words that undergo some sort of change from the simple root form. For example:

ROOT WORD	NEW FORM	REDUCED ROOT
adto	adtunan	*adtuñ
bukid	kabukiran	*bukir
inom	ilimnor	*imn
banwa	kasimanwa	*manwa

sueód	hanueód	*nueód
máyid	kamaeayran	*mayr
tubó	katubwan	*tubw

The first step towards understanding what changes are taking place depends on knowing the different types of affixation the root word can undergo in Aklanon.

AFFIXES are syllables attached to the root word. They can be attached to the root in just about any place: beginning - PREFIXES, middle - INFIXES, including REDUPLICATIONS, or end - SUFFIXES. Affixes make it possible for a root word to get newer, more expanded or expandable meanings. They give form, function and even meaning (beyond the root word's basic meaning). One current theory maintains that Philippine languages have root words which are not members of any particular part of speech; rather, they are roots which can grow into or be used as parts of speech within the sentence. Alone, they have meaning, but not function. There is a good deal of truth in this theory, though more research need be undertaken to see how well it would describe Aklanon and other Philippine languages.

Let us discuss the various affixes one by one:

[pfx] (1) PREFIXES stand before the root word. They are of two sorts--standard prefixes, which are always the very first part of the word:

na---	natapus
nag---	nagbasa(h)
pag---	pagkaon
ma---	maadto

and postpositive prefixes, which come immediately before the root word, but (can) follow the standard prefix:

jka	nagakahueog
jpa	ginapaadto
jpang	nagpangasawa

[ifx] (2) INFIXES are put into the root word, usually after the first consonant [words that seem to begin with vowels actually have an unwritten glottal stop for the first consonant]:

-in--	binakae
-in--	thumok
-um--	umadto
-um--	tumindog

[red] (3) REDUPLICATIONS are the repetition of the first part of the root word. Aklanon has two types of reduplication--repetition of the first consonant and the first vowel of the root word [C<sub>1</sub>V<sub>1</sub>] which is then infixated into the root word, as in:

huya'	makahuhuya'
bakae	mabahakae
buót	kabubút-on
punó'	napupunó'

or the infixation of some consonant (usually the fricative "e" or a nasal) and the repetition of the first vowel of the root word [gV<sub>1</sub> or NV<sub>1</sub>] which is then infixated into the root word, as in:

silak	tig <i>s</i> ilidk.
tahóm	tigtaeanom
saka'	nagasa <u>a</u> ka'
isda'	mangingisda'
uma(h)	mangunguma(h)
bulig	mamu <u>u</u> lig
tahi'	mananah <i>i</i> '

[sfx] (4) SUFFIXES are put after the root word, as in:

simba(h)	simbah <u>an</u>
tinda(h)	tindahan
ádtó	adtunan
lipay	malipay <u>on</u>
táwo(h)	tawoh <u>on</u>
sueát	sueati
bakáe	bakea
daea(h)	daehon

When we go about the business of using root words in speech, we find them growing with regard to both meaning and function. A root word and all of its subsequent possibilities of affixation are what go into the making up of a word's total range, or, more accurately, WORD RANGE. The word range of any given root is the root word itself and all of its derivations. One of the most productive roots in Aklanon is that of tawo(h) which indeed has a large word range:

FORM	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
tawo(h)	noun	person
tinawo	noun	personnel
katawohan	noun	humanity; human race
kinatawohan	noun	birthday
isigkatawo	noun	fellow man
pagkatawo	noun	character; reputation
tawo-tawo	noun	puppet
tawoh <u>on</u>	adjective	inhabited; enchanted
natawo	verb (ST <sup>2</sup> )	born
nagapakatawo	verb (CV)	[be] in birth throes
natawohan	verb (RC3)	[be] born in/at

Sometimes when we go from a simple root to various members of its word range there is a basic change in sound: a vowel may be dropped or changed, consonants may be switched around or changed. Such changes will be described and discussed in a later section (see Unit VII, "THE CASE OF THE MISSING LINKS").

For a native speaker, the problem of finding a root word is simplified in that he can derive it from the sense of the longer form and his own personal experience with the dialect. For a foreign learner, understanding the problems of the sound changes as discussed in Unit VII will be crucial.

## V. AN OUTLINE OF AKLANON'S SIX BASIC GRAMMATICAL FUNCTIONS

1. THE TOPIC (OR FOCAL POINT) of Aklanon sentences is that element of the sentence which the speaker is talking about; emphasizing, or which he considers the most important. For example, in the following situation:

a man  
buying  
bread  
for a child  
at a store  
with some money

an Aklanon speaker can discuss or emphasize any one of those elements [although it is unlikely that any single sentence would include all of the given elements of that situation]. Using, then, the topic marker ro [which is only for common nouns] a sentence could be begun:

Ro eaeaki...	(The man...)
Ro nagabakae...	(The one buying...)
Ro tinapay...	(The bread...)
Ro ungá...	(The child...)
Ro baraka...	(The store...)
Ro kwarta...	(The money...)

depending on what one would want to talk about in the sentence. Of course, depending on what one makes the topic of the sentence, the grammar will change, particularly the verb form; however, we will discuss that later in Section 6 under VERB CENTERS AND FOCUS. For the present, we only need note that the Aklanon sentence usually has a particular topic position and/or topic function.

There are, however, four possible forms for the Aklanon topics, depending on whether the topic is:

1.1. A COMMON NOUN, which is then marked by ro / do.

- [Tm] Ro eaki nagbakae it tinapay. / The man bought bread.  
Ro ungá ginbakeán it dulsi ni Lolo. / Grándezpa bought candy  
for the child.  
Mataas ro kahoy. / The tree is tall.  
Maháe ro motor. / The motorbike is expensive.

1.2. THE NAME OF A PERSON OR A PET, which is then marked by si [singular] or sanday / say [plural].

- [Tm] Nagbakae si Maria it dulsi. / Mary bought [some] candy.  
Nag-ullí sanday Juan. / John (and his companions) went home.  
Maaeam sanday Carlos ag Pedro. / Carl and Peter are smart.

1.3. A PRONOUN, which then would be any TOPIC PRONOUN FORM: akó, ikáw, imáw, kamí, kitá, kamó, sánda.

- [T/pro] Maháe imáw nanda. / He is dear to them.  
Ginbakeán kamó it regalo? / Was a gift bought for you?  
Makanta anay akó. / First I will sing.

1, 4. "A DEMONSTRATIVE, which then would be any TOPIC DEMONSTRATIVE FORM: ráya, ráyon, ranhá, rató.

- [T/dem] Nano ruyon? / What is that?  
Sin-o rató? / Who was that?  
Pila raya? / How much is this?

2. THE PREDICATE of Aklanon sentences is that element of the sentence which the speaker is giving as "news" or details about what the topic is or is doing. The predicate could be an adjective [G. 169-180], as in:

- [adj] Dimot si Antonio. / Anthony is miserly.  
Bata pa ako. / I am still young.  
Tawohon kuno ro kahoy ngara. / This tree is said to be inhabited.  
Makadueuyog ro tukar. / The music was soperific.  
Matambok sanday Agnes. / Agnes (and the others) are fat.

or, a verb [G. 55-98], as in:

- [RV] Nagaagto ako sa Manila. / I'm going to Manila.  
Gin-inóm baé nimo ro bueóng? / Did you really drink the medicine?

which we shall discuss in more detail in Section 6.

3. THE ASSOCIATE is a technical term used to describe several types of constructions, namely:

(a) constructions showing possession or ownership:

- [poss] Akong ayam rondaya. / This is my dog.  
Mabahé ro bintana' ku baéy. / The window of the house is large.

(b) constructions describing the doer of an action in sentences or clauses where the doer is not the topic [that is, stressed or emphasized]:

- [A/] Ro tinapay ginbaké ku eaeaki. / The man bought the bread.  
Inangkit ro ayam ku kuring. / The dog was bitten by the cat.

(c) constructions describing the instrument of an action in sentences or clauses where the instrument is not the topic:

- Pinatáy ro sawá it bunáe. / The snake was killed with a whip.  
Ginbakean ro eapsag it gatas ku kwartang nabilin ni Nanay. / Milk was bought for the baby with the money that Momma left-behind.

English has equivalents for the possessive use of the associate, but there is no exact or idiomatic equivalent which captures the exact sense of the Aklanon idiom with unemphasized actors or instruments.

Just as for the topic position, there are four possible forms for Aklanon associates, depending on whether the associate is:

3.1. A COMMON NOUN, which is then marked by ku [when specific, meaning "the"] or it [when general, meaning "a/an"].

- [Am] Binaligya' ku meyor ro baeay. / The house was sold by the mayor.  
Naduea' ro kwarta ku unga'. / The child's money was lost.

3, 2. THE NAME OF A PERSON OR A PET, which is then marked by ni [singular] or nanday / nay [plural].

- [Am] May mansa ro eambong ni Ana. / Anne's dress has a stain.  
Kinaon nanday Julio ro mga eangka'. / Julius (and his friends) ate up the jackfruits.  
Mauli' kami ni Paul. / Paul and I will go home.

There is an alternate associate form which comes before (rather than after) the noun or verb if goes with: ay [singular] or anday [plural]

- [Am] May mansa ro ay Ana nga eambong. / Anne's dress has a stain.  
Anday Julio nga kinaon ro mga eangka'. / Julius (and his friends) ate up the jackfruits.

3, 3. A PRONOUN, which then would be any ASSOCIATE PRONOUN FORM: akon, imo, ana, amon, aton, inyo, anda, if coming before the noun or phrase it goes with.

- [A/pro] Akong tiya ron. / That is my aunt.  
Pila ro imong idad? / What (how much) is your age?  
Ana dató? / Is that his?

or the alternate forms: nakon/ko, nimo/mo, nana/na, namon, naton, ninyo, nanda, if coming after the noun or phrase it goes with.

- [A/pro] Gibakáe nakon ro sueá'. / I bought the food.  
Rató ro asawa mo? / Is that your wife?  
Kan-on ta ro dulsi. / Let's (you and I) eat the candy.

3, 4. A DEMONSTRATIVE, which then would have the standard ku marker along with the topic forms: kuraya, kuruyon, kuranhá', kurato.

- [A/dem] Gibakáe ro eambong kurayang ungá'. / This child bought the shirt.

When the demonstratives are used adjectively, to modify nouns, there is another set: ngará, ngarón, nganhá', ngató.

- [A/dec] Anyo ro baeay ngará? / Whose house is this?  
Ginasto eagi nakon ro kwarta ngato. / I spent that money right away.

4. THE OBJECT refers to the direct object or goal of an action when not emphasized by the speaker or made the topic of a sentence. Aklanon exhibits a curious phenomenon in that there are no distinct object markers or forms for persons or pronouns, only for common nouns. The object marker for a COMMON NOUN is it.

- [O/] Nagbakáe si David it singsing. / David bought a ring.  
[Om] Owá' ákó it kwarta. / I don't have any money.

Sometimes, the associate marker ku can double for the object marker, particularly with the meaning or sense of a specific object ("the..."):

- [Am] — Nagbakáe imáw ku singsing. / He bought the ring.  
Nakainóm ka ku gatas ngarón? / Have you drunk that milk?

As mentioned, persons and pronouns cannot be made the direct receivers of an action; instead of using an object form, an indirect object form [REFERENT] is used.

The object marker also has an ADVERBIAL USE by joining what would normally be an adjective to the verb, as in the following examples:

- [adv]      Kaon it mayád. / Eat well.  
              Kanta it mabaskog. / Sing loudly.  
              Nagahámbae imaw it mabakas. / He speaks quickly.

The object marker also has a PARENTHETICAL USE, particularly with the basic pronoun forms [G. 168]:

- [par]      Indi' tang magpati. / I won't believe it.  
              Kahinay ta kimo. / You are so slow.

5. THE REFERENT is a technical term used to describe any of several types of constructions, namely:

(a) constructions showing the indirect object of an action [person to whom something is done]:

- [R/]      Gíntaó nana kimo ro regalo? / Did he give you the gift?  
              May akon nga ginahambae sa mga ungá. / I have something to say to the children.  
              Ginpadaea ron sa ákong ginikanan. / That was sent to my parents.

(b) constructions showing the beneficiary of an action [person for whom something is done]:

- [ben]      Para sa makasasaea ro pagkonfesár. / Confession is for sinners.  
              Nagbakáe imaw it dulsi para sa anang ungá. / He bought candy for his child.

(c) constructions showing the place or location of an action:

- [loc]      Naglarga sanda sa Manila. / They left for Manila.  
              Maulí' imaw sa Kalibo. / He will return to Kalibo.  
              Inaywan don-nakon sa baeáy. / I left that at home.

The nearest equivalent to the Aklanon Referent in English is a good part of the prepositional system ("at, on, by, in, to, for"). However, where the English prepositions are exact, the Visayan referent is vague. For example, "at home, in the house, to the house, into the house" would all be "sa baeáy" in Aklanon.

As with the topic and associate, there are four possible forms for the Aklanon referents, depending on whether the referent is:

5.1. A COMMON NOUN, which is then marked by sa.

- [Rm]      Ginbakáe ko ra sa tindahan. / I bought this at the market.  
              Nakahambae eon akó sa maestra. / I already spoke to the teacher.  
              Daeha ron para sa manghog mo. / Carry that for your younger brother.

5.2. THE NAME OF A PERSON OR A PET, which is then marked by kay [singular] or kanday [plural].

- Paadtuna imaw kay Filipé. / Have him go to [see] Philip.

[Rm] Itaó mo ro tueun-an kay Feli. / Give the book to Fely.  
Rayang eukás hay para kanday Fe. / This gift is for Fay and the others.

5.3. A PRONOUN, which then would be any REFERENT PRONOUN FORM:  
kakon, kimo, kana, kamon, katon, kinyo, kanda.

[R/pro] Naila'ka kana? / Do you like her?  
Una' kanda ro kwarta. / The money is [there] with them.  
Obraha ron para kamon. / Do that for us.  
Itaó eagi kakon ro kwafta. / Give me the money immediately.

5.4. A DEMONSTRATIVE, which then would be a REFERENT DEMONSTRATIVE FORM if and only if it shows the goal or object of the action. The forms for this slot are: kará, karón, kaná', kató. [G.163]

[R/dem] Akó nag-obra kató. / I made that.  
Ikáw ro nakasueát kará? / Were you the one that wrote this?  
Taw-i man imáw karón. / Give him that.

However, if a location or place is intended or related, the demonstrative forms are no longer possible in this position. Instead, one of the LOCATIVE DEICTICS must be used: riya, runa', rinhá', ritó. [G.185-86]

[loc] Maeamíg kunó ritó sa America. / They say that it's cold over there in America.  
[dec] Hin-unó pa inháw maabót diya? / When will it be that he arrives here?  
Rinhá' eon kimo ro regalo? / Is the gift already there with you?

The referent sa also has two other important uses:

5.5. Sa can be used with the names of days or months or with periods of time to denote FUTURE TIME:

sa Miyerkoles / on Wednesday  
sa Hulyo / in July  
sa daywa pang oras / in two more hours

5.6. Sa is also used with the associate marker ku or the object marker it to make up phrases called SPATIAL RELATORS:

sa ibabaw it lamesa / on top of the table  
sa pihak it bukid / on the other side of the mountain  
sa tabók it kalye / across the street

6. VERBAL CENTERS are probably the most important aspect of Aklanon grammar. For one reason, because Aklanon verbs are so very different from those of English or any Western language. For another, because verbs are the most important part of any utterance. One cannot speak long in sentences which have no verbs. Verbs are present--really or implied--in almost every utterance.

Aklanon verbs are idiomatically quite different from those of English. In English we are used to thinking of three attributes in verbs:

(1) TENSE -- which relates verbs to the actual time when they happen:

present: "I buy"  
past: "I bought"  
future: "I will buy"

(2) MODE -- which grammar teachers usually discussed under "helping verbs" such as "might, can, could, should" and so on.

(3) VOICE -- which grammar teachers usually divide into:

active: "I bought the bread."  
passive: "The bread was bought by me."

In Aklanon, however, one must get used to thinking of different attributes in verbs:

(1) ASPECT -- which tells whether an action has begun or not, or whether it got finished or not, and not always with some clear division into present, past or future.

(2) MODE -- which tells whether an action is actual or merely possible:

actual: "I build houses." [ga]  
possible: "I can build houses." [ka]

or whether an action is intentional, accidental or obligatory:

intentional: "I tore up the paper."  
accidental: "The paper [accidentally] got torn."  
obligatory: "Tear up the paper." [command form]

(3) FOCUS -- which is an idiom of the language whereby one can talk about or stress any basic sentence element: associate, object, actor, or referent.

Let us take up a point by point discussion of each of these verbal elements.

A. ASPECT IN AKLANON is not intended to tell time, but rather to indicate the degree to which an action is completed. It is often coincidental that Visayan aspect forms seem to match English tense forms, though there are also some striking differences. For example, nag- shows that an action was begun and completed; in both logic and meaning it parallels the simple English past tense: nagbakte / bought. However, the naga- form denotes that an action was begun but was not completed. Sometimes it parallels the English present progressive or simple present tense: nagabakte / is buying, buys; but it can also parallel the English past progressive tense, as in:

Pag-abót nana sa tindahan, nagabakte akó it tinaipay. / When he arrived at the market, I was buying bread.

It could also be used to signify a continuing action in future time, as in:

Makahuhuya' kon umabót imáw ag nagakaon kami. / It would be so embarrassing if he were to arrive and we would be eating.

Because of these differences, it is necessary to discuss the Aklanon forms one by

one and give all their connotations and denotations in English. Please bear with us if we use unfamiliar terminology [like "imperfective" or "conditioned"] because the forms themselves are unfamiliar and represent brand new elements of grammar, not at all taken in English grammars. It is hoped that the examples will clarify what the technical jargon represents.

A.1. THE IMPERFECTIVE [naga---, gina---] shows that an action has begun but that it is not yet completed. The actual time of the action is not clear in the verb itself, since it usually depends on other time indicators in the clause or sentence. If no other time indicator occurs, then the imperfective can be taken to describe an action in the present. The imperfective has three connotations in English:

A1.1. a PRESENT or CURRENT ACTION--

Nagapanindahán sanda makarón. / They are marketing now.  
Nagapanabas akó. / I am on my way to Nabas.  
Nagakaón pa sanda. / They are still eating.

A1.2. a HABITUAL ACTION--

Nagapangisda' kami adlaw-adlaw? / Do you fish every day?  
Permi ako nagakaon it humay. / I always eat rice.

A1.3. a CONTINUING OR PROGRESSIVE ACTION in the past or future time:

Pag-abót nana, nagaebá kami sa subá'. / When he arrived, we were washing at the river. [progressive action in past]  
Manami' kon pagsueód nana nagakanta eon kitá. / It would be nice if when he comes in we will already be singing. [continuing future action]

A.2. THE PERFECTIVE [nag---, gin---] shows that an action has begun, and that it is completed. It is parallel to the simple past tense of English:

Nagsimba kami kahapon. / We went to church yesterday.  
Ginbaligya' nanda ro andang baéy. / They sold their house.

Very often the Aptative prefixes [naka---, kina---, na---] are used with the particle eon to show that an action is already finished or recently finished. (see B2, 3).

A.3. THE FUTURE [maga---, ma---, i---, ---on, ---an] shows that an action has not yet begun, but that it is expected to begin. It has three connotations in English:

A3.1. a FUTURE OR ANTICIPATED ACTION--

Mapalibawán akó. / I will wash up.  
Maulí' ka? / Will you go home?  
Ibaligya' pa nimo ra? / Will you still sell this?

A3.2. a LIMITED OR DETERMINED ACTION following such verb determiners or particles as:

[V. det]

bago / before, prior to  
basi' ✓ maybe, perhaps  
basta' / provided that, so long as  
kon / if; when, whenever

The connotations will depend then on the particle used:

Basi' mahueog ka. / You might fall.

Basta' maapas kamó, mauna lang kami. / So long as you will come later, we'll just go ahead.

Pwede nákon mabilin ró akong dinaeá? / May I leave my things here?

### A3.3. POLITE COMMANDS OR EXHORTATIONS

Mos, matan-aw kitá it sine. / Come on, let's go see a movie.

Limpyohán mo anay ró aparadór. / First clean out the cabinet.  
Itaó mo anay kakon don. / Please give that to me.

### A.4. THE DEPENDENT FORM of the verb is roughly equivalent to the English infinitive. It follows certain particles, such as:

[V. det]

mayad / it would be good to...

dapat / should; it would be best to...

naila' / like to...; want to...

naanad / used to...; accustomed to...

kinahangean / must; is necessary to...

Naila' akó mag-adto sa Amerika. / I would like to go to America.

Dapat nga ikáw magkangay' kána. / You should invite him.

Kinahangean nga ako mág-obra kara. / I must do this.

Naanad eon ako magsigarilyo. / I'm already used to smoking.

These four previously discussed aspects refer to positive statements, that is, statements of fact that do not have any negative particles in them. Whenever a negative gets into an Aklanon sentence, the grammar changes considerably, particularly in the object focuses. It is important to look at the three different types of negative or conditioned aspects used with indi' and owa'.

### A.5. THE PRESENT CONDITIONED OR NEGATIVE FORM [ga---, gi---#] is used when certain question particles (such as sín, mauno) or the negative owa' occur in the clause or sentence and denote present time or habitual action:

Owa' kami gabaligya at ilog adlaw-adlaw. / We don't sell eggs every day.

Owa' nakon gibakeá ró singsing, glnatan-aw eang. / I'm not buying the ring, I'm just looking at it.

Sín nimo gieabhi ró umog. / Where do you wash the dirty laundry.

### A.6. THE PAST CONDITIONED OR NEGATIVE FORM [mag---, pag---#] is used when certain question particles or the negative owa' occur in the sentence and denote past time:

Owa' akó mag-adto kahapon. / I didn't go yesterday.

Owa' rón nakon paghambaeá. / I didn't say that.

Sín nana igbutang ró kwarta? / Where did he put the money?

### A.7. THE FUTURE CONDITIONED OR NEGATIVE FORM [mag---, pag---#] is used when certain question particles or the negative indi' occur in the clause and denote future time:

Indi' akó magpati. / I won't believe [that].

Basi' anang igbaligya' ró baeay. / He might sell the house.

Indi' napa pagbakeón ro baeoe. / He won't buy the salted fish.

A, 8. There is a final verb form, often described as a **PARTICIPLE** [pag---] which is a common Visayan idiom. It has two important uses:

A8, 1. It can show past time or completed action in dependent clauses:

Pag-abót ni Tatay, mapanaw dayon kita. / When Daddy comes, then we'll leave.

Pagkakaon namon, umabót ro, bisita. / When we had finished eating the visitor arrived.

A8, 2. It is also commonly used to make gerunds or verbal nouns:

pagbasa	reading
pagsueat	writing
paghambae	speaking
pagkaon	food, edibles

B. **MODE** is the second basic attribute of Aklanon verbs. Whereas mode is usually shown in English by the "helping verbs" [can; should, shall, will, may] Visayan verbs have mode right in the very affixes attached to the root word. There are four basic modes in Aklanon.

B, 1. **THE SIMPLE MODE** states the simple fact or occurrence of an action, whether it occurred or did not occur. All the nine aspects just discussed are in the simple mode. Note the various aspect prefixes in different focuses, and how the g- occurs to show the simple mode:

imperfective	naga---	gina---
perfective	nag---	gin---
future	maga---	paga---
dependent/cond.	mag---	pag---

B, 2. **THE ABILITY OR APTATIVE MODE** states the possibility of an action, much like the "can" or "could" helping verbs of English. Instead of having some nine different aspect forms, the ability mode only has two basic forms, based on the prefix ka--- [although the other focuses can evidence up to four, based on ha---]:

- naka--- (could), expressing past time [REAL]  
maka--- (can), expressing present or future time [UNREAL]

The English translations of "could" or "can" do not always apply to these forms since they have more connotations than those forms of English. Some of the ideas that can be expressed with the ability mode in Aklanon are:

B2, 1. It can express the idea of the English modals "can" or "could" in the sense of physically being capable or able of doing something:

Makaeangoy ka? / Can you swim?

Owá' imáw nakadacea karón tungód nga mabug-at. / He couldn't carry that since it was [too] heavy.

Binaril imáw sa siki, ogaling makatiág eon man imáw. / He was shot in the leg, however now he can walk again.

B2, 2. It can express the meaning "have an opportunity to do" or "succeed in doing":

Nakapasár akó sa iksamin. / I succeeded in passing the exam.  
Makatuún pa akó ay may eskolarsip. / I still have an opportunity to study since I have a scholarship.

B2, 3. The prefix naka--- is quite often used with the particle eon to denote recent perfectivity as expressed by the English helping verbs "have" or "has":

Nakakita' eon kamó it padrino? / Have you already found a sponsor?  
Naleakaon eon sanda? / Have they eaten yet?  
Nakaadto ka eon sa Bagyo? / Have you already gone to Baguio?

B2, 4. The aptative can also express some degree of accidentality, either unintentional or coincidental:

Anó ro nakamansáku eambong kó? / What [accidentally] stained my shirt?  
Basi' makasubeang kamó it mueto sa daean. / You might [coincidentally] meet a ghost on the road.  
Nakasakáy akó sa dyip nga indí' paadto sa Tangaeán. / I [accidentally] got on a jeep that wasn't bound for Tangalan.

B, 3. THE HAPPENSTANCE MODE [with the prefix hi---] states than an action takes place by happenstance or chance:

Basi' hiadto ka? / Might you get a chance to go?  
Siin hidadakpi ro 'isda' kundi' sa ba-ba'? / Where else might one catch a fish but by the mouth? [Aklanon maxim]  
Maeaká' hikit-an, maeumó hilipatán. / Seldom seen, easily forgotten.

B, 4.. THE IMPERATIVE OR COMMAND MODE expresses a command or an order. As in English, the true command form does not express the subject "you". Usually only the verb and the object or indirect object are expressed. However, the imperative mode brings us ahead in our discussion since an understanding of FOCUS is essential. Briefly put, there are four types of command forms depending on the subject or topic of the sentence. If one is talking about: the actor, the instrument, the goal or object, or the referent, then one of four imperative forms must be chosen.

B4, 1. FOCUS ON THE ACTOR--

Bakáe it tinapay. / Buy some bread.  
Paghipos anay kamo. / Please be quiet.

B4, 2. FOCUS ON THE INSTRUMENT or OBJECT FOCUS #2--

Ibakáe ro kwartang una' sa lamesa. / Buy [it] with the money on the table. [focus on instrument]  
Butangán don sa aparadór. / Put that in the cabinet. [focus on object]

B4, 3. FOCUS ON THE DIRECT OBJECT or OBJECT FOCUS #1--

Daeha ron. / Bring that.

B4, 4. FOCUS ON THE REFERENT or OBJECT FOCUS #3--

Bakel akó it saewae. / Buy me [a pair of] trousers. [referent]  
Obrahí akó it singsing. / Make a ring for me. [referent]  
Eabhi ro eambong. / Wash the dress. [focus on object]  
Bayari ring utang. / Pay your debt. [focus on object]

### C. GENERAL EXPLANATION OF FOCUS.

When things happen in the world, they do not happen alone. They are relative to many factors. Any action is not merely related to itself in terms of the vocabulary used to describe it. For example, kaon or eat can never happen by itself. The process of eating happens:

- at a certain **TIME**: perhaps in the morning (then we have the special term "breakfast" or "pamahaw" to describe it), at noontime ("lunch" or "ilabas"), or in the evening ("supper" or "ihapon"). Because all actions happen in time something in every sentence must indicate time. We have seen how Aklanon **ASPECT** can handle time situations to some degree, particularly with the help of other time words.
- in a certain **PLACE OR LOCATION**: perhaps we eat in the dining room or the kitchen, at a picnic, or at the beach. The place of an action is not always said, but it is always understood.
- with a definite **ACTOR**: perhaps you or I am eating, perhaps Jose or Maria, or maybe a man or a child or a kitten. We have seen how Aklanon has pronouns, special markers for common nouns or the names of persons or pets.
- with a definite **OBJECT**: perhaps rice, meat, vegetables, bread or candy.
- with some sort of **INSTRUMENT**: one eats with one's hands, or else with a spoon or fork; we also use plates and bowls.

Still other verbs have other **SITUATIONAL DETAILS**, expressed or implied, such as indirect objects, beneficiaries, causes, agents, causers and so on.

In Aklanon, the speaker may discuss any one of the situational details he wishes to. The idiom of the dialect then forces him to choose any one of four basic focuses: he must make the situational detail he so chooses the topic of the sentence--then the verb and all the other sentence elements must agree with it. This is precisely the whole idea of **FOCUS**. Focus is an agreement relationship which consists of a verb form and related function-marked phrases that reveal the emphasis patterns of the speaker. It is an agreement relationship because the entire construction is bound together in grammatical relationship to itself, independent of any other forms outside of the construction, and the various elements of the construction are tightly tied together. The elements of the **VERBAL CENTER** in Aklanon are universally:

1. a topic phrase—which could be any situational role;
2. a verb—with its proper focus affixes depending on the situational role represented in the topic phrase;
3. other related associate, object or referent phrases marked according to the situational roles they represent, giving one or more of the situational details.

CHART: Situational Details in Focus and Non-Focus Constructions--

<u>SITUATIONAL DETAIL/ROLE</u>	<u>FOCUS USED</u>	<u>IN-FOCUS FUNCTION</u>	<u>NON-FOCUS FUNCTION</u>
<b>ACTORS:</b> - actor - agent - causer	Actor Object #1 Actor	topic topic topic	associate referent associate
<b>ASSOCIATES:</b> - instrument - companion - reason - indirect reason	Instrument Instrument Instrument Referent	topic topic topic topic	associate associate associate [prep] referent
<b>GOALS:</b> - direct object	Object #1-3 [RV1, RV2, or RV3]	topic	depends on idiom object [indefinite] associate [definite] referent [names, pronouns, dem.]
- conveyed object - partial object	Object #2 Object #3	topic topic	associate referent
<b>REFERENTS:</b> - beneficiary - benefaction - location/place - indirect object	Referent Instrument Referent Referent	topic topic topic topic	<u>para - referent</u> <u>para - referer</u> referent referent
<b>TIME:</b> - past - present - <del>future</del>	XX Instrument. Instrument	XX topic topic	associate <u>ku</u> object <u>it</u> referent <u>sa</u>

Refer to the following chart for the verb forms used in each respective focus.  
 Refer to the GRAMMAR, pp. 76-95, 141-54, 157-63, for a more complete explanation of all of these functions and terms.

CHART OF VERBAL INFLECTION IN ALL FOCUSES. Not all of these affixes can be used with every verb root. Please consult the explanation of the various classes of Regular Verbs (RV1-RV9) in the next unit.

	--- (Subjective) --- F O C U S --- (Objective) ---			
	ACTOR	INSTRUMENT	OBJECT	REFERENT
	Doer	Object #2	Object #1	Object #3
<u>SIMPLE MODE</u>				
IMPERFECTIVE	(na)ga---	gina---	gina---#	gina---an
PERFECTIVE	nag---	gin---	gin---#	gin---an
EXPECTED	mānog---	inog---	-g V <sub>1</sub> --on	-g V <sub>1</sub> --an
FUTURE	maga---	i(ga)--	(paga)---on	(paga)---an
DEPENDENT	mag---	i---	---on	---an
PRES. COND.	ga---	gi---(an)	gi---a	gi---i
PAST COND.	mag--	pag---an	pag---a	pag---i
FUT. COND.	mag--	ig---	pag---on	pag---an
PARTICIPLE	pag--			
<u>ABILITY MODE</u>				
REAL	naka---	kina---	naha---#	naha---an
UNREAL	maka---	ika---	ma(ha)---#	ma(ha)---an
PARTICIPLE	pagka---			
<u>HAPPENSTANCE</u>				
REAL	(na)hi---	(na)hi---	(na)hi---#	(na)hi---an
UNREAL	(ma)hi---	(ma)hi---	(ma)hi---#	(ma)hi---an
PARTICIPLE	paghi---			
<u>IMPERATIVE</u>				
COMMAND	pag---	---an	---a	---i
	-um--	---		
	mag---	---		

Consult the grammar, page 95, for a more complete list.

C,1. THE ACTOR FOCUS stresses or makes the actor or doer of the action the focal point of the sentence. It is most frequently used:

in questions, except those about one and what he is doing:

Sin ka gaagto? / Where are you going?

Ham-an nag-intra ka sa Piyskor? / Why did you join the Peace Corps?

Kan-o ka mag-abot? / When did you arrive?

Hin-uno sanda mauli'? / When will they return?

in almost all answers or statements about oneself or another, particularly about what one is doing:

Nagabasa imaw. / He is reading.

Nakaobra eon akó ku repórt. / I already did the report.

Manogsimba sanda. / They plan to go to church.

or generally in sentences where the verb and the doer are the point of emphasis:

Kanta it mabaskog. / Sing loudly.

Kaon it mayad. / Eat well.

Makaeangoy ka? / Can you swim?

Antigo ka magtukár it piano? / Do you know how to play the piano?

C,2. THE OBJECT FOCUS #1 is used:

to stress the direct object of those verbs belonging to the first class [see next unit]:

Ginabakde ko ro baboy. / I am buying the pig.

Bue-on ko ra. / I'll take this.

whenever the direct object or goal of the verb (RVI) is a definite or explicit thing:

Gineaha' nana ro karne. / He cooked the meat.

Daeha ron. / Bring that.

in questions about what one is doing, particularly when ano represents the direct object and the verb root is RVI:

Ano ro imong ginabasa? / What are you reading?

Ano ring ginausoy? / What are you looking for?

Ano ring bue-on? / What will you take?

in commands using RVI roots where the direct object is the most sensible item to stress or talk about:

Pritoha ro karne. / Fry the meat.

Daeha ron kay Nanay. / Bring that to Momma.

Hueatá akó. / Wait for me.

in questions about who, particularly when sin-o represents the direct object and the verb root is RVI:

Sin-o ring ginausoy? / Whom are you looking for?

Sin-o ro andang hueaton? / Whom will they wait for?

In connected discourse when the object of the action is already stated or known:

Kato anay nakakita' ako it sambatong pispis, binaril ko,  
linaha' ko, kinaon ko. / Once upon a time I saw a bird; I  
shot it, cooked it, and ate it.

Bue-a anay ro tueun-an sa lamesa. Daehon mo kay Rene,  
ay basahon kuno nana. / Please get the book on the table  
and bring it to Rene since he said he will read it.

Altogether, some six different uses for the OBJECT FOCUS have been outlined:  
These uses do not only apply to Object Focus #1, but to any verb which takes an object.  
However, not all verbs that have direct objects or goals can be conjugated according  
to the forms for Object Focus #1. Some verbs stressing their goals must follow the  
conjugation of Object Focus #2 or #3, depending on the idiom of the dialect. Note this  
in the next two explanations (C, 3 and C, 4), and also in the next unit under the explanation  
of Regular verbs.

C, 3. THE INSTRUMENT FOCUS or OBJECT FOCUS #2 is used idiomatically  
to stress the direct object of those verbs belonging to RV2 [the second verb class].  
Hence, the uses parallel those outlined just previously under Object Focus #1.

Ginabaligya' ko ro bāboy. / I am selling the pig.  
Itago' ko ra. / I'll put this away.  
Ibutáng na ron sa lamesa. / He will put that on the table.  
Anō ring ginahambae? / What are you saying?  
Anō ring itaç? / What will you give?  
Hاتdán imáw sa baeäy. / Accompany him home.  
Sugirán do balita'. / Tell the news.  
Sin-o ro ginaebong? / Who is being buried?

The same forms of this focus are used to show the INSTRUMENTS OF AN ACTION:

Ro kwarta ibakæ ko it saging. / I'll use the money to buy bananas.  
Isueát mo ro lapis ngará. / Write with this pencil.  
Ro anwang ikaarado sa eanas. / This carabao can be used for  
plowing the field.  
Ieabá mo ro sabón nga "Tide". / Use the Tide soap for laundering.

C, 4. THE REFERENT FOCUS or OBJECT FOCUS #3 is used idiomatically  
to stress the direct object of those verbs belonging to RV3 [the third verb class] and  
also RV4 [the fourth verb class]. The uses parallel those outlined previously under  
Object Focus #1:

Ginabantayán ko ro kwarta. / I am watching the money.  
Bisitahi kami permi. / Always visit us.  
Anō ring ginabayaran? / What are you paying for?  
Sin-o raa ginkaila-an? / Whom did he court?

The same forms of this focus are used to show the REFERENCES OF AN ACTION, particularly  
the indirect objects, the beneficiaries, or the locations:

Obr. hi ako it repórt. / Make a report for me.  
Partíhi imaw ku tñensya. / Share the inheritance with him.  
Manila ro anwang ginapaeangpan. / Manila is where they are headed.

VI. THE BASIC PARTS OF SPEECH IN AKLANON can be outlined as verbs, nouns, adjectives, adverbs, function markers and particles. A detailed outline of them relating to the abbreviations used in this dictionary would be useful.

A. REGULAR VERBS [G. 90-92] However, a revised treatment—

RV1 A.1.1. Verbs of Class 1 are transitive; when taking a direct object unemphasized it or ku are used, emphasized with OF#1; they can show instruments with ku or IF; referents are shown with sa or RF.

Example roots: bakáe, daeá(h), piritoh, bué, hueát, inóm.  
Basic forms:

FUTURE: bakeon, daehon, piritohon, bue-on, hueaton, imnon  
COMMAND: bakea, daeha, piritoha, bue-a, hueatá, imna

See Chart for Object Focus #1 on page 22.

RV2 A.1.2. Verbs of Class 2 are transitive; when taking a direct object unemphasized ku is usually used, emphasized with OF#2; they can show instruments with ku or IF; referents are shown with sa or RF.

Example roots: baligya', eubóng, butáng, hatód, pilák, stígid.  
Basic forms:

FUTURE: ibaligya', ieubóng, ibutáng, ihatód, ipilák, isígid.  
COMMAND: baligya-án, eúbngan, butangán, hárdañ, etc.

RV3 A.1.3. Verbs of Class 3 are transitive; they may show a direct object with either it or sa, emphasized with OF#3; sometimes instruments can be shown with ku or IF; referents are shown with sa or RF. Example roots: eában, hugásan, bútan, bantayán, upákan.

Basic forms:

FUTURE: eában, hugásan, bútan, bantayán, upákan  
COMMAND: eábhi, hugási, búti; bantayí, upáki

RV4 A.1.4. Verbs of Class 4 are also transitive, but they only show a direct object with sa, emphasized with OF#3. They do not take instruments generally; referents are shown with sa or RF.

Example roots: lingkod, eubóg, hibayág, haro-án, sakáy

Basic forms:

FUTURE: lingkorán, eúgban, hibáyan, haro-án, sakáyan  
COMMAND: lingkorí, eúgbí, hibáyi, haro-i, sakáyi

RV5 A.1.5. Verbs of Class 5 are basically transitive, but the direct object is generally unstated and bound up with the meaning of the verb. The AF is generally the only conjugation, though sometimes RF can be used to show locations or other referents, sa when unemphasized. Example roots: bong, béysbol, mádyong, sigaríyo, kánta(h), sáot. Many distributive verbs fit into this verb class: pangisda', pangahoy, pangamíyo', pangamóti, pamutóng, etc.

- RV6 A.1,6. Verbs of Class 6 are intransitive verbs of motion (or sometimes state of being) and usually do not express any location. The AF is generally the only conjugation used, though sometimes instruments or referents occur in or out of focus constructions.  
Example roots: aringking, alagwa, daeagan, baktas, panaw.
- RV7 A.1,7. Verbs of Class 7 are inanimate and intransitive. They are set apart grammatically from other verb classes because the pronoun forms and the si / sanday forms can never be used with these verbs. AF is generally used; the RF or sa phrases show various locations or referents. These verbs are often used in causative jpa- constructions (CV), to show a person's causing of such an inanimate action.  
Example roots: ueán, bukáe, ilög, asáw-asáw, daedgdug, 1gpat.
- RV8 A.1,8. Verbs of Class 8 are intransitive and always have plural doers. They are grammatically set apart from other verb classes because they can never be used with any singular actor or doer; hence the singular pronouns [ako, ikaw, imaw] and the si marker can never be used with these verbs--they must always describe the action of two or more subjects.  
Example roots: imaw, anggisód, sugilánon, saeabtánan, kasundó.
- RV9 A.1,9. Verbs of Class 9 are intransitive verbs of motion which contain the location or place of the action or motion within the root. Generally they are made up of the jpa- idiomatic motion prefix. AF only.  
Example roots: paNábas, pákálibo, paeapit, paeayó', tabuli'.
- A. CAUSATIVE VERBS [G. 99-105]**
- CV A.2,0. Any verb root can be made into a causative by the simple addition of the jpa- postpositive prefix, signifying that instead of doing an action, a person has the action done by someone else. Instead of a direct actor, then, there is a causer. Three idiomatic English equivalents are: "let, have, make" with psychological overtones. Certain grammatical changes take place, making the causatives much easier to handle than the Regular Verbs. Instead of nine conjugations, there is only one. AF signifies the causer, IF the object or instrument, OF the agent, and RF=any referents. Sometimes causatives are not predictable in their English translations because English has a separate verb root:

kaon / eat	pakaon / feed
sayod / know	pasayod / notify
kita' / see, find	pakita' / demonstrate, show
daeá(h) / bring	padaeá(h) / send
dumdum / think	padumdum / remind
hueam / borrow	pahueam / lend
tam-is / sweet	patam-is / sweeten

### A. DISTRIBUTIVE VERBS [G. 106-08]

- DV A. 3, 0. Most verb roots can be made into a distributive by the simple addition of the pang- prepositive prefix (with accompanying consonant reduction). The distributive denotes that in some way or another the action or the object of the action is distributed or spread out in time or in quantity, or that the action involves a process of several activities or actions:

asawa	pangasawa / go through the process of getting married (courtship and all)
tinda(h)	panindahan / go marketing
simba(h)	panimba(h) / worship
taó	panaç / give several things
kuto	panghingutó / take lice from hair
kahoy	pangahóy / gather wood
hueog	panghueog / drop several things
bakáe	pamakáe / go shopping; buy many things
kita'	pangita' / earn a living

### A. STATIVE VERBS [G. 120-29] However, a revised treatment--

- ST1 A. 4, 1. Stative verbs of Class 1 describe most internal feelings and emotions. They are conjugated according to the forms of Object Focus #1 in all aspects, however they have Actor Focus meaning. Example roots: gutóm, tuyóg, góy, úhaw, ásla(h), hidlaw.
- ST2 A. 4, 2. Stative verbs of Class 2 describe internal feelings, emotions, and physical conditions. They are only conjugated according to the forms of the Aptative and Happenstance of Object Focus #1, in effect only having the prefixes: na, ma, hi, ha. Example roots: ákig, hádlok, illa', mádla', matáy, táwo, túoog.
- ST3 A. 4, 3. Stative verbs of Class 3 are generally intransitive and inanimate and describe accidental happenings. They only have the conjugation of the Aptative and Happenstance of Object Focus #1. Example roots: buká', gísi', humán, sámad, wasák, pusa'
- ST4 A. 4, 4. Stative verbs of this class describe physical afflictions to/of the human body. They generally have Object Focus #1 forms but with object focus or passive meanings. They are considered stative verbs because the roots are not generally conjugated with AF forms. Example roots: btiag, púling, sakit, níha(h), patáy, kita', síp-or.
- ST5 A. 4, 5. Stative verbs of Class 5 describe internal reactions or psychological states derived from external phenomena. Whenever a person is made to think of or feel the effect of some experience, any verb root can be conjugated according to this form, as well as many noun and adjective roots. The idiom is very, very common in Aklanon; yet idiomatic English equivalents are hard to find or translate. The

conjugation of Class 5 is identical to that of Referent Focus [see page 22]. Some examples of the use of these idioms are:

- Nabastosan ako ku imong ginhambae. / I was grossed out by what you said.  
Natam-isan ako ku dulsi. / I found the candy extremely sweet.  
Naeayo-an ako ku biyahi. / I felt the distance of the journey.  
Naduea-an ako it kwarta. / I suffered the loss of some money.  
Nawad-an sanda it unga'. / They suffered the loss of a child.

STQ A. 4, 6. Many verbs can have the Itag- prefix to describe a feeling of or for, or an urge to do something:

- Natag-ihî ako. / I feel like urinating.  
Natagsaot sanda. / They feel like dancing.  
Natandiho' imaw. / He has to move his bowels.

#### A. VERBS OF RELATIONSHIP [G. 111-12]

REL.v A. 5, 0. Many words describing a relationship can be prefixed with mag- or nag-:

- Mag-amigo sonda. / They are friends.  
Mag-igkampod kit . / We are cousins.  
Nagkilaea eon kami. / We were already introduced.

These verbs have a plural form with the -gV<sub>1</sub>- infix describing the relationship of three or more:

- Pila kamong magmaeanghod? / How many brothers and sisters do you have?  
Magbaeata' sandang lima. / Those five are related.

#### A. VERBS OF RECIPROCITY [G. 113]

REC.v A. 6, 0. Certain roots have the nakig-/makig- or nakipag-/makipag- prefixes to denote reciprocal or mutual action:

- Gusto ko makipagkilaea kimo. / I would like to get acquainted with you.  
Nakigsatsat imaw sa among sugilanon. / He joined us in our conversation.

B. MARKERS show and give function to words in sentences. They are the basic building blocks in constructing meaningful sentences. Markers are the particles that make a noun a noun in Aklanon, and they also make it stand for what it is meant to stand for: topic, associate, object or referent. [G. 51-52, 77ff, 87, 90ff, 102-03, 141-56, 164-68] [D. 10-14]

Tm B.1, 0. The TOPIC MARKERS ro/do are used on common nouns to illustrate the topic or subject matter of a sentence; si/sanday

are used with the names of persons or pets. For examples, see page 10.

- Am B. 2, 0. The ASSOCIATE MARKERS are: ku for common nouns, and ni/nanday [postpositive] or ay/anday [prepositive] to illustrate the unemphasized actor, possessor, instrument or concomitant of an action. For examples see pages 11-12.
- Om B. 3, 0. The OBJECT MARKER it is used on common nouns to illustrate an indefinite direct object of an action ["a" not "the"]. It is also used in parenthetical pronoun constructions, and to unite adverbs to verbs. For examples, see pages 12-13.
- Rm B. 4, 0. The REFERENT MARKERS are: sa for common nouns, and kay/kanday for names of persons or pets to illustrate the indirect object, place, location, beneficiary or other referent of an action. For examples, see pages 13-14. Sa is also used in statements of future time and in phrases called spatial regulators, see page 14.
- Lm B. 5, 0. The LINKING MARKER nga [contracted to -ng at the end of words ending in a vowel, glottal stop or n] is used to unite adjectives to the nouns they modify. It is also used to stand for a relative in expanded clauses, equivalent to the English "that" or "which" or "who": [G. 156, 191]  
mayád nga tawo / good person  
limpyong kwarto / [a] clean room  
baéy nga gin-obrá nanda / house which they built  
si Jesús nga-ungá' ni María / Jesus who was the child of Mary
- Em B. 6, 0. The ENUMERATIVE MARKER ka is used after any number or question of quantity [pilá], and before the noun. Its presence is not obligatory, although it is often used: [G. 190]  
daywáng ka unga' / two children  
pilá ka kilómetros / how many kilometers

### C. NOUNS AND SUBSTANTIVES

- n C. 1, 0. COMMON NOUNS in Aklanon are of over forty-two sorts as described in the GRAMMAR [G. 133-40], grouped into 8 classes.
- Pm C. 1, 1. PLURALITY is expressed in Aklanon by simply inserting the particle manga [Abr: mga] between the marker and the noun itself: [G. 131]  
pl                    mga isda' / fishes  
                      mga tawo / people; persons  
                      mga kahoy / trees
- pro C. 2, 0. PRONOUNS are of several classes, depending on their function. They are based on interpersonal orientation: speaker, speaker-listener, listener and other. [G. 157-60]

- T/pro C. 2, 1. TOPIC PRONOUNS function in topic position in place of topic noun slots. Forms and examples are on page 10. [G. 157-58]
- A/pro C. 2, 2. ASSOCIATE PRONOUNS function in either prepositive or postpositive associate position in place of associate noun slots. Forms and examples are on page 12. [G. 158-60]
- R/pro C. 2, 3. REFERENT PRONOUNS function in referent position in place of referent noun slots. Forms and examples are given on page 14. [G. 160]
- dem C. 3, 0. DEMONSTRATIVES are of several classes, depending on their function. They are pronoun forms based on the deictic adverbs: iya, una', inha', idto. [G. 161-63; 185-87]
- T/dem C. 3, 1. TOPIC DEMONSTRATIVES function in topic position in place of topic noun slots. Forms and examples are on page 11. [G. 161]
- A/dem C. 3, 2. ASSOCIATE DEMONSTRATIVES function in postpositive position. Forms and examples are on page 12. [G. 163]
- A/dec C. 3, 2\*. ASSOCIATE DEICTICS function in postpositive position, acting as adjectives. Forms and examples are on page 11. [G. 162]
- R/dem C. 3, 3. REFERENT DEMONSTRATIVES function in referent position in place of referent noun slots. Forms and examples are given, on page 14. [G. 163]

#### D. ADJECTIVES

- adj D. 1, 0. ADJECTIVES are of some twelve sorts [G. 170-72].  
D. 1, 1. Adjectives can be inflected for some SIX DEGREES: positive, diminutive, relative, intensive, comparative and superlative. [G. 172-74] These two latter degrees involve some rather complex grammatical constructions due to the fact that they can become centers of syntactic or grammatical constructions. [G. 176ff]

#### E. ADVERBS AND ADVERBIALS

- adv E. 1, 0. ADVERBS in Aklanon are usually drawn from the adjective class and linked to the verb they modify with it. However, certain time and manner words are adverbs by definition: masunsun, permi, hin-agá, hinduna', makaron, adlaw-adlaw, tigdaywa, tiglima.
- dec E. 2, 0. DEICTICS are described as location words in Aklanon, they are: iya, una', inha', idto. These forms can grow into many other parts of speech: verbs [ariya, aruna', arinha', adto], time words [makaron, hinduna', kaina, kato anay] and the already listed demonstratives (C. 3, 1- 3). [G. 185-87]
- loc E. 2, 1. LOCATIVES are based on the simple deictic forms: rikará, rikarón, rikaná', rikató. [G. 186] [D. 14]

#### F. OTHER FUNCTION WORDS AND PARTICLES

- Qp F. 1, 0. THE QUESTION PARTICLES exist in many forms: [G. 192-94]  
F. 1, 1. NOMINALS: sin-o, anyo, nanyo, kanyo [for personal names]  
anó, nano [for common nouns]  
F. 1, 2. VERBAL INTERROGATORS: anó, alin

Qp	F. 1, 3.	ADVERBIAL INTERROGATORS: kan-o, h̄in-uno [time]; siin [place]; ham-an, pam-an, paán, pāalín [manner]
	F. 1, 4.	ADJECTIVAL INTERROGATORS: pilá, ilapilá, man-o, mauno
Neg	F. 2, 0.	THE NEGATIVE PARTICLES are four in number:
	F. 2, 1.	owd' - [past time, negative possession] [G. 195]
	F. 2, 2.	indí - [future time] [G. 195]
	F. 2, 3.	ayáw - [negative command] [G. 196]
	F. 2, 4.	bukón - [negating adjective, nouns, and descriptive statements] [G. 196]
Dp	F. 3, 0.	THE DISCOURSE PARTICLES are crucial to meaningful and idiomatic Aklanon speech. They give color—without interfering with function. To the extent that they give color or add meaning they are adverbial. They have definite slots where they fit into the grammar of the sentence: some precede the word or phrase they color, some must immediately follow the word or phrase they color [enclitics], and some come at the very end of the clause or sentence [tags]. [G. 199-209] Examples of such particles are: ngani', gid, abi, anay, man, eang, haeos, tao, pwede, siguro, h̄á, ho.
conj	F. 4, 0.	CONJUNCTIVES are linkers of a sort, but instead of linking simple words together in modifier fashion they link together sentence elements in a way and meaning all their own. There are two types of conjunctions in Aklanon: - coordinating: ag, ukon, apang, pero, ogaling, ay. - subordinating: busa', pati', intonsis, dahil, tungod, etc.
	F. 5, 0.	DETERMINERS are particles that occur with or before certain parts of speech:
V. det	F. 5, 1.	VERB DETERMINERS are used to identify and modify verbs. Some forms and examples were given on pages 16-17. [G. 58]
N. det	F. 5, 2.	NOUN DETERMINERS are used to identify and mark out nouns. Almost any adjective form is a noun determiner. [G. 132]
A. det	F. 5, 3.	ADJECTIVE DETERMINERS are used to supplement or qualify adjectives: bukon if..., masyado nga..., sobra nga... [G. 175]
prep	F. 6, 0.	PREPOSITIONAL ELEMENTS are particles preceding referent phrases to clarify the exact meaning or location of the phrase: bangód, hanungód, gikan, hasta, tubtub, maeapit, maeayó', etc.
intj	F. 7, 0.	INTERJECTIONS are words or phrases expressing the emotion or sentiment of the speaker; they are not grammatically related to any other part of the utterance in which they occur: sus, linti', kabatás, aróy, siay, hagád pa, kabáy pa, etc.
Tp	F. 8, 0.	The TRANSFORMATION PRODUCT is <u>hay</u> and is used to show the predicate or "news" of a sentence. It usually occurs when the word order puts the topic of the sentence before the predicate, as in: "Imaw <u>hay</u> presidente." ("He is a president.") [G. 197]

## VII. "THE CASE OF THE MISSING LINKS" -- MORPHOPHONEMIC CHANGE

As mentioned previously, (Unit IV), in order to find a particular word's root or base it is sometimes important to understand the types of changes that occur when going from a root word to various members of the word range. All in all, Aklanon evidences some eight types of sound changes [morphophonemic reduction] which weigh heavily on one's ability to quickly trace or identify a root word. [For a more complete treatment, refer G. 38-49]

1. VOWEL LOSS. In keeping with the general tendency to have two syllable words, very often a vowel in the middle of the [last] syllable of a root word gets dropped when suffixes are added:

FORM	ROOT
sakyan	sak <u>ay</u>
pátyon	pat <u>áy</u>
nasaktán	sak <u>ít</u>
bakeon	bak <u>é</u>
tawga	taw <u>ág</u>
nalisdan	lis <u>ód</u>
hugdan	húg <u>od</u>
kanyogan	niy <u>og</u>

2. VOWEL CHANGE. Whenever a final vowel is open [that is, whenever it is not followed by the glottal stop or an (h) sound] and receives a suffix it is liable to change. Each vowel in Aklanon changes in a different way:

- /a/ changes to /-/ [the glottal stop]:

pangasaw-on	asawa
ginmáta-an	mat <u>á</u>
mabinaeak-on	báeaka
bilisad-on	bisaea

- /i/ changes to /y/:-

agyan	agi
nasikyan	sidi
ilityan	iti
nahaeabyan	eabi

- /o/ changes to /w/:-

katubwan	tub <u>ó</u>
kababatwan	bat <u>ó</u>
karugyan	dug <u>ó</u>
taw-an	tag

3. MELATHESIS is a big thing for the changing or switching around of two consonant sounds. Very often the two consonant sounds of the last syllable of a root word [namely the first consonant and the last one] switch position. This switch is always accompanied by vowel loss (see 1):

<u>FORM</u>	<u>ROOT</u>
<u>islan</u>	<u>ilis</u>
<u>puston</u>	<u>putos</u>
<u>tamha</u>	<u>tanom</u>
<u>ihnon</u>	<u>inom</u>
<u>kan-on</u>	<u>ka-on</u>
<u>katian</u>	<u>kaeot</u>
<u>bidhanan</u>	<u>bihod</u>

4. CONSONANT CHANGE involves the change of one consonant to another. There are several forms of consonant change in Aklanon:

4.1. /d/ very often changes to /r/ at the end of a root word which is suffixed:

<u>kabukiran</u>	<u>bukid</u>
<u>bayari</u>	<u>bayad</u>
<u>eubiroh</u>	<u>eubid</u>
<u>tahora</u>	<u>tahod</u>
<u>nasayoran</u>	<u>sayod</u>

4.2. /d/ sometimes changes to /r/ at the beginning of a root word:

<u>paráyaw</u>	<u>dáyaw</u>
<u>karugwan</u>	<u>dugó</u>

4.3. /d/ can also change to /l/ on occasion:

<u>sugilanon</u>	<u>sugid</u>
<u>bilidlon</u>	<u>bilid</u>

4.4. "e" /g/ changes to /l/ when in the environment of an /i/, as with the -in- infix:

<u>lina-ga'</u>	<u>ea-ga'</u>
<u>linahög</u>	<u>eahög</u>
<u>linumot</u>	<u>eumot</u>
<u>linakdan</u>	<u>eakad</u>
<u>linurpan</u>	<u>euröp</u>

5. ASSIMILATION is the change of the /ng/ sound to either /m/ [before the /b, p/ sounds] or to /n/ [before the /d, t, s, l, r, y/ sounds]. With any vowel or the other consonants, the /ng/ remains the same. Note these examples:

<u>sambato</u>	<u>sang bato</u>
<u>sambilog</u>	<u>sang bilog</u>
<u>pandiho'</u>	<u>pang diho'</u>
<u>pandulsi</u>	<u>pang dulsi</u>
<u>kasingtuedad</u>	<u>kasing tuead</u>

Assimilation is not a common occurrence in Aklanon [it is very common in Tagalog or Pilipino]. However, it is important to understand these changes in order to understand the process of consonant reduction, explained below.

6. CONSONANT REDUCTION involves both assimilation (see 5 above) and then the loss of the first consonant of the root word. The process follows the same rules as given for assimilation, that is, /ng/ changes to /n/ or /m/ on certain occasions. Consonant reduction is very, very frequent in Aklanon, particularly with the pang- distributive prefix and its mang-/nang- forms as well.

FORM	ROOTS
pamahaw	pang bahaw
pamasyar	pang pasyar
pamatay	pang patay
panumdum	pang dumdum
panabas	pang tabas
panimba(h)	pang simba(h)
pangalisod	pang kalisod
pangisda'	pang 'isda'
pangobra(h)	pang 'obra(h)

7. CONTRACTION is another form of consonant loss--the fusion of several words or sounds, particularly in the general flow of speech. Many instances of contraction occur in Aklanon.

7.1. /n/ is often lost at the end of words, particularly when followed by the it marker or the ligature nga; the same is true for the glottal stop // or "—":

bukot	bukon it
owat	owa' it
ham-at mawron	ham-an it mawron
eon it ana	eot-a
naimponat masunod	naimpon it masunod
akong kalisdanan	akon nga kalisdanan
tanang tawo(h)	tanàñ nga tawo(h)
abong unga'	abo' nga unga'
batang eaeaki	bata' nga eaeaki

7.2. An entire group of contractions center on the five principle function markers: they can be found under their proper entry-- rang, ring, daa, kang, king, sing, etc.

8. REDUPLICATION is the process of repeating part or all of the root word.

8.1. TOTAL REDUPLICATION OF THE ROOT WORD generally denotes a lessening of the quality in the root word:

- tawo-tawo / puppet [from tawo / person, man]
- baeay-baeay / doll house [from baeay / house]
- init-init / warm [from init / hot]

The words tanan-tanan and adlaw-adlaw seem to be exceptions to the idea of lessening the quality of the root word.

8.2. The other forms of reduplication, [C<sub>1</sub>V<sub>1</sub>, NV<sub>1</sub> and gV<sub>1</sub>] have already been discussed on pages 8-9.

### VIII. CONVENTIONS FOR SPELLING THE AKLANON DIALECT.

The following observations have been followed by the authors in determining the spelling of the entries in this dictionary. Any new words not included as of yet in this book should be spelled according to these observations.

In determining the overall spelling of the Aklanon dialect, there should be two guiding principles. The first and most important is that all words should be spelled the way they are pronounced. The second principle relates to those words which are not spelled the way they are pronounced; all foreign proper names [names of people, places, steamships, buildings, etc.] should be spelled according to the spelling of the foreign language unless there is definitely a native version.

The spelling conventions outlined here are in accordance with a bulletin issued by the Institute of the National Language, dated February 28, 1962, entitled "Guiding Principles for a nationally uniform orthography of all Philippine languages and dialects."

A. LETTERS--OUR TOOLS FOR WRITING. The native Aklanon alphabet consists of the following letters--

VOWELS: a i o u  
CONSONANTS: b k d e [fricative g] g  
h l m n ng p r s  
t w y - [medial glottal stop]

All native words should be spelled employing these letters. Even words borrowed from Spanish or English but definitely used natively should be spelled with these letters. The vowel "e" should only be used in those Spanish or English words where it is clearly pronounced or sounded by the majority of Aklanon speakers [as in "relo, pwede, sige"].

The following rules should be noted:

1. "k" must be used instead of "c" in all native words, and even in vernacularized versions of foreign words: "ako, ikaw, kamo, kinahangean, okra, Kalibo, kurae".
2. "é" is used to represent a consonant sound [the voiced velar fricative], but also the vowel sound /e/. If "e" appears in an environment with a vowel it will be known and pronounced as the consonant: "baeay, saamat, paeay, sueay, eati, kueon, eagari". If "e" appears in an environment with a consonant, then it will be known and pronounced as the vowel: "pwede, babaye, yelo, Edna, pangadye, kalye, pérmí, Edgar". The traditional spelling of a few words may cause some confusion; however they should only be memorized since they are only a few in number: "maestra, maestro, bueno, puedé". These words could be vernacularized, however so many are spelling them in this way that change at this point is not feasible.
3. All Aklanon diphthongs are spelled with "w" or "y" and some vowel sound rather than with the junction of two vowels. Thus it should be "aw", not "ao". Examples of this sort of spelling include: "may, baybay, adlaw, awas, isiw, baboy, uyón, puyet, waea, walig, yabi, yelo, tiya, tiyo, etc."
4. When two vowels do happen to appear together, they are read individually [because the glottal stop is understood to occur between them] as in: "huo, buot, siin, anunu, bail, tuo, tao, taob, pait, baog, euoy, etc."

The foreign letters adopted into and used in Aklanon spelling are--

C Z X V J F Ñ LL QU CH SH.

These letters are only used in spelling proper names as mentioned above. A simple

spelling rule based on Aklanon grammar could be made:

\*\*\*Words that could be marked with ro [hence, common nouns] should be spelled with the native letters; whereas words that could be marked with si [hence, proper names] should be spelled with the letters of the language they are taken from.\*\*\*

B. BASIC AKLANON SPELLING RULES. Apart from the rules about the use of the native and foreign letters as just presented, there are only two other things that have presented problems in the spelling of Aklanon.

Bl. THE "O" - "U" SPELLING RULES call for a distinction between affixes and root words. Please confer with Unit IV, pages 7-9. There are five simple rules for the spelling of "o" or "u".

Bl. 1. ALL AFFIXES have fixed spellings. Note that reduplications are spelled according to the letters that are reduplicated (see pages 8-9):

inogbunit	manog-itlog
sumueod	bue-on
tambubuyog	kabubut-on
anunu	nabubuh
makaueuoy	tagbueinga
mahueuyon	makabueusog

Bl. 2. ALL ROOT WORDS OF ONE SYLLABLE are spelled with "o", as in:

eon ro do mo ko hoe ron kros

EXCEPTION: the marker ku is spelled this way to differentiate it from the pronoun form ko: "baeay ko" / my house; "baeay ku pari" / the priest's house.

Bl. 3. ROOT WORDS THAT CONSIST OF IDENTICALLY REDUPLICATED SYLLABLES SHOULD HAVE EACH SYLLABLE SPELLED THE SAME WAY, as in: "lolo, tonton, bo-bo', suksuk, bukbuk, us-us, kuku; tungtung, alisoso, sumsuman, alibutbut".

Bl. 4. ROOT WORDS OF TWO OR MORE SYLLABLES have "o" in the final syllable; and "u" in the second last syllable, and then alternate in this manner thereafter ["o" in the third last syllable, "u" in the fourth last]. Examples: "tubi", sueod, buot, puso', likod, agod, pueos, tanom, kotikot, komusta, abogado, bueobungsod, baeos!. REMEMBER that this applies to root words, not the prefixes or affixes attached to them: "tagipuso-on, kabubut-on, sueugo-on, sumueunod, tueun-an, kaean-onon, etc." ROOT WORDS AND AFFIXES EACH FOLLOW THEIR OWN SPELLING RULES.

B2. THE USE OF THE DASH "-" can be outlined in two simple rules:

B2.1. The "-" is used to show an internal glottal stop before or after a consonant: "man-o, sin-o, gae-om, bué-on, an-om, kan-on, bo-bo', us-us, bi-bi', ba-ba', etc." The dash is always used to separate a prefix ending in a consonant from a root word beginning with a vowel: "manog-itlog, nag-uean, gin-inom, pag-usar, tig-aeani."

B2.2. The "-" is used to separate reduplicated words of two or more syllables: "tawo-tawo, adlaw-adlaw, baeay-baeay, paino-ino, fanan-fanan, bueak-bueak, sige-sige.

# **AKLAMON TO ENGLISH**

# **DICTIONARY**

- 37 -

IN ORDER TO USE THIS DICTIONARY WITH EASE AND TO UNDERSTAND THE FULL IMPORT OF EACH ENTRY, THE READER IS URGED TO HAVE A GOOD UNDERSTANDING OF THE FOLLOWING POINTS...

- What is the alphabetical order followed in this book?  
[See page 2.]
- What is the root word of the word you are looking for?  
[See pages 7-9, also 32-34.]
- What do the various abbreviations mean?  
[See the fold-out page on the inside of the back cover.]  
[Consult with the Introduction, pages 4-7.]
- How are the root words listed and their derivations used in common Aklanon speech?  
[Consult the brief grammar, pages 10-31.]  
[Consult the study's GRAMMAR, Volume One of this series.]

\* \* \* \* \*

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\* \* \* \* \*

PLEASE NOTE. Although the authors have tried to indicate accents or stress on all words of two or more syllables, words that stand without any accent mark can be understood to be accented on the penultimate or second to the last syllable.

"A" /'ah/

a (Dp)

a (intj)

---a (sfx)

abá(h) (RV6)  
paabá (CV)

abá(h) (intj)

áb-ab (RV7)  
abaká(h) [Sp] (n)

ábak-ábak (RV7)

abakáda(h) (n)  
abác (RV1)

abaeóng (n)

abága(h) (n)  
abága (RV1)

abáhong (n)  
abaníko(h) [Sp] (n)  
abaníko (RV4)  
abáno(h) [Sp] (n)  
abánti(h) [Sp] (RV6)

abánti (RV3)  
bang (RV3)

The first letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the low central unrounded vowel /a/. [G. 26]

A tag particle expressing annoyance; "ach"  
Línti' kamó, a. / Oh, darn you.  
Indí' tákon, a. / I will not, ach.

An exclamation of discovery; "ah" [with high intonation]

Suffix attached to: (1) verbs of OF#1 to express a command:

Kán-a ro ságíng. / Eat the banana.  
Bakeá ron. / Buy that.

(2) words after the interrogatives siín or anó to make them part of a single phrase:

Anóng adláwa makarón? / What day is it today?  
Siíng latáha ron? / Which can is that?

to get/climb up on one's back

to carry on one's back

Paábha akó. / Carry me on your back.

An exclamation expressing strong disbelief:  
"Really?" "Ah, go on!"

to flare up, grow, get bigger [fire]

abaca fibres, Manila hemp. Musa textiles.

[Syn: linábag]

to be abundant, be in abundance

Nagaábak-ábak ro búnga ku maís. / The corn crop is abundant.

alphabet. name of first grade textbook.

to afford [Syn: saráng]

Indí' akó kaabáe karón. / I can't afford it.

[tubercule] taro. Colocasia esculenta.

[Syn: gábi]

shoulder(s)

to take responsibility, shoulder, take on  
Sín-o ro gaábága ku trabáho ngarón?

Who will take on that job?

[shell fish]

fan [Syn: kábkab]

to fan

large cigar

to go ahead, advance, go forward

[Opp: atrás]

to endure, put up with

to obstruct, block, hinder; waylay, ambush

abangáy (n)	[fern--with broad pods]
abát (RV1)	to be attractive [possess qualities which attract other persons or things]; befriend [freely, without invitation]
abáw (intj)	Ginaabát ro bíngka it guyóm. / The cake is attracting ants.
ábay [Tag] (n)	Si Evelyn gin-abát ku-ánang mga amígo. / Evelyn was approached by all her friends.
ábi (Dp)	wow, gosh, oh [expression of amazement]
abi(h) (Dp)	sponsor [at wedding or baptism] [Syn: spónsor]
ábi-ábi(h) (RV3)	Particle used in excuses or explanations; "but" "well" "because"
maabí-abíhon (adj)	Pám-an owá' ka rúna' kabíi?... Masakít ábi' akó. / Why weren't you there last night?... Well, I was sick.
ábyan (n)	"Gimme" "Come on." [requesting particle]
abíl (adj) [vul]	Abí anay ron. / First give it [to me].
abenturár [Sp] (RV6)	Abí, pabasáha akó karón. / Come on, let me read that.
'abenturera (n)	to welcome, entertain
abenturero (n)	hospitable, friendly friend
abiríya [Sp] (ST3)	half-castrated, having only one testicle
abíso(h) [Sp] (n)	to adventure, go on an adventure
abíso (RV3)	adventurer [female], adventuress
abnormal [Eng] (adj)	adventurer [male],
ábo' [Oak] (n)	to get stalled, break down [car]
abó(h) (n) (RV1)	note, notice
abuhón (adj)	to notify, inform
kaabohan (n)	abnormal, out of the ordinary
abó' (adj)	great grandfather [Cf: unda]
abó' (RV1)	ash(es); to make ashes
kaabo-án (n)	grey, gray, ashen color(ed)
makiabó' (adj)	a place totally covered with ashes
pakaabó' (CV)	much, many, a lot of [referring to things which can be counted or enumerated]
abokádo [Sp] (n)	to increase, make/become greater [in supply or number]
abogádo [Sp] (n)	most; the majority
abogár (RV1)	fond of plenty, used to a lot
	to consider as plenty [even if only a few]
	[tree, fruit] avocado. <u>Persea americana</u> Mill.
	lawyer, advocate [Syn: mananábang]
	to entreat; counsel

abunár [Sp] (RV3)	to pay in advance, advance; credit one's account; let use without payment Gin-abunahán ko ro-imong kueang ritó. / I advanced payment on what you owed there.
abunádo (adj)	Ginaabunahán akó it eugta' ngará. / I'm using this land without payment.
abúnda (adj) [Sp]	short, suffering a loss [on an investment] [Syn: alkánsi]
abúno(h) [Sp] (ñ)	abundant; plentiful [Cf: bugána']
abúno. (RV3)	fertilizer to fertilize
abóng ]pa[ (CV)	Abunohi ro imong éanás. / Fertilize your land.
abusář [Sp] (RV1)	to play up to; give something in order to ask/get something in return [Syn: iló']
abusáđó (adj)	to abuse, take undue advantage of [Alt: abúso(h)]
abúso(h) [Sp] (RV1)	abusive
abusadór (n)	to abuse, take undue advantage of
abúso. (n)	abuser; person who always abuses
abot (n)	abuse
abót (RV4)	a late-comer to dinner (or any meal)
abót (RV1)	to arrive, get to one's destination, go as far as Nakaabót lang akó sa Banga. / I got as far as Banga. Hín-unó imáw maabót? / When will he arrive? to catch up (with/to)
hingabót (RV1)	Haabót nakon imáw. / I caught up with him.
mahilingaboton (adj)	abót man gihápon [idm] / will catch up just the same
paabót (CV)	to force, foreclose, be hard on, persecute
abót (ST1)	Ayáw paghingabotá si Rey. / Don't be hard on me; "hard", always insisting on getting one's due/way to expect, have expectations
aeabótton (adj)	Akong mga ginapaabót kimo. / the things I expect of you... to be overcome by, overwhelmed, "bowled over"
ábrakadábra [expr]	Inabót imáw ku anang kaakig. / He was bowled over by his anger.
abrasyéte [Sp] (RV8)	Naábót akó ku ákong kasubó!. / I am overcome with grief. moody, shifty, always easily overcome by one's emotions or moods abracadabra [magical incantation] to walk arm in arm (together)

abrihí [Sp] (RV3)	to open (up) Abrihí ro bintánat. / Open up the window.
abridór (n)	can opener, bottle opener; opener
abridilata [Sp. cor] (n)	can opener, bottle opener [Alt: abrilata]
Abril [Sp] (n)	April [the fourth month of the year]
abrilata [Sp] (n)	can opener, bottle opener
absen [Eng] (adj)	absent [Sp: -palta] [Akl: pae-at]
abtik (RV1)	to get faster, speed up
kaabtik (n)	agility, cleverness, dexterity, quickness
maabtik (adj)	quick, dexterous, accurate, clever, "sharp"
abyadór [Sp] (n)	pilot, aviator
ábyan [Oak] (n)	friend [Cf: abi-abi] [Sp: amigo]
akáb (RV1)	to take for oneself, grab [land, possessions]
maákab (adj)	greedy, always taking for oneself [Cf: hákog]
ák-ak (RV1)	to detach, separate, take apart/off indí' maák-ak / won't come apart, inseparable
akad (RV1)	Ak-áka ron. / Take that off.
akáe-akáe [Bkd] (n)	to dig (into; around for), excavate; go through
akáe-akáe (RV7)	bubble(s) [of boiling water; in rapids of river]
akásya (h) [Sp] (n)	to bubble, boil [said of water or liquids]
Akeán [Oak] (n)	[tree] acacia, rain tree. <u>Samanea saman</u> .
Akeán- (n)	Paradise [legendary place of no troubles] [Nab]
Akeán (n)	the province of Aklan
Akeánon (n)	the Aklan River
inakeánón (RV5)	an Aklanon, inhabitant of the province of Aklan.
akid (RV3)	to speak Aklanon Inakeánón nga hámbar / the Aklanon language
akig (ST2)	to gang up on/against; join forces against Gin-akirán akó nanda. / They ganged up on me.
kaákig (n)	to be angry, be furious (at)
makaáeakig. (adj)	Naákig imáw kákon. / She's angry at me.
akig (adj)	anger, furor, fury, rage
ákig (RV3)	angering, infuriating, causing one to get angry
akín (n)	angry
Aquino [Sp] (n)	to scold
áko' (RV1)	[fish]
Makaáko' (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: Escuala] /Akino(h)/
mainako-on (adj)	to assume responsibility, take upon oneself;
pangáko' (RV1)	avow; claim as one's own; admit [guilt] Indí' imáw mág-áko' ku ánang mga saé! /
	He won't admit his mistakes.
	Redeemer, God
	responsible, always owning up to one's faults
	to promise

akó (T/pro)	I [G. 157-58] [D. 10].
ákon (A/pro)	my, mine; I [G. 158-59] [D. 12]
ákon nga ginbakáe / what I bought	
ákong baeáy / my house	
greedy, selfish	
áksidente [Sp] (n)	accident
aksénto(h) [Sp.cor]	accent, stress [Alt: asento(h)]
aksénto (RV4)	to accent, put stress (on)
áktor [Eng] (n)	actor [Cf: artista]
áktoris [Eng] (n)	actress [Cf: artista]
Adán [Sp] (n)	Adam [Cf: Eva]
Áventista (n)	a member of the Seventh Day Adventist religion
ádgaw (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Premna odorata</u> Blanco [Alt: atgaw]
adékktibo [Sp] (n)	adjective [grammatical term]
adélpá (n)	[pink flower--oleander] <u>Nerium indicum</u> .
ádlaw (n)	day; sun [Cf: buean]
inádlaw (adj)	daily
adlaw-adlaw (adv)	daily, every day
tingádlaw (n)	sunny season, dry season [Syn: tigsililák] [Opp: tingúean, tig-ueúean]
ádlos ]ma[ (adj)	windy, stormy [weather]; strong [breeze]
administrasyón	maádlos nga babáyi [idm] / frivolous girl
ádngán (adj)	administration
adóbo(h) [Sp] (n)	hard to kindle [wood]
adóbo (RV1)	adobo [food cooked in vinegar-garlic preparation until dry, then fried]
adudíeay (n)	to adobo, cook by the adobo method
Adóng (n)	Adobóha ro miánók. / Adobo the chicken.
adóy [Lib] (expr)	[earth worm--very large] [Cf: eagó]
ádto (RV4)	Adam [Alt: Adán] [Cf: Eva]
adtúnán (n)	"Oh darn" [expression of frustration]
paádto (CV)	to go (to), go to see [Alt: agto] [Cf: idto]
ádwing (RV1)	destination; someplace to go
adyí ]pang[ (RV5)	May adtúnán pa akó. / I still have someplace to go.
(DV)	to send; have [someone] go
pangadyi-an (n)	Paadtúna imáw sa Cápiz. / Have him go to Capiz.
pangadyi-on (n)	to look back (at), turn one's head around (to)
	to pray
	Gapangadyí sánda nga mag-ueán. / They are praying for rain.
	prayer book
	prayer

adyós [Sp] (intj)	"Good bye." [expression of farewell or leave taking, but usually only before a long journey] [Cf: Mapánaw eon akó.]
aéay (adj)	bad, poor [harvest, catch]. [Alt: ayáay] Komustá ring umá?... Aeáay gid. / How was your harvest?... Very poor.
æabihig (n) sek (RV1)	[tree] to distil [any alcohol or alcoholic beverage] Aeáka ro nípa! / Distil the nipa [wine].
æam (RV6) kaæeam (n)	to get smarter, become intelligent, get wise(r) intelligence, basic mental ability; wisdom, knowledge
kaaeamán (n) kinaæeam (n) maæeam (adj) paæeam [Oak] (intj) paæeam (CV) pakiaeam (RV3)	Wisdom, Science, Intelligence one's personal wisdom, acquired intelligence intelligent, bright, smart, wise, "sharp" farewell, so long [expression of leave taking] to inform, advise [Syn: pa(hi)sáyod] to intrude, interfere with
æam-æam (RV3) æan (ST4)	to console, appease [to have a physical reaction of salivation or even blood rushing to one's head due to eating too many sweets or an extremely sweet taste]
æan (ST5)	to find cloying Naaeánan akó ku dugós. / I found the honey very cloying.
makaæeæean (adj) æang-æang (adj)	cloying unfit, half-way, half-baked, incomplete, irregular [having both elements of good and bad] Æeang-æeang ro ánang æam. / His knowledge is a little rough at the edges. [idm].
paæeang-æeang (CV)	Æeang-æeang ro ánang pagbisítá kámon. / His visits with us are irregular [at an ungodly hour]. to tarry, spend time, while away time Iya akó mapaaæeang-æeang ay ówá! eót-a it saæk-yán. / I'll just while away some time here since there is no transportation.
æang-æeang (prep)	with respect to, in consideration of, because of Indí' akó magmúeay kána æang-æeang sa ánang pagkatáwo. / I won't scold him because of his [high] status.
æangáy (RV1) æanghilan [Sp] (n)	to simmer, cook food slowly [over low heat] [tree, blossom--used for making perfume] <u>Cananga odorata.</u>

aéángon [Tag] (adj)	immature, too young Aeángon rq áang kabubút-on. / He is too young to decide.
aeap (RV3)	to sift out [separate husked from unhusked rice] Aeapi ro bugás. / Sift out the rice.
aeáp-ap (n) aeap-apon (adj)	[white fungus on skin] ringworm having ringworm
áeas (RV1)	to twine, wind up/around [Alt: haeas] [Syn: áhas]
áeat (RV1)	to salt; make salty [Syn: asín]
maáeat (adj)	salty
aeát (n)	bamboo basket
áeaw-áeaw (RV1)	to welcome, entertain
pangaeaw (RV3)	to entertain, treat [with food]
aeokáit [Bkd] (n)	eggshell [Syn: tokiba, if itlog]
aeógbat (n)	[vegetable--libato] <u>Basella rubra</u> L.
aeogbáti (n)	[vegetable--libato] <u>Basella rubra</u> L.
aeúgsok (n)	[mudfish--medium sized] [Cf: butöt, haeuán]
aeóm (n)	mole, birthmark
aeóm (adj)	dark-colored [spot on skin]
aeündog (RV4)	to accompany, walk (side by side) with; follow Aeundógi akó. / Accompany me. Aeündog sa dáean. / Follow the road.
kaaeündog (n)	companion owát sáyod nga kaaeündog / bad companion(s)
aeupí(h) (n)	[native dessert preparation--suman variety] [Alt: alupí(h)]
aeopisan (n)	[vine] <u>Tetrastigma harmandii</u> . [Var: eapisan]
aeosíman (n)	[herb--grows along bank of river] purslane. <u>Portulaca oleracea</u> .
ag (conj)	and
ága ]ma[ (adv)	early [Syn: temprano] Kabí maága imáw mag-abót. / Last night he arrived early.
agáhon (n)	morning. Mayad-ayad nga agahon/good morning
ága-ága (n)	very early morning [about 4:00 a.m.]
ága-ága (RV6)	to get up (or) work early in the morning
máagáhon (adv)	the following morning [Syn: pagkaága]
agák (n)	rooster, cock [already mature, somewhat old] [Cf: sueög / young rooster] [Cf: manók]
agáeon (n)	master, overlord, overseer, landlord
pangagáeon (RV6)	to serve in a household as a common worker under some overseer or master
agagángis (n)	[insect--cicada]

ágam-ágam (RV1)	to have an opportunity, take advantage of a chance Ginaágam-ágam ko nga mákahámbac kána. / I would like to have a chance to talk to him.
ágap (RV3)	Indí' akó kána magpaágam-ágam ay bási' kon himéay akó. / I won't give him a chance since I might be scolded. to give time to, concentrate, think carefully [while working]
agaráy (intj) [Bkd]	Indí' akó makaágap ku dúro nga trabáho. / I have too much work to do to dedicate more time [to this job].
ágas-ágas (n)	Expression of disgust: "I give up!" "Oh heck!"
Agasili (n)	[fish]
ágaw (RV1)	sitio of Naisud, Ibajay to grab, take, seize, snatch, get [without being one's due]
paágaw (CV)	Gin-ágaw nána ro ákong kadunggánan. / He got [all the] glory due me.
aeagawán (RV8)	to throw things for others to catch to make a scramble for [in order to take or get], seize [in numbers]
ágay (RV7)	to ooze, seep (out), come out slowly [liquid] Nagaágay ro dugó' sa ánañg abága. / The blood is oozing out of his shoulder.
Agbagó (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Agbalíw (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Aghalúgo (n)	barrio of Makato
Agcanawán (n)	barrio of Banga
Agbanúod (n)	sitio of Panipyason, Madalag
Agbanuod (n)	creek in Madalag
ágbaý (RV1)	to put one's arm around another's shoulder
aeagbayán (RV8)	to put one another's arms around each other's shoulder
Agbukad (n)	sitio of Aquino, Ibajay
agbón (n)	mist, haze, fog
ágboy (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Mussaenda philippica</u> A. Rich.
Akawilán (n)	barrio of Lezo
ágda(h) (RV1)	to invite, remind someone of an invitation [Cf: kángay].
Agdugayan (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Ageangbo'n (n)	sitio in Madalag
ághas (RV1)	to force oneself, try one's hardest, "put one's best foot forward", do one's best Nag-ághas gid ako it pag-ariya. / I tried my very best to come.

ági (RV3)	to pass by, bypass, pass up Haagyán námon imáw. / We passed him by.
ági (n)	handwriting, script Sádyá' ra ági. / His handwriting is nice.
aeágyan (n)	pathway, path; course
paággi (n)	system, way of doing [something]
paággi (CV)	to let pass, let through Paágya imáw. / Let him pass through.
agí' (adj)	effeminate, "queer", homosexual [Rel: ásog] [seashell--small]
agíhis (n)	effeminate [Cf: agí']
agíhis [idm] (adj)	
agilá(h) [Sp] (n)	eagle
agíndan (n)	[fly--large, blue]
agís-is (n)	dryness of skin, peeling skin
ágiw (n)	soot, black smoke deposit [on wall or ceiling]
ágiw (RV7)	to smudge, blacken with soot [smoke, fire on wall or ceiling]
agíwon (adj)	sooty, smudged
Aglipay (n)	person belonging to Philippine Independent Church founded by Bishop Gregorio Aglipay
Agmailig (n)	barrio of Libakaw
Agmailig (n)	small river in Libakaw
agubáy (RV3)	to support, assist in walking [like helping a lame man walk]; go with, parallel, not contradict Agubayí ratóng magueang. / Help that old man walk.
pangagubay [Nab] (n)	adverb [grammatical term]
agód (conj)	so, so that, in order to, in order that [Alt: agúd] Súgti imáw agód himádla' dáyon. / Permit him, so that in the long run he'll learn his lesson.
ágoé (RV1)	to do a half-good (or) half-baked job Gin-ágoe-nána ro ákong pagginháwa. / He didn't satisfy me at all.
ágoé (adj)	Kon ginásakít man lang nínyo imáw, áyaw pag-ágoé-agóea; mayád pa ng patyón ay mabáeos gid-ron. / If you have to hurt him, don't do it halfway. Better kill him or he's sure to get his revenge.
agugúling (n)	half-baked, unsatisfactory, unfulfilled, not thoroughly cooked/finished
agugútay (n)	[beetle--green, flying]
aguho' (n)	the fruit of a wild banana
	[tree--native pine-like] <u>Casuarina equisetifolia</u> .

ágom (RV3)	to taste, receive one's due, enjoy, obtain, attain Aton man nga hiagóman ro paghígúgma it Dyos. /
áginta(h) , (RV2)	We also may enjoy the love of God.
· agúp-up , (n) agup-upón (adj)	to tense the body, force oneself, exert an effort [as when giving birth or moving one's bowels]
Agóstó [Sp] (n)	Aguntahán agód madalí' maѓguwá' ro eápsag. /
Agutay (n)	Tense yourself so that the baby will come out quickly.
Agútaya (n)	mold, fungus
Agutaya (n)	moldy, covered with mold or fungus
agotíot (RV7)	August [the eighth month of the year]
ágoy (intj)	sitio of Undoy, Ibajay
agrábyo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	sitio of Maria Cristina, Madalag
agrábyo (n)	creek in Madalag
agrabyádo (adj)	to squeak [make a squeaking noise, like a loose or poorly made chair or bed]
ágsa (h) (n)	Expression of pain: "ouch!" [Alt: aróy]
ágsa (RV3)	to frustrate; take advantage of, extort grudge, ill-will
agsadór (n)	frustrated, aggrieved, offended, affronted
ágtá' (n)	tenure, tenancy
ágtá' (adj)	to have tenure, be a tenant; use and develop land
ágtó (RV4)	tenant [farmer]
ágtó' (RV7)	Negrito, Ate [aborigine of Panay]
maágto' (adj)	black, very dark skinned
paágto' (CV)	to go, be on the way; go to see [Alt: adto]
Agtohángin (n)	Sín ka gaagto? / Where are you going?
ágwa(h) [Sp] (n)	to become crisp and/or brittle, crunchy
pángagwa (RV5)	crisp, crunchy, brittle
agwadór [Sp] (n)	to make crisp, cause to be crunchy
agwáhi(h) [Sp] (n)	Paagto-a ro panit ku lechón. / Make the skin of the lechon [roasted pig] crunchy.
agwánta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	sitio of Panipyason, Madalag
	perfume, cologne [from Sp: agua / water]
	to use/ put on perfume (or) cologne
	Si, María permí gapangagwa. / Mary always uses perfume.
	water carrier, water salesman
	a rush [of air], wave [of air or water, as produced by a quickly passing vehicle]
	agwahi it bagyo [idm] / tail of a hurricane
	to endure, suffer; stretch to a point of endurance Agwantahá ro imong kalisód. / Endure that hardship of yours.

agwántid	(intj)	"Suffer the consequences." "Take what you deserve." [Cf: agwánta(h)]
agwáson	(n)	[snake--poisonous]
ah	(intj)	Expression of discovery: "Ah," "Oh!"
ahá	(intj)	"So there." "Oh ho!"
áhas	(RV1)	to take out [of the water]
áhat	(RV1)	to force, compel
áhog	(RV1)	to dampen, moisten, wet.
ála	[Sp] (Dp)	o'clock [used only with the first hour]
ála(h)	(intj)	ála una / one o'clock [Cf: alás]
		Expression of challenge or victory: "so there!"
		"well, now" [Cf: halá(h)]
alága'	[Tag] (RV1)	Alá, kita' mo eon? / Well, do you see now?
alágwa(h)	[Sp] (RV6)	to care for, take care of. [Syn: dipára(h)]
aláhas	[Sp] (n)	to sprint, run at full speed. [Cf: daéagan]
alahíro	(n)	jewelry
alámbre	[Sp] (n)	jeweler
Alamíos	(n)	wire [for hanging clothes, fastening, etc.]
alamúsa	(adj)	[Cf: kurjénte / electric wire]
alán-alán	[Oak] [pa]	barrio of Madalag
		topsy-turvy, messy, all out of order, upset
		*to cuddle up to, seek comfort from [as a spoiled child running up to its mother].
alán	(adj)	Gapaalán-dán si Tony sa ánang iná. / Tony cuddles up to his mother.
alás	[Sp] (Dp)	childish, spoilt
alás	[Sp] (n)	o'clock [from two until twelve] [Cf: ála]
Alás-as	(n)	alás ónse / eleven o'clock
aláwans	[Eng] (n)	ace [as in deck of cards]
Alvar	[Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag
Albasán	(n)	allowance
álbum	[Eng] (n)	sitio in Libakaw
álbor	[Sp] (adj)	barrio of Numancia
álbor	[slg] (RV1)	album [book for photographs; diary], scrapbook
aíkáldé	[Sp] (n)	superior, having an advantage, "on top" [term often used with regard to chickens at a cock fight]
alkálde	(RV5)	to get all, "clean up", take
págkaalkálde	(n)	Gin-álbor ko ra rei6. / I got his wristwatch.
alkampór	[Sp] (n)	mayor [Syn: méyor]
alkámpor	(n)	to serve as mayor
kámpor	(n)	mayorship, position of mayor
		scented box
		[dance--using scented handkerchiefs]
		[tree--camphor] <u>Cinnamomum camphora</u> .

alkánsi(h) [Sp] (n)	loser
alkánsífi (RV1)	to lose [on a business deal]
alkansiya [Sp] (n)	bank, piggy bank, deposit box
alkimiya [Sp] (n)	alchemy, fake chemistry
alkitrán [Sp] (n)	tar, asphalt
alkuhól [Sp] (n)	alcohol
alkuholíra [Sp] (n)	[small can used in lighting up a petromax or gas lantern]
álgó [Sp] (n)	kick in, a little extra something, addition
algudón [Sp] (n)	cotton
alibakós (n)	native bath piece [worn while bathing]; bath towel
alibág (RV2)	to throw away, discard
Alibagon (n)	barrio of Makato'
alibángbang (n)	butterfly
alibútbut (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Tabernaemontana pandacaqui</u> .
alibútod (n)	cob [of corn]
alibútdan (adj)	having the consistency or shape of a corn cob
alibútra(h) (n)	[vine--large, woody] <u>Arcangelisia ilava</u> . [used medicinally] [Alt: albútra(h)]
alikumó(h) (n)	[beach crab]
alikumó' (RV6)	to fold one's arms over one's chest [as when one is in prayer or is shivering with cold]
aligútgut (n)	hatred, hard feelings
Alegria (n)	barrio of Buruanga
alihid (RV6)	to pass by the side (of)
pangalihid (RV8)	to pass by, side by side [said of several things]
alila' (RV1)	to adopt, foster, rear, bring up, raise.
alila' (n)	Gaalila' imáw it báboy. / He raises pigs.
alimá(h) (n)	an adopted child, someone in another's care
alfma (RV1)	hand [Cf: limá(h)]
Alemánya [Sp] (n)	to use one's hands (on)
Alemán (n)	Alimáha lang. / Just use your hands. [said to another while eating too formally]
alimángó(h) (n)	Germany
alimátok (n)	a German
Alímbo (n)	crab [generic term]
alimbíkad (RV7)	leech, blood sucker
alimbong [Tag] (n)	river in Nabas
alimbúyog (adj)	to bubble out, spout up [liquid rushing from its source, like Coke out of a bottle]
alímukón (n)	prostitute; any girl over-prone to attract attention
alimpupúdwán (n)	having many colors [such as certain chickens]
	pigeon
	very center of top of head [where hair is found in a whirl]; the crown of one's head [Syn: alipuéos]

alín (Qp) [verb]	do what? [used in all reg. & stative forms] Gaalín ka? / What are you doing?
	Alinón mo? / What can you do about it? [idm]
	Paalín ro pag-óbra? / How is it done?
	Bisán paalín-alinón-imáw; masugót ta ron. / No matter what you do to him, he will still permit it.
alinton (n)	second helping, second serving
alinton (RV3)	to give [someone] a second helping of food
alipáksi <sup>jma[</sup> (adj)	active, spritely, alert
alipáeok (n)	live ashes, small cinders that fly in the air from a fire [as from a strong fire on a windy day]
alipáno (RV3)	to notice, take note of, observe
alipánte [Sp. cor] (n)	wa' maalipanwi / was not noticed
alipáta (n)	buot maalipanwan / want to be taken note of
alipúan (n)	elephant [Alt: elepánte]
alipúdwan (n)	[tree--poisonous] <u>Excoecaria agallocha</u> .
alipueós (n)	stem [that connects a fruit to the vine or branch]
malipuéon (adj)	crown of head [place where hair is found in a whirl] [Alt: alimpupudwan, alipueós]
alipúeoś (n)	oval [Cf: malibúnog / round]
alipungót (adj)	ovular, circular, having an oval shape
alipungto(h) (n)	whirl of hair; whirlpool [as in river]
alipusta' [Tag] (ST2)	frustrated, discourage, out of sorts [Alt: dalipúngot]
alipotán [vul] (n)	topmost part, peak, pinnacle [of tree, mountain]
Aliputos (n)	[Syn: tingoy-tingoy]
alérdyik [Eng] (adj)	to be criticized, be condemned
alisbong (RV7)	anus [stf]; rectum [gen]; "ass hole" [vul]
alisí(h) [Sp] (n)	barrio of Numancia
alisíwsiw (n)	allergic, having an allergy
alisó(h) (n)	to smell, reek, stink [in good or bad sense]
alisóso(h) (n)	Nagaálísbong ro ánang ágwa. / Her perfume [really] reeks
alisto(h) [Sp] (adj)	propeller [of boat or airplane]; fan [of engine]
alitáptap (n)	[grasshopper--small]
almanáki [Sp] (n)	[fish]
almásin (n)	[center or very tender portion of any living plants, particularly in their younger stages of growth]
almirís [Sp] (n)	alert, clever, bright, agile, "ready and able"
aluminyóm [Eng] (n)	[glowworm--found on rocks exposed at high tide]
alpargáta [Sp] (n)	almanac, yearbook, calendar [of events]
alpunsíno [Sp] (n)	store, factory [Syn: fabrika]
	mortar and pestle [set]
	aluminum [metal]
	cloth shoes [cloth tied around feet for shoes]
	crewcutf, very short haircut

Alfónso XII [Sp] (n)	barrio of Libakaw /Alfínsio Dóse/
álpot [vul] (n)	prostitute, call girl, B-girl [Syn: puta, pampam]
álsa(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to raise, lift up, elevate
Altavás [Sp] (n)	Alsáha ring alíma. / Raise your hand.
áltar [Sp] (n)	Altavas, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
ámá(h) (n)	[Old name of Altavas was "Jimeno"]
áma-áma (n)	altar
ámanggéang (n)	father
kaamaháu (n)	step-father
mag-amá (REL. v)	grandfather
amák (n)	fatherhood
amákan (n)	related as father and son/daughter
amaeádyang (n)	tinder, kindling [small pieces of fuel for fire]
amaeánhig (n)	mat of woven bamboo [Cf: sawáli]
ámag (n)	[bird--small, black, with red eyes]
ámag (ST3)	zombie, dead person'come to life
amág (RV5)	mold [Syn: agúp-up]
amámákoé (n)	to get moldy
amamaeó (n)	to give attention and love [said of a baby only]
amamangí (n)	[mushroom--large, light brown on edge and dark brown in center] [Cf: hapon-hapon, lígbos]
áman [pa] (n)	evil spirit
paáman (CV)	[small crab--with one large and one small pincher]
áman [Hil] (RV3)	an addition, a kick-in, something extra [given as a bargain on a purchase]
ámanggéang (n)	to give [something] extra, give some more, kick in
amargúso (n)	to beware of, be careful (with) [Alt: ándam]
amarílyo [Sp] (n)	grandfather, gréat-grandfather
ámat (RV1)	[vegetable--ampálaya] <u>Momordica charantia L.</u>
ámat-ámat (RV6)	[flower--yellow]
kon amát (adv)	to do something a little at a time, do/go bit by bit
ámba(h) [Hil] (RV1)	Nakaámat ngáni' kuno ro búkbuk. [max] / Indeed,
ámbag (RV3)	the gnat is said to have done it little by little.
paámbag (CV)	to prepare to go, get ready to go, be leaving
ambasadór [Sp] (n)	Maámat-ámat eon kamí. /Well, we'll be leaving.
ámbi(h) (Dp)	sometimes, on occasion, from time to timé
ámbi / (RV7)	to sing
	to share with [in paying for something], pitch in
	to let someone chip in, have someone pitch in
	ambassador
	"Give..." "Gimme." [Alt: ábi(h)].
	Ámbi ro kwárta. / Give [me] the money.
	to get inside the window, seep in [rain]
	[Syn: saeuusó']

ámbisýón [Sp] (n)	ambition, aim, desire
ambisyósa (adj)	ambitious (female)
ambisyóso (adj)	ambitious (male)
ambit (RV1)	to share (with)
pámbit (CV)	to enjoy a share (with)
ambúcong (n)	[palm--used for roofing] <u>Metroxylon Sagu Rottb.</u>
Ambucóng (n)	barrio of Batan
ambulánsya [Sp] (n)	ambulance
ambon (n)	fog, mist, haze
maámbon (adj)	foggy, covered with haze, hazy
ambong [mai] (adj)	charming, elegant, gracious, feminine [lady]
ambos [Eng] (RV3)	to ambush, attack by surprise
ambot [Hil] (intj)	[H]. don't know [Akl: ta6]
amí (h) (n)	second planting season [especially for rice]
amí (RV1)	to plant during the second planting season
amisan (n)	the Northeast Wind
amigo(h) [Sp] (n)	friend, buddy [Slg: migs]
maamigohón (adj)	friendly, warm, amiable, amicable
mag-amigo (REL. v)	to be friends Mag-amigo sanda. / They're friends.
amíhan (n)	the Northeast Wind
amihánan (n) (adj)	north(erly).
amín (RV1)	to get/take all; take everything
amén [Sp] (expr)	Inámin na tanán ro kwárta ni Tátay na. / He got all of his Father's money.
amén (RV5)	"Amen." "So be it."
amínúdo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to obtain a blessing
paaminúdo (CV)	Pag-amén kay Lóla. / Get Grandma's blessing.
Amérika [Sp] (n)	to buy retail, buy goods on a retail basis
Amerikána (n)	to sell goods on a retail basis
amerikána (n)	America
Amerikáno (n)	an American [female] [Ctr: kaná']
inamerikáno (RV5)	suit coat, coat, formal jacket
amirée [Sp] (n)	an American [male] [actually any person having the characteristics of blond hair, blue eyes and who is tall is stereotyped as an American]
amiróe (RV3)	[Ctr: kan6']
amís (RV1)	to act or talk like an American
ámilig (RV3)	starch
amo(h) [Sp] (n)	to starch, put starch on
	to chase, run after [Syn: eagás]
	to take care of, watch after, be careful with
	Amligi gid ring manggad. / Watch your riches.
	lord, master, overseer [Opp: sueugo-ón]
	[Cf: agáeon] [Cf: ulípon]

amō' (n)	monkey
inamō' (RV5)	to act like a monkey [implying foolish actions]
amōd (RV3)	to mix with, mingle
amōdānbūcan (n)	[fish]
amueñnae (n)	pounder(s) [someone whose job is pounding]
amōhoe (RV6)	[Cf: būnae] [Alt: mamumúnae]
amōhoe (adj)	to be very dirty [Syn: dungís] [Cf: ságna']
amulit (n)	dirty, sloppy
amulit (RV3)	waste
amulit [sup] (ST5)	to waste, squander
amulit [sup] (ST5)	Ayáw-pág-amulítí ring kwárta. / Don't waste your money.
amulit [sup] (ST5)	to waste away [due to some curse or incantation]
amulítan imáw it sápat. / He was cursed by an animal. [a spell was put on him and he is now wasting away, losing strength, and will eventually die] [A cure for this can be "bútbut".]	an animal. [a spell was put on him and he is now wasting away, losing strength, and will eventually die] [A cure for this can be "bútbut".]
amumáha (h) (RV1)	to entertain, take care of
amumáha (h) (RV1)	Amumáha imáw it mayád. / Take good care of him.
amumóng (n)	[bee--with poisonous sting]
ámon. (A/pro)	our; we [excluding you] [Opp: áton] [G. 158-59].
Ídto sa ámon. / There at our place.	Ídto sa ámon. / There at our place.
amór [Sp] (n)	May ámon nga ginaadtunán. / We have someplace to go. [Cf: kamí]
amorádo [Sp] (n)	love [Akl: gúgma, hígúgma]
amosíkos (n)	[báhana--large, red] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. <u>ginaring</u> [Alt: morádo]
ámot (n)	[weed--with burrs or stickers] <u>Andropogon aciculatus</u> .
ámot (RV3)	contribution, donation, chip in
paámot (CV)	to contribute, chip in, donate, share in payment
amuyóng (n)	to ask to chip in, collect contribution(s)
ampára (h) (RV1)	[tree] <u>Goniothalamus amuyon</u> .
ampáw (CV) (n) (RV1)	to break up, stop [a fight]
ampáwan (n)	[dessert preparation] popped rice candy
ámpayr (Eng) (n)	place where popped rice candy is sold
ámpo' (RV2)	umpire
ámon (RV1) [n]	to pray for, intercede for; plead (for), surrender
ámwad (RV6)	Ampo-án akó sa Makaáko! / Pray to God for me.
ámyon jma[ (adj)	to adopt; [an adopted child, foster child]
	to increase, become numerous, progress
	[Syn: hamuad]
	fragrant, good smelling

kaúmyon (n)	fragrance, [good] smell
nangámyon (DV)	to smell of
---an [sfx]	Common suffix denoting a place or a referent. Used with (1) verbs: Ginbákean sánda it dúlsi. / Candy was bought for them. (2) nouns: simbáhan/church, tindáhán /market; (3) adjectives: ba-báan /talkative, blabbermouth.
ána (A/pro)	his/her; he/she [Cf: imáw] {G. 158-59}
tag-ána (n)	Sín do ánang baráka? / Where is her store?
anák (n)	owner, possessor; landlord [Cf: tigána, tagána]
anák (RV1)	godchild
ánad (ST2)	to become a godparent, be a godparent (for/to)
	to be used to, be accustomed to; become accustomed to; get used to, familiar with
	Bási' maánad ka karón. / You might get used to that.
kinaanáran (n)	one's habits; personality traits, syndromes
kinaándan (n)	one's habits [Alt: kinaanáran]
hiliánad (RV8)	to become familiar with one another, become close friends
anagás (n)	[tree--medicinal ointment] <u>Semecarpus cuneiformis</u> .
anág a-tága' (n)	praying mantis [insect]
anáhaw (n)	fan palm. <u>Livistona rotundifolia</u> .
---an an [suffix]	Common noun and adjective suffix:
	kasae-ánan / sinfulness [Cf: saea'j]
	kadag-ánan / victories [Cf: da6g]
	gainhánan / mighty, powerful [Cf: gahom]
	to go slowly, work carefully, do gradually
	[Opp: gúlpí(h)] [Alt: inanáy]
	dwarf, midget [Alt: enáno]
	"first" "please" "just a moment",
	Hueát ánay. / Wait a minute..
	Butangán ánay it asín. / First, put in the salt.
anánay (RV1)	eldest, first born
anáno [Sp. cor] (n)	termite [generic term]
ánay (Dp)	their; they [Cf: sánda] [G. 158-59] [D. 11-12]
pangánay (adj)	Sín do ándang baeáy? / Where is their house?
ánay (n)	Náno ro ánda nga ginatún-an? / What are they studying?
ánda (A/pro)	ambler [device used to help babies learn to walk]
andadór [Sp] (n)	barrio of Kalibo.
Andágaw (n)	their very own [Cf: anda]
andahánon (adj)	andahánon nga ugáli' / their very own behavior

ándam (RV3)	to beware of, be wary; be ready for Pag-ándam sa áyam. / Beware of dog.
andámyo [Sp] (n)	ramp, gangplank
ándar [Sp] (RV7)	to move, run [such as wristwatch, motor]
paándar (CV)	to start [an engine], run; keep running
ánday (Am)	Plural associate marker for the names of persons or pets, used in prepositive position. [D. 11-12] Ro ánday Acevedo nga baeáy maeayó! / The home of the Acevedo family is far away.
ándoe (RV1)	May ánday Juan nga sueóg. / Juan and his companions have a rooster.
andoeán (n)	to grate, squeeze (out), extract [coconut oil]
andúhoy (RV6)	grater
áni(h) (n)	to be morose, morbid, in deep thought; to sigh
aníhan (n)	harvest
áni (RV1)	the harvest
mangangáni (n)	to harvest, gather a crop
tig-aeáni (n)	Kon náno ring gintanóm, dúyon man ro ímeng pagaaníhon. / What ye sow, so shall ye reap. [max]
ániþ (n)	harvester(s), person(s) who help to harvest
kaánib (n)	harvest season
anílaw (n)	ally, assistant
animál [Sp] (n)	alliance
inanímál (adj) [slg]	[small tree] <u>Grewia eriocarpa</u> .
inanímál (RV5)	animal, crude or uncivilized person
aninípot (n)	lousy, worthless, terrible [strong expression of disgust]
aníno(h) (n)	to be rude, act crudely or boorishly, be inhumane
anít (RV3)	firefly
anítos [Sp] (n) [sup]	shadow, reflection; image; silhouette
anó(h) (Qp)	to pick on [in numbers], gang up on, jump on, "devour" [by many people; into many shares]
náno (Qp)	Gín-anitán daá irénsya ku ánang mgá igbatá! / His inheritance was "devoured" by his relatives.
anó gid [idm]	benevolent lesser spirits [who go around countering the evil done by devils or evil spirits] [The pagan version of a "saint".]
	what? ; do what? [particle that can be used as any part of speech]
	Nag-anó ka kahápon? / What did you do yesterday?
	Ha-anó ka? / What happened to you?
	what [noun form only]
	Náno ring ginabása? / What are you reading?
	so what? , what if?

ánok ]pa[ (CV)	to cook with low heat, simmer
ánod (RV1)	to follow the current, drift
paánod (CV)	to go downstream; let drift [Opp: pasúba']
pangánod (n)	cloud
án-om (N. det)	six
án-om (RV1)	to make six, raise (or) lower to six
tigún-om (adv)	An-omá ring ungá!. / Have six children.
---anon [sfx]	six at a time, six by six
Common adjective suffix:	
	manggaránon / rich [Cf: manggad]
	but-ánon / kind, good [Cf: buót].
	[tree--fruit is used as paste] <u>Cordia dichotoma</u> .
	spiny bamboo. <u>Bambusa spinosa</u> .
	having the smell of burnt rice [Alt: ángta(h)]
	[shrimp--very small, black, fresh water]
	to wait for [Syn: hueát, angán-angán]
	to wait for one another
ántad (n)	Antabayáhan ta sánda. / Let's all wait for them.
ántad (RV1)	gap, distance, space
	to leave a gap, separate; keep one's distance
	Ántad kamó. / Keep your distance.
antátay (RV1)	to slow down for, wait for [by moving slower and allowing the other to catch up] [Syn: angán-angán]
antayamís (n)	[bird--small sparrow]
antigo(h) [Sp] (verb)	to know how (to do something) [Syn: maka---]
antigo (ST5)	Antigo ka mageangóy? / Do you know how to swim?
	to know how, understand how (to do something)
	Antigohán ka? / Do you know how?
	[Related in English, but different words for "to know" in Aklanon are: kiláéa, áeam, sáyod]
ánting (n)	antenna [of radio]
ánting-ánting (n)	keen; good, sharp [of hearing]
antína(h) [Sp] (n)	Maánting ra dueúnggan. / He has a keen sense of hearing.
ánting, ]ma[ (adj)	[sup] amulet, charm [supposedly possessing a secret power allowing a person to avoid injury]; power of invulnerability
antipára(h) [Sp] (n)	eyeglasses, glasses [Syn: antiyóhos]
antipára (RV5)	to wear/use eyeglasses
antípátiko [Sp] (adj)	antagonistic, antipathetic, contrary
Antipólo [Sp] (n)	bárrio of Ibajay
antiyóhos [Sp] (n)	eyeglasses, glasses [Syn: antipára(h)]
antoliháw (n)	[bird--yellow]

ántes (RV1)	to suffer, endure, put up with [Opp: pakaeumó(h)] Antosá ro ímo nga kabúday. / Put up with your hardship.
antoyamís (n) ánwang (n)	[bird-- very small] carabao, water buffalo
inánwang (RV5) ányag ]ma[ (adj) [Oak]	Ro ánwang nagaégaébg sa eugán-eugán. [favorite Aklanon tongue-twister] / The carabao is wallowing in the mud hole.
kaányag (n)	to work like a carabao [FE], "work like a horse" [AE]
anyél [Sp] (n)	beautiful, charming [personality, appearance]
anyél (RV3)	beauty, charm, grace
ányo (Qp) (A)	blue powder used as a bleaching agent
ányo [Sp] (n)	to bleach [using blue powder]
ányos (n) [pl]	whose? of whom? who? [Cf: sín-o]
áng [A/pro]	Anyong kwárta rà? / Whose money is this?
angán-angán (RV1)	year [Akl: dág-on]
maangán-angán (adv)	years
Angas (n)	Piláng ányos ka eon? / How old are you?
angáy (RV1)	[Abbreviation of: ákon ngáj] Harón ro áng. / There is mine.
ángka(h) (RV1)	to wait a little while; spend some time [idling]
ángkab (RV1)	by and by, in a little while, eventually
ángkas (RV3)	barrio of Batan
aeangkásan (n)	to complement, be a good match for, be fitting,
kaángkas (n)	harmonize; adjust; tune [a musical instrument]
paángkas (CV)	Angáy kímo ro ímong eámbong. / Your dress becomes you.
ángkat (n)	Angáy ro gitára. / Tune the guitar.
ángkat (RV1)	to refuse, give up, deny
paángkat (CV)	to chomp, take a big bite out of something
angkayán (n)	[Cf: ángkit / bite (normally)]
ángkit (RV1)	to ride together, hop on [a bicycle]
ángkit-ángkit (RV1)	the back seat of a bicycle or motorbike
inangkitán (n)	fellow-rider
ángkla(h) [Sp] (n)	to let [someone] ride [on back seat]
ángkla (RV3)	gap, distance
paángkla (CV)	to get on credit
	to give on credit
	dried corn stalk(s) [Alt: hungkayán]
	to bite, nip [Cf: ángkab]
	to chew on, nibble on [like small puppy]
	teeth mark(s)
	anchor [Akl: pamató; cf: bató] [Cf: dúngka']
	to weigh anchor, drop anchor, anchor down
	to tie down to a promise

ángkob (n)	seal, filling, joiner, gap-filler [Alt: ángkop]
ángkob (RV3)	to join together, seal up, fill a gap
ángkon [Hil] (RV1)	to accept, own up to, admit, claim for one's own [Akl: áko']
ángga' (RV1)	to care for, be fond of, cherish
paángga'-ángga' (CV)	to warm up to, cuddle up to, charm [such as a spoiled child does] [Syn: padalá'-dalá']
palángga' (n)	pet, favorite, cherished person
palángga' (RV1)	to favor, cherish
ánggid ]ma[ (adj)	similar, resembling, somewhat the same
kaánggid (n)	resemblance, similarity
paánggid (CV)	to compare
paánggid-ánggid (CV)	to imply, make comparison(s)
anggisód (RV8)	to come in succession, come a few at a time [Opp: imaw / come all together]
ánggoe (RV3)	to trim off, cut off [one's hair; the ear]
Angeles (n)	barrio of Malinaw
ánghil [Sp] (n)	angel
ánghit ]ma[ (adj)	smelly, having strong body odor [or an odor like the body odor; said of butter and some animals]
kaánghit (n)	body odor, "B. O."
ánglit (n)	small earthenware pot [Cf: kíeon]
ángoe [sup] (n)	disease inflicted by voodoo or black magic
ángoe (ST2)	to be inflicted with some sickness or infirmity due to black magic or voodoo
ángot (RV2)	to join together, put side by side, unite [Cf: ángot] Ángtan mo son. / Join those.
pangángot [Nab] (n)	conjunction [grammatical term]
angót (RV6)	to want to go with, follow eagerly, pursue Nag-ángót ro ungá' sa ánang'iná pag-ádtó na sa eskúlahán. / The child wanted to follow its mother when she was going off to school.
paeaangót (adj)	always wanting to follow/gb with
ángso(h) ]ma[ (adj)	having the smell of urine
kaangso (n)	the smell of urine
ángsod (n)	underarm odor, "B. O." [Cf: anghit]
angsorón (adj)	having underarm odor
ángta(h) ]ma[ (adj)	burned, smelling overcooked [Alt: ánta(h)]
ángtod ]ma[ (adj)	smelling overcooked [said of food, esp. rice]
ápa(h) (n)	ice cream cone; the pastry used to make wafers or barquillos [Cf: barkilyo]
apá' (n)	mute, someone unable to speak [Cf: buyón]
inapá' (RV5)	to stutter, stammer; speak hesitantly
apán (n)	[insect--locust]
ápan (conj)	but, however [Sp: pero] [Cf: ogaling]

aparadór [Sp] (n)	cabinet, closet, cupboard
Aparicio [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ilájay
apártment [Eng] (n)	apartment, one unit of a multiple dwelling
ápas (RV1)	to follow after, go a little later
hilingápson (adj)	Ma-úna áñay kamí; maápas dáyon kamó. / We'll go ahead first, then you can follow later.
paápas (CV)	nearing the end; about to finish
paápas (n)	to have follow later, have fetch (or) pick up
áp-at (N. det)	post script, P.S. [Abr: P.A.]
áp-at (RV1)	four
tigúp-at (adv)	to make four; raise (or) lower to four
ápaw (RV3)	Ap-atá ro ságging. / Make it four bananas.
paeápaw (CV)	four by four, four at a time
tagaeumápaw (adj)	to exceed, go beyond
ápdo' (n)	to exaggerate
ápeod ]ma[ (adj)	above one's head
Afga (n)	Tagaeumápaw ro subá!. / The river is above your head.
ápi(h) (RV1)	bile; bile duct (and/or) gall bladder
ápid (RV2)	[having the flavor of raw or unripe bahanas]
ápihis (n)	barriq of Tangalan
aphihsöh (adj)	to exclude, keep out, not recognize
apilyido(h) [Sp] (n)	to join, attach, enclose
ápin (RV3)	maggot, fly egg
kaápin (n)	covered with fly eggs
kaapínan (n)	family name, surname [Rel: ngáean]
apíndiks [Eng] (n)	to ally oneself (with); side with, take the side of
apítong (n)	ally
apó(h), (n)	coalition, alliance
inápo (n)	appendix
kaapó-apóhaq (n)	[tree--balao oil tree] <u>Dipterocarpus grandiflorus</u> .
ápok (RV2)	grandchild
ápok (ST3)	grandchildren
paápok (CV)	future generation(s) [of grandchildren]
ápog (n)	to be blown away [by the wind]
ápog (RV3)	to get blown away
apogán (n)	to winnow [in the wind], let be blown away
aporá(h) [Sp] (RV1)	powdered lime [used in chewing betel nuts]
aporádo (adj)	to put lime (into)
apúro(h) [Sp] (n)	lime box, case used for storing lime powder
	to rush, hurry, hasten
	in a hurry, rushed
	inner lining [of clothing used to stiffen it]

<b>apóstol</b> [Sp] (n)	apostle
apóstólika (adj)	apostolic, having the zeal of an apostle
<b>apostropí</b> [Sp] (n)	apostrophe
<b>apútoe</b> (n)	[fish]
<b>apútong</b> (n)	[tree--balao oil tree] <u>Dipterocarpus grandiflorus</u> . [Alt: apítong]
<b>Apriká</b> [Eng] (n)	Africa
<b>apresyáre</b> (RV1)	to appreciate
<b>appyan</b> [Sp] (n)	opium [Alt: opyo]
apyanſro (n)	dope addict, person who takes opium
<b>Arab</b> [Eng] (n)	Arab
<b>Arábya</b> (n)	Arabia
<b>arádo(h)</b> [Sp] (n)	plow
arádo (RV1)	to plow
maróg-arádo (n)	Aradóha ro eanás. / Plow the field. plowman, plower
<b>árag</b> [Hil] (RV3)	[Cf: súdsud, lípya, kabayó-on, káling, yúgo, gúta]
paárag (CV)	to give, offer
<b>aragáy</b> [Bkd] (intj)	to dedicate
<b>Aranás</b> (n)	"ouch" [expression of pain] [Syn: aróy]
araró (n)	barrio of Balete
<b>áras</b> [Sp] (RV3)	[tubercule] arrow root. <u>Maranta arundinacea</u> L.
áras (n)	to join (or) unite in marriage
arásan (n)	wedding, the marriage ceremony
<b>arkánghil</b> [Sp] (n)	place where a wedding takes place
Arcángel Nórte (n)	archangel, an angel of the highest order
Arcángel Sur (n)	barrio of Balete
<b>arkilá(h)</b> [Sp] (RV1)	barrio of Balete
arkiládo (adj)	to hire, rent, charter
<b>arkitékto</b> [Sp] (n)	Gin-arkilá nán̄da ro dyip. / They chartered the jeep.
arkiték [Eng] (n)	chartered, hired
<b>árko</b> [Sp] (n)	architect
Argaw (n)	architect; architecture
<b>argúlya</b> [Sp] (n)	ark [boat]; arc [half-circle]
ari-á (intj)	barrio of Malay
arigató [Jap] (intj)	large circular object used for physical fitness
<b>arigládo</b> [Sp] (adj)	"The nerve!" "Imagine that!" [term of disgust]
ariglo(h). (RV1)	Thanks. [used jokingly or lightly]
áriglár (RV1)	arranged, certain, fixed, settled, established
<b>áréna</b> [Sp] (n)	to settle on, decide
arinhá' [Oak] (RV6)	to arrange, decide, determine, establish
<b>arinóla</b> [Sp. cor] (n)	arena, theatre, amphitheatre
	to go there [Cf: rinhá'] [G. 185, 187]
	urinal [Akl: ilihí-án] [Alt: orinóla]

aringking [RV6]	to hop on one foot
aríring [Hil] (n)	pinwheel [tóy]; windmill [used for pumping water]
arisgar [Sp] (RV3)	to risk, take a chance, go ahead on [even if in doubt]
arisgado (adj)	risky, daring, chancy
aristokráтик [Eng] (adj)	aristocratic, swell-headed, overbearing
[Syn: palabí-labíhon, bugaeón]	
aritmitik [Eng] (n)	arithmetic
arítos (n)	earring
aritos (RV3, 5)	to wear earrings
aríya(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to lower, let down; let loose [usually on a rope]
ariya(h) [Oak] (RV6)	Ariyahán náton do ángkla. / Let's lower the anchor.
paariyá (CV)	to arrive, come here, approach [Cf: ríya]
· ármas [Sp] (n)	to let come, ask to come
· armi(h) [Eng] (n)	Paariyáha gid imaw. / Be sure to have him come.
inármi (RV5)	Hinúgdan akó sa pag-aríya kínyo. / I felt obliged
aróm a(h) [Sp] (n)	to come here to you.
arómá (n)	weapon, arm(s); firearms
aromátiko (adj)	Nagdaéá sánda it ármás. / They brought weapons.
arúna' [Oak] (RV6)	army
arúna' (RV1)	to do things the army way [act briskly, strictly]
aroséra [Sp] (n)	fragrance, good smell
árot [Eng] (n)	[cassie flower] <u>Acacia farnesiana</u> .
árot (RV1)	fragrant, aromatic
paárot (CV)	to go there [near listener] [Cf: rúna'] [G. 185, 187]
ároy (intj)	Maarúna' kunó imáw hindúna'. / They say that he will come to you later on.
árpa(h) [Sp] (n)	to fondle, cherish, be fond of
ársya(h) [Sp] (n)	rice mill [portable, brought around from place to place]
árte(h) [Sp] (n)	crewcutf, ROTC haircut
artista (n)	to give a crewcut or ROTC haircut (to)
árte (RV5)	to get a short haircut
árte (RV1)	"Ouch!" [expression of pain]
árte (RV3)	harp [musical instrument]
artéhan (adj)	rigging, gear, tackle [of sailboat; ship]
paárte-árte (CV)	art, design, flair
inartista (RV5)	star, movie star, actor
	to overact, act up, misbehave
	to act [a role]
	to put-on decorations, decorate, design
	vain [about one's looks]; fickle, wishy-washy
	to overdecorate, add unneeded embellishments
	to act like a star [flamboyant; decadent]

<b>artikuló</b> [Sp] (n)	article, marker [grammatical term]
<b>artísyan</b> [Eng] (n)	artesian well; any deep pump-well
<b>ása(h)</b> [Tag] (RV3)	to trust, hope [Akl: sálig] [Sp: esperánsa(h)] Wa' gid imáw it pag-ása. / He doesn't have a chance.
<b>ásak</b> (RV7)	to splatter, splash [Syn: ásik, tágsik]
<b>ásae</b> [Sp] (RV1)	to barbecue, roast [on a stick] [Cf: ihaw]
aeasáean (n)	barbecue stick
inasáe (n)	barbecued food
<b>áság</b> (adj)	crabby, irritable
<b>ásawa</b> (n)	spouse; husband/wife
asáwa, (ST2)	to be married [said of a woman]
mag-asawá (REL. v)	to be husband and wife, be married Ay, mag-asawá galí! sánda. / Oh, they're married!
<b>pangasáwa</b> (RV1)	to court [and marry] [said of a man]; to wed hámbae nga pinangasáwa it inakeanón / a word borrowed by Aklanon [idm]
<b>ásaw-ásaw</b> (RV7)	to drizzle, rain lightly
<del>ásayte</del> [Sp] (n)	oil [Alt: asyéte, asfti]
<b>ásayte</b> (RV3)	to oil, lubricate
<b>áskad</b> (RV7)	to be itchy; be ticklish [throat]. [Alt: ásgad]
maáskad (adj)	ticklish, itchy [throat] Gaáskad rang tutúlan. / My throat itches.
<b>ásgad</b> [ma] (adj)	ticklish, itchy [Alt: áskad]
<b>ásik</b> (RV7)	to splash, splatter [Alt: ásak, tágsik]
paeangásik (RV8)	to burst out, come rushing out [in numbers]
mueasik (ST3)	to get scattered
<b>ásidó(h)</b> [Sp] (n)	acid
<b>ásin</b> (n)	salt [Cf: áeat]
asín (RV3)	to salt, put salt [into] Asini ro sábaw. / Put some salt into the soup.
<b>ásindéro</b> [Sp] (n)	ranch man, owner of a large ranch (or) farm
<b>ásénso(h)</b> [Sp] (n)	promotion, improvement, rise [in status/rank] Kadálí-dáli! ro ímong asénso. / Your promotion was very quick.
<b>ásenso</b> (RV1)	to promote, raise, elevate
<b>ásintah(h)</b> [Sp] (RV1)	to sight, focus on [gun, telescope]
asintádo (adj)	sharpshooting, having a good aim
<b>ásento(h)</b> [Sp] (n)	accent, stress
asénto (RV3)	to put an accent on, stress, accentuate
<b>ásero(h)</b> [Sp] (n)	steel [metal]
<b>ásertár</b> [Sp] (RV6)	to be lucky, be fortunate [Cf: dibwénas]
<b>ásiti(h)</b> [Sp] (n)	oil, lubricant [Alt: asyéte, asayte]

asítí(h) (RV3)	to oil, lubricate
ásla(h) (ST1)	to be bored, be satiated; lose one's desire or appetite (for), be tired of boredom, satiation
kaásla (n)	boring, tiresome, quickly causing one to lose one's desire (for) or appetite
makaaeásbla (adj)	
ásлом (RV1, 3)	to make sour Íásłom ro íba' sa sabáw. / Use the <u>iba'</u> to make the soup sour.
kaásłom (n)	sourness, bitterness
maásłom (adj)	sour
paásłom (CV)	to cause to become sour, let get sour
Aslúm (n)	barrio of Ibajay
asó(h) (n)	smoke, fume(s) [visible]
asó (RV7)	to give off smoke, smoke
maasó (adj)	smoky
ásukar [Sp] (n)	sugar [white] [Cf: kaeámay, tuóð]
ásog (n)	Lesbian, any woman who acts outside of the female role; tomboy
asóg-asógon (adj)	tomboyish, in a tomboyish manner
asúgi(h) [Sp] (n)	mercury [liquid metal]
asúnto(h) [Sp] (n)	lawsuit, case [in court] [Cf: Kiha(h)]
asúnto (RV1)	to sue, file a lawsuit (against)
asúos (n)	[fish]
ásoy [Oak] (RV2)	to tell, relate [a story, situation] [Syn: súgid, sáysay, háthát]
aspálto(h) [Sp] (n)	asphalt, tar
aspálto (RV1)	to asphalt; put on asphalt
asparagús [Eng] (n)	asparagus. <u>Asparagus officinalis</u> .
astrunót. [Eng] (n)	astronaut, space pilot
áswang [sup] (n)	vampire, evil creature [preying on people, sucking liver bile and leaving them weak or with some strange afflictions]
áswang (ST4)	to be under the spell of an <u>aswang</u> Ináswang si Carlos. / Carl was bewitched by an <u>aswang</u> .
áswang [expr] (n)	ghoul, cannibal; any person or animal eating flesh of its own kind. [Feeding a dog or a cat raw meat of other animals is said to produce this condition.]
asyéte(h) [Sp] (n)	oil, lubrication [Alt: asáyte, asíti]
asyétc. (RV1)	to oil, lubricate
asyúti- (n)	[tree--anmato] <u>Bixa orellana</u> .
atá(h) (intj)	"Oh, my goodness." [expression of surprise]
ata' [Oak] (n)	fluid, potion, liquid

áta' [vul, slg] (n)	semén [stf], sexual fluid(s) [gen], "scum" [vu] [Syn: úgwak, gúwan]
atáat (n)	small gap, crack
atáat (RV1)	to leave a small gap, crack
átab (RV7)	to overflow slightly, flood over a little bit [Cf: áwas]
atáki(h) [Sp] (n)	attack [in war; heart attack; stroke].
atáki (RV1)	to attack [in war]
atáki (ST4)	to get a heart attack, have a stroke/high blood pressure
átag ]ma[ (adj)	generous, unselfish, kind [but not extravagant] [Opp: dimót] [Cf: korípot, magásto]
atáng (RV2)	to put up, hoist
átang (n)	a room divider
átag-átang (n)	step, stair
átas (RV7)	to evaporate
átas (ST3)	to accidentally vaporate Naátas ogálíng do alkuhól. / The alcohol has evaporated.
átas (ST5)	to run dry Naástan ro subá'. / The river ran dry.
atáy (n)	liver [of animals or people]
inatáy (n)	[liver disease]
átgaw (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Premna odorata</u> Blanco. [Alt: ádgaw],
áthag ]ma[ (adj)	clear, lucid
paáthag (CV)	to clarify, elucidate, enlighten, make clear
kaathagan (n)	clarification Gústo ko ipaáthag kínyo ro ákong buót singhánon. I would like to clarify what I'm trying to say.
áti(h) (n)	Aeta(s), Negrito(s) [living in the mountains]
áti-áti (RV6)	to act like an Ate [specifically to dance in the streets during the Santo Niño fiesta, painting oneself black with soot or wearing a costume] Santo Niño fiesta [held in Kalibo, Ibajay and other towns; somewhat equivalent to the Mardi Gras of New Orleans or the Carnaval in Rio de Janeiro]
Ati-atihan (n)	dirty Get away, it's dirty!
ati' (adj)	cantaloupe. <u>Cucumis melo</u> L.
ati' (intj)	attention
atímon (n)	[a large board or piece of wood used as a brace or support, particularly when grinding]
atenýón [Eng] (n)	to watch, guide, take care of
átip (n)	to feel faint, be dizzy [Cf: dismáyo]
atípan (RV1)	
atípiyong. (ST1)	

átiš (n)	[fruit] sugar apple. <i>Anona squamosa</i> L.
atubádngan (n)	front, the front of [Cf: atúbang]
atúbang (RV4)	to face (up to), confront, stand/appear in front of Nahuyá' kund' imáw gaatúbang kákon. / They say he is ashamed to confront me.
atdbang (n)	front
atubángan (n)	front, in front of [Alt: atobádngan].
atubangán (n) [vul]	genitals [com], "jewels" [vul] [Cf: sakáng]
atúbangbuót [Oak](n)	frankness [Sp: franqueza]
áton (A/pro)	ours; we [including you] [Opp: ámon] [G. 158-59] Dáya no áton nga hueáy. / This is our share. [Cf: kitá]
atóp (n)	roof
aturgář [Sp] (RV3)	to take charge (of), be responsible (for) [Alt: oturgář]
atráka(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to draw near to, pull in close to; dock [ship] [Opp: ísoe]
átras [Sp] (RV4)	to back up, put into reverse [Opp: abánti(h)]
atribír [Sp] (RV3)	to meddle (in)
atribída (adj)	meddlesome, busybody [female]
atribíde (adj)	meddlesome, busybody [male]
átsára(h) [Sp] (n)	salad, tossed salad
átsay [Ch, Tag] (n)	housegirl [Syn: mutsátsa]
átsi(h) (RV5),	to sneeze [Syn: baha-ón]
átyog (adj)	wandering [Syn: tíyog-tíyog, libód-libód]
áwa' (n)	[fish]
áwak-áwak (RV7)	to be plentiful, be in abundance [said of liquids] Nagaawak-áwak ro ueán. / There is plenty of rain. [Cf: abak-abak]
áwas (RV7)	to overflow, spill out [over the sides]
paáwas (CV)	to let pass by, dodge Ginpaáwas nána ro böla. / He dodged the ball.
awát (RV1)	to bother, be cumbersome, be a burden
maawát (adj)	cumbersome, burdening, bothersome
maawát-awát (adj)	somewhat cumbersome, time-consuming
áway (RV1)	to fight, quarrel, argue
aeáway (RV8)	to fight with one another
aeawayán (n)	battlefield, place of/for a fight
kaáway (n)	enemy [Syn: kóntra(h)].
ináway (n)	fight, quarrel
way...ináway [slg]	Why?...None of your business.
áwhag (RV1)	to hail, call (or) talk to someone [from a distance]
áwtó(h), [Sp] (n)	car, auto, automobile
áwtomátik [Eng] (adj)	automatic.

<b>awtomátko</b> [Eng] (n)	snap, a snap fastener [used on dress, trousers]
<b>ay</b> (Am)	Singular associate marker used for names of persons or pets in prepositive position; "of, -'s"
<b>ay</b> (conj)	Ay Tátay nga sáewae nágaságna'. / Dad's pants are soaking wet. [D. 11-12] [G. 144;151-52]
<b>ay</b> (Dp)	because, since, while [Syn: bangód, dahíl, tungód]
<b>ay</b> (intj)	Náno ábi' ay maeangás ka? / Well, why not...
<b>ay</b> [Lib] (Tm)	You were misbehaving: [said after punishing child]
<b>ayáay</b> (adj)	"first; please; for a while" [Ctr: áanay]
<b>ayád</b> ]ka[ (RV1)	Língkod ay. / Please sit down.
<b>pakaayád</b> (CV)	"My!" "Oh!" "What?" [shock, surprise]
<b>mayád</b> (adj)	Masakit imáw, ay? / What? Is he sick?
<b>mayád-áyad</b> (adj)	Simple topic marker, alternate of <u>ro/do</u> .
<b>mad-ád</b> [Bkd] (adj)	Akoy dyes, imoy bakod. / 10¢ is mine; 5¢ is yours.
<b>kamaéyran</b> (n)	poor, bad [harvest, catch] [Alt: aeáay]
<b>ayád-áyad</b> (RV1)	to fix, repair; restore
<b>mayád-áyad</b> (adj)	Kaádyá ro bisiklita. / Fix the bike.
<b>ayág</b> (RV1)	to have something fixed/repaired; let get better
<b>aeayagán</b> (n)	good, fine, well
<b>áyam</b> (n)	beautiful, pretty
<b>áyam</b> (RV1)	Mayád-áyad nga agáhon. / Good morning.
<b>áyam-áyam</b> (n)	fine, good, beautiful, well [Alt: mayád-áyad]
<b>áyam-áyam</b> [idm] (n)	improvement; excellence; benefit, well-being
<b>áyam-áyam</b> (RV3)	pára sa kamaéyran it bánya / for the improvement
<b>ináyam</b> (RV5)	of the country
<b>mángangáyam</b> (n)	to beautify, decorate
<b>pangayám</b> (DV)	beautiful, pretty
<b>áyap</b> (RV3)	to screen, sift
	screen [for sifting]
	dog
	to chase with a dog, sic a dog on
	toy dog
	spy
	to spy on
	to act like a dog [implying overt sexual behavior]
	hunter [person who hunts using dogs to track the game]
	to hunt [with dogs]
	to raise the same [kind] as, follow suit
	Gaáyap imáw it manók. / He is raising the same kind of chickens.
	Mayád-áyad ro pag-áyap ku tanóm ngarón. / It would be good to raise the same kind of plants as those [of yours].

paáyap (CV)	to let have [temporarily so that one can raise the same kind of thing]
ayát (RV1)	Paayápa akó ku smong manók. / Let me have your chicken [so I can raise some like it]. (It is understood that the person will eventually return the chicken or one like it when he finally has some of his own.)
pangayát (DV)	to challenge [to a fight] [Cf: súkoe]
áyaw (RV1)	Gin-ayát nána akó. / He challenged me.
ayáw (Neg)	to affront, challenge [a whole group] to even out, make exactly [by adding some more]
yéyaw-áñay (n)	Ayáwa nga báynte síngko. / Make it 25¢ exactly.
ayáw (RV4)	"don't" "do not" [used in negative commands]
ayáw (ST5)	Ayáw akó paghibáygi. / Don't laugh at me.
ayí (n)	Ayáw it daeágan. / Don't run.
áyo(h) [Hil] ]ma[	Ayáw áñay. / Please don't.
áyo' (RV3)	procrastination [Cf: ayáw áñay]
áyo' (n)	to abandon, leave behind
aeayo-án (RV8)	Gin-áywán imáw ku áñang ginikánan. / He was abandoned by his parents.
paáyo' (C)	to be fed up with; have too much of
pangayó' (RV1)	Naayáwan akó it hinámpang. / I've had enough playing for a while.
ayúktot (RV6)	Naayáwan akó kímo. / I'm fed up with you.
ayód-ayód (RV6)	pancreas [internal organ]
áyon (RV3)	good, fine Maáyong ága. / Goöd morning.
paáyon (CV)	[Akl: ayád]
ayútong [vul] (n)	to ask for a discount, ask a reduction [in price]
áyskrím [Eng] (n)	discount, reduction
áysdrop [Eng] (n)	to bargain
	to lower the price (of), reduce, discount
	to ask for, request
	Náno ro áñang ginapangayó'? / What is he asking for?
	to stoop over, bend over [Alt: bayúktot]
	to move the waist up and down, back and forth [as in act of intercourse] [Cf: payó'-payó']
	to be in favor (of), support, agree with
	to parallel, agree with [Cf: sang-áyon]
	pap [stf]; nipple (of breast) [gen]; "tit" [vul].
	ice cream [Syn: serbete]
	popsicle, ice drop

"B" /bah/

"V"

The second letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced bilabial stop /b/. {G. 91}

The symbol for the voiced labiodental fricative.

Most often this sound is reduced to /b/, as it was sounded in the original Spanish and native Aklanon words. The only occurrence of a true /v/ in current Aklanon is the result of borrowing from or over-correction due to English, as in:

/viktori/ Victory

/vilma(h)/ Vilma

/'asevédó(h)/ Acevedo

The /v/ only occurs in the speech circles of the sophisticated or educated. It is alphabetically reduced to /b/ in this section.

Expression of disbelief: "Really?" "Ah?"

Ba, indít-ang magpáti. / Ah? I don't believe you.

to cut bamboo lengthwise

rough, unsmooth, not thoroughly finished [tabletop]

[Syn: bághae, barághae]

mouth

talkative

talkative

to spread the news

to soak, leave in a liquid [Akl: hág-om]

woman; female

effeminate

to act like a female [said of a male]

pig, swine, hog; pork

to act like a pig

pork

cow; beef [Syn: kárne / beef]

[Cf: toro, toreti, ternera, tunday] [Cf: bakero]

to work very hard, exert oneself

to walk under great weight; walk with legs apart

lie, falsehood [Akl: púril]

to buy, purchase

Náno ring bákeon? / What will you buy?

store, market

purchases, things to be bought

to buy (several things)

to go shopping (for)

[something used for buying or when buying, such as an article of clothing worn or cash to be used]

verticle stud(s) in a structure to which the wall boards are fastened

bákág (n)	large woven bamboo basket
bákán (n)	[tree]
Bákán (n)	barrio of Banga
bákant [Eng] (h)	vacant period, free period [between classes]
bákant [Eng] (h)	Bákant eon námon da. / This is our free period.
bákánti [Sp] (adj)	vacant, empty, free
bákáng (RV6)	to walk with the knees apart, walk bowleggedly
bákáng (adj)	bowlegged [Cf: báka']
bákás (RV1)	to hurry up, hasten, quicken
kabákás (n)	Bákás eon. / Hurry up.
mabákás (adj)	speed, haste
	quick, fast, speedy
bákásyon [Eng] (n)	Mabákás imáw dumaeágan. / He runs quickly.
bákásyon (RV5)	vacation
bakásyonán (n)	to take a vacation, go on vacation
baeakásyon (RV8)	vacation spot, tourist attraction
bákáwan (n)	to go on vacation together
bákbak (RV1)	[tree--good for firewood] <u>Rhizophora mucronata</u> ,
bákbak (RV3)	to take off the bark of a tree, strip the bark
bákhw (n)	to maul, pommel, beat up
Bákhw Norte (n)	[tree--makes very good firewood] <u>Rhizophora candelaria</u> DC. [Cf: bakáwan]
Bákhw Sur (n)	barrio of Kálibo
bákho' (RV3)	barrio of Kalibo
bákí'-bákí' (RV1)	to endure, suffer [hardships]
bákí'-bákí' (n)	Nagabákho' imáw sa mangítngit nga kasakítan.
bákí'-bákí' (n)	to compare the weight of two things [like estimating an unknown weight by holding a known weight]
bákid (n)	[sedge--used for making woven bags and baskets] <u>Kyllinga monocephala</u> .
bakílí' (adj)	[shell--found in ricefields]
bakéró(h) [Sp] (n)	large basket for storing or carrying grain.
bakéró (RV1)	steep, having a sharp slope
baklá' [Tag] (n)	shepherd; boy or man who guards animals
bákli' (ST3)	to guard or watch [animals] [Cf: bántay]
bákli'd (RV1)	homosexual, queer; effeminate man [Syn: agí']
bákó' (n)	to get fractured, broken [bone]
bakukáng (n)	to tie one's hands behind one's back
bakuki' (n)	[tubercle]
bákod (RV1)	tropical ulcer, abscess [Syn: bakukí']
mabákod (adj)	tropical ulcer, fungus growth on skin
kabákod (n)	to become stiff, erect, tight
	stiff, tense, erect
	stiffness

bákod [Tag] (n)	yard [unit of measurement] [Syn: dupá, bára]
bakód [slg] (n)	five centavos, 5¢, "nickle" [AE]
bákoe (RV1)	to beat, punish [with a weapon], hit, whip
bakóe (RV1)	to cook food inside a close bamboo or coconut [a native version of "pressure cooking"]
	Nagkáon kamí it binakóe nga manók. / We ate chicken that had been cooked in bamboo.
bákueod (n)	rocky (or) stony coast, stony shore[line] (or) bank of river
bákog (n)	spine(s), bone(s) [of fish].
bákog (ST4)	to get pinched by a bone, get a bone stuck in one's mouth
himakóg (RV3)	to debone, take out the bones (of)
himákgi ro ísda'. / Debone the fish.	Himákgi ro ísda'. / Debone the fish.
bakúna (h) [Sp] (n)	vaccination; mark left on the skin by a previous vaccination
bakúna (RV3)	to vaccinate [someone]
pabakúna (CV)	to get vaccinated
bakós (RV2)	to tie around the waist [Cf: alibakós]
bákpi [Eng] (n)	backpay
bákrat (n)	baccarat; "Lucky Nine" [card game] [Sp, Fr]
bákrat (RV5)	to play "Lucky Nine" or baccarat
báktas (RV1)	to híke, walk, go on foot
	Baktásá halín diyá hástá sa Tigáyoh. / Walk from here to Tigayon.
báktas (adj)	barefooted, without shoes or sandals
baeaktáson (adj)	within walking distance, walkable
bakwáyan (n)	[frog]
bakwáyan [idm] (adj)	tall and skinny [Syn: lagwáyan]
bákwit [Eng] (RV3)	to evacuate, leave a place
	Sín kamó magbákwit kató kat géra? / Where did you evacuate to during the war?
bákya' [Ch] (n)	wooden slippers (or) sandals
bákya' (RV5)	to wear wooden sandals
Bakyang (n)	barrio of Madálag
bádbad (RV1)	to unravel; take apart [as threads in a garment]
bádbad (ST3)	to fray, get unravelled
	Nabábad raáng sáewae. / My trousers are frayed.
bádlis (n)	mark, sign
bádlis (RV3)	to mark, put a mark (on)
pabádlis (CV) [idm]	to get ashes [on Ash Wednesday], have ashes put on one's forehead
Miyérkolés it bádlis	Ash Wednesday

bádlit (n)	lines (or) marks in the palm [Cf: páead]
bádlit (RV2)	to mark with, use to mark out [Syn: bádlis]
bádlo' (n)	phlegm, thick mucus [in the throat]
bádlóng (RV1)	to reprove, correct, admonish
badminton [Eng] (n)	badminton [game]
badminton (RV5)	to play badminton
bádyang (n)	[aroid plant--decorative] <u>Alocasia macrorrhiza</u> .
Badyángan (n)	barrio of Banga
badyáwan (n)	[vine--with bitter sap, medicinal] <u>Tinospora rumphii</u> .
Badyo' (n)	barrio of Numancia
baeá(h) (Dp)	Particle used to emphasize questions; "Really?" "...was it?"
baeá' [Oak] (n)	Tapús eon, baeá? / Is it really finished already? Sín-o baeá ro naeumós? / Who was it that drowned? grace, charm, blessing
baeá-an (adj)	Náno ro ímong baeá' nga indí' akó kímo kabalíbad?
pakabaeá' (CV)	/ What charm do you have that I can't refuse you?
báe-a' (n)	PaKabaeaánon naton ro ilíhang pinakabaeá-an it
báeábag (adj)	Makaáko' nga náhámtang sa eúgta nga matáas... /
baeábag (RV1)	Let us hold in reverence those places revered by
baeábag (RV3)	the Lord which are located in the high lands... /
baeábag (n)	[from the "Seven Followings of Bangkaaya"]
baeáka(h) (n)	holy, sacred, blessed [Hil: balá-an]
kabaeák	to revere, hold sacred [see example above]
kabaeák (RV4)	[fish--fresh water]
mabinaeák-on (adj)	blocking, obstructing, put across, stretching over
báe-ag (n)	to stretch over/across [like a pole across the road]
báe-ag (RV3)	to block (or) stop one's moves or plans, thwart
báe-ag [idm] (RV3)	hindrance, obstruction, encumbrance, obstacle
	concern, earnest help, generous assistance
	concern, good intentions
	to have a deep concern (for), give assistance (to)
	Magkabaeáka gid si Juán kay Hélen. / John has
	a deep concern for [the welfare of] Helen.
	well-intentioned, concerned, giving assistance
	with no thought for oneself, altruistic
	file [tool]
	to file (down)
	Bae-agí agód gapínb; magás pang ábi' ra. / File
	this down so that it will be smooth; after all, it's
	so rough.
	to make a sucker of, fool [in order to get something in return] Bae-agí sir Pédro agód gastohán

baeágón	(n)	ka nána. / Fool Pedro so that he'll spend for you.
baeahíbo(h)	(n)	vine [generic term]
baeának	(n)	hair, fine body hair [mammals]; feather(s) [fowl]
baeán-an	(n)	[fish]
baeanáw	(n)	basket used for fishing [like a net]
baeánta(h)	(RV6)	puddle [of water]
baeántik	(n)	to overturn, fall over
baeantikón	(adj)	eye of vegetables [as on potatos]
baeáng	(RV1)	having eyes or black marks [vegetables]
baeáng	(n)	to lasso
baeáng a	(n)	lasso, knotted rope
baeáng a	(ST2)	loss of attention, distraction
makabaeáng a	(adj)	to be distracted, lose one's attention
baeáng ag [Bkd]	(RV1)	distracting, readily diverting one's attention
baeángag	(adj)	to mix-(or) eat uncomplementary foods [such as beer and candy]
baeangáw	(n)	uncomplementary [foods that cannot or should not be served together]
baeangáy	(RV6)	rainbow ↗
baeángka	(RV1)	baeangáw it pageáom [idm] / rainbow of hope
baeángka'	(RV7)	to swim on one's back, do a backstroke
baeanggángat	(adj)	to take apart in pieces, dismantle
baeanggángat	(RV7)	to fall apart
baearás	(adj)	Pagtúga' ku baróto sa bató, nagbaeángka'. / When the banca fell on the stones, it fell apart.
baearás	(RV6)	interwoven [vines, twigs]; interlocked [horns of two fighting reindeer]
pabaeárás	(CV)	to get interwoven or interlocked
baearáw	(n)	oblique, at an angle (to)
baeáring	(RV1)	to move obliquely, to move off at an angle
baeás	(n)	to put at an angle, set obliquely
baeasón	(adj)	arrow [bow and arrow]
baeás a(h)	(RV1)	to toss, throw, heave [at some object]
baeasígi(h)	(n)	Baearinga ro manók. / Throw this at the chicken.
baeát	(n)	sand
baeátk	(n)	sandy, having sand (in)
baeátk	(RV1)	to shuffle [cards], mix well [papers]
baeátok	(n)	Sígé, baeasáha ro baráha. / Go on, shuffle the cards.
		[fish]
		[eek--edible, found at seashore; green or black]
		booby trap, improvised trap [to catch by surprise]
		to catch in a booby trap
		[bean]

bae <sup>t</sup> ong (n)	mongo bean, green gram, <u>Phaseolus aureus</u> Roxb.
bae <sup>a</sup> w (adj)	having alternating colors [chicken]
bae <sup>a</sup> y (RV1)	to construct, set up framework [Cf: pat <sup>ind</sup> og]
baeayin (n)	framework, girder
pábaeayon (CV)	to begin construction
bae <sup>a</sup> y (n)	house, home; building [in general], construction
bae <sup>a</sup> y (RV4)	to build a house (for)
bae <sup>a</sup> y-baeay (n)	Baeayi kami. / Build a house for us.
kasimaeay (n)	doll house, toy house, minature house
panimaeay (n)	housemate, someone living under the same roof
panumbaey (DV)	household, home
tagbaeay (n)	to go visiting other houses
tagbalay (n)	homeowner, landlord [Alt: tagbalay]
bae <sup>a</sup> y bay (RV1)	"Anybody home?" [expression to gain entrance]
binaeaybay (n)	to compose verses or poetry; write creatively
binaeaybáyan (n)	poem; well-penned verses
bae <sup>a</sup> y.i(h) (n)	poetry
pamaeayi (n)	[the relationship of the parents of each wedded couple; co-parents-in-law]
baebae (RV1)	party to announce an engagement [celebration at which the parents of the groom-to-be go to the bride-to-be's house and plan for the marriage]
baebag (ST3)	to whip, beat [Syn: búnae, hampak]
baeo(h) (n)	to get broken (or) cracked
baeo (ST2)	Nabaebag raá bastón ku pagbúnae na sa áyam. / His cane got broken when he hit the dog.
bae <sup>o</sup> (h) jhi [Oak] (n)	widow / widower
pahibaeo (CV)	to become a widow (or) widower
bae <sup>o</sup> -bae <sup>o</sup> (adj)	knowledge, awareness (of). [Rel-Hil: hibaló]
bae <sup>o</sup> ! (n)	to inform, introduce an idea, notify [Syn: pasáyod]
bae <sup>o</sup> ! (ST2)	well-informed; skilled at one's work
baeubad (n)	[Syn: sampáton] [Opp: bikwáeon]
baeubay (n)	demon, witch
bae <sup>o</sup> -bo' (RV1)	to be bewitched
baeok (n)	tobacco/leaf [used as outer covering of cigar]
baeukag (n)	[very small stems of a coconut that branch off in a vine-like manner]
baeod jma[ (adj)	to remove the shell of abaca
baeod (n)	dried bamboo scrapings [used as tinder]
baeod (n)	hair growing along the back of a pig
baeod (n)	curled, having a wave [hair]
baeod (n)	Mabaeod ra pilök. / Her eyelashes are curled.
baeod (n)	[bird]
baeod (n)	wave [ocean, sea] [Syn: húmbak]

báeo e (n)	dried salted fish [Alt: bároe]
báeo e (RV1)	to dry out and salt fish
báe on (n)	provision(s), supply [food or money for a journey]
báe on (RV1)	to bring along [as provision for a journey]
pabdeon (CV)	Baeóna ro kwárta ngará. / Bring this money
báeos (n)	along [in case you need it on your trip].
báeos (RV3)	to give someone something for his journey
báeos-báeos (RV6)	revenge, repayment
baéuskay (RV1)	to pay back [a favor]; revenge [a crime], get even
baeúso (RV1)	Básli it paghígigma ro kaákig. / Repay anger with love.
báe-ot (n)	to alternate, go from one to another
báe-ot (RV3)	to rummage through, dig through [like when looking for papers in a disorderly file] [Syn: basük-ay]
báe-ot-báe-ot (RV1)	to crumple, crush; ruffle up [paper]
báeot-báeot (RV1)	gap, open space
báesa(h) [Sp] (n)	to leave a gap
báesa (RV1)	to alternate, vary; take turns; go from one to another
báesa-báesa (n)	to repeat [Syn: umán, bálin]
bag [Eng], (n)	raft
bága (h) (n)	to tie logs together to make a raft
bága (RV7)	make-shift raft; temporary bridge
bága (n)	bag
bagá (adj)	glowing ember(s)
bagá (RV7)	to be aglow, smolder
bagáas (n)	lung(s)
bagákay (n)	swollen, swelled up
Bagakay (n)	to swell up; get swollen
Bagakay (n)	Nagbagá rang siki. / My feet swelled up.
bagánas (ST3)	[sedge] <u>Cyperus malaccensis</u> L. and <u>Scirpus grossius</u> L.
bagáni(h) (n)	[Philippine bamboo--bikal; used for fishrods and basket making] <u>Schizostachyum lima</u> .
bagánihan (n)	barrio of Ibajay
	river in Ibajay
	to be carried away by the current; drift away
	[Syn: baginbin]
	hero, patriot
	heroism, patriotism; heros, patriots [collectively]
	Ro kalipáyan nga áhon makaróng naágóman, naghalín sa tue-an ku átong mga baganíhan. / The joy which we now have at hand is from the bones of our patriots [and their efforts]. [maxim]

bág-ang (n)	molar tooth/teeth
bagát (RV1)	to pop up in front of, "jump", frighten Ginbagát imáw it amamaeó. / He was "jumped" by an evil spirit.
baéagatón (adj)	susceptible, easily frightened, "spastic", nervous
bagáwbaw (n)	stomach [the interior sack for food]
bágay (n)	thing, case; the right thing.
bágay (adj)	suit(s), match(es), complementary, becoming Bágay kímo ring eámbong. / Your dress becomes you.
bágay (RV1)	Ro bágay kímo hay magpákabuót ka, ay bukón kat tagáriya. / The most appropriate thing for you is to behave well since you're not from around here.
bagáykay [Bkd] (n)	to complement, be appropriate, match; tune a musical instrument
bágbag (ST3)	Bagáya ábi' ro gitára. / Here, tune the guitar. [fresh water shell] [Alt: kagáykay]
bágeot (RV1)	to crash, come/fall down
bághae (adj)	Nabágbag ro eroplano. / The airplane crashed. to hack, cut with a downward motion [scythe] [Syn: gúeot]
bághok (n)	rough, unsmooth, unfinished [Syn: barághae, baé-baé]
bághok (RV3)	carrion, carcass [dead animal]; any dead and decaying thing [fruits, vegetables, plants]
mabághok (adj)	to eat carrion (or) decaying things
bagi [Bkd] (n)	decaying, rotting, decomposing
bág-id (RV1)	Mabághok eon ro ándang minatáy; ngáni' gineubóng eági. / Their corpse was already decomposing so they buried it right away.
baginbin (ST3)	[root crop] <u>Tetrastigma harmandii</u> . [Alt: aeapisan, eapisan]
bágis (n)	to rub for fire; start a fire by rubbing
bágnas (RV3)	to be carried away by current, drift
bagnás (adj)	[Syn: bagáñas]
bágnit [slg] (n)	[fish--in river]
bágo(h) (n)	to polish, shine
bágo (conj)	nearly ripe [Syn: habáe]
bág-o(h) (adj)	gal, young girl [Cf: eáskit / guy]
	[tree] bago tree. <u>Gnetum gnemon</u> L.
	before, prior to
	Hugási ring alfma bágo kumáon. / Wash your hands before eating.
	new, brand new; fresh, recent

bág-o (adv)	recently, just, just a while ago.
mág-o (ST5)	Bág-o ka eang mag-abót? / Did you just arrive? to be a stranger to, be new at, not be used to Nahamag-ohán akó ka inyo ríya nga klíma. / I am not used to your climate here.
mág-o (ST2)	to be new at, not be accustomed to. Bási' mamág-o ka. / You might be new to it.
bag-óhan (adj)	new at, "green", unfamiliar
Bág-órig Báryo (n)	barrio of Makato'
bágoe (RV1)	to play a game with coconut shells
bagóe (n)	coconut shell
Bagumbáyan (a)	barrio of Buruanga
bagón [Sp] (n)	coach, railway car
bágong-bágong (RV3)	to cook very soft rice
bagúngon (n)	{shell}
bagúong [Tag] (n)	salted fish [Akl: ginamós]
bagúsbus (n)	big (or) inflated stomach, "beer belly" [Cf: bág-on] having an enlarged stomach, obese
bagusbusón (adj)	party, get together
bagót (n) [Bkd]	to crash, fall down [Cf: bágbag]
bágjak (ST3)	bedbug
bagsák (n)	infested with bedbugs
bagsakón (adj)	to crash together, collide [Syn: súnggab].
bágjang (RV6)	to hike, walk (to), go on foot [Alt: báktas]
bágjas [Bkd] (RV1)	to ask permission to marry a girl [from her parents or guardians]
bágti' jpa[ [Bkd] (CV)	to ring, sound [a bell]
bágting (RV1)	Habágting eon? / Was the bell already rung?
bágjis (n)	[fish--freshwater, small]
Bagto (n)	barrio of Lezo
bágtok (adj)	completely dried out, dehydrated
bágtoe (n)	bamboo drum [Syn: támboe]
bágtoe (RV1)	to beat, hit, pound [a drum]
bágtong (n)	hard, uncooked mongo seeds
bagtóngon (adj).	having the consistency of hard mongo seeds
bágtong (RV1)	to bundle up, pack together
bágwas (RV3)	Bagtóngga ring éámbong. / Bundle up your shirts.
bágyat (RV1)	to separate, leave, divorce (from)
bágyo (A) (n)	to scold [Syn: buyáyaw, múaay]
bágyo (RV7)	hurricane, storm
mabaeagyóhon (adj)	to storm [having hurricane force]
bási' bumágyo [idm]	stormy; likely to storm; about to have a storm "It might storm" [FE], "The glass might break" [AE] (said when one sings off key)

bahá' (n)	flood
bahá' (RV7)	to overflow, flood.
baháé (adj)	Nagbahá' ro subá' kabíi. / Last night the river
baháé (RV7)	flooded.
pabaháé (CV)	fermented, acidic
bahág (n)	to ferment, become acidic or alcoholic
bahála" (expr)[Tag]	to ferment [something]
	G-string, breach cloth; brief; underwear
	"so what?" "who cares?" "come what may"
Bahála' eon. / So what?	Bahála' kímo ron. / I don't care; it's up to you.
	Ikáw ro bahála' karón. / It's completely up to you.
bahándi' (n)	treasure
baháon. (RV5)	to sneeze
bahaw (n)	cold rice
bahaw (RV7)	to cool off, get cold [said of food]
pamáhaw (n)	breakfast; snack [so-called because it generally consists of cold left-overs, particularly rice]
pamáhaw (RV1)	to eat breakfast, take a snack
baháw-baháw (n)	[ant--small, red] [Cf: gúyom, tagasáw]
baháy (n)	an old stock of rice
baháy (RV7)	to get old [said of stored and uneaten foodstuffs]
baháyan [Hil] (n)	window sill, door sill
báhi' (n)	hard stick
báhi' [idm],(adj)	tight, stingy, miserly, cheapskate, a Scrooge
báhin (RV2)	to set aside, set apart
báhin (n)	part, section, chapter [of book]
	ikáywáng báhin ku tueún-an / second part of the book
báhin-báhin (RV1)	to think over carefully, ponder
báho(h) [Sp] (adj)	bass, low [of sound, pitch]
báho (n)	bass [fiddle, voice]
báho' (n)	smell, odor, stench, stink [bad]. [Cf: humót]
báho' it sáeong [idm]	"odor of resin" [meaning or referring to a lack of relationship to other people]
báho' (RV6)	to stink, smell bad, stench
mabáho' (adj)	smelly, malodorous, stinky
panimáho' (RV3)	to sniff, smell out [like a dog]
bahóe (RV6)	to get bigger, grow bigger [Opp: isót]
kabahóe (n)	size, largeness; immensity
mabahóe (adj)	large, big, huge, immense
pabahóe (CV)	to enlarge; let get bigger
	Nagbahóe ro ánang dueúnggan. [idm]. / His heart swelled with pride. [idm] [Lit: ears got big]

bahóe (n)	abaca cloth [made of coarse abaca fibres]
bahóg (n)	swill, slop, pig food
bahóg (RV3)	to swill, slop, feed [pigs]
baeahógan (n)	trough
bahóg [slg] (RV3)	to pour soup (on) [Alt: sahóg]
báid (RV1)	to sharpen [a knife]
báid [idm] (adj)	sharp, keen, intelligent Báid si Juán. / John is quite sharp.
bailán (n)	flint stone [used for sharpening knives] [Alt: bairán]
bairán (n)	flint stone [used for sharpening knives] [Alt: bailán]
pamaíd (DV)	to sharpen [knives]
báil (n)	hard clump of earth, clod, dried out soil
báis-báis (RV1)	to argue (over), disagree (about) Ginabáis-báis nánda ro kahimtángan ku eúgtá. They are arguing over the status of the land.
bála(h) [Sp] (n)	bullet
bála (RV3)	to load, put bullets into [gun]; to punch, box
baláan [Hil] (adj)	sacred, holy [Akl: baeáan; cf: baeá']
baláng.laráwan (n)	idols, [religious] images
Balábag (n)	barrio of Malay on Borakay Island [Cf: baeábag]
bálak [Tag] (n)	plan [Akl: húna'-húna']
Balaktasan (n)	barrio of Madalag
balándra(h) (RV2)	to hurl, throw [with force or anger] Ibalándra ta sa kuráe ngarón. Kita' mo. / I'll hurl you against that fence. You'll see.
bálang (A. def)	each, every [Syn: káda]
balasúbas [Tag] (adj)	bálang isaeá kánda / each and every one of them
balasúbas (RV1)	impolite, incivil, indecent; niggard; swindling
baláyang (n)	to swindle, cheat, con [in a business deal]
balbíkí(h) (n)	[sedge--used for making mats] <u>Cyperus radiatus</u> .
bálkon [Sp] (n)	drill bit [Syn: renda]
bálda(h) (ST4)	balcony [Alt: balkoni]
bálda (n)	to break, fracture [a bone]
baldádo (adj)	bone fracture
bálde [Sp] (n)	disabled, crippled, having a broken bone
baldósa [Sp] (n)	bucket, pail
bálin [Oák] (RV1)	tile [flooring]
bálin [Bkd] (RV1)	to repeat
bále(h) [Sp]. (n)	to invert, change, reverse
bále (RV1)	credit, worth, value
bále (RV1)	to consider, reckon [Akl: bílang]
mabále (adj)	to buy on credit
owát.bále [idm]	worthwhile, valuable [Akl: háega(h)] "Never mind." "It's O.K." "Forget it."

pabale	(CV)	to sell on credit, give credit (to) Pabaléha akó it sang gántang nga bugás. / Give me one ganta of rice on credit.
balé [Eng]	(n)	ballet
balé	(RV6)	to dance a ballet
báli'	(ST3)	to get broken in two, get fractured Nabáli' ro žang bútkon. / His arm is broken.
báli'	(RV1)	to break, fracture
báli'	(adj)	broken, fractured
balibad	(RV3)	to refuse, deny, turn down Ayáw akó pagbalibári. / Don't turn me down.
balík	(RV1)	to return, give back to [Syn: úli']
balík	(RV1)	to return, come back for, fetch [Syn: sdeáng] Balíka akó hindúrang alás says. / Come back for me later at six o'clock.
balík-balík	(RV6)	to frequent, come often, return again and again Balík-balík, ha? [idm] / Come back and visit us again, O.K?
balíkad	(RV1)	to turn backwards, turn [something] around Balíkda roh. / Turn it around.
balíkis	(RV1)	to roll up, fold up [sleeves] Balíkisa ūng sáewae. / Roll up your pants.
balíkutó	(RV7)	to be/get twisted, bent, crooked, turned around [Cf: tikó', balískad]
balíkwa'	(RV1)	to turn/set upright; turn over [upright] Gakueb imáw magtíeo. Ginbalíkwa' ko. / He sleeps face down. I turned him over.
balíkwás	(RV1)	to disarrange, upset, twist out of shape Ginbalíkwás ku bágyo ro ámong atóp. / Our roof was twisted out of shape by the storm.
balíghot	(RV1)	to tie up [Opp: hubad]
balígya'	(RV2)	to sell, offer for sale
balígya'	(n)	goods for sale [Syn: tinda(h)]
búebalígya'	(RV5)	to play store {children's game}
baealígyá-an	(n)	market [Syn: tindáhan]
balihá(h) [Sp]	(n)	mail bag; basket, tray
balilá'	(n)	{fish--quite long, with plenty of spines}
balilig	(n)	gunwale {side or edge of a boat}
balílin	(RV1)	to roll up [Cf: balíkis] [Oak: to overturn, roll over] Balilina ro baníg. / Roll up the sleeping mat.
	[Oak]	Ginbalílin it húmbak ro báróto. / The banca was overturned by the waves.
balímbod	[Bkd] (RV1)	to tie up; tie around [Alt: bulíbod]
balíntawák	(n)	[native dress--knee length, worn only for dances]

balentāyn [Eng] (n)	Valentine [card sent on Feb. 14]
balíntong (RV6)	to stumble, roll over
balingág (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: bulingág, búngkoe]
baling-baling (adj)	unsteady, aimless [said of a flying object without aim]
balinghoy (n)	[bush, edible tubercle] cassava. <u>Manihot esculenta</u> Crantz.
balíog (n)	high collar [as found on some native dresses]
báisa [Sp] (n)	valise, overnight bag [Cf: malítia]
balisbisan (n)	eave(s) [the overhanging part of a roof]
balískad, (adj)	backward(s), switched around, reversed, inverted, opposite
balískad (RV1)	to turn inside out; invert, reverse, switch around
balisóng (n) [Tag]	Balískára ring eámbóng kón tuméang ka siing dáean. [max] / Turn your shirt inside out if you happen to lose your way.
balít (n)	[knife--long, sharp, common to Batangas]
balita' (n)	[tree--very hárđ red wood] <u>Euphoria didyma</u> Bl.
balita' (RV2)	news, report, newspaper
balítaw (n)	to report, tell the news
pambalítáwan (n)	ballad [vocal duet in song-story form]
baléte' (n)	operetta [native version]
Baléte' (n)	baléte tree. <u>Ficus benjamina</u> L.
Baletén-on (n)	Balete, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
balítók (RV1)	citizen of Balete
balíw (n)	to throw (at)
balíw (ST4) [sup]	[bush--used for making mats] <u>Pandanus copelandii</u> .
balíw-báliw (n)	to be bewitched, be stricken ill by an evil spirit
Balísbus (n)	Binalíw si Cárlo. / Carlo was stricken ill by an evil spirit.
bálot [Eng] (n)	bridge of the nose; place between the eyes
balót (n)	barrio of Maláy
balóta [Sp] (n)	ballot, vote [Alt: balóta]
balsamár [Sp] (RV1)	[a partially developed fertilized egg--usually boiled and served as a delicacy]
balyéna(h) [Sp] (n)	ballot [Alt: bálot]
bámpir [Eng] (n)	to embalm [Alt: embalsamár]
bámpira [Sp] (n)	whale
banáag (n)	bumper [of a car, truck]
banáag (RV7)	vampire [Akl: wákvak] [Cf: áswang, tiktik]
banábá(h) (n)	rays [of the rising sun]
baná-hana(h) (n)	to be rising [said of sun]; send off rays
	[tree--medicinal] <u>Premna cumingiana</u> Schaver.
	[tree, fruit] guayabano. <u>Annona muricata</u> L.

bána'-bána' (n)	estimation, calculation; opinion
banág (n)	[snail--small, edible] [Alt: banagan]
bánag-bánag (n)	dawn [Cf: bandag]
bánaw ]pali[ (RV3)	to wash [hands, feet]
bán-aw (n) [sup]	Palibánwi ring alima. / Wash your hands..
bán-aw (RV5)	fortune-telling, witchcraft [with help of spirits]
pabán-aw (CV)	to tell [scmeone's] fortune
manogbán-aw (n)	to have one's fortune told
bánaw-bánaw (n)	witch [in superstition]; prophet [in religious belief]; fortune teller, medium, soothsayer
Banay-banay (n)	calculation, estimation, opinion [Cf: bána'-bána']
bánban (n)	ówát binánaw-bánaw / no news about it
banbánón (n)	barrio of Malinaw
bánda(h) [Sp] (n)	[herb--used for roofing] <u>Donnax cannaeformis</u> .
bánda(h) (RV7)	centipede, millepede
bandána [Sp] (n)	band, orchestra
bándi(h) (n)	to bounce back from [ball]
bándi' (n)	bandanna, large kerchief
bandído [Sp] (n)	[basket--small]
bandehádo [Sp] (n)	[candy--made from coconut and peanuts]
bandíli' [Ch] (n)	bandit, outlaw [Akl: buyóng]
bandílyo(h) [Sp] (n)	platter, serving dish
bandílyo (RV2)	jeweler's hammer
bandéra [Sp] (n)	bann, public announcement [Akl: pahisáyod]
bandíro (n)	to announce, notify [orally]
bándo(h) [Sp] (RV2)	flag [Oak: hayahay]
bándying-bándying ]pa[ (CV)	jeweler's pliers
bánhaw (ST2)	to decree, declare, announce [orally]
págkabánhaw (n)	[Cf: bandilyo(h)]
bánhay (RV1)	]pa[ (CV) to wander aimlessly
baeaháyan [Nab] (n)	bándying-bándying nga hinámbae [idm] / small talk (or) preliminary discussion before getting to the point
bánhay-bánhay (RV1)	to rise from the dead
banig (n)	resurrection
bánlaw (RV3)	to set in proper order, organize
pamánlaw (DV)	grammar, syntax
baníeqd ]pa[ (CV)	to plan, conceive [of an idea], organize [in one's mind]
banög (n)	straw mat [used for sleeping]
	to rinse out [with water after soaping]
	to go through the procedure of rinsing things out
	to give preference to someone, favor
	[bird of prey--hawk]

banög-banogón (adj)	having the eyes of a hawk
bán-o s (RV7)	to rot, get spoiled/ruined [food, when bacteria begins to grow on it]
mabán-o s (adj)	spoiled, ruined, rotten
mabaeán-óson (adj)	prone to spoil, easily spoiled [food], perishable
báno s-báno s (RV3)	to sharpen [Syn: báid]
bansaeág-on (n)	[tree]-kabiki. <u>Mimusops elengi</u> L.
bán'sag (adj)	famous, popular, noted [Syn: bántog]
bánta' (n)	prophecy, premonition, "ESP", feeling
bánta' (RV5)	to have a premonition (or) feeling [that something will happen]
bántae (RV1)	to dam up
bántae (RV7)	to get/dammed up; not flow [Opp: flig]
bantaeáan (n)	tuna fish
bantála' [Hil] (RV2)	to announce, notify, herald; publish
Bantaling (n)	sitio in Madalag
bantatái (RV5)	to move bowels in one's clothing [gen]; to shit in one's pants [vul]
bántay [Ch] (RV4)	to guard, watch
bæeantayán (n)	watchtower; guard post
bántay-áyam (n)	watch dog
manögbántay (n)	guard, watchman
bantili' (n)	[hard stone] [Alt: bató-bantili']
bánting (RV3)	to tie down, support with cords [like a tent]
bánlod (n)	dry field [for planting] [Opp: húnod] [Cf: eanás]
bántog (adj)	famous, noted, well-known [Syn: bánsag]
bántog (RV2)	to announce
kabantogan (n)	fame, popularity
bántot [Tag]. (adj)	bad-smelling, stinky [Akl: báho']
banwa(h) (n)	town; country
Kabanwähónan (n)	group of towns
kasimánwa (n)	fellow-citizen
magbánwa [Oak] (n)	settler
pabánwa (RV9)	to go to town
pamánwa (DV)	to settle, stay in a place as a stranger
panimánwa (DV)	to settle down [together]
banyága' (adj)	criminally-inclined, evil-minded
bányo(h) [Sp] (n)	bathroom, lavatory [Akl: panlibánwan]
bán-yos (n)	rubbing agent [like Vicks]
bányos (RV2)	to rub with [something]
bányos (RV3)	to rub [someone]
báng a(h) (n)	[palm tree] palindán. <u>Orania palindan</u> .
Bánga (n)	Banga, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Bangáñhon (n)	citizen of Banga

Kabangáhan (n)	barrio of Madalag
bángá' [slg, (RV4)]	to kiss lips to lips
bangá' (n)	earthen jar, vase
bangá' [sl., (adj)]	clumsy, cannot catch [ball] well
bangáe (RV1)	to put something into the mouth in large quantities, gag; bribe [idm], shut someone up
	Baengón ta ikáw. / I'll gag you.
bángag (n)	[coconut beetle]
bangat (n)	longing, wishing, thinking
bangati(h) (n)	[vine--with red and black colored seeds]
báng-aw (n)	rabid dog
bináng-aw (adj)	rabid, having rabies
bángbang (RV7)	to fall down, cave in [such as sides of riverbank]
Bángbang (n)	barrio of Balete
bángka(h) [Sp] (n)	banca, small boat, ferry
bangkíro (n)	ferryman
Bangkirohán (n)	barrio of Altavas
pamángka (RV5)	to ride a ferry
bángkáe (n)	[tree--reddish fruit] <u>Nauclea junghuhnii</u> , [náto]
bángkaláwag (n)	[tree] <u>Terminalia calamansanai</u> .
bángkas (n)	[chicken]
bángkat (n)	woven basket [for small fishes]
bángkaw (n)	spear
bángkay (n)	corpse, dead person
bángkil (n)	canine tooth/teeth, fang
bángkiling (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Cicca acida</u> .
bangkita [Sp] (n)	sidewalk, pavement [Syn: eskinita, sáydwok]
bangkiti [Sp] (n)	banquet, feast [Akl: sáeo-sáeo(h)]
bangkító [Sp] (n)	stool [Cf: bángko']
bángko(h) [Sp] (n)	bank [public building where money is stored]
bángko' [Sp] (n)	bench, seat, chair
bángkok (n)	[tree] binúcao. <u>Garcinia binúcao</u> .
bangkolisán (n)	[tuna fish]
bangkulít (n)	bark [of tree]
bángdày (RV3)	to cross, conflict; overlap [ideas]
bángeo' (n)	bun, chignon; wig
bángeos (n)	milk fish
binángeos (adj) [n]	shaped like a milk fish; [type of bolo]
banggá' (RV3)	to ambush
banggá' (RV6)	to collide, hit together
bánggad [sup] (RV1)	to touch to the lips of a child [in order to determine its character--usually done to young babies] Náno ro bánggad kímo, puyás it báboy? [vul]/ What touched your lips [when you were a kid]--

bánggíra(h) [Sp] (n)	a pig's vagina? [implying one is talkative]
banggirahán (n)	... ginbánggad it krus / touched with a cross [implying one is well-behaved]
bánggod (RV1)	... ginbánggad it pasáyan / touched with a shrimp [implying one is lively and active]
banggorán (n)	rack, tray
baeanggorán (n)	place where dishes are dried and stored to husk [coconut].
bánggoy (n)	[pointed piece of wood used to husk]
bangí' (adj)	husking shed (or) site
bangíl (n)	[crab]
bángil (RV1, 3)	unmatched, mismatched, uneven [two different sized shoes, stockings, etc.].
bangilád (n)	shim [something used to level off an unbalanced table or chair that is wobbling]
bangís]ma[ [Tag] (adj)	to put a shim or stopper under [something]
kabangís (n)	[tree] <u>Sterculia oblongata</u> .
bangód (prep)(conj)	cruel, savage, mean
bangod (RV3)	cruelty, savagery, meanness
bangdánan (n)	because (of)
kabangdánan (n)	to blame, accuse
pabangód (n)	Bási' hibángdan akó, / I might be blamed.
pabangód (CV)	excuse, invented (or) false reason
bángon (RV6)	cause, reason; excuse
pabángon (CV)	false testimony
bangúngot (n)	to give false testimony, accuse wrongly
bangúngot (ST4)	to get up [out of bed], arise
bángos [Tag] (n)	to awaken, wake [someone] up [Syn: púkaw]
bángsag [Bkd] (adj)	nightmare, bád dream
bángto(h) (RV1)	to have a nightmare [believed to be fatal, causing the person to die of shock] [Cf: tupáy]
báo' (n)	milk fish [Akl: bángeos]
baó(h) (n)	popular, famous [Akl: bánság]
baó [idm], (adj)	bángsag nga maeueúy-on / noted for [his] mercy
báo-báo (n)	to fry until very crisp
baóe [Sp] (n)	small
báog (RV7)	[turtle--small] [Cf: pawikan]
baóg (adj)	dull, stupid
baóg (adj) [idm]	[beetle--small, edible]
báon. [Tag] (n)	trunk, footlocker
	to putrify, rot [like old eggs]
	putrid, ruined, spoiled, rotten
	sterile [incapable of bearing children]
	provision(s); supply [for a journey] [Akl: báeon]

bápor [Sp] (n)	steam boat; ocean liner, ship . [Cf: bárkó(h)]
bar [Eng] (n)	bar [place to drink]
bára(h) [Sp] (n)	crow bar; bar [1 meter in length]
barahán (n)	meter stick, measuring stick
bará(h) (ST3)	to get stuck, run aground
barábae [Bkd] (adj)	Nabará ro sakáyán. / The boat ran aground.
barábabaw (n)	harsh, unrefined, ill-mannered, rude, crude
bárák [Eng] (n)	[Alt: bardbae]
bárák (RV5)	[small bat] [Cf: kabog, kuyápnít] (flying animal)
	barracks
	to not let others get a word in edgewise, speak quickly
	Kon maghámbae imáw hay nagabárák eang. / When he speaks he won't let others get a word in edgewise.
barákha(h) (n)	store, booth [Related Sp: barraca, verraca]
barakílan (n)	side girder of house [which supports truss]; wooden frame of tin roofing, rafters
barakúda [Eng] (n)	barracuda [fish]
baráha(h) [Sp] (n)	playing cards; deck of cards
báran'dilya (n)	railing [of staircase] [Alt: brandílya]
bárang [sup] (n)	black magic, voodoo, witchcraft; curse
bárang (ST4)	to be cursed, bewitched [sickness brought on by voodoo]
manógbárang (n)	sorcerer, witch/wizard; practitioner of voodoo
baránggay (n) {Oak}	[native boats--of historical import, which brought the first Malaysian settlers]
baránggay (n)	club, group, organization
báras [Sp] (n)	barbell, weight [for physical exercise]
báras (RV5)	to lift weights, develop one's muscles
barásán (n)	bars used for physical exercises
barás-barás (n)	[newly developing ear of corn]
barát [Sp] (adj) [slg]	cheapskate, always underpaying, miserly [Cf: baráto] [Syn: korípot, dimot]
baratíyo [Sp] (n)	discount sale, closeout
barátó(h) [Sp] (adj)	cheap, inexpensive, reasonable
barátó (n)	trifle, cheap gift
barátó (ST5)	Táw-I akó it barátó. / Give me some trifle.
	to find inexpensive, not consider expensive
	Nabaratóhan akó ku kárne iyá sa Kalíbo. / I find meat inexpensive here in Kalibo.
bárbas [Sp] (n)	beard [Akl: búngot]
pamárbas (RV6)	to shave (off) [one's beard] [Alt: pamálbas]
barbikyó(h) [Eng] (n)	barbecue

barbikyô (RV1)	to barbecue; cook over charcoal fire, frequently basting the meat [Akl: asâe]
bâbel [Eng] (n)	barbell, weight [for physical exercise]
barbero(h) [Sp] (n)	barber [Akl: manôgbieog]
barberiya (n)	barber shop
bârbon (n)	lock of hair [growing by the forehead, the sides, or the nape of the neck]
barkilyo [Sp] (n)	barquillo [long, thin wafer rolls] [Alt: barkilyos]
bârko(h), [Sp] (n)	ship, boat, steamer [Cf: bapôr]
buebárko (n)	toy boat
bârgas [Sp] (n)	iron plow
barikan [Bkd] (RV5)	to get drunk, drink until one is drunk [Cf: hilóng]
baril [Sp] (n)	gun
baril (RV1)	to shoot, gun down
baearflan (RV8)	to shoot at one another, have a gun fight/battle
barilis [Sp] (n)	barrel, large container
barîna(h) [Sp] (n)	drill
barîna (RV3)	to drill (into)
baritâ(h) [Sp] (n)	bar [of soap]
binarita (adj)	bar-shaped
bârlak (RV7)	to shine, radiate [Rel: gilâk]
mabarlak (adj)	shiny, brilliant, radiant
barubae (adj)	harsh, rough, unrefined, crude, rude, impolite [Syn: barâghae]. [Alt: barâbae]
bâroe (n)	dried, salted fish [Alt: bâeo]
baróng [Tag] (n)	barong [native men's shirt for formal wear]
baróng (RV5)	to wear a barong
baróng-baróng (n)	shack, shanty, makeshift house
barót [Hil] (adj)	stale, bad, spoiled [tobacco]
baróto(h) (n)	outrigger canoe
buebaróto (n)	toy outrigger canoe
pamaróto (RV5)	to ride an outrigger canoe
barténder [Eng] (n)	bartender, person who fixes drinks [Cf: bar]
bâryo(h) [Sp] (n)	barrio
kasimáryo (n)	barrio mate
pabáryo (RV9)	to go to the barrio
tagâbáryo (n)	person from the barrio; hick, hayseed [usually said with intent to insult] [Cf: bulâid, tagâbulâid]
bâsa(h) (RV1)	to read
baeasahâi (n)	library, reading room; place for reading
baeasahon (n)	reading materials; something to read
pagbâsa (n)	reading [the act of reading]
bâsag (RV1) [ST3]	to break; [get broken]
baság (adj)	broken [Cf: samâd, pusâ, 'wasâk, bali']

básbas (RV3)	to chip off; trim off
básket [Eng] (n)	basket [particularly as prepared for and sold at social functions in order to raise money]
basketból [Eng] (n)	basketball
basketból (RV5)	to play basketball
báskog (RV1)	to strengthen, make stronger/louder; turn up Baskóga ro rádyo. / Turn up the radio.
kabáskog (n)	strength; loudness
mabáskog (adj)	loud, strong Mabáskog ra límog. / His voice is loud.
talimáskog (n)	reinforcement; strength
talimáskog (RV3)	to reinforce, strengthen
bási' (Dp)	Modal particle expressing: "maybe, perhaps; might, may" [Cf: sigúro(h), pwéde, sabón] Bási' mahueog ká. / You might fall.
básin [Sp] (n)	toilet bowl; pot of a potty
básiyo [Sp] (adj)	empty [Syn: ówát stéód] [Opp: punó']
básiwo [Sp] (adj)	empty [Alt: basíyo]
básiwo (n) [cor]	empty dish(es) [Alt: basíyo]
báslay (n)	[javelin]
básnig (n)	fish net
básnigan (n)	[type of boat used with fishing nets]
báso(h) [Sp] (n)	glass, tumbler
básuka(h) [Eng] (n)	sang ká básong tibí' / one glass of water
básuk-ay (RV1)	bazooka [weapon]
básoe (RV1)	to rummage through, look for something [in a big pile] [Syn: baéiskay, úkay] [Opp: himos] Mabúhay ra basík-ay ka naóg bágo makita' nána ro ánang bísti ku Sánto Niño. / He rummaged through his clothing for a long time before he discovered his costume from Santo Niño.
básura(h) [Sp] (n)	to blame, accuse, incriminate Hinugáy-a basóea. / Stop blaming [him].
basurahán (n)	garbage, rubbish, trash
basuréro (n)	garbage dump, place for garbage (or) trash
básta [Sp] (intj)	garbage collector, garbage man
básta [Sp] (conj)	stop! don't! [Akl: Tuman eon.]
básta-básta (adj)	so long as, provided that, just so long as, if Básta ikáw... / So long as it's for you, O.K.
básta-básta (RV1)	Básta maghípos ka eang, taw-án ka dáyon it dílisi! / So long as you'll be quiet, you'll be given some candy.
	taken for granted, ordinary, common
	to take for granted Ayáw akó pagbásta-bástaha.

bástón [Sp] (n)  
bástoš [Sp] (n)  
bastós [Sp] (adj)  
bastós (ST5)

Don't take me for granted.  
cane, baton, walking stick  
club [figure on old Spanish playing cards]  
crude, rude, ill-mannered, "gross"  
tò consider rude, "be grossed out" [slg; AE]

Nabastosán akó ku smong ginhámbae. / I was  
grossed out by what you said.

bínástós (RV5)  
bat [Eng] (n)  
bata(h) [Sp] (n)  
báta' (adj)

to speak (or) act crudely, be in bad taste  
bat [as used for baseball]  
bathrobe; housedress  
childish, young, juvenile; immature

bináta' (RV5)  
kabatá-an (n)  
bináta' (n)  
báta' jígl (n)

Báta' pat-ákon. / I'm still too young  
to act young/childish  
youth, juvenility  
young man [Syn: soltero]  
relative, someone related by blood

kaigbata-án (n)  
magbata' (REL. v)  
pág-ilígbataán (n)  
bataán (n)  
báta'-báta' (n)  
batak (RV1)  
batakán (n)

Igbata' námon imáw, / He is our relative.  
relationship  
to be related  
people of the same blood or origin  
"boy Friday", young helper; protege [FE]  
"boy Friday", young helper; protege [FE]  
to raise (up), hoist, pull/lift up [Opp: tóton]  
[small machine with blade used for canning or  
other home industries].

batad (n)  
batalán (n)  
batályon [Eng] (n)  
Bátan (n)  
Bátang [Oak] (n)  
tagaBátan (n)  
bátas (ST3)  
bátas (adj)  
batás (RV1)  
batás ]ka[ (intj)

sorghum. Andropogon sorghum.  
sink [Syn: banggirahán]  
battalion [of soldiers]  
Batan, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities  
[old name of Batan]  
citizen of Batan  
to wear out, suffer wear and tear  
worn out  
to endure, put up with, suffer [Syn: ántos]  
Expression of disbelief or dismay: "Never!" "The  
thought of it!" "It could never happen!"

batásan (n)  
  
pamatásan (n)  
bátaw (n)  
bátbat (RV1)

Kabatás ngá mo maghámbae karón! / I'd never  
say anything like that!  
manners, deportment; character  
Bulók ro ándang batásan. / They have lousy  
manners.  
manners, mannerisms, characteristics, traits  
[flat bean] bataú. Dolichos lablab Linn.  
to pound out metal.

pamábat (CV)	to lead [prayers, such as a litany, novena, etc.]
batí' (RV3)	to hear; perceive, sense, feel [Cf: bátyag] Owa' ako kabatí'. / I didn't hear.
baeatián (n)	sickness, disease
igbaeati' (n)	sense, sensation
inogbaeati' (n) [Oak]	conscience
památi' (RV3)	to listen to, hear (out)
tigbaeatián (n)	Pamati-i akó. / Hear me out.
batí(h) [Sp] (RV1)	plague, epidemic
Bati-anó (n)	to mix, scramble, mix together, blend
batik (n)	Batíá ro itlog ag piritóhon dáyen. / Scramble the eggs and fry them.
batikúeon [Hil] (n)	sitio of Maloko, Ibajay
batid (adj)	[sideboards put on boat--to prevent waves from washing in during stormy weather]
batiis (n)	gizzard [Alt: tikeón]
batil (n)	expert, well-versed [Syn: báid]
bátiri(h) [Engl] (n)	calf, the lower leg
bateriya [Sp] (n)	barge
batiti(h) (RV1)	battery [Syn: bateriya]
batiya' (n)	battery
báto(h) (n)	to adopt, rear, raise, bring up, care for wooden basin [Syn: dáieang], piece [FE], unit [AE] [although the standard American English idiom does not express the word]
báto (RV1)	tátlong bátong báso / three glasses
bató-bató (adv)	dáywáng bátong kodák / two pictures
bináto (adv)	to do something one bit at a time, do piecemeal one at a time
bináto (adj)	done one at a time, piecemeal
panigbato (RV2)	printed [not handwritten in script form]
tígsambáto (adv)	to spell out
sambáto (N. det)	one by one, one at a time
báto' (RV3)	one [preferably used with inanimate objects] [Alt: sambilog / one [with animate objects]]
bató(n) (n)	to fight back [Syn: súkoe]
bató (RV1)	stone
batóbaláni' (n)	to stone, throw stones at [Syn: eapóg]
kababátwan (n)	magnet
pamató (RV3)	stony area/place
batuanon (n)	to anchor [a boat]; weight, weigh down [Cf: angkla(h)]
bató-bató(h) (n)	[fish]
	kidney

Báto-bato (n)	barrio of Libkaw
bátok [Tag] (n)	nape [of neck] [Akl: ingkoy]
bátod (n)	[shrimp--very small]
bát-oe (n)	crop [usually rice or corn, or both] planted directly in dry soil with harrowing [Cf: bántod]
bát-oe (RV3)	to plant in dry soil [as opposed to planting in mud]
bát-oe [pa] (CV)	to warn, advise, call one's attention to
bátón (RV1)	to receive, accept, take, acquire
bátón it asáwa [idm]	to marry, take a wife; settle down
bátóng (n)	[large net made of rope]
pamatóng (RV5)	to catch pigs [using large rope nets]
bátítá(h) [Sp] (n)	billy club, policeman's stick
bátítong (n)	cradle [for baby]
bátsi(h) [Sp] (n)	rut, hole in the road
bátsoy [Ch] (n)	bachoy [noodle and meat recipe]
bátwan (n)	[trée, fruit] <u>Dracontomelum</u> <u>dao</u> .
Batwáy (n)	barrio of Ibajay
bátyag (RV1)	to feel, sense, perceive [Cf: batí']
baeatyágón (n)	Ginabátyag nána ro kásakit. / He feels the pain.
památyag (DY1)	emotions, feelings
památyag (n)	to feel, experience, sense
panghiimátyag [Nab] (n)	feelings; health
baw (intj)	Komísta ring památyag? [idm] / How do you feel?
báw-a (intj)	interjection [part of speech]
báwae (adj)	Exclamation of surprise: "Wow" [Syn: abáw]
báwae (V. det)	Exclamation of surprise or doubt: "Wow" "Really?"
báwae (RV1)	forbidden, prohibited
báwang (n)	is forbidden, is prohibited
bawáng-bawáng (n)	Báwae ro pag-íhi' sa plása. / Urinating at the plasa is forbidden.
báwas (RV1)	Báwae mag-óbra kon Domínggo. / It is forbidden to work on Sundays.
báwas (RV3)	to forbid, prohibit
báw-as (adj)	garlic. <u>Allium sativum</u> .
báwi' (RV1)	{flower--lavender, smells like garlic}
bawóg (n)	to eliminate, get rid of, take away, remove
bayá' (RV3)	to subtract, deduct, take (from)
biróna' lang [idm]	childless; sterile, impotent
pabayá' (CV)	to reclaim, repossess, take back, salvage
	[bamboo spring in a booby trap]
	to ignore
	"Forget it." "Never mind." "It's O.K."
	to let pass, not care about, ignore
	Ro Dyos owá' gapabayá' sa táwong nagahingúha!

pabáya'-báya' (CV)  
bayábas [Tag] (n)

báyad (n)

báyad (RV3)

báyan-báyan (n)  
bayáni(h). [Tag] (n)  
bayanshan [Tag] (n)  
báyang (RV1)

mangbáyang it kileon  
Bay-ang (n)  
Bay-ang (n)  
báyaw (RV1)

báyaw (n)  
bayáwas (n)  
báybáy (n)

Báybáy (n)  
Báybáy (n)  
báyi (h) (n)

babáyi (n)  
binabáyi (RV5)

báyi-báyi (n)  
bayénte [Sp] (n)  
báyle(h) [Sp] (n)

báyle (RV6)  
bayéhan (n)  
báyló(h) (RV1)

kabáylo. (n)  
báylok (n)  
baylókan (n)

báynte (n) (n)  
bayó (RV)

báyo' [Hil] (n)  
bayód (n)

báyolit [Eng] (adj)

bayonita [Sp] (n)

bayóok (n)

/ God does not ignore a person who tries.  
to not care much (about), be half-hearted.  
guava. [tree, fruit]. Psidium guajava L.  
[Alt: bayáwas]  
payment, pay

Pilá ring báyad karón? / How much did you pay  
for it?

to pay (for/off)  
Bayári eágí ring utang. / Pay your debt right  
away.

banister, balustrade, railing [along stairway]  
hero [Akl: bagáni(h)]

self-help, cooperative project [Akl: sagibin]  
to make [pottery], form earthenware [vessels]  
/ pot maker

sitio of Maloko, Ibajay  
barrio of Batan  
to lift up, hoist; attach [by lifting and then putting  
into place].

brother-in-law [Cf: hipag / sister-in-law]  
guava. [tree, fruit]. Psidium guajava L.

beach, seashore; bank [of river]  
barrio of Makato

barrio of Tangalan  
woman, female

woman, female [Alt: bayi(h)]  
to act like a female [said of a male], be effeminate  
dessert made of rice, coconut and sugar]

twenty, 20 [Alt: báynte, veinte]

dance  
to dance

dance hall, place for dancing  
to change, exchange; trade

exchange, trade [item used in an exchange]  
[unit of dry measure--1/2 coconut husk full]

shell used for measuring. [coconut]  
twenty, 20 [Alt: bayénte, veinte]

to box, hit, pound, pommel  
Báywón ta. / I'll box you.

dress, shirt; clothing  
[insect--worm-like]

violet [colored] [Syn: lila, bioleta]  
bayonet

mumps [disease]

bayón'g	(n).	buri bag [usually for l cavan] [Cf: kabán]
bayuyan	(n).	[fish]
biás	(n)	joint; notch [of finger] [FE]; [internode of flora--the part between the joints of flowers and plants]
biaw	(n)	clean water [stored for drinking purposes].
biaw	(RV1)	to store (water for drinking in some container)
biba(h)	[Sp] (intj)	"hooray", "lóng live" [Alt: viva]
biba(h)	[Sp] (adj)	vivacious, lively, full of life [female]
bibo	(adj)	vivacious, lively, full of life [male]
		Bibo gid nga umgá' si Rey. / Ray is quite a lively kid.
bibi	(n)	[duck]
bí-bi'	(n)	edge, steep side [river; tabletop]
bibig	(n)	sa bí-bi' it subá' / at the edge of the river
bibingka	[Tag] (n)	lip(s)
		[cake made of rice or cassava, cooked between two fires] [Akl: bingkaj]
bibirón	[Sp] (n)	Mátsa bibingka ka. [idm] / You're like a cake
bibó(h)	[Sp] (RV5)	cooked between two fires [implying that one is caught in a dilemma].
bfbo(h)	(RV1)	baby bottle.
bíbo	(adj)	to keep the ball in continuous play [volleyball]
bébot	[Tag, slg] (n)	to dribble, bounce (a ball) [basketball]
bika'	(RV1)	lively, full of life, vivacious [Cf: biba(h)]
biká(h)	(n)	gal, girl
biká-ka'	(RV5)	to spread the legs apart, do a split
biki'	(n)	shard, potsherd [broken piece/chip off of earthenware vessels]
bikil	(RV7)	to squat/sit with the legs far apart (or) open mumps [disease] [Syn: lamparónis]
bikó(h)	(n)	to swell up, become enlarged (or) enflamed
bikukok	(n)	[dessert] [game--stone tossing]
bikoe	(n)	[bird--crow]
biktima	[Sp] (n)	hip [part of body]
biktori	[Eng] (n)	victim
"Victory Joe"	(n)	victory
bikwaeon	(adj)	Victory Joe [American soldier who served during the liberation struggle]
bikwik	(RV5)	clumsy, unskilled, not good at [Opp: sampáton]
bída(h)	[Sp] (n)	to chirp, twitter [birds]
bidyó'	(RV1)	hero [of story, movie]; main actor.
bídyo'	(n)	[Opp: kontrabida / villain]
		to go spear-fishing underwater
		diving spear

biga' [vul] (n)	sexual excitement (or) feeling [Cf: <i>haeg</i> ]
bigá-on (adj)	oversexed [female] [Syn: <i>kátlan</i> , <i>ueágán</i> ]
Biga-a (n)	barrio of Lézo
bigki(h) (n)	edge [of any solid surface] [Cf: <i>bi-bi'</i> ]
bigki (RV2)	to move to the edge
bigkis (n)	sash [piece of cloth wrapped around the waist]
bigóe (RV7)	to swell, get swollen [said of parts of the body]
bigóti(h) [Sp] (n)	moustache
bihag (RV1)	to capture; get the prize [at a cock fight]
bihag (n)	capture, prize [of the winner]/forfeit [of loser]
pamihag (DV)	to invade and capture, take over, seize
	Bilihágán kitá. [expr] / "Winner owns loser.."
bihod (n)	[the winner not only wins his money prize, he also will get the dead rooster for an additional prize]
bidhánan (adj)	fish egg(s), caviar
	filled with fish eggs
bihón [Ch] (n)	bidhánan nga pamisáea [idm] / a phrase pregnant with meaning [AE]
Viérnes [Sp] (n)	noodles [for pansit]
bílang (Dp)	Friday [Alt: Biernes]
bílang (RV1)	somewhat like, considered as, like [Syn: <i>mátsa</i> ]
	to consider (as), reckon (as)
bilánggo' [Tag] (RV1)	Ginabilang kitá ku Dyos nga límpyo. / God considers us clean.
binilánggo' (adj)	to imprison, jail
bilanggó-an (n)	imprisoned
bilaóg (n)	prison, jail
bilás (n)	[shell]
	[the relationship of two outside in-laws--such as the wife of one brother to the wife of another brother]
bilásyon [Sp] (n)	wake (or) novena held on the anniversary of death
bilát [vul]. (n)	vagina [stf]; female sex organ [gen]; "cunt" [vul]
	"Bilát iná na." [very vulgar expression]
bílbít [Eng]. (n)	velvet
bili(h) (n)	cost, price, value, worth [Cf: <i>háega</i> , <i>présyo</i> ]
	Pilá ro ánang bili? / How much is it worth?
bili (RV5)	to be worth, have a value, be priced (at)
bili (n)	[tree] <u>Dracontomelum</u> édule.
bilíbid (n)	jail [named after a street in Manila where the famed jail was located]
	to jail, imprison [Syn: "Munting-lupa"]
bilíbid (RV1)	to trickle, run slowly [water] [Cf: <i>dahilig</i> ]
bili-bili(h) [Hil] (RV7)	to appraise, examine
biliid (RV1)	

	Bidla it mayád bágó bumakáe. / Examine [it] well before you buy.
bilídlon (adj)	worthy of examination (or) appraisal
bilídhon (adj)	noteworthy, exemplary, admirable [Opp: lilikawan / worthless]
bilin (RV2)	to leave behind; order, request
bilin (n)	order, request
hibilin (RV2)	Kahápon umabót ro ákong bilin sa Manila. / Yesterday my order from Manila arrived.
iblin (RV6)	to order; notify
iblin (n)	to stay behind [to watch or guard], remain behind guard, watch [someone left home to watch or take care of the house]
inóghibilin (n)	notification, order; message, request, note
pabilin (CV)	to force to remain, ask to stay (behind)
panagobílin (n)	message, last will, last words, testament; maxim
Belén [Sp] (n)	Bethlehem; creche, a manger scene [Christmas]
Belén (n)	barrio of Libakaw
biling (ST4)	to get cramps
bilis ]ma[ [Tag] (adj)	swift, speedy, fast [Akl: mabákas]
kabilis (adj)	swiftness, speed
mabilis [idm] (adj)	having an accent on the final syllable [grammar]
bilisád-on (n)	proverb, maxim [Cf: bisáea] [Syn: silinghánon, hueubáton]
bilo(h) [Sp] (n)	veil
bilo (RV3)	to put on a veil
pabilo (n)	wick [of a lamp or candle]
bilog (RV1)	to consolidate, unify, make into a single unit
bilog (n)	unit [AE]; piece [FE] [not usually said in idiomatic American English]
sambilog (N. det)	dáywang bilog nga manók / two chickens
tigsambilog (adv)	one [originally used for counting animate objects or people, but now alternates with <u>sambato</u> (cf)]
bilög (adj)	one at a time, one by one
bilög (n)	solid, entire, whole; full [moon]
bilög-bilög (n)	Bilög ro búean. / The moon is full.
bilos [Sp] (n)	[fish--thin]
bilyánte [Sp] (n)	[sailboat--noted for its speed]
bilyánte négra (n)	diamond [Alt: brilyante]
bilyéte [Sp] (n)	black diamond
bilyónes [Sp] (n)	love letter
binaéök-an (n)	billion(s)
binángeos (n)	empty coconut [cut into two] [bolo--named for its shape like the milk fish]

bendísyon [Sp] (RV3)	to bless, give a blessing
bendísyon (n)	blessing
bendítah [Sp] (n)	holy water
bendita (RV3)	to sprinkle with holy water
benditádo (adj)	sprinkled with holy water, blessed
manóbendita (n)	[someone authorized to bless with holy water]
bindúnggo (n)	[first stomach of cows and other ruminating animals where the cud goes]
binhi' (n)	seed, grain
paminhi' (RV5)	to prepare seeds for planting
binhi' (intj)	"Give up." [said when a riddle cannot be answered]
binhod (ST4)	to tingle, be numb, "fall asleep" [said of some part of the body that tingles when kept long in one position] Nabinhod raáng siki. / My foot fell-asleep.
binfas (n)	section, internode, joint [of plant, finger] [Alt: biás]
biníray (n)	sailboat--usually three boats tied together during a water festival
biníray (adj)	hanging, suspended on a line [clothes]
binit (n)	side.
pabinit (RV9)	to go to the side
paminit (n)	siding(s)
Binitinan (n)	barrio of Balete [Cf: bitin]
bíñlod (n)	smallest particles of winnowed rice [Syn: bintok]
bino(h) [Sp] (n)	wine
bintáha(h) [Sp] (n)	advantage [Opp: depákto, disbintáha(h)]
Kinabintáha (n)	principal advantage, most advantageous thing Kinabintáha nímo ron. / That's your biggest advantage.
bintána' [Sp] (n)	window [Alt: dueungawan]
bintiladór [Sp] (n)	automatic (or) electric fan [Alt: bentiladór]
binting (n)	[part of a weaving machine]
bintek (n)	smallest particles of winnowed rice [Syn: binaléd]
bíntoe (n)	[fish trap]
Venturáñza [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
bintósa' [Sp] (n)	[vacuum instrument for sucking pus from wound]
bingá(h) (n)	hull(s) [of rice]
bingahón (adj)	having hulls [poorly milled rice]
bíngat (RV1)	to pull open, pull apart
bíngaw (adj)	gap-toothed, missing a tooth/missing teeth
pamingaw (DV)	to lose teeth [as children, old folks]
bíngka(h) (n)	[dessert cake] [Cf: bibíngka(h)]
bíngkit (RV1)	to join, unite, tie together [Cf: ángkop]
bíngkong (RV7)	to curl up [fingers, paper]

bínggæ [RV1]	to provoke, bully, go against
binggarðe (n)	bully, someone constrained to provoke another
bínggit [Tag] (n)	edge, rim [Akl: bínt]
viólin [Sp] (n)	violin [musical instrument] [Akl: rábil]
bírá(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to pull [Opp: súlong] [Syn: bútong]
bírá (RV3)	to sock, punch, box, hit
bíráda (adj)	forced; pulled
bírang (n)	woven abaca fibres [used to make mosquito nets]
bérbo [Sp] (n)	verb [grammatical term] [Akl: bueuháton]
bérde(h) [Sp] (adj)	green
bérde [idm] (adj)	obscene, "dirty"
bérha [Sp] (n)	bérdeng hámbar / obscene language
bírhin [Sp] (n)	grill (or) grating [as on window]
Bírhin (n)	virgin
bíri-bíri [Eng] (n)	Virgin Mary
bírmúda [Eng] (n)	befi beri [disease caused by lack of thiamine]
bernakulár [Sp] (n)	bermuda grass. <u>Cynodon dactylon</u> .
bíróna' lang (intj)	vernacular, native language
bírso [Sp] (n)	"Never mind." [Ctr: pabáy-i' rúna']
bérso [Sp] (n)	verse [of a poem] [Cf: binaeáybay]
bírtdey [Eng] (n)	explosives, fireworks
bírtúd [Sp] (n)	birthday [Akl: kinatawóhan] [Sp: diýas]
bírtston [Eng] (n)	virtue; charm, talisman [Oak: baeá']
bísa [Eng] (n)	birthstone
bísa [Tag] (n)	visa
bísá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	effect, result
 	to kiss the hand (or) forehead [of one's elders to obtain the parental blessing, done every evening and upon arrival and leavetaking]
pabisá (CV)	to go to someone for his blessing [Syn: Ámen]
bísáea(') (n)	word [a single word as opposed to a phrase]
.bílisád-on (n)	maxim, short saying worth remembering
pamísáea (n)	phrase
pamísáea (RV2)	to speak formally, address, lecture [Sp: diskúrso]
bíságra [Sp] (n)	hinge [of door]
bísán (conj)	although, no matter, even if
 	Bísán may hatún-an, ówát batásan. / Even if [he is] educated, he has no manners.
bísáya' (n)	Visayas [region]; Visayan [person from Visayas]
binisáya' (RV5)	to speak Visayan; act Visayan; translate to Visayan
 	Sín-o ro nagbinisáya' kará? / Who translated this into Visayan?
tagábisáya' (n)	Visayan [a person from the Visayan Region]
bísaya' (n)	[rice--grown in the Visayas]

bísáyás [Sp] (n)	the Visayan Region of the Philippines [Alt: Bisáya']
bísbol [Eng] (n)	baseball [Alt: béisbol]
bisbol (RV5)	to play baseball
bískít [Eng] (n)	biscuit, cookie; cracker [Alt: biskwit]
biskwit [Eng] (n)	biscuit, cookie, cracker. [Alt: bískít]
bísi [Eng] (adj)	busy, having little time [Alt: okupádo].
bísi [Sp] (n)	Bisi sibi' akó nga mayád makardín. / But I'm so busy now.
bískilita [Sp] (n)	vice- [as in vice-governor]
bísin--- (Dp)	bicycle
bísis [Sp] (n)	Particle used for quoting other's speech; "according to" "said" [Cf: sunó', kun---]
bísita(h) [Sp] (n)	Bisináyo? / Who said [it]?
bísita (RV3)	Bisinákon. / I said it.
bilisitahón (adj)	time; term, occasion [Sp: vez, veces]
bís-oe [Qak] (n)	sambísis malañg / just once.
mabis-oe (adj)	dáyang bísis lang / just this time
bísugo. (n)	tátlong bísis éon / the third time already
bísta(h) [Sp] (n)	visitor
bista (RV3)	to visit, call on, drop in
bilstahan (n)	always having visitors
bísti(h) [Sp] (n)	heavy heart, reluctance
bísti (RV3)	heavy-hearted, unwilling, reluctant
bistido (adj)	Mabis-oe rañg buót gataó. / I give this quite reluctantly.
bísto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	[fish]
bistádo (adj)	trial [in court]
bísto(h) (ST2)	to try [a case in court]
bísyo. [Sp] (n)	courtroom
bitá' (n)	clothing; garment(s) [Akl: naóg] [Cf: ilis]
bitág (n)	to help someone get dressed, dress [another]
bitamína [Sp] (n)	dressed, clothed
bit-ána (irti)	to see clearly, understand, know
bífas (RV1)	Bistóhon ko ánay. / Let me see.
bitay (RV1)	clear, well-known, established, understood
bilitayán (n)	to be discovered, get caught [hiding something]
bíyo. (n)	bad habit, vice [such as smoking, drinking]
bítá' (n)	[tree--source of quinine] <u>Alstonia scholaris</u> .
bítá' (n)	trap for fowl [Syn: kisiw].
bítá' (n)	vitamin(s)
bítá' (n)	"Forget it" "Never mind" [Ctr: báy-i it ána]
bítá' (n)	to slit open, split up; pull apart
bítá' (n)	to hang, suspend
bítá' (n)	gallows, place of hanging

bilitayón (adj)	condemned to be hung; deserving to hang
bitbit (RV1)	to carry in one's hand. [usually by a handle, like a suitcase or a trunk]
bití' (RV7)	to crackle [in the pan while cooking]. [Alt: butí']
bitik (n)	flea [as on dogs]
bitin (RV1)	to pull up; dangle, hang (from) [Cf: bitay]
bitin (RV1) [idm]	Nagabitin ro búnga. / The fruit is hanging.
bitin (n)	to break a premise, leave stranded (or) hanging [snaké--poisonous]
beteráno [Sp] (n)	veteran
beterináryo [Sp] (n)	veterinarian [animal doctor]
bitlag (n)	split bamboo, bamboo stick(s)
bétméd [Tag] (n)	veterinarian [from "veterinary medicine"]
bitóg (n)	artificial money [for gambling purposes]
bilitógan (RV8)	to play with/use artificial money
bitúon (n)	star [general term]
bitos (n)	stomach worms; intestinal parasites [Syn: deod]
bitsin [Ch] (n)	monosodium glutamate [a food seasoning]
bitso-bitso [Ch] (n)	[rice pastry or dessert]
biya' (n)	[the least favored rooster at a cock fight] [dejado]
biya' [Hil] (RV3)	to abandon, leave behind; quit Ginbiyá-an nána ro ánang pagtuón. / He quit
biyáhe [Sp] (n)	his studies.
biyáhe (RV6)	journey, travel, trip
biyáya' [Nab] (n)	to travel, go on a trip (or) journey
Biyérnes [Sp] (n)	mercy
biyolin [Sp] (n)	Friday [Alt: Byérnes] [Sp: Viernes]
biyúting [Tag] (n)	violin [Alt: violin] [Akl: rabil]
béysbol [Eng] (RV5)	homosexual, transvestite [Eng: beauty]
béysbol (n)	to play baseball [Alt: bísbol]
blákbórd [Eng] (n)	baseball
blángkit [Eng] (n)	blackboard [Sp: pisára]
blángko [Sp] (n)	blanket [Akl: háboe]
blúsil [Eng] (adj)	blank, empty space
búang [Hil] (n)	"blue seal" [FE], imported from the U. S. A.
búang-búang (n)	idiot, fool, jerk [Akl: kumángon]
búaw (ST4)	fool, nut, jerk [somewhat "off"]
boáya [Oak] (n)	to be temporarily blinded [as a result of some blow or shock] [Cf: búlag, púling]
bóbin [Eng] (n)	crocodile
bóbo [Sp] (n)	bobbin, spindle [for thread] [Sp: bobina]
bóbo (n)	simpleton, dullard, fool
bó-bo' (RV2)	[fish trap]
	to pour out, dump out [Cf: tayón]

búbog (n)	pieces of broken glass
Búbog (n)	barrio of Numancia
bubón (n)	open well [Cf: artisyan]
búbon-búbon (n)	soft spot (or) crown [of infant's head]
bubóng (n)	inside roof
bubongán (n)	rafters, "attic" [FE], inside area of roof
buká' (RV1)	to open up [something usually that is hinged, like an oyster or can; also lips]
buká' (ST3)	to get opened up [Cf: bukás]
bokábook (n)	[banana] <i>Musa sapientum</i> var. ?
bokábók (n)	particles of dirt that fall during cleaning
bokabulári [Eng] (n)	vocabulary [word list or all the words known to a person] [Alt: bokabuláryo] [Akl: pamisaahán]
búkad (RV1)	to unroll, roll open; unwrap
bukádkad (RV7)	to foam up, make currents [as water rushing in the river or above the propeller of a boat] [Alt: alimbukad]
bukáe (RV7)	to boil [said of heated liquids]
pabdkae (CV)	Nagbukáe ro ánaang dugó! / His blood boiled [with rage].
bukáekág (adj)	to boil in water; bring to a boil [Cf: eá-ga']
bukág (adj)	not tightly wrapped, loose
bokál [Sp] (n)	conceited, proud [Syn: bugaeón]
búk-an (n)	vowel
bukás (RV3)	grub worm
bukás (ST3)	to open up [window, door]
búkaw (n)	to get opened up [by accident]
búkaw [idm] (adj)	Bukás ro pwérta. / The door is opened.
bukáy (adj)	owl
bukáy (n)	having uncombed, messy hair
bokaypláto [Sp] (n)	white, albino [color, skin]
búkbáyínding [Eng] (n)	[chicken--white]
búkbayinding (RV5)	long-nosed pliers [boca y pato]
búkbuk (n)	bookbinding
pataktak it búkbuk [idm]	to bind books
bukead (RV1)	bamboo gnat; powder (or) dust left by boring of insects
búkeas (RV1)	open house, house-warming [ceremony]
búkeas (ST3)	to open up [as hand]
búkeas (RV1)	Sige, bukeára ring alíma. / Come on and open up your hand.
búkeas (ST3)	to snatch, grab, seize [quickly]
búkeas (ST3)	to get unloosened and collapse
	Nabúkeas ro moskitéro. / The mosquito net collapsed.

bukí <sup>1</sup> (RV1)	to open secretly, try to see
bukí <sup>1</sup> (adj)	naïve, ignorant, awkward, "green"
bukí-ki <sup>1</sup> (RV1)	to turn inside out [Syn: bálikkad]
bukid (n)	mountain
bukidnon (n)	mountaineer; "hick", "hillbilly" [AE, slg]
kabukíran (n)	mountain range
pabukid (RV9)	to go to the mountains, "head for the hills"
tagábukid (n)	person from the mountains; "hick", "hillbilly" [implying backwardness, said derogatorily]
bukiris (adj)	ignorant, green, awkward [Syn: buki <sup>1</sup> , bukisksis]
bukis (adj)	ignorant, green, awkward [Syn: buki <sup>1</sup> , bukisksis]
bukískis (adj)	ignorant, green, awkward [Rel: bukid(non)]
bukó (n)	joint [of bamboo], wrist [of hand]
bueobukó (n)	ankle [of foot]
bukod (RV5)	to become robust (or) stocky
kabukod (n)	strength, robustness
mabukod (adj)	robust, strong, well-built [body]; healthy
pabukod (CV)	to strengthen, cause to become robust
bukoe (n)	very young cocónut
buköe (RV7)	to swell up, protrude, stick out (through) [like a pen underneath a piece of paper] [Syn: bikil]
bukón (Neg)	"not", "no", "it is not" [used to negate nominals and adjectives or similar descriptions]
	Bukón it manggaránon imáw. / He isn't rich.
	Sápat ron?...Bukón. / Is that an animal?...No.
bukot (RV1)	[Cf: indí <sup>1</sup> , owá <sup>1</sup> , ayáw] [G. 196] [D. 31]
pabukot (CV)	to enclose, encage, gag up,
buköt (Neg)	to cover up totally with a blanket, sleep completely under the covers [including head]
búksing {Eng}(n)	[Ctr: bukón it] bukót gwápa / not pretty
búksing (RV1)	boxing
buksingan (n)	to box, fight with fists
buksingiro [Cor] (n)	boxing arena
búktot (RV6)	boxer, fighter
búktot (adj)	to be hunch-backed, be stoop-shouldered
búkwang (RV1)	hunch-backed, stoop-shouldered
búkwang (ST3)	to make an opening (in)
búkyá (n)	to develop a leak [boat, dike]; break open
búdbud (RV1)	Nabúkwang ro pilápil. / The dike broke open.
Búdha (h) [Ch] (n)	[jellyfish--causes itching if touched, unedible]
búdhí <sup>1</sup> (RV1)	to wind up, spindle
mabudhi-on (adj)	Buddha
	to betray, commit treason
	treacherous, guilty of treason

bodiga [Sp] (n)	warehouse, store room
buding [Lib] (n)	soot, carbon [Alt: buling]
búdlay (RV7)	to become harder, get more difficult [Syn: lisód]
búdlay (ST2)	to be exhausted, be overcome
búdlay (ST5)	to find difficult, consider hard, find exhausting
kabúdlay (n)	Nabudlayán akó karón: / I find that hard.
kabudlayán (adj)	hardship, difficulty
kinabudláyan (n)	most difficult, extremely exhausting
mabúdlay (adj)	fruit of one's labor (or) efforts
pangabúdlay (RV5)	difficult, hard, exhausting [Opp: maeumó]
buđol-búđol ]ma[ (adj)	to suffer hardships, endure difficulties
búđat ]mia[ (adj)	short and stocky [Syn: mabúdot]
búdyong (n)	short and stocky
bueá' (n)	conch; sea-shell trumpet
bueá' (RV7)	froth, foam, bubbles [Cf: búeok]
bueá' [idm] (RV5)	to form bubbles (or) foam
pabueá' (CV)	to talk with pride (about oneself or others)
bueábod (RV1)	to talk nonsense, "foam at the mouth" [AE]
bueábod (ST3)	to wind, wreath
Bueábod (n)	to get entangled
búeak (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Búeak (n)	flower [generic term]
búeak-búeak (n)	barrio of Batan
bucád (RV1)	embellishment [in a speech]; artificial flower(s)
bueág (RV1)	to dry out in the sunshine [Syn: búñ-ag].
bueág (RV4)	to separate, disjoin; put/pull apart
bueahó' (RV5)	to leave one another, separate, go apart
búean (n)	to cry aloud, weep loudly
binßeán (adj)	moon; month
bueáng (n)	monthly
búeang (RV2)	**PHASES OF THE MOON**
bueángan (n)	libóngdueóm new moon
	ligómdueóm new moon [Alt]
	kílap-kílap first sliver
	eati'
	údt~(h) first crescent
	paugsarón half moon (waxing)
	úgsad gibbous (waxing), 2nd quarter
	paudtuhón full moon
	údtó gibbous (waning), 3rd quarter
	pahimatayón last crescent; last quarter
	blade [used in cock fighting]
	to enter [a rooster] into a cock fight
	gallery, arena, place for a cock fight

bueángos (n)	long bearded [Cf: búngot, bárbas]
bueaw (RV6)	to wake up late [after sunrise] [Cf: pueaw]
bueaw (ST4)	to become jaundiced
bueaw (n)	[fish--with yellow stripe]
bueawan (n)	gold
bueawánon (adj)	golden
bueaw-as (adj)	having a bad aim, unable to hit a target, "a lousy shot" [unable to hit even at a close distance]
bueawis (n)	[fish]
bueáy (n)	stream; small tributary of a river
bueáy (RV7)	to empty into sea water [said of river]
buebue (n)	hair [of animals or people]; feather(s) [of fowl] [Cf: baeahíbo]
bueo (n)	small, thin bamboo [used for torches]
bueó(h) ]ma[ (adj)	foul-smelling, having a bad odor, stinks [Syn: báho']
bueó ]tag[ (ST2)	to feel like laughing, be struck by something funny, have something strike one as funny Natagbueó' aka. / [It] struck me funny.
makabueó'-bueó' (adj)	humorous, funny, makes one laugh, hilarious
bue-o' (n)	[the fat of chickens or other fowl near the tail]
bueo'-bueo' (n)	farse cock fight [using immature roosters for fun]
bueo'-bueo' (RV2)	to fight [immature roosters just for fun]
bueok (RV5)	to blow bubbles [Cf: bueá']
bueókan (n)	bladder [urine sack]
bueög (RV1)	to cut (with scissors); give a haircut (to)
pabueög (CV)	to get a hair cut Búega si Emmanuel. / Give Emmanuel a haircut.
bueög (n)	style of haircut Sádyatrá bueög. / His haircut is nice.
bueögán (n)	[infected lymph gland; swollen--in crotch area]
bue-og (n)	fool, idiot
kabue-ogán (n)	foolishness, idiocy
pabue-og (CV)	to act like a fool, act crazily [AE]; do foolishness [FE]
bueügtas (RV5)	to overeat, eat too much
bueolílaw (n)	[fish]
bueon (RV6)	to whirl, go in circles; pirouette, [said of dancer] [Alt: búyong]
bueón-bueónan it	manók (n) - stomach of a chicken [Cf: búnbun]
bueónlag (RV8)	to separate, split apart (in numbers) [Cf: bueág]
bueóng (n)	medicine, cure
bueóng (RV1)	to medicate, cure, administer medicine Búenga imáw. / Give him [some] medicine.
pabueóng (CV)	to go see a doctor; get medicine (or) medication
bueos (RV3)	to change off, alternate, replace

bueós (n)	replacement, substitute, alternate
·búeos-búeos (RV8)	to take turns, alternate with one another
pabueós (CV)	to let a replacement take over, find an alternate (or) substitute
pangbueós [hab] (n)	pronoun [grammatical term]
Búeo sangay (n)	sitio in Libakaw
bueúytan (RV8)	to hold hands [Cf: buyót]
bueúytan (n)	handle, knob; something to grab on to
pamdytan (n)	handle, knob; something to hold on to
búesa [Sp] (n)	pocket
bóesit [Ch] (n)	bad luck, misfortune [Alt: bóysit] [Cf: swérte]
bugá(h) (RV2)	to exhale, blow out [smoke of a cigarette]
búg-ak (adj)	proud, haughty, boastful [Cf: bugáe]
bug-akón (adj)	proud, boastful [without cause, inventing stories]
bugákay [Bkd] (n)	[Philippine bamboo] <u>Schiostachyum lima</u> . [Alt: bagákay]
bugáe (n)	pride, vanity
bugaeón (adj)	proud, vain [with regard to one's accomplishments or abilities] [Cf: búg-ak / proud without reason]
pabugáe (CV)	to cause to be proud; fill with pride
bugáhod (n)	Ikáw hay ákong ipabugáe. / I am very proud of you.
bugána' (ST5)	dirt
bugáng (n)	to be abundant, be plenty
bugáong (n)	[grass--used for making brooms] <u>Phragmites</u> .
bugás (n)	vulgaris
Buga songán (n)	[fish]
búg-at (RV6)	uncooked, polished rice
kabúg-at (n)	barrio of Lezo
mabúg-at (adj)	to become heavy, get heavier
búgaw (RV1)	weight, heaviness
bugáw (n)	heavy; weighty
bugáw (n)	to shoo, drive away; evict
bugáy [Bkd] (RV3)	fly whisk
búgbúg (RV1)	matchmaker; pimp [person who acts as intermediary to make one person accept the love of another] [can also be a caller for prostitutes, i. e. pimp]
búgbug (ST2)	to give, offer
búgkos (n)	to beat to unconsciousness, knock out
búgkos (RV1)	to get knocked out
búghat (ST2)	bundle, package
búghaw (adj)	to tie up, bundle, package
bughök (adj)	to relapse, get sick again
	having blonde (or) light-colored hair
	proud, vain, conceited, haughty [Alt: búg-ak]

búglit (n)	diarrhea, watery stool
búglit (ST4)	to get/have diarrhea
búgna' (RV3)	to bless; give grace
Magbubúgna' (n)	Grace Giver, God
búgnaw [Hil] }ma[ (adj)	cold; fresh [Akl: eamíg] tágnav
búgnay (n)	[tree, red fruit] <u>Antidesma bunius</u> (L.) Spreng
búgno(h), (RV1)	to greet; strike up a conversation with
búgnot (RV1)	to yank, pull out
bugúay, (n)	one length of rope [Syn: eángkoy]
búg-ok (adj)	proud, conceited [Alt: bughók, búg-ak]
bug-óngan (adj)	plump; fat, stout [usually said of animals]
búgong-búgóng (RV5)	to humm, buzz [insects, flies, bees]
búgos [Eng] (adj)	fake, counterfeit, bogos
búg-os (adj)	whole, entire, complete, total. [Opp: eághit] sa búg-os nga probínsya / throughout the entire province
búg-óy (adj)	Búg-os do ákong buót. {idm} / I haven't any doubt.
búgsak (adj)	naughty, nasty, delinquent [Syn: sutíl, eahóg] [worked on by a great number of people at once in order to be finished quickly]
búgsay (n)	paddle; oar {for boat}
búgsay (RV3)	to paddle; row {a boat}
búgtaw (RV6)	to be awake [Opp: túeog] [Syn: matá]
búgtaw (n)	wakefulness
pabúgtaw (CV)	to wake up, have someone wake another up
búgto' (RV1)	to break, snap
búgto' (ST3)	to give away, snap, get broken
búgtong (n)	only child
Búgtong Bató (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Búgtong Bató (n)	river in Ibajay
Búgtong Bató (n)	creek in Libakaw
búgyan (adj)	hard, not soft
buhá-ha' (adj)	extravagant, fool-hardy, careless (with money)
búhat [Hil] (RV1)	to make, do, work; create
binúhat (n)	creature, creation
bueuháton, (n)	work, deed; verb [part of speech]
Magbubúhat (n)	Creator [God]
pamueuháton (n)	handiwork(s), one's creations
tagbúhat (n)	craftsman, creator
buháwi' (n)	whirlwind, tornado
búhay (RV6)	to last a long time, endure
kabúhay (n)	long time, duration
mabúhay (adj)	long-lasting, enduring; drawn out, takes too long
pabúhay (CV)	to draw out, prolong, make last a long time

sa kàbukíyan [idm] búhi' (RV1)	in the long run; eventually, ultimately to let loose, let out; free
kabúhi' (ST2)	to accidentally get loose; escape Nákabúhi' ro manok. / The chicken got out.
pagkabúhi' (n) buhi' (adj)	escape; freedom alive, still living [Opp: patáy]
kinabúhi' (n) kinabuhí-an (n)	life[time] biography
mamumúhi' (n)	life-giver; someone who keeps others alive [by supporting them, feeding them, etc.]
nabubúhi' (n) pangabúhi' (RV5)	those who subsist, subsisters to live
pangabuhí-an (n)	occupation, livelihood [Syn: pangita']
bóhim yo [Sp] (n)	playboy, Bohemian
búhin (RV3)	to subtract, deduct [Opp: dágang]
búhin (n)	subtraction, deduction
buhís (n)	tax
buhis (RV3)	to impose a tax (on)
búho' (n)	hole
búho' (RV3)	to bore a hole, (in)
buhók (n)	hair [on head] [Cf: baeahíbo, búebue]
búhos (RV2)	to open a dam, let water out
bol [Eng] (n)	ball [Alt: bóla]
bol [Eng] (RV5)	to bowl [Alt: hólín, báwing]
bóla [Sp] (n)	ball
bolahán (n)	ball park, ball field
bóla(h) (RV1) [Sp]	to flatter, speak insincerely; pull one's leg [AE] Ayáw akó págboláha. / Don't flatter me.
bóla (ST2)	to get taken in, be played for a fool Habóla eon si Indáy.. / Inday has already been played for a fool.
boléra (adj)	flatterer [female]
boléro (adj)	flatterer [male]
Bolábod (n)	barrio of Malinaw
bolákbol [Eng] (adj)	truant, half-hearted, not serious; not having permanent residence, always wandering
boláda [Sp] (RV1)	to hang over, suspend overhead
boláda (n)	an overhang
boladór [Sp] (n)	kite
bulág (ST4)	to become blind [Cf: búaw, pólín]
bulág (adj)	blind; blinded
bulagís (adj)	having light-colored eyes
buláhan (adj)	fortunate, blessed; happy, prosperous Buláhan ro mgá nagapahúsay... / Blessed are

kabulahónan	(n)	the peacemakers...
búlalákaw	(n)	blessedness
bulánglang	(n)	[bird--believed to be carrier of evil spirits] [sup]
bulánglang	(n)	[fish]
bulangág	(adj)	[a combination of several vegetables which are cooked and served]
búlkán	[Sp] (n)	crazy [Syn: káumangón]
búlkit	[Eng] [pa] (CV)	to vulcanize; have vulcanized
búldog	[Eng] (n)	bulldog
búldog	[idm] (adj)	dull-minded, not very sharp
búlgar	(adj) [Eng]	vulgar, improper, impolite, indecent
búlgor	[Eng] (n)	[type of wheat imported from the U. S. A.]
búlí(h)	(n)	[Alt: búlgorwit]
búlí'	(n)	palm fibers. <u>Corypha elata.</u>
tabúlí' [vul]	(RV3)	rear, back
bólíbod	(RV1)	sa búlí' it dyip / to the rear of the jeep
búlid	(n)	to turn the rear (to)
búlid	[idm] (n)	to wind (around), wind up [Syn: búdbud]
búlid-búlid	(RV5)	stunted coconut [nut]
búlid-búlid	(RV6)	a small child with a bloated stomach
búlig	(RV3)	to pile up in layers
búlig	(n)	to roll around
kabúlig	(n)	to help, assist
mabinuligón	(adj)	help, assistance
mamumúlig	(n)	helper, assistant
pabúlig	(CV)	helpful
pamúlig	(DV)	paid helper(s)
búlig	(n)	to ask for help, have [someone] assist
bulilit	(adj)	to help out a great deal
bolimbod	[Bkd] (RV1)	bunch [of bananas or similar fruits]
bulináw	(n)	dwarfish, tiny
bóling	[Eng] (n)	to tie up [by running the string around many times]
bóling	(RV5)	[Alt: bolibod] [Opp: bádbad]
bolingán	(n)	[fish--very small]
buling	(n)	útok it bulináw [idm] / dull, stupid, brainless
bulingón	(adj)	bowling
búlingág	(adj)	to bowl, go bowling
búlingót	(adj)	bowling alley
bulók	(adj)	black stain [from carbon or charcoal]
		stained, sooty
		stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: balingág, búngkoe]
		moody, bad-humored [Alt: buringót] [Syn: ingít]
		no good, worthless, of very poor quality, "lousy"

bulóng [Tag] (RV2)	to whisper, speak softly [Akl: hutík]
bulóng-bulóngan (n)	rumor, gossip, "whisperings"
búlpén [Eng] (n)	ballpen [FE], ballpoint pen [AE]
búltó [Sp] (n)	package, bundle
búltó [Sp] (n)	statue, image [of saint]
may búltó [idm]	has worth, value [things]; has an impressive personality or character [people]
Búlwáng (n)	barrio of Numancia
búlyum [Eng] (n)	volume [member of a set of books]
búmba (h) [Sp] (n)	pump [for water, gasoline, etc.]
búmba (RV1)	to pump [water, gas]
bumbéro (n)	Binúmba nána ro túbi! / He pumped the water.
búmba (h) [Sp]. (n)	pump man; fireman; fire truck
búmba (RV3)	bomb
to bomb, drop bombs (on)	to bomb, drop bombs (on)
Binumbahán kamí sa Tárlak. / We were bombed.	at Tarlac.
búnbay (n)	Hindu, Indian
bumbílya [Sp] (n)	light bulb
búnák (adj)	wet, damp [Syn: basá] [Opp: mamaé(h)]
búnák (RV1)	to moisten, dampen; wet
búnáe (RV3)	to beat up, batter
búnáe (n)	stick [used for beating]
bueunaeán (RV8)	to fight a free for all
pabúnae (CV)	to accept a beating
bún-ag (RV1)	to dry in the sunlight [Syn: bueád]
binún-ag (n)	things dried in the sun [usually grain]
bún'bun (n)	young rice seedlings, rice shoots
bún-i (n)	[white skin disease] ringworm
búnít (n)	fish hook [Cf: tigáwnan]
búnít (RV5)	to fish with a hook
mamumunit (n)	angler [man who fishes with a hook]
pamunit (DV)	to go fishing with a hook (and pole)
búnó! (RV1)	to stab
bueún-an (RV8)	to stab one another
bindán-an (n)	a stab wound
búnok (RV7)	to rain heavily, "rain cats and dogs"
búnót (n)	coconut husk (or) fibre(s)
búnót (RV3)	to husk [a coconut]
Bunsa (n)	Bunti ro niyóg. / Husk the coconut.
bunsiwik (RV5)	barrio of Libakaw
bueunsiwik (RV8)	to squeal, shriek
búntae (n)	to squeal together [like a group of pigs]
	dry buri [used for weaving or mat-making]

buntataf (h) (n)	[tree] <i>Streblus asper</i> Lour
bún̄tis [Tag] (adj)	pregnant [Akl: nábdos]
búnyag (RV3)	to water, sprinkle with water; baptize Bunyagi ro búreak. / Water the flowers.
búnyag (n)	watering, sprinkling; Baptism [sacrament]
bong (n)	Hin-unó ro búnyag? / When is th. Baptism?
bong (RV5)	[hide and seek game]
búnga (h) (n)	to play hide and seek
búnga (RV7)	fruit
búngahán [slg] (n)	to bear fruit
mábungáhon (adj)	Ro eángka' indi' magbúnga it ríma. [max] / The jackfruit will not bear breadfruit.
pabúnga (CV)	list of answers for an exam, "cheat sheet" [AE]
tagbúeungá (n) [Bkd]	fruitful
tigbúeungá (n)	to let bear fruit
búnga (h) (n)	fruit-bearing season [Alt: tigbueungá]
búnga de tsína (n)	fruit-bearing season
bungabílya (n)	betel nut [palm, nut] <u>Areca catechu</u> var. <u>alba</u>
búng-a-bungá (n)	[palm] <u>Adonidia merrillii</u> .
bungáéangaeán (adj)	bougainvillea [flower]. <u>Bougainvillea spectabilis</u> .
bungá-nga' [Tag] (n)	[mouse--small] [Cf: eánggam]
búngat (RV1)	talkative, verbose
búng-aw (n)	bungá-nga' [Tag] (n) mouth [Akl: bá-ba']
búngbung (n)	to open
búngkag (RV1)	[soft earth underground where termites live]
búngkag (ST3)	partition; temporary wall; metal ring on handle
búngkat (RV5) [Bkd]	of a bolo
búngkod (n)	to dismantle, take apart, undo [Opp: tukód, bilög]
búngkoe (adj)	to be disrupted; get taken apart
búngkoe (RV5)	to ask for fire. [from others, when the hearth coals die]
binúngkoe (RV5)	fat (on the upper neck of animals) [Cf: búngkog]
búngkog (n)	stubborn, hard-headed, block-headed, unwilling
bungkógan (adj)	to listen (to reason)
búnggad (RV3)	to become stubborn (or) hard-headed
bunggaló [Eng] (n)	to act stubborn, be block-headed
bunggo' (RV3)	hump [bump on back of some animals]
búnggod (RV3)	having a hump
búnggod (RV3)	to dig out earth [on the surface only], scratch away the topsoil
bungalow [type of one-storey house]	bungalow
bunggo' (RV3)	to bump into, hit [together] [Alt: súnggo']
búnggod (RV3)	Binúnggo-án imáw it dyip. / He was hit by a jeep.
búnggod (RV3)	to pout [Syn: súnggod]

bungí' (adj)	having a hairlip [Alt: sungí']
bungó' [Tag]. (n)	skull
bungóe (adj)	deaf, unable to hear
bungóe (ST2)	to become deaf
pabungóe (CV)	to act as if deaf, play deaf
bungúan (n)	[banana--long, yellow-green, delicious] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. suaveolehs.
búngog (n)	fool, stupid fellow, jerk
búngot (n)	whisker(s), beard, facial hair [Syn: bárbas]
panghimungót (RV5)	to shave [Syn: pámárbas]
búngsod (n)	small hill, mound
Búngsod (n)	barrio of Tangalan
bíebóbúngsod (n)	big ant colony, tall ant hill
búo (n)	unit [of counting applied to foods contained in breakable shells, like eggs or coconuts] [It has no literal idiomatic English equivalent since English only states the number and the noun, not the unit.]
sambúong itlog / one egg	
limáng búong hiyóg / five coconuts	
búo (n)	savings bank [empty coconut, bamboo tube, etc.]
búoe (n)	heel [of foot]
búoe (RV1)	to get; take; fetch
búog (n)	Bue-ón ko sambáto. / I'll take one.
buógon (adj)	ear drainage
búong [Hil] (RV1)	having a running ear
búot (RV1)	to break [Akl: pusá', baság]
búot (n)	to put into a container, keep from air, suffocate
buót (RV1)	one's interior self; psyche
buót (V. det)	to accept [a proposal of marriage]
Bút-a imáw. / Accept him.	
would like	
Buót ko ipaáthag kínyo... / I would like to make clear to you...	
but-ánan (adj)	mature; kind, good
kabubút-on (n)	"heart" [AE]; interior self; deep inside (oneself)
halín sa ákong kabubút-on / coming from deep within my heart	
mabúot (adj)	good, kind, meek, not quarrelsome [Opp: másog]
Magbubút (n)	Supreme Will, God
thút (ST2)	to be sincere; have near one's heart
panimuót (n)	attitude, totality of one's feelings
panghimuót (n)	attitude [Alt: panimuót]
	Mayád do áñang panghimuót. / He has a good attitude.

Borákay (n)	Boracay Island [off of Malay]
buráhos [Bkd] (ST4)	to get diarrhea, "have the runs" [have one's food pass through without proper digestion]
burbúr [Tag.] (n)	semen [stf]; sexual fluids; "seum" [vul]
bónda [Sp] (n)	embroidery
bónda (RV3)	to embroider
bordadéra (n)	Binordahán ro ay María nga éambong. / Mary's dress was embroidered.
pamórda (DV)	embroiderer [female]
búrdon [Sp] (n)	to embroider
buráón [Sp] (n)	bass string [thick string of string instruments]
buri(h) (n)	[verticle or oblique braces for roofing]
buringót (adj)	buri palm [tree, fibers] <u>Corypha elata</u> . [Alt: bulí(h)].
búro(h) (RV1)	bad-humored, moody, out-of-sorts, crabby
bináro (adj)	[Alt: bulingót] [Syn: íngit]
buró' (n)	to put into salty water
Burwángga(h) (n)	salted [fish]
Burwangánon (n)	pig. [Syn: báboy] [used when calling pigs]
búrok (RV7)	Buruanga, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
borúka (RV1)	citizen of Buruanga
borúka (n)	to bubble, give off bubbles [Alt: búeok]
borukínto (n)	to complain, shout out [in harsh manner]
borukínta (n)	complaint
búroe (n)	complainier [male]
buré (RV2)	complainier [female]
borúha (n) [sup]	[jellyfish--edible]
borúha [idm] (n)	to embalm [Syn: embalsamár]
búrot [Hil] (RV5)	evil witch, hag, crone [Sp: brúja]
bos (intj)	hag, "bitch", crank [person always scolding]
bos [Eng] (n)	to babble, talk nonsense [not worthy of attention]
bus [Eng] (n)	"shoo" [sound made to drive away pigs].
busá' [Oak] (conj)	boss
bús-ak (RV1)	bus [Alt: awtobús]. [Syn: trak]
busáe (n)	therefore, then, thus, consequently [Syn: intónsis]
busáe (RV3)	[Cf: ngáni', dáyon]
busáli' (n)	to chop [wood]
busángsang (adj)	bit, muzzle [for animals]
busawák (RV7)	to muzzle, put a muzzle (or) bit (on)
	[part of framework of house]
	out of order, disorderly; rough, unkempt
	[Syn: magamó] [Opp: mahímós, madalino]
	to flow, run, gush [with force, said of liquids]
	[Syn: áwas] [Cf: ágay / flow (slowly)]

búsbus	(RV3)	to tear open, puncture, slit open [as with a knife] Ginbusbusán ku manók ro baydóng, ngáni' nauyáng ro páceay. / The chicken tore open the sack, so the rice got scattered.
búskad	(RV7)	to open wide [like a flower] Nagbúskad raá bibíg. / His lips opened wide: to get ripped/torn (open)
búsdík	(ST3)	Nabúsdik ro maháea'. / The pillow got torn open. Nabúsdik raá tiyán, busá' gumuwá' raá tinái. / His stomach was ripped open so that his entrails came out.
bosína (h)	[Sp] (n)	horn [as on motor vehicles]
bosína	(RV3)	to blow the horn
buśisáw	(n)	[disease--causing frequent urination]
busí-sí'	(RV1)	to investigate in detail; mind other's business
busiséro	[cor] (n)	busybody [male]
busisera	[cor] (n)	busybody [female]
búsla (h)	(RV4)	to confront, ask someone if he really gossiped about you, accost
búslot	(ST3)	Buslahí imáw: / Go and ask him if he said that,
búsingae	(adj)	having a rip (or) hole [garments] [Syh: gisí', gábot]
busó	(RV1)	having big thick lips
busíro	(n)	to dive for, go sea-diving
búsoe	(n)	diver
busóg	[Ch] (ST2)	seed. [Cf: bínhí']
kabueúsgon	(n)	to be full, satisfied [after eating]
makabueúsog	(adj)	Bási' mabusóg kat-ing kázon. / You might be filled by that [alone].
bús-og	(n).	fullness, satisfaction
busón	[Sp] (n)	filling, quickly makes one satisfied
bústa (h)	(RV3)	jewelry
búswang	(RV7)	mail box, postal box [Sp: buzon]
Búswang New	(n)	to bleach
Búswang Old	(n)	to erupt, open up. [sore, boil]
búsyad	(n)	barrio of Kalibo
búsyad	(RV5)	barrio of Kalibo
butá (h)	(RV1)	enlarged (or) inflated stomach, bloated stomach
butá	(adj)	to have a bloated stomach [Cf: búy-on].
butá-bútá	(n)	to blind, cause blindness [Cf: bulág]
butáng	(n)	blind, blinded
butáng	(RV2)	[game] "Blindman's bluff."
		thing, object
		to put, place (down, on)
		Butangán don sa lamésa. / Put it on the table:

bu <sup>ut</sup> ángan (n)	shelf; place for putting things
butáng-bútang (RV3)	to insinuate, falsify, make false accusation(s) Ayáw magbutáng-bútang sa ímong isígkatáwo. Don't lie about your fellow man.
bútay (n)	coconut blossom; [blossom of most palm trees]
pamútay (RV7)	to blossom forth
bútbut- (RV3) [sup]	to treat for a disease [done by a herbolario, during which process stones and/or small pieces of wood are extracted from the infected area]
bútkon (n)	árm; upper arm; sleeve [of shirt, dress]
buthímon [Oak] (n)	project [Ctr: bu <sup>ot</sup> himúon]
buthó' [Hil] (RV5)	to attend school, study [Akl: tuón, eskúyla(h)]
bueuthó-an (n)	school
bóti [Sp] (n)	bottle [Alt: bóte]
botílya (n)	small bottle, medicine bottle
buti' (n) [adj]	popcorn; popped rice [popped]
buff' (a)	[disease--causing swelling on skin or in eye] pemphigus.
butí' (ST4)	to get a swelling of the eye or skin
botíka [Sp] (n)	pharmacy, drugstore
botikáryo (n)	pharmacist, druggist
butíg (n)	wart
butíg [Hil] (RV1)	to lie, deceive, tell a lie [Akl: púril]
butígón (adj)	deceitful, lying [Akl: purilon]
botíti (n)	[fish--poisonous, with bloated stomach]
botíti (adj)	bloated; swollen, inflated
bútlak [Oak] (RV7)	to shine, send off rays [Cf: sidlak, gílák]
bútlog (adj) [Bkd]	big-eyed [Alt: bútlok] [Syn: mítlog]
bóto(h) [Sp] (RV2, 3)	to vote (for)
bóto' (n)	penis [stf], male organ [gen]; "cock, prick" [vul]
bútó (n)	blister
binútwan (adj)	blistered, having blisters
bútó (RV7)	to hatch, crack-open [eggs]; begin to rot [tree]
bútó-bútó [Tag] (n)	bone [Akl: tüt-e-an]
bútó'-butó' (n)	[ant--large, black] [Cf: tambubútó']
bútó'-butó' [idm] (n)	"bootlicker" [AE], sycophant [FE] [someone who effaces himself insincerely in order to get what he needs or wants]
butód (RV7)	to swell up (due to gas), become bloated [stomach]
butóe (n)	[insect--lice, as found on pigs]
but-óhan (n)	[banana--seedy] <u>Musa errans</u> .
bútong (RV1)	to pull, yank [Opp: dusó', sílong]
súlong-bútong (n)	push-and pull
butóng (n)	young green coconut

pamútóng (RV5)	to eat young coconuts
butóng (n)	bamboo [regular]. <u>Bambusa vulgaris.</u>
butót (n)	[mudfish--baby, very young]
butót (n)	tadpole [baby frog]
bútyag [Oak] (n)	knowledge
pabútyag (CV)	to advise, inform
búwa' [vul] (n)	prolapse [enlarged inner vaginal lips due to straining]
buwás [Hil] (adv)	tomorrow
pabuwás-buwás (CV)	to procrastinate, put off until later, delay
bówel [Eng] (n)	[Akl: pabuyán-búyan] [Cf: ydeyaw-áñay]
bowilita [Sp] (RV4)	vowel [grammatical term] [Syn: bokál, pátnog]
bowítri [Sp] (n)	to return, come back again; turn around
boy [Eng] (n)	Bowilita ka hin-ága. / Come back tomorrow.
boy (intj)	[bird--hawk] [Cf: bánóg; tikwi']
búy-ad (RV6)	boy, houseboy, helper [Syn: sueugo-ón, kabúlig]
búybúy-ad (RV6)	"Boy" "Butch" "Kid" [used for calling boys]
buyág-yag (RV2)	to have one's stomach protrude (or) stick out
búyan-búyan ]pa[ (CV)	to have one's stomach protrude (or) stick out a little bit
buyáyaw (RV1)	to expose, reveal, lay open/bare
búybúy (n)	to procrastinate, delay, tarry, waste time
pamúybuy (RV3)	to scold, reprimand [Syn: bágyat, mteay, euyáw]
buyhánán (adj)	[tree--"cotton tree"; used for stuffing pillows and mattresses] <u>Ceiba pentandra</u> L.
pabuyhanán (CV)	to reprimand; advise one by pointing out his past bad deeds
búylög (RV2)	promised, reserved, kept for [someone]
búylog (RV6)	to reserve, set aside; look forward (to)
Buyo (n)	to join; group, put together
búyo' (n)	to join, go together with, accompany
buý(h) (RV1)	sitio in Libakáw
búyok [Bkd] (RV1)	[leaves for chewing] <u>Piper betle</u> .
búyok [Oak] (ST2)	to deceive (about), conceal one's real intentions
búyod (n)	to tie down, bend downward(s) [Syn: pahápay]
búyog (RV7)	Buyóka ro bútay. / Tie the coconut flower so that it bends downwards.
mabúyog (adj)	to be charmed, convinced [Tag: búyo']
pabúyog (CV)	inflated tummy [of baby]
tambubúyog (n)	to be dizzy, whirl around
buýog (adj)	dizzy, whirling
buýon (adj)	to cause dizziness; become crazy (or) abnormal [wasps]

búy-on (n)	bloated stomach, "pot", "beer-belly"
buy-ónan (adj)	having a bloated stomach (or) beer-belly
búyóng (RV6)	to spin, turn around and around, gó in circles
búyóng (n)	murderer, savage killer; pirate, brigand, bandit
buyót. (RV3)	to grasp, grab, hold (on to)
bueýtan (RV8)	Búyti áñay ra. /Please hold this for a second.
bóysit [Ch] (n)	to hold hands
bra [Eng] (n)	bad luck [Alt: bóesit] [Syn: dimálas]
brandílya [Sp] (n)	brassiere, "bra"
brásó [Sp] (n)	railing(s) [of stairway] [Alt: barandilya]
brayt. [Eng] (adj)	upper arm [Akl: bútkon]
brik [Eng] (n)	bright, sharp, intelligent, smart [Akl: maáeam]
brik (RV3)	brake
brilyánte [Sp] (n)	to brake, stop, apply the brakes
Briónes [Sp] (n)	diamond
breyk [Eng] (n)	barrio of Kalibo
bréyslit [Eng] (n)	brake(s) [of a car] [Alt: brik]
brokíd. [Eng] (n)	watchband; bracelet
brúhá [Sp] (n)	brocade [cloth]
brúndal (n)	evil witch [Cf, Alt: bordha]
brónsé [Sp] (n)	[rice]
brútsa [Sp] (n)	bronze; copper [Cf: sawáy, tumbágaj]
brútsa(h) (RV1)	brush
Bwenavista [Sp] (n)	to brush (off, on)
Bwenavista (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Bwenavistá (n)	barrio of Nabas
Bwenafortúna [Sp] (n)	barrio of Buruanga
Bwenaswérte [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
bwéno [Sp] (intj)	"Good!" "Fine!" "All right!" [Sp: bueno]
Bwénas Páskwa (intj)	"Merry Christmas."
Byérnes [Sp] (n)	Friday [Alt: Biyérnes] [Sp: Viernes]
byúda(h) [Sp] (n)	widow [Akl: báeo(h)]
byúdo(h) [Sp] (n)	widower [Akl: báeo(h)]

"K" /kah/

The third letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless velar stop /k/. [G. 10] A borrowed letter used only in the spelling of foreign proper names. When sounded as /k/ it has been reduced alphabetically to the position of "k" in this section. When sounded as /s/, refer to that letter.

"C"

"QU"

ka (T/pro)

ka (Em)

A borrowed symbol used only in spelling foreign proper names. When sounded as /k/ or /kw/ it can be found in this section in its proper alphabetical order.

you [singular] [Ctr: ikáw] [G. 157-58]

An enumerative marker used after numbers and question particles of quantity. [G. 190] [D. 29].

limá ka eskúyla / five pupils

Piláng ka báka... / How many cows...

Very productive noun prefix. [G. 138]

kátam-is sweetness

kapaeáyan rice field

kasákay fellow passenger

kadag-ánan victories

kamatáyon death

katapúsán end, finale

ka--- (pfx)

Actor Focus verb prefix for the ability mode, past time. [Ctr: naka---] [G. 36-37; 66-67]

Kakáon ka eon? / Have you already eaten?

Very productive adjective prefix, indicating a high degree (when standing alone) or the superlative (when with the ---an suffix). [G. 173]

Kagwápo ta kímo. / You are very good looking.

Kaaeamán imáw sa tanán. / He is the smartest of all.

Variant of the ku marker.

kaáng / ku ákon

kaá / ku ána

"of his/her" [Ctr: ku ána nga]

Ginbása kaá amíga ro sueát. / Her friend read the letter.

barrio of Kalibo [Derived from: Amerikáno]

earthenware flower pot

"of my" [Ctr: ku ákon nga]

Ginbakáe ron kaáng asáwa. / My wife bought that, too small; won't fit

Kabá kána ro eámbong. / The dress is too small

ka (Am)

kaá (Am) (A/pro)

Kaán'o (n)

kaáng (n)

kaáng (Am) (A/pro)

kabá (h) (adj)

kabaeán. (adj)	for her.
kabag (ST4) [Tag]	calloused, insensitive to pain, unfeeling to have gas pains (in stomach), suffer from hyper-acidity or indigestion. [Akl: habók ra tiyán]
kabágwang (n)	[white squash] white valencia. <u>Cucumis melo</u> .
kabán [Sp] (n)	cavan [unit of measure--25.gantas]; a sackful of grain, weighing approximately 100 pounds
kabán (n)	footlocker, trunk [for clothes] [Akl: baóe]
kábang (RV1)	to pile up, put into clumps or small piles [Opp: saéma(h)]
kabáng (adj)	odd (or) uneven colored; having two or more colors
Kabangahan (n)	barrio of Madalag [Cf: bángá(h)]
Kabangíla(h) (n)	barrio of Altavas
kabáong (n)	coffin
kabási (n)	[fish]
Kinabási (n)	[bole--having shape of kabasi]
Kabatanga (n)	barrio of Makato'
kabátás (intj)	"Never!" "The thought of it!" [said in disbelief or dismay] [Cf: batás]
kabáy (Dp)	hopefully, granting that
kabáy pa [idm]	"May it be..." "Amen." "hopefully". "I wish"
pangabáy (RV2)	to request, ask (for), ask a favor
kabáyo' [Sp] (n)	horse [animal]; horse [stand for supporting table]
kabayó-on (n)	body of a plow
kinabáyo' (RV5)	to work roughly (or) carelessly
pangabayó' (RV6)	to ride a horse, go horse-back riding
Kabayogan (n)	barrio of Malinaw
kábkab. (n)	fan [Sp: abaniko] [Cf: bintiladó]
kábkab (RV3)	to fan
kaeábkab (n)	the Southwest Wind
kabeangán (n)	pathway, "cowpath", small foot path
kábi(h) (RV1)	to collect one's winnings [in gambling games]
kábi(h) (adj)	pigeontoed, with feet turned inwards
Kábíg (RV1)	to accept, consider as one's own [Cf: bilang, áko] Ginakábíg ta nga ungá! / I consider you my child.
kabíi (adv)	last night [Cf: gabíi] [Cf: kahápon, kaína]
Kabilawan (n)	barrio of Madalag
kabilfnggan (n)	impediment, obstacle, difficulty [Syn: diperénsya]
kabílya(h) [Sp] (n)	steel reinforcing rod [used for constructing concrete buildings or roads]
kabiníti [Sp. cor] (n)	cabinet [political] [Alt: gabinéti]
kabisár [Sp] (RV1)	to memorize; be sure of [Akl: saueó(h)]
kabisádo (adj)	have memorized, sure of
kabiséra [Sp] (n)	head of the table

kabit (RV2)

- kabit [vul] (n)  
kabit (RV2)  
kabit(h) [Sp] (n)  
kabit (RV1)  
pangabit (DV)  
kabo(h) [Sp] (n)  
kabuad (n)  
kabó-kabó(h) (n)  
kabód (RV4)  
kaeábdan. (n)  
kabdeay (n)  
kabg. (n)  
Kabúgaw (n)  
Kabúgaw (n)  
Kabúgaw (n)  
Kabúgaw (n)  
kabogwason (n)  
Kabulihan (n)  
kabós (RV1)
- kakak (RV5)  
kakaw [Sp] (n)  
kaki(h) [Sp] (adj)  
kaki (n)  
kakon (R/pro)  
káda [Sp] (adj)
- kádkad (RV1)  
kádhát [ma] (adj)  
kadina [Sp] (n)  
kadina de amór (n)  
kadina perpétwa (n)  
kádlit (RV2)  
kádlom (n)
- kádlot (RV4)  
kadueót (RV5)
- to cling to, hang on to; franchise, collaborate  
Ginkabít ko ro ákong bus kay Perálta. / I franchised my bus to Peralta's.  
mistress, paramour  
to hook, fasten with a hook  
cable; very thickly woven abaca fiber rope  
to touch lightly (with one's finger)  
to continually touch lightly/stroke (with finger)  
corporal; foreman  
[rice]  
lint  
to cling to, hold on to  
trellis  
lima bean. Phaseolus lunatus Linn.  
fruit bat [animal]  
barrio of Altávas  
barrio of Batan  
barrio of Buruanga [Syn: Nazareth]  
barrio of Ibajay  
morning star  
barrio of Malay [Cf: burf(h), buli(h)]  
to be short [AF]; run short of, not have enough of [OF#1]  
Ginakábós akó it tyémpo. / I am running short of time.  
to cackle (chicken)  
cacao [tree, fruit--used to make chocolate]  
Theobroma cacao L.  
brown  
khaki, brown cloth  
to/for me [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30]  
every [Akl: bálang; báwat]  
káda isaeá kánda / every one of them  
to scrape, scratch, dig (out)  
sharp, acrid [flavor--like cheeze]  
chain  
[flower, vine] [dance--native]  
life imprisonment  
to mark, draw a line [Syn: gúhit]  
[herb--medicinal, aromatic] patchouli. Pogostemon cablin (Blanco) Benth.  
to bite into, cut into [Cf: dueót]  
indí kakálot / cannot bite into  
to be cutting into

kádœ-kádœ. (RV7)	to wobble, rattle [sound of something loose]
kadyápa(h) (n)	[herb--edible] <u>Celosia argentea</u> L. [kudyápa(h)]
kæa' (n)	superfluous talk, blab
makáea' (adj)	talkative, talks too much, blabby
kaeabás(a)(h) [Sp] (n)	[squash--several varieties] <u>Cucurbita maxima</u> , <u>Cucumis melo</u> , <u>cucurbita pepo</u> .
kaeabás(a) (RV5) [slg]	to make a mistake in performing a dance step; to fail in an examination [Syn: ítlog]
kaeábkab (n)	the Southwest Wind [Cf: kábkab] [Cf: hágin]
kaeá-kaeá(h) (RV7)	to send off heat waves [as a road on a hot day]; refract, evaporate
kaeá-kaeá (RV7)	to gurgle, bubble, splash [flowing water's sound]
kaeáéaw (n)	[small, round, flat bamboo basket] [Alt: nígo]
kaeág (n)	soul, spirit; ghost; skeleton
kaeáha' (n)	frying pan [Cf: eáha']
kaeáha' it hitsúra	stone-faced, stern-looking [idm]
kaeám (RV3)	to tickle
maiaeám (adj)	Kaeáeman akó. / I am very ticklish.
	ticklish; itchy, itching
	maiaeám it alíma / thief, someone with itchy fingers [idm]
	maiaeám nga babáyi / loose woman
kaeámay (n)	brown sugar
kaeámay háti' (n)	[native dessert]
kaeámúgsing (RV8)	to quarrel, make trouble [Syn: dúgsing]
kaeán-an (n)	dining room, dining area [Cf: káón]
káeas. (RV7)	to make a crumpling, crackling noise [like fresh paper or dried leaves]
kaeás-kaeás (n)	[crab--small]
kaeáskas (RV1)	to strum, play a guitar
kaeát (n)	rope [made of abaca fibers]
káeay (RV7)	to jingle [sound of coins, metal]
kaeáyo (n)	fire
kaeáyo (RV3)	to put fire underneath; feed the fire; put fuel (under)
	Kaeáywi ro tinúg-on. / Put more fuel under the rice.
káekae. (RV1)	to dig up, unearth
káeo' (n)	hat, cap
káeo' (RV3)	to put a cap on
kaeó(h) (RV1)	to ladle, dip for; serve [food, beverage]
kaeóeo(t) (n)	tree sap
kaeóeo(t) (n)	very close relationship. [Cf: efeot]
kaeóg (RV1)	to shake [something--to see if anything is inside]
kaeóng (RV7)	to rattle, shake inside [like a seed in a fruit]

kaednggo	wart
kaeúpdup (..)	[fungus growth--on trees, bamboo]
kaeupög (RV6)	to hustle, shake, move about [to get free]
kaeȫs (RV1)	to scratch [with claws, nails] [Cf: kaeot].
kaeúskus (n)	[sound produced by vigorous scratching]
kaeúskus (RV1)	to scratch with vigor
kaeot (RV1)	to scratch
kaeöt (n)	Käeota rang liköd. / Scratch my back.
pangkäeot (n)	scratcher [something used for scratching]
pangäeot (DV)	scratcher [something used for scratching]
kagång (n) [Bkd]	to scratch [all over/continuously]
kagång (n)	small twig (or) branch [generic term]
kagång (n)	[Syn: salingsing]
kagåt (n)	crawler, leg [of crab]
kagåt (RV1) [idm]	claw, pincher [of crab]
kágaw (n)	to fall for, get taken in by, get sucked in
kagäykay (n)	scab [dried blood over a wound] [Cf: ueát, niná(h)]
kágha' (n)	[shell--small clam]
kágha' (RV2)	sorrow, regret [Cf: nuöe, hindesoe, huya']
kagídkid (n)	to regret, feel sorry for, repent (of)
kagidkirón (adj)	[dirt on skin that peels/rubs off when the body is rubbed] [Syn: kagüekue].
kagingking (n)	dirty, having dirt embedded in one's skin
kagiskis (a)	twig(s) [Syn: salingsing, kagång]
kagübku'b (n)	dead skin [dried; peeling off]
kagȫ-ko' (n)	rib [Syn: gúsok]
kagüea' (RV3)	[shell--small]
kagüekue (n)	to be astonished at, be surprised by something new; alarmed
kágón (RV3)	[dirt on skin] [Syn: kagídkid]
kagös (RV1)	to threaten, notify of some intended misdeed [especially of theft, as when bandits send an advance note]
kinagös (n)	to scrape clean [Syn: kuskus]
káha(h) [Sp] (n)	scrapings
kahanabö' (n)	safe, money box; box
káhang Jma[ (adj)[Hil]	event, happening; tragedy [Cf: tabö']
kahápon (adv)	"hot", spicy [flavor] [Akl: mahaeang]-
kahás Jma[ (adj)	yesterday [Cf: hápon] [Cf: kabfi, kaina]
pangahás (DV)	daring, bold, aggressive, forward, courageous
káhat Jma[ (adj)	to brace oneself; be bold; try one's best
käháti' (n)	"hot", spicy [flavor] [Cf: káhang, haeang]
káhkah (RV1)	quarter, one-fourth, [of a peso]; ₱0.25
	to scratch at the ground [fowl only]

káhig' (RV1)	to push aside, push away [with palm of hand] [Opp: kámkam]
kahíl (n)	native pomelo orange. <u>Citrus maxima</u> . [Cf: súwa']
Kahilo (n)	barrio of Makato'
kahíl-o (adj)	miserable, pitiable, sorry
kahéro [Sp] (n)	cashier
kahíta' [Sp] (n)	wallet
kahón [Sp] (n)	box; cabinet; square of a rice field or farm land
káhoy (n)	tree [general term]; wood, lumber [Alt: tábla(h)]
kakahóyan (n)	forest, jungle
mangangáhoy (n)	wood gatherer
pangahóy (RV5)	to gather/collect wood
kaína (adv)	earlier, just a little while ago
kaínang agáhon / (earlier) this morning	
kaíng (n)	big basket
kaíngin (RV1)	to burn away [trees, foliage--before planting]
kaíngin (n)	hillside (or) area cleared of trees by fire
kaíngod (n)	neighbor [Cf: íngod] [Alt: kahilápít]
Kaiyang (n)	barrio of Batan
kála(h) (n)	turtle shell
kála(h) (n)	[disease--whiteness of skin]
kaláhon (adj)	whitened, having a skin disease causing whitening
kalabásá [Sp] (n)	[squash--several varieties] [Cf., Alt: kaeabásá(h)]
kalabítos [Sp] (n)	small nail
Kalakábyan (n)	barrio of Libakaw
kalá'-kalá' (RV5)	to croak [make sound of a frog]
kalamánsi [Tag] (n)	[small, bitter citrus fruit] <u>Citrus microcarpa</u> . [Akl: simúyaw]
Kalámkan (n)	bárrio of Libakaw
Kalámkan (n)	creek in Libakaw
kalamugáw (adj)	mixed up, disorderly, confused
kalamúnggay (n)	[tree; leaves, blossom--edible] <u>Moringa oleifera</u> L. [Alt: kámalúnggay]
kalámpay (n)	[crab--small]
kalán (n)	earthenware stove
Kalántiaw (n)	[name of 3 datus ruling Panay in the 15th century] (Kalantiaw III is noted for writing the famed Code of Kalantiaw, a legal-penal code)
Kalángkang (n)	barrio of Makato'
kalatúnday (n)	[banana--small, yellow-skinned, delicious] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. <u>cineraria</u> .
kalatsútsi (n)	[tree; decorative blossoms] <u>Plumiera acuminata</u> .
kaláw (n)	[bird] hornbill
kaláwat (RV1)	to go to communion [Cf: hostiás, misa]

kalíykay (n)	rake [tool for gardening]
kalbáryo [Sp] (n)	Calvary; hardship, suffering, "cross", "calvary"
kálbo(h) [Sp] (adj)	bald, hairless
kalbúro(h) [Sp] (n)	carbide [Alt: karbúro(h)]
kaldíro [Sp] (n)	kettle, large metal pot
káldo [Sp] (n)	soup, broth [Akl: sabáw]
kálhit (RV1)	to scatter carelessly
kalibangán (n)	entertainment, hobby; toy; something enjoyable [Cf: libáng] [Cf: hampángan]
kalibbíb (n)	coconut meat left in shell
Kalíbo (n)	capital municipality of Aklan Province [Cf: sang ka líbo]
Kalibónhon (n)	citizen of Kalibo
Kalibónhon (n)	versión of Aklanon as spoken in Kalibo
kalikugán (n)	consciousness, awareness, attention, knowledge Owá·sa ákong kalikugán. / I don't pay attention.
kalidád [Sp] (n)	quality, standard [Syn: kláse]
Kalimbayan (n)	barrio of Makato'
kalimútaw (n)	iris [of eye]; eye ball
kalindár [Eng] (n)	calendar [Sp: kalindáryo, almanáki]
kalindáryo [Sp] (n)	calendar [Syn: almanáki]
kalintúra [Sp] (n)	temper, pride, temperament
kaling (n)	handle [of plow or loom]
ka'lingking [Tag] (n)	little finger, "pinky" [Akl: kumaingking]
kalis (RV1)	to level off, flatten, even out, straighten the surface
kalis (n)	leveling stick
kalésa [Sp] (n)	carriage; horse-driven rig [Syn: karomáta]
Kalíso' (n)	barrio of Balete [Cf: líso']
kalít (RV3)	to take advantage of, avail of, use Kalítí nínyo ro silak ay bási' hin-ága mag-ueán. / Take advantage of the sunshine since it may rain tomorrow.
kálma [Sp] (adj)	calm, serene, unrattled, undisturbed [Syn: húsay, tinong, hípos, línóng]
kalmádo [Sp] (adj)	calm, serene, unrattled [Syn: kálma]
kaló(h) (RV1)	to throw inside a hole [as in a game]
kálo-kálo(h) [Hil] (adj)	roasted [rice] [Akl: sinánlag]
kalóng-kalóng (RV7)	to rattle [said of something loose]
kalóng-kalóng (adj)	dull, slow thinking, dense
kálso(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to put something under a leg of a table/chair to level it out [Akl: bángil]
kálson sílyo [Sp] (n)	shorts; bathingtrunks; bathingsuit [man's] [Alt: karson sílyo] [Syn: syort, bátingránk]

- kálye [Sp] (n) street [Syn: kársáda(h)]  
 kályo [Sp] (n) corn, bunion [on toe]  
 káma(h) [Sp] (n) bed, cot [Syn: kátre, eúgbán]  
 kamáda(h) [Sp] (n) pile [of things]  
     kamáda. (RV1) to pile (up)  
 kamáeos (n) claw(s) [of fowl]  
 kamágó (n) string for a top (or) yoyo [Cf: torúmpo]  
 kamagóng (n) [tree; fruit--red, edible] Diospyrus discolor.  
     [lumber made from this tree is very durable]  
 kámaíngking (n) little finger, "pinky" [Alt: kumaíngking]  
 kamálig (n) grain house (or) shed  
     Kamaligán (n) barrio of Batán  
 kamalúnggay (n) [tree] [Cf., Alt: kalamúnggay]  
 kamamangí' (n) [crab--tiny, one pincher is bigger than the other]  
 kamána (adj) similar (to); just like, the same (as) [Cf: mána]  
     kaimána ku sápat / just like an animal.  
 kamaníro [Sp. cor] (n) [Syn: paréhas, parého]  
 kamánsi(h) (n) roadman, roadworker [Alt: kaminéro]  
     camansi [tree, fruit--resembling jackfruit]  
Artocarpus camansi.  
     barrio of Batán  
     Kamánsi Nórte (n) barrio of Numancia  
     Kamánsi Sur (n) barrio of Numancia  
     kamansíli (n) kamachile [tree, fruit--bean-like] Pithecolobium dulce. [Alt: kamúnsil]  
     [shrimp--whitish, fresh-water, caught during flood]  
     [flower] Impatiens balsamina.  
 kamantáha' (n) to crawl [on all fours]  
 kamantígi' (n) to have intercourse (with) [gen]; "fuck" [vuk]  
 kámang (RV6) flint, fine stone used for sharpening razor  
     kámang [vul] (RV1) back of hand  
 kamangá(h) (n) kamáro [Bkd] (n) Congress [Syn: kongréso, asambleyá]  
 kamato (n) cabin [on a ship]  
     kamará [Sp] (n) [chicken]  
     kámáróti(h) [Sp] (n) tomato. Lycopersicum esculentum Mill.  
 kamás'hon (n) unequal, unevenly colored [Alt: kabáng]  
     kamáti [Sp] (n) [chicken--covered with thick feathers]  
     kambang (adj) long-haired, having long hair  
     Kambúha (h) (n) cocker spaniel [dog]  
     kambúha(h) (n) to shift [gears on a motor] [Akl: báylo(h)]  
     kámbyo(h) [Sp] (RV3) gear [motor, vehicle]  
     kambyáda (n) changed; shifty, changeable  
     kambyádo (adj) Kambyádo eon dañ' éeo. / He already changed his mind.

kámikam (RV1)	to grasp, take, pull over [with palm of hand] [Opp: káhig]
kámeot (RV1)	to touch [with one's fingers] [Cf: káwkaw, tabing]
kamí (T/pro)	we [exclusive of listener] [G. 157-58] [D. 10, 30]
kámil [Eng] (n)	camel [Sp: kamélyo]
kamélyo [Sp] (n)	camel
kaminár [Sp] (RV1)	to win over; covet [Alt: enkaminár]
kaminéró [Sp] (n)	roadman, road worker, road repairman
kámira [Eng] (n)	camera [Syn: kodák]
kamisítá [Sp] (n)	undershirt, T-shirt
kamisón [Sp] (n)	chemise [woman's one-piece undergarment]
kamó (T/pro)	you [plural] [G. 157-58] [D. 10, 30]
kamóe (RV1)	to scratch [said of monkey, cat]
pangamóe (DV)	to scratch away, scratch [many things]
kamumúong (n)	wasp [insect--poisonous, large] [Alt: amumúong]
kámon (R/pro)	to/by us [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30]
kamúníng (n)	[tree] <u>Murraya paniculata</u> .
kamúnsil (n)	kamachile [tree, bean] [Cf., Alt: kamansili]
kamurós (n)	[rice]
kamústa(h) [Sp] (expr)	"How are you?" "How is/are...?"
pakamúska (CV)	[Alt: komústa(h)]
kamóti [Hil] (n)	to greet, say hello (to), send greetings
kamóti (n)	hand [Akl: alima]
pangamóti (RV5)	sweet potato. <u>Ipomoea batatas</u> L. Poir
kamóting káhoy (n)	to/gather sweet potatoes
kampanílya [Sp] (n)	cassava [shrub, tubercle] <u>Manihot esculenta</u> .
kampánéro [Sp] (n)	campanilla [flower]. <u>Allamanda cathartica</u> .
kampán'ya(h) [Sp] (n)	campanero [yellow flower]. <u>Thevetia peruviana</u> .
kampánya (RV3)	campaign [élection]
kámpi(h) [Sp] (n)	to compaign (for)
kámpi (RV3)	side; location, site [Akl: dapit]
kampílan (n)	to take sides, side (with/for)
kámpit (n)	long Muslim sword
kínámpit (n)	small carving knife
kámpo(h) [Sp] (n)	bolo
kámpod (REL. v)	camp
igkámpod (n)	to be cousins
kamporá1 [Sp] (n)	cousin
kámpyon [Sp] (n)	camp out, jamborette [Boy Scouts]
kámya [Sp] (n)	champion
kána (R/pro)	camia [flower--white]
makána (adj)	with/to/by her/him [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30]
	Idto kána. / It is with him.
	like him/her, similar to him (or) her

kaná' (R/dem)	that, to that [Ctr: karanha'] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
kaná' (loc)	Ikáw ro nag-óbra kaná'? / Did you make that?
kaná' [Sp] (n)	over there [Ctr: rikaná'] [G. 186] [D. 30]
kanáe [Sp] (n)	American [female] [Ctr: amerikána] [Cf: kanó']
kanáe (RV3)	sewer; canal, channel
kanápay (n)	to dig a sewer (or) canal
Kan-áwan (n)	[tree] <u>Cyathocalyx globosus</u> Merr.
kanáway (n)	barrio of Libakaw
kánbas [Eng] (RV1)	the North Wind. [Cf: hángin]
kanbasing (n)	to canvass. [Sp: eskrutínyo(h)]
kánbas [Eng] (n)	canvassing
kánda (R/pro)	canvas
kandába(h) (n)	to/by them [Cf: sánda] [G. 160] [D. 13-14, 30]
kandádo(h) [Sp] (n)	[cotton tree/bush]
kahdádo (RV3)	padlock
kandáng (n)	to lock up
kánday (Rm)	barbed wire
	Referent marker for plural names of persons or pets. [G. 145; 153-54] [D. 13-14, 29]
	Gintaó ko kánday David ro, pábo. / I gave the turkey to David [and his family].
kandidáto (n) [Sp]	candidate [male]
kandidáta (n)	candidate [female]
kandíla' [Sp] (n)	candle
Cándelária [Sp] (n)	barrio of New Washington
kánding (n)	goat
kándoe (n)	cucumber [white]. <u>Cucumis melo</u> .
kándoe-kándoe (n)	[vine--edible fruit]
kandohágan, (adj)	impromptu, with no formality, informal
kándos (RV1)	to ladle out
kánhot ]ma[ (adj)	having a moldy smell, smells moldy
kaníla(h) [Sp] (n)	cinnamon
kanínipot (n)	firefly [Alt: anípot]
kanó' [Sp] (n)	American [male] [Ctr: amerikáno] [Cf: kaná']
kán-o (Qp)	when [in the past]? [G. 193] [D. 17, 31].
kanígón (intj)	Kán-o nímo ig-úli' ron? / When did you return it? "What a waste!" "What a shame!"
kanunuót (adv)	Kanígón ro ímong kabúlday. / Your efforts are wasted. barely, hardly, with difficulty, almost unable Kanunuót akó kaági. / I passed through with great difficulty. Kanunuót akó katápus ku ákong pagtuón ay owá' akó it kwárta. / I was barely able to finish my studies due to lack of funds.

kánsil [Eng] (RV2)	to cancel, blacken out; stop
kánser [Eng] (n)	cancer? [disease]
kánta(h) [Sp] (n)	song [Oak: húning]. [Hil: ámba(h)]
kánta (RV1)	to sing . . .
pakánta (CV)	to have [someone] sing, let sing, ask to sing
kánta (RV1) [idm]	to "sing", divulge secret(s)
kantidád [Sp] (n)	quantity, amount [Akl: kaabó']
kantíl [Sp] (n)	quick drop-off [said of shore]
kantiládo (adj)	quickly gets deep [water]
kantína [Sp] (n)	canteen, snack bar
kantíro [Sp] (n)	stonemason
kánto(h) [Sp] (n)	corner; song
kántón [Ch] (n)	noodles, pasta
kantonis [Eng] (n)	[chicken--Chinese species]
kantóra [Sp] (n)	singer [female]
kántor (n)	singer [male], cantor
kantóris (n)	singers; chorus
kantútay (n)	[vine] Paederia foetida Linn.
kanyamó(h) [Sp] (n)	hemp cloth [type of cloth, brown in color]
kányo (Qp)(R/pro)	to whom?, for whom? [Cf: sín-o]
káñyon [Sp] (n)	cannon [weapon]
kanyúte (n)	wick holder in lamp [Cf: mítsa]
kang	"of my" [Ctr: ku ákon nga] [Alt: kaáng]
kángay (n)	guest [invited] [Opp: sanóng]; invitation
kángay (RV1)	to invite [Syn: imbitár, éhvítár]
kángay-kángay (RV1)	to invite insincerely; to extend an invitation which one hopes will not be accepted [Syn: pamaeahába]
kángkáng (RV1)	to stretch (or) spread out one's feet
kángga(h) (n)	sled, sledge
kanggrína [Sp] (n)	gangrene poisoning
káon (RV1)	to-eat Kán-a ró ságig. / Eat the banana.
kaeán-an (n)	dining room; dining table; place for eating
kaeán-ónon (n)	food, edibles; things to be eaten
kán-on (n)	rice; staple food
pakáon (CV)	to feed Pakán-a ro eápsag. / Feed the baby.
paeakáon (adj)	always eating, fond of eating
pagkáon (n)	food
pangkáon (n)	utensils [for eating]
pangináon (RV5)	to have an appetite, eat well
margináon (adj)	Sa dírong kalisód, índi' akó kapangináon. / Due to so many problems, I have no appetite to eat.
káon [idm] (RV1)	voracious eater; glutton
	to take [in chess], jump [in checkers]
	Kináon ka ráñ kwen. / I took his queen.

kauyákot (RV3)	to give patient attention (to)
kauyáktan (n)	diligence, attention, dedication
kápa(h) [Sp] (n)	cape, cloak
kapasidád [Sp] (n)	capacity, limit
Kapatága (n)	barrio of Malinaw
kapatás [Sp] (n)	foreman [Akl: agáeon, ámo(h)]
kápaw (RV1)	to heap, make above the level
kápay (n)	propeller [on ship]
kápay (RV3)	to propel, paddle [boat]
kapáya' [Sp] (n)	papaya [tree, fruit] <u>Carica papaya</u> L.
kápkáp (RV3)	to feel (a person's clothing) for hidden objects [such as when searching for a weapon or stolen goods] [Syn: hulíkap]
kápi' [Sp] (n)	coffee [bean; beverage] <u>Coffea arabica</u> L.
kapé [Eng] (n)	café, restaurant, snack bar
kápid (n)	twin(s)
Kapilíhan (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Cf: píli(h)]
kapín (Dp)	more so, all the more, especially [Syn: eabí] May ánda nga ginatsísmis ngáni' kákon ngá owá' akó it gináobra; kapín pa gid kón may saeá' man akó. / Well, they gossip about me when I don't do anything, and all the more when I do make a mis- take.
kapinán (n)	[clam shell]
Cápiz (n)	Capiz Province /kapis/ (related to kápid [Nab])
Capíznon (n)	citizen of Capiz; the dialect of Capiz [related to Ilonggo or Hiligaynon]
kápis-kápis (n)	[shell--used for decorations]. Capiz shell.
kápit [Tag] (n)	privilege; pull, influence [Syn: kápyot]
kápit (RV3)	to cling to, adhere to
kápitál [Eng] (n)	capital, principal; money for a business investment
kápitál [Eng] (n)	capital city; capital letter
kápitán [Sp] (n)	captain
Capitán Tazan (n)	barrio of Banga
kapetéra [Sp] (n)	coffee pot, percolator
kapitírya [Eng] (n)	cafeteria [Syn: kapíhan]
kapít6l [Eng] (n)	capitol [building]
kapón (RV1)	to castrate
kapón (adj)	castrated
kapós [Tag] (RV1)	to run short (of) [Akl: kúeang, kabós]
kapúti(h) [Sp] (n)	raincoat
kapúti(h) (RV1)	to win every game; have a lucky streak
kápri (n) [sup]	legendary giant [usually invisible]
kapsóla [Sp] (n)	capsule, tablet [of medicine]

kápyot [RV3]	to cling to, grasp on to
kára(h) [Sp] (n)	"heads", head [of a coin]
cára y cruz (n)	[gambling game]
kará (R/dem)	this, to this [Ctr: karáya] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
kará (loc)	Naila' ka kará? / Do you like this?
karaktír [Eng] (n)	over here [Ctr: ríkará] [G. 186] [D. 30]
kárag (n)	Kará imong ibutáng. / Put [it] over here.
Karambúla [Sp] (n)	character, manners; personality; figure [of a
karambúla (RV8)	mahjong piece]
karamilo [Sp] (n)	[ant--big, red]
karánday (adv)	carom [shot in billiards]
karanhá' (R/dem)	to have a free for all, to have many people fighting
káránhon (adj)	at one time; to fight many cocks all at once
kárang (n)	caramel
kárang (RV6)	recently, lately, of late [Ctr: kurondáya]
karát (adj)	that, to that [Cf: ranhá'] [G. 163] [Ctr: kaná']
karáti(h) [Jap] (RV1)	old, old-fashioned [custom, habit] [Opp: bag-shan]
karató (R/dem)	bamboo sled, sledge
Karató áray [idm]	to crawl
karátola(h) [Sp] (n)	flirtatious [Syn: ländi']
káraya (R/dem)	to use karate, hit with a karate blow
kárbin [Eng] (n)	that, to that [Cf: rató] [G. 163] [Ctr: kató]
kárbon [Eng] (n)	once upon a time [Alt: kató áray]
karbúro [Sp] (n)	placard, billboard
kard [Eng] (n)	this, to this [Cf: ráya] [G. 163] [Ctr: kará]
kárga(h) [Sp] (n)	carbine [gun].
kárga (RV1)	lampblack, carbon; carbon paper; carbon copy
kargádo (adj)	carbide
kargaminto (n)	card; report card; card [Syn: baráha]
karí(h) (n)	load
karíbal [Sp] (n)	to carry on the shoulders
káril (n)	loaded
kárinyo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	freight, cargo, load
karinyósa (adj)	curry [spice]
karinyóso (adj)	rival [in love]; foe, enemy
karíra [Sp] (n)	neotine stain [on teeth]; yellow stain
karirahán (n)	to charm; caress in order to get attention
karítit (n)	loving, affectionate [female]
karíti [Sp] (n)	loving, affectionate [male]
karítela [Sp] (n)	degree, career; race
	race track, race-course
	[rice]
	spindle of sewing machine
	carriage, cart

karitis [Sp] (n)	rolled fibers
karito [Sp] (n)	cart
kariton [Sp] (n)	wheel
karnabál [Sp] (n)	carnival
kárne [Sp] (p)	meat [particularly beef]; flesh [Akl: unód]
kárñeng báboy (n)	pork
kárñeng báka (n)	
kárñero [Sp] (n)	
káro(h) [Sp] (n)	
káróe (RV7)	
Karúgdug (n)	
Karúgdug (n)	
káromáta [Sp] (n)	
karón (R/dem)	
karón (loc)	
karósa [Sp] (n)	
karoséro (n)	
károt [Eng] (n)	
karúyon (R/dem)	
karpentéro [Sp] (n)	
kársáda [Sp] (n)	
kársil [Sp] (n)	
karsonsílyo [Sp] (n)	
kartíro [Sp] (n)	
kárton [Eng] (n)	
karwáhi [Sp] (n)	
kas [Eng] (n)	
kas (RV2)	
kás-a (intj)	
kás-a (adv)	
kasába púding (n)	
kasába' (RV3)	
kasába' (n)	
kasáe [Sp] (n)	
kasáe (RV1)	
kaeaśaeon (adj)	
pakasáe (CV)	
kaság (n)	

kasár [Sp] (RV3)	to bet, wager (op) [Syn: pústa']
kásaw (n)	frame [of roof, umbrella]
káskas (RV1)	to strum, play [guitar]; to scrape with fingernails
kásko [Sp] (n)	body [of boat or ship]
kásikád (n)	[rice]
kásí-kási (n)	pinwheel [toy]
kasílyas [Sp] (n)	toilet, lavatory
kasing--- (pfx)	Adjective prefix denoting similarity. [G. 177]
	kasimbahóe / the same size
	kasingtáas / the same height
kasing-kasing [Hil] (n)	heart; core [Akl: tagipusó-on]
kasíra(h) [Sp] (n)	boarder
kasirahán (n)	boarding house
pangasíra (RV5)	to board
Kasít-an (n)	barrio of Libakaw
káso(h) [Sp] (n)	case; matter; importance
owát káso [idm]	never mind; it doesn't matter
kasóy (n)	cashew [nut, tree] <u>Anacardium occidentale</u> Linn.
káspa [Sp] (n)	dandruff [Akl: salikkdík]
kastigo(h) [Sp] (n)	punishment, castigation; whip
kastigo (RV1)	to punish, castigate; whip [Akl: silot]
kastila' [Sp] (n)	Spaniard [Alt: katsíla']
kinastíla' (RV5)	to act like a Spaniard; to speak Spanish
kastilyo [Sp] (n)	castle, palace
Castíllo (n)	barrio of Makato'
kastúli (n)	[herb--médicinal] <u>Abelmoschus moscatus</u> Medic.
káswal [Eng] (adv)	seldom, casual(ly), temporarily
káswal (n)	a casual laborer, temporary worker
kaswalidad [Sp] (n)	by chance; a mere happening, chance happening
kaswalidad (adj)	improbable, accidental, chance; hard to believe
kat (conj)	then, when, at that time, when
	kat nagapangidáron imáw it dyes / when he was
	at the age of ten [Cf: kató]
kat--- (pfx)	Nominalizing prefix with the force of a demonstrative: [Cf: ro/do] [Syn: tag---] [G. 140]
	kat-asúl / that blue one
	katginbuóe nímo / the one which you took
Katabána (n)	barrio of Madalag
kataká [Tag] (n)	surprise
kataé (adj)	not tightly fastened, loose [Opp: sigo]
kataeágman (n)	premonition, foreboding; fate, doom [Cf: tágam]
katalög [Eng] (n)	catalog [Alt: katalógó]
Katán [Bkd] (n)	God [Ate word for the deity]
katáw (n)	mermaid, merman

kátay (RV2)	to scatter, spread [Syn: wátay, káehit, wígit]
kátay [Tag] (RV1)	to slaughter, kill [animals]
káti' (RV1)	to decoy, entice [like using one chicken to catch another]
kati-án (n)	decoy; "stool-pigeon" [AE]
katikísmo [Sp] (n)	catechism
Katiklán (n)	barrio of Malay
kátig (n)	outrigger [of a boat]
kátin (n)	[waning crescent of the moon]
kátin-kátin (RV6)	to sit idly with one's feet dangling
katisísmo [Sp] (n)	catechism [Alt.: katikísmo]
kátmon (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Dillenia philippinensis</u> .
Kátmon (n)	barrio of Altavas
kátñog [Nab] (n)	consonant [grammatical term] [Cf: katñog]
kató (R/dem)	that, to that [Ctr: karató] [G. 163] [D. 14, 30]
Naña' imáw kató. / He liked that.	once upon a time; a long time ago
kató (loc)	over there, yonder [Ctr: rikató] [G. 186] [D. 30]
Kató ro ánang asáwa. / There's his wife.	then (in the past)
kató (adv)	insanity
May kató imáw sa éeo. / He's crazy.	itchy
katók [Tag] (n)	[disease--having an itchy head]
katóq (n)	oversexed, sex-crazy [female]
katueáng a (n)	[flower--red] <u>Hibiscus mutabilis</u> Linn.
katúmbae (n)	green pepper. <u>Capsicum annuum</u> Linn.
káton (R/pro)	to/by us [G. 160]
katúnggáñ (n)	mangrove swamp, swamp
katunggáñon (adj)	found in mangrove swamps. [trees, shells]
pangatúnggar (RV6)	to go to a mangrove swamp
katúray [Tag] (n)	[tree--with edible blossoms] <u>Sesbania grandiflora</u> .
[Akl: gáway-gáway]	fourteen, 14
katórse [Sp] (n)	bed [Syn: kámaj] [Akl: eúgban]
kátri [Sp] (n)	"Catch!" [used in playing ball] [Akl: sáepa]
kats (intj)	flour sack; small cloth bag
kátsa(h) [Sp] (n)	Spaniard
katsila' [Sp] (n)	to act like a Spaniard; to speak Spanish
kinatsila' (RV5)	foot odor
katsítsas [slg] (n)	[plant--medicinal] <u>Datura metel</u> Linn.
katsubóng (n)	catsup
kátsop [Eng] (n)	[animal] shrew.
katsúri' (n)	large skillet
káwa' (n)	

kíwas (RV6)	to get off [vehicle]. [Akl: panáog]
kawátan (n)	concubine, adulterer; a common law spouse
mangawatán (n)	concubine, habitual adulterer
pangawatán (RV3)	to engage in adultery (with)
kawáyan (n)	[bamboo] <u>Dendrocalamus merrillianus</u> .
Kawáyan Tugbongan (n)	barrio of New Washington
káwboy [Eng] (n)	barrio of New Washington [Cf: túgbong]
kináwboy (RV5)	cowboy; rugged-looking person
káwkaw (RV1)	to act/look/dress rugged
káwhiat (RV1)	to touch with one's finger [Syn: kámeot]
kawíl (n)	to reach up, snatch from below
mangangawíl (n)	[long deep sea fishing line with reel]
panigawíl (RV5)	deep-sea fisherman
káwing [vul] (RV1)	to go deep-sea fishing
káwing (RV6)	to have intercourse with [gen]; "fuck" [vul]
kawít (n)	to draw near (to), approach
káw-it (n)	bamboo container (carried on one's shoulder)
kaw-it (RV3)	hook
kawlipláwir [Eng] (n)	to hook
káwnsil [Eng] (n)	cauliflower [vegetable] <u>Brassica oleracea</u> Linn. var. <u>Botrytis</u> L.
kawót (RV6)	council, advisory board, legislature [usually of municipal government] [Cf: konsehális]
kawót (adj)	to bend over
kay (Rm)	bent
kaya' (adj)	Referent marker for singular names of persons or pets to indicate indirect object, location, bene- ficiary or other goal. [G. 145; 153-54] [D. 13-14]
pakayá' (CV)	Itáó ra kay María. / Give this to Mary.
káyab (n)	face up, lying on one's back [Opp: kueób]
káyab (RV6)	to turn over, turn right side up
káy-ag (RV1)	Pakáy-a ring pínggan. / Turn your plate over.
kayámas (n)	ascension
Kayángwan (n)	to ascend, go up
káykay [Bkd] (RV1)	to scatter, spread out [Opp: típon]
kayukáy [Lib] (RV5)	feet [of crabs], crawler(s); claw(s) [of cats]
kayóg (n)	barrio of Makato'
pangayóg (n)	to smooth out, spread out [with hand or rake] [as grains drying out in the sunlight] [Alt: úkay]
kayumánggi [Tag] (adj)	to remove weeds [from a camote field]; to weed
kayungs (RV7)	empty shell
	blade used for cutting palay
	light brown [skin color]
	to wrinkle [said of skin; cloth]

káyos- (RV1)	to climb, go up, ascend [Syn: sáka']
káywa (adv)	twice; second [time] [Ctr: ikáywa] [Cf: dáywa(h)]
kiay-kiay (RV6)	to sway back and forth [as in dance motion]
kíbkib (RV1)	to encroach, undermine (land) [said of river]
kibig (RV6)	to shiver, tremble [Syn: kúrog, kúekog]
kiboe (n)	callus, hard (or) callous skin
kibót (ST2)	to start; jump, twitch [with surprise]
kiki(h) (RV1)	to whisk away
ki-ki' (n)	tartar [on teeth]; "tooth crud" [vul]
kíke(h) [Sp] (n)	clown, jester
kídkid (RV1)	to grate, scrape [in order to get smaller pieces; like coconuts or papayas--for salads, desserts, etc.]
kídlap (RV7)	to shine, glitter, twinkle [Syn: gilák]
kídlat (n) [Tag]	flash of lightning [Alt: kilát] [Cf: línti', daeúgdug]
kíd-ee ]ma[ (adj)	easy to chew (or) eat, having a fine texture [neither hard nor soft]
kigi (RV1)	to strip (abaca)
kíha(h) [Sp] (RV2)	Kígyá ro átong eánot. / Strip our abaca.
kíhad [Hil] (RV1)	to file charges (against), file complaint (against)
kihát (adj)	to slice [Akl: siad]
kiíng (Am)(A/pro)	slightly unbalanced (eyes)
kiláea(h) (REL. v)	[Ctr: ku ímo nga] "of your", "by your", "your"
kakiláea (n)	Pilá ro mángód kiíng asáwa? / How many younger brothers and sisters does your wife have?
manógpakiláea (n)	to be acquainted, get introduced
pakiláea (CV)	Mákgiláea eági kamí. / We are already acquainted.
kiláea (n)	acquaintance, friend
kilán (RV7)	emcee, master of ceremonies; introducer
kilás ]ma[ (adj)	to introduce, acquaint
makilás [idm] (adj)	Pakiláeahán akó kána. / Introduce me to her.
kilát (n)	[bush, shrub]
pangilát (RV7)	to be shiny, glitter
kilátis [Sp] (n)	Nagakilán raá sandúko. / His bolo is glittering.
kilátis [idm] (n)	unbalanced, off-center [boat]
kilátis [Tag] (RV1)	easy, impure, not chaste, indecent [woman]
	Makilás si María ngarón. / That Mary is an easy woman.
	flash of lightning, lightning bolt [Alt: kidlat]
	to be lightning [Cf: línti', daeúgdug]
	carat [unit of weight for precious stones]
	pedigree
	Matáas ro kilátis ni Juán. / John has an impressive pedigree.
	to scrutinize, put under scrutiny

kílaw (RV1)	to marinate in vinegar [and serve raw] [meat or fish--marinated and served raw]
kinílaw (n)	eyebrow(s)
kílay (n)	to raise one's eyebrows [in greeting, acknowledgement or when giving permission] [Cf: kindat]
pangílay (RV5)	to scrape
kílkil (RV1)	sharp, acrid [flavor] [Alt: kádhat]
kílhat ]ma[ (adj)[Bkd]	underarm(s) [Akl: ilúkon]
kíli-kíli [Tag] (n)	side
kílid (n)	to turn to one's side
takílid (RV9)	to put aside; turn one's side to; set aside
takílid (RV3)	Gintakídlan nána akó. / He put me aside.
kíling-kíling (RV1)	to ring (a bell)
kílis (RV3)	to rinse out [rice]
kílo(h) (n)	Kílsi it mayád do bugás. / Rinse out the rice thoroughly.
kílo (RV1)	kílo [unit of measure]
kílohán (n)	to weigh [for kilos]
kíló (n)	scale. [in kilo measure]
kíló'-kíló' (RV7)	[fish]
kíma' (RV1)	to flicker [said of candle, lights]; to have a tic [in one's eyes] (spasm)
pangíma'-kíma' (adj)	Gakíló'-kíló' rang matá. / My eyes have a tic.
kími' (adj)	to nibble
kím-ing (RV1)	always eating
kímo (R/pro)	shy
kímúna [Jap] (n)	to pick up (with two fingers); to take with a delicate motion of the hand [using only thumb and one other finger]
kímpaŋ (adj)	to you, for you [singular] [Cf: ikaw] [G. 160]
kímpay (adj)	blouse [native]
kímpit (n)	out of balance (or) measure [like a chair with one leg shorter than the others]
kímpit (RV1)	twisted out of shape and stunted [crippled hand]
kiná--- (pfx)	tweezers, tongs; clothespin
kiná--- (pfx)	to pinch together; to press (or) hold between two things
kiná--- (pfx)	IF verb prefix for accidental or ability mode. [G. 95] [D. 22] [G. 66-67]
kiná--- (pfx)	Kinasúgid mo eon do balítá'? / Have you told the news yet?
kiná--- (pfx)	Standard noun prefix. [G. 138]
kinahángean	/ need, necessity
kinadípirénsya	/ basic problem (or) fault

kináádmán (n)	power (or) charm of invulnerability [magic power making the possessor immune to weapons] [Syn: ánting-ánting]
kinabón (RV8)	to gather, group together, meet
kinabón (n)	group, gathering, get-together, meeting
kinág--- (pfx)	Instrumental Focus verb prefix. [Alt: kiná---] Kinagtíg-an ko eon rang baeáy. / I already have promised my house [to another].
kinahángean (n)	need, necessity
kinahángean (V. det)	must; it is necessary Kinahángean nga mag-ádto ka. / You must go. ~ to need
kinahángean (RV1)	Gakinahángean akót bálpén. / I need a ball point pen.
Kinalangay Viejo (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Kinalangay Nuevo (n)	barrio of Malinaw
kindáhat [Bkd] (RV1)	to wink [Alt: kindat, pangindat]
kindat (n)	raising of one or both eyebrows [sign of greeting or affirmation] [Cf! kílay] Sa kindat king matá, nasayórán ko ro ímong pag-higúgma. / From the way you raise your eyebrows I know about your love.
pangindat (RV5)	to raise one or both eyebrows
kínhod (ST4)	to twitch, jerk, jump, start [Syn: kibót]
panginhod (DV)	to convulse; twitch, start
kínhoe (RV6)	to be willing to move, make an effort
panginhoe (DV)	to be willing to move, make some effort, try to get going "played dumb", didn't even try, didn't budge rare, scarce, a little at a time
owá! nangínhoe [idm]	"played dumb", didn't even try, didn't budge
kini' ]ma[ (adj)	rare, scarce, a little at a time Makini' ro tubóó ku túbi'. / The water is dripping just a little at a time.
kíno(h) (RV1)	to gather together [in preparation]; to prepare
kinúmpit (n)	[Muslim boat]
kinót (RV1)	to be thrifty, save (on), economize [Opp: hákog]
kinse [Sp] (n)	fifteen, 15
kintab ]ma[ (adj) [Tag]	sparkling, shiny [Akl: gilák, fílap]
kínyo (R/pro)	to you, for you [plural] [G. 160] [Cf: kamó] Mayád-áyad nga hápon kínyo tanán. / Good afternoon to all of you.
king (Am) (A/pro)	"of your; by your; your" [singular] [Ctr: ku ímo nga]. ro asáwa king maéstro / the wife of your teacher
kingki(h) (n)	kerosene (or) gasoline lamp [usually small]
kingking (RV6)	to hop on [on one foot]

kingpíscr [Eng] (n)	kingfisher [bird] [Akl: dikueót]
kíom' (RV1)	to close (one's mouth) [Opp: ngangá(h)]
kípo' (RV1)	to close, fold (up/together) [like hand] Kipó-a ring páyong. / Fold up your umbrella.
kípot (RV1)	to close, shut; tighten (up)
kipót (adj)	tight, not loose [Opp: haeugá']
kírhat, ]ma[ (adj) [Bkd]	sharp, acrid [flavor] [Syn: kádhat]. [Alt: kilhat]
kiri' ]sang[ (adj), sangkiri' (n)	little, few [Opp: abó'] a little, bit, few
kiri'-kiri' (RV6)	Sangkiri' eang ro habilín. / Just a little bit is left. to wiggle the hips; shake the body [as in dancing];
kerída [Sp] (n)	to tremble in mock fear [Cf: kúrog].
kerido (n)	mistress, paramour, lover; adulteress
kiríng-kiríng (RV3)	paramour, lover [male]; adulterer [to do a mating dance--said of a rooster hopping around a hen] [Cf: pangutó]
kís-a [Hil] (adv)	once in a while
kon kís-a (adv)	every now and then [Akl: kon amát]
kisamí (n)	ceiling
kisáw-kisáw (RV5)	to flicker, have a tic [said of one's eyes]
kisáy (RV6)	to writhe; gesticulate, move about
kisáy-kisáy (RV6)	to twitch, jerk, have a spasm [usually at verge of death] [Cf: sulíp]
kískis (RV1)	to scrape, shave [with a blade]. [Syn: kúskus]
kísiw (n)	trap [for fowl]
késo(h) [Sp] (n)	cheese
kítá' (ST4)	to see
kítá' (RV1)	Nakita' ko ikáw. / I saw you.
pakita' (CV)	to meet with, see, confer (with); earn
pangita' (n)	Pilá ring kita'? / How much did you earn?
pangita' [Hil] (RV1)	to demonstrate, show; appear
kilita' (RV8)	job, occupation
kita' (REC:v)	to look for [Akl: ásoy]
kitá (T/pro)	to see one another
kitáng (n)	to confer with, meet with
—pangitáng (DV)	Gísto kong pakigkitá-an sánda. / I want to confer with them.
kítkit (RV1)	we [inclusive], you and I [G. 157-58] [D. 10, 30]
kití-kití [Tag]	deep fishing line with hooks [Cf: kawíl]
kitid (RV1)	to fish with a long line having many hooks
makitid (adj)	to chew on, nibble on; bite little by little
	mosquito larva, mosquito wiggler [Akl: pitík-pítík]
	to narrow (down)
	narrow [Opp: maeápad]

[idm]	Makitid raá paino-ino. / He is narrow-minded.
kitín. (RV3)	to cut the tendon [near the foot]
kitín (n)	ankle; tendon [located near the ankle]
	Kítan ko ring báka. / I'll cut the tendons of your cow.
kiwá' (n)	slice, cut
kiwá' (RV1)	to cut, slice
kiliwa-án (n)	slicing board [Syn: dapaeán]
kiwá'-kiwá' (n)	[large butterfly]
kiwae (RV1)	to hold the sheath of a bolo [in preparation for a fight]
kiwang-kiwang (RV7)	to wobble, be unsteady (or) unstable
kiwig (n)	[insect]
kiwit (adj)	crooked, bent, off to one side, unstable
kiwit (RV5)	to pull one's mouth to one side
pangiwit-kiwit (DV)	to look wryly, show displeasure [by pulling one's mouth to one side]
kiwót (n)	[honeybee]
kiyamót, [Bkd] (n)	claw [of a cat]; pincher [of a crab] [Cf: kamáeos, kayámas]
kiyaw (n)	[bird]
kiyáw-kiyáw (RV3)	to exorcise, perform the ceremony of exorcism [to free one of evil spirits]
pakiyáw-kiyáw (CV)	to have an exorcism performed
keyk [Eng] (n)	cake [Akl: mamón] [Alt: kek]
klabéra [Sp] (n)	skeleton [of whole body] [Alt: kalabéra]
klak (n)	tick, tock [sound of a clock]
• clang [Eng] (n)	clang [sound of a bell, ringing metals]
kláro(h), [Sp] (adj)	clear, evident [Akl: áthag]
kláro (RV1)	to clarify, make clear (or) plain indí maklarohán / cannot be made out (or) figured out
klási(h) [Sp] (n)	type, kind, class
kaklási (n)	classmate
klási (RV1)	to classify, sort out
klási (RV5)	to hold class(es)
klats [Eng] (n)	clutch [of motor vehicle]
klik [Eng] (n)	click [sound of a metal object hitting another]
klíma(?) [Sp] (n)	climate, weather [Alt: tyémpo]
kliniká [Sp] (n)	clinic
kliniks [Eng] (n)	kleenex, facial tissue [any brand]
klip [Eng] (n)	clip [Syn: igpit]
klípto. [Eng] (n)	kleptomaniac; thief
klítsi [Eng] (n)	cut, picture in/for a newspaper

klub [Eng] (n)	club, group, organization
ko (A/pro)	my, mine; I [G. 160]
ku (Am)	Nabakæ ko eðn. / I already bought [it]. baeáy ko / my house
	Associate marker used for common nouns to show unemphasized subjects, goals, or instruments of an action. [G. 144; 151-52] Shows past time.
	baeáy ku manggaránon / the house of the rich man
	Ginkíwa' ku matansíro ro kárne. / The butcher sliced the meat. [D. 11; 29]
	ku Lunes / last Monday
kuán [expr]	[A filler word used when one forgets a term, verb, or fact. Cf: kuwán]
kíbae [vul] (adj)	dirty (referring to one's penis)
Kubay (n)	barrio of Malay
kubf(h) (n)	[tree--product used to make chewing gum] <u>Artocarpus cumingiana</u>
kubit (RV1)	to bite (bait), nibble (at)
kubos (adj)	Ginkubít ro paón. / The bait was nibbled.
kóbra(h) [Sp] (RV1)	lowly, humble
kóbra [Eng] (n)	kueábos it páead [idm] / unlucky
Kök [Eng] (n)	to get one's salary, pick up one's due [Cf: sukót]
Kóka [Eng] (n)	cobra [snake] [Cf: sawá(h)]
kúkis [Eng] (n)	Coke, Coca-Cola
kukú(h) (n)	Coke, Cóca-Cola
kúkok (n)	cooky, cookies
kukokuráw (n)	fingernail; toenail
kukód (n)	[bird]
kukót (RV1)	[bird]
kúkwa [Eng] (n)	hoof [of horse, carabao]; toenail, claw [of mammal]
kodák [Eng] (n)	to nibble, break open (with one's teeth) [as done by birds, or people eating nuts or seeds]
kodák (RV1)	cocoà, hot chocolate
kúdkud (RV1)	camera [in general] [Syn: kamerá]
kodigó [Sp] (n)	to take a picture (of) [Syn: ritráto(h)]
kodigó [idm] (RV1)	Kodaká kamí. / Take our picture.
	to scrape (with blade) [Syn: kúskus, kádkad]
kúdlis (n)	code, charter
kúdlít (n)	to cheat, take for a fool
kúdlit (RV3)	Hakodigó akó. / I was cheated.
pangúdlit (n)	line (in palm); scratch, scar [Syn: kúdlit]
	line; scratch; apostrophe [punctuation mark]
	to line, draw lines (on)
	pointed, sharp writing stick

kudyápa(h) (n)	[herb--edible] <u>Celosia argentea</u> L. [Alt: kadyápa]
kueá(h) (RV1)	to stun, surprise, take by surprise, scare
kueábos (RV1)	to run short of [supplies, stock] [Cf: kabós]
kueággi (RV3)	to clean out (with a bamboo stick) [for tubá'] Kueagyi ro saeód agód matám-is ro tubá'. / Clean out the receptacle so that the tuba' will be sweet.
kueággi (n)	bamboo cleaning stick
koeámog (n)	soft coconut meat [found on surface and easily scraped out]
koeámog [idm]	the child-of
kúeang (adj)	short, missing, not enough; "lacking" [FE]
kúeang (RV1)	to run short of, not have enough of shortcomings
kakueangán (n)	crazy, abnormal, demented
kueáng-kueáng [idm]	to stick together, become sticky [Alt: koyápot]
koéápot (RV7)	to flee, run away, up and run [in order to avoid danger]; to run for one's life
kueás (RV6)	to bang, beat, knock [using instrument] Ayáw pagkueatónga ro tádyaw, bási' mapusá'. / Don't bang on the big jar, it might break.
kueátong (RV1)	fear, timidity to be afraid, tremble Ginakueba-án akó. / I'm trembling with fear.
kúeba' (n)	to feel nervous, feel/be afraid
kúeba' (ST5)	to hold upright (next to one's chest) Kuekúea ro ungá'. / Hold up the child.
pakúeba' (CV)	to tremble [with fear or cold], shake [Syn: kúrog]
kúekue (RV1)	buri strip [used for weaving]
kúekog (RV6)	to strip (buri)
kúehad (n)	to bear (on head), carry on head [Syn: tús-on] [Cf: daeá(h)]
kúehad (RV1)	to shrink
kueb(h) (RV1)	[disease--epilepsy]
kueb' (RV7)	face down(wards), lying on one's face/front
kueb' (n)	to turn face down [Opp: kayá']
kueb' (adj)	undernourished, stunted, dwarfed [vine, plant]
pákueób' (CV)	earthenware pot [for cooking]
kúeokutóy (adj)	curled, curly [hair] [Syn: kulót, kulitót]
kúeon (n)	[tubercule]
kuebung (adj)	to be in spasms [due to pain or a blow]
kuebt (n)	to decrease in size, height (or) volume [Cf: kúpos]
kúeoy-kúeoy (RV6)	scab, crusted lesion
kúepa' (RV6)	
kugán (n)	

kúgbo	(RV6)	to jerk, start moving abruptly
kígbot	(RV1)	to surprise, frighten
kugita	(n)	octopus
kígmáat	(RV1)	to repeat (oneself); come out (or) back again, return Nagkúgmáat ro áang dátíng maeán nga pamáasan. / His old bad habits came back again.
kúgon	(n)	[tall grass] <u>Imperata cylindrica</u> ; <u>Imperata exaltata</u>
kinúgon	(n)	[bolo]
Kúgon	(n)	barrio of Lezo
Kúgon	(n)	barrio of Malinaw
ningas kúgon	[idm]	"burning grasses" [referring to the habit of starting out strong but then giving up without finishing]
kugóng	(n)	midrib of coconut, leaf [used for making brooms] [midrib of most palms]
kúgos	[Hil] (RV1)	to hold in one's arms [Akl: kíekue]
kúgtong	(n)	[fish]
kuhit	(n)	pole
kuhit	(RV1)	to reach (or) touch with a pole
kulá(h)	[Sp] (n)	glue, paste
kulá	(RV1)	to glue, paste
kulá(h)	(RV1)	to bleach, buck
kuládo	(adj)	partially bleached [so as to have a multi-shaded effect]
kúlam	(RV1)	to hex, bewitch, inflict disease (through magic)
mangkukúlam	(n)	witch doctor, voodoo expert
kulántró	(n)	[nut--medicinal]
kulápot	(n)	[shell]
kulás	(n)	braggart, boaster, swell-head
kulás	(adj)	self-praising, egoistic
kuláta(h)	[Sp] (n)	Kulás, hápit áay. [max] / "Hey swell-head, drop in." [used to tone down a braggart]
kuláta	(RV1)	butt (of gun)
kúlay	[Tag] (n)	to pistolwhip, hit with the butt of a gun
makúlay	(adj)	color [Syn: kolér]
kúli'	(RV6)	colorful
makúli'	(adj)	to be hard to find, be in demand, be scarce
kolibát	(RV1)	rare, scarce, hard to find, in demand
kolíkad	(RV1)	to mishandle, to handle carelessly
kolíkag	(RV1)	to ladle out
kolíkog	(n)	to rotate, twist (one's finger) [as in cleaning out one's ear]
kolíkog	(RV1)	ear swab, something used to clean out one's ear
kolíkot	(RV1)	to clean out one's ear
		to enlarge a hole by inserting [something] and

koléktah [Sp] (RV1)	rubbing it around
koléktor [Eng] (n)	to collect, gather
kólids [Eng] (n)	collector, gatherer
koléhyo [Sp] (n)	college [Syn: koléhyo]
kulift (RV5)	college [Syn: kólids]
kulili [Eng] (n)	to grimace [from pain]
kulintas (n)	ukulele, small guitar
kulintas (RV3)	necklace, medallion and chain
kulingling (n)	to put a necklace on
kolipót (n)	ring [sound of a bell, telephone] [Cf: bagting]
kúlis (RV3)	[Syn: kiling-kiling]
kulisga! (RV5)	[shell]
kulisóng (RV5)	to mark up, scratch
kulítis [Eng] (n)	to fret, worry, suffer hardship(s), be tormented (by one's thoughts)
kolitót (adj)	to frown
kolíwag (RV1)	[leafy vegetable] kulitis, "spinach" [FE] <u>Amaranthus viridis</u> (edible); <u>Amaranthus spinosus</u> (weed)
kulóng (RV1)	very curly, completely twisted (around)
kulóngán (n)	[Syn: kueong, balikutot]
kulóng (adj)	to stir; rotate (or) twist (with one's hand)
kulóng (RV1)	to imprison
Kulóng-kulóng (n)	prison; cage; hatchery, chicken house
kolór [Sp] (n)	curled, curly [Alt: kueóng]
dekolór (adj)	to encircle, surround; imprison
kulót [Hil] (adj)	barrio of Ibájay
kúma [Sp] (n)	color
komádré [Sp] (n)	colored, colorful [Tag: makúlay]
kumaeágko' (n)	curled, curly [hair] [Akl: kueóng]
kumágo (n)	comma [punctuation mark]
kumaíngking (n)	godmother of one's child (or) mother of one's god-child [relationship term, non-existent in English]; co-godparents, co-sponsors [Alt: komáre, máre] [Cf: kompádre, kompáre, páre]
kumaiyaw (n)	thumb [Cf: eágko', túdlo']
Kumáláskas (n)	string for a top [Alt: kamágo]
kumalibkiþ (n)	pinky, fifth (or) little finger [Cf: túdló', ingking]
kumangón (n)	fourth (or) ring finger [Cf: túdlo', silingsingan]
komáre [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
kumarípas (adj)	[tree--thorny]
	idiot, moron, fool, jerk [Cf: úmáng]
	[Alt: kaumangón]
	[relationship term--cf: komádre]
	very swift, very fast

kúmaw (n)	kumarípas it daégan / swift running [crab--red-eyed]
kombénto [Sp] (n)	rectory; convent [house of religious priests or nuns] [residence of the parish priest]
kúmbo [Eng] (n)	combo, orchestra, band
kúmbo' (n)	banana fritters, fried banana chips
kúmkum (RV1)	to hold (one's hand) closed; to close (one's hand) [Opp: bukead] [Syn: kuóm]
kómiká [Sp] (adj)	funny, humorous [Akl: kabueó']
komiká (n)	comics, comic book
komikéro (n) [cor]	comedian
komediante [Sp] (n)	comedian
komedór [Sp] (n)	dining room; eatery [Akl: kaeán-an] [Cf: káon]
komilyas [Sp] (n)	quotation mark(s) [punctuation mark]
komendasyón [Sp] (n)	commendation, testimonial [Akl: dáyaw]
komérsyal [Eng] (n)	general store, commercial store; commercial [on television, radio], advertisement
komersyánte [Sp] (n)	merchant, dealer, businessman
kuímítah [Sp] (n)	comet
kómo [Sp] (conj)	because, inasmuch as Kómo indi' akó hiádtó, magapasál-i akó kay Belén. / Inasmuch as I might not go, I will send Belén as a substitute. [Akl: tungód, bangó dahil]
kúmod (RV5)	to murmur, mutter (in anger)
kúmí-ód (adj)	shy, inferior-feeling
komunista [Sp] (n)	Communist
kúmos (RV1)	to squeeze (with hand); crumple, crush
komústa(h) [Sp] (Qp)	how? in what condition? be well? [Alt: kamústa] Komústa ka? / How are you? to greet, wish well; send (or) give one's regards Pakomustahí si Pédro. / Give my regards to Pedro.
pákomústa (CV)	cape, coat
kumót (n)	godfather of one's child (or) father of one's godchild [relationship term, non-existent in English]; co- godparents, co-sponsors [Alt: kompáre, páre] [Cf: komádre, komáre, máre]
kompádre [Sp] (n)	company, partnership, corporation
kompánya(h) [Sp] (n)	to compare; take instead [Akl: pasonáid]
komparár [Sp] (RV2)	compared
komparádo (adj)	comparison
komparasyón (n)	[relationship term--cf: kompádre]
kompáre [Sp] (n)	compass
kúmpas [Eng] (n)	to gesture, move one's hands [while talking]; wave hand in time with music, conduct
kúmpas [Sp] (RV6)	

kúmpay (n)	fodder, grass or food (for cattle)
kúmpay (RV3)	to feed (cattle)
kompisár [Sp] (RV2)	to confess [Alt: konfesár]
kompesyonáryo (n)	confessional box
kúmpit (n)	[swift, sleek Muslim boat]
kúmpoe (adj)	blunt, cut off, severed [finger]
kompórmí(h) [Sp] (adj)	conforming, in agreement, in conformity; like Kompórmí akó sa ímong hámbar. / I agree with what you say.
kompórmí (conj)	just the same, similarly, alike Kompórmí ro limpak, imáw man do sápsap. [max] / The chip looks the same way it was chopped.
kompormiso [Sp] (n)	compromise; promise [Alt: kompromiso]
kompúso(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to compose, make up [poem, music]
kompromísó [Sp] (n)	promise; compromise [Alt: kompormiso]
kompromiso (RV2)	to promise, commit, make a commitment
kompyánsa (n) [Sp]	confidence, faith, trust
kon [Sp] (conj)	when, if [future] [Alt: kung]
kon amát [idm]	sometimes, from time to time, occasionally
kon sa bágay [idm]	"well, anyway" "if it matters" "incidentally"
kon saráng [idm]	if possible; please
kunáy [Ibj] (Dp)	said; was said by [Syn: sináy]
konde [Sp] (n)	Kunáy Juan hay nakapánaw eon kamó. / John said that you had already left.
kondésa (n)	count, earl
kundi' (conj)	countess, earl
kundíman [Tag] (n)	unless, if not [Ctr: kon indi'] Kundi' ka, akó lang. / If you won't, I will.
kundíman (n)	[song--about love]
kondenár [Sp] (RV1)	red cloth [very rough, usually used for décorations or costumes]
kondenádo (adj)	to condemn, sentence [to death or punishment]
kondensáda [Sp] (adj)	condemned, sentenced
künding (RV1)	condensed [milk]
kondúktor [Sp] (n)	to twist one's ear
konduktóra (n)	conductor, steward
kündoe (n)	conductress, stewardess
kondosír [Sp] (RV2)	waxgourd [vegetable] <u>Benincasa hispida</u> .
kongréso [Sp] (n)	to bring <u>tuba'</u> to a customer
kongresísta (n)	congress [Akl: katipón]
kúnla(h) (RV1)	congressman, congresswoman
kund (Dp)	to rinse (or) sterilize with hot water [as pouring hot water on food to kill germs but not cook it] "it is said" "they say" "it is believed" [quoting

particle] [Syn: mána] [G.202]

Manggaránon kúnó imáw. / They say that she's rich.

to rumor, spread a rumor [usually about superstitious matters]

Ginakúnó-kúnó imáw nga áswang. / She is rumored to be a witch.

rumor, hearsay

to pull back, shrink, reduce in length

to not pay attention, shrink back (or) withdraw from a conversation

to drizzle intermittently

to crumple; wrinkle [Syn: kurinót]

Gakunót da dahí! / He is worrying about his problems. [idm]

to put ruffles into; crush [clothing materials], wrinkle, crumple

to cower, tremble (with fear)

to tremble with fear

to shake, shiver

to confess (one's sins) [Alt: kompisár]

confessional

to hear confession(s)

considerate, thoughtful [Akl: mapinátugsilíngon]

to consider, think of, ponder (ón); be considerate, be thoughtful, practice consideration

councilor; councilman, councilwoman

councilors

big shot, highbrow, "somebody", blueblood

Mátsa konsín-o imáw, / He acts like a big shot.

conscience; good feeling [Akl: inogbaéati']

to consent (to), allow, permit [wrong-doings]

blind to faults [in the bad sense], permissive

consul

problems, worries

to worry about

worried, miserable

supply, stock

to consume, use up [goods]

consonant [grammatical term] [Nab: kátnog]

underpants [for men] [Syn: kalsonsílyo, wóker]

escort, partner

to escort, be partner to

Konsortíhi akó. / Escort me.

- konstabularyo [Sp] (n) constabulary; constable [Syn: písi]  
 konsyérto [Sp] (n) concert, musical performance  
 kúnta' (Dp) [Particle expressing a strong hope, desire or wish]  
 "would" "hopefully" "if only" [G. 207]  
 Tapús eon kúnta' daáng óbra. / I wish my work  
 were already finished.  
 kontadór [Sp] (n)  
 kontadór publikó (n)  
 konténto [Sp] (adj)  
 kúntis [Eng] (n)  
 kúntis (RV1)  
 kontádo [Sp] (expr)  
 kóntra(h) [Sp] (n)  
 kóntra (REL. v)  
 kóntra (RV1)  
 kontrabándo [Sp] (n)  
 kontrabandista (n)  
 kontrabida [Sp] (n)  
 kontrabido (n)  
 kontramismo [Sp] (adv) against one's will, reluctant(ly)  
 kontrasinyas [Sp] (n) countersign  
 kontrasinyas (RV3) to give a countersign (to)  
 kontráto(h) [Sp] (RV1) to contract, arrange for  
 kontráta (n)  
 kontratádo (adj)  
 kontról [Eng] (RV1)  
 kontroládo [Sp] (adj)  
 kúnyag (ST4)  
 kung (conj)  
 kung (Am)  
 kóngkong (RV1)  
 kúob (RV6)  
 kubé (n)  
 pakubé-kubé [sig] (CV) to kiss lips to lips [referring to the way one would  
 suck the meat of a shell]  
 kubm (RV1)  
 kúop (RV3) to clench, hold one's hands closed [Syn: kumkum]  
 to embrace, squeeze tightly, hold tightly [warmth]

kuóp (adj)	enclosed [Cf: kúpkup]
kúot (RV1), kúot [vul] (RV1)	to reach inside and grab, insert hand into [to get]; to touch the clitoris
kúot-kúot [vul]	to continually touch the clitoris [so as to produce orgasm in a woman]
pangúot (DV) [vul]	to "feel up", touch (or) massage the clitoris
képa(h) [Sp] (n)	goblet, wine cup
kopita (n)	small goblet, cup
Kupang, (n)	barrio of Banga
kúpas (RV7)	to fade [color], lose color [Cf: sueóng]
kúpas [Sp] (n)	cup [figure on old Spanish playing cards] [Cf: óros, espáda, bástos]
kúpkup (RV3)	to embrace, hug
kúpit (RV1)	to pick pocket; to embezzle a small amount
kúpit (n)	a small amount which was embezzled
kúpon [Sp] (n)	paper, stationery
kúpos (RV6)	to shrink, reduce in size
kupós (adj)	shrunken, diminished
kópra [Eng] (n)	dried out coconut meat, copra [Akl: língkad]
kópraks [Sp] (n)	dried out coconut meat, copra
kúra(h) [Sp]. (n)	curate, priest [Syn: pári']
kúrá.parúko (n)	parish priest, pastor
kuráe [Sp] (n)	fence
kuráe (RV3)	to fence in, put a fence (up/around)
kurandéra [Sp] (n)	healer, medicine woman
kurandéro (n)	healer, medicine man
kuranhá' (A/dec)	of that, by that [Cf: ku, ranhá'] [G. 163] [D. 12]
korasonáda(h) [Sp.cor] (RV3)	to single out, pick out; pick on [Alt: korsonáda(h)]
kurató (A/dec)	of that, by that [yonder] [Cf: ku, rató] [G. 163][D. 12]
kurátsa(h) [Sp] (n)	cockroach
kuráy (n)	[crab--small]
kuráya (A/dec)	of this, by this [G. 163] [Cf: ku, ráya] [D. 12]
kúrba [Sp]. (n)	curve; curb [Syn: háwod, tikó'] [Opp: tádlóng]
korbáta [Sp] (n)	necktie, tie
kúrdon [Sp] (n)	large electric cord [plug and wire]
kuri' ]ma[ (adj)	scarce, rare, hard to obtain (or) find
kakuri' (n)	want; scarcity, rarity
sangkiri' (adj)	few, very little, a bit
kurík [Eng] (RV3)	to correct Kurík rong iksámin. // Correct the exams.
koridór [Sp] (n)	corridor; alley; aisle
korinót (adj)	wrinkled, unsMOOTH; frowning [Opp: madalino']
kuring (n)	cat
koripot. [Tag] (adj)	cheap, stingy, miserly, penny-pinching

kúrit (RV3)	to mark up, make line(s) in [Syn: kúlis, kúdit]
kúrit (n)	line, mark, scratch
kúro [Sp] (n)	chorus, choir
kurohán (n)	choir loft, choir
korúkay (RV1)	to call chickens, "here chickee, chickee"
kurokúkok (n)	[bird] [Alt: kúkok]
korúdo(h) [Sp] (n)	crude oil, diesel fuel
kúrog (RV6)	to shake, tremble, shiver [Syn: kúekog]
koróna(h) [Sp] (n)	crown
koróna (RV3)	to crown, put a crown on [Syn: púrong-púrong]
kúros [Eng] (n)	chorus; song, musical number; choir [Cf: kúro]
kurós [Eng] (n)	cross [Alt: kros]
kurót (RV1)	to pinch
	Ayáw imáw pagkúdta. / Don't pinch him.
sangkurót [idm] (adj)	little, few; little bit, just a little
kurúyon (A/dec)	of that, by that [Cf: kú, rúyon] [G. 163] [D. 12]
Corruido [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
korsáda [cor] (n)	road, highway [Alt: karsáda] [Syn: dáean]
kúrso(h) [Sp] (n)	course; subject [of study]
kúrso(h) [Sp] (ST4)	to have diarrhea
korsonáda(h) [Sp. cor] (RV3)	to choose, single out, corner, pick out/on Kinorsonadáhan nákon imáw. / I singled her out.
kúrta [Sp] (n)	pocket knife
kúrtaplúma (n)	penknife
kurtál (n)	[medicine] Cortal
kórtle [Sp. cor] (n)	court, courthouse [Syn: husgádo]
Kórtle Supréma (n)	Supreme Court
kórti(h) [Sp] (n)	shape, design, cut [of clothing], contour
kórti (RV3)	to design, cut [according to a given design]
kórti (n)	[one full length for a pair of trousers]
kortína(h) [Sp] (n)	curtain, drape(s)
Córtes [Sp] (n)	barrio of Balete
kórtó(h) [Sp] (adj)	curt, short-tempered
	Si Pedro kórtó it buót. / Peter is short[tempered].
kuryénte [Sp] (n)	electric wire; current [electricity]
kuryénte [vul] (n)	venereal disease
kuryénte (adj)	current, ordinary, common, not select
kosámod (RV5)	to fróyn [Alt: kúsmod]
kúskus (RV1)	to scrape out, shred, grate [Syn: kísxis]
kuskusán (n)	soraper; shredder, grater [blade or utensil]
kúsi' (RV1)	to pinch, squeeze (with fingers)
pángúsi' (DV)	to always pinch, be fond of pinching
kusína(h) [Sp] (n)	kitchen
kusihilya (n)	stove

kusinře (n)	cook [male]
kusinřa (n)	cook [female]
kusipád (RV1)	to tear into pieces [with fingers] [Cf: kuyót-kuyót]
kúsmod (RV5)	to frown [Alt: kosámod]
kús mos [Sp] (n)	[flower] cosmo.
kúsnot (RV1)	to playfully grab at another, snatch at
kúso' (RV1)	to crumple, crush; rub together [as when doing laundry]
kusóe (n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Kaempferia galanga</u> L.
kusóg (n)	biceps; strength, vigor, power
makúsog (adj)	strong, powerful, mighty
kusóg (adj)	dry, underdeveloped [plant] [Opp: eángbo']
kusót (n)	sawdust
kúspaw [Hil] (RV1)	to grab at jokingly, snatch playfully [Ak]: kúsnot
kústal [Sp] (n)	cloth sack
kostómbre [Sp] (n)	customs, mannerisms, ritual(s)
kostumér [Eng] (n)	customer [Syn: parukyáno, súki']
kúta' (n)	jail, prison [Syn: kársil]
kúta' (RV3)	to put into jail, imprison
kútak (RV1)	to sever, cut off
kuták-kuták (RV5)	to cackle [sound of chickens] [Alt: kutkuták]
kutána (RV1)	to ask, question, inquire, query [someone]
	Kután-on ko imáw. / I'll ask him:
pangutána (n)	question, inquiry
pangutána (DV)	to ask questions, interrogate
kotápti (n)	hornet
kotápto (n)	winged pea.
kútaw (RV1)	to dip one's hand (into water), immerse one's hand Ayáw pagkutáwa ro tóbí" ngarón, bási" mahigko-án. / Don't put your hand into that water, you might get it dirty.
kútakut (n)	hole, excavation
kútakut (RV3)	to dig, excavate; gnaw (at) [said of rats]
kutkuták (RV5)	to cackle [sound of chickens]
kuti(h) ]ma[ (adj)	Intricate; meticulous
kútib (RV5)	to mutter [Syn: iméo-múeo(h)]
kotíkót (n)	chili pepper. <u>Capsicum frutescens</u> L.
kötiks (n)	nail polish, Cutex
kótik(s) (RV3)	to put on nail polish
kotiháe [Sp] (RV1)	Kotiki akó. / Put nail polish on my fingernails.
kútis [Sp] (n)	to work aimlessly, putter around, fiddle around
kútlab (RV1)	complexion, skin coloration [Cf: pánit]
kúto (n)	to slash, rip apart
	louse / lice

hingutó (RV3)	to take out lice [from someone's hair] Hingútwi akó. / Remove the lice from my hair.
kútob (prep)	from, originating at [Syn: halín, gíkan]
kútob (n)	kútob diya túbtub dikarón / from here to there
kútob (ST5)	premonition, foreboding [Syn: kúeba'].
kutó-kutó (n)	to have a premonition (or) foreboding, be worried
kutód (n)	[water bug]
kutód (RV3)	boundary, limit
kutóe (RV1)	to put a boundary (on)
kueútlán (n)	to cut off the top [of plants]
kútom jma[ (adj)	stump, stub [of plants]
kútom (RV1)	intense, deep, dark [of color]
kútoy (ST4)	makútom nga pueá / deep red
kutsára [Sp] (n)	to darken, intensify [color]
kutsarita (n)	to get dysentery
kótse [Sp] (n)	tablespoon
kutsílyo [Sp] (n)	teaspoon
kutsílyado (adj)	car, auto, automobile [Syn: áwto]
kutsínta' [Sp] (n)	Nakabakáe imáw it kótse. / He bought a car.
kútsing [Ch] (n)	knife, tableknife, butter knife
kútsiro [Sp] (n)	shaped like a knife
kútso-kútso(h) (RV1)	rice bread [Akl: pótó]
kútso-kútso (n)	smallest denomination: 1/2 centavo worth
kútson [Sp] (n)	[Alt: kusing] [Cf: marabilís]
kuwáko [Ch] (n)	coachman, driver for a horse carriage
kuwádrá [Sp] (n)	to deprecate, speak derogatorily (of/about)
kuwán (expr)	gossip, rumor [Cf: libák, intrimís]
ro kuwán (n)	cushion, pillow
si Kuwán	pipe [for smoking]
Nakakuwán ka? (v)	picture frame; frame [Alt: kwádro]
pinakámakuwán (adj)	[A filler word used when one forgets or does not know the word intended. It can be used as any part of speech and usually has no AE equivalent.]
kuyám-kuyám (RV1)	the whatchamacallit; the giszmo; thingamajig "What's his name?"
kuyáp (ST5)	"Have you done 'ah'...?"
kueuyapán (adj)	"the most 'ah'..."
kuyápñít (n)	to snack; take a snack [AE], merienda [FE]
kúyog [Bkd] (RV8)	[Syn: pamáhaw]
kueuyogán (n)	to be nervous, get the jitters [due to fear]
	high-strung, nervous; hysterical
	[bat--small, insect-eating] [Cf: kabog]
	to assemble, congregate, group together
	place of assembly, meeting grounds

kuyóg (n)	line [of print] [Syn: <i>fras</i> ]
kuyót-kuyót (RV1)	to shred, tear into very small pieces [with fingers] [Cf: <i>kusipádi</i> ]
kras [Eng] (n)	crush, puppylove May kras imáw kimo. / She has a crush on you.
kras (RV3)	to have a crush (on)
krayóla [Eng] (n)	crayon, crayola
krédit [Eng] (n)	credit; debt [Cf.: <i>útang</i> ]
krimin [Sp] (n)	crime [Akl: <i>saeá'</i> ]
kriminal [Sp] (n)	criminal
kring (n)	ring [sound of bell, alarm clock]
krísis [Sp] (n)	crisis
krísmas [Eng] (n)	Christmas [Sp: <i>páskwa</i> ] Méri krísmas. / Merry Christmas.
krístal [Eng] (n)	crystal, glassware
kristyáno [Sp] (n)	Christian [Pl: <i>kristyános</i> ]
kros [Sp] (n)	cross [Alt: <i>kurós</i> ]
krúsing [Eng] (n)	crossing, intersection
krusipího [Sp] (n)	crucifix
kwadérno [Sp] (n)	notebook
kwádro [Sp] (n)	frame, picture frame [Filler term--cf: <i>kuwán</i> ]
kwan (expr)	forty, 40
kwarinta [Sp] (n)	Lent [40 days of fasting before Easter]
kwarisma [Sp] (n)	money [in general]; centavo May kwarta ka? / Do you have any money?
kwárta(h) [Sp] (n)	sang kwarta eang / just one centavo moneyed, rich, wealthy worth one centavo to "gold-dig", swindle
kwártahan (adj)	
mangwánta (adv)	
nangwártá (DV)	
}	
kwártahán (adj)	
mangwánta (adv)	
nangwártá (DV)	
kwártilyo [Sp] (adj)	one-fourth, 1/4
kwartilyo [Oak] (n)	[piece of money worth about 3 centavos]

kwártir [Eng] (n)	quarter [Cf: kwárto, kwartílyo]
kwárto [Sp] (n)	room; bedroom, quarters [Akl: sueóđ]
kwárto, [Sp] (n)	quarter, one-fourth
kwátro [Sp] (n)	minus kwárto pára alás syéte / quarter to seven
kwayr [Eng] (n)	four, '4 ... [used for counting time and money]
kwéba(h) [Sp] (n)	choir, chórus [Syn: káro, káros]
kwílyo [Sp] (n)	cave, cavern [Akl: eunglb]
kwinäpol [Eng] (n)	collar
kwénta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	zapote [tree, fruit] <u>Diospyrus ebenaster</u> .
kwénta (n)	to settle (money matters); count, list [Akl: húsay]
kwirandírā [Sp. cor] (n)	value, worth [Akl: pueós, kapusláhan]
kwirandíro [Sp. cor] (n)	owát kwénta / worthless
kwírdas [Sp] (n)	healer, medicine woman [Alt: kurandérā]
kyut [Eng] (adj)	healer, medicine man [Alt: kurandérō]
	guitar string
	cute, petite, small but good-looking

"D" /dah/

"J"

da (Tm) (A/pro)	his/her [Ctr: do ána nga]
da (T/dem)	this [Ctr: dáya] [Alt: ra]
dáan (adj)	older, ancient; the former
kinadaán (adj)	very old, ancient
daáng (Tm) (A/pro)	my [Ctr: do ákon nga] [Alt: raáng]
daáng (RV1)	to warm up a bit, heat up
dabá (n)	a large pot [Cf: kúeon]
dabá-dabá (n)	flame [Syn: dábdbab]
dabá-dabá (RV7)	to be aflame; flare up, get stronger [fire]
dábdab (RV7)	to be aflame; catch fire, flare up
dábong ]maʃ (adj)	prolific, abundant, growing well [Opp: makinót]
dáka' (n)	dirty language, foul talk [Cf: bástos]
dináká' (RV5)	to speak with dirty language, be gross
madáká' (adj)	gross, dirty, fond of using dirty language/words
dakí(h) (n)	dandruff [Syn: dalíkdkí]
dakihón (adj)	having dandruff
dakóp (RV1)	to capture, catch [Opp: búhi']
dakóp [idm] (RV3)	Dákpa ro áyam. / Catch the dog.
	to catch, capture [people]

The fourth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced dental stop /d/. [G. 9]  
A borrowed letter and sound in Aklanon, usually used in the spelling of proper names and names of places not yet vernacularized. Most often the sound and letters are reduced to the combination "dy"; please see /dy/ for all listings.

his/her [Ctr: do ána nga]

this [Ctr: dáya] [Alt: ra]

older, ancient; the former

very old, ancient

my [Ctr: do ákon nga] [Alt: raáng]

to warm up a bit, heat up

a large pot [Cf: kúeon]

flame [Syn: dábdbab]

to be aflame; flare up, get stronger [fire]

to be aflame; catch fire, flare up

prolific, abundant, growing well [Opp: makinót]

dirty language, foul talk [Cf: bástos]

to speak with dirty language, be gross

gross, dirty, fond of using dirty language/words

dandruff [Syn: dalíkdkí]

having dandruff

to capture, catch [Opp: búhi']

Dákpa ro áyam. / Catch the dog.

to catch, capture [people]

dá-da' (ST3)

dádi [Eng] (n)  
dæa(h) (ST2)

dæá(h) (RV1)

padaeá (CV)  
padaeá-dáea [idm]

tagpadaeá (n)  
daeág. (n)  
daeág ]ma[ (adj)  
Madalág (n)  
daeágá (n)  
daeágán (RV6)  
daeagángan (adj)  
daeágko' (pl. adj)

Daeagsáan (n)  
daeáhig (RV1)  
daeamasá' (RV1)  
dáean (n)  
dáean (ST2)

daeána' (h)  
daeántay ]pa[ (CV)  
  
daeángin [Oak] (n)  
daeángtay ]pa[ (CV)  
daeaúra' (n)  
daeápi' (n)  
daepían (n)  
daeapíngan (n)  
daeás ]ma[ (adv)  
daeáwat (RV1)  
padaeáwat (CV)

Owá' nákon imáw hidákpi. / I wasn't able to catch him. Siín hidadákpan ro isdá' kundi' sa bá-ba'? / Where else do you catch the fish but by the mouth? to stop, control, put under control

Indi' madá-da' ro bá-ba'. / The mouth cannot be controlled.

daddy, father [Akl: tátay]  
to learn one's lesson, see the bad in [Syn: mádla']

Nadáea éon imáw it hinámpang sa karsáda. / He has seen the danger in playing in the street.  
to bring, carry, take

Dáeha kákon ro repórt. / Bring me the report.  
to send, mail

to-be led on; fall for

Pérmi nagapadaeá-dáea imáw sa tsísmis. / He always falls for gossip.  
sender

a dry field  
yellow, muddy-colored [water]; murky  
Madalag, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities  
girl, young lady, young unmarried woman; maiden  
to run [on foot] [Cf: áadar]  
powerful, mighty, exceedingly strong; Herculean  
huge, big, large [in size--said of many items]  
[Alt: maeágko']. [Opp: maítok]

barrio of Libakaw [Alt: Dalagsáan]  
to involve, bring in(to)  
to treat rudely, take for granted  
road, way, path, trail, street  
to be carried away (by), be led by; almost forget  
[something else]

Nadáean akó ku ákong inóbra. / I was carried away by my work.

scaffolding  
to expect help; collect/ receive a favor [in return]  
[Alt: daeángtay]

eulogy, praise  
to expect help; collect/receive a favor [in return]  
cumulus [clouds]  
eczema [skin disease]  
feeler [of a crayfish]  
[fish] [Alt: daeupíngan]  
often, frequently [Syn: masígin]  
to buy (grain products)  
to-sell (grain products)

panacáwat (DV)	to buy grain products in bulk
daeáwdaw (RV7)	to regenerate, grow anew
daeáy (adj)	endearing; sniveling [said of children who use charm or tears to get their way]
padaeáy (CV)	to snivel (or) simper [in order to get one's way]
daeáyday [Oak] (RV1)	to compose poetry or formal prose
dinaeáyday (n)	poetry [Cf: binaeáybay]
panaeaydáyan [Nab] (n)	Poetry
dæedaе (RV3)	to strike (with) intermittently [Alt: dæedag]
dæedaе (n)	something used for intermittent striking
dæedag (RV3)	to strike (with) intermittently; use a pick-axe
dæedag (n)	pick-axe [carpenter's tool]
dæehog (n)	[leaves of certain vegetables, like sweet potatos]
daeók ]ma[ (adj)	dirty [Syn: higko']
daeók (ST5)	to feel uneasy because of dirtiness
daeogbutáng (n)	[fish]
daeúgdug (n)	rumbling of thunder [Cf: línti', kilát]
daeúgdug (RV7)	to thunder, rumble [like thunder].
panaeúgdug (DV)	to be thundering
dæeom (RV7)	to get deep(er)
kadæeom (n)	depth
kaidadæeman (n)	the very bottom
idæeom (n)	below, bottom, underneath
madæeom (adj)	sa idæeom it baeáy / underneath the house
madæeom (RV9)	deep
paidæeom (CV)	madæeom nga bisáya' [idm] / archaic Visayan words (or) language
daeuípi' (RV1)	to go below
dæ-e-os (ST3)	to sink; let go deep (or) down
dæ-e-os (ST3)	to smooth out and make stronger; reinforce [the outside wall of a nipa house]
daewa(h) [Oak] (n)	to get burned [flesh]
dæga(h) [Sp] (n)	to slip, fall [Alt: dæ-e-os]
dága' (RV3)	two [Cf: dáywa(h)]
daga-án (n)	dagger, knife
dagá' (n)	to sacrifice [an animal for good luck].
dagá' [Tag] (n)	altar of sacrifice
dagábdab (RV7)	clay [used for earthenware vessels]
dagákan (RV7)	rat [Akl: eánggam]
dága-dága (n)	to flare up [with a big flame] [Cf: dábdab]
dagámi (n)	to be abundant (or) plentiful [Cf: ábak-ábak]
daganás (RV7)	[winged insect--like a flying ant]
	rice stalk, straw: [from rice]
	to hiss, rush [sound of running water]

dagasanán (n)	rapids, shallow part of river with swift current
dagándan (RV6)	to stumble (or) tumble down [stairs]
dagangkáhoy (n)	[tree] <u>Aniseptera thurifera</u> .
Dagangkáhoy [Nab] (n)	February [archaic name for the month]
dágás (adj)	fallen leaves or fruits
dagasanán (n).	part of river where the current is strong; rapids [Cf: daganás]
dágat (n)	salt water; sea
karagátan (n)	open sea; ocean [Alt: kadagátan]
kadagátan (n)	open sea; ocean
dagát (ST4)	to get motion sickness; get seasick, carsick (or) airsick
dagáya' (adj)	many, multitudinous, plenty [Cf: abó']
dagínnot [Hil] (RV1)	to go slowly (on), use up slowly, economize [Akl: ámat-ámat]
dágít (RV1)	to pounce upon, swoop down and seize [said of birds seizing prey]
Dagítan (n)	Dinágít ku agílá ro manók. / The chicken was seized by the eagle.
Dagítan - (n)	barrio of Banga
Dumágít (n)	sitio in Madalag [not barrio]
daguldulan (n)	barrio of New Washington
dágom (n)	[fish]
dág-on (n)	needle [sewing]
panág-on (n)	Paghálín diya, dágom; pag-abót idto wásay, [max]
dagúno' (RV7)	/ It may leave here as a needle, but it arrives there as an axe. [referring to the way a rumor can grow]
daguné t (RV3)	year [Syn: ányos]
daguók (RV7)	season; time [in general] [Syn: óras]
dagús dus (n)	to make a thunderous sound (or) noise
dágpa' (ST3)	to wrestle [with]
dágpak (n)	to growl, make a gurgling noise [said of stomach]
dágpi' (RV1)	[rice dessert] [Cf: stíman] (rice and coconut oil cooked inside banana leaves)
dág sa' (ST3)	to fall flat on one's face [Cf: kueób] [Syn: dús mo' ]
dágta' (n)	inner lining [of clothing] [Syn: apúro(h)]
dágta' (RV3)	to slap [as when killing a mosquito] [Syn: dapák]
dágway (n)	to get washed ashore
dágyaw [Hil] (n)	stain, blemish
Dáha' (n)	to stain, put a blemish (on)
dahák-dahák (RV1)	feature, shape, characteristic
	free labor. [Akl: sagibín] [Tag: bayanhán]
	barrio of Banga
	to be careless (with)

madahák-dahák (adj)	careless, clumsy
dáhan (RV3)	to be careful (with), be wary, go cautiously
dáhan (RV1)	to invite someone to eat
dahás-dahás (RV1)	to be rude (or) ill-mannered [with]
dahí' (n)	forehead
dáhil (conj)	because
kadahílanan (n)	reason, cause
dahili' (n)	[dwarf coconut tree]
dahilíg (RV7)	to drip, trickle, flow (downwards) [water]
dáhog (RV1)	to create a demand (for)
madáhog (adj)	in demand, fast-selling, "hot" [AE]
dáhom-dáhom (RV1)	to imagine
padáhom-dáhom (CV)	to inspire; let imagine
dáhon (n)	leaf, leaves
dáhon (RV7)	to produce leaves
dahón-dahón (n)	grass snake
daigon (RV5)	to go Christmas carolling
dáisdis [Bkd] (n)	contest, competition [Syn: páindis-indis]
dáit (n)	[buri fibres]
dáit (RV1)	to weave buri fibres
dáit ihí[ (RV6) [Oak]	to have a consensus, cooperate; empathize
paghidáit (n)	rapport; solidarity; cooperation
dalá' (adj)	pampered, spoiled, bratty [Cf: daeáy]
padalá'-dalá' (CV)	to act like a brat; simper, [in order to get what one wants]
dalagingding (n)	young girl, teenager [female] (about 10-15 years)
Dalagsá-an (n)	barrio of Libakaw [Alt: Daeagsáan]
dáldal (RV5)	to speak nonsense, prattle, talk nonsense
dáldal (n)	prattle, foolish talk [Syn: dándan]
-daldaléra [cor] (n)	prattler, foolish talker [female]
daldaléro [cor] (n)	prattler, foolish talker [male]
dáli' (RV1)	to hurry up, go quickly [Opp: búhay]
kadáli' (n)	hurry, rush, quickness, speed
hináli' (adv)	suddenly, immediately
madáli' (adj)	quick, fast, hurried, rushed [Cf: masáko']
madáli' (adv)	soon, quickly; easily [Cf: maeumó(h)]
Maeaká' hikít-an, madáli' hilipatán. [max] /	"Out of sight, out of mind." [AE]
dalíkdik (n)	dandruff [Sp: káspa] [Syn: dak(h)]
dalíkfeot (n)	[bird] kingfisher
dálf-dáli (n)	[fish]
dálimánok (n)	[bird]
dálimáso' (n)	yaws [skin eruption] [Syn: gúeos]
-dalín-as (ST3)	to slip, slide [as on mud or slippery floor]

daliño' jma[ (adj)	smooth, fine, refined, polished
dalinuán . (n)	[fish--small]
dalingding [Bkd] (n)	[nipa--as used for walls or shingles]
dalingdínigan (n)	[tree, lumber] gisok. Shorea gisok.
daliús-us (RV6)	to slide down
Dalípdip (n)	barrio of Altavas
dalípi' (n)	stone, boulder [hard, large]
dalipungót (adj)	frustrated, discouraged; out of sorts, crabby [Alt: alipungót] [Syn: sáb-an]
dálisay (adj)	pure, genuine; saturated through and through; strong [flavor] [Cf: túnay, eúnsay]
dálisdis (RV3)	to hit off-center, graze, skin, glance
dálisúnsun (n)	uterine fluids, watery afterbirth
dálit (n)	venom, poison
dalitán (adj)	venomous, poisonous
dáma(h) (n)	barrel, large wood (or) clay container
dámá(h) [Sp] (n)	Spanish checkers, king checkers [game]
damá (RV5)	to play checkers [Spanish style]
damahán (n)	checkerboard
dáma de 'nótse [Sp] (n)	[flower]
damáng (n)	cobweb, spider web [Alt: eamáng]
dámátan [Tag] (adj)	old, elderly [people] [Akl: magúeang]
dámay [Tag] (ST2)	to be involved (in) [Akl: daeáhig]
dámeot (RV3)	to lick, lap up [Syn: támsok]
dámgo(h) (RV1)	to dream (of)
damgohánón (n)	aspiration(s), ambition, dreams
panámgo (DV)	to dream [frequently; many dreams]
pananámgo (n)	dream
dámhag (ST2)	to stumble [Syn: daphag, dúsmo']
dámhag (RV3)	to trip, cause to stumble
dámít (RV1)	to always talk about, constantly mention
dámó' [Hil] (adj)	much, many [Akl: abó']
dámoe (RV7)	to get thick(er)
kadámoe (n)	thickness.
madámoe (adj)	thick
dámog (n)	madámoe ga uyahón [idm] / thick-skinned [AE]; he doesn't care what people will say
dámp'aé (RV1)	fodder, pig food [Syn: bahóg]
dámpae (n)	to take large amounts of food with one's hands
dámpilás (RV1)	handful [a large handful]
dámpilás (ST2)	to trip, cause [someone] to stumble [Cf: dámhag]
[idm]	to slip, trip; make a slip of the tongue [idm]
dámpilók (ST5)	Hadámpilás akó it hámbar. / I made a little slip of the tongue. to doze off [Alt: dupilók]

dampiog (RV3)	to lean on [with one's elbow]
daná' (T/dem)	that [Alt: danhá', raná'] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
danaw (n)	lake, pond [Cf: baeanaw]
dándan (RV2)	to gibber; chatter, gab, babble [Cf: dál dal]
danhá' (T/dem)	that [Alt: ranhá', dárá'] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
danián (RV6)	to waste away, suffer from a long illness
dánlog (ST2, 3)	to slip, slide
madánlog (adj)	slippery [Opp: masápnt] [Cf: mapilit]
dánoe' (n)	[fish]
dánog (RV6)	to echo; sound, make a sound
madánog (adj)	echoing; noisy
dang (Tm) (A/pro)	my [Ctr: do ákon nga] [Alt: rang]
dánga-dangá (RV5)	to pant, breathe quickly [Cf: hápo']
dánga-dangá (n)	hot, heavy air
dangáe (adj)	blunt, worn out [blade] [Opp: mataéom]
dángat [Hil] (RV1)	to get, obtain, acquire [Syn: sámpot, paabót]
dángaw (n)	handsbreadth [unit of measure about 8 inches long]
dángkae (n)	the length of one's foot [relative unit of measure]
dangkáean (n)	[tree] Palo Maria. <u>Calophyllum inophyllum L.</u>
Dangkáean (n)	barrio of Malinaw
dangkúeo's (RV3)	to embrace from below, hug [as a little child does]
dángdang (RV1)	to warm up, put near the fire, heat up
dángga jmaí (adj)	hot and humid, stifling [weather]
dánggit (n)	[fish--small] [Cf: móbéad]
dángop (RV3)	to take refuge, seek help, go for help
daeángpan (n)	place of refuge
dángya (ST3)	to wash ashore, drift ashore [Syn: dágsa]
daóg (RV1)	to win, beat, overpower [Opp: pérde(h)]
daóg (adj)	Dág-on ka ni Pédro. / Peter will beat you.
daóg-dáog (RV1)	- Si, Juán indí kadaóg kay Sámmy. / John can't beat Sammy.
kadág-ánan (n)	beaten, vanquished, overpowered; "under" [AE]
padaóg-dáog (CV)	Daóg ka ni Pedro. / You're not up to Peter.
pagkamadinaeág-on	to prevail; want to be on top (or) be the best
dapá' [Tag] (RV1)	victory, conquest
dapák (RV1)	to let win; be afraid of; not be up to; be a quitter
dapá-dapá (n)	Ayáw magpadaóg-dáog. / Don't be a quitter. [AE]
dápaé (n)	(n) luck; case of being lucky /
dapaeán (n)	to lie downwards, lie on one's face. [/kl: kueqb]
dapáe (adj)	to slap lightly, pat
	sole [of the foot]
	slice, cut [unit of measure about 5-inches long]
	cutting board [used for slicing foods]
	having short legs [said of people, chickens]

dápal (n)	mouthful [of food]
dápat (RV2)	to use, utilize; make use of
kadapatónan (n)	use(s)
dápat (V, det)	should, ought to; it would be best (to)
dapátan (n)	Dápat nga ikáw mag-ádto. / You should go. use [Syn: pueós, kapuslánan]
igdáeapát (n)	May dapátan da? / Does this have any more use?
panápat (DV)	tool, utensil
panápton (n)	to use [in bulk]
dápa w (n)	remnants, excess textile(s) or clothing materials
dápdap (n)	germ(s), bacterium, bacteria, virus [any minute things causing disease--originally the name of a very, very tiny insect]
Dápdap (n)	[tree]
dápea' (RV1)	barrio of Tangalan
dápea' (adj)	to flip over; turn over; flatten (out)
dápeas (RV1)	Dapea-á ro kwárta ay bási' maghári'. / Flip the coin, it might come up heads. [AE] [Actually, in the Filipino game, the coin is not flipped in the air but rather spun and then slapped or flattened.]
dápeas (ST2)	flat, level, curveless
dápeos (RV6)	to shinny up, climb [without braces or footholds]
dáphag (ST3)	to get scratched
dáphag (RV3)	to slide down [as down the railing of a stairway];
dápit (RV1)	to slip down (unable to take hold)
daepitán (n)	to stumble, fall flat on one's face
Dapitan (n)	to push someone down (on his face)
dapít (adv)	to ferry across
dápli' [Lib] (n)	ferry landing
dáplis. (adj)	barrio of Banga
dápo' (RV1)	situated, located [Rel: eapít]
daeápo' (RV8)	Sín dapít? / "Where at?" [AE] (or) "Near what?"
daeapó-an (n)	sa subá' dapít / located by the river
dápo e (adj)	mistress, paramour [Syn: kerídá]
padápoe. (CV)	grazed, scratched, having an abrasion, slightly cut
dápog [Tag] (n)	to gather together, assemble with
dapóg (n)	to assemble, gather in numbers
dáp-on g (n)	place of assembly, gathering place
	inaccurate, nonsensical; absent-minded
	to talk nonsense; be inaccurate
	dirtless seed bed [for planting according to modern techniques]
	stove, hearth
	bonfire, trash fire

dacap-ōngan	(n)	place where trash is usually burned
<b>darás</b>	(n)	flat pickaxe
darigold	[Eng] (n)	[brand of milk] Darigold.
<b>dárling</b>	[Eng] (n)	darling [term of endearment] [Akl: paráyaw]
dásae	[pa]	[CV] to gibber; gab, yak, talk nonsense
dáskae	[Sp]	{adj}(n) [Alt: eáskae] mischievous, naughty; rascal
dáskal	[Sp]	{adj}(n) [Cf: ráskal, dáskae] mischievous, naughty; rascal [Syn: bákás, dali']
dásig	(RV1)	to speed up, go fast(er) [Syn: bákás, dali']
 		Dasigon ta. / Let's go faster.
<b>kadásig</b>	(n)	speed
mádásig	(adj)	fast, speedy, swift
<b>dasók</b>	(RV3)	to insert, put in
pamáskan	[sup]	[to be afflicted with a curse which results in having pieces of wood or stone embedded in the body; the remedy for this is through "butbut"]
 		to press together, compact
<b>dasók</b>	(RV1)	to support, endorse
<b>dáson</b>	[Lib] (RV3)	consequently, thereafter, thereupon [Akl: dáyon]
<b>dáson</b>	[Hil] (Dp)	next, following, consequent
madásón	(adj)	dustpan
dásfan	[Eng] (n)	housedress, duster
dáster	[Eng] (n)	report, information, news, data
dáta(h)	[Eng] (n)	to report, give information (or), data
dáta	(RV2)	useless, good for nothing
owát dáta	[idm]	to reach, touch, arrive at
<b>datáe</b>	(RV4)	open field, plain; prairie [AE]
<b>datág</b>	(n)	old, ancient; previous, former
dáti(h)	[Tag] (adj)	previous, former
datihan	(adj)	the former
kat dáti	[idm]	Bási' mabalsík imáw sa dáti. / He might revert to his old ways.
 		[berry tree] <u>Muntingia calabura</u> Liñn. [Alt: garatilis]
<b>datilis</b>	(n)	that [yonder] [Cf: idto] [Alt: rató] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
<b>dató</b>	(T/dem)	datu, ruler, king
<b>dátu'</b>	(n)	rich, wealthy, powerful [through money]
dátu'	(adj)	to use as a stand or surface [for cutting, writing]
<b>dát-oe</b>	(RV3)	board or any surface used to write or cut on
dat-bean	(n)	to give up, let oneself be beaten; "to let others walk all over oneself" [AE, slg]
padát-oe	[idm] (CV)	to set food out [usually for animals; when referring to feeding people, it is insulting]
<b>dát-on</b>	[slg] (RV2)	Pag-abót nímo, madirétsó ka eági sa dát-on. / When you arrive, you rush for the dog food. [AE]

dáwa(h) (n)	[grass]
dáwa(h) (n)	[rice grain dessert preparation]
dáwat (RV1)	to take, receive, get from above
dáwat (RV2)	to pass, give
dáwi(h) (n)	Dawatán ro asín. / Pass the salt.
dáwtawn [Eng] (n)	catch [of fish]
day (n) [intj]	downtown [Syn: báñwa; poblasyón]
dáya (T/dem)	"Miss" [common term of address for ladies/girls]
dáya' (RV1, 3)	Day, 'gabalígya' kamó it moskitéro? / Miss, do
dinaya' (n)	you sell mosquito nets?
madáya' (adj)	this [Cf: iyá] [Alt: ráya] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
dayág (adj)	to cheat, deceive [someone]
padayág (CV)	deceit, cheating
dáyan-dáyan (RV3)	deceitful, cheating, lying
dayari [Eng] (n)	open, not hidden, exposed, unsecluded
dáyaw (RV1)	to reveal, expose
paráyaw (n)	to be sluggish, do things slowly, take time
d'ayáw ]ma[ (adj)	diary, journal [Syn: mémó]
dáyhárd [Eng] (adj)	to praise, honor, laud
dayók (n)	Gindáyaw ka nána. / He praised you.
dayúkduk (n)	favorite, "pet" [amongst one's children/friends]
dáyon (Dp)	meticulous, neat, "flashy" [dresser]
dáyon (RV3)	loyal; diehard
daeayónan (n)	salted shrimp
dáyon (RV1)	fine powder (from rice husk)
dayón (ST3)	then, consequently, thereupon, thereafter [G. 201]
padáyon (CV)	Pag-abót nána, mapánav dáyon kitá sa sine. /
pagapadáyonon (adj)	When he arrives, [then] we'll leave for the show.
dayíyon (n)	to dwell, live (with/at), stay [Cf: eubóg]
days [Eng] (n)	Sín kamó nagdáyon? / Where did you stay?
dáywah(h) (n)	residence; someplace to stay
dáywa (RV1)	to go on, carry on; push through [FE]
tigúdwa (adv)	to get pushed through, be carried on
tigdáywa (adv)	to continue, push through [a plan]
di' (Neg)	owá' nakapadáyon / wasn't able to continue
	to be continued
	tidal wave
	dice
	two, 2
	to make into two, raise (or) lower to two
	two by two, two at a time [Alt: tigdáywa]
	two by two, two at a time [Alt: tigúdwa]
	no, not... [G. 195] [D. 31]
	di' nátón masáyran / we cannot know

dibersyón [Sp] (n)	diversion [Alt: dibérsyon] [Akl: kalibángán]
dibisyón [Eng] (n)	division; divider, wall.
- dibisyón (RV3)	to put up a wail (or) divider; to divide
debú [Eng] (n)	début
dibúho (h) [Sp] (n)	drawing, sketch
- dibúho (RV1)	to draw, sketch; paint [a portrait; scene]
dibúr'syo (h), [Sp] (n)	divorce, legal separation
- dibúr'syo (RV3)	to divorce, separate (from)
dibósyon [Eng] (n)	devotion, dedication
dibóynas [Sp] (n)	good luck, fortune [Alt: dibwénas]
dikaná' (loc)	over there, that way. [Cf: inhá'] [G. 186] [D. 14, 30]
dikanhá' (loc)	[Alt: rikaná'] [Alt: dikanhá']
dikará' (loc)	over there, that way [Cf: inhá'] [Cf: dikaná']
dikarón (loc)	over here, this way [Cf: iyá] [G. 186] [D. 14, 30]
dikató (loc)	[Alt: rikará']
díkdik [Lib] (RV1)	over there, that way [Cf: úna'] [Alt: rikarón]
dikueót (n)	over there [yonder] [Cf: idto] [Alt: rikató]
dekolór [Sp] (adj)	to winnow, sift out [Syn: tahóp]
"De Colores" (expr)	[bird--kingfisher]
dekorásyon [Eng] (n)	colored, colorful [Tag: makílay] [Cf: kolór]
dekuryénte [Sp] (adj)	{password and themesong of those who attended the Cursillo--a three day course in Catholicism]
dikdy [Eng] (n)	[RV3] decoration; [decorates, adorn] [Cf: puní(h)]
diksyonáryo [Sp] (n)	electric
dikta(h) [Sp] (RV2)	decoy, bait [Akl: paón]
- padíkta (CV)	dictionary, vocabulary, word list
didál [Sp] (n)	to dictate
dídi (n)	to be ruled; let oneself be dominated (or) dictated
dedikét [Eng] (RV3)	thimble
- dedikésyon (n)	nipple, tit [child's term] [Cf: sóso, ayútong]
diga(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to dedicate (to)
- diga [Tag] (RV3)	dedication; souvenir autograph
digámi (n)	to tell, relate [to someone] [Akl: ásoy]
digámo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to profess one's feelings of love, (to)
- digámo [slg] (RV1)	spices, condiments [food flavorings]
digdig (RV1)	to take care of; gather, clean up; prepare
dig'wa' (RV5)	to steal, "clean out" [AE, slg]
dihádo(h) [Sp] (adj)	to herd, drive [animals into their pen] [Syn: tábog]
dího' [Oak] (n)	to gag, rasp, almost vomit
pandího' (RV5)	outbotted, outpointed, abandoned [gambling term]; "a sure loser" [AE]
pandíhó-an (n)	bowel movement
	to move one's bowels [gen]; "shit" [vul]
	toilet

tandiho' (ST2)	to feel like moving one's bowels; need to go to the bathroom [gen]; "feel like shitting" [vul]
dila' (n)	tongue
diláan (adj)	sharp-tongued [referring to a gossip]
pangdila' tila' (DV)	to stick out one's tongue (at) [in a taunting manner]
dilag (RV7)	to begin to shine; rise Ro ádlaw nagadilag sa sidlángan. / The sun rises in the east.
diláng (expr)	"Don't." "Never mind." [Ctr: indi' eónlang]
dilap (RV3)	to lick ; [Syn: dilot]
deláta [Sp] (adj)	canned [foods, goods] [Cf: láta(h)] delátang ísda' / canned fish
dildil (RV1)	to pound [in order to make fine or into a powder]. gadidil it asin / undergoing financial difficulty
[idm]	fragile; delicate, touchy [easily angered or upset]
delikádo [Sp] (adj)	etiquette; decency
delikadésa [Sp] (n)	to sprinkle, throw water on
dilig (RV1)	delegate, representative
diligádo [Sp] (n)	[fish]
diligití (n)	to lick up, lap up. [Syn: dilap]
dilot (RV3)	to lick up, lap up [in great quantity]
panilot (DV)	sloppy, messy, carelessly arranged [room]
dimák (adj)	sloppy, messy, careless [person]
dimák-dimakón (adj)	to be or act sloppy with one's things
dinimák (RV5)	bad luck, misfortune [Opp: dibóynas], [Cf: swérte]
dimálás [Sp] (n)	right (opposite of left) [Akl: tuó] [Opp: waeá, disilya]
dimáno [Sp] (n)	stingy, miserly [Opp: maatág] [Syn: korípot].
dimót (adj)	dimple
dímpol [Eng] (n)	over there [Cf: inhá'] [Alt: riná'] [G. 185]
díná' (loc)	line [of a poem] [Cf: dáean] dynamite
dínáean (n)	to dynamite, blow up with dynamite
dinamita(h) [Sp] (n)	barrio of Altavás
dinamita (RV1)	over there [Cf: inhá'] [Alt: rinhá'] G. 185
Dináot (n)	generator [machine making electricity]
dinha' (loc)	dentist
diniritor [Eng] (n)	your [Ctr: do imo nga] [Alt: ring]
dentista [Sp] (n)	wall
ding (Tm) (A/pro)	framework of/for a wall
dingding (n)	barrio of Banga
paningdingan (n)	to take [good] care of, pay attention to
Dingli' (n)	defect, fault, flaw
dipára(h) [Sp] (RV1)	it depends, depending
dipikto(h) [Sp] (n)	to defend
depénde [sp] (V.det)	
depéndi(h) [Sp] (RV3)	

diperénsya [Sp] (n)	difference; fault, problem [Oak: kabilinggan]
kinadiperénsya (n)	basic problem, fault (or) defect [of a person/thing] Dúyon gid ro kinadiperénsya kimo. / That's precisely the whole problem with you.
diperensyoso (n)	a fault finder, critic
diplóma [Sp] (n)	diploma, certificate
diputádo [Sp] (n)	deputy; Congressman
diriksýon [Sp] (n)	direction; direction(s), instruction(s)
diriksýon postál (n)	postal address [Cf: Nórte, Sur, Este, Wéstey, hággin; ilawód, ilayá, sueubátan, katueúndan]
direkta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to direct, guide
dirécta (adj)	direct, straight, to the point
dirítso(h) [Sp] (adv)	straight ahead, direct(ly)
dirítso (RV1)	to go straight (ahead)
dirítso (n)	right, privilege; law
estudiante de derécho	(n) student of law
disbintáha [Sp] (n)	disadvantage
kinadisbintáha (n)	main disadvantage, crucial problem
diskárga(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to unload; discard, get rid of [Opp: kárga(h)]
diskárti(h)-[Sp] (RV3)	to profess one's love. [Tag: diga(h)]
diskóbre(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to discover [Akl: tukí]
diskompyádo [Sp] (adj)	doubtful, suspicious, not confident
diskúrso(h) [Sp] (n)	speech, discourse, talk
diskúrso (RV2)	to speak (on), talk (about), give a lecture (about/on)
diskúsyon [Sp] (n)	discussion, conversation; argument
diskutír (RV3)	to discuss, argue (with)
diskutír (RV8)	to argue with one another; discuss
disgústo [Sp] (n)	quarrel, misunderstanding
disgústo(h) (RV3)	to quarrel, argue (with)
disgustádo (adj)	disgusted, discontented, fed up
disgrásya [Sp] (n)	tragedy, disaster, unfortunate happening (or) event
disgrásya (ST2)	to encounter a tragedy (or) disaster
disílya [Sp] (n)	left [opposite of right] [Opp: máno, dimáno] [Akl: waeá(h)]
disimulár [Sp] (RV1)	to hide, dissimulate one's true feelings
desénte [Sp] (adj)	decent, pure, wholesome; "great" "neat" [AE]
disipuló [Sp] (n)	disciple, follower [Akl: sumuetínod]
dismáyo, [Sp] (ST2)	to faint
dís-og. (RV2)	to push aside, push away [Syn: dásdus]
dispálko(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to embezzle, cheat
dispalkadór (n)	embezzler, cheater
disponír [Sp] (RV3)	to help; fulfill [Syn: patigáyon]
disposisiýon [Sp] (n)	disposition

disposisyon (RV3)	to find means, be resourceful
disputado [Sp. cor] (n)	deputy, Congressman [Alt: diputado]
dispwis [Sp] (conj)	afterwards, then, and then
	Mafido akó áñay sa báyli, dispwis mahápit akó sa baráka. / I'll go to the dance first, and then I'll stop at the store.
distansya [Sp] (n)	distance
destino [Sp] (n)	destination
destino (ST2)	to be destined, assigned, designated
destinado (adj)	destined, assigned, fated
distunyadóر [Sp. cor] (n)	screwdriver [Alt: disturnilyadóر]
distúrbó(h) [Sp, Eng] (n)	disturbance, nuisance [Alt: estúrbó(h)]
distúrbó (RV1)	to disturb, annoy
disturbádóر (n)	disturber, nuisance
disturnilyadóر [Sp] (n)	screwdriver
distrúngka(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to take off [hinges, door]
distrungkadóر (n)	screwdriver
Disyembre [Sp] (n)	December [Alt: Diciembre]
Dit-ana (n)	sitio in Madalag
ditáng (Neg)	"I will not." "I won't." [Ctr: indí' it ákon]
ditó (loc)	over there, yonder [Cf: idto] [Alt: ritó] [G. 185]
dítroe (adj)	talkative, verbose
diwáe (RV1)	to stick out (one's tongue)
diwáta [Oak] (n) [sup]	the lesser gods; spirit(s), sprite
diwáta. (n)	[sickness]
diyá (loc)	here [Cf: iyá] [Alt: riya] [G. 185].
do (Tm)	Marks topic position for common nouns: "the..." [Alt: ro] [D. 10, 28-29] [G. 75-83; 141-44] Sín do ándang baeáy? / Where is their house?
dúaw (RV1)	to call on, visit (the sick)
dóble [Sp] (adj)	double
dúduk (n)	flying lizard
dúkeat (RV1)	to loosen [in order to insert something in between insertion [something used to make a small division or separation between]]
dúkeat (n)	to relapse, get sick again [Syn: búghat]
dúkeong (ST2)	duke
dúki [Sp] (n)	to insert, put into
dúkit (RV1)	court docket, registry
dúkit (n)	to dance cheek to cheek
padúkit [slg] (CV)	to grab
dúkmoe (RV1)	to bend, stoop down [Opp: tánga'] [Syn: dungók]
dúko' (RV6)	[bird—found in mangroves, with long legs]
dukó' (n)	to punch, hit lightly (with knuckles) [Cf: suntok]
dukóe (RV1)	

dokúmén̄to (h) [Sp] (n)	document, legal papers; contract
dokuménto (RV3)	to prepare legal papers
dúkot (RV7)	to stick together
padúkot [slg] (CV)	to dance close together
dúkot [Tag] (RV1)	to pick someone's pocket [Akl: kfot]
mandurúkot (n) [Tag]	thief, pickpocket
manogdúkot (n)	thief, pickpocket
dukéti (n)	hard cooked rice at the bottom of the pot [Syn: itíp]
dukóti (RV6)	to stick to, cling to
dukót [slg] (ST5)	to get pregnant
dóktor [Sp] (n)	Hadíktan imáw. / She got pregnant.
doktóra (n)	doctor [male] [Akl: mariogbúeong, medikó]
dúda (h) [Sp] (RV3)	doctor, [female]
dúda (n)	to doubt; hesitate
dó-do' (RV2)	doubt
dúea' (RV1)	to dab, daub; dip (into liquid), dunk [Syn: túsmog]
dúea' (ST2, 3)	to lose
kadúea' (RV6)	to get lost
dúea' (ST5)	Nadúea' rang kwárta. / My money got lost.
dúeang (n)	to be lost
dueás (ST2)	to suffer the loss of
madueás (adj)	Nadueá-an sánda it ungá'. / They suffered the loss of a child.
dueáw (adj)	large [wooden] bowl [Syn: batíya']
dueáwhon (n)	to slip
dueáw (n)	slippery
dúedue (RV1)	Madueás pa imáw sa sili. / He is as slippery as an eel.
dúedue (n)	yellow
dúehog (RV6)	the yellow race
dueó (RV7)	[herb--medicinal] turmeric. <u>Cucuma longa</u> .
dúeok [Bkd] (RV5)	to press with solid salt [using a piece of rock salt to pound down food]
dúeog (RV2)	block of salt
dueígwak (n)	to go down[wards] (as down a mountain) [Opp: tukád]
dueóm (RV7)	to descend
dueóm (ST5)	to shed shell or skin [like snakes or crabs] [Syn: eunó]
dúeok	to clear away the stumps of trees and other vegetation in order to plant,
dúeog	to present a problem [for counseling]
dueígwak	[large bird--brown (heron)]
dueóm	to get dark(er)
dúeom	to be in the dark, not be able to comprehend

kadudúeman	(n)	Nadučman imáw. / He cannot understand.
madueóm	(adj)	dark [not brightly lit]; blind [eyes]
pangindueóm	(RV7)	to get temporarily blinded [said of one's eyes]
		Nagpangindueóm ro ánan̄g matá. / His vision darkened.
dúeon	(RV6)	to be neighbors, have land next to each other, share a boundary; bound on boundary
dueónan	(n)	neighbor; owner of neighboring land
kadíeon	(n)	to choke on one's food; cough from fast eating
dueón	(ST5)	Hadúnlan imáw. / He choked on his food.
dueón-dueón	(RV5)	to eat voraciously, wolf one's food down
dúeong	(n)	bow, front [of ship] [Opp: ulín]
dueúnggan	(n)	ear [Rel: díngog]
dúeot	(RV2)	to give freely and with love
dúeot	(n)	gift [Sp: regalo(h)]
dueót	(RV3)	to cut through indi' madútlan / cannot be cut through
madúeot	(adj)	sharp [Opp: dangae]
dúepa'	(n)	repeated bad luck, one bad incident following after others [Syn: disgrásya]
madúepa'	(adj)	unlucky, tragic [Syn: dimálas]
dúga'	(RV7)	to become/get liquidy, be wet (or) juicy
dúga'	(n)	liquid [particularly liquids derived from plants]
dúga' [vul]	(n)	semen
padúga'	(CV)	to let liquify, make into liquid(s)
dugaling	(RV1)	to be independent; work independently; do for oneself; be on one's own [Syn: isasaeáñhon] [Cf: isaeá]
dugalingon	(adj)	one's very own; independent
matsigdugaling	(DV)	to work totally independently of each other; to have each doing his own job
pangdugalingon	(adj)	personal, proper [to oneself]; pertinent, pertaining
dúgang	(RV2)	to add, put more
dúgkae	(RV1)	Idígang ko ra? / Shall I add this?
dúgdug	(RV3)	Dugángi it asin. / Put more salt in[to it].
dúghan	(n)	to pound, pommel, beat
dúghang	(RV1)	to change (or) repair a roof; put new shingles (on a roof)
duging	(RV5)	chest, breast
dumuging	(n)	to snap at, lunge in and bite quickly [as animals do]
dúgmón	(n)	to enter into a fight, take sides
		someone who enters into a squabble
		nest or mat for a pig

dúgō (RV6)	to meet at right angles 'owá' gadúgo / does not meet at right angles; is not squared off
kárúgwan (n)	corner, angle [the inside of an angle] [Cf: kánto]
dugō' (RV7)	to bleed
dugō' (n)	blood
dinugo-án (n)	[a Filipino dish made from the blood and intestines of pigs, chickens, etc.]
padugō' (CV)	to bleed, let bleed
dugōs (n)	honey [Cf: lasáw]
dúgsang (RV7)	to fight [said of animals] [Cf: díg sing]
dúgsing (RV1)	to fight, wrestle playfully with
dúgtong [Tag] (RV3)	to lengthen, put on, add on to [Akl: súgpon]
dúha-dúha (h) (RV3)	to doubt, be hesitant; delay, hesitate
dúha-dúha (n)	hesitation, doubt; fear
dúhoe (RV2)	to elevate, raise up [Opp: túntun]
dúhong (RV3)	to stop working, pause; lie idle
dúling (RV6)	to stagger [Syn: 'dúpas]
dális (n)	shooting star
dúlsi [Sp] (n)	candy
dulsíra (n)	dessert bowl, dessert dish
pandúlsi (n)	dessert
dumáea (h) (RV3)	to lead, be the head (of) [Rel: daeá(h)]
manógdumáea (n)	leader, overseer
dumaeágá (n)	[hen, not yet a layer] pullet [Cf: manék]
Dumágít (n)	barrio of New Washington [Cf: dágit]
Dumatad (n)	barrio of Tangalan
dúmdum (RV1)	to remember, keep in mind
padúmdum (CV)	to remind (of)
pánúmdum (DV)	to ponder, think, concentrate [Cf: paíno-íno]
dúmdum (n)	very small bead
Dumga (n)	barrio of Makato'
dumíli' [Hil] (RV3)	to prohibit, forbid [Opp: túgot] [Cf: báwae, ayáw]
domínggo [Sp] (n)	Sunday; week [7 days]
dum-ók (RV2)	to press
dum-ók [idm] (RV3)	to put someone down, pass the buck (to), make a scapegoat of
dúmog (RV1)	to wrestle, grapple
duéumogán (RV8)	to wrestle with one another
dúmog [vul] (RV1)	to rape [a woman]
dumót (RV3)	to hate, detest, bear a grudge
madúmot (adj)	vindictive, revengeful
dúmpoe (adj)	blunt [edge] [Opp: matalíwis]
don (T/dem)	that [Ctr: díyon] [Alt: ron] [G. 161]

**Don** [Sp] (n)

**Doda** (n)

dúna' (loc)

donár [Sp], (RV2)

dúnis (RV3)

dúnong [Tag] (n)

dunsilya(h) [Sp](n)

dunsilya [idm],(RV1)

dong (Tm)

dungán (adv)

dungán (RV3)

[idm]

dúngan-dúngan (n)

dúngaw (RV1)

dueungáwan [Oak] (n)

dúngka' (RV1)

dungká-an (n)

dúngdung (RV7)

dúnggo', (ST4)

dúngis (RV3)

dungís (adj)

dungók (RV1)

dungóe (n)

dúngéan (adj)

pádungóe, (CV)

dúngog [Oak, Hil] (RV1)

dueunggan (n)

dungóg (n)

kadunggánan (n)

dunggánon (adj)

pádungóg (CV)

Dúngon (n)

dúok (n)

dúoe (n)

dúoe (n)

dúoe (RV3)

Sir, the Honorable [title of respect for a man, with no actual English equivalent]

Madame [title of respect for a lady, with no actual English equivalent] /dónya/

there [Cf: úna'] [Alt: rúna'] [G. 185]

to donate, contribute, give [Akl: hæead]

to give a nickname (or) pet name to

Gindunisan ko imáw nga "Gugs". / I nicknamed him "Gugs".

wisdom, knowledge [Akl: kaaeamán]

virgin [Akl: úeay]

to strip a girl of her virginity

[Topic marker] [Alt: do, rong, ro]

together, simultaneously

to be together, do simultaneously

Hakibót imáw; hábue-an-imáw it dungán. / He was taken by surprise and became totally unnerved.

temple [side of one's head]

to look down from above; look lazily at the world as it passes by

window [Syn: bintána']

to dock, land a boat (on shore)

dock, wharf; landing

to be overcast, be cloudy [but not stormy]

to undergo the first phase or attack of a disease

to give a nickname (or) pet name to [Alt: dúnis]

sloppy, dirty [usually on one's face]

to bow (one's head) [Opp: tangá']

Dúngka ring seo. / Bow your head.

inattention, lack of attention

ignoring, not paying attention; stubborn

to ignore, not pay attention (to)

to listen to, hear, give ear to

Dúngga kamí, O Dyos. / Hear us, O God.

ear

fame, honor, reputation

honor, fame, repute

honorable, celebrated, popular

to honor, celebrate, give honor (to)

barrio of Numancia

dark corner; remote part

[soft, light wood or lumber]

filter; cork

to put a fingermark on, dab with one's finger

dúom (RV1)	to chew [like gum]
dúong (RV7)	Dím-a ro bugás. / Chew the rice.
dúot *(RV3)	to land on shore [said of a boat--intransitive] [Cf: díngka' / land (transitive)]
	to push together, press against, put side by side, leave no space [Opp: ántad]
dupá(h) (n)	Gindít-an si Agnes ni Juán. / John pushed himself against Agnes.
dupá (RV5)	armsbreadth, armspan [unit of measure]
dúpas (RV6)	to stretch out one's arms, hold one's arms out sideways
dúpilók (ST2)	to stagger [Syn: díling]
dúpong (n)	to fall asleep, doze off [Alt: dampilók]
dorádo [Sp] (n)	[fish]
dorádo (adj)	[fish]
dúro [Sp] (adj)	golden
díro (A. det)	plenty, a lot (of) [Akl: abó]
dúryan (n)	Díro xo átong kalípay. / Our joy is complete.
dos [Sp] (n)	extremely, very (much so)
dusák (RV1)	punó' it díro / very, very full
dúsdus (RV2)	[fruit, tree] durian. <u>Durio zibethinus</u> Murr.
dóse [Sp] (n)	two, 2
doséna [Sp] (n)	to thrust, jab
dúsmo' (ST3)	to push, shove [Syn: dis-og]
dusó' (RV2)	twelve, 12
dútdut (RV1)	dozen
dúyan (n)	to fall down
dúyan (RV1)	to push, shove [Opp: bútong] [Syn: súlong]
dúyan-dúyan (RV6)	to tighten, squeeze together (usually by pushing)
dúylang (RV7)	hammock; cradle
dúylon (RV6)	to rock [a baby] to sleep
duyóg (ST1)	to rock back and forth
kadueúygon (n)	to melt [in heat] and spread out [like tar]
makadueúyog (adj)	to slide down(wards)
Mandíyog (n)	to be sleepy, drowsy [Cf: gáoy / tired]
dúyon (T/dem)	sleepiness, drowsiness
dúyon-dúyon (RV8)	sleep-inducing, makes one sleepy, soporific
Kadíyon-dúyon (n)	[mountain in Banga] "the sleepy one"
dram [Eng] (n)	that [Cf: tína'] [Alt: rúyón] [G. 161] [D. 11, 30]
drama [Sp] (n)	to get together, gather, assemble
dril [Eng] (n)	constant companion, "sidekick" [AE, slg]
	drum [Akl: támboe]
	drama, play
	drill [Alt: dirili]

dréser [Eng] (n)	dresser, cabinet
drōwing [Eng] (RV1)	to draw, sketch [like an artist] [Syn: dibúho(h)]
drōwer [Eng] (n)	drawer
dwindi [Sp] (n)	evil spirit; dwarf, elf, leperchaun
dyab [Eng] (n)	work, job [Syn: óbra, trabáho, pangita']
dyab (RV5) [Eng]	to jab, deliver a blow (or) short punch
dyáblo [Sp] (n)	devil, demon; the Devil [Syn: demónyo]
dyak [Eng] (n)	jack [figure on playing cards or mechanics' tool]
dyáki(h) [Eng] (n)	jockey [shorts, briefs--for men]
dyákit [Eng] (n)	jacket
dyads [Eng] (n)	judge [Syn: huwís] [Cf: húkom]
dyam [Eng] (n)	jam, jelly
dyamánti [Sp] (n)	diamond, jewel
dyamp [Eng] (RV3)	to jump [move in chess or checkers] [Akl: káon]
dyána [Sp] (RV5)	to serenade in the early morning to wake up people
dyánitór [Eng] (n)	janitor
dyáryo [Sp] (n)	diary; periodical, newspaper
dyás [Eng] (n)	jazz
dyel [Eng] (n)	jail, prison cell [Cf: bilánggo', priso(h)]
dyéli [Eng] (n)	jelly [Syn: halíya]
dyeliról [Eng] (n)	jellyroll
dyélo. [Eng] (n)	jello, gelatin
dyélos [Eng] (adj)	jealous [Akl: maímon] [Also: dyelost (n)]
dyiltid [Eng] (adj)	jilted; left by one's lover
dyingol [Eng] (n)	jingle [sound of bells]
dyngol [idm] (RV5)	to "tinkle" [AE], urinate, "peepee"
dyip [Eng] (n)	jeep, jeepney
dyip (RV5)	to take a jeep, ride a jeep
dyes [Sp] (n)	ten, 10; ten centavo piece
dyet [Eng] (n)	jet [airplane]
Dyo. [Eng] (n)	"Joe" [common nickname for Americans--usually considered an insult by Americans, although often intended to be a friendly greeting by Filipinos]
Dyu [Eng] (n)	Jew [member of Jewish religion or race]
Dydis (adj)	Jewish
dyúbos [Eng] (n)	dye, tint, coloring; shoe paste
dyúdo [Jap] (n)	judo
dyido(h) (RV1)	to hit with a judo blow
dyúler [Eng] (n)	jeweler [Syn: alahéro]
dyórní [Eng] (n)	journey, travel [Syn: biyáhe]
Dyos [Sp] (n)	God; god
dyósmón (adj)	godly, pious, religious
dyosmánon (adj)	always relying on God
makidyós (adj)	overly-religious, always mentioning God
dyoyn [Eng] (RV3)	to join, enter (into) [Cf: búylog, iba, sueód, kámpí]

"E" /gah/

eáas (RV3)

eáy (adj)  
eabá(h) [Sp] (RV3)  
labáda (n)  
labáda(h) (RV3)  
labábo (n)  
labadór (n)  
labandéra (n)  
linabahán (n)  
manogeabá (n)

eabáab.]ma[ (adj)  
eabád (RV6)

eabád-eabád (RV6)  
eába-eába (n)  
eabáng (adj)  
eáb-as (adj)  
eabáw (adj)  
eabáw (RV3)

eumabáw (n)  
paeabáw (CV)  
eábay (RV3)  
eábay (RV1)  
eabáy [Oak] (intj)

eab-ay ]ma[ (adj)  
eabeab (RV1)  
eabi (RV3)

The fifth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced velar fricative /g/ or /h/. The Spanish introduced the symbol "e" for this sound, which confuses it with the vowel sound, also spelled "e". See page 35, rule #2 for pronunciation and spelling rules. The borrowed mid front vowel /e/ is reduced alphabetically to the position of "I" in this dictionary. Please refer to "I" for all occurrences of an /e/ vowel sound. [G. 14-15] to run away [without permission], leave

Owát sáyod ro gaeás. Magpatúón sa ginikánan. / Running away is worthless. Inform your parents. withered, dry, dried out [plant]  
to launder, wash [clothes]  
dirty laundry [Akl: umóg]  
to launder  
sink, wash basin [Syn: basín]  
wash basin [Syn: planggána]  
washer woman, laundry lady  
[clean] laundry  
laundrer

Eábhi ánay ro saewae. / Wash the pants first.  
lukewarm [liquid] [Syn: maeab-ay]  
to speed up and pass by quickly [in order to avoid being near any longer than necessary] [Cf: ági]  
to pass by [back and forth]  
[seaweed--green, edible]  
almost full [about 75%] [Cf: punó]  
fresh, newly gotten; moist [fish], crisp [leaves]  
extra, excessive; better, higher, greater  
to be higher, better or more distinguished (than)

Eumabáw imáw sa iksámin. / He got the highest on the test.  
the third or middle finger [Cf: tido']  
to excel, go beyond [expected] dimensions  
to fence in (with a rope), enclose inside a rope  
to strike, hit  
"by the way" "incidentally" [used when changing the topic of a conversation]

Eabáy man do ákon... / By the way, I...  
lukewarm, insipid [Syn: maeabáab]  
to cut (or) slit open [Syn: gúhab]  
to be special, be singled out

Nahaeábyan imáw. / He was singled out.

eabí gid (D)	especially, in particular, particularly
paeabí (CV)	to try to be preferred, singled out (or chosen;
palabí-labí-an (adj)	to put on airs [Opp: paobús]; give preference (to)
eabigán	prefentious, haughty, aristocratic, proud
eabitóg (RV7)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Blumea balsamifera</u> .
eábnog (n)	to bulge out, protrude [like a wallet in pocket]
eábnos (adj)	[Alt: cabutóg, libutóg]
eábo. (SF3)	[shrub--medicinal] Hauili. <u>Ficus hauili</u> Blanco.
eabó(h) ]ma[ (adj)	[Cf: hawili']
eabó' (RV1)	tender [leaf]
linabóan (RV8)	to get totally submerged
linabo-án (n)	having a soft, starchy dry flavor [like an apple]
pangeabó' (n)	to chop, hack, stab [with blade]
Linábwán Nórte (n)	Sige, eab-á. / Go ahead and hack away.
Linábwán Sur (n)	to hack (or) stab one another
eábod (n)	stab wound; bolo mark
eabód (n)	bole
eabód (RV3)	barrio of Kalibo [so named because of a fued fought out with bolos]
eábot (n)	barrio of Banga
pasilabót (RV3)	sediment, dregs, lees [Syn: eántong]
eaká' (RV1)	welt, bruise
maeaká' (adj)(adv)	to get (or) put a welt (on) [Cf: bukóe]
eákad (RV3)	Hámpakón mo ring ánwang, ring alíma man lang rong eábdan: [max] / Hit your carabao, but your hand alone has the bruise.
	[spiny vine used as sour spice] <u>Hibiscus surattensis</u> .
	[beetle--brown]
	to grow steadily, multiply, expand, be prolific
	[Rel: gábong] [Syn: eámbo']
	affair, concern, business
	Náno ring eábot? / What business is it of yours?
	Owá' kat-ímo hieábot. / It's none of your business.
	to mind someone else's business, snoop, nose about
	Ayáw sánda pagpasilábtí. / Don't snoop into their affairs.
	to put an interval, space, keep distance, make sparse [Opp: íkit]
	Eaka-á ring taróm. // Plant at greater intervals.
	sparse, infrequent
	Mæaká' hikit-an, maeumó hilipatán. / Seldom seen, easily forgotten. (or) "Out of sight, out of mind." [AE, max]
	to step over (with big steps) [Syn: eákbang]

- eák-ang (RV6)  
eákás lma[ (adj)
- eakáw (RV6)  
eákbang (RV1)
- eákdang (RV3)  
eák gak (adj)
- eáki (n)  
eakin-on (adj)  
linaeaki (RV5)  
eakip (RV2)
- eákman (n)  
pangaeákman (RV1)
- eáknot (RV2)  
eaköt (RV2)  
eaköt (RV3)
- eákpon (n)  
eáktaw (RV3)
- eáktod (RV1)  
eaktóran (n)  
mángeáktod (DV)
- eákwijs [Bkd] (RV2)
- eákwit (RV2)  
eiae (RV7)  
maeaea (adj)
- eaeá(h) (RV1)  
eá-ea' (ST3)
- Eaeáb (n)  
eaeáki (n)  
eaeang lma[ (adj)
- eaeáng (RV1)  
eaeaw (RV3)
- Linákdan nana ro ámong kuráe. / He stepped over our fence.  
to walk with big steps, take long strides  
excessive, too much [Syn: sóbra(h), masyádo]  
Eakás ka man kon mághángae.. / When you joke, you go too far.  
to amble, go around [Alt: lakáw]  
to go beyond a boundary; include someone else's property [within one's fence]; to step over something with large steps [Syn: eákad]  
to step over [Cf: eákad, eákbang].  
very loose, not well-fitted, baggy, not tight  
[Opp: mapiot]  
man, male [Syn, Alt: eaeáki]  
mannish  
to act like a man [said of a woman]  
to include, add (to) [Syn: tapðe, eákwit]  
[Opp: bueág]  
"a little something", petty gift, offering  
to take advantage of, accept, make the most of  
to mention, include, take into account [Cf: sámbit]  
to mix [Syn: eahúgay]  
to include, put in, join (up)  
woven container for clothes  
to omit, skip, leave out  
to take a short cut, cut across corners [Cf: eát-as]  
short cut  
to take a short cut [frequently]  
to include, add to [Alt: eákwit]  
to include, add to [Cf: eaköt]  
to smart, hurt [referring to a wound]  
smarting, hurting, painful  
Linád-an ro áñang siki. His foot was in great pain.  
to weave, [mats].  
to get split open (or) slit [as a wound between the fingers]  
sitio in Madalag
- man; male [Opp: "babáyi] [Alt: eáki]  
untrustworthy, using (or) taking things without permission, "someone you can't leave alone"  
[Syn: atrebido]  
to will; find ways or means [to do something]  
(to módrin (for) [Syn: luto(h)]

eaeóng (adj)	unconscious [due to a serious injury or accident]
eaga' [Bkd] (adj)	red, reddish
eá-ga' (RV1)	to boil in water
liná-ga' (adj)	boiled
eagádlad ]ma[ (adj)	flat-tasting, tasteless [vegetables] [Opp: eab6]
eagápok (RV7)	to bud [make a dull, hollow noise--like a falling bamboo pole]
eagári' [Sp] (n)	saw
eagári' (RV1)	to saw
eagás (RV1)	to chase, run after, pursue [Syn: eútos]
linígán (RV8)	to run after one another [as in a game of tag]
eagatik (RV7)	to tap [sound of finger tapping on table]; snap (sound of a rat trap) [Alt: eágtik]
Eagatik (n)	old name of the municipality of New Washington
eagáy [vul] (n)	testicle(s) [stf]; gonad [gen]; "balls, jewels" [AE, vul]
eágbong (RV7)	"eggs" [FE, vul] [Syn: eásog, itlog]
eágbong (RV3)	to fall [Syn: hdeog]
eágkit ]ma[ (adj)[n]	to drop, let fall
eágko' (RV8)	sticky, glutinous [rice] (used for desserts)
maeágko' (pl. adj)	to get big together, grow larger together
eágda' [Bkd] (RV3)	large, big, huge [plural only] [Opp: maítok]
eágdas (n)	[Syn: daeágko']
eágdos ]ma[ (adj)	to speak in an obscure manner, to be subtle
eághid (adj)	[Syn: paeubót-eábot]
paeághid-eághid (CV)	lowest position of the tide [Cf: hunás] [Opp: eántong]
eághit (RV1)	uncooked, undercooked [rice]
eághong ]ma[ (adj)	grazing, brushing, just touching; scraping against
eági (Dp) [G. 202]	lightly [Alt: sághid]
eági (adj)	to imply, insinuate, just touch upon [in one's speech]
eág-id (RV1)	to scatter, spread [Opp: tipon]
eagiit (RV7)	bass, low in pitch [Syn: báho] [Opp: gamáy]
eagini' (n)	"right away" "quickly" "from the very beginning"
eág-it (adj)	[Particle which indicates the action should or will occur immediately, or had occurred long ago prior to another.] Káon eági kitá. / Let's eat right away.
	Nagkiláea eági kámi. / We were already acquainted.
	old, ancient [Syn: dáti]
	Ayáw pagbakea, eági ábi' ron. / Don't buy that since it's already old.
	to rub (against)
	to squeak [make a squeaking noise--like an opening door with old, unoiled hinges]
	[rice--with reddish husks]
	untrustworthy, short of one's expectations; insincere

eág-it (n)	a small stick
eagitit (RV7)	to squeak
eágnat (ST4)	to get a fever, have a temperature
eágnat (n)	fever, temperature. [Cf: eangáang]
eágnaw (RV7)	Mataas ra eágnat. / He has a high temperature.
maeágnaw (adj)	to be(come) thin, soupy, watery [AE]; "light" [FE] [Cf: sapúnok]
	thin, watery, soupy [AE]; light [FE]
eág (n)	Maeágnaw ring tina', sapunóka. / Your dye is too
eág! (ST2)	watery, thicken it.
eág-ok (RV1)	[earthworm]
eág-ok (n)	to be half-satisfied, half-full
eagúmba (RV6)	to swallow, gulp [liquids] [Cf: tueón].
eagúmba (RV7)	swallow, gulp
eagúok (RV7)	to jump up and down
eágot (RV5)	to thump [make the noise of jumping up and down]
eágot-eágot (RV5)	to rumble, growl [said of one's stomach]
eágpak (RV7)	[Alt: dagúok]
eágpak (RV1) [slg]	to crunch [the sound of food being chewed], make
eágpang (RV1)	a crunching noise
linágpang (adj)	to grind one's teeth, gnash [teeth]
eágpat (RV1)	to make a slapping sound
paeágpat (CV)	to fail [in an examination] [Syn: híeog].
eágpit (n)	to cook in vinegar
eágpit (RV1)	cooked in vinegar
eágpok (RV7)	to guess
eágsak (RV7)	to let guess, have guess
eágtag (n)	mouse trap, rat trap
eagtik (RV7)	to set a mouse trap; catch in a mouse trap
eágting (RV7)	to clap [make a clapping sound]
mdeágting (adj)	to clink [sound of dropped coin or metal object]
eágtok (n)	[vine--used for fish poison] <u>Anamirta coccullus</u> .
eágtok (RV7)	to tap, snap [make sound of rat trap, or finger
paeágtok (CV)	tapping on table]
eagtong (adj)	to make a sharp, clear sound [like violin string]
eagwáyan (n)	tight, well-tempered; having a sharp, clear sound
eáha' (RV1, 2)	sound of cracking joints or knuckles
eáha' (adj)	to crack
kaeáha' (n)	to crack one's knuckles
	ripe [Syn: eito']
	long-legged person
	to cook, prepare (food)
	cooked, ready, prepared (food)
	frying pan

manogedha' (n)	cook [Syn: kusinéro] [For types of cooking, cf: adóbo(h), asáe, kilaw, kúnla(h), eá-ga', eápwa', gisá(h), híkot, húrno(h), shaw, pírito(h), sáing, témpla(h), túa', tág-on]
eaháy (RV5)	to bark, yelp [dogs]
eáhi' (n)	descendancy, family, household; group. eáhi' ni David / the house of David
eáhin (n)	an old coconut
eáhob (RV1)	to put green leaves over a fire [to soften them]
Eáhog. (n)	barrio of Altavas
eahóg Jma[ (adj)	naughty, mischievous, misbehaved [Opp: him-ong]
eahóg (RV1)	to disturb, interrupt
linahóg (RV5)	to misbehave, be naughty (or) mischievous
eahúgay (RV1)	to mix with, mingle with [Alt: haetúgay]
eáhon [Oak] (RV1)	to seize, snatch, take [Syn: sábnit]
eahón [Oak] (n)	gender, sex Anóng eahona ro eápsag? / What sex is the baby?
eahóng (n)	an old hollow tree [believed to contain spirits]
eáin (RV7)	to get worse
eáin (RV1)	to take in a bad light, misconstrue, misinterpret
kaeaínán (n)	evil, bad(ness) Bawi-on mo kami sa kaeaínán. / Deliver us from evil.
maeáin (adj)	bad, evil, mean [Opp: mayád, masádyá'] Maeáin dang památyag. / I feel bad [sick].
eáin (RV6)	to be different
eáin (adj)	different, other [Syn: ibá(h)] [Opp: paréhas]
kaeaín (RV8)	to be different from one another
kaeainán (n)	difference, otherness [Syn: diperénsya]
paeain (CV)	to separate, set apart
eáli(h) (n)	[fish]
ealig (n)	a very premature coconut [Alt: walig]
eálióp (n)	[fish]
eáli's (RV1)	to disobey [Opp: sunód, túman]
maealison (adj)	disobedient [Opp: masinuéndon]
eamá' (RV1)	to clarify, make clear [Syn: áthag, háyag] [Cf: hílmon]
indi' eám-on (adj)	unclear, not so obvious
eámág (n)	[white fungus--glows at night]
eámáng (Dp)	"just" "only" [limiting particle] [G. 203] Sangkurót eámang ro nakaabót. / Just a few were able to arrive. [Alt: eang, lang, lámang]
eámáng (n)	spider [generic term]
pangeamáng (n)	[skin disease--itchy reddish spots; allergy]

eámat	(n)	hymen [symbol of a woman's virginity]
eámay	(n)	dried banana leaves
eámay Jka[	(n)	brown sugar
eámay	(RV1)	to work overtime (at) [Alt: dámay] [Cf; puká]
eámbang	(RV3)	to blockade, stup up; ambush [Syn: ábang]
		Ayáw sánda pageambang! / Don't blockade them.
eámbat	(n)	[fishing net] [Alt: lámbat]
eámbi'	(RV1)	to massacre, slaughter, murder
pangeámbi'	(n)	mass-murder, massacre, slaughter
eámbid	(RV1)	to entwine, twist together, intertwine [Syn: sabód]
eámbing	(RV1)	to do together, haye/get many at one time
eámbing	(adj)	many at a time, plenty
		Pagdáwi ko ku ísda' hay eámbing. / I caught plenty of fish in one catch.
eámbing	[Tag] (adj)	feminine, graceful, soft-spoken, mild-mannered
eámbó(h)	(RV1)	[Alt: lambing] [Akl: daéay]
eámbohán'	(n)	to fish from a small boat
eámbó'	(adj)	small fishing boat
eámbog	[Bkd] (n)	prolific [Syn: eábhong, gábhong] [Alt: eángbo']
eámbong	(n)	[tree] [Syn: markúpa]
eámbóng	(RV1)	shirt; blouse; dress
eámbong	(RV2)	to make a shirt (or) dress out of [cloth]
		to wear a shirt (or) dress
eámbot	(RV4)	Eambongán ro pueá. / Wear the red dress.
eámeam	(RV1)	to reach, arrive at, get to [Alt: eángbot] [Syn: abót]
eamháron	(adj)	to covet; take/get a bigger share
eámhay	(RV2)	young, immature; "teen ager"
eámi'	[Oak] (RV3)	to put fish or meat into a vegetable preparation
indi' maeami-án	(expr)	to treat roughly, bruskly or harshly
eamig	(RV7)	fragile, cannot be treated roughly, sensitive
		to get cold [in real or figurative sense]
eamig	(ST5)	Nageamig ro ánang hígigma. / His love grew cold.
kaeamig	(n)	to feel cold [especially after being embarrassed]
maeamig	(adj)	cold, coldness
maeamig-eamig	(adj)	cold
paeamig	(CV)	cool
paeamig	[idm] (CV)	to refrigerate; cool, make cold
pangeamig	(n)	to cool off, take something cool [like soft drinks]
		something worn to keep warm; clothing for cold weather
eamigas	[Sp] (n)	seed(s) [Syn: bínhi'] [Cf: búsoe]
eámo'	(RV1)	to touch unnecessarily, soil with one's hands
eamó'	(adj)	soiled, dirtied
		Eamó' ro báyi. [vul] / The woman is no longer a

eamíkod	(RV5)	virgin.
cámon	(RV1)	to overstuff one's mouth with food
eámon	[slg] (RV1)	to eat [said of an animal]
paeámon	(CV)	to eat like a pig [AE], eat voraciously and sloppily
eámpas	(RV3)	to feed (an animal) [also used insultingly of people]
eampitá'	(RV5)	to overtake, pass up, get ahead [Alt: eampúas]
eampúas	(RV3)	to stutter, stammer
eampunáya	(n)	to overtake, get ahead of, bypass [Cf: eapáw]
eámos	(RV3)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Coleus blumei</u> Benth.
eána	(n)	to hit, strike [with a downward motion] [Syn: eápdos]
eanáb	(RV7)	oil [obtained from fruits or vegetables]
eanáb-eanáb	(RV7)	to flood a little bit, overflow a little
eán-ag	(n)	to rise [said of the river's water level]
eán-agé	(ST4)	athlete's foot [skin disease]
eánás	(n)	to get athlete's foot
eánay		rice field, low rice land
eándas	[Oak] (RV3)	to melt, dissolve
		to temper, strengthen [blacksmith's term];
		discover, encompass, deal with
		Indí' nímo eandasán ro kaaéamán ku. mga mágueang. [max]. / You cannot encompass the wisdom of the old folks.
eándong	(n)	influence, shadow [Alt: aníno]
eánib	(adj)	covered; filled [Cf: eántip]
eáng	(adj)	eánib it tanóm / covered with vegetation
eáns	(n)	bruised, having a soft spot [fruits] [Alt: hanóg]
eánot	(n)	a somewhat old coconut [Cf: eahín] [abaca fiber]
		abaca plantation
eánsang	(n)	nail
eánsang	(RV1)	to nail
eántas	(RV1)	to cut through, sever [Cf: eapás]
eántaw	(RV1)	to look at [Syn: tán-aw] [Cf: kita']
		visible, clear
maeántaw	(adj)	well-stretched; high-pitched [voice]
eánting	[Oak] (adj)	entirely covered [with plants]; saturated [water]
eántip	(adj)	[Alt: eántop] [Cf: eánib]
eántip	[Bkd] (adj)	extremely sharp [Cf: mataeóm]
eantubigón	(adj)	watery; having too much water
eántong	(n)	highest position of tide [when water is very calm] [Cf: táob] [Opp: eágdas]
eántong	(n)	settlings, dredgs, sediment
pañthon	(CV)	to settle down to the bottom; let settle down
eang	(Dp)	"just" "only" [Cf, Alt: eámang] {G. 203}

eangáang ]ma[ (adj)	slightly feverish; developing a fever [Cf: eágnat]
eangás ]ma[ (adj)	naughty, misbehaved [Syn: eähög] [Opp: him-ong]
linangás (RV6)	to be misbehaved, act naughty
eangát-eangát ]ma[ (adj)	hazy, doubtful, unsure
eangaw (n)	fly [general term for this family of insects] [Cf: agindan, pitók]
eángbo' ]ma[ (adj)	over-developed, large; easily growing, prolific
eángbot (RV4)	to reach, arrive at [Alt: eámbot]
paeángbot (CV)	to expect, wait for [someone's] arrival
eángka' (n)	jackfruit: <u>Artocarpus heterophyllus</u> Lam.
eángkag (ST2)	to be serious, take things to heart; be fearful (or) pessimistic
eangkawás (n)	[spicy plant] <u>Curcuma zedoaria</u> .
eángkay (adj)	completely dried out, parched
eángkob (RV3)	to join together, cover a gap, connect, fasten Eangkob! ro bubungán. / Join the roof together [fill in the gap]. [Syn: tákéob]
eangkugá' (n)	[dessert--made with bananas, sweet potatos, and coconut milk]
eangkuháw (n)	bier; bamboo coffin
eángkoy (adj)	continuous, complete, entire
eángkoy (n)	any [standardized] length dáywang ka eángkoy / two lengths
eángkoy (n)	one piece rope [Syn: bugíay]
eánggab (RV1)	to take extra [land], encroach upon [Syn: eákbang]
eánggam (n)	rat; mouse [Cf: bungá-bungá, katsúri']
eanggári' [Ekd] (n)	saw [Alt: eagári']
eánggaw (n)	vinegar
eánggaw [idm] (ST2)	to get used to, develop a habit (of)
eánggaw (RV3)	to immerse in vinegar
eánggot-eánggot (n)	[fungus--reddish, edible] [Alt: eángot-eángot]
eanghay ]ma[ (adj)	lifeless, "dry", "dead" [party, affair, meeting] [Opp: masádyah(h)]
eangíngi' (n)	[vine] <u>Cayratia trifolia</u> .
eángit (n)	sky, heaven
kaeangitan (n)	the heavens; Heaven
eangítmor (adj)	heavenly
eáng-og (adj)	having the smell of stagnant water
eangóp (RV4)	to be destined, go towards
paeángóp (n)	to have a destination, head for destination
paeángpan (n)	about to come, coming soon, soon to arrive
pállangópon (adj)	[fungus--reddish, edible] [Alt: eánggot-eánggot]
eángot-eángot (n)	to swim' (after/the length of)
eangóy (RV1)	

eángsa(h) ]ma[ (adj)	fishy-smelling, having a fishy odor
eángsi' ]ma[ (adj)	pale, yellow, jaundiced
eángto ]ma[ (adj)	rotten-smelling, smelling rotten
eáog (n)	vagabond; wanderer [Cf: wárang]
eáom (RV3)	to think hard; hope (for)
	baeangáw it pageáom / a rainbow of hope
eáom ko (expr)	I thought...
eáon (adj)	old [rice; maid]
eáón (n)	spinster, spinstress
eáong (RV2)	to request permission, ask for, ask permission
eáop' (adj)	totally immersed, completely embedded [nail]
eáos (adj)	hoarse, having a raspy voice
eáot (RV1)	to become bad; get worse; be near death
	Nagaeáot eon do masakít. / The sick man is now at the point of death.
eáot (adj)	not up to par; bad, poor
eápak (RV1)	to step on, grind out (with one's foot); trample
	Gineápak nána si Juán. [idm] / He ruined the reputation of John. [Cf: tápak, eúsak]
eápad ]ma[ (adj)	broad, wide, expansive [Opp: kitíd]
kaeápad (n)	width
eápád (RV1)	to hit with the broad side [of a knife, bolo]
eápáni' (n)	[tree, fruit] camanse [when ripe]
eápás (RV1)	to go against, violate
eápát (n)	rags, worthless clothing
eápát-eápát (n)	tendon
eápaw (RV3)	to surpass, exceed, excel
paeápaw (CV)	to exaggerate
eápay (RV1)	to cook vegetables in just a little water
eápay (n)	[preparation of small shrimps that are pounded to almost a paste]
eápay (n)	[bird] [Alt: dapay]
eápdos (RV3)	to strike (with a downward motion). [Syn: eámpos]
eapeáag (RV6)	to scamper away, scatter [Syn: kálhit, eághit]
eapeap (n)	[fish] [Alt: laplap]
eapeáp (RV1)	to slice, chop
eápíd (RV1)	to join, unite, put together
eápis (RV1)	to do two things at once
	linápis ko [idm] / "I killed two birds with one stone." [AE, slg]
eápit (RV2)	to approach, get near, get close [Opp: eayó']
kahilápít (n)	neighbor
kahilápítan (n)	neighborhood
hilápít' (RV6)	to be very close, be very near

maeapít (adj)  
 paeapít (RV9)  
 eápit butóng [Bkd] (adj) closely spaced [said of houses]  
 eapnág (RV7) to spread, scatter [like a skin rash] [Cf: kálhit]  
 eápnag (n) wide field, [good for planting corn]  
 eapníg (adj) spreading, expanded, expansive  
 eápok (n) soil, earth [Cf: eúgta']  
 eáp-ok (n) [internal skin eruption containing watery fluid]  
 eapóg (RV2) to throw [a stone]; reject, discard  
 eapóg (RV1) to stone  
 eapós (adj) went through, passed through [Syn: eántas]  
 paeápos (CV) to push through, let pierce completely  
 paeápos [slg] (CV) to smuggle (in)  
 eápot ]ma[ (adj) sticky, pasty [Syn: maeapúyot]  
 eapóy (adj) wilted, shriveléd, withered [plant]  
 eapóy (RV7) to wither away, shrivel up [Opp: eáb-as]  
 eapíyot ]ma[ (adj) sticky, pasty, thick [Opp: eágnaw]  
 eápsag (n) baby, infant [Cf: ungá']

\*\*PHASES OF BABY'S ACTIONS\*\*

kayá'	lying down, face up; 0-2 months
tíkeob	turn on one's stomach: 3-6 mos.
kárang	crawling: about 7 months
língkod	sitting: 7-8 months
pangubáybad	holding on for support: 8-9 mos.
tákang	tottering: 9-10 months
tikáng	walking: 11-12 months
eápsaw ]ma[ (adj)	thin, soupy, watery [Opp: maeágnaw]
eápta(h) (RV1)	to scatter [Syn: kálhit, eághit] [Opp: típon]
eápwa(h) (RV3)	to blanch, put hot water over [foods]
Iínawaháp (adj)	blanched
eáras (RV3)	to cut through [water, cloth]; to tailor
lináras (n)	left over cloth, scraps, rags
eásá' (RV1)	to slaughter, butcher [Cf: matánsa(h)]
eásá' ]ma[ (adj)	muddy, sticky; stale, not fresh [fish]
eásang ]ma[ (adj)	noisy [Syn: sángag, lingáw] [Opp: líñong, tímong]
eás-ang ]ma[ (adj)	flavofless; lost its flavor [due to age]; "flat" "dry"
eásáw ]ma[ (adj)	not sticky, liquidy, watery [Syn: eágnaw]
eás-ay ]ma[ (adj)	flat, needing seasoning, flavorless
eáskae [Eng] (n)	rascal [Syn: sutil] [Opp: matárong]
eáskit (n) [slg]	guy, young boy [Cf: báginit/gal]
eásas (RV1)	to cut sharply, tear
eásgas (RV3)	to scratch, put a scratch (or) scar on
eásgas (ST3)	to get scratched; get dented [car]

Indí' maeásgás ro plástik. The plastic cannot

eáso(h) [Sp] (RV1)	get scratched.
eáso g [vul] (n)	to lasso, rope, catch with a rope
éásgon (adj)	testicle [Syn: eagáy]
eátág (RV2)	having enlarged testicles
eát-as (RV6)	to bleach in the sun(light) [Cf: datág]
pangeát-asún (n)	to try to get to some place by a strange route [not ordinarily taken] [Cf: eáktod]
eátay (RV6)	shortcut; "untravelled road"
eatayán (n)	to cross a small bamboo bridge
eati (n)	river-crossing, small bamboo bridge
eati (n)	field [for farming]
paeati-ón (adv)	the new moon [first crescent]
eátok (n)	almost time of the new moon
eátom (adj)	short native table [Cf: lamésa]
eáwa' (n)	absorbent, able to absorb; (become) saturated
eawá'-eawá' (n)	Eátom imáw kú maeán nga pamatásan. / He
eawág (ST2)	readily absorbs bad habits.
eáw-ag (A. det)	[spider]
eawag (ST5)	cobweb, spider web
paeaw-ag (CV)	to get what one deserves. [Syn: mirisi]
eáwas (n)	much, extremely, very
eawás (RV1)	eaw-ag nga hígko' / very dirty
kaeawásan (n)	to find excessive, feel that [something] is too much
hilawas (RV1) [vul]	to exceed, go beyond
tigeawás (RV3)	body
tigeawás (n)	to go in person
eáway (RV5)	Gineawás ko no pag-ádto. / I went in person.
eáway (n)	body; health
eáw-ay (RV6)	kaeawásan nga mayád [idm] / good health
eaw-ay (ST5)	to engage in sexual intercourse
kaeaw-ay (n)	to see in person
maeaw-ay (adj)	representative, congressman
máhínaw-áyon (adj)	to salivate, froth at the mouth
eáwig ]ma[ (adj)	saliva [Syn: pilá']
eaeawígan (n)	to be indecent; become/get ugly
eawod ]ma[ (adj)	to find indecent, consider ugly
eawod (n)	indecence, ugliness
eaeawíga Akeán / the Province of Akitan	ugly, indecent
far-away, distant [Opp: eapít] [Syn: eayó']	fault-finding, cynical, critical, easily finds faults
ocean, sea	long, extensive; drawn out [Opp: tág-od]
	expanse; province

Ilawód (n)	[the seaward part of any town] [Cf: Ilayá]
pailawód (RV9)	to go seawards
eáya (n)	[fish net]
eáyá [Oak] (n)	dry land
Ilayá (n)	[the inland part of any town] [Cf: Ilawód]
pailaya (RV9)	to go inland
eayá (RV7)	to dry out
eayág (n)	sail [of boat]
eayáng ]ma[ (adj)	wide, roomy, spacious [skirt] [Opp: piót, kitid]
eayang-eáyang (n)	porch
eaygay (RV3)	to advise, counsel, give good advice (to)
	Eaygayí ánay akó. / Please advise me.
eayó (RV2)	to put far away, put a distance between [Opp: eapit]
kaéayó	distance
maeayó	far, distant
paeayó	to go far away
eáyog (adj)	Ipahilayó it Dyos! [max] / "God forbid!"
eáyog-eáyog (RV7)	long-range; high, very high, tall [Cf: tásas]
	Pulós éon eáyog ro niyóg. / All the coconut trees
	are already very tall.
eáyong (RV3)	to bounce up and down [like a bamboo bridge or a narrow wooden walkway when people cross]
eayóng (adj)	[Alt: eáyod-eáyod] [Syn: tásy-og]
eúak (RV1)	to carry on a pole between two people
eúad (RV2)	withered
euád (ST1)	to disjoint, take apart
kaeuárón (n)	to spit out [food]
makaáueuád (adj)	to be nauseated, nauseous
euát (ST3)	nausea
eubák (RV1)	nauseating
eubák-eubák [Bkd] (n)	to get sprained, twisted [ankle]
eubád (RV1)	to hasten maturation
eubáron (n)	hole(s) in the road [Syn: bátsi(h)]
eubád (RV7)	to untie
eubag (RV1)	[game—untying string]; riddle [Cf: túgma(h)]
eubát (ST1)	to run [said of colors] [Cf: sueóng, kúpas]
eubáy ]ma[ (adj)	to twist, wring out [like wet clothing]
paeubáy (CV)	to be afflicted with rheumatism [Cf: rayúma(h)]
eubkón (n)	soft, pliant, resilient [hair] [Opp: bákod].
eubeub (n)	to make soft (or) pliant
eubíd (n)	pigeon
eubid (RV1)	small hole in the ground
	string, twine [Cf: kaeat]
	to make into twine

eubók (RV1)	to pound [grain] Eubká ro paeay. / Pound the rice.
eúb-ok (adj)	rotting, decaying [fish]
eubóg (RV4)	to lie down; "stay" [AE].
	Sín ka nageubóg kabii? / Where did you stay last night?
eúgbán (n)	resting place; place for sleeping; bed
eumbóg	[Ctr: eumubóg] [Syn: nageubóg]
eubóg ]ma[ (adj)	murky, clouded, dirty [water]
eubóng (RV2)	to bury, inter.
eubóng (adj)	buried; low, lowly
eubngánan (n)	eubóng gid nga, tawo / a very lowly person
eúbos (adj)	tombs, sepulchre
eubós [sup] (RV1)	deep, sincere, true
eubót (RV3)	to acquire magic healing powers
	to understand; sympathize with
hiliéubtínán (n)	Kaeubót ka eon? / Do you understand now?
hilúbot (RV8)	understanding
paeúbot-ú-ot (CV)	to understand one another
eubót (ST3)	to insinuate, imply
euká(h) (n)	to get punctured, get a hole [Syn: gabot]
eúka (ST3)	snag, tree stump(s) rooted in a river
eúkab (n)	to get uprooted
eukád (RV1)	[covering of blossom on a palm tree]
eúkag (RV6)	to dig (or) take out, scrape clean; operate (on)
eukás (n)	Eúkda ro niyóg. / Scrape out the coconut [meat].
eukás (RV2)	to have one's hair stand on end [Alt: baéukag]
eukát (RV1)	gift [brought home for friends after a journey]
eukáy (n)	to give a souvenir-gift
eúknán (n)	to redeem, ransom, pay the price for [as in pawning]
eúko' (RV1)	palm leaves [generic term] [Alt: lukáy]
eukó (RV6)	back part of the knee
eukób (RV1)	to bend, twist (about/around)
eúkon (RV1)	to rest, recline [said of animals or people]
eukón [Bkd, Hil] (n)	to trick, fool, cheat [as in a card game] [Cf: dáya']
eukos (n)	Ayáw akó pageúkba. / Don't trick me.
eúkot (RV1)	to coil [something] (up)
eúksa' (n)	prawn [large shrimp] [Syn: súgpo'] [Alt: lukón]
eúksó(h) (RV1)	[squid]
	[squid]
	to submerge, put into liquid [Opp: haw-as]
	mourning [Syn: eáeaw, luto(h)]
	to jump (over) [Syn: eúmpat]
	Abót ko, euksohón. [idm] / "I'll cross that bridge when I get to it." [AE, max]

eúkton (n)	[small locust] [Cf: apán]
eúdgod (RV3)	to scrub down well [with a stone while bathing]
langeúdgod (n)	scrubbing stone; bath stone
eúean (RV2)	to load (up)
e6-eot (RV1)	to cut the neck [with a knife]
eúeod (n)	shin [part of leg]
eúeot (REL. v.)	to be intimate, close, warm
maeúeot (adj)	close, warm, intimate
kaeúeot (n)	closeness, warmth, intimacy
eúgad (RV6)	to lie down [on the ground, carelessly]
eogae6g (RV6)	to wallow [Cf: eugán-eugán]
eugán-eugán (n)	"Ro ánwang nagaeogae6g sa eugán-eugán. [tongue-twister] / The carabao is wallowing in the mudhole.
eugás (n)	mudhole, wallow
eúgaw (RV1)	texture [of cloth]
linúgaw (n)	mapino ro eugás / the cloth is fine-textured
eúgdang (RV6)	mabahóe ro eugás / the cloth is coarse
eúgdang (ST3)	to make rice broth, cook porridge
eúgday (RV1)	porridge [rice soup]
maeúgday (adj)	to settle down [in water], sink, go to the bottom
eúgn yok (adj)	to sink, go under, settle to the bottom [Opp: eutáw]
eúgnas (ST3)	to soften, sweeten (one's voice)
eúgo (h) [Sp][Bkd] (n)	soft; sweet, gentle (voice)
eú-go (RV1)	compact, tightly packed (together)
eúgom (RV2)	to get worn down (or) worn out, decompose
eúgos (RV1)	[Syn: bátaš]
eúgpay (RV1)	yoke [of work animal] [Alt: yúgo(h)]
maetígpay (adj)	to shake (water, liquid) inside a container
eúgtá (n)	to soak in a dye [Cf: tina']
eúha (n)	to seize, take by force; rapé
euhá (RV5)	to placate; subside
euháng (adj)	soft-spoken, gentle, kind, meek
euhód (RV6)	land, property; ground, plot, yard; dirt
eúdhán (n)	tear [drop]
eúdhájmal (adj)	to shed tears, water [said of the eyes]
eumáhaw (n)	empty, having a gap
eumán (Dp)	to kneel
eumát (RV1)	kneeler, kneeling bench
eumáy (n)	treacherous, unscrupulous [Alt: maeúbon]
eúmba-eúmba (n)	the third or middle finger [Cf: tídly, eabáw]
eúmbay (n)	"again", "once more", "once again" [Ctr: eon man]
eúmbay (n)	to be addicted, accustomed to
eúmbay (n)	love potion, aphrodisiac
eúmbay (n)	dolphin, porpoise
eúmbay (n)	[a very young, tender leaf]

eúmbo-eúmbo (RV7)	to be bouncy/bumpy [road] [Alt: rúmbo-rúmbo]
eúmeum (RV3)	to incubate, nestle (on), hatch [eggs] [Cf: butó]
eúmid (RV5)	to urinate [by accident], wet [in bed, pants]
eumó(h) (ST5)	to consider easy, find easy [Opp: lisód]
kaeumohán (n)	Naeumohán akó ku leksyón. / I found the lesson quite easy.
maeumó (adj)	easiness, facility
eúmon [sup] (n)	easy, not hard
eúmon (RV3)	household spirit; gnome, dwarf [Syn: ingkánto]
eumós (RV3)	to live with (or) dwell with as an outsider
eumós (ST2)	to drown [intentionally-transitive]
eúmot (n)	Gineúmsan na ra kaáway. / He drowned his enemy.
linemot (adj)	to drown, get drowned [accidentally]
eúmpád	[moss, algae-growing-in sea]
eúmpat. (RV3)	covered with algae
eon (Dp.)	[Ctr: eumupád; cf: eupád]
eúnang (n)	to jump, dive (for) [Syn: eukso(h)]
maeúnang (adj)	[Particle showing that an action has begun and/or is enduring.] "now", "already", "just" [G. 201]
eunaw (RV1)	Nakakáon eon kamó? / Have you already eaten?
gakáon eon kamí. / We're eating now.	[Cf: makarón]
eúneun (RV1)	mud, slime, mire. [Cf: eútay]
eúnip (RV1)	slimy, very muddy
eunó(h) (RV7)	to look down from above [Alt: dungaw] [Syn: gáwa]
eúnob (RV3)	[Opp: tángda']
eúnak (n)	to eat foods without eating any rice; "to eat viands with no staple" [EE]
eúnod (S/2, 3)	to dive head first (for)
eúnot (adj)	to change or shed skin or shell [like snakes]
eúnsay (A.det)	to replace seeds that didn't sprout
eúnsong (RV6)	Eúmbi ro tanóm. / Replace the unsprouted seeds.
eúnsong (RV1)	rice broth
eungá (n)	to sink, go under water [Cf: eumós]
eóngaeog [Ibj] (RV6)	overripe, rotten [fruit]
eongaeogán (n)	pure, genuine, true, through and through, thoroughly
eungáy (RV1)	eúnsay nga maényag / thoroughly charming
eungi' (RV1)	to be together in one place, do together at one time
	to do two-in-one; overlap [Cf: eápis]
	[herb] sesame. <u>Sesamum orientale</u> .
	to wallow [Akl: eogaeög]
	mudhole, wallow [Akl: eugán-eugán]
	to look down (at) [Opp: tángda']
	to wring, twist [Syn: báli']

eungib (n)	grotto, caye [Syn: kwéba]
eúngsod (n)	hill [Syn: búngsod, búkid]
eúb (adj) (ST3)	withered, decayed
eúob. (RV6)	to sit on, nestle, settle down [as hen on eggs]
eúob (RV3)	to finish off/with, complete, terminate
eúb (RV1)	Nakaeuób eon kami ku ámong tanomán. / We have already finished off our planting.
eúong (RV1)	to choke, strangle, squeeze one's neck
eúoy (n)	Edk-a imáw. / Strangle him.
kaetey (RV3)	to look into the mouth of a jar
makaueuedy (adj)	pity, compassion
eúpak (RV1)	to pity, feel compassion for, feel sorry for
eúpak (n)	Ayáw akó pagkáeuöyi. / Don't feel sorry for me.
eúpak (n)	pitiable, readily inspires one's pity, sorry
eúpak (n)	to mash [Syn: eápak, tapak]
eúpak (n)	[cooked bananas pounded and mixed with coconut meat and sugar] [Syn: tinúmo]
eúpak (n)	[caterpillar--with spines that cause itching]
eupád (RV1)	to fly away, fly (to) [said of birds, airplanes]
eúpdop ]ka[ (n)	[fungus--edible]
eupí! (ST3)	to get bent, crushed [Alt: yupí!]
eúpig (RV1)	to bully, lord it over
maeúpig (adj)	bullying, dominating, domineering [Alt: maeupigon]
maeueúpig [Oak] (n)	bully, dictator
eúpit (adj)	well-armed
Eúpit (n)	a barrio of Batán
eúpó! (ST2)	to reveal one's ignorance
eupó! (n)	[fish--fresh water, poisonous]
eupók (RV7)	to explode, burst, blow up
eupók [idm] (RV5)	"to blow up", lose one's temper
maeupók (adj)	explosive, easily explodes
paeupók (CV)	to explode, fire, make burst [transitive, active]
eupó'-eupó' (n)	[vegetable]
eúpog (ST2)	paralyzed, unable to move
eupón (RV3)	to patch, mend, repair
eupós (n)	Eúpni ro-kamisadéntro. / Mend the shirt.
eupós (RV3)	[fish, vegetable or shrimp put into a soup/broth]
eúpsi! ]ma[ (adj)	to put fish, vegetables or shrimps into a broth
-pangeúpsi! (RV5)	[Syn: eámhay]
eúrp (RV3)	pale, anemic [Syn: eángsi!]
eusá! (n)	to turn pale, lose one's natural color; show signs of anemia
eúrp (RV3)	to dive [into water] for [Syn: eúnip]
eusá! (n)	nit, louse egg [about to hatch]

eúsak	(RV1)	to stamp [one's foot]; stamp out, trample (over). [Syn: tápak; pús-ang]
eúsaq	(RV7)	to spread, get worse [disease, rash]
eúsat	(n)	hole in the floor
eúsat	(ST2)	to get one's foot stuck in a hole in the floor [especially in bamboo flooring]
eúskad	(ST3)	wrinkled [due to overexposure to water].
eúseus	(RV1)	to massage the stomach with one's hands [Syn: eutok]
eúsoob	(RV1)	to go down, descend
eusók	(adj)	Eusóba ro subá! / Go down to the river: deepset, deeply inset [eyes]
eús-on	(RV2)	to put on top of fire, cook, heat up [Opp: háon]
eúsóng	(n)	mortar, "pounding dish" [Cf: almíris, hae-o]
eusót	(ST3)	to get stuck [in the mud]
eusót	[idm] (RV6)	to pass/get through (barely)
eúspad	[jmá]	Nakaeusót gíd imáw saéksámin. / He just passed on the exam.
eutá'	(adj)	pale, jaundiced, yellow [Cf: eángsi']
eöt-a	(Dp)	well-stocked with fish
eöt-ang	(Dp)	"already", "just", "now" [Ctr: eon itána] Tápus eöt-a? / Is it finished now? "I... already..." [Ctr: eon itákon]
eúta-eúta	(n)	Kasimba eöt-ang. / I already went to church.
eút-an	(adj)	Indi eöt-ang. [idm] / "I give up." [AE] [said when completely frustrated]
eutáw	(adj)	back of knee
	[idm]	susceptible, sensitive, delicate [constitution]
eutáw	(RV7)	floating, adrift, drifting [Opp: eúgdang]
paeutáw	(CV)	eutáw nga pamílya [idm] / well-to-do family
eútay	(n)	to be afloat, float, drift
eútgot	(RV1)	to set adrift; keep afloat
eúto'	(adj)	muddy soil [Cf: eúñang]
eúto'	(RV7)	to cut with a knife
eútola	(RV1)	ripe, ready to eat [fruit] [Opp: hiláw, buyog]
eútola	(RV1)	to ripen, get ripe
eútola	(RV1)	to press the stomach with one's hand [Cf: eússush]
euw	(n)	to run after, chase, pursue [Syn: eágás].
euw	(RV1)	ladle, large spoon
euw	(n)	to ladle (out), spoon (out)
euwas	(n)	outside. [Syn: líwan, guwá']
euwas	(RV1)	to save from [troubles/evil]; free, liberate
euwas	(prep)	aside from, outside of
eúya(h)	[jmá]	weak, feeble, not strong [Opp: bákkod, bákgog]
eúya	(n)	ginger. <u>Zingiber officinale</u> .

euyápad [Bkd] (n)	riceland, rice field
euyát (adj)	soft, tender [Cf: hayát, kúpós]
euyáw (RV1)	to shout at, scream, holler at; scold; slander
pangeuyáw (RV8)	to scream at, fight [orally]
euyáwan (RV8)	to slander one another
euyálay (RV7)	to hang, suspend
euyó (n)	side [Syn: {ping}]
sa euyó [idm]	Iyá sa ákong euyó. / Here, by my side. alongside
"G" /gah/	The sixth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced velar stop /g/. [G. 10].
ga--- (pfx)	Actor Focus verb prefix denoting imperfective aspect. [G. 95] [D. 16, 22].
gaás [Sp] (n)	Siín ka gaágto? / Where are you going?
gaáto [Ibj] (Dp)	Owá' gid imáw gabakáe karón. / He never buys that.
gába' (n)	kerosene [Alt: gas]
gába' (RV3)	"perhaps" "maybe" "might" [Akl: giáto] divine punishment, curse from above [for one's sins]
gabáng (RV1)	to be cursed from above, receive divine punishment
gabáng (adj)	Bási' ginagabá-an ka sa ímong eágang saé! /
gabáy (RV3)	Maybe you are being punished for your past sins:
gabayán (n)	to make almost full, fill very near the brim
gábhāng (n)	almost full [Cf: eabáng]
gáhi (n)	to buoy up, keep afloat [by using buoyant material]
gabii (n)	buoy; floating materials, floater; life preserver
kabii (adv)	large rice husk, [Alt: ogábhāng]
kagab-ihon (n)	taro [vegetable grown for its starch root]
gabinéte [Sp] (n)	<u>Colocasia esculenta</u>
gabók (RV7)	evening, night(time)
magagabók (adj)	last night, yesterday evening
gábot (fl)	evening
gábot (RV1)	cabinet [political] [Alt: kabítí]
gábot (n)	to rot, become rotten
gabót (RV3)	rotten
gabót (ST3)	pull, play, turn, move [in games like cards, mah-jong, chess, etc.]
gábot (RV1)	to pull (out); take one's turn in a game
gábot (n)	hole [in anything except the ground]
gabót (RV3)	to make a hole in
gabót (ST3)	to get a hole (in)

gakí (h) [Oak] (RV1)	to tempt, entice
gakít (n)	[wild duck]
gakód (adj)	well-protected [from robbers]
gakód (RV3)	to protect, strengthen, reinforce
gáeab (RV1)	to scythe, cut with a sickle [in a horizontal direction while holding on to the tops of the stems] [Cf: gaeó', gáhit]
gaeámay (n)	tentacle [on squid or octopus] [Alt: gámay]
gaeáng (n)	[fruit, tree] <u>Averrhoa carambula</u> .
gæás ]ma[ (adj)	rough, unsmooth, rugged [surface] [Opp: dalino']
gæay (RV1)	to bundle together [into a circle]
gæó' (RV1)	to cut down dead rice after a harvest; cut down tall grass [Cf: gáhit]
gaeók (n) [sup]	an evil spirit taking the form of certain animals [said to call out people's names, and anyone who answers dies] [Syn: táchó']
gæ-om (n)	rain cloud; nimbus [cloud].
magae-om (adj)	heavily overcast; about to rain
gága [Sp] (adj)	foolish, silly, stupid [woman] [Cf: gágó]
gá-ga' ]pa[ (CV)	to ask for more, require more
gágó [Sp] (adj)	foolish, silly, stupid [male] [Cf: gágá]
gaháb (adj)	torn, having a big hole [clothing] [Syn: gisí']
gáhab (ST3)	to get torn, get a hole
gáhit (RV1)	to mow, cut [grass] [Syn: gaeó']
gahók (adj)	rotten, having a hole [Syn: gabók]
gáhod ]ma[ [Hil] (adj)	noisy, agitated, turbulent [Akl: ságag] [Opp: linóng]
gahóm (n)	force, power; authority
gáhóm (RV3)	to govern, rule, direct
kagahóman (n)	powers-that-be; authority
gamhánan (adj)	powerful, forceful, strong
Makátagáhom (n)	God; Eternal Power
Manggagáhom [Oak] (n)	God; the Ruling Forces of the Universe
gáid (RV2)	to tie (up), bind
Gairán ro báboy. / Tie up the pig.	
galá'-galá' ]pa[ (CV)	to attract attention, be noticeable, make oneself stand out
gali' (Dp)	[Particle expressing surprise at having been reminded of something (already known)] "Ah yes, that's right." [G. 204] [also used when correcting oneself or acknowledging a correction]
Imáw galí'. / Oh, it was him, after all.	
Duyón galí' ro táma'. / Ah yes, that was the correct one.	
Ap-at sánda...hay, limá galí'. / There are four	

gáling	(RV1)	of them, no, five.
gálingán	(n)	to grind, mill
galís ]ma[	(adj)	grinder, mill
Galicia [Sp]	(n)	making a sharp noise or grating sound
galít	(n)	barrio of Madalag /galisyah/
galón	[Eng] (n)	ringworm [fungus infection of the skin]
gámay	(n)	gallon [unit of liquid measurement]
gamáy ]ma[	(adj)	tentacle [on squid or octopus] [Alt: galámay]
gámbak ]ma[	(adj)	slender, thin, small; high in pitch [guitar string]
gamhánan	(adj)	flaring [said of skirt]
gámít	(RV1)	[Cf: gahóm]
gamít	(n)	to use, utilize, employ, make use of [Cf: dápat]
kagamítán	(n)	article, thing [Cf: bágay, igdaéapát]
gamó(h)	(n)	tool, utensil [Syn: igdaeapát]
magamó	(adj)	mess; quarrel [Opp: húsay, linóng]
gám-ok	(n)	messy, out of order; noisy, "hot", disturbed
gamón	(ST2)	dirt, litter, rubbish, trash [Syn: hígko']
gamós	(RV1)	to get accustomed to, used to, develop a habit [Opp: mádla']
ginamós	(n) (adj)	to salt
gamót	(n)	Gámsa ro kárne. / Salt the meat.
gána	[Sp] (n)	salted [fish]
gána	(ST5)	root
magána	(adj)	appetite, taste for, desire
ganádo [Sp, Hill]	(adj)	to develop a taste or appetite for; enjoy, like
ganár [Sp]	(RV5)	Naganáhan eon akó sa ákong óbra. / I enjoy my work now.
ganánsya	(n)	appetizing
ganánsya	(RV1)	inspired [Akl: naganáhan]
gánit	(RV1)	to gain, profit
ganít ]ma[	(adj)	gain, profit [Alt: ginánsya]
gán-it	(RV1)	to gain, profit [from]
gánsa	[Sp]	to pull [young seedlings for transplanting]
gansílyo(h)	[Sp] (RV1)	tough, hard to chew
ginansílyo	(n)	to pull out with force, jerk out
gánta	[Sp] (n)	goose, gander
gántang	[Sp] (n)	to crochet
gantángan	(n)	crocheted materials
gangát	(n)	ganta [unit of measure, generally for grain products]
gángga	[Sp] (n)	ganta [unit of dry measure] [Alt: gántang]
gangha	(n)	sanggántang bugás / one ganta of rice

gángha" (RV1)	to make/leave a gap
ganghá-an (n) [Oak]	doorway
gángo. (n)	[fish trap]
gaób (Rv5)	to become black and blue [from sickness]
gaób (n)	bruise [black and blue mark on skin]
pahggáob (DV)	to get all black and blue
gáod (n)	paddle; oar
gaód (RV3)	to paddle; to row [a boat]
gáop ]ma[ (adj)	Gaorí ro baróto. /'Paddle the canoe.
gáoy (ST1)	cloudy, overcast [slightly] [Cf: gáe-om]
makgáeáoy (adj)	to be tired, exhausted
gápa' ]ma[ (adj)	Owá' akó gigaóya. / I'm not tired.
gápos (RV1)	tiring, tiresome, exhausting
gapós (n)	bushy, having plenty of leaves, full
gápya' ]ma[ (adj)	to tie up, bind
garáe-garáe (adj)	twine, rope
garáhi [Sp] (n)	flat
garápa [Sp] (n)	tremulous, quivering [said of one's voice when about to cry]
garapita (n)	garage
garapón [Sp] (n)	bottle, jar
garatilís (n)	small bottle, little jar
garisón [Eng] (n)	large bottle (or) jar [Cf: garápa]
garsolina [Sp. cor] (n)	[fruit, tree] <u>Muntingia calabura</u> L. [Syn: datilís]
gárter [Eng] (n)	garrison, headquarters
gas [Sp] (n)	gasoline [Alt: gasolina]
gása [Sp] (n)	garter
gásgas (n)	kerosene; tanked gas [not gasoline]
gásgas (RV3)	guaze (or) wick of a lamp
gasúl [Eng] (n)	dent
gasolína(h) [Sp] (n)	to dent, put a dent (in)
gasolinahán (n)	tanked gas [butane mixture]
gasolinéra (n)	gasoline
gasolinéro (n)	gas station
gáspang ]ma[. [Tag] (adj)	small gas tank
gasolína(h) [Sp] (n)	gasoline boy, service station attendant
gáspang ]ma[. [Tag] (adj)	rough, coarse, unsmooth; impolite crude
gásto(h) [Sp] (n)	[Syn: bástos]
gásto (RV1)	expense(s), expenditure
magásto (adj)	Pilá ring gásto? / How much did you spend?
pagásto (CV)	to spend, expend
gástos [Sp] (n)	expensive, costly
	to have others spend money on oneself
	expenses, expénditures [Alt: gásto]

gata'	(n)	[white coconut sap] [Syn: pinayok].
gata'	(RV3)	to use coconut sap
gáta s	(n)	milk.
gatás	(RV3)	to milk
gáto(h)	[Sp] (n)	Gatasí ro ánwang. / Milk the carabao.
gatóng	(n)	trigger [of a gun]
gatóng	(RV3)	fuel, wood for a fire, firewood
gatós	(n)	to use as fuel (or) firewood
gatós		hundred, 100
gáwa(h)	(RV1)	limáng gatós / five hundred, 500
gaeawahán	(n)	to look out [of window, door, any opening]
gáwad	[Hil] (RV1)	window; opening
gáwáng	[Bkd] (n)	to redeem [from mortgage or pawn] [Akl: eukít]
gawás	(n)	door
gawás	[Ibj]	leg bone
gáway	(n)	arm [the whole arm, including the hand]
gáway	(n)	[venereal disease]
gáway-gáway	(n)	loose thread or fiber; splinter [at edge of cloth or mat]
gáwgaw	(n)	[tree--with edible blossoms] <u>Sesbania grandiflora</u> .
gáwhang	(RV3)	raw starch
gáwi	(n)	to make an opening (in)
gáwid	(n)	Gawhangi ro pilápil. / Make an opening in the dike.
gawód	(n)	ways, habits, customs [Cf: batásan]
gáya'	(adj)	clothesline
kagayáan	(n)	young coconut [Cf: niyóg]
gayód	(adv)	many, most [Alt: dagáya'] [Syn: abó', dáro]
gi---	(pfx)	the majority, most
giáto	(Ep)	soon, immediately [Syn: eági-eági]
Gibón	(n)	[Prefix used on verbs denoting present negative or present conditioned actions] [D. 17, 22]
Gibón	(n)	owá' gigútma / not hungry
gibúngan	(n)	owa gieábhi / not being laundered
gibwang	(RV7)	silín gibákea... / where... is being bought?
gibwángan	(n)	[Particle expressing some doubt as to the probability of a statement] "maybe", "possibly", "might" [G. 207] Maeayó' pa giáto. / It may still be far away.
gibwángan		barrio of Nabas
gibwángan		river in Nabas
gibwángan		mouth of a river [Cf: gibwang] [Alt: gibwángan]
gibwángan		to let out, empty [into the ocean]
gibwángan		Nagagibwang ro Akeán sa Bálkhaw. / The Aklan River empties into the ocean at Bakhao.
gibwángan		mouth of a river; outlet of a pool

gíkab (a)	grotto, small cave [Cf: eungib]
gíkan [Hil] (prep)	from [G. 166] [Akl: halín]
gíkan (RV6)	to come from, start from, hail from [Cf: tagá---]
ginikánan (n)	parents; elders
gin-gíkánan [Oak] (n)	origin [Syn: ginhalinán]
gíkas (RV3)	to strip, trim, cut
gid (Dp)	[Particle used for emphasis, underlining or expressing the great degree of something.] [G. 203-04]
	"very", "too", "extremely", "excessively"
	Nálla' gid akó kána. / I like her very much.
	Maáeam gid imáw. / He is most intelligent.
	Mátám-is gid ra. / This is too sweet.
gíd-a (expr)	"indeed" "truly" "most certainly" [Ctr: gid it ána]
gidláng. (expr)	"just because" [expression used when one does not really want to answer the question "why?"]
	Hám-an nag-ágto ka kabii?.. Gidláng. / Why did you go last night?.. Just because.
gigil (RV5) [Tag]	to gnash one's teeth [out of frustration] [Cf: bág-id]
gihápon (adv)	usually, regularly; just the same
	maw man gihápon [idm] / just the same
sa gihápon (expr).	as usual
gihít (RV1)	to transfer, move [cattle to greener pastures]
	Gihítá ro ánwang. / Move the carabao (to another spot);
gího [Sp] (n)	[tree]
gího [Hil] (RV6)	to move, be in motion [Akl: húeag]
gílák (RV7)	to glitter, shine
magilák (adj)	shiny, glittering, radiant
giláng (RV3)	to earmark [cattle]; cut off part or all of the ear
giláng (adj)	partly or completely missing [ear]
gil-ang (n)	crack(s) [in dry soil] [Cf: báil] [Syn: giltak]
gilit [Eng] (n)	gillette; razor blade
gilok (n)	a rough, scratchy, abrasive surface
gilókon (adj)	having an abrasive surface
giltak (n)	erack~[in pottery]
giltak (ST3)	to get cracked
gimáw (RV6)	to peep out, stick out, protrude a little
	Nagagimáw ro ikog ku katsúri. / The shrew's tail is protruding (from the hole).
	Nagagimáw eon do tubo-án. / The baby coconuts are just beginning to sprout.
gin--- (pfx)	[Object Focus verb prefix for perfective aspects.]
	[G. 95] [D. 16, 22] [Alt: ging---, -in--, ing---]
	Ginbakáe na ro baeáy. / He bought the house.

giná---	(pfx)	[Prefix for Object Focus imperfect: - with aspects in the positive.] [G. 95] [D. 16, 22] [Cf: gi---#]
ginánsya [Sp. eor] (n)		gain, profit [Cf: gandr] [Alt: gánsya]
ginang [Oak] (n)		Mrs., Madame, Lady, Mistress [Cf: ginúo, gining]
Ginatúan (n)		barrio of Madalag
Ginbalíwan (n)		barrio of New Washington
Ginhalinan (n)		river in Ibajay [Cf: halin]
ginháwa(h) (RV2)	[idm]	to breathe (in)
ginháwa (n)		Nákaginháwa eon imáw. [idm] / He is now free of all his burdens. (or) "Now he can breathe again." breath; health
Giníktan (n)		Maeán dang ginháwa. / I feel sick.
gining [Oak] (n)		barrio of Altavas
ginúo (n)		Miss, Mademoiselle [Cf: ginúo, gihang]
Ginúo ko (intj)		Mister; sir; Lord [old title of respect] "My Lord!"
gin-ot Jma[ (Hil) (adj)		hot and humid [Cf: dágga(h)]
ginsong Jma[ (adj)		noisy, loud, boisterous [Syn: sángag, lingáw]
gingá (n)		tiny rice particle(s)
gingaw (n)		[fish]
giok (RV1)		to thresh [rice] (with one's feet)
gipós (n)		runt; an undernourished child (or) animal
girilya [Sp] (n)		guerrilla, warrior
giring (n)		milled edge [of coin]; indented, ridged or corrugated edge
giring-giring (n)		ruffled (or) rippled edge [of anything]; milled edge [of a coin]; drunkard [idm]
gisá(h) [Sp] (RV1)		to sauté
gisádo (n) [adj]		a saute [food preparation]; [sauted]
giska Jma[ (adj)		dried out [rice]; hard and dry [due to too little water] [Opp: híkoe]
gisi' (RV1) [ST3]		to rip, tear, tear out; [get torn, tattered]
Gisi (n)		barrio of Altavas
gitára [Sp] (n)		guitar
gitára (RV5)		to play the guitar
gitgit (n)		[bird]
ginítgit (n)		[type of kite] [Cf: boladór]
gití' [vui] (n)		clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
gitlit (n)		scar
gitlo' (RV1)		to break into pieces
giwhánan (adj)		heavenly, celestial; spacious
giya(h) [Sp] (RV1)		to guide, lead
giya (n)		guide, leader
giyon [Sp] (n)		dash, hyphen

gíbó [Sp] (n)	globe, sphere
guántes [Sp] (n)	glove(s) [Alt: gwántis]
guápa [Sp] (adj)	beautiful, pretty, good-looking [female] [Alt: gwápá]
guápo (adj)	handsome, good-looking [male] [Alt: gwápo]
gubá' (RV1)	to damage, destroy, annihilate
guba' (adj) [ST5]	destroyed, damaged; annihilated
gúbat (RV1)	to challenge, assault
manggugúbat [Oak] (n)	challenger, assailant
gubáy (RV3)	to assist in walking, support in walking [Alt: agubáy]
gubók (RV3)	to aid, succor, come to help
	Gin-gúbkan ímaw ku ámong kahilápit. / He was aided by our neighbors.
gubyérno [Sp] (n)	government; rule
gubernadór (n)	governor
gúkop [Oak] (n)	purple ink
gúdgud (RV3)	to work faithfully (or) assiduously (at)
gueámos (RV1)	to squeeze
gúeang (RV6)	to get older
kagueángan (n)	forest
kagueangán (n)	eldest, oldest
magdeang (adj)	old, elder
magueáng (n)	elder sister/brother; elder sibling
minagueáng (adj)	relating to older people or ways; "of the older generation", "adult [way]"
gueó(h) (RV1)	to mess up, get out of order [Cf: guló(h)]
magueó (adj)	mixed up, messed up, jumbled; noisy [meeting]
gúeos (n)	abrasion; rash, skin disease; scabbies
gúeot (RV1)	to hack, scythe with a downward motion [as when cutting down banana leaves] [Alt: bágeot]
gó-gó' (n)	[tree--bark used as shampoo] <u>Entada phaseoloides</u> (Linn) Merr. [and] <u>Ganophyllum falcatum</u> Blume.
gúhit (n)	small line, mark, dash, hyphen
gúhit (RV1)	to make a mark
panggúhit (n)	quill, pen
guláman (n)	gelatin [made from seaweed]
gúl-it ]ma[ (adj)	old [Syn: gúeang]
gulítok [vul] (RV1)	to insert one's finger into the vagina
guló ]ma[ (adj)	méssy, out of order; noisy, having a queerly atmosphere
kaeagflo (RV8)	to quarrel with one another
gúlpí(h) [Sp] (adj)	sudden(ly), quick(ly), without warning
gúlpí (ST5)	to be taken aback, surprised, be a victim of a sudden act
	Nagulpihán akó ku ímong pag-abót. / I was taken

gómá [Sp] (n)	aback by your arrival.
gumamila [Sp] (n)	rubber; tire
gumánkon (n)	[flower] <u>Hibiscus rosasinensis</u> L.
gumok (RV1) [ST3]	niece / nephew
gumó-gumó (n)	to crush [to get crushed, crumpled]
gumón (RV1)	a hideaway behind shrubs or foilage
guná' (adj)	to make disorderly, put out of place, mix up
gúnaw (n)	[Opp: hásay, tāhay] [Syn: guló(h)]
gúnaw (RV1)	cracked/abraded and about to fall apart [rubber]
guní-guní(h) (n)	end of the world (by flood); the Flood [Genesis]
gunit (adj)	to send a deluge, end the world (by flood)
gúnot (n)	nightmare [Syn: bangúngot]
gúnting (n)	tattered and torn, beyond repair
gúnting (RV1)	[fibrous protection of each branch on palm trees]
gúnting (n)	scissors, shears
gúngung (n)	to cut with scissors (or) shears
gúos (RV1)	[type of bolo]
góra [Sp] (n)	fool, dope, dullard. [Cf: gágó]
guramí (n)	to tie up
gúro [Sp] (Dp)	Gús-a ro halígi. / Tie up the post.
guró-guró (adj)	hat, cap [Akl: káeo]
guré-guré (adj)	[fish]
gusáno [Sp] (n)	probably; maybe [Ctr: sigúro]
gusáw (n)	scratchy; unsmooth [surface] [Opp: dalino']
guso(h) [Sp] (n)	rough, unsmooth; uneven [Opp: dalino']
gúsok (n)	thread
gústo(h) [Sp] (n)	[fish]
gústo (ST5)	sung prayer, psalm, canticle
gúta (n)	rib [bone],
gúta(h) (RV3)	wish, desire, liking
gútáb (RV1)	to like, want, desire, crave
gútang (RV6)	rain, bridle; pull rope; rope for plow
gutáng-gutáng (h)	to put a rein (or) bridle on; steer
gutáw (n)	to cut down, mow
gútgut (RV3)	Gutába ro halimonón. / Cut the grass down.
gútlab (RV3)	to get stuck in [mud], get bogged down
gútlab (RV1)	[skin disease--dry, cracked skin]
gutók (adj)	taro. <u>Colocasia esculenta</u> . [Syn: gábi]
gutóm (ST1)	to be disgusted, have regret(s); feel bad (about)
gútom (n)	to cut out
	to cut off the excess fibres [after finishing weaving]
	tight, compact, hard to pass through
	to be hungry
	famine, hunger

	Namatáy sánda sa gútóm. / They died of starvation.
kagutómon (n)	hunger
makagueútom (adj)	readily makes one hungry
tiggueútom (n)	famine, hunger
guwá' (RV6)	to leave, go out, exit
guwá' (RV1)	to go out [in order to entertain]
guwá' (RV3)	Gúw-a-ro ímong bisítá. / Entertain your visitor.
guwá' (ST5) [vul]	to come out in spurts [Syn: súmpit]
guwá' (n)	to experience orgasm [usually male orgasm only]
paguwá' (n)	Ginguw-an akó. / I came to orgasm.
paguwá' (CV)	living room [Syn: sála] [Opp: sueód, kwárto]
paggwuwá' (n)	exit
gúyod' (RV1)	to let out, show [one's way] out; kick out
gúyom (n)	performance
grábas [Sp] (n)	May paggwá' ro kóros. / The choir had a performance.
grabasán (n)	to drag, pull along [the ground] [Opp: dusó']
grábi [Sp] (adj)	[ant--black, very fast]
grábi [Eng] (n)	gravel
grádo(h) [Sp] (n)	gravel truck
grádwar [Sp] (RV6)	serious, grave, mortal
gradwádo (adj)	grábing sakít / serious disease
grámar [Eng] (n)	grábing saeá' / mortal sin
gránaða [Sp] (n)	gravy [Cf: sabáw]
granáða [Sp] (n)	grade [in school or degree]
graníl [Sp] (n)	Sa anó ka nga grádo? / What grade are you in?
grásá(h) [Sp] (n)	Mabáskog ro grádo ku ímong antípára? / Is the
grásya(h) [Sp] (n)	grade of your eyeglasses strong?
grásya (ST5)	to graduate
grasyahán (adj)	graduated, graded
grátis [Sp] (adj)	grammar [Akl: baanháyan]
grípo [Sp] (n)	grenade [bomb]
grípo [Sp] (n)	pomegranate [fruit] <u>Punica granatum</u> .
grúpo (RV8)	gauge for making lines
Guadalúpe [Sp] (n)	grease
	grace; reward [special; spiritual]
	to be rewarded, be blessed
	blessed, full of grace [Akl: buláhan]
	free of charge, no payment necessary [Syn: libre]
	faucet
	group
	to form a group, group together [Syn: búylog]
	[Opp: tágtag]
	barrio of Libakaw /gwadalupi(h)/

gwántis [Sp] (n)  
gwántis (RV5)  
Gwángko (n)  
gwápa [Sp] (adj)  
gwápo [Sp] (adj)

glove(s) [Alt: mántes]  
to wear gloves  
barrio of Balete  
beautiful, pretty, good-looking [female]  
handsome, good-looking [male] [Opp: maeww-ay]

"H" /hah/

The seventh letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless glottal fricative /h/. [G. 15-16] The letter is rarely written by Aklanons at the end of words, although the sound is often quite clearly pronounced, as in:

"amo" /'ámo/  
"basa" /básah/  
"daea" /dagáh/

However, the sound occurs finally and medially in such words as:

"múhmuh" spilled rice [crumbs]  
"páhpah" steps on a coconut tree  
"káhkah" to scratch with claws [chicken]

Also, the sound is clearly pronounced and spelled when root words containing the sound in final position get affixed, as in:

"daehon" will be brought  
"simbahán" church

[Tag particle used to urge another's response.]  
"Isn't that so?" "All right?" "O.K?"

Táw-i man.ákó, ha? / Give me [some] too, O.K?  
[Object Focus and Stative Verb prefix.] [Alt: nahá---]  
Hatáma! imáw it bála. / He was hit by a bullet.  
Haulíhi akó sa kláse. / I was late for my class.

[G. 66-67, 95; 121-127] [D. 18, 22]

to get long(er) [Opp: tág-od]

length

long; elongated

to lengthen, make longer

to become itchy (and/or) swollen

just about ripe, [Cf: éuto', hiláw].

to ripen

the South Wind [Cf: hágin]

barrio of Buruanga

barrio of Nabas

loom [for weaving] (all prepared for work)

[Cf: tánhágá].

ha (Dp)

ha--- (pfx)

hába' (RV7)

kahába' (n)

mahába' (adj)

pahába' (CV)

hábae [pang] (RV7)

hábae (adj)

panghabáe (DV)

habágat (n)

Habána [Sp] (n)

Habána (n)

hábéon (n)

hábhab	(RV1)	to eat sloppily and hurriedly [Syn: dueñ-dueñ]
habíl-habíl	(RV7)	to dangle, hang (by a thread) [Syn: habit-habit]
habit-habit.	(RV7)	to dangle, hang (by a thread) [Syn: habil-habil]
hábla(h)	(RV2)	to file suit [in court] [Syn: kha(h)]
hábok	(RV7)	to swell, become inflated
habók	(adj)	swollen, swelled [with gas; pride]
		Hábok ra úeo. / He is swell-headed.
habók-habók	(n)	braggart, swell-head
pahábok	(n)	balloon [Syn: lóbo]
pahábok	(CV)	to cause to swell; inflate, blow up [balloon]
háboe	(n)	blanket
háboe	(RV5)	to use a blanket
habóe	(RV1)	to weave
		Hábea ro eámbong. / Weave the dress.
hábeon	(n)	loom [for weaving] [Syn: tanhága]
manóghabóe	(n)	weaver
hábog	(RV1)	to swing back and forth [Syn: táblfog]
habón	[Sp] (n)	soap [Sp: jabón] [Alt: sabón]
háb-on	(RV2)	to put aside, put away temporarily; hide
habóy	(RV2)	to throw [overhand] [Cf: itsa(h) / throw underhand]
hábyog	(RV2)	to get leverage, "wind up" [AE], swing back and forth [in order to throw something further]
háka	[Tag] (n)	idea, opinion [Akl: ísip, húna'-húna', paino-ino]
hákat	(ST2)	to care (about), be concerned (for/about)
		Ówá' akó hahákat. / I don't care.
hákdan	[Bkd] (n)	stairs [Alt., Cf: hágdan]
hákeáp	(RV3)	to spread; cover [Cf: tábon]
hákeop	(RV3)	to cover (up); to patch (up), paste (on/up)
hakid	(RV1)	to take cooked food from the pot; serve
hákmae	(RV1)	to grab, snatch
hakée   pang[	(DV)	to sigh
inoghákde	[Oak] (n)	exclamation mark
hakóg	(RV1)	to take [food] greedily
mahákog	(adj)	greedy, taking a lot for oneself
hákop	(n)	handful, fistful
hákop	(RV1)	to take by the handful
hakós	(RV1)	to embrace, hold around the waist
hakós	(RV3)	to fasten around the waist; belt
hákós	(n)	belt [Syn: páha(h)]; sash
hákot	(RV1)	to get, gather, bundle up
hákot-hákot	(n)	[insect-bee-like, building nests of mud]
hákwat	(RV1)	to hoist, lift up, raise up [Syn: álsa(h), bátak]
hádhad	(RV2)	to expose, put out [Alt: yádyad]
hadí	[sup] (ST4)	to be afflicted with spirits, be possessed [infants]

hádlok (S)²	to fear, be afraid (of); be frightened (by)
kahádlok (n)	fear, fright
makaháeádlok (adj)	fearsome, frightening, scary
mahnadlókon (adj)	easily frightened, "fraidy-cat" [AE, slg], cowardly [Syn: matáeaw] [Opp: maísog]
haea¹ (RV2)	to chatter, chat; discuss
páeahaea¹ (n)	a talker, chatterbox [Syn: mákaea¹]
hináea¹ (RV5)	to yak; chatter, prattle
háeab [Bkd] (RV1)	to graze, eat grass [Alt: hángeab]
haeákhak (RV5)	to guffaw, laugh very loud
háead (RV2)	to give, grant, offer
háead (n)	gift, offering
haeághag (adj)	loose, not compact, not tight [Cf: haeugá¹]
háeang (ST5)	to be shocked by one's strong words or opinion;
	to find hot and spicy
maháeang (adj)	spicy, hot [referring to flavor, not temperature]
haeángdon (adj)	honorable, respected [Syn: taeahóron]
háeas (RV1)	to wind up (around), twine [Alt: áeas] [tree] <u>Ganophyllum falcatum</u> .
haeás (n)	barrio of New Washington [Cf: Halás]
Jalás (n)	to wind up carefully [string, twine, lot clock]
háeaw (RV1)	to hang (out) [laundry]
haeáy (RV2)	line for drying out clothes, clothesline
haeayán (n)	price, asking price [Cf: bíl(h)]
háega(h) (n)	to quote a price [not fixed, but subject to reduction]
háega (RV3)	loose-fitting, not tight [Syn: haeugá¹]
háehae (adj)	[ližard--large, eats chickens]
haeó(h) (n)	dull, ignorant, hard of hearing
haeó [idm] (adj)	pestle, pounding stick [Cf: almirís, eüsóng]
háe-o (n)	[mud fish]
haeuán (n)	to swell (up)
háeok (RV7)	swollen
haeók (adj)	to kiss [Alt: halók] [Akl: haró¹]
haeók [Bkd] (RV3)	to stab (through something) [like through floorboards]
háeog (RV1)	loose, uncrowded, having more room (left) [Opp: piót, hugót]
haeugá¹ (adj)	[Opp: piót, hugót]
haeugay (RV1)	to mix (up), mingle (together) [Alt: eahúgay]
haeóghog (RV3)	to put into, insert [like garter into seam of dress]
háeong (RV3)	to treat carefully/with respect, be careful (or) cautious (with) [Cf: ándam, dáhan]
ímaháeong (adj)	careful, respectful
háeos (Dp)	[Particle expressing a small degree of likelihood or amount]. "almost" "barely" "just about" "hardly" Wa' háeos it habilín. / Hardly anything is left.

háeot (RV3)	to strip down, whittle (away) [smooth]
haeóthot (RV1)	to sew with a big running stitch
hágak (adj)	bragging, boastful, proud, overexaggerating
hágak (RV5)	to wheeze, breathé noisily and with difficulty
hágak (RV1)	to punish, penalize [for losing a game]
hágad (RV1)	to do one's best, struggle, force oneself; coax; to chase [after]
hágad (n)	motorcycle policeman, motocop
hágad pa (expr)	"the thought of it!" "just imagine" [said in shock]
hagae (n) [vul]	playboy
hagae (adj). [vul]	over-sexed, lacking self-control [said of men]
haganás (RV2)	to make a rushing sound [as rain or running river]
hagán-hágan ]ma[ (adj)	reasonable; within reach, peaceful; normal [Opp: eáw-ag]
hágard [cor] (n)	motorcade escort; motorcycle policeman [Cf: hágad]
hágdán (n)	stair(s), step(s)
hagdánan (n)	stairway, stairwell
hágeok (RV5)	to wheeze, breathe with difficulty [Cf: hágak]
hághag (RV1)	to shake dirt off of plants (or) roots
hágikhik (n)	[tree]
hagímit (n)	[tree]
hagiyo's (RV7)	to zoom, make the sound of rushing by quickly
hágmang (RV6)	to lie on one's belly, lie prostrate [almost lifeless]
hagnáya(h) (n)	[vine--used as twine] <u>Nephrolepis hirsutula</u> .
hagnoe ]ma[ (adj)	not crisp or crunchy, rubbery [texture] [Opp: ágto']
hagókhok (n)	[insect--small, flying]
hág-om (RV2)	to soak, marinate [for a long time]
hagunóng (RV7)	to whir, hum [sound of machine]; whisper, murmur [sound of the wind]
hágong (RV5)	to groan, moan [due to severe pain or sickness]
hágóng (adj)	in death throes due to disease; dead due to some sickness [said of animals and the meat they have]
	Ayáw it káon ay hágóng ron. / Don't eat it because the animal died of sickness.
hagupít (n)	[tree--fruits eaten by children] <u>Ficus ulmifolia</u> .
haguýam-ot (n)	mixed green vegetables [preparation]
hágtoh (adj)	saturated
hágyo' (adj)	light; subtle
há-ha' (RV1)	to pull out, take out of enclosure (or) box [in one piece and with one effort]
halá(h) [Sp] (expr)	"Hey" "Go ahead" "All right." [Syn: sige];
halagasi(h) (n)	[tree] Leucosyne capitellata. [Alt: hanlagasi(h)]
Halás (n)	barrio of New Washington [Alt: Jalás] [Cf: haeás]
háligi(h) (n)	column; post; mainstay, support [of house]

		Si Nánay ro haligi ku átong baeáy. / Mother is the mainstay of our home. [idm]
halí-halí (n)		[snail--edible]
halímaw [Tag] (n)		monster, beast
halim-ay (RV1)		to nurse, take care of a sick person [Alt: hamín-ay]
halimbáwa' [Tag] (n)		example, illustration
halimbáwá' (expt)		for example; such as [Akl: pananglítan]
halimonón (n)		gráss; weed(s) [Cf: hilamón] [Alt: hilamonón]
halímtang (n)		step [of stairs]; grade [in school] [Alt: halíntang]
halín (RV1)		to transfer, move to another place [Cf: húbo']
halín (RV6)		Halín dína'. / Go away.
halín (prep)		to come from; originate, move (from)
		Síñ ka maghalín? / Where have you been? [AE]
		from, out of, out from
		halín sa ákong kabubút-on [idm] / from deep within my heart
		halín sa báñwa hásta sa búkid / from the town to the mountain(s)
ginhalinán (n)		origin(s)
halíntang (n)		step [of stairs]; grade [in school] [Alt: halímtang]
halíng (RV3)		to start [a fire] [Syn: dábok]
halít (RV1)		to ruin, destroy
halít (RV3)		to soak [usually in a solution, like lime water, etc.]
haló' [Tag], (RV1)		to mix, mingle, intermix [Syn: eahúgay]
haló' (n)		mixture, admixture
haló'-haló' (adj)		Ro áñang Inglis may haló' nga binisaya'. / His English has an admixture of Visayan.
haló'-haló' (n)		mixed up, assorted, varied
haloblák [Eng] (n)		[iced dessert made of mixed fruits and milk]
halók [Hil] (RV3)		hollow block(s), bricks
hámak (A. det)		to kiss [Akl: haró'] [Bkd: haéók]
		[Particle used for strong emphasis or stress.]
		"very, very..." "exceptionally"
hámak nga kábtihay		/ so very, very long
hámak nga binálík-bálík		/ so very, very many repetitions
hámak ]pa[ (CV)		to be wasteful, careless, extravagant (with)
hámak [Oak] (intj)		"just imagine!" "think of it!" [in shock or surprise]
hám-an (Qp)		Hámak, Juán, may nagsúgíd... / Just imagine, John, someone told...
hamángae (n)		why? [usually followed by the marker <u>it</u> ]
		Hám-an it makarón? / Why like that?
		[Cf: pám-an, hám-at]
		[tree--medicinal uses]

hámay-hámay (adj)	light, not deep, not serious [Opp: hamdok] Hámay-hámay ako mágkátueög. / I sleep very lightly. Hámay-hámay eang imáw kon ga-öbra. / He doesn't take his work seriously.
hámbae (RV1) hámbae (RV2)	to speak (to), tell [someone] [Opp: hípos] to say, speak, tell [something] Jhámbae ko ra. / I will say this. Hámbaeón ko imáw. / I will speak to him.
kahámbae (n) hilinámbae (RV8) hueohámbae (n) sihámbae (RV8)	fellow speaker, someone you talk(ed) to to speak to one another, talk together chit-chat, chat; a brief talk to interrupt one another [while speaking], to speak at one and the same time [Syn: hilinámbae]
hámbae [idm] (RV3) hambuáya (n) hámbog (adj) hámbol [Eng] (adj) hámeos (RV1) hamín-ay (RV1) hámno' (RV1)	to counsel, advise [tree]* <u>Fagraea racemosa</u> , proud, swell-headed, boastful [Syn: bugaeón] humble; lowly, poor [Akl: mapainubsánion] to pet to nurse, take care of (a sick person) [Alt: halím-ay] to put away, keep inside [Syn: tágó']
hamó (h) (n) hamó (RV3) hamó' (RV1) hamúad (RV7) hámok [Eng] (n) hamue-áwon (n) hamóg (RV3) hám-og (n)	cloth used for baby's diaper to swaddle, diaper, put on a diaper to "oil", "milk" [AE], get a favor (from) to be abundant, be prosperous [Opp: makinót] hammock [Akl: dúyan] [tree, lumber] molave, <u>Vitex parviflora</u> Juss. to sprinkle clothes before ironing [Cf: wisík] dew [Syn: tún-ög] dewy
mahám-og (adj) hamóg-hamóg (n) hamúgni' (n) hamó'-hamó' (RV1)	[grass--tall, vinelike] [tree] to pacify, appease, be on good terms [Cf: hamó'] [Cf: úeog-úeog, áeam-áeam]
hamón [Sp] (n) hamungáya' (adj) kahamungayáan (n) hamuók (adj)	ham comfortable, peaceful, secure, stable peaceful state (due to security) [emotional, financial] deep, sound [sleep] [Cf: múok] [Opp: hápaw]
hamúot (adj) hamút-an (adj)	Hamuók ro ánang katuégon. / He is in a deep sleep. sincere; near to one's heart, heart-felt [Cf: buót] beloved, close to one's heart, very dear hamút-an kong ábyan / my beloved friend
pahamúot (CV)	to endear oneself [to another]

hámos ]maʃ (adj)	neat, clean. [Syn: hímos, malípson] [Opp: magamó]
hámpak (RV1)	to beat, belt, spank, slap. [Cf: búnae, púdlos]
hámpak (n)	weapon for beating
hámpang (RV2)	to play (a game)
kahámpang (n)	playmate
hámpang (RV3)	to play (with)
haeampángán (n)	Hampangi ring máng hod. / Play with your brother.
hampángan (n)	playroom; playground, place for playing
hámatak (n)	toy, plaything
hám tang (ST3)	[bean--long] <u>Vigna sesquipedalis</u> .
haeamtángan (n)	to be situated, located, placed
hám tang (conj)	Ro jilhan nahámtang sa eúgtá' nga matáas. / The place is situated on high land.
hám tik (n)	location, situation
hám tong (adj)	while, meanwhile [Alt: sám tang]
haná' (dem)	Mabása ánay akó hám tang ówá' pa imáw. / I will read while waiting for him. [AE]
hanágdong (n)	[wasp--small]
hanálbon (n)	physically and mentally mature
hanás (adj)	"there is" [Ctr: hay raná'] [G: 162] [Cf: iná'] [speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Alt: hanhá']
hanás (RV1)	Haná' ro imo. / That over there is yours.
hanáyhay (adj)	[tree] <u>Trema orientalis</u> L.
hádom (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Blumea balsamifera</u> (L) DC.
handóm (RV1)	well-trained, careful, well taken care of
handómánan (n)	to train well, take good care of
hándong (n)	gently sloping, slightly inclined [Cf: pátag]
mahándong (adj)	goal, ambition, desire, wish, expectation [Cf: dámgo]
mahuéhándong (adj)	to cherish, dream of, aspire, hope for
handuráwan [Bkd] (n)	remembrance, souvenir
hándos (RV1)	shade, shadow
hanha' (dem)	shady, shaded
hanig (n)	somewhat shady; cooler
hanig (RV3)	picture [Syn: laráwan]
[idm]	to thrust, jab [a sword] [Syn: buñó']
haníng (adj) [Oak]	"there is" [G: 162] [Cf: haná']
haníng (adj)	pan liner, shield between bottom of pot and rice cooking inside [such as a banana leaf]
	to put a shield or liner (between)
	Hanig imáw sa impýérno. / He is at the bottom of hell.
	the late, the deceased, the former
	si Haníng Juán / the late John...
	such, of such a sort, <u>that kind</u> [always meant with

derogatory implications]

Owá' akó naíla' ku haning mga tåwo ngárón. / I don't at all like that sort of people.

[tree] Leucosyke capitellata. [Alt: halagásí]

barrio of Libakaw [Alt: Jánlúd]

to get bruised [said of fruits]

bruised and rotten [fruits]

consent, agreement

to come to an agreement; consent (to)

Si Juán nagpahanúgot nga ra ungá' hay káslon hinágá. / John consented that his daughter would be married tomorrow.

concerning, about

Naghámbae imáw hanungód sa áñang ginhalinán. / He spoke about his origins.

to apply to, include (or) put with

Ipahanungód ko sa ímong útang. / I'll apply this to your debts.

subject; commemoration

to beat [with a stick]

stick [for beating]

grown up, physically and mentally matured

deep within, from deep down

hántop sa áñang tagipusó-on / from deep within his heart

to let originate deep (within one's heart)

to admire, marvel (at) [Akl: ngáwá(h)]

to intend, try, aspire (for/to) [Cf: hinguhá']

to be unyielding, make another try very hard [before finally giving in or giving permission]

joke, trick

to joke with, trick, fool (around/with)

Indi' kunó imáw mahangáean. / They say that he cannot be joked with.

to joke with one another

few, not many [Alt: hánggan] [Syn: piláng báto]

to graze, eat grass/fodder

Náno ring gústo hangeábon? / What are you trying to say?

to put to pasture, set out to pasture

few, not many

Hánggan pa eang ro.táwo sa eskuylahán. / There are just a few people at the school.

large, big [Syn: mabahóe] [Opp: maístan]

hanggop (RV1)	to inhale [smoke] [Opp: bugá(h)] [Syn: higop]
hanggop (n)	[fish]
hanghang ]ma[ (adj) [idm]	thirsty, parched, dried out [Syn: dhaw]. Mahánghang raáng pagginháwa. / I can hardly breathe.
hángin (n) [idm]	air; wind
hanginon (adj)	May hángin dá tieo. / He is crazy.
mahángin (adj)	pretentious, boastful; crazy, foolish
pahángin (CV)	windy: stormy
pahángin-hángin (RV6)	to let fresh air blow over [something]
	to go out for some fresh air, get a breath of fresh air Mapahángin-hángin akó. / I'll go out for a breath of fresh air. [AE]
	***THE NAMES OF THE WINDS**
amíhan	Northeast Wind
kaeábkab	West/Southwest Wind
kanáway	North Wind
habágat	South Wind
saeátan	Southeast Wind
tímog	East Wind
hanger [Eng] (n)	hanger [for clothes] [Akl: saeabe(yan)]
hanger (RV2)	to hang up [on a clothes hanger]
hángit (ST2)	to be irritated, provoked, angry
makáhaeángit (adj)	irritating, irksome
mahangít (adj)	irritable
hangó' (adj)	loose [tooth]
hangó' (RV1)	to loosen, make loose
hangop (RV1)	to aspire, wish, hope (for); plan
mahinaeángpon (adj)	ambitious, optimistic, always aspiring [Alt: mahinangpánon]
hángos (RV5)	to pant [from loss of breath]
hángos (adj)	breathless
haóm (ST3)(ST2)	to be ready, prepared [said of person or thing]
haóm (adj)	all set, prepared, ready
paháom (CV)	to prepare, get ready
	Pahaóma ro kwárto pára sa bisítá. / Prepare the room for the visitor.
háon (RV1)	to take off from the fire [Opp: eús-on]
hapá' (adj)	flat on one's front side, prostrate [Opp: kayá']
hapá' (RV4)	to lie down flat (over); cover (with one's body) Ginháp-an nána ra mángód pageupók kú dinamítá. / He covered his younger brother with his body when the dynamite exploded.
hapák (adj)	careless, messy [person] [Opp: määmlig]

hápág [Tag] (n)	table [Akl: pápag]
hápaw (RV1)	to fill to the brim
hápaw-hápaw (adj)	not quite to the brim; barely enough [sleep]
hápay (RV6)	to bend, lean over [Opp: tísro(h), tádlóng]
hápay (adj)	bent over, leaning
hápay-hápay (RV7)	to wave back and forth
pahápay (CV)	to bend over, cause to lean over
hápdi' (RV7)	to cause pain, smart, hurt a lot [Cf: hápdos]
hápdi' (ST5)	to be in pain, feel a smarting pain
mahápdi' (adj)	Nahapdi-án akó ku asín sa ákong niná. / I was in
hápdos (RV7)	pain from the salt [that got] into my wound.
mahápdos (adj)	smarting, painful, hurting [Syn: maeáea]
hápgot (RV1)	to hurt a little, be painful
hápín (RV3)	painful, irritating [Cf: hápdi']
hapín (n)	to whip, lash
hápit (RV1)	to put something underneath [to protect the bottom
hápit (RV2)	surface from heat, dirt or the like]
hápit (RV6)	Hapíni agód di' ka hipásó!. / Put something under
háplit (RV1)	it so that you won't get burned.
háplit (RV2)	cover, covering, placemat [something put under a
háplit (adj)	dirty or hot object to keep it from soiling or burning
hápñig. (RV1)	anything else]
hápo' (ST1)	to stop for, pick up—[while on one's way]
hápo' (RV5)	to deliver, drop off [while on one's way]
hápo' (n)	Hapítá, akó it alás says. / Pick me up at 6 o'clock.
mahápo' (adj)	Hapítán kána ra. / Deliver this to him [on your way].
hápuháp (RV1)	to stop in, drop in, drop by for a visit
hápon (n)	Hápít ánay. [idm] / Drop in for a minute.
kahápon (adv)	to whip, lash [Syn: hápgót]
kahaponánon (n)	to paste, attach, put up
ihápon (n)	pasted; flat, form-fitting
	to carefully place one layer on top of another,
	pile up carefully one by one
	to pant, breathe fast
	to wheeze, be asthmatic
	asthmá [disease]
	exhausting, causing one to breathe fast
	[Alt: makahaeápo']
	to feel around, feel for [something--as when searching a thief for something stolen or for a weapon]
	afternoon
	yesterday [Cf: kahápon]
	dusk, late afternoon
	supper, evening meal [Cf: ihápon]

hápon (RV6)	to roost, go to roost, perch, settle down [birds]
hapónan (n)	perching rod or twig, roost
Hapón (n)	Japan; Japanese [person]
hinapón (RV5)	to speak or act Japanese
hinapón (n)	Japanese [language]
hapón-hapón (n)	[mushroom]
hára(h) [Sp] (n)	dart, blowdart [for blowgun] [Cf: súmpit]
hára (dem)	"here is" [Ctr: hay ráya] [G. 162] [Cf: iyá]
	[speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Alt: háyra]
	Háyra sánda tamán. / Here they are all together.
harána(h) [Sp] (n)	serenade
harána (RV3)	to serenade
harapón (adj)	Ginaharanáhan imáw káda gabii. / She is serenaded every evening.
harás-harás (adj)	nearly blind, near-sighted, myopic, can hardly see
háray-háray (RV6)	rough, wild, irresponsible, careless [Opp: hanás]
hárbor [Eng] (n)	to be happy-go-lucky, not have a care in the world
hárdih [Sp] (n)	harbor [Sp: pwérto]
hardinéro (n)	garden
hári (n)	gardener [Syn: hortiláno]
ginhari-an (n)	king; the head [of a coin]
hári' (RV3)	kingdom, domain
hari-áñon (adj)	to govern, rule, dominate, control
harina(h) [Sp] (n)	of royal blood, of regal descent
haró' (RV4)	flour
haró' (n)	to kiss [Hil: halók]
harón (dem)	Ayáw imáw pagharo-i. / Don't kiss her.
hásá'-hásá' (n)	kiss
hásang (n)	"there is" "over there" [Ctr: hay rúyon] [G. 162]
háshas (RV1)	[speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Cf: uná']
hashásán (n)	Harón do ímong hueáy. / There is your share.
háslo' (adj)	[fish]
hásó' [vul] (RV1)	gill [of fish]
hásó' [slg] (RV1)	to fan, blow [the fire]
hásó' (adj)	bellows, blower
hástá [Sp] (prep)	no good, useless [Syn: bulók, owát pueós]
hástá (conj)	to masturbate
hátag [Hil] (RV2)	to screw, make a sucker of [someóné]
hátkek [Eng] (n)	foolish, silly, crazy, worthless [person]
háthat (RV1)	until, to, up to [Oak: túbtub]
	until, up to that time when [Alt: ásta]
	to give [something] [Akl: taó]
	hot cake, pancake
	to spread out [Opp: balílin]

hatō' (dem)	"there is", "over there" [Ctr: hay ratō] [G. 162] [speaker-oriented demonstrative] [Alt: haratō] Hatō ro ándang bacáy. / That's their house over there. [Cf: idto]
hatōd (RV2)	to escort, take, deliver safely, conduct [Syn: due-ong] Hátdan imáw. / Escort him.
hátoe (RV3)	to judge, render judgment [Syn: senténsiya(h)]
háwa' (RV3)	to give way (to), make room (for)
háwa' (RV1)	to push apart, separate [Cf: bueág] Ginháwa' nána ro nagaáway. / He separated the fighters.
háwak (n)	waist Tagaháwak ro túbi'. / The water is up to one's waist.
háwag (ST2)	to be anxious, worried
háwág (RV3)	to be anxious (for), worried (about) Ayaw magháwag ay wat piligró. / Don't worry, there's no danger.
háwan (RV3)	to clear up, clean up, make open [Opp: magamó] clear, having no obstructions, expansive
maháwan (adj)	to take out (from container)
háw-as (RV1)	to be free (of), be rid (of) Haw-asá kamí sa kalisdánan. / Free us of our problems.
háw-as (idm) (RV1)	to hover, float in the air [Syn: ántad], [Opp: díot] to restrain, retain, hold back, hold (on to); make stay Ginhawíran akó nánda. / They wouldn't let me leave. share, portion [something kept or retained] Dáya ro ímong háwid. / This is your share.
háwid (RV3)	[tree] <u>Ficus haufli</u> .
háwid (n)	barrio of Tangalan [noted for its waterfall and seven/ natural basins; excursion spot] /hawili'/
hawili' (n)	cage, jail
Jawili' (n)	to test, get a taste beforehand [said of sampling food] to bend over [due to excessive weight]
háwla [Sp] (n)	bent [Opp: tádlóng, tándos]
hawók (RV1)	[Particle showing the predicate or "news" of a sen- tence, particularly when the word order is revere- sed or changed about; often translated by English "is" or other form of verb "to be", though such transla- tion is not idiomatic on all occasions.]
háwod (RV7)	Imáw hay wa' gatuón. / He does not study.
hawód (adj)	Rondáya hay ímo. / This is yours. [Ímo rondáya.]
hay (Tp)	Ro singsing háy maháe. / The ring is expensive.

hay (intj)	[The sound of a sigh.] "ah" "oh" Hay, dimálas akó. / Oh, I'm so unlucky.
pangháyay (n) pangháyay (RV5)	sigh to sigh [usually a sign of boredom or sadness]
hay' (Dp) (intj)	"well" "so". "oh" [particle usually expressing anticipation, requiring further information] /hai'/
hayag (RV7)	Hay', náñó eon? / Well, what now?
kaháyag (n)	Hay', iyá ka galí'. / Well, so you're here [too].
hayág (adj)	to burn [lamp, lantern]; to be on [electric light]
maháyag (adj)	brilliance, radiance, light
paháyag (CV)	proven; clear, established
pahayagán (n)	bright, brilliant [Opp: madueóm] [Syn: maáthag]
hayáhay [Oak] (n)	to light (up) [a lamp], turn on (light); illustrate, enlighten, clarify
hayáng (RV6)	Pahayaga ánay ro iwág. / Please turn on the light.
haylo(h) [Oak] (RV2)	Ginpaháyag nána ro balítá'. / He clarified the news.
hayó' (n)	periodical, journal
hayumá(h) (n)	flag [Syn: bandéra]
hayop. (n)	to lie on one's back [Syn: kayá']
kahayópan (n)	to adopt, take up [a plan of action]
hayra (dem)	nickname, pet name
hayron (dem)	bamboo blade [for cutting fibers]
haytö (dem)	mammal(s); cattle [Cf: sápat]
hi--- (pfx)	herd [Syn: manára']
hibayág (RV3)	"here is" "over here" [G. 162] [Cf: hará]
hueóhibayág (RV3)	"there is" "over there" [G. 162] [Cf: harón]
pahibayág (CV)	"there is" "over there" [G. 162] [Cf: ható]
hibí' [Hil] (RV5)	[Prefix for verbs in accidental or happenstance mode] [G. 67-68] [D. 19, 22]
hibo' (RV1)	Bási' hiádto ka. / You might get a chance to go.
hika' [Tag]. (n)	Hikáon sabón do pandúlsi bágo mag-ihapón. / The dessert might get eaten before dinner begins.
hiká-on (adj)	to laugh (at)
hikaw (RV3)	Ayáw akó paghibaygi. / Don't laugh at me.
hikaw (ST2)	to laugh a little, snicker (at)
mahíkaw (adj)	to make [someone] laugh
mahilikáwon (adj)	to cry, whimper [Akl: tángis]
	to rub, smear [in/on] [like a medicine] [Syn: bányos].
	asthma [Akl: hápo']
	asthmatic
	to be envious, jealous (of); be possessive, greedy
	to be jealous, envious
	stingy, greedy, miserly
	very jealous, extremely envious [by nature]

híkay (RV3)	to despise, begrudge, grumble (about); belittle
híkdo' (RV6)	to gasp for breath [after crying]
híkot (RV1)	to cook, prepare (food) [Syn: éáha', híwat]
hidáit (RV6)	to be/live in peace
paghidáit (n)	peace and quiet, peacefulness
hidlaw (ST1)	to long for, miss; be homesick
kahidláwon (n)	longing; homesickness
makahidlálaw (adj)	causing one to be(come) homesick or filled with longing
híganti(h) [Sp] (n)	giant [sup] [Cf: kápri, hueárog] [Opp: énáno]
hígko' (n)	dirt [Cf: tapá-tapá]
mahígko' (adj)	dirty [Syn: madaéók] [Opp: límpyo, matínlo']
hígí' (RV7)	to be dirty, have dirt
hígúgma (n)	love [Alt: gígma] [Opp: kanáw-ay]
hígúgma (RV1)	to love, be in love (with) [Syn: maháe]
hínigúgma (adj)	Ginahígúgma ko ikáw. / I love you.
mahígugmá-on (adj)	beloved
hígop (RV1)	hínigúgma kong ginikánan / my beloved parents
hígot (RV3)	loving [Alt: mahinígugmá-on]
hígót (n)	to inhale; sip [Cf: yúpyup; súpsup] [Syn: súyop]
hilá(h) [Tag] (RV1)	to tie up
hilab (ST5)	Higtí ánáy ron. / Please tie that up.
mahilab, (adj)	string [for tying]
hilak (ST2)	to pull [Akl: bútong, bírá(h)]
kahilak (RV3)	to get an upset stomach [due to starchy, fatty foods]
mahilak (adj)	Nahilában akó it báboy. / Pork gives me an upset stomach.
hilágis (RV3)	starchy, greasy, fatty [foods]
hilahís (RV4)	to be unwilling, hesitant, reserved; have reservations (about)
[idm]	to be stingy, overcautious [Opp: átag]
hilamón (RV3)	hesitant; stingy
hilamonón (n)	Ayáw mahilak sing kabúdlay sa pagtábang siing isígkatáwo. / Don't be stingy in your struggles to assist your fellowman.
pahilamón (CV)	to strip, scrape (down) [with blade]
hilám-os (RV3)	to rub against [like a cow scratching itself against a tree or fence]
	Nagáhiniláhis gid it-a imáw. / She is flirting.
	to pull grass out, pull weeds
	Hilánni ráyang párté. / Pull out the grass here.
	grass [Alt: halimonón]
	to have the grass/weeds pulled (out)
	to wash one's face [Alt: panghilám-os]

hiláp (RV1)	to slice, cut [meats, fruits]; to skin [an animal] slice, cut
hiláp (n)	Táw-i akót sáḡ hiláp. / Give me one slice.
hiláw (adj)	raw, uncooked; unripe [Opp: eahá'; ééto'] Hiláw pā ro kárne. / The meat is still raw. Hiláw pa ro sáḡing. / The banana is not ripe yet.
mangingilaw [sup] (n)	cannibalistic ogre(s)
hiláy (RV6)	to lean (over) [Syn: sándig]
pahiláy-hiláy (CV)	to rest on one's side; put into leaning position
pahiláy-hiláy [idm]	to rest a while, lie down for a short nap
hilbá [Sp] (n)	[herb--medicinal] [Sp: hierba]
hilba bwéna (n)	mint. <u>Mentha arvensis</u> L.
hilba maliyóng (n)	[herb--medicinal]
hili--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix showing collectivity or togetherness,]
hiliáno (n)	hiliánad / getting to know one another
hiliáno (RV8)	hiliúnón, / mutual understanding.
hilig jma[ (adj)	mutual understanding, agreement [Alt: hiliámo]
hilig (n)	to seek to understand one another
hili-hi' (RV5)	fond of, inclined to, having a liking for
hilit (n)	hobby
hilíw-as (RV5)	to snicker, cackle
helmet [Eng] (n)	corner, side [Syn: binít]
hilmon (ST2, 3)	to exclude oneself from any responsibility or cor- rection; "pass the buck" [AE, slg]
hiló (ST2)	helmet
hiló [Sp] (n)	to be noticeable
hiló (n)	Wa' paghilmoná ro mánsa. / The stain wasn't noticeable. indi' hilmonón / unnoticeable
hiló (RV3)	to become dizzy, feel faint [Cf: dismáyo]
makahilílo' (adj)	thread [for sewing]
hil-o(h) (RV1, 3)	poison
hil-ob (RV1)	to poison [someone]
hilóng (adj)	poisonous
makahillóng (adj)	to help one another, exchange services [free of charge] [Cf: sagibín]
paeahlílong (n)	to finish (off), complete
hilot (RV1)	Hil-obá ro pag-arádo. / Finish off the plowing.
manóghilot (n)	drunk, intoxicated [gen]; "pickled", "bombed" [slg]
hilway jma[ (adj)	intoxicating, quickly makes one drunk.
kahilwáyan (n)	drunkard
	to restore a broken bone; massage [Cf: masáhi(h)]
	masseur/masseuse; chiropractor, bone setter
	untroubled, prosperous, free (from troubles)
	freedom, prosperity, peace of mind

himá' (n)	black dirt line [in groin and other joints of body]
himakóg (RV3)	to debone, bone [Cf: bákog]
himáeo! (RV5)	to remark, mention, utter a word
himáya' (n)	Ayáw maghimáeo', bási' maákig sánda. / Don't make any remarks, they might get angry.
himáya' (RV3)	glory [Opp: katisod]
mahimayá-on (adj)	to give glory (to)
himayáng [Oak] (ST)	glorious
indi' himayáng [idm]	to be at rest
himbis (n)	restless, uneasy
himbis (RV3)	scale [of fish]
himbisón (adj)	to take off the scales, scale
Himbis (n)	full of scales
Jíméno [Sp] (n)	sitio in Batan
pahimíno [idm] (RV9)	[the old name for the town of Altavas, Aklan]
himó' (RV1)	to travel far and wide; "have smooth sailing on a long journey" [AE]
himímo' (Dp)	Sádyá' ro ámong biyáhë; mat nagpahimíno eang kami. / We had a fine journey, as if we only went to Jimeno.
kon mahímo' [idm]	to do, make, work (on), produce
hilimó-on (n)	Náno ro átong himó-on kára? / What shall we do in this instance?
himok [Tag] (RV1)	"possible" "may" "can be"
himúd-os (RV3)	if possible [Syn: kon pwéde, kon saráng].
himueát (RV3)	act(s), deed(s)
himuebue (RV3)	to persuade, convince [Syn: kombínyo; pilit]
himunóng (RV6)	to worry (about)
him-ong (RV6)	to try (one's best), strive (for better)
himungnán (n)	Himueáti nga maghamíad ro ímong pángabúhi!. / Try to be prosperous in your life.
pahimungnan (n)	Naghimueat gid imáw nga mag-abogádo. / He tried his very best to become a lawyer.
himos (RV1)	to pluck [hairs, feathers], defeather; pull out, depilate [Cf: búebue]
himungnán (n)	to settle down, relax [gen]; "cool it" [slg, AE]
pahimungnan (n)	to be still, not move [Opp: húeag]
himos (RV1)	Kon maánad rong ueáng sa kainit kung bága, naghim-ong. [max] / When the shrimp gets used to the heat of the coals, then he is still.
himos (RV1)	address
himos (RV1)	residence
himos (RV1)	to clean up, tidy up, put away [one's things]
himos (RV1)	[Opp: kálhit]

himot (RV3)	to have a desire, wish, plan (for) [Syn: hándor]
himót (n)	grudge
himót (RV4)	to bear a grudge; plot (against)
himpít [Oak] (adj)	earnest, sincere, true, deep, eager
himtang [Oak] (ST3)	to be situated, given a place [Alt: hámtang]
kahimtángan (n)	position, situation; way of life; status
hína' jma[ [Tag] (adj)	slow, behind the times, not up to par, not as good as expected, "dragging" [AE, slg] [Akl: hinay]
hinabit (RV3)	to mention, speak of
panaeabiton (n)	Ginahinábtan ka pérmí ni Nánay. / Mother is always mentioning your name.
hiñakí (n)	saying, maxim, motto
hinaking káhoy (n)	coconut oil shampoo
hinakít (RV4) [Oak]	[bark of tree—used as a shampoo] [Cf: g6-go']
hinakít (RV4) [Tag]	to sympathize with [somebody's loss] [Cf: sakit]
[note]	to have ill feeling(s) toward, feel bad about
	[Tagalog use seems to be overriding the older Aklanon meaning in current Aklanon.]
hin-ága (adv)	tomorrow [Cf: ága]
hináli' (adv)	suddenly, immediately [Cf.: dalf'] [Syn: gilpi(h)]
hináli' (ST5)	to be shocked [by bad news]; be taken aback
hinángiban (n)	weapon, arm(s) [Cf: ármas, wípon]
hínay (RV1)	to go slowly (or) softly, not be loud (or) fast
	[Opp: dásig, bákas, báskog] [Syn: húsay]
	Hináya ring hámbar, bási' may gapamatí'. / Lower your voice, someone may be listening.
mahinay. (adj)	soft, quiet [for voice, radio]; slow [pace, speed]
hindúna' (adv)	later on; in a little while, soon [Opp: káina]
hínchin (RV7)	hindúnang hápon / later on this afternoon
hín-hin jma[ [Tag] (adj)	to separate and tangle together [said of fibers]
hinébra [Sp] (n)	feminine, lady-like, modest [Akl: maligdong]
hiníng-hining (RV7)	gin [liquor] [Syn: kwátro kántos]
henerál [Sp] (n)	to be very shiny/brilliant [surface] [Syn: gilák]
hínis (RV3)	general
hín-isá (adv)	to wipe clean [like using a piece of bread to clean off a plate]
hinukeógon jma[ (adj)	the day after tomorrow
hindésoe (RV2)	kind-hearted, "soft" [AE, slg]
	to repent (of), regret, feel sorry (for) [sins]
hindág (Neg)	Nagahimíesoe imáw ku ánang kasae-ánan. / He feels sorry for his sins.
	"stop" "don't" [used in commands] [Cf: ayáw]
	Hindág it hinángae kákon. / Stop joking me.
	Hinúgáy karón. / Stop that.

hinolibyas (RV8)	to miss [one another] along the way, pass without seeing, not meet [Opp: subeang] Naghinolbyas ro ándang paino-ino, / There was no meeting of their minds.
hín-unó (Qp)	when [in the future]? [Opp: kán-o / when (past)] Hin-unó kitá mapánaw? / When will we leave?
hintá-hínta (RV5)	[G. 193] [used with future forms of the verb] to pant; breathe heavily [from being very full after eating] Nagahínta-hínta akó sa kabueúsgon. / I'm panting from being so full.
hintígot [Tag, Hil] (CV) ]pa[	to give permission, allow [Akl: sugót]
hényo [Sp] (n)	looks, face; character [Sp: génio]
hínyo' (RV1)	to request, ask
hing--- (pfx)	[generative verb prefix found in many derivations]
híngah (Dp)	hingabót / be hard on; prosecute panghinakít / sympathize (with) [Particle used to express some likelihood] "likely" "almost" "closely". [Alt: mahíngan] [G. 203] Makarón híngan. / Almost like that.
híngbis (n)	scale [of fish] [Alt: hímbis]
hingúha' (RV1)	to attempt, try, make an effort (to) [Alt: tinguhá']
híngyo' [Lib] (RV1)	to ask, request [Alt: hínyo']
hiód (RV1)	to stretch (out) [like stretching the body]
hípag (n)	sister-in-law. [Cf: bayáw / brother-in-law]
hípi [Sp] (n)	chief of police; major; leader [Sp: jefe]
hípi [Eng] (n)	hippy; social revolutionary
hípid (RV3)	to be careful (with one's things), be neat (with) neat, clean, meticulous, careful [Opp: buhá-ha']
mahípid (adj)	neat, clean, meticulous [Alt: mahípid]
hípig ]ma[ [Bkd] (adj)	to fill up
hípno' (RV1, 3)	hipnotísmo(h) [Sp] (RV1) to hypnotize [Akl: patúeo]
hipnótismo (n)	[shrimp--small]
hípon (n)	to keep silence, be quiet [Opp: lingáw]
hípos (RV6)	silence, quietness, quietude
kahípos (n)	silent, quiet
mahípos (adj)	to silence, have keep quiet
pahípos (CV)	to keep secret
hípos (RV3)	dull, not sharp
hírae (adj)	to blunt, make dull
Hírae (RV1)	[bird]
hiráw (n)	hair band, hair ribbon [Akl: higót sa buhók]
hérbán [Eng] (n)	to giggle [Syn: ngísngis]
hirí-hí' (RV6)	hermit [Cf: ermítá] [Alt: ermitáyo]
hermitáyo [Sp] (n)	hero [Alt: híros] [Akl: bagáhi(h)]

hirop Jma[ (adj)	friendly, loving, warm [Syn: eueot]
hérpín [Eng] (n)	hairpin, bobby pin [Akl: sipít]
hisá' (RV3)	to envy; betray [due to envy]
mahisa' (adj)	envious, selfish, possessive [Cf: híkaw]
heswítas [Sp] (n)	Jesuit [priest]
hítá' (n)	crotch, groin
hitgat (n)	[a string joining both feet and used as support when climbing a tree] . (also RV3)
hithit [Tag] (RV1)	to take a long drag [of a cigarette] [Cf: yúpyup]
hito' (n)	[fish] [Alt: ito']
hito'-hito' ]pa[ (CV)	to be resourceful, have ways and means [to get things done]
hitsúra (n)	face, looks, appearance
hitsúra lang' [Tag] (slg)	"Never mind." "Cool it." [teenage expression of disgust or dismissal]
"Never mind." "Cool it." [teenage expression of disgust or dismissal]	uneven, ascance, off to one side [Akl: kiwit]
hiwi' [Hil] (adj)	"giddiyap" [cry to a horse to get it moving].
hiyá (intj)	one's pride, one's face [Akl: huya']
hiyá' [Tag] (n)	seed; idea, thought, pensee [Syn: bínhí']
hiyas [Oak] (n)	jewels, treasures [Akl: mítya']
hiyás [Tag] (n)	to squeeze
hiyod (RV1)	[insect--tiny, harmless, lives below houses in sand]
hiyo-hiyo (n)	to smile [Hil: yóhom-yóhom]
hiyóm-hiyóm (RV5)	[Tag particle used to attract another's attention, always put at the end of a sentence.] "see", "here", "look" Abí ánay, ho. / Here, give it to me.
ho' (Dp)	Idto imáw, ho. / There he is, see.
Idto imáw, ho. / There he is, see.	Háyra, ho. / Look, here it is.
ho' (intj)	"ho" [cry to stop a horse] [Cf: hiyá]
húbad (RV1)	to unravel, untie, unwind [Opp: higót]
hubág [Hil] (adj)	swollen [Akl: haeók]
hubág-húbag (n)	salted fish [not very dry] [Syn: lamayó]
húbas (RV1)	to take all, gather completely [without leftovers],
hubás (n)	low tide [Alt: hunás] [Opp: tágob]
húbat' [Oak] (RV2)	to say
hueubáton (n)	saying, maxim
húbeag (RV1)	to make a commotion, rattle, shake
húbeas (adj)	naked, unclothed
hóben [Sp, Hil] (adj)	young [Akl: báta']
húbo' (RV1)	to transfer residence, move (out/to)
huk [Tag] (n)	[a member of the Hukbalahap movement--Filipino Communist or revolutionary]
húkas (RV1)	to take off, unhitch
	Húksa ro kortina. / Take off the curtain.

húkás it eáicaw [idm]	cease mourning
hukás (adj)	unhitched, taken off
húkeog (ST2)	to empathize with
mahinukeógon (adj)	sympathetic, compassionate, kind-hearted, warm
húkhuk (RV1)	to eat sloppily and hungrily
húkip (RV3)	to bribe tip [given quietly]
húkoe ]ma[ (adj)	soft and wet [said of cooked rice] {Opp: gíksa}
húkom (RV3)	to judge, give a decision
hukóm (n)	judge [Syn: huwís]
hukmánan (n)	court room
húdot [Bkd]. (RV6)	to have a running nose [Alt: údot]
hoe (intj)	[cry to stop a carabao]
hueá [Oak] (adj)	premature, unripe, immature
hue-ab (RV1)	to take off [like a tile off the wall] [Opp: dukót]
hueábas (n)	prickly heat [skin disease]
hueák [Bkd] (n)	trap [Syn: kísiw]
hueag (RV1)	to move, make a move/motion
mahueag (adj)	always moving, mischievous; flirtatious [woman]
panghúeag (n)	poise; one's movements (or) way of moving/acting
hueagók (RV5)	to shore
hueágpos (RV6)	to escape, manage to run away [Cf: paeagíw]
hueám (RV1)	to borrow
	Hueamón ko ring libro. / I'll borrow your book.
pahueám (CV)	to lend
	Pahueamá ánay akó it kwárta. / Please lend me some money.
hueámang (n)	[vine]
hueánog (RV1)	to do frequently (or) often
hueárog [Bkd] (n)	giant [sup], genie [Cf: higánti, kápri]
hueas (n)	sweat, perspiration
hueas (RV5)	to sweat, perspire
hueas (RV7)	to get condensation on [like a cold glass of water]
	Nagahueas ro báso. / Water vapor is condensing on the glass.
hueás (ST5)	to work at with vigor/devotion; sweat (over)
pinahueásan (n)	fruit of one's labor/hard efforts
	Ro kwárta nga pinahueásan manogdaóg sá sugáe;
hueát (RV1)	ro tinakáwan mapilerdihon. / Money earned the hard way is generally lucky at gambling; stolen money is usually jinxed. [Aklanon maxim among gamblers]
hueueátan (n)	to wait (for)
hueaw (RV7)	Hueatón ko ikáw. / I'll wait for you.
	waiting station
	to stop raining, "let up" [rain only]

hueáy (RV1)	to share, divide, split
hueéay (RV8)	to share with one another
hueáy (n)	Hueueáya ron. / Share that among yourselves.
hueayág (n)	share, portion [Syn: háwid]
hóehoe (RV1)	temporary shelter
hueubáton (n)	to command, ask to do something in an imposing or domineering manner; drive away by saying "hoe"
húeog (RV2)	proverb, saying, maxim [Cf: húbat]
húeog (ST3)	to drop [something]; mail [a letter]
húeog (ST2) [idm]	to fall, get dropped
kahueogán (n)	to fail [a course of study]
hueög (n)	meaning
hueom (RV2)	Náno ro kahueogán it "aeokait"? / What is the meaning of "aeokait"?
hueöng ]ma[ (adj)	woof, weft [cross threads in weaving] [Cf: líndog]
hueöng (RV2)	to soak [in a liquid]; marinate* [Syn: hág-om]
hueöt (n)	dizzy, spinning [usually said of one's head]
hueøy (n)	to grove, suggest, make a motion [at a meeting]
mahueøy (adj)	room divider, partition, division
pahüeøy-hüeoy (CV)	tantalizing eye
hugá' (RV7)	tempting, tantalizing
kahuga-án (n)	to give a tantalizing eye (to)
kahueúg-an (n)	to become hard, difficult [said of life] [Syn: lisöd]
mahugá' (adj)	lack of prosperity, hard times
húgas (RV3)	misery
Hugás (n)	in poor condition, difficult, unprosperous
húgnit (RV1)	to rinse, wash (off)
húgod (RV6)	barrio of New Washington [Alt: Jugás]
húgod (ST5)	to snatch, seize, grab [Syn: sábnit]
kahúgod (n)	to be(come) industrious
mahúgod (adj)	to feel industrious; be obliged (to)
hugóm (RV1)	Nahúgdan akó sa pag-ariya kímo. / I felt obliged to come to you. [AE]
húgom (n)	industry, hard effort(s), exertion
húgon-húgon (RV3)	industrious, hard-working
hugöng (n)	to smell, sniff, detect an odor
hugóng-húgong (n)	odor, smell [neither good nor bad]
hugöp (RV1)	to plan, scheme (against)
mahugöp (adj)	[fish]
húgos (ST3)	rumors [Syn: batí'-báti']
hugöt (RV1)	to domesticate, train
	domesticated; house-trained [Opp: mailá(h)]
	to fall in great quantity
	to tighten, make firm

hugót (adj)	tight, firm, well-fastened [Opp: haeugá']
húgoy-húgoy (n)	breeze, zephyr, slight wind
húgoy-húgoy (RV7)	to blow gently [said of the wind]
húgpóng (RV1)	to gather, cluster, group (together)
húgpóng (n)	bundle; group
húgyaw (RV5)	to make merry, shout for joy [Syn: pangalípay]
hó-ho' (RV1)	to loosen, make loose
hulíkáp (RV1)	to pet, feel around [the body]
húlid (RV3)	to sleep with, share a bed with, be in bed with
kahúlid (n)	bedmate, bed partner
húlin (n)	marble(s), glass bauble(s)
húlip (RV2)	to insert (something into) {a woven thing}; replace woven strips
	Hulípan nínyo ro átong mga bayóng ngá gisí'. / Replace the buri strips on our torn sacks.
hulípyong (RV3)	to squint [in disagreement]
panghulípyong (DV)	to squint in disagreement
Julítá (n)	barrio of Libakaw /hulitah/
hólster [Eng] (n)	holster [for a gun]
Húlyo (n)	July [the month] [Sp: Júlio]
húma(h) (RV5)	to moo [said of cow, carabao]
[idm]	wa' gid-nakahúma / wasn't able to say a word
humán (RV1, ST3)	to finish, complete [Cf: tapús]
humán (adj)	finished, completed
humáng (adv) (Dp)	already [Syn: eágil]
Humaráp (n)	humáng imoe / already poor
humáy (n)	barrio of Banga
húmbak (n)	cooked rice (ready to be eaten) [Syn: kán-on]
mahúmbak (adj)	wave, crest [Syn: baeód]
humbákay (RV6)	wavy, stormy, rough [sea]
húmok (RV7)	to rock [said of a rocking chair]
mahúmok (adj)	to get tender (or) soft [Opp: tig-a(h)]
pahúmok (CV)	tender, soft
húmon (adj)	to tenderize, soften
húmos [Bkd] (RV1)	ripe and ready (to eat) [fruit] [Syn: eúto'] [Opp: buyóg]
humót (RV1)	to crush, crumple [paper] [Alt: kúmos]
	to smell, sniff, take a whiff [Cf: húgom]
mahumót (adj)	Húmta ro sueá'. / Smell that food.
hómsted [Eng] (n)	fragrant, good-smelling
húna'-húna' (RV1)	homestead
húna'-húna' (n)	to speculate, think of, consider [Syn: bána'-bána']
hunás (n)	speculation, idea, thought, consideration
hunás (RV7)	low tide, ebb tide [Opp: táob]
	to ebb [Syn: hubás]

hunf(h) (RV5)	to chirp, sing [like birds or crickets]; to blow [said of whistle or siren]
huning [Oak] (RV1)	to sing [Akl: kánta(h)] [Hil: ámba(h)]
huning-huning (RV1)	to give the tone (before beginning to sing)
panghuning-huningon	
húnit ]ma[ (adj)	(n) [Nab] ballad
húnod (n)	durable, long-lasting [cloth, clothing] [Opp: tapók]
húnos (RV1)	[very fertile wet soil] [quicksand; quickmud]
húnos-húnos (RV1)	to pull (out); draw [gun]
húnos (adj)	to jerk (back and forth), push and pull
Húnyo [Sp] (n)	impolite, ill-mannered, no good
húngag (RV1)	June [month] [Sp: Júnio]
hungág (adj)	to twitch [the nose]
	roomy, loose, baggy, not tight fitting [clothing]
	[Opp: kipót]
	Hungág ra ilóng. / His nose is huge.
[ídm]	
húngkay-húngkay (n)	(n) [shell]
húngkoy (n)	bellows [for fanning fire]; blower
húngit (RV1)	to feed [with spoon or hand]
	Hungítá ro eápsag. / Feed the baby.
hungód (RV1)	to intend, do deliberately/intentionally
hungód (adj)	deliberate, intentional
húngot (n)	[one full coconut shell cup--with only part of the top removed] [Cf: bagóe / 1/2 coconut shell full]
	barrio of Altavas
Hungotón (n)	"yes" [used quite differently than the English equivalent--the Aklanon "yes" can mean "the former" or "yes, your statement (in the negative) is true"]
húo (intj)	Pueá o bérde?... Húo. / Red or green?... Red/ The former.
	Indi'ka mag-ágto?... Húo. / Aren't you going?...
	No, I'm not. [AE]
huót (RV7)	to be tight, pass through with difficulty
huót (adj)	tight-fitting [Syn: gutók] [Opp: haeugá']
paeanghuót (DV)	to be extremely crowded (with people), tightly packed together
	to have a nightmare, have a bad dream [Syn: tupáy]
húpa' (ST1)	to subside, go down [said of water level] [Alt: hupáy]
hupá' (RV7)	to subside, go down [water] [Syn: hubás]
hupáy (RV7)	careful, tidy, neat
húpit ]ma[ (adj)	free-flowing, having little or no resistance
hupít ]ma[ (adj)	Mahupít ro bálpén ngará. / This ballpoint pen writes smoothly. [AE]
hupót. [Oak] (RV3)	to adopt, take upon oneself [Opp: sikway]
	Húptí ro mayád nga batásan ag isikway ro maeán.

hópya' [Ch] (n)	/ Adopt the good habits and let go of the bad.
húring-húring (RV2)	[a pastry filled with sweetmeats and vegetables]
hórmá(h) [Sp] (n)	to whisper [Syn: hótik-hútik]
hórmá (RV3)	form, shape, mold, imprint
hormáhan (n)	to shape, form, mold
hérno(h) [Sp] (RV1)	mold
hornóhan (n)	to bake
hurubáton [Bkd] (n)	oven
huróng (adj)	proverb, saying [Alt: hueubáton] [Syn: bilisád-on]
hurós (RV7)	tough, bullying, "wise" [guy] [AE, slg] [Syn: buyóng]
hortilánó [Sp] (n)	to slip (off); become loose
hos (expr)	gardiner
húsa' (n)	[term used to sic a dog on another person][Cf: páis-is]
owát húsa' [idm]	obstruction, obstacle
húsay (RV1)	clear, visible; obvious
húsay [idm] (RV1)	to become/get slower
kahúsay (n)	to patch up, pacify; clear one's debts
mahúsay (adj)	peacefulness, peace, quiet
pahúsay (CV)	slow, quiet; peaceful
husgar [Sp] (RV3)	to let [other's] come to an agreement, pacify
husgádo (n)	to judge [Akl: hukóm]
huwís (n)	court
húshús (RV1)	judge
húshus (ST5)	to miscarry, abort [naturally]
pahúshus (CV)	to have a miscarriage
húslog (ST2)	to abort, have an abortion
hospitábli [Eng. cor]	to fall down [steps] [Syn: húeog]
hospitál [Sp] (n)	(adj) hospitable, friendly, warm
hustísyá [Sp] (n)	hospital
hústo [Sp] (adj)	justice [Akl: kataróngan]; peace officer
hutik (RV2)	right, enough, correct, sufficient [Syn: támá']
hueutíkan (RV8)	to whisper
hutik-hútik (n)	to whisper to one another
hotél [Eng] (n)	rumor
hotuhót (RV1)	hotel
huwád (RV1)	to try one's best, strive [Syn: hingúha', tinguhá']
hueuwáran (n)	to copy, imitate
hueuarán (n)	"cheat sheet" [AE, slg]; [something used to copy from in an exam]
huwásó [Sp] (adj)	pattern, model
huwís [Sp] (n)	not thorough, careless
hoy (intj)	judge
	[expression used to call the attention of another]
	"Hey (there)" [Alt: oy] [Sp: oy]

hoy (expr)	[term used to drive a dog away or stop it from barking or biting another] [Cf: hos]
huyá' (n) huyá' (ST2)	face, pride; shame. to be shy, bashful, embarrassed [AE]; to be "ashamed" [FE]
huyá' (ST5)	Nahuyá' akó sa mga dàeágá. / I'm shy with girls. Nahuyá' akó kímo. / I feel shy with you. [AE] (or) "I'm ashamed to you." [FE]
	to be disgraced, be shamed Nahuy-an akó ku ímong gin-ôbra. / I was disgraced by what you did.
húya'-húya' (RV5)	to act shy, be bashful, be reserved Ayáw it húya'-húya'. / Don't be bashful.
makahuhúya' (adj) mahueúy-on (adj)	shameful, disgraceful; upsetting
pakahuyá' (ST2)	shy, bashful
owát huyá' [idm]	to lose face, be totally disgraced
húy-ab (RV5)	shameless, no sense of guilt/shame, faceless
panghúy-ab (n)	[the worst insult that can be leveled at another]
huyáb-huyáb (RV6)	to yawn
huyá'-huyá' (n)	yawn(ing)
húyang (RV1)	to tremble, cower, shake
mahuyáng (adj)	[herb--sensitive to touch] <u>Mimosa pudica</u> L. and <u>Biophytum sensitivum</u> . [Cf: huyá']
huyáp (RV1)	to shake, rattle [Alt: húyong] [Opp: líg-on]
Huyaw-huyaw (n)	shaky
húylog (RV1)	to count, enumerate
húyog (RV1)	barrio of Numancia
panghúyog [Nab] (n)	to shake (a tree) [in order to get fruits] [Alt: húyong]
húyong (RV1)	to lean against, lean on to
huyép (RV1)	verb [part of speech]
Hwébes [Sp] (g)	to shake, rattle [Alt: húylog, húyang]
	to blow [air] (on)
"I" /'iy/	Húyapa ro/kaeáyo. / Blow the fire.
"E" /'eh/ or /'ih/	Thursday [day of week] [Sp: Juéves]

The eighth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the high front vowel sound /i/. [G. 25] A borrowed vowel symbol in Aklanon, which is also [and more often] used to represent a consonant--the voiced velar fricative /g/. The true /e/ sound did not exist in native Aklanon words, but can be found now as an actual phoneme with such minimal pairs:

/heloh/ "hello"	/hiloh/ "thread"
'ésoh/ "Esso"	'ísoh/ "chalk"

i--- (pfx)

which distinguish it clearly from the /i/. If and when it is pronounced clearly, it is the mid front vowel /e/. [G. 25; 26]

[Prefix for future and command verb forms in the Instrument Focus.] [G. 95] [D. 16, 22]

Ibalígya' ro baéáy.. / Sell the house.

Ibueád na ro linabahán. / He will hang the laundry.

[Classic noun prefix used to show locations.]

ibábaw above; upstairs

idáeom below; underneath

ilawód seawards

[Suffix for Referent Focus command and conditioned forms.] [G. 95] [D. 17; 19-20; 22]

Alibárá! imáw. / Refuse him.

Ayáw imáw paghibáygi. / Don't laugh at him.

to go together, be companions

companion

[tree, fruit--very sour] Averrhoa bilimbi L.

to accompany, go along (with) Ibhi imáw. / Go with him.

different, other, another [Cf.: eain]

to be different, differ

top, uppermost part; upstairs; above

peak, topmost part [Alt: kaibabíwan]

to be on top [accidentally] [Cf.: alipúngto]

to always [try to] be on top

Ibajay, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities /'ibaháy/

river in Ibajay, Aklan

barrio of Lezo

iguana. [Cf.: háeo]

idiot, fool

to be together with, to accompany [Syn: munót]

guard, watch, watcher, watchman [Cf.: bílin]

to remain at home, stay to watch, guard

Eve [Cf: Adán] [Alt: Eba]

any small fish [Cf: isda']

irresponsible, lacking good judgment

to be attracted to, desire, like

to tantalize, tempt; get [someone] to like

[desseft made of rice packed in coconut leaves]

to be jealous, envious (of) [Akl: hikaw]

[palm fern], sugar palm. Arenga pinnata (Wurmb.)

[Prefix for Instrument Focus, ability form; also

for certain adjectives and adverbs of enumeration]

Ro makíná indi' eon ika-usár. The machine can  
not be used any more.

imáw ro ikátlóng ungá'. / He is the third child.  
 to walk slowly (with legs apart) [as if in pain]  
 you [singular] [Alt: ka] [G. 157-58] [D: 10]  
 to cheep, chatter [sound of animal--like monkey]  
 close, narrow [Opp: maántad]  
 to put close together [Opp: eaká']  
 ec... [Akl: dánog]  
 taif [of any creature] [Cf: iwl(h)]  
 to follow, trail behind; "tail" [AE, slg]  
 to go around; revolve [Akl: tífog, líyong]  
 to dilly-dally, "monkey around" [AE, slg]  
 dilly-dallying, fond of monkeying around  
 examination, exam  
 to examine  
 exhibition, display  
 x-ray [machine]  
 to have an x-ray taken  
 extra [Syn: dágang, sóbra(h)]  
 hectare [unit of land measurement]  
 age [of people, animals]

Pilá eon ing idád? / How old are you?  
 May idád eon imaw. / He is old enough.  
 to be at a [certain] age  
 Kat nagapangidáron imáw it dyes. / When he was  
 at the age of ten.  
 under, underneath; below [Cf: dáeom]  
 sa idáeom it baeáy / Below the house  
 bottom, the very bottom  
 to subordinate, abnegate [Opp: paibábaw, patásas]  
 always asking for payment [Syn: masíkot]  
 clean, orderly  
 idea [Akl: patíkang]  
 to shine, glow [Syn: síga]  
 to educate, give instruction  
 educated, instructed

idáeom (n)  
 kaidadaéman (n)  
 paidáeom (CV)  
 id-id jma[ (adj)  
 id-id jma[ (adj)  
 idíya [Eng] (n)  
 idlap (RV7)  
 edukár [Sp] (RV5)  
 edukádo (adj)  
 idto (dec)

ieóg--- [Oak] (pfx)

ig--- (pfx)

Ieóghinúesoe it kasaé-anan. / It is high time to re-  
 pent of your sífulness. [Laserna's SUNGKAAN]  
 [IF prefix for conditioned aspects.] [G. 94-95][D. 22]

iga---	(pfx)	Ayáw igbutáng ro libro-sa siya. / Don't put the book on the chair. [IF verb prefix for the future.] [G. 94-95] [D. 16, 22]
igat	(n)	Ró kwárta ngará igabáyad it útang.. / This money will be used to pay the debts.
igbatá'	(n)	[eeel]
igdaepát	(n)	relative, relation [Cf: báta'] [Syn: igkámpod]
igi	(n)	tool, utensil; equipment [Cf: "dapat"]
igit	(n)	[seashell]
Iglesia ni Krísto	(n)	diarrhea [small, liquidy stool/feces] [Cf: tál]
igmánghod	(n)	[n] [a church--a Philippine offshoot of Roman Catholicism, founded by Manalo]
ignoránte	[Sp] (adj)	brother / sister; sibling [Cf: mánghod]
igo'	(RV1)	ignorant
igó'	(adj)	to hit, strike [Syn: támá']
paigo'	(CV)	sufficient (for), exact, enough; fit(s) into
igod	(RV6)	to make sure there is/will be enough
Igoróte	[Sp] (n)	to crawl on one's rear end, crawl in sitting position
igot	(RV7)	Igorot [native of Mountain Province]
igót	(n)	to squeak
igpát	(RV7)	Nag-igot ro siya. / The chair squeaked.
igpit	(RV1)	coxis, tail bone
pang-igpit	(n)	to flicker [said of candle, lights]
igsúon	(n)	to clip, catch/hold between two things
igto	[Bkd] (dec)	clip, hairpin; something used to keep things in place
ihádo	[Sp] (n)	"godbrother / godsister" [the relationship of the godchildren to the real children of the godparents]
ihápon	(n)	there [far away] [Alt., Cf: idto]
ihapón	(RV1)	godchild [Akl: ának]
paihapón	(CV)	supper, dinner [the evening meal] [Cf: hápon]
ihaw	(RV1)	to eat supper
inshaw	(n)	to feed [someone] supper
ihí(h)	[Sp] (p)	Náno ro átong ipaihápon sa bisíta? / What shall we feed our visitor for supper?
ihí'	(n)	to barbecue, cook on a spit [Cf: asáe]
ihí'	(RV5)	[any barbecued food preparation]
ilihián	(n)	shaft; axle [Sp: eje]
tag-ihí'	(ST2)	ihí it reló / watch shaft
ihíg	(RV1)	urine [gen]; "piss" [vul]
		to urinate [stf]; go to the bathroom [gen]; "piss", "take a leak" [vul]
		urinal; place to urinate
		to feel like urinating; have to go to the bathroom
		to oust, exclude, reject

tho [Sp] (n)	child [Sp: hijo] [Akl: ungá']
tho nga bastardo	bastard [person with no recognized father]
tho nga natural	illegitimate child [person conceived before marriage, but who eventually has a father through marriage]
ito (n)	[fish] [Alt: ito]
-il-- (ifx)	[Infix generally denoting pluralized or extended action.] [G. 118-19] [Alt: -gV1-- infix]
ila' (ST2)	tigsililák sunny season; summertime
kalla' (n)	bilisítá to visit one another
kaflla' (RV3)	to like; love [Cf: gusto, maháe, gúgma]
paealka' (adj)	Nailá' akó kímo. / I like you.
pailá'-ilá' (GV)	liking; love
ilá(h) jma[ (adj)	to court
ilábas (n)	Ginakailá-an nána si Nelly. / He is courting Nelly.
ilabás (RV1)	flirtatious; "a show off" [girl]
pailabás (CV)	to flirt; show off
iláda(h) [Sp] (RV1)	wild, untame, undomesticated [fowl] [Opp: hugóp]
ilagá' [Hil] (n)	lunch [noon meal]
iláhas (adj)	to eat (for) lunch
ilang-ilang (n)	to feed lunch (to), invite for lunch
ilawód (n)	to put on ice, refrigerate [Cf: yeló]
ilayá (n)	[rat] [Akl: eánggam]
elebétor [Eng] (n)	wild, untamed [fowl] [Cf: ilá(h)] [Opp: mahugóp]
ilik-ik (RV6)	[tree--fragrant blossoms] <u>Cananga odorata</u> .
eleksyon [Eng] (n)	seaward [section of town] [Cf: eawód] [Opp: ilayá]
elektrisidad [Sp] (n)	inland [section of town] [Cf: eayá] [Opp: ilawód]
ilig (RV7)	elevator
pailig (RV9)	to giggle, snicker [Syn: hilí-hi']
elegante [Sp] (adj)	election [Akl: pilili-án]
ilihán [Oak] (n)	electricity; electric light [when lit] [Cf: kuryénte]
ili~ili (RV1)	to flow (downstream); to flow, drop
-fljn-- (ifx)	Nagailig ro ánang éáha'. / Her tears are flowing.
	to go downstream. [Opp: pasubá']
elepánte [Sp] (n)	elegant, fancy
ilis (RV3)	place, location [Syn: lugár, kahimtángan]
	to lullaby.
	[Infix generally intensifying and emphasizing an action or state.] [G. 119]
	hilinámbaé to talk continuously
	ilinúean to "rain cats and dogs" [AE, slg]
	elephant
	to change, exchange
	Isli ring eámbong. / Change your shirt.

		Isli eon ring pag-inogáli' nga maeáin. / Now is the time to change your bad habits.
ilislán (n)		clothing; change [of clothes]; dressing room
iliw (RV5)		to make the high sound that chickens make [like when they nestle on eggs]
ilo(h) (n)		orphan
ilo (ST2)		to be left an orphan
iló! (n)		["wild cat"--fox-like animal, sometimes called a "squirrel" in FE]
iló! [Oak] (RV5)		to offer one's services in order to earn a favor
ilúkon (n)		underarm(s), armpit
ilóng (RV7)		to flow [Alt: ilíg]
ilóng (n)		nose
[idm]		mahdmok it ilóng / gullible; believes anything
[idm]		matás ra ilóng / "blind" [AE], cannot see some- thing which is right in front of one's eyes
ilóngán (n)		[fish]
ilóngay [slg] (n)		[someone who trails another person around aimlessly]
ilos (RV1)		to ladle out
[idm]		kúeang it sang ilós / "crazy", "nuts"
ilwak (RV7)		to spill over, splash out
ilwak-ilwak (RV7)		to splash out a little bit, run over the sides
pailwak (CV)		to cause to spill over, fill to overflowing
imaw (RV8)		to come together, come in numbers, be together
imáw (T/pro)		[Opp: anggisód]
embalsamár [Sp] (RV1)		he/she [G. 157-58] [D. 10]
embalsamadór (n)		to embalm
embalsamadór (n)		embalmer, mortician
imbargo(h) [Sp] (RV1)		to confiscate, seize, dispossess, embargo
imbargádo (adj.)		confiscated
imbaw (n)		[shell--clam]
imbénto(h) [Sp] (RV1)		to invent
imbénsyon [Eng] (n)		invention
imbís [Sp] (conj.)		instead of, in lieu of, in place of [Sp: en vez de] Imbis kápi, kóka ro ákon. / Instead of coffee, I'll have Coke.
imbúdo [Sp] (n)		funnel
imbórnal [Sp] (n)		culvert, drain, gutter, aqueduct
imo (A/pro)		your [singular]; you [G. 158-59]
imó [cor] (T/pro)		Síin do imong asáwa? Where's your wife?
imóe (adj)		he/she [Child's variant of "imáw"]
imon (RV4)		poor, destitute, lowly [Opp: manggaránon]
kaímon (n)		to be possessive (of), hold on to; "mother" [AE, slg]
		possessiveness, jealousy

maimon (adj)	possessive, overly protective, selfish
pangimón <sup>t</sup> (DV)	to be possessive (of), jealously protect/keep
imót [Hil] (adj)	miserly, thrifty, penny-pinching [Syn: dimót]
impas (RV3)	to pay in full, clear one's account
impas (adj)	paid in full; cleared
imperdible [Sp] (n)	safety pin [Also (RV1)]
impisá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to begin, start [Alt: umpisá(h)] [Opp: tapús]
impító [Sp] (n)	impetus
empleyár [Sp] (RV1)	to employ; hire [Akl: pasueód sa trabaho]
empleyádo (adj)	employed, hired
empleyádo (n)	employee
impon (RV1)	to mingle, mix (with)
impon (ST3)	to consist of
ilímpón (RV8)	náimpon it mga masunód / consisting of the following
pakig-impon (REC. v)	to mix with one another, mingle together
imponír [Sp] (RV3)	to gather, mingle (with)
imprinta(h) [Sp] (RV1)	Gústo imáw makig-impon káton. / He wants to
imprinta (n)	mingle with us.
impyérnó [Sp] (n)	to impose (upon)
-in-- (fix)	printing press
ina' (n)	hell [Sp: infierno]
ina-ina (n)	[Very common OF and intensive infix][G. 95;114;118]
inánggideang (n)	Binalígya' nánda ro súgpo'. / They sold the prawns.
mag-iná (REL. v)	Inakeanón nga hambae / the Aklanon language
iná' (dec)	Nagkináón sánda sa sáeo-sáeo. / They ate and ate
	at the banquet.
mother	mother
	foster mother; step mother
	grandmother
	to be mother and child [relationship]
	there [near the listener, but far from the speaker]
	[G. 185-87] [Cf: 'ariná', raná', kaina, rikaná']
	[Cf: iyá, umá', idó] [Alt: inhá']
	Iná' sa lamésa. / Over there [near you] on the
	table.
inanáy (adv)	gradually, little by little [Opp: gúlpi(h)] [Alt: ananáy]
enáno. [Sp] (n)	midget, dwarf
ináto(h) (RV1)	to notice, recognize; recall; pay attention
	Wa'akó kána gaináto. / I don't pay him any attention.
inkánto [Sp] (n)	spirit, sprite, fairy, poltergeist [Alt: ingkánto]
inkantáda (adj)	enchanted, bewitched [female]
inkantádu (adj)	enchanted, bewitched [male]

indáhat (RV6)	to look upwards
pág-indáhat (n)	optimism, forward looking
pangindáhat (n)	progress
indámyo [Sp] (n)	ramp, gangplank [Alt: andámyo]
Indang (n)	[tree] <u>Artocarpus cumingiana</u> Trec.
Inday (n)	"Miss" [common term of address for girls and ladies] [Alt: "Day"]
inday-inday (n)	[dessert made from rice and coconut meat]
indi' (Neg)	no, not [used for negative future statements and for negative commands] [Cf: ayáw, bukón, ówá']
	Indi' akó antigo. / I don't know how.
	Indi' akó mag-ádto. / I will not go.
	Indi' magtobáko!. / Don't smoke.
indeksyon [Eng. cor] (RV3)	to inject [someone] [(RV2)-something]
indeksyonár [Sp. cor] (RV3)	to inject [someone] [(RV2)-something]
indis-indis (n)	contest; competition
paindis-indis (CV)	to be fickle, "be wishy-washy" [AE, slg]
endonár [Sp] (RV1)	to gamble, risk [life, property] [Akl: pústa']
indong-indong (n)	[eel]
indyan [Eng] (n)	Indian; an Indian-giver [a person who gives or promises something and then never fulfills the expectations because he takes it back] [Opp: káwboy]
indyan manggo [Eng] (n)	"Indian mango" [fruit of mango family]
inhá' (dec)	there [near the listener, but far from the speaker] [G. 185-87] [Cf: arinhá', ranhá', rikanhá', makanhá'] [Cf: iyá, úná', idto] [Alt: iná']
	Inhá' kimo ro kwárta, anó? / The money is with you, isn't it?
inhinyiro [Sp] (n)	engineer
inid (n)	[fish]
inigan (n)	residue of coconut oil [edible]
inigsan (RV5)	to make coconut oil
iníras [Sp] (n)	line(s)
Enéro [Sp] (n)	January [month]
init (RV1)	to heat, make hot
	Inita ro tibí'. / Heat the water.
kainit (n)	heat
mainit (n)	hot
mainít-init (adj)	warm
inog--- (pfx)	[General noun prefix showing an instrument or use.]
	inogbaeáti' conscience
	inoghiníngá toothpick
	inogtíro' index finger
inog--- (pfx)	[IF verb prefix for expected actions or participles.]

Inogkaláwat eon, dápát kitá magkonfesár ámay. /  
Being the time now to go to communion, we should  
first go to confession.

inogurásyon [Eng] (n)	inauguration
inóm (RV1)	to drink (up)
ílimnan (n)	Imna ro bueóng. / Drink the medicine.
ílimnon (n)	bar; place for drinking
painóm (CV)	drink, beverage [something to drink]
	to give to drink
	Paimna ro bisítá. / Give the visitor something to drink.
inúnlán (n)	afterbirth, placenta
inot (RV3)	to save (up), be thrifty (with)
kainot (n)	thrift, economy [Cf: imot, dimot, koripot]
maínnot (adj)	thrifty, economical [in good sense] [Opp: buhá-ha']
influénsya [Sp] (n)	influence [Akl: kápít]
insáyo(h) [Sp] (n)	practice, rehearsal
insáyo (RV1)	to practice, rehearse
insik (n)	Chinese, Chinaman
inínsik (RV5)	to act (or) speak Chinese
inínsik (n)	Chinese [language]
insékto [Sp] (n)	insect; bug
insígan ]pa[ (CV)	to compete, let each do his own
painsígan (n)	competition, contest, each to his own
insigida [Sp] (adv)	immediately, urgently, without delay [Akl: eágí]
insimáda [Sp] (n)	bun, roll [usually sweet]
insenyánsa [Sp] (n)	teachings; rumors; announcements
insílto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to insult, offend
inspáyrd [Eng] (adj)	inspired, "carried away" [AE, slg]
inspíksyon [Eng] (n)	inspection, investigation
inspíksyon (RV1)	to inspect
institút [Eng] (n)	institute, institution [Alt: inštityút]
entabládo [Sp] (n)	stage, platform
intán (n)	[type of rice]
intíndi(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to understand; pay attention to [Akl: eubót]
intíro(h) [Sp] (adj)	Indi' nákon maintindihán. / I cannot understand.
intíryor [Eng] (n)	entire, whole, complete [Akl: bilég]
intiyamís (n)	interior
ínto' (RV1)	[bird--very small] [Alt: antayamís]
ílintó-on (adj)	to "oil", "butter [someone] up" [AE, idfn]; to praise [someone] insincerely, say the opposite of what one believes (in order to convince the other or get something from him); to wheedle
	sycophantic, flattering, wheedling

intok (R <sub>4</sub> o)	to become/get small(er), shrink (in size)
maintok [pl. adj]	small, short, tiny [said of many things] [Opp: eágko'] [Cf: isót, istan]
	Maeágko' do ámon nga manók, ogáling maintok ro ánda.. / Our chicken's are huge, however theirs are tiny.
intónsis [Sp] (conj)	then, therefore, as a consequence, consequently [Oak: busá']
intrá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to get into, join, enter [a club, group]
paintra (CV)	to enrol, enter [someone] into, have join (up) Paintrahá imáw sa "Choir". / Enroll him in the Choir.
intránti(h) [Sp] (n)	nuisance, interference
intránti (RV3)	to interfere (with), be a nuisance (about/over)
intribír [Sp] (RV3)	to interfere with, mind someone else's business Ayáw pag-intribihí ro ákong óbra. / Don't interfere with my work. [Sp: entrevér]
intribida (n)	one who interferes [female], busy-body
intribido (n)	one who interferes [male], busy-body
intrigár [Sp] (RV2)	to deliver; delegate [responsibility]
intrigo(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to deliver, give (over)
intrigo (n)	delivery
intrigádo (adj)	given, delivered
intrimís [Sp] (RV1)	to tease, insult, ridicule, mock Ayáw imáw pag-intrimisa. / Don't mock him.
inyam (n)	[tree]
inyo (A/pro)	your; you [plural] [Cf: kamó] [G. 158-59]
ingá' (RV3)	Inyo ro baeág ngató? / Is that house yours?
ingá' (RV5)	to admonish, prohibit, warn
ingát (RV3)	to bellow [said of a carabao]
ingáw (RV5)	to pull one's eyelid down in disbelief; to ridicule
ingkánto [Sp] (n)	to meow, mew [said of cat]
ingkantáda (adj)	sprite, spirit, fairy, poltergeist [Alt: inkánto]
ingkantádo (adj)	enchanted, bewitched [female]
ingkásó [Sp. cor] (conj)	enchanted, bewitched [male]
	just in case, supposing, granting, what if Ingkásó nga indí rondáya makaabot, hay i-úli'eang kákón. / In case this cannot arrive, well, return it to me.
ingking [Oak] (adj)	trifling, trivial, insignificant
kumáingking (n)	little finger, "pinky" [AE, slg] [Cf: túdlo']
ingkoy (n)	back of neck, nape [Syn: tágkúgo']
inggányo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to deceive, persuade falsely, mislead
inggafán (n)	[fish]

inggo (n)	[medicine--bitter]
ingit (ST1)	to be crabby, out of sorts, in a bad mood
paingít (CV)	to look for trouble
inglis [Eng] (n)	English [person; language]
inínglis (RV5)	to speak English
ínfnglis (n)	English [language]
ingók (RV5)	to grunt [like a pig]
[idm]	owa' kaingók / remained speechless
ingod [Hil] (RV6)	to near, approach, draw near to. [Akl: eapít]
kaíngod (n)	neighbor [Akl: kahilápit]
ingos (RV5)	to moan in sadness; purr
ingsáktö [Sp] (adj)	exact, precise
ípa--- (pfx)	[Causative verb prefix used in giving commands about direct objects.] [G. 101-04] [D. 26].
Ipakáón ro mumón sa bisítä. / Feed the cake to the visitor.	Ipakáón ro mumón sa bisítä. / Feed the cake to the visitor.
ipil (n)	[tree] <u>Intsia bijuga</u> .
Ipil (n)	barrio of Batan
iping (RV3)	to be side by side (with), be next (to) [Opp: ántad]
kaiping (n)	[someone or something right next to another]
ipó (RV1)	Sin-o ring kaiping? / Who's that next to you?
ilipóan (n)	to pick [fruits] [Syn: pó-po']
ipot. (n)	stem [which holds fruit on to the tree][Alt: alipúan]
ípot. (n)	feces, stool (usually of animals) [stf]; "shit", "terd"
ípot. (n)	"crap" [vul]
ípot. (RV5)	to move [one's] bowels; "shit", "crap" [vul] [Cf: tái]
íras (RV1, 3)	to farrow, make rows [in a garden]; fall in line
iníras (n)	farrow, row; line
eridár [Sp] (RV1)	Irási ro kámbo. / Farrow the field.
eridéra (n)	to inherit [Akl: panunód]
eridéro (n)	heiress
irigásyon [Sp] (n)	heir
iríhis [Sp] (n)	irrigation [Akl: patíbi']
ermita [Sp] (n)	atheist; agnostic [person who doesn't believe in God]
ermitánya (n)	chapel; hermitage
ermitányo (n)	hermit [female]
írong-írong (RV8)	hermit [male]
eropláno [Sp] (n)	to line up one after another; follow one another
íros (RV5)	airplane
éport [Eng] (n)	to insist [on going, in asking for something]
írrid [Eng] (n)	airport [Syn: landingan]
ísák (RV5)	air raid shelter
	to cheep [make the sound of a baby chick calling its mother]

isaeá <sup>(1)</sup> [n]	one, 1; a/an; some [generally used in actual counting, but never as an adjective] [Cf: sambáto, sambilog, sambúo]
isasaéa (RV6)	to be alone; work independently, act as an individual independent, individual [Syn: dugalingon]
isasaéánhon (adj)	that one [used in pointing or illustrating]
kat isaeá [idm]	each and every one
káda isaeá [idm]	"furthermore" "and also" "besides" "another thing"
isaeá pa [idm] (conj)	to stop briefly at, make a whistle stop
iskála(h), [Sp] (RV6)	stopover, brief stopoff, whistle stop
iskála, (n)	stairs, steps
eskaléra [Sp] (n)	scandal
eskandaló(h) [Sp] (n)	scandalous, immoral [female]
eskandalósa (adj)	scandalous, immoral [male]
eskandalóso (adj)	to escape, get out
iskapár (RV1) [Sp]	exhaust pipe, muffler [of machines, autos]
iskapi-iskapi (n)	cupboard (with glass doors); a section of such a cupboard (with its own door)
iskaparátí [Sp] (n)	to work, do [Cf: óbra(h), trabáho, himo', búhat]
iskápe(h) [Sp] (RV1)	[flower]
eskarlátá [Sp] (n)	scarlet, red [color]
eskarlátá (adj)	corner [at intersection of two roads/streets]
eskina [Sp], (n)	sidewalk; a very narrow street, alleyway.
eskinita [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: Aquíno] /'eskwalah/
Escuála [Sp] (n)	shoe brush
iskúba [Sp] (n)	shotgun
iskopíta [Sp] (n)	excursion; "picnic" [AE]
iskúrsyon [Eng] (n)	student, pupil [Alt: eskwela]
eskúyla [Sp] (n)	school [Alt: eskwelahán]
eskuylahán (n)	scrubbing husk [coconut husk used for polishing]
iskrób [Eng] (n)	to scrub [the floor]; polish [by scrubbing]
iskrób (RV3)	try-square
iskwála [Sp] (n)	fish [generic term] [Cf: ibís / small fish]
ísdá' (n)	fisherman [Alt: mangingísdá']
manogísdá' (n)	fisherman
mangingísdá' (n)	to fish, go fishing
pangísdá' (DV)	to slide over, move over [Syn: iswag]
ísdog (RV2)	Isdog áhay. / Please move over a little: [an "S"-shaped sword]
ísi(h) [Sp] (n)	easy, simple [Akl: maewumó(h)]
ísi(h) [Eng] (adj)	[Noun prefix denoting one's fellow at something.]
isigka--- (pfx)	isigkatáwo fellowman isigkamaéstra co-teacher
ísi-ísi(h) [Sp] (RV6)	to stagger, walk in "S" lines, walk like a drunk

isip ]ma[ (adj)	egoistic, selfish, always considering oneself
kaisip (n)	egoism, selfishness, self-consideration
isip [Tag] (RV1)	Maísip gid nga táwo ron. / He's a very selfish person. [Cf: sueók, híkaw] [Opp: maátag]
isip (n)	to think (of), consider, reckon, ponder
isiw (n)	Isípon ko it mayád. / I'll think [it] over carefully.
ismágol [Eng] (RV1)	thought, consideration [Cf: bána'-bána', paíno-ino]
ismágold [Eng] (n)	sa ákong isip [idm] / in my way of thinking..
ismid (RV3)	chick, baby chicken
isnap [Eng] (n)	to smuggle [Cf: kontrabándo]
iso [Sp] (n)	rubber slippers/sandals, zoris
isoe (RV6)	to pout; sneer (at)
páisoe (CV)	snap bean--"Kentucky Wonder" or "Bountiful"
isog ]ma[ (adj)	chalk [Syn: tísá]
kaisog (n)	to move backward(s)
pakaísog (CV)	to back up [someone, something], have move back
pangisog (RV3)	brave, bold, daring; belligerent, fierce [Opp: buót]
isót (RV6)	bravery, daring; belligerence
isót (Dp)	to consider [oneself] brave; become brave; fortify oneself Si Pédro nagapakaisog kon díro ro áhang kaápín, péro kon sólo imáw, matíeaw. / Peter acts bold enough when he has a lot of supporters, but when he's alone, he's a coward.
kaisót (n)	to scold, reprimand
maisót (adj)	Hám-at ginpangisgan nímo akó? / Why did you scold me?
maístan (adj)	to become/get small(er) [Opp: bahóe]
espáda [Sp] (n)	almost, barely, nearly [also (V. det)]
ispádin [Sp] (n)	Isót akó hiligsa' it áwto. / I was almost hit by a car.
ispanyól [Sp] (n)	littleness, tininess; triviality
ispányóla (n)	little, tiny, small
espanyóla [Sp] (n)	quite small, tiny
espanyóla [Sp] (n)	maístan nga unga' / a little child
ispího(h) [Sp] (n)	sword--figure on old Spanish playing cards
pangispího (RV5)	small spade
ispili(h) [Sp] (n)	Spaniard [male]; Spanish [language] [Cf: kastíla']
isperryénsya [Sp] (n)	Spaniard [female]
ispisyal [Eng] (adj)	[banana--small, seed-bearing] 
	[flower]
	mirror
	to look at oneself in a mirror [Cf: tokadór]
	common pin, straight pin [also (RV1)]
	experience [Akl: pinaníran]
	special [Akl: pinasahí]

ispungháwo [Sp] (adj)	slightly curled [hair] [Syn: kulitót]
ispúngħa [Sp] (n)	powder puff; sponge
istampa [Sp] (n)	ikon, framed picture of a saint
istampita [Sp] (n)	small pictures of saints; holy cards
istan (RV1)	to make small(er), diminish [Opp: bahé]
maistan (adj)	small, tiny, cute [Cf: isót]
maistayóti' (adj)	tiny, minute, infinitesimal, very small
istánbay [Eng] (n)	a good for nothing, stand-by, juvenile delinquent [Syn: kánto boy]
istánbay (RV6)	to stand around doing nothing [Alt: istámbay]
Estância [Sp] (n)	barrio of Kalibo /'estánsyah/
istanti(h) [Sp] (n)	shelf, cabinet [on wall] [Syn: aparádór, iskáparáti]
estar [Sp] (RV4)	to dwell, live (at)
illistáhan (n)	Sín ka ga-estar? / Where do you live?
istayóti' ]ma[ (adj)	dwelling, lodging, residence
Este [Sp] (n)	minute, tiny, infinitesimal [Cf: istán]
istibidór [Eng] (n)	East [direction]
isti-isti ]pa[ (CV)	stevedore
istúki(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to play hard to get
estudyante [Sp] (n)	to maneuver
estúdyo(h) [Sp] (n)	student
estúdyo (RV3)	studio [room]
estranghéro [Sp] (n)	to study, observe [to determine a course of action]
iswad (RV5)	stranger; foreigner [Oak: dayóhan]
iswag (RV2)	to wiggle the buttocks
iswil (n)	to slide over, move over; move on [Syn: isdog]
iswilan (adj)	fickleness, changeability
it (Om)	fickle, changeable, hard to manage [Particle marking the direct object or goal of an action, particularly when indefinite, like "a/an"; it also shows possessors, like "of"; and links adverbs to the verbs they modify.] Tuón it mayád. / Study hard.

---ita [Sp] (sfx)

it-a (Dp)

Gabaké sánda it áwto. / They're buying a car.  
baeáy it manggaránon / house of rich people  
[G. 145-46; 152-53; 155; 165f; 182] [D. 12-13, 29]  
[Suffix used to denote smallness or littleness.]

kutsára / kutsarítá

kása / kasítá

Cármén / Carmenítá

[Idiomatic or parenthetical expression referring to something already spoken about or known; "it" "that" "it".] [Ctr: it ána]

Akong malítá, úna' pat-á. / My suitcase... Is it still there? Tuod it-a? / Is that really true?

	- - - íti (sfx) [Sp]	[Suffix used to denote smallness.]
ití	(n)	sangkurót / sangkiriti
	ilityan (n)	tóre / toriti
itik (RV1)		guano; feces [of fowl] [Cf: tái, ipot]
	paeaitík (adj)	ground covered with guano
	pangítik (DV)	to tickle
itik (n)		tickler, fond of tickling others
	itik-itik (n)	to tickle away, be in the habit of tickling
itip (n)		[duck]
itlog (n)		[folk dance--in imitation of ducks]
	Itlog (RV5)	hard-cooked rice (at the bottom of the pot) [Cf: dukót]
		egg
		to lay eggs
		Manóg-itlog ro manók. / The chicken is about to
		lay an egg.
	itlog [vul] (n)	testicles [stf]; "jewels", "rocks" [vul, AE], "eggs" [FE]
	itlog [slg] (RV5)	to "lay an egg", make a serious mistake, "goof" [AE]
ító (n)		[fish] [Alt: ito]
-- íto [Sp] (sfx)		[Suffix used to denote smallness, particularly with names.]
		Pábló / Pablito
		káro / karito
ítum (adj)		black; dark [colored]
	ítum (RV6)	Ítum ro ánang-pánit. / Her skin is dark.
		to become black; get darker in color [said of skin when exposed to sunlight for a long period]
ítúman (adj)		blackened naturally
	kaitúm (n)	black, blackness
	maitúm (adj)	black; dark-colored
ítum (RV1)		to blacken, make black
ítot [vul] (RV1)		to engage in sexual intercourse, have intercourse; "fuck", "screw" [AE, vul]
ítot (n)		coitus [stf]; intercourse [gen]; "fucking" [vul]
ilitotán (n)		brothel; place for sexual intercourse
iwád (RV6)		to walk with one's rear end sticking out
iwág (n)		light, lamp [when lit] [Cf: bombílya, kingki(h), elektrísidád, lampará(h), ploresén]
	iwág (RV3)	to enlighten; illuminate; light (up)
iwang (RV3)		to wipe oneself [after defecating]
pang-iwang (n)		toilet paper; anything used to wipe oneself [banana leaves, newspaper, etc.] [Alt: iwáng]
íway [pa] (CV)		to give way, sacrifice, give up (for) [with disguised reluctance] Ipaíway ro imong dílsi. / Offer your candy (to the others).

iwi(h) (n)  
 iwík (RV5)  
 iwi'-iwi' (n)  
 iwóg-iwóg (RV6)  
 iyá (dec)  
 iyót [vul] (int)

tail (of fowl) [Cf: ikog]  
 to squeal, howl [said of a pig] [Alt: bünsiwik]  
 [insect, black--stings]  
 to waddle, move one's rear back and forth  
 here [near the speaker] [G. 185-87] [Cf: ariya,  
 raya, makara, irikará] [Cf: uná', iná', ído]  
 "fuck" [vul, AE] [very strong term of anger or  
 disgust]

"L" /lah/

la (n)  
 la (expr)  
 lába [Eng] (n)  
 labábo [Sp] (n)  
 labákára [Sp] (n)  
 labáda(h) [Sp] (n)  
     labáda (RV3)  
 labadór [Sp] (n)  
 labáha [Sp] (n)  
 labandéra [Sp] (n)  
     labandéro (n)  
 labár [pang] (RV5)  
 labatiba(h) [Sp] (n)  
     labatiba (RV1)  
 lakatán (n)  
 Lakawon (n)  
 láki-láki (n)  
 láklak (RV5)  
 ládo (n)  
 lagatók (RV7)  
 lágaw (RV4)

/lánah/ wool                         /gánah/ coconut oil  
 /lápis/ pencil                         /gápis/ do two things at once  
 /bulág/ blind                         /bugág/ separated  
 /bukál/ vowel                         /bukág/ to boil  
 grandma [Ctr: 16la]  
 "la" [syllable used for singing when words are not  
 known or available]  
 lava  
 sink  
 washcloth, face towel  
 soiled clothes, dirty laundry [to be washed] [Cf: umóg]  
 to launder, wash dirty clothes  
 basin, washbasin [Syn: batiya', palanggána]  
 dor, straight razor [Sp: navája]  
 laundry woman, laundress, washer woman  
 laundry man, washer man  
 to wash one's face  
 enema  
 to give an enema (to)  
 [banana--small, yellow] Musa sapientum var. lacatan.  
 sitio in Madalag  
 splint  
 to gab, talk and talk, prattle  
 mandarine orange Citrus nobilis.  
 to snap [make a sharp, short noise], crack, smash  
 [Alt: eagatók]  
 to go around, travel about [Cf: libot-libot]

lagáy [Tag] (n)	bribe, kickback, under-the-table deal
Lagingbánwa (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Cf.: eági, báñwa]
Laginbánwa (n)	barrio of Numancia
lág-it (adj)	mischievous, fond of joking/fooling others
lágtag (RV3)	to poison fish
lágtag (n)	[tree, fruit--poisonous]
lágway (adj)	lean, very tall and thin
lagwáyan (adj)	having long legs; tall and slender [person]
lagwírtá [Sp] (n)	playground, yard
láhi' (n)	inherited trait; habit(s) [Syn: pinanunéd]
Laláb (n)	barrio of Batan [Cf: eaeáb]
lális (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed [Syn: búngkoe] [Alt: eális]
lamáno(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to shake hands (with)
lámang (Dp)	"just" "only" [G. 203] [Alt: eámang, lang, eang]
lámay (RV3)	to work overtime [Syn: puká]
lambanég [Tag].(n)	rice brandy/whiskey
lámbat [Tag] (n)	net
lámbat (RV1)	to catch in a net
lámboñ (n)	shack, shanty, small shelter [Cf: payág]
linámbon (adj)	shack-like, like a shanty [Cf: eángbon]
lámboñma[ [Tag] (adj)	soft, not hard [Akl: húmok] [Opp: tíg-a]
lamésa [Sp] (n)	table
lamisita (n)	small table
lúelamésa (n)	makeshift table
lamonsito [Sp] (n)	[shrub with red fruits] <u>Triphasia trifolia</u> .
lampagák (adj)	not becoming, awkward, out of place
lampará(h) [Sp] (n)	oil lamp [open containér with wick]
lamparónis [Sp] (n)	mumps [disease] [Akl: biki']
lampásó(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to mop, wásh [a floor]
lampásó (n)	mop
lámphi (n)	diaper [Syn: hamó]
lámsot (RV7)	to pop [make a popping sound due to breaking a vacuum--like when pulling a cork out of a bottle] Naglámsoñ ro tídlo' pagbuñe sa bótì. / The finger made a popping noise when withdrawn from the bottle.
lánah) [Sp] (n)	wool
lándi' [Tag] (adj)	frivolous; sex-crazed [female]
lánning [Eng] (RV4)	to dock [a ship]; land [an airplane]
landíngan (n)	port, harbor; airport
lánndo-lánndo (RV6)	to wander, travel about aimlessly
Lanírga (n)	barrio of Tangalan
lánsa [Sp] (n)	launch, small ship
lansadéra [Sp] (n)	bobbin [on a sewing machine]
lansita [Sp] (n)	pocket knife

lansónis (n)	[tree, fruit] lansones. <u>Lansium domesticum</u> Correa.
lantón (n)	[native reed instrument]
lántot [vul] (RV1)	"fuck", "screw" [AE, vul]; engage in intercourse
lántot (n)	sexual intercourse [gen]; "fucking" [vul]
láng-i' (adj)	spoiled, bratty; immature [due to spoiling]
langó-langó (adj)	crazy, foolish, "nuts" [AE]
lángya' ]ma[ (adj)	pretty, beautiful
lapád [slg] (n)	small, flat-sided bottle; any alcoholic beverage [because frequently contained in such a bottle]
Mabakáe kitát lapád. / Let's buy some liquor.	
lapád (RV1)	to hit with the broad side of a bolo [Alt: eapád]
lapás (adj) [Sp]	obsolete, past, passé [Syn: eaón]
lapidá(h) [Sp] (n)	tombstone, gravemarker
lápís [Sp] (n)	pencil
láplap (n)	[fish--small]
Lápnag (n)	barrio of Banga
lápu-lápu (n)	[fish--very delicious] lapu-lapu.
laranghita [Sp] (n)	tangerine. <u>Citrus nobilis</u> . [Sp: naranjita]
laráwan [Tag] (n)	portrait, picture; photograph
padaráwan [Akl] (CV)	to offer thanks [to God] after escaping from some serious accident, disease or problem
lárga(h) [Sp] (RV4)	to leave. [on some sort of vehicle] [Cf: pánav, sakáy]
largaríti [Sp] (n)	fishing boat
lása [Tag] (n)	flavor [Syn: namáe, sabór]
owát lása [idm]	flavorless; lousy, worthless; poor [joke]
lasáng (adj)	confused, unsound; foolish, stupid
lasáw (n)	syrup
lasíng [Tag] (adj)	drunk, inebriated [Akl: hilóng]
lášo [Sp] (n)	lace; ribbon
lasóy [Tag] [vul] (n)	intercourse [gen]; "fucking", "screwing" [vul]
lastikó [Sp] (n)	rubber band; elastic
látá(h) [Sp] (n)	tin can, can; tin
latéro (n)	tinsmith
látá' [Tag] (ST2)	to suspect; reveal, "read" [slg] [Akl: túngkad]
Wa' nákon imáw mahalatá'. / I didn't suspect him.	
látág (RV1)	to bleach, expose to sunlight [laundry] [Alt: eátag]
latík (n)	[sweetened rice with sugar and coconut]
latigó(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to whip, lash [also (n)]
latin [Sp] (n)	Latin; prayers in Latin [used by herbolarios]
lawáan (n)	[tree]
Lawáan (n)	Barrio of New Washington
lawín -(n)	hawk [Cf: banóg, tikwi']
lawíswis kawáyan	(n) [Tagalog song]
láwlaw (RV2)	to talk nonsense

layáw (RV6)	to go free, be free
kalayáwan (n)	freedom
lágay (RV3)	to give good advice, advise, inform [Alt: eágay]
liád (RV7)	to bend backwards, bend over backwards
liay (n)	dried coconut leaves
libák (n)	malicious gossip, slander; backbiting [FE]
libák (RV1)	to slander, talk behind one's back; backbite [FE]
Libákaw (n)	Libakaw, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
libag (adv)	dissonant, off-key; awkwardly [sound, tone]
libágón (adj)	off-key, dissonant [person]; awkward
talibág (RV1)	to put out of order/line
	Ayáw pagtalibagá ro haligi it kuráe. / Don't put the fence posts out of line.
libánaw jpa[ (RV5)	to wash one's hands/feet
panlibánaw (DV)	to wash one's hands/feet
panlibánwan (n)	wash basin, wash bowl
libáng (RV1)	to take care (of), babysit; console
kalibangán (n)	activity, hobby [something to help while away time]
panglibáng-libáng (DV)	to pass away the time; while away the hours
Libang (n)	barrio of Makato
Libás (n)	barrio of Banga
Libás (n)	sitio in Madalag
libát (adj)	cross-eyed
palibat (CV)	to cross one's eyes; to look out of the corner of one's eye [in observation]
libhang (RV3)	to dilute, weaken the strength (of a liquid); to mix in order to increase the volume of a liquid
libintadó[ (Sp) (n)	fire cracker [Sp: revéntadó]
Libértad [Sp] (n)	barrio of Nabas
libo (n)	thousand, 1000. [Sp: mil]
Kalibo (n)	dáywang libo / 2000
Libó-an (n)	Kalibo [capitol municipality of Aklan] (named after the baptism of 1000 natives by the Spanish mission- ary, Padre Legaspi)
libod (RV6)	sitio in Malinaw
libod (RV1)	to go around, wander
libód-libód (RV6)	to go from one place to another [one at a time]
libód-libód (n)	Libóra sánda tanán. / Go around to all of them.
paealibód (adj)	to wander aimless
libód-libód (n)	vagabond, wanderer [Syn: watid]
libog jma[ (Tag) (adj)	wandering, nomadic, fond of going around and rarely returning home
	[snail shell]
	over-sexed, having strong sexual desires [Cf: ueag]

**libog** (RV7)

**palibog** (CV)

**paealigban** (n)

**libog** (ST2)

makalilisbog (adj)

**libon** (n)

**libón** (adj)

**libúnog** Jma[ (adj)

palibúnog (CV)

**libongdueóm** (n)

**libúo** (adj)

libúo (n)

**libot** (n)

kalibótan (n)

**libot** (RV1)

**libot** (RV6)

libot-libot (RV6)

**libre(h)** [Sp] (adj)

libre (RV4)

libre (RV1)

**libro** [Sp] (n)

**librō** [Sp] (n)

**libtong** (adj)

Libtong (n)

**likáw** (RV3)

**likáya** Jma[ (Bkd) (adj)

**likdos** [Nab] (adj)

**likin** (RV1)

**likisán** (n)

palikís-likis (CV) [idm] to get [someone] mixed up, confuse.

**likó'** (RV6)

likoán (n)

ínaliko' (adj)

paliko' (CV)

**likód** (n)

to be confused, be in a quandary, "spin" [said of one's head]

to cause problems; cause one to ponder over (or) worry about; put in a quandary; ponder, think about

Ayáw ron pagpalibógi. / Don't ponder on that.

problems, worries; quandary [Alt: palibógan]

to be astonished, amazed, confused

astonishing; confusing

bág [made of buri]

entire, having no holes

round, circular

to round out, make round

new moon; night of the new moon [Cf: búean, ligom]

[Cf: libó] [Alt: ligómdueóm]

quiet, deep, silent [waters] [Cf: libtong]

deep pool, small lake/pond [but deep]

turn, spin, revolution

world; universe

to go around (to), visit [each] [Syn: libod]

Libóta sánda tanán. / Visit each one of them.

to turn around, return; revolve

to travel; tour; wander, go about

free, unhindered; free, without charge [Cf: grátis]

to get free, escape [Syn: lígtas]

to set free, spare

book [Akl: tueún-an] [Cf: tuón]

lower bowels [of cattle]

quiet, deep, silent [waters]

sitio in Kalibo

to avoid, veer away (from)

Likawi ro mga huróng. / Avoid those toughies.

good-natured, happy-go-lucky [Cf., Tag: ligáya]

indirect [Syn: lígdas]

to twine [cloth, leaves, fibers] and put on head to

protect it from a heavy load. [Cf: bíis-on]

[part of loom where fibers are wrapped]

likisán it eskuylahán / to the back of the school

Masakit ro ákong likód. / My back hurts.

talikod (RV3)	to turn one's back (to)
talikod [idm] (RV3)	to turn one's back or, refuse (help); give up Gintalikdan nákon imáw. / I turned my back on him.
patalikod (CV)	to make someone turn around; to do behind one's back [idm]
likom [Oak] (n)	secret [Syn: sikrito] [Alt: líhim]
likos (RV1)	to go entirely around, encompass, measure Likosá ring hawak kon piláng pulgádas. / Measure your waste for how many inches.
liksi(h) (RV1)	to jump (over)
liktin (RV1)	to jump (over) [Syn: liksi(h)]
Liktinon (n)	barrio of Madalag
lidir [Eng] (n)	leader, head, chief
liga [Sp] (n)	league
ligá' (RV1)	to babysit, play with, mind (a child)
manogliga' (n)	baby-sitter
ligabóng (RV7)	to thump, bump [make a bumping noise]
ligaw (n)	[young plant for transplanting]
ligaw (RV1)	to plant (a seedbed) [with intention of transplanting later]
ligáya(h) [Tag] (n)	happiness [Akl: kalipáyan]
maligáya (adj)	happy, merry
lígban ]pa[ (CV)	Maligáyang Páskwa. / Merry Christmas.
paealígban (n)	to be a mystery (to), confuse, present a problem
ligbas (RV1)	[Cf.: libóg]
ligbos (n)	problem(s), mysteries; quandary
ligdas (RV6)	to hack, chop [Syn: eabó', tigbas]
ligdas (adj)	[fungus--edible] [mushroom]
ligdas (RV7)	to be off-center, be at the edge/rim
ligdong ]ma[ (adj)	off-center, at the edge/rim
kalígdong (n)	to fall, slide [said of a pile of things]
ligid (RV6)	serious, severe
ligid-ligid [Nab] (n)	seriousness, severity
ligis (n)	to roll in circles
ligis (RV1)	Saturday [the old name for the day of the week]
ligis (ST2, 3)	harrow [farmer's tool]
ligna'. ]ma[ (adj)	to roll over, smooth out [by rolling]; harrow; run-over
ligó' (RV1)	to get run over [by a vehicle] [Cf: ligsa']
ligom (adj)	dirty, sloppy, foul, "icky" [AE, slg]
ligómdueóm (n)	to shake [a bottle]
lig-on ]ma[ (adj)	pitch black, deep black [Cf: itúm]
	new moon; night of the new moon
	strong, firm, solid, steady [Opp: mahuyáng]

ligos (RV5)	to take a bath; bathe oneself; to "go swimming" [AE, idm--to go to a river or seashore for recreation purposes] [Cf: eangóy] [Alt, Tag: ligo'].
paligos (CV)	Mapaligos akó sa báybay. / I'm going swimming at the beach. [AE, idm]
paligosán (n)	bathroom, shower
pamaligos (DV)	way of bathing, manner of taking a bath
ligóy (RV5)	to leave/quit one's work, play hooky, be truant
paealigóy (n)	loafer, quitter
paligóy-lígoy [idm]	to "beat around the bush" [AE]; "get off the track"
lígsa' (ST2) 3	to get hit, get run over [by a vehicle] [Cf: ligís].
lígatas (RV4)	to escape, get free [also (adj)]
lígwan (n)	[large horsefly]
lígwis (RV1)	to sharpen
lígwis (adj)	sharp [Syn: mataiwis]
líháy (RV6)	to bend over, lean over
líhim [Tag] (n)	secret
kalíhim (n)	secretary [Syn: sekritáryo].
líhit (n)	interior, place set quite far back
líhág [Hil] (RV1)	Sa líhit-líhit sánda ga-estár. / They live in the interior [far away from the road].
palihág [idm] (Dp)	to ask a favor, request [Syn: pangabáy, pangayóy] "please" "may I ask a favor" "Could you do me a favor?" [AE]
lílaw (n)	circumference, periphery
lí-li' (RV3)	to cut open; get open [like a wound]
lílo' (RV7)	to whirl, go in circles (or) spirals
lílo-án (n)	whirlpool
Lílo-án (n)	barrio of Malinaw
lílong (RV3)	to lie, deceive, tell a lie [Syn: púril]
limá(h) (n)	Ayáw imáw paglilóngi. / Don't tell him a lie.
álima (n)	five, 5
límá (RV1)	hand
líniad (RV7)	to make into five, raise/lower to five
límas (ST2)	to be unable to focus clearly [said of eyes]
límas (RV3)	to get sick again, relapse [Syn: búghat]
limbáhon (n)	to bail water out of a boat
limbaóng (n)	[coconut]
límbok (n)	booby trap, ditch [covered with leaves to trap or capture people or animals]
límbong (RV3)	pounded rice
	to keep from, conceal, deceive (with good intent)

malimbóngon (adj)	white liar; somewhat deceptive [Cf: llóng]
limog (n) [idm]	limog it báñwa / voice of the people
limón [Eng] (n)	lemon [fruit; flavoring]
limonáda [Sp] (n)	lemonade
limós [Sp] (n)	alm(s), donation, charity
limós (RV3)	to give alms (to), donate (to)
manógpakalimós (n)	beggar
pakalimós (CV)	to beg, ask alms
limpak (n)	splinter, small piece [off of wood or bamboo] [Cf: múhmuh; púdpud, sápsap]
limpya(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to polish, shine (shoes)
limpyabóta (n)	boot black, shoe polish
palímpya (CV)	to have one's shoes shined
limpyo(h) [Sp] (adj)	clean, neat, orderly
limpyo (RV3)	to clean (up), put into order
inoglimpyo (n)	[something used for cleaning]
manoglimpyo (n)	cleaner, cleaning woman/man [person who cleans] [Check for root words beginning with "ea, eo, eu" but which have been infixated with -in--, such as: linabahán / eabá(h), linabo-án / eabó', liná-ga' / eá-ga', lináras / eáras, etc.]
lin---	abaca fibers, Manila hemp [Syn: abaká] [Cf: eánot]
linábag (n)	barrio of Kalibo [Cf: eabó']
Linábwán Nórte (n)	barrio of Banga [Cf: eabó']
Linábwán Sur (n)	[an elaborately designed bolo] [Cf: talibóng]
linámay (n)	peaceful, calm; clear, legible
lináw jma[ (adj)	Malinaw ro subá'. / The river is calm.
linaw (RV1)	Malinaw ro mga lítra. / The letters are legible.
Malinaw (n)	to clear up, make clear; clarify; settle, pacify
Linayásan (n)	Malinaw, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
lindog (n)	barrio of Altavas
linis/[Tag] (RV1)	warp [lengthwise fibers fed into weaving machine] [Cf: hueög / woof]
málínis (adj)	to purify, clean
linog (n)	pure, clean [Akl: limpyo] [Hil: matínlo']
linóng jma[ (adj)	earthquake
linta' [Hil] (n)	calm, peaceful [Syn: linaw] [Cf: táwhay, tágngong]
linti(h) [Sp] (n)	leech, blood sucker [Akl: alimátok]
linti' (n)	lens(es); swimming goggles
panglinti' (RV7)	clap of thunder, thunderclap, crash of thunder
lintí' [vul] (int)	to thunder [Cf: daedg dug]
lintí' ka (or) lintikán	"damn it!" [AE]
	"damn you" [AE]

Natík [Tag] (intj) [vul]	"damn it!" [vul] [Akl: hínti']
línnya(h) (n) [Sp]	line [Syn: gúhit]
línya (RV3)	to draw a line
lingágngag (n)	pálate, roof of mouth [Alt: ngágngag]
línga-língá(h) (adj)	hard of hearing, slightly deaf; not listening
língat (RV1)	to look around, glance back from either side [Syn: ádwing]
língáw (RV6)	to be noisy, make a racket [Opp: hípos, lína]
malingáw (adj)	noisy, boisterous, raucous
língkad (n)	copra, dried coconut meat [Syn: kópra]
língkad (RV1)	to dry out coconut meat
língkod (RV4)	to sit (down). [Syn: púngko']
língkóran (n)	seat, chair
palingkod (CV)	to seat, have [someone] sit down
línggánay (n)	Palingkorá ro átong bisita. / Seat our visitor
línghod [ ]ma[ (adj)	large bell
línghot [ ]ma[ (adj)	tender, young [leaves]
língi' (adj)	cluttered, messy, filled with obstacles, obstructed
patalingi' (CV)	askew, awry, crooked, unbalanced, not level
língít (n)	to slant, put off-center
língling (RV1)	one [of a pair]; other, another [of two]
línglíngan (n)	Siin do ákong língít nga médyas? / Where is my other stocking?
panglíngling (DV)	to peer at [while hiding], sneak a look (at), peek (or) peep (at)
liog (n)	peephole
tagaliog [idm]	to peer, peep, peek [from concealment--as a habit, or for a long time]
lipát (RV3)	neck [Cf: tútúnlán / throat]
lipát (ST2)	"neck-deep" (in troubles), be on edge, edgy
lipay (ST2)	to forget; leave behind [something]
kálipay (n)	Hálipatán nákon da sueát. / I forgot her letter..
kalipáyan (n)	to forget [Opp: tánda', dímdum]
málipay (adj)	Bási' ka hilipát. / You might forget.
malipáyon (adj)	to be happy, glad
pangalípay (DV)	joy, happiness
lipay (n)	happiness; party
lipáy (n)	Ginakángay ka sa ámong kalipáyan. / You are invited to our party.
	happy, glad, joyous
	happy-go-lucky, light-hearted, happy (by nature)
	to rejoice, enjoy, be happy (about)
	abscess [skin eruption]
	[vine--like poison ivy, causes swelling and itching]

lipíd ]ma[ (adj)	flat, level
lipíd [slg] (n)	liquor, alcoholic beverage [so-named because of the flat bottles used as containers] [Cf: lapád]
lipód (RV3)	to cover up, overshadow, shield, be in the way
salipód (RV3)	to partially hide, cover (or) overshadow
lipúeon ]ma[ (adj)	Si Carlos hasalípdan ni José. / Carl was partially covered by Joe.
lipong (ST2)	round, circular [Syn: malibúnog]
lipstik [Eng] (n)	to be dizzy, feel faint [Cf: dismáyo]
lípya' (n)	lipstick
lípya' (adj)	metal brace for a plow above the blade [Cf: arádo]
liráy (RV6)	flat [Syn: magápya']
liryo [Sp] (n)	to lean to one side, bend over [Syn: liháy]
lisgis (n)	[flower]. <u>Hymenocallis littorale</u> .
lisgis (ST2)	scratch, surface cut, abrasion
lisénsya [Sp] (n)	to get an abrasion, get scratched
lisó [Hil] (n)	license, permit
Lézo (n)	seed [Akl: búsoé]
lisó' (RV1)	Lezo, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
lisód (ST5)	to turn (around), rotate
	to find [something] hard/difficult [Opp: eurnó(h)]
	Nalisdán akó ku ímong ginsúgo'. / I found your orders difficult.
kalisód (n)	difficulty, hardship
kalisdánan (n)	hardships, difficulties
malisód (adj)	difficult, hard, not easy
pangalisód (RV5)	to endure/suffer hardships, suffer
lisó-lisó(h) (adj)	improbable, uncertain, not quite sure
lista(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to list (down), record, make a list; enroll
listahan (n)	list, record, chart
lista [Sp] (adj)	smart, quick, intelligent [female] [Alt: alista]
listo (adj)	smart, quick, intelligent [male] [Alt: alisto]
liston [Sp] (n)	shoestring
liston [Sp] (n)	border decorations [on walls]
liswa(h) (RV3)	to scald, put/pour boiling water on [Syn: eápwa(h)]
litá' (RV1)	to look (at) [Syn: tán-aw]
litgaw ]ma[ (adj)	clear, bright; legible [Syn: áthag, háyag]
litik (n)	crack
	May litik ro kaáng. / The pot has a crack in it.
palitik [slg, idm]	"politics" [referring to the corruptions in politics]
litik (adj)	troubled, having a problem
palítik (CV)	Litik nga táwo ron. / That is a troubled man.
litob (n)	to cause troubles, give [one] problems
	[clam shell--large]

litōb-litōb (n)	[clam shell--small]
litog (n)	[clam shell--large] [Alt: litob]
létra [Sp] (n)	letter (of the alphabet); word
litráto(h) [Sp] (n)	picture, photograph, snapshot. [Alt: ritrato(h)]
litráto (RV1)	to take a picture (of), photograph
palitráto (CV)	to have a picture taken, get photographed
létse [Sp] (n)	milk, cream [Alt., Sp: léche]
létse- [vul] (n)	"cream", "come" [the male ejaculation--sperm]
léche flan (n)	milk custard
léche (intj)	"Darn it!" [mild curse]
litságas [Sp] (n)	lettuce. <u>Lactuca sativa</u> Linn.
litson [Sp] (n)	whole roast animal (usually a pig) [Alt: léchon]
litson (RV1)	to roast (an animal) whole
liwan. (prep)	outside of, aside from
liwan (n)	outside
taliwan (RV3)	sa liwan it baeý ngará / outside of this house to bypass, go by, pass by
rong nakataliwan [idm]	rong biníean nga nakataliwan eon / the months that have already passed by / the Past
liwís (prep)	apart from, aside from
mataliwis (adj)	liwís dikáron / aside from that
liwit (n)	pointed, sharp-pointed
liyón [Sp] (n)	[fish--long, thin, delicious]
liyong (RV6)	lion [Sp: león]
paliyong (CV)	to turn around
lo [Ch] (n)	to turn (something) around
lóka [Sp] (adj)	grandpa [Ctr: 16lo]
lukáy (n)	crazy, foolish [Cf: 16ko]
Lukáy (n)	coconut palm leaves, palms
lokó(h) [Sp] (RV1)	Palm Sunday
lóka (adj)	to fool, deceive
lóko (adj)	crazy, foolish [female]
palóko (CV)	crazy, foolish [male]
Luktóga (n)	to make a fool of, play for a fool; cheat
lugár [Sp] (n)	barrio of Libakaw
palugár (CV)	place, position
	to stay in one's own place
lúglug (RV1)	Imo ro ímo, ákon do ákon--palugár. / Yours is yours and mine is mine--each to his own.
Lugohon (n)	to shake (up and down) [Syn: kaeög]
lúho [Sp] (adj)	barrio of Madalag
lóla [Ch] (n)	deluxe, neat, fancy, luxurious
	grandmother, grandma [Cf: 16lo]

lúlid	(adj)	crippled, cannot stand or walk
lólo	[Ch] (n)	grandfather, grandpa [Cf: lóla]
16-1o'	(RV1) [vul]	to masturbate [gen]; "beat off", "jack off" [vul]
lúma'	[Tag] (adj)	old [Akl: dáti(h), eági]
	palúma'	(CV)
Lumáynay	(n)	to be outdone, be overshadowed in fineries
lúmbang	(n)	barrio of Altavas
lúmboy	(n)	[tree] candle nut. <u>Aleurites maluccana</u> .
lúmi	(n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Syzygium cumini</u> .
	pásit.lúmi	stew
lúmo(h)	[Sp] (n)	stew and noodles
Lúnes	[Sp] (n)	tenderloin [cut of beef or other meats]
lúngsod	[Oak] (n)	Monday
Lupít	(n)	town, municipality
lúp6'	(n)	barrio of Batan
	Lup6'	[vegetable] [Alt: eup6']
lóte	[Sp] (n)	barrio of Altavas
lúto(h)	[Sp] (RV3)	yard, lot, plot of land
luwá(h)	(RV2)	to mourn (for) [Akl: eaeaw]
	pangluwá	to recite [also (n)]
lúyluy	(RV6)	recitation; poem for recitation
lyábe	[Sp] (n)	to hang down (in folds), sag, drape down (with one part lower than another)
lyonár	[Sp] (n)	key [Alt: yábi, yáwi]
		birthmark [Cf: aeóm]

"M" /mah/

ma--- (px)

ma--- (px)

mábdos (adj)

The tenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced bilabial nasal /m/. [G. 18-19]  
 [NOTE: When looking for many root words that seem to begin with "m", it would also be wise to check under the letters "b" and "p" also, since those two initial consonants often change to "m". See pp. 33-34] [Standard adjective prefix.] Remember to subtract this prefix when looking for root words: [G. 169-74]

matám-is / sweet "tám-is"

matámbok / fat "támbo"

mahúsay / peaceful "húsay"

[Standard verb prefix; for AF, future; for OF1-3 in the unreal aptative forms; for stative verbs, future]

[G. 95] [D. 16, 17, 22; 27-28]

Manáog ánay akó. / I'll get off now.

Hin-umó ikáw mapafíli'. / When will you go home?

Bási' ka mahádlok. / You might be afraid.

pregnant, with child [Alt: nábdos].

Mabiló (n)	barrio of Kalibo
Mabiló (n)	barrio of New Washington
mabilúnya (n)	[type of rice]
Mabúsaw (n)	barrio of Ibajay
máka--- (pfx)	[Aptative future verb-prefix in A.F.] [G. 66-67][D. 22]
	Makakáon eón kitá. / We can eat now.
máka--- (pfx)	Makaéangóy ka? / Can you swim?
	"akin to", "similar to", "like"
	makáy Chárlie ring hitsúra / you look like Charlie
	makaána gid ring límog / your voice is just like his
	"like that" "in that way" [Cf: iná', ranhá'][G. 180, 187] [near listener, far from speaker] [Alt: makanhá']
	"like that" "in that way" [Cf: inhá', ranha'][G. 180, 187] [near listener, far from speaker]
	Ah, makanhá' ro pag-ébra galí. / Oh so that's how it's done.
	"like this" "in this way" [Cf: iyá, ráya][G. 180, 187] [very near the speaker]
	Makará kúnta' ro ímong hámbar. / If only you could talk like this.
	"like that" "in that way" [Cf: idto, rató][G. 180, 187]
	"like that" [Cf: uná', rdyon] [G. 180, 187]
	now; today; at this time [Cf: eon]
	Pánaw kitá makarón. / Let's go now.
	"like that" [Cf: idto, rató][G. 180, 187]
	Makató nga klási ro ákong nailá-an. / I like that sort of thing.
Makató' (n)	Makato', one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
Makawiwili (n)	barrio of Altavas
máki--- (pfx)	[Adjective prefix denoting some proneness or likeness to.]
mákig--- (pfx)	makikwárta / money-hungry
	makidyós / God-like, overly religious
	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [G. 113] [D. 28] [Cf: nakig-]
	Nailá' akó makighámbae kímio. / I'd like to talk with you.
	machine, machinery; sewing machine
makiná(h) [Sp] (n)	typewriter
makinilya(h) [Sp] (n)	to type [something up]
	[Reciprocal verb prefix.][Cf: mákig---]
makinilya (RV1)	canned mackerel, canned fish [Cf: deláta, sardinas]
makipág---(pfx)	like, as if; similar to [Syn: mátsa, míngko]
makiríl (n)	[Particle used to quote one's own words or thoughts]
makó (Dp)	"I said" "I felt" "I thought" [G. 202]
mákon (Dp)	

mákot-a (expr)	"Well, I thought..." "Oh, I said..."
makúpa (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Eugenia aquea</u> . [Alt: magkúpa, mar-kúpa]
mákot (RV3)	to put firewood, kindle, start making a fire [Opp: páeong]
máksim [Eng] (n)	maxim, saying [Akl: hueubáton, biliság-on]
mád-ad [Bkd] (adj)	fine, good, swell [Ctr: mayád-áyad]
Madalág (n)	Madalag, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities [Cf: daeág]
mád-an [Oak] (adj)	dry [Cf: maeá(h)]
mádla' (ST2)	to be sick and tired of, have one's fill of; learn one's lesson
	Himádla' ka gid kay Nánay mo. / You'll get what's coming you from your Mother.
	Namádla' akó kána. / I'm fed up with him.
makamamádla' (adj)	tiring, sickening, readily makes one get fed up (with)
mádre [Sp] (n)	nun, sister [member of religious congregation]
madrekapi [Sp] (n)	coffee tree,
mádre it hágdan (n)	supports (of a staircase)
Madyáas [Oak] (n)	the historic Confederation of Madyáas; Panay Island [name of the tallest mountain on Panay]
Madyáas (n)	magic, witchcraft; sly of hand
mádyik [Eng] (n)	to enchant, bewitch, work magic (on)
mádyik (RV1)	magician
mádyikire [Sp] (n)	mahjong [game]
mádyong [Ch] (n)	to play mahjong
mádyong (RV5)	dry, dried out
maeá(h) (adj)	dryness
kamaea (n)	dry [Oak: mád-an]
mamaea (adj)	to dry out, let dry.
pamaea (CV)	[tree—fibers used for rope] <u>Hibiscus tiliaceus</u> .
matabágo (n)	developing a fever/temperature
maeangáang (adj)	care; business, concern [Tag: málay]
máeay [Oak] (n)	Anó rang máeay kána? / What is my business with him? [i.e. He shouldn't be minding my business.]
	almost dry
máeaymay (adj)	pretentious, proud; tremendous, overwhelming
máemae (adj)	Mátsa máemae kat-ímo. / You really think you're somebody, don't you? [idm]
máeukóng (n)	bowl
mae6g--- [Oak] (pfx)	[Archaic verb prefix denoting an immediate or anticipated action. Currently "mánog---" is used.]
mae6ng (n)	[snake]
mag--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix for conditioned and dependent AF forms]
	Naila' akó magmunót. / I'd like to go along.
	Indi' magpánaw. / Don't leave.
	Kán-o kamó mag-abót? / When did you arrive?

mága--- (pfx)

[Future AF verb prefix.] [G. 63, 95] [D. 16-17, 22]

Magapírma imáw sa dokumento. / He will sign the document.

Magallánes [Sp] (n)  
magáop (adj)  
magásin [Eng] (n)  
mágkæ (n)  
maging--- (pfx)

barrio of Nabas /magalyánis/

cloudy, overcast, bad [weather]

magazine [printed matter; container for bullets]  
[snake]

[Verb prefix denoting "becoming".] [G. 110-11]

Nalla' akó maging-asawa ni David. / I'd like to become David's wife.

to be new (to/at), be unaccustomed to [Cf: bág-o(h)]

mág-o (ST2)  
Magubáhay (n)  
Magúbay (n)  
Magúgbá (n)  
mágóng [Oak] (adj)

barrio of Batan

creek in Libakaw

barrio of Libakaw

reddish, ruddy

[tree, fruit--red] Diospyrus discolor.

to become reddish

Magpág-ong (n)  
maha--- (pfx)

barrio of Batan

[Aptative future verb prefix for OF..] [G. 66-67, 95]

Náno ro mahatabó' kímo. / What will happen to you.

maháe (adj)  
máháe (RV1)

dear, beloved; costly, expensive

to hold dear, love

kamaháe (n)  
maeaháeon (adj)  
minamaháe (adj)  
maeháean (RV8)  
maháea' (n)  
mahaea' (RV5)  
mahi--- (pfx)

dearness, love; expense

precious

beloved, dear [often used in salutation of letter]

to be dear to one another

pillow [Cf: púnda]

to use a pillow

[Happenstance verb prefix denoting future or unreal accidental action.] [G. 67-68, 95] [D. 19, 22]

Indi' nákon ikáw mahilipatán. / I'll never forget you.  
similar, akin (to), like [Cf: mahíngan, maw]

[Particle expressing some likelihood.] "likely" "almost"  
"somewhat" "It looks like..." [Alt: híngan]

[Instrument focus aptative verb prefix.] [Alt: íka-]

Pwéde ko maihámbae ron sa ibá? / Can I say that to others?

maís [Sp] (n)  
maéstra [Sp] (n)  
maéstro [Sp] (n)  
Malindáyon (n)  
malang (Dp)

corn, Zea mays L.

teacher [female] /ma'estrah/

teacher [male] /ma'estroh/

barrio of Malinaw

"just" "only" [Ctr: man lang]

malapínggan (n)	[flower--used to treat diabetes] <u>Catharanthus roseus</u> .
Maláy (n)	Malay, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
maldisyón [Sp] (RV1)	to curse, use bad-language; scold, reprimand
mali (expr)	"Come on." "Let's go."
malibúnog (adj)	circular, round [Syn: malipúeon]
malikót [Tag] (adj)	rascally, unruly, rambunctious [Akl: eangás, eahógl]
maligno [Sp] (n)	evil spirit, demon
Malinaw (n)	Malinaw, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities [Cf: linaw]
Malindog (n)	sitio of Agbaliw, Ibajay
malinggoy (n)	[tree]
malipúeon (adj)	round, circular [cf: malibúnog]
málit [Eng] (n)	mallet, hammer
malít (RV3)	to interrupt, disturb (intentionally)
manogmalít (n)	nuisance, pest [someone who makes it a point to disturb others or interrupt their work]
malítá [Sp] (n)	suitcase, luggage, baggage
Malíko (n)	barrio of Ibajay
mam [Eng] (n)	ma'am, madame, lady [term of address] [Cf: sir]
mamá [Sp] (n)	mother, mamma [Akl: nánay, iná]
mamáh [Bkd] (n)	great grandfather
mamá' (RV1)	to chew (tobacco, betel nut)
má-má' (n)	Mám-a ra. / Chew this.
mamadór (n)	[sea shell]
Mámbá (n)	baby bottle
Mambúkyaw (n)	barrio of Madalag
Mambog (n)	barrio of Batan
mámi [Eng] (n)	barrio of Banga
mámi [Ch] (n)	mommy, mother
mámis [Ibj] (n)	noodle(s)
mámón (n)	[fruit] [Alt: gaeáng] <u>Averrhoa carambula</u> .
man (Dp)	cake; cupcake
mána (Dp)	[Answer or response particle; it can mean "also" or "too", but is used far more frequently than those English equivalents.] [G. 200] Komústa ka?... Mayád man. / How are you?... Fine. Agto man. / You go too. [Particle used to quote the words/thoughts of another.] "he said/she-said" "it is said" [G. 203]
mána (Dp)	[Example particle.] "like this" "for example"
mána man (expr)	Peréhas mána sa kwárta... / For example, it is like money... [Cf: manakará, manakarón, manakaná', manakató]
kamána (adj)	"just the same" [Syn: sa gihápon]
	similar; like, alike, akin
	kamána sa sápat / like an animal

mána [Tag] (RV1)	to inherit [Akl: panúbli'] [also (n)]
manák (n)	stepson/stepdaughter
manakaná' (adv)	like that [Cf: iná', ranhá']
manakará (adv)	like this [Cf: iyá; ráya]
manakarón (adv)	like that [Cf: uná', rúyon]
manakató (adv)	like that [Cf: idto; rató]
manámsi (n)	[fish--small]
manahód (n)	midwife [Syn: partéra]
mánang (n)	older sister; [respect term for any older female of the same generation] [Cf: mánong]
Manánggad (n)	sitio of Panipyason, Madalag
mananggítí (n)	tuba'-gatherer [Cf: panánggot; sággot]
manábe (n)	[bird--of eagle family, feeds on chickens]
manára [Sp] (n)	herd, flock
mán-ay (expr)	"come here" "come on"
mandadáog (n)	lucky person, person possessing a winning streak [gambler's term] [Cf: daóg]
mándar [Sp] (RV3)	to command, order
Mándong (n)	barrio of Batan
Manhaníp (n)	barrio of Malinaw
mani(h) [Sp] (n)	peanuts. <u>Arachis hypogaea</u> Linn.
mani [vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
manibéla [Sp] (n)	handlebar(s), steering wheel
Mariká (n)	barrio of Libakaw
manikin [Eng] (n)	manikin, mannequin, dummy, tailor's model
mánikyúr [Eng] (n)	manicure
pamanikyúr (CV)	to get a manicure
mani-ray (n)	godmother
maninoy (n)	godfather
maniáng (Dp)	merely, only, just [particle stressing insignificance]
mánlot (n)	[shell--large]
máno [Sp] (adv)	to the right [Syn: tuó] [Opp: waeá, silya]
mán-o (Qp)	how much? to what degree?
	Mán-o it kaeáyó? / How far?
	Mán-o t eapít? / How near?
manubíla [Sp. cor] (n)	handlebar(s); steering wheel [Alt: manibéla]
manók (n)	chicken [generic term]

\*\*THE DEVELOPMENT & TYPES OF CHICKENS\*\*

itlog	egg
isiw	chick
talín	young chicken [away from mother]
sumaeáyhaw	young cock [Cf: mungá']
mungá'	young hen, pullet [Cf: sumaeáyhaw]
sueög	maturing rooster [Cf: dumaeága]

Mánok-mánok (n)	dumaeága	pullet, young hen [Cf: sueóg]
manók-manókon (adj)	ágik	mature rooster
mánog---	mús-an	mother hen
	[Many names exist for chickens according to their coloration or origin: bokáy, tíksaš, kántón, wayt-léghorn, bángkas, etc.]	
Máñok (n)	máñog	barrio of Malay situated on Boracay Island
manók---	manók	almondine [said of eye's shape]
	[Standard noun prefix denoting a person's (partial) occupation.] [G. 136]	
manóg---	mánogsúeat	writer
	mánogpakiæá	emcee
	[General verb prefix denoting an immediately expected or intended action.] G. 62-63]	
	Manógtapús ro síne.	/ The movie is about to end.
	Manóghalín kunó kamó.	/ They say that you intend to move.
manóng (n)	máñang	older brother; [respect term for any older male of the same generation] [Cf: máñang]
Mán-op (n)	máñang	barrio of Altavas
Mán-op (n)	máñang	barrio of Batan
mánsa (h) [Sp] (n)	mánsa	stain
mánsa (RV3)	mánsa	to soil, stain
	Ayáw pagmansahí ring dungóg.	/ Do not stain your honor.
	Namansahán daáng eámbong.	/ My shirt got stained.
mansáñas [Sp] (n)	apple.	
mansanílya [Sp] (n)	[Vegetable--medicinal] <u>Chrysanthemum indicum L.</u>	
mánsibádo (n)	common-law marriage	
mánsig--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting distributed action, each doing a job one's own way.] [Rel: másig---, mátsig---]	
	[G. 117-18] Mánsig-ádtó kamí.	/ Each of us will go on our own.
mánsig--- (pfx)	[Noun prefix or marker denoting "each" [of several] or "both" [of two].]	
	Mánsig ka tátay-nagsueód sa kwárto.	/ Each father went inside the room.
mánsa (Sp) (adj)	tame, domesticated [animal]	
mantánggi [Oak] (n)	[person from a far-away place]; far-away place	
mántaw (DV)	to watch, look at	
	Mos, mámántaw kita.	/ Let's go and see.
pamántaw (RV1)	to go and see [something, someone]	
mántik. [Oak] (n)	discourse	
mántika [Sp] (n)	cooking oil, lard.	

mantika' (RV1)

to make lard or fat out of

Mantiká-a ro báboy ngató. / Make lard out of  
that pork.

margarine; lard; butter

barrio of Makato'

tablecloth

veil, mantilla.

veil

maniac

tomorrow; some other day

manyáka [Sp] (n)

manyáka [Eng] (n)

manyána [Sp] (adv)

manyána hábit [Eng]. (expr). procrastination, mañana habit

manyíka [Sp] (n)

mang--- (pfx)

[Distributive verb future prefix.] [G.109]

Mangísda' sánda hindáa!. / They'll go fishing

later on.

[Noun prefix denoting distribution or quantity.]

maméso one peso bills

mangwárta one centavo pieces

[Noun prefix along with reduplication (N<sub>1</sub>V<sub>1</sub>) denoting

a full time occupation.] [Cf: mólog---]

manggísda' fisherman

mangungúma farmer

manuníeat writer; author; secretary

mamumúlig paid helper(s)

[Cf: móga]

[shrimp]

[fruit, tree] [Alt: makúpa, markúpa]

mango. [fruit, tree] Mangiféra indica L.

riches, wealth, possessions

rich, wealthy [Alt: manggarónon]

barrio of Banga

black cat [believed to have hexing powers]

young(er)

younger brother/sister

youngest child

brother/sister; sibling

slightly younger

to be brother and sister, be brothers/sisters

Pilá kamóng magmaéághod? / How many brothers

and sisters do you have? [AE]

kitten

idiot, fool [Syn: kaumangón]

dullard, dolt, fool

aggressive, wild, daring

maunó (Qp)	how?, in what way?, like what? [Alt: mawnó] Maunó ro pag-húhat karón? / How do you make that?
máong (n)	denim; cloth for overalls
máplir [Eng] (n)	muffler
marabilís [Sp] (n)	one-half centavo
marabílya [Sp] (n)	[flower]
márae (n)	wild cat
maragúsó [Sp] (n)	bitter melon. [vegetable] <u>Momordica charantia</u> L. [Alt: amargúsó] [Syn: ampaláya]
marágsa' [Tag] (adj)	[having the glottal stop in final position] "sharply accented" (folk linguistics) [G. 11-12, 32] [D. 3-4]
márágas [Oak] (n)	history
márang (n)	[tree, fruit]
márka(h) [Sp] (n)	sign, mark [Cf: bádlis, bádlit]
márka (RV3)	to put a sign/mark (on), mark, note
markúpa (n)	[fruit--small, red] <u>Eugenia aquea</u> .
márkot [Eng] (RV1)	to marcot [to remove a branch from a tree after a process in which it sprouts roots, and then plant it]
Maria Cristina [Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag
Mariános (n)	barrio of Numancia
marigóld [Eng] (n)	marigold. <u>Tagetes patula</u> .
maríno [Sp] (n)	sailor, mariner; marine
marót (n)	[fish]
márpil [Sp] (n)	ivory
Márso [Sp] (n)	March [month]
martilyo(h) [Sp] (n)	hammer
martilyo (RV1)	to hammer, pound, hit with a hammer
mártir [Eng] (n)	martyr
Mártes [Sp] (n)	Tuesday
Maryános (n)	barrio of Numancia [Alt: Mariános]
másá(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to knead [bread, dough]
másáhi(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to massage [Cf: hilot]
masahísta (n)	masseuse [female]; masseur [male]
maskáda [Sp] (n)	[something to chew on]
máskará [Sp] (n)	mask; costume
máski (conj)	even if, even though, although. [Alt: máskin]
máskin (conj)	even if, even though, although [Syn: bisán]
	Máskin owá' ka, nadúmdum ta. / Even if you're not [here], I still think of you.
maskuládo [Sp, cor] (adj)	muscular [Alt: moskuládo]
másdan (RV3) [defective]	to pay attention to, watch, take care, observe Másdan mo ro ánang ginahámbae. / Pay attention to what he says.

másig---	(pfx)	Owá' nákon himásdi. / I didn't get a chance to see. [Verb prefix denoting that each person acts as an individual.] [Cf: mánzig---, mátsig---]
masigin	(adv)	frequently, often
másmás	(RV3)	to discover, find out, notice, realize, be aware of
másó(h)	[Sp] (n)	sledgehammer
másinsun	(adv)	often, frequently [Syn: masigin]
más-ot	(RV3)	to have hard feelings (toward), be negative (toward), be of ill-will
masyádo	[Sp] (A. det)	extremely, by far, quite, too [Cf: gid]
matá	(n)	eye
matá	(RV5)	to be awake; to wake up, awaken, awake. [Syn: búgtaw]
matá	[Oak] (RV3)	pagmatá it kalibótan [idm] / the dawn of time [idm] to observe; raise, rear
mat-á	(Dp)	Ginmát-an imáw'ku ánang tiyo. / He was reared by his uncle.
Matábána	(n)	[Particle of assertion.] "indeed, really, truly"
matá-matá(h)	(RV1)	[Ctr: man it ána]
matánsa(h)	[Sp] (RV1)	barrio of Nabas
matanséro	(n)	to look down on, belittle
matansahán	(n)	butcher
mat-áng	(Dp)	to butcher, slaughter [cattle]
Matáphaw	(n)	butcher
matáy	(ST2)	slaughter house, butchery
kaeamatáy	(RV8)	[Particle of assertion.] "Me too!"
kamatáyon	(n)	barrio of New Washington
hilimátay	(RV5)	to die [Cf: patáy]
'himamatáyon	(adj)	Namatáy imáw. / She died.
mamamatáy	(n)	to die in great numbers
pakamatáy	(RV5)	death
tagumatáyon	(adj)	hástá gid kamatáyon nákon / up until my death
matimátiks	[Eng] (n)	to carry on at a funeral [AE], cry and shriek in a desire to accompany the dead to his grave
matlaéng	(Dp)	about to die, at the point of death
máton	(Dp)	Himaeátyon ro búean. / The moon is in its last phase.
		those destined to die
		to commit suicide [Syn: panghugót]
		on/at the brink of death
		Máthematics
		[Particle used to make polite corrections: "say it this way..." "it should be..." "what you mean to say is..."] [Alt: máton]
		[Particle used to make polite corrections.] [G. 202]

matráka [Sp] (n)	wooden clapper
matrikulá(h) [Sp] (n)	matriculation fee, tuition
mátris [Sp] (n)	womb [Syn: tiyán]
matróñ [Sp] (n)	matron; maid [at a wedding]
mátsa (Dp)	[Particle used to qualify a statement.] "as if" "it seems like" "somewhat" "similar to" [Syn: makó]
	mátsa bukón it imáw / it doesn't seem like him
	mátsa maueán / it seems like it will rain
mátsig--- (pfx)	[Verb prefix denoting distribution of the actors and/or the actions: "each will..." "all will..."]
	[Cf: mánsig---, másig---] [G. 117-18]
maw (Dp)	[Particle denoting relationship or similarity.] "like that" "that way" [Cf: mawrá, mawróñ, etc.]
	maw man gihápon / just the same
maw (T/pró) [slg]	he/she [Ctr: imáw]
mawnó (Qp)	how?, in what way?, like what? [Alt: maunó]
máwra (dem)	Mawnó ro áñang katám-is? / How sweet is it?
mawraná' (dem)	"this" "like this" [G. 162] [listener-oriented][Cf: ra]
mawranhá' (dem)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	[Cf: raná'] [Alt: mawranhá']
mawrató (dem)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	[Cf: rató] [Cf: rondató, ható, háyto]
mawráya (dem)	"this" "like this" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	[Cf: raya] [Cf: rondáya, hará, háyra][Alt: máwra]
máwron (dem)	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	Ah, máwron gal! / Oh, so that's the way.
mawrúyon (dem)	Máwron! [idm] / Right, that's it! [when someone has finally discovered the correct answer or way]
may (Tp)	[Cf: rón, rúyon][Cf: harón, rondúyon]
	"that" "like that" [G. 162] [listener-oriented]
	[Cf: rúyon] [Cf: harón, rondúyon] [Alt: máwron]
	[Particle showing possession, statements of existence, or indefinite statements. G. 198]
	May áyam kamó? / Do you have a dog?
	May ánda nga sueóg. / They have a rooster.
	May patáy sa eanás. / There's a dead man in the rice field.
	May táwo runá'? / Is someone there?
	May ákon nga gístong ipakítá' kimo. / I would like to show you something.
máya (n)	maya; "rice bird" [destructive of crops]
máyakanó' (n)	white maya

máya kísta (n)	grey maya
máya itúm (n)	black maya
máya-máya (n)	tiny maya
máya pueá (n)	red maya
máyád (adj)	good, fine, nice [Cf: ayád]
mayád (RV6)	to improve, get better; recover [from sickness]
kaayád (RV1)	to fix, improve, repair
kamaeáyran (n)	improvement, welfare, excellence
mayád-áyad (adj)	beautiful
mayád-ayád (adj)	a little bit better, somewhat fine(r)
muemayád (adj)	a little bit better
Máyo [Sp] (n)	May [month]
máy-om [Bkd] (RV1)	to speculate, estimate, suppose [Alt: máy-ong]
máy-ong (RV1)	to speculate, estimate, suppose
mayóra [Sp] (adj)	boatswain; butler, majordomo, steward [Alt: mayórdómo]
máyos (n)	[shrimp--very tiny]
mayós [slg] (n)	"shrimp" [AE, slg--for a very small person], "runt"
mayós (adj)	worthless, trivial, of little value
mága (Pm)	[Marker denoting that more than one kind is present or referred to, or that the things referred to are dissimilar, unequal, or individual; often thought of as or called a plural marker, but actually closer to the English meaning "some" or "various", than to the pluralizing "(e)s" of English] (note--)
	May ságig sa pínggan. / There are bananas on the plate. [10 of them, but all <u>bunguean</u> ]
	May <u>mga</u> saging sa pínggan. / There are various kinds of bananas on the plate. [also 10; but some <u>bunguean</u> , some <u>lakatan</u> ]
	Masángag ro ungá'. / The child is noisy. [only one is playing outside]
	Masángag ro <u>mga</u> ungá'. / The children are noisy. [several are playing outside--because children are different from each other in character, the <u>mga</u> marker is used] [G. 131, 190]
mága (Dp)	[Article expressing some approximation.] "some" "approximately" "about" [Abr: mangá(h)] [G. 208]
	mága alás tres / about three o'clock
	mága limáng kilométro / some five kilometers
Miágos (n)	sitio in Madalag
miáw [Eng] (RV5)	to meow, mew [Akl: ingáw]
mekánikó [Sp] (n)	mechanic
miki(h) [Ch] (n)	yellow noodles

míkot	(ST2)	to feel hurt; feel sad; have one's feelings hurt
medálya	[Sp] (n)	medal, medallion
medikó	[Sp] (n)	doctor [Akl: mianogbúeong]
medída	[Sp] (n)	tape measure
Medína	[Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag
mídyá	[Sp] (n)	half alás says e mídyá / six thirty [o'clock]
médyas	[Sp] (n)	sock(s), stocking(s)
milágring	[vul, slg] (n)	whore, prostitute [from the name "Milagros", a notorious prostitute]
milágro	[Sp] (n)	miracle
Milagrósa	(n)	Our Lady of the Miraculous Medal
miláw	(ST2)	to care for, be concerned about
mili'	(ST2, 3)	to be well-chosen, selected with care; precious [Cf: pili]
medlínđris	[Sp] (n)	ro áñang hamíli' nga dugó / his precious blood
melón	[Sp] (n)	[flower] [Alt: molingréys]
milyónes	[Sp] (n)	cantaloupe, muskmelon. <u>Cucumis melo</u> L.
milyonárya	(n)	millionaire
milyonáryo	(n)	millionairess
mina(h)	[Sp] (n)	mine [explosive weapon; ore mine]
mina	(RV1)	to mine out [ores]
Mina	(n)	barrio of Lezo
Miná-a	(n)	barrio of Ibajay
minimó	[Sp] (adj)	minimum, lowest
minimó	(n)	the last price given in bargaining [Syn: ultimó]
mining-míning	(n)	secluded place [some place not readily accessible]
menú	[Sp] (n)	menu, food served, prepared food
menor de edád	[Sp]	(n) minor, adolescent, not yet of legal age
minuró'	[Oak] (n)	settlement, colony
minus	[Sp] (adj)	under par; slow, behind; ugly; less
minya(h)	(RV1)	to touch, handle; use, move; remove
mingáw	(ST1)	to be sad and lonely, be depressed
kamingáwon	(n)	loneliness, depression
mamíngaw	(adj)	depressing, sad and lonely
makamímíngaw	(adj)	depressing, readily causing one to be sad and lonely
mingko	(Dp)	[Particle expressing a strong sentiment that a statement is or will prove true.] "somewhat" "must be" "it seems as if" [Ctr: máhing ku] [Syn: mátsá]
mírakolräys	[Eng] (n)	miracle rice
mirisi	[Sp] (n)	just punishment, due punishment, "perfect squelch" Mirisi kimo ron. / "Good for you." [AE, idm] or "That's just what you get." [AE, idm]

mirón [Sp] (n)	bachelor [Syn: olítáwoj [Opp: daeágá]}
Mercédes [Sp] (n)	barrio of Madalag /mirsédes/
meryénda(h) [Sp] (n)	merienda [FE]; snack [AE], [food, coffee] break
meryénda (RV1)	to eat a merienda [FE], have a snack [AE]
	[Syn: pamáhaw; cf: báhaw].
mis [Eng] (n)	Miss
mísá [Sp] (n)	Máss [in Catholic Church]
mésa [Sp] (n)	table [Alt: lamésa]
miskla(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to mix, mingle [Akl: eahúgay]
misis [Eng] (n)	Mrs. [Abr: Mrs.]
mísmo [Sp] (Dp)	self, alone, oneself [G. 203].
akó mísmo / I myself	
místér [Eng] (n)	mister, 'Mr.' [Abr: Mr.]
mestíso [Sp] (n)	half-breed [in AE this word has bad connotations; in FE it is almost a compliment to one's good looks] [someone born of a Western father or mother]
	half-breed [female]
	[in FE it is better to use the words "mestisa" or "mestiso" than the AE word "half-breed"]
	[noodle(s)]
	meeting, conference, session [Akl: típon]
	to meet, have a session, confer
	to use
	Ayáw pagmetehí rang gámit. / Do not use my things.
	to utter, speak, pronounce
míswa [Ch] (n)	wick [of lamp] [Syn: pabilo]
miting [Eng] (n)	[tree]
miting (RV5)	meanwhile, while
metér [Sp] (RV3)	in the meantime, meanwhile, for the meantime
mitlang [Oak] (RV2)	Wednesday
mitsa [Sp] (n)	mayor [Sp: alkálde]
miyágos (n)	"you" "your" "yours" [singular] [G. 160] [Ctr: nímo]
miyéntras [Sp] (conj)	to multiply, increase
miyéntastánto (conj)	to increase, multiply [as in mathematics]
Miyérkolés [Sp] (n)	[fish--large] [Cf: dánngit]
méyor [Eng] (n)	barrio of Kalibo
mo (A/pro)	barrio of Makato'
míad [Hil] (RV1)	to open up the eyes [Opp: píyong] [Cf: mídat]
pámíad (CV)	to realize
míbead (n)	face [Akl: uyahón]
Móbo [Sp] (n)	similar, resembling, like [Syn: paréhas]
Móbo (n)	to stuff one's mouth full
míkeat (RV1)	'Hamukmukán imáw it trabáho. / He had to shoulder all the work himself.
míkeat [idm] (RV1)	
mukhá' [Tag] (n)	
kamukhá' (adj)	
míkmuk (RV1)	
[idm]	

módə(h) [Sp] (n)	style, way, thing to do Máwron do móda makarón. / That's the style nowadays.
pamóda (CV)	to introduce a new style, wear the avant-garde type of clothing
módəlo [Sp] (n)	fashion model [Akl: huwáran]
módérno [Sp] (adj)	modern, brand-new [Akl: bág-ong-túga]
modista [Sp] (n)	seamstress, dressmaker [female]; tailor
múdlat (RV1)	to open up the eyes very wide; stare/glare (at)
múdlat (RV3)	to "stare somebody down" [AE, slg]
módura [Sp. cor] (n)	molding or pane along the bottom of a wall [Alt: moldúra]
muéaka' (RV2)	to speak (about), exclaim, comment, talk about in surprise, make a comment (about)
muéaeong (RV1)	to note, notice, look at, take note (of)
muéasik (ST3)	to drop out/off, get thrown out, fall, get lost [said of tiny articles that might easily get lost when carrying-a large bundle of them] [Rel: ásik]
muéat (ST2)	to strive (for), do one's best
himuéat (RV5)	to try one's very best
muéaw (ST5)	Básta maghimíeat ka. / So long as you try your best. to be awakened suddenly, jolted out of one's sleep Hamíeaw-mueáwan imáw. / He was suddenly awakened.
muéay (RV1)	to scold, reprimand
paeamuéay (n)	crab, nag, someone who always is scolding others
muéb' (RV1)	to greet, recognize [socially] Owá' gid nímo akó pagmúd-a kabii. / You didn't even recognize [greet] me last night.
múeo-múeo(h) (RV2)	to mutter, murmur, complain (about)
múeto' (n)	ghost, specter
múging (n)	pollen
múging (RV7)	to pollinate, produce pollen
Mugíng (n)	barrio of Banga
múgon [Oak] (n)	labor, paid work
múgon (DV)	to labor, work for pay Mamúgon kitá. / Let's go to work.
mamurúgon (n)	paid laborers
pamúgon (CV)	to go and get work, look for a job
muhmuh (n)	crumbs (of rice), scattered rice droppings
muhón (n)	bórdér posts (or) markers [Spn: dueñan]
mú-i' (adj)	senile
múlianón (adj)	senile
mulábi [Sp] (n)	molave. [tree, lumber] <u>Vitex parviflora</u> Juss.

moldura [Sp] (n)	welding or paneling used decoratively at the bottom or top of wallboards
mulianón (adj)	senile, old and forgetful
mulihón (n)	grindstone
molingréys [Sp. cor]	(n) [flower]
múltah [Sp] (n)	fine, penalty, [cash]
múlta. (RV3)	to fine, impose a cash penalty (on)
mánu [Eng] (n)	muumuu [dress, long and loose-fitting]
mámu' [Tag] (n)	ghost, specter. [Akl: müeto']
mónay [Sp] (n)	bread, bun, roll
mónay [vul] (n)	vagina [stf]; "cunt" [vul]
mundo [Sp] (adj)	uncouth, uncultured, uncivilized, wild
Monlaque [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay /monlaki/
munót (RV3)	to accompany, go along with, come with [Syn: fba(h)]
Múnti akó. / Come with me.	
mungá' (n)	pullet, young hen [Cf: manók]
mungáya' (ST2) jha[	to enjoy prosperity, be contented/prosperous
kahamungayaán (n)	prosperity
mungí-pungí' ]pa[ (RV7)	to be in a large cluster, be many, bunch together [said of a bunch of fruits]
máng-it (n)	[hard dirt that gathers in the nose]
mónggo [Eng] (n)	mongo bean. <u>Phaseolus calcaratus</u> Roxb.
múok (ST5)	to fall into a deep/sound sleep, to find/discover to be deep (or) sincere
Bási' himúk-an ka. / You might sleep deeply.	
hamúok (adj)	deep, sound [sleep]; deep, sincere, at heart [love]
muóng (n)	swarm, hive (of bees)
morádo [Sp] (n)	[banana--oblong, red] <u>Musa sapientum</u> var. <u>ginaring</u> [Alt: amorádo]
Moráles [Sp] (n)	barrio of Baiete'
mári' [vul] (n)	dried semen [as sticks to the foreskin of penis]
morena [Sp] (adj)	brown, dark brown
Móro [slg] (n)	Moslem [a derisive term] [Alt: müslim]
mos [Sp] (expr)	"Let's go." "Come on." "Move." [Syn: malí]
Mos kitá makáon. / Come on, let's eat.	
Mos ya. / Come over here.	
mús-an (n)	mother hen, mature hen [Cf: manók]
moskitéro [Sp] (n)	mosquito net
múskoe (n)	servant, household help
múskoe (RV1)	to make into (or) treat like a servant
musikó [Sp] (n)	music; band
musikéra (n)	musician [female]
musikéro (n)	musician [male]
musing-musing (RV5)	to become dirty; smear with soot or grime

musing-musing (n)	[Syn.: amulingāt] dirt, grime
Múslim (n)	Moslem, Muslim
múslok [slg] (ST2)	to die, "kick the bucket" [AE, slg] [Cf: matáy]
músmús (adj)	poor, lowly, humble
mús-on [Hil] (RV5)	to move one's bowels [gen], go to the bathroom [AE]
pamús-on [Akl] (RV5)	to have dysentery [Cf: pandího']
mustása [Sp] (n)	mustard [plant]. <u>Brassica integerifolia</u> (West) O.
múta' (n)	E. Schulz
mútad (RV3)	[hard dirt that gathers in or around the eye]
panghimuetad (DV)	to notice, see
mútlog (adj)	to look at, observe
mútlog (RV3)	big, round [eyes]
mutó-mutó(h) (RV6)	to glare at, stare at (sternly) [Cf: módlat]
motor [Sp] (n)	to be alone (in a house), live alone (or) be left alone [implying that the person is at the same time lonely and sad]
mútya' (n)	motor, engine; motorbike; motorcycle
mútya' (RV5)	pearl, a thing of (great) value, treasure
mútya' (n)	to produce pearls
mówa' (n)	Ráyang klási it taeabá nagamútya'. / This type of oyster makes pearls.
míyo-míyo (n)	fool, feeble minded person [who has the habit of repeating after himself all the time] [Cf: mó-i']
myémbro [Sp] (n)	orphan [from both parents] [Syn: flo(h)]
member	
"N" /nah/	The eleventh letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced dental nasal /n/. [G. 18-19]
"N"	[NOTE: When looking for many root words that seem to begin with "n", it would also be wise to check the entry under the letters "d, t, s" since these three consonants frequently change to "n". See pp. 33-34.]
na--- (pfx)	A symbol borrowed from Spanish and only used in the names of persons or places. In all other instances, borrowed nouns or other parts of speech are now spelled with the combination "ny" [which see].
na (A/pro)	[Standard verb prefix for Object Focuses 1-3 in the unreal aptative forms; and for stative verbs, modal aspect] [G. 95] [D. 18, 22, 27-28]
	Nadíea' rang reló. / My watch got lost.
	Nagutóm akó. / I'm hungry.
	"his/her" "he/she" [G. 160] [Ctr: nána]

n a [Hil] (Dp)	[Particle showing that an action has begun and/or is enduring.] "now", "already", "just" [G. 201][Akl: eon]
na' (dem)	Oras'na. / "Time's up." [AE, idm] (or) It's time now.
Naasog (n)	that [near listener, far from speaker] [Ctr: ranhá'] [G. 161] [Cf: ra, ron, to]
nabá' (RV6)	barrio of Malay
kanabá' (n)	to become short(er)/low(er) [Cf: tág-od]
manabá' (adj)	shortness, lack of height
panabá' (CV)	short, not tall, low
Nabaoy (n)	to make shorter/lower
Navarrétte [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malay
Nábas [Sp] (n)	sitio in Madalag /nabarítih/
nábaw (RV7)	Navas, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
kanabaw (n)	to become shallow(er)
manabaw (adj)	shallowness
nábdos (adj)	shallow [Cf, Opp: libtong]
nábdos (RV6)	to be pregnant, be with child [Alt: mábdos]
Navítas (n)	to become/get pregnant
Navitas (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Nabólo (n)	barrio of Numancia
naká--- (pfx)	sitio in Madalag
nakág--- (pfx)	[Aptative real verb prefix in AF.] [G. 66-67][D. 22] Nakabisítá eon kamó kay Lolo.. / Have you already visited with grandpa?
nakíg--- (pfx)	[Alt: naká---] [Oak] [Reciprocal verb prefix.] [G. 113] [D. 28][Cf: makig-] Nakíghueáy imáw ku ímong kalisód. / He shares with you in your bereavement.
nakipág--- (pfx)	[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [Alt: nakíg---] "my", "mine", "I". [G. 159]
nákon (A/pro)	to taste, try, test [Syn: samít]
náksam (RV3)	[Standard verb prefix for perfective (past) AF forms.]
nag--- (pfx)	Nagbakáe sánda it áwto sa Manila!. / They bought a car in Manila.
nagá--- (pfx)	[Standard verb prefix for imperfective (present and continuing actions) AF forms.] [G. 95] [D. 22] [D. 16] Nagasúnggod si Fred. / Fred is pouting.
nagíng--- (pfx)	Makahueúya' kon umabót imáw/ag nagakáon kitá. / It would be so embarrassing if he were to arrive and we were eating. [Verb prefix denoting "became"/"had become".] [G. 110-11] Naging-ungá' nákon imáw pag-ayáw kána ku áñang ginikánan. / He became my child when he was left behind by his parents.

nágnag (n)	ointment, oil [for wound]
nágó' (ST2)	to hide [oneself] [Cf: tagó'] Nanágó'kunó imáw pag-abót nímo: / They said that when you arrived, she hid.
nágob ]ma[ (n)	midnight; very late at night [relative time, depen- ding on a person's habits--for some 10 p.m. is very late, for others only after midnight]
nágob (ST5)	to stay up very late Hanágban akó sa púnson. / I stayed up very late for the affair.
Nagústan (n)	barrio of Nabas
nágwas (n)	chemise [worn only by old women]
nahá--- (pfx)	[Aptative real verb prefix for OF.] [G. 66-67, 95] [D. 22] Náno ro nahatabó' kímo? / What happened to you? [Alt: naha---] [Oak]
nahág--- (pfx)	[Happenstance verb prefix denoting present or real accidental action.] [G. 67-68, 95] [D. 19, 22]
nahí--- (pfx) {Oak}	[Instrument focus aptative verb prefix.] [Alt: kina-] Náno ro ánang naimítlang? / What did he try to say?
naí--- (pfx)	barrio of Ibajay
Náili (n)	sitio in Mádalag
Nailóng (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Naisúd (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Naligosan (n)	barrio of Kalibo
Nalóok (n)	taste, flavor; worth
namáe (n)	tasteless; worthless; boring, lousy
owát namáe [idm]	to go to waste; to be stood up, be kept waiting, be disappointed/unsuccessful
nám-an (ST3)	Hanám-an da ámon nga páháom. / Our preparations went to waste [because the visitors never arrived]. to lose one's hope; be frustrated/disappointed Hanam-ánan akó. / I was so frustrated.
nám-an (ST5)	good, nice, fine [said of things] [Cf: námít] niceness, fineness
námi' ]ma[ (adj)	to improve, make nicer (or) prettier
kanámi' (n)	delicious, good [said of food]. [Cf: námi']
panámi' (CV)	very delicious! how tasty!
námit ]ma[ (adj)	tastiness, deliciousness, savor
kanámit (adj)	to improve the flavor [of food]; make better, make the most of, take advantage (of) [idm]
kanámit (n)	delicious, flavorful [Cf: nanám]
panámit (CV)	mosquito
námnám ]ma[ (adj)	"our" "we" [not including the listener] [G. 159]
namók (n)	"his/her" "he/she" [G. 159]. [Ctr: na]
námon (A/pro)	
nána (A/pro)	

nána' (n)	pus
nánah (n)	stepmother
nanám ]ma[ (adj)	deliciously sweet, succulent, flavorful
nánay (n)	mother, momma
hánda (A/pro)	"their", "they" [G. 159]
nánday (Am)	Ginaimprínta nánda ro libro. / They are printing the book.
náno (Qp)	[Plural associate marker for the names of persons or pets, used in postpositive position.] [D. 11-12]
nang (expr)	Harón ro kótse nánday Juán. / That is the car of John and his family.
nang (n)	what? [Alt: anó]
Nangángob (n)	"um", "er" [said while groping for a word]
náög (ST2)	older sister [Cf: mánang]
panáog (RV6)	creek in Libakaw
náög (n)	to go down [stairs]; get off [vehicle, animal]
Napatag (n)	[Opp: sáká, sakáy]
nápkín [Eng] (n)	Nanáog imáw sa kabáyo!. / He got off the horse.
nápnót (n)	to get off [vehicle]; come down [from above]
Nápnöt (n)	clothing, wardrobe, garment(s)
nápteo' (n)	barrio of Tágalan
nápsak [Eng] (n)	napkin [Syn: serbilyéta]
naptalína (n) [Sp]	[tree--bark is used as twine]
Napti (n)	barrio of Madalag
nára [Sp] (n)	ten, 10
nars [Eng] (n)	knapsack
násá--- [Oak, Tag](pfx)	mothballs
Nazaréth [Sp] (n)	barrio of Batan
násnas (adj)	[tree] narrá. <u>Pterocarpus blancoi</u> .
nasyón [Sp] (n)	nurse
nátnat (n)	[Prefix denoting a certain location: "is in/at"]
náto' (n)	Násábaéy imáw. / She is at home.
náton (A/pro)	barrio of Buruanga /násaré/ [Alt: Kabúgaw]
naturál [Sp] (adj)	unraveled; worn out
naturál (expr)	nation, country
naturalmente (expr)	[grass, weed]
náw-ay (ST1)	[tree] <u>Nauclea junghuhnii</u> . [Cf: bángkæ]
kanáw-ay (n)	"our", "we" [including the listener] [G. 159]
manaw-áyon (adj)	natural
	naturally, of course [Akl: maw gid]
	naturally, of course [Syn: sýempre]
	to hate, dislike. [Rel: eáw-ay]
	hated, dislike, ife
	critical, cynical; hypocritical

nawóng [Hil] (n)	appearance, face [Akl: uyahón]
nay' (Dp)	"please" "just a second" "first" [Cf: ánay]
nay' (Am)	[Ctr: nánday]
nay' (n)	mother, momma [Ctr: nánay]
náyon (n)	this side, this location [Opp: tábók, pihák]
náyon (intj)	"um", "er" [expression used to fill in a pause in one's speech while groping for the right word]
	[Syn: nang] [Cf: kwan, kuwán]
nayón (n)	sow, mother pig
ni (Am)	[Singular associate marker for the name of a person or a pet, used in postpositive position.] [D. 11-12]
ni' (n)	baeáy ni Leáltad / Lealtad's home
nibíl [Sp] (n)	"little girl" "miss" [common term of address]
nídnid ]ma[ (adj)	plumb and level
nígo(h) (n)	careful, clean, fastidious
négra [Sp] (adj)	[flat bamboo basket for winnowing]
négro [Sp] (adj)	black, very dark (in complexion) [female] [also (n)]
niíd ]pa[ (RV3)	black, very dark (in complexion) [male] [also (n)]
	to notice, take note of; observe, test, spy on
panísd (DV)	Naníd-an nána ro manakáw. / He was able to observe the thief.
pinaniíran (n)	to sneak on tiptoe [Cf: tifd]
nímo (A/pro)	observations; breeding, culture, experiences
níná(h) (n)	"your", "you" [singular] [G. 159]
níná (RV3)	cut, wound, injury
nína (ST2)	to wound, injure, inflict an injury (upon)
nínang (n)	to get cut, injured
Néne' (n)	godmother [affectionate term of address]
Nining (n)	"Miss" [common term of address for a young girl]
ninong (n)	[Syn: Inday]
ninyo (A/pro)	"Miss" [common term of address for a young girl]
ninyo [Sp] (n)	godfather [affectionate term of address]
Ning (n)	"your", "you" [plural] [G. 159]
níngas kúgon [Tag] (expr)	Holy Child [image of the Infant Jesus] [Sp: niño]
	[Ctr: Nining]
nípa' (n)	"flaming grasses" [referring to the habit of beginning a project with great flair, but then never finishing it--much like burning field grass when dry]
kanípá-an (n)	[palm--used for roofing or siding] <u>Nipa fruticans</u> .
nípá'-nípá'. (n)	nipa swamp, mangrove [Syn: katúnggan]
nípis (RV3)	[eel]
manípis (adj)	to become thin(ner) [less thick] [Opp: dámoe]
[idm]	thin, narrow, not thick
	manípis nga pangita' / a meager livelihood

panpis [idm] (RV3)	to have a very close call [danger, death]
panpis (RV6)	to pass through a crowd or crowded area with great difficulty
nirbyos [Sp] (n)	nerve(s)
nirbyos (ST1)	to be extremely nervous, be jittery, be on the verge of a nervous breakdown
nirbyosa (adj)	nervous, jittery, high-strung [female]
nirbyoso (adj)	nervous, jittery, high-strung [male]
níswak (RV6)	to become very thin (or) skinny, lose a great deal of weight
maníswak (adj)	skinny, very thin [Cf: niwang]
nito' (n)	[vine--used for weaving baskets] <u>Lygodium ciranatum</u>
niwang (RV6)	to get thinner, become skinny, lose weight
kaníwang (n)	thinness, skinniness
maníwang (adj)	skinny, thin
New Búswang (n)	barrio of Kalibo [Cf: búswang]
New Washington (n)	New Washington, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
niyóg (n)	coconut [tree, fruit]. <u>Cocos nucifera</u> L.
kanyogán (n)	coconut plantation, coconut grove
nobína [Sp] (n)	novena [nine days of prayer]
nobína (RV5)	to hold/pray a novena
nobénta [Sp] (n)	ninety, 90
nóbya(h) [Sp] (n)	fiancee, girlfriend, sweetheart; bride [at wedding]
Nobyéñbre [Sp] (n)	November
nóbyo(h) [Sp] (n)	fiance, boyfriend; groom [at wedding] {Cf.:nóbya}
nobyohánan (REL. v)	to be engaged [G. 111-12]
	Magnobyohánan sanda? / Are they engaged?
Numáncia [Sp] (n)	Numancia, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities/numánsya/
nómbre [Sp] (n)	noun [part.of speech] [Nab: panghingáean]
numéró(h) [Sp] (n)	number
núno' (n)	dwarf; elf [Syn: enáno]
núno' [Tag] (n)	ancestor, forefather
níndno' (n)	ancestors, forefathers
nó-nó' (RV5)	to know how, be familiar with [Syn: báeo, antigo]
	Indi' akó kanó-no'. / I am not familiar with [the way that is done]
nunók (n)	[tree--believed to be bewitched or enchanted]
nunód (ST2)	to resemble, follow after, take after [Cf: sunód]
paeánúlon (n)	inheritance, legacy; inherited trait (or) characteristic
panunód (DW)	to resemble, take after; obtain an inheritance (or) inherited characteristic
Nónoy (n)	{common term of address for a young boy or young man} "Butch", "Boy"

Nong (n)  
nuóe (RV3)

older brother [Cf: máñong]  
to regret, repent, be 'sorry' (for) [Syn: hinúesoe;  
Ginaníe-an ko ro ákong ing-óbra. / I am sorry  
for what I did.  
normal, usual  
normal school, teachers' college

nórmal [Eng] (adj)  
nórmal (n)

Sa nómála akó gatuón. / I study at the teachers'  
college.

Nórté [Sp] (n)  
núsnuś (RV3)

North [direction]. [Opp: Sur]  
to scrub hard, scour, rub thoroughly [like using  
steel wool or rags]

notáryo [Sp] (n)  
notáryo (RV1)

notary public; notary seal

notísya(h) [Sp] (n)  
notísya (RV3)

notice, news [Akl: balíta']

nútaut (RV1)  
nútut (ST3)

to give notice, notify, inform

nútral [Eng] (adj)  
nwébe [Sp] (n)

to wear out

to get worn out, disintegrate

neutral; with no fixed position or opinion

nine, 9

"NG" /ngah/

The twelfth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, re-  
presenting the voiced velar nasal /ng/. Although  
two-letter symbols are used, "n" and "g", it should  
be noted that this combination represents a single  
sound. [G. 18-19]

[A linking particle occurring between nouns and ad-  
jectives with no English equivalent; however some-  
times it has the force and meaning of the relatives  
"that", "which", or "whó".] [D.29] [G. 156, 191]

máháe ngá tela / expensive cloth

Máwron ngáni' nga iyá akó gáestár sa Kalibo, ay  
mabúot do mga táwo. / That's precisely why I live  
here in Kalibo because the people are good.

ungá' nga gin pangaeánan nga María / child that was  
named Mary

to howl [said of dogs]

to babble; sing (or) say meaningless syllables

to stutter, stammer; be unable to speak clearly  
[Syn: ngdieo']

uvula [stf] [Syn: kampána]

name [one's personal name], first name, given  
name, Christian name [Opp: apilyido(h)]

Sín-o ring ngáean? / What's your name?

ngábungab (RV5)  
ngákngak (RV5)  
ngáea' (RV1)

ngaeágngág (n)  
ngáean (n)

ngáean (RV3)	to give a name (to) [Alt: pangáean]
hingáean (RV3)	to pronounce, say, name [Syn: mítlang] Hihgádlan mo ráya. / Say this.
panghingáean [Nab] (n)	noun [part of speech] [Syn: nombre]
ngáengae. (RV5)	to cry, whimper
ngágngag (n)	palate [of mouth] [Alt: lingágngag]
ngana' (A/dec)	that [Cf: ranhá'] [G. 162]. [Alt: nganhá']
nganhá' (A/dec)	that [Cf: ranha'] [G. 162]
ngáni'. (Dp)	ro kwárta nganhá'... / that money there [near you] [Particle used as an interjection, expressing the certainty or truthfulness of a statement; sometimes it can imply annoyance; "indeed", "precisely", "I know"] [G. 204] [see example given under "nga"] Taó ngáni'. / I just don't know.
ngánga(h) (RV1)	Máwron ngáni' nga nagaariya akó sa pagpangayó' kimo it patáwad. / Precisely, that's why I came to ask your forgiveness.
ngará. (A/dec)	to open up Ngánglia ring bá-bá', / Open up your mouth.
ngarón (A/dec)	this [Cf: ráya] [G. 161-62] Ro táwo ngará... / This person...
ngásae (RV2)	that [Cf: ráyon] [G. 161-62]
ngásae (n)	to talk nonsense, jibber, jabber, yak
ngásngas (RV5)	nonsense, jibberish, rubbish
ngáthae (RV6)	to babble, prate, prattle [Syn: ngásae] to be/feel frustrated [due to not getting one's way] Nagangáthae ro ákong pagginháwa. / My desires are frustrated.
ngátnigat (RV1)	to chew on, nibble at [said of rat]
ngató (A/dec)	that (yonder) [Cf: rató] [G. 161-62]
ngáwa (ST2)	to be amazed at, marvel at Hangáwa man aké sa ánang mga abilidád. / I was also amazed by his various abilities.
kangáwa (n)	amazement, wonderment, marveling
inogngáwa. (n)	exclamation mark [grammatical term]
makangangáwa (adj)	amazing, marvelous, awe-inspiring
ngáwngaw (RV2)	to gripe, grumble, complain, yowl
ngíkngik (RV5)	to nyaah [make the taunting noises of children]
ngídilis (ST5)	to be disgusted, horrified, shocked, repulsed Nangidlisán akó ku síne. / I was horrified by the movie.
kangídilis. (n)	disgust, shock, horror, revulsion, repulsion
makangingídilis (adj)	disgusting, horrifying, shocking, revolting [like the sight of blood], makes one's stomach turn [AE]

ngíl-ad (ST2)	to abhor, loathe, dislike; be disgusted (by) loathing, revulsion, disgust [Rel: kangídis]
kangíl-ad. (n)	abhorrent, loathsome, reviling
makangingíl-ad (adj)	to have/give a sickly grin, "half-smile" [in derision or irony] [Alt: ngírit]
ngilit (RV5)	gum [of mouth]
ngilo' (n)	very sour, acrid, caustic
ngiló(h) ]ma[ (adj)	causes one to grimace; sets the teeth on edge [as when eating something very sour, or hearing a grating noise]
makangingilo (adj)	tooth / teeth
ngípon (n)	to have/give a sickly grin [Alt: ngilit]
ngíxit (RV5)	to grin cynically, smile sarcastically
ngísi(h) (RV5)	to grin, smile [with the gums showing] [Syn: ngiya']
ngíslad (RV5)	gum [of mouth] [Syn: ngila']
ngísló' (n)	to giggle, snicker [Syn: hírf-hí']
ngísngis (RV5)	to giggle, laugh at, [in a foolish way]
ngíti' (RV3)	to be miserable, feel bad, suffer
ngítngít (RV4)	Nagangítngít dang buót. / I feel miserable.
mangítngít (adj)	hard, severe, troublesome, causing sufferings (or) hardships
ngító-ngító ]ma[ (adj)	mangítngít nga tyémpo / hard times
sweltering, very hot	Mangító-ngító ro silak. / The sun is sweltering.
ngíwi' (RV5)	to smile wryly [Cf: kiwit]
ngíya' (RV5)	to cry, whimper; smile senselessly
ngiyáw (RV5)	to mew, meow [like cat] [Syn: ingáw]
ngíeáb (RV2)	to mutter, mumble, speak in anger
ngíeo' (RV1)	to stutter, stammer [Syn: ngáea']
ngíeob (RV5)	to growl, roar [said of dog]
ngó-ngo' (RV5)	to stammer, be inarticulate [Syn: ngíeo']
ngísa'e (RV5)	to grumble, mutter [Syn: kútib]
ngísbó' (ST2)	to be sad, be depressed [Syn: subó']
kangísbó' (n)	sadness, depression
makangungísbó' (adj)	saddening, depressing, miserable
ngísgus (RV5)	to whine, whimper; purr
ngítngut (RV7)	to smart, be in pain, hurt
ngíynguy (RV5)	Nagangítngut rang niná. / My wound smarts a lot.
ngúynguy (n)	to whimper, cry, simper [in the fashion of a spoiled child trying to get its way]
	whimper, whine
	Kung may ginapangayó' ka, ayáw it ngíynguy; paghámbae it hústo. / If you want something, don't whine for it; ask for it properly.

"O" /'o:/

The thirteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the mid back vowel /o/. Normally, this sound would be another version (allophone) of the /u/ sound, but foreign influence has definitely established it as a distinct Aklanon phoneme, occurring in such words as:

/'olo/ grandfather

/'osoh/ bear

/'oras/ time; hour

"U" /'uw/

Normally the eighteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the high back vowel /u/, but here reduced to the alphabetical position of "o" because of the general confusion over the spelling of the "o" and the "u". [G. 27-28]

or [Ctr: ukón]

undressed, naked, bare [Alt: úba]

to take off [one's clothes]

Obáha ring éambong. / Take off your shirt.

to undress [Cf: ilis / to change [clothes]]

[the edible inner part of a banana trunk]

gray hair

gray-haired, having gray hair

grape(s). Medinilla sp.

to guide, assist on one's way

Kabáy pang ubáyan ka it mahé nga Dyos. / I hope that dear God will guide your way.

[yam--purple] ubi. Dioscorea alata. [Alt: óbi]

overflow, culvert

to overtake, pass up, pass

to constrain, obligate, force, compel

Bási' imo nga óligahón sa ulhi. / Maybe you'll compel [me] at some later date.

obligated, constrained, compeled, forced

obligation, duty

to put to sleep, put to bed

Ubó-a ro ungá!. / Put the child to bed.

to cough (up)

Úbha ron. / Cough it up.

cough [sickness] May ubó imáw. / He has a cough.

[the inner white part of the trunk of banana, nipa or coconut palms] core, pith

mature, at a ripe age [said of women, flowers]

to wade, to go wading knee deep in water

Ubóga, ay owa' kímo it gapás-an. / Wade through

ubōg (n)	the water since there's no one to carry you [across].
ibong [Oak] (n)	[fish]
ōbus (adj)	halo (or) circle of light sometimes seen around the moon [Syn: koróna]
ōbus (RV1)	gone, used up, exhausted, all out [Alt: óbos] Obus eon-do-gátas. / The milk is all gone.
ōbus (ST3)	to use up, exhaust (the supply of) Obusa ro mantíka'. / Use up (all) the lard.
hilōbus (RV1)	to get (all) used up, run out Naōbus daáng kwárta. / My money ran out.
hingōbus (RV5)	to finish off, bring to a close Hilōbisa ánay ron bágó ikáw magpánaw. / First fi-
ubōs (n)	nish that off before you go. to be about to, finish, be near completing below; downstairs
paubōs (n)	Sa ubōs imáw. / She's downstairs.
paubōs (RV9; CV)	a down staircase (or) stairway going down to go down, go below; be/act humble, humble one-self
mapainubsáñon (adj)	humble, modest, lowly, meek
ōbra(h) [Sp] (n)	work, job, something to do May ōbra akó. / I have something to do.
ōbra (RV1)	to work, do, make [Syn: himo', búhat]
oeobráhon (n)	Náno ro imong ginaōbra? / What are you doing?
manog-ōbra (n)	chores, things to be done, work(s), job(s)
paōbra (CV)	worker, laborer
pangōbra (DV)	to let [someone else] do, have [something] made
siōbra (DV) (RV8)	to do many things, make all sorts of things
úkad ]ma[ (adj)	to work together but as individuals, do at one time expandable, able to grow in size. [said of rice and other cereals]
úkay (RV1)	Dugánggi ring bugás ay bukót maúkad. / Add some more rice because that is not going to expand [much].
ókib (RV1)	to smooth out, rake over (with one's hand), overturn
Oquéndo [Sp] (n)	Ukáya ro binún-ag. / Even out the drying [rice].
ókéy [Eng] (expr)	to nose, snuffle, muzzle [as pig looking for food]
úklat (adj) [vul]	barrío of Balete' / 'okindoh/
úklat (adj) [slg]	"O.K." "all-right"
úk-ak (RV6)	without foreskin [said of the circumcised penis]
úkoe (RV1)	worthless, useless, good for nothing, lousy
ukón (conj)	to sink down, submerge
úkoy (n)	to carry under one's arm [Syn: sipit]
	either, or [Alt: ó]
	[sea crab]

ukóy (RV5)	to be silent [Cf: hípos]
paukóy (CV)	to keep silent, remain silent
ókra [Eng] (n)	[vegetable] okra. <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i> .
Októbre [Sp] (n)	October [month]
udád [Lib] (RV6)	to walk with extreme airs or pride [with the body stretched and the head up]
údlot (n)	mucus [stf]; nose drainage [gen]; "snot" [vul]
paúdlot (CV)	to have a runny or drippy nose [Cf: sít-on]
údto (adv)	about directly overhead (in the sky)
údto (n)	Udto róádlaw. / It's high noon. [Cf: troádlaw]
paudtohón (adj)	half moon (waxing or waning)
Odyong (n)	gibbous (waning); 3rd quarter [Cf: búean]
úeaí (RV2)	barrio of Altavas
ueá(h) (adj)	to pour out [Cf: tayón]
úeág [vul] (n)	Ueá-an do túbi. / Pour out the water.
ueágan (adj) [vul]	loosened from (its) shell [usually said of coconuts]
ueáhab (RV5)	sex urge, passion
ueáhak (RV5)	passionate, like a nymphomaniac [said of women]
ueán (n)	to wail, cry
ueán (RV7)	to scream, cry out
ueán (RV5)	rain; rain water
	to rain
	Nag-ueán kabíi. / It rained last night.
	to get rained on; to rain in (to the house); to get caught in the rain
ilinúean. (RV7)	Ro ámong bisita gin-ueanán kabíi. / Our visitor was drenched with rain last night.
tig-ueúean* (n)	to "rain cats and dogs" [AE, idm]
tingúean (n)	rainy season
ueáng (n)	rainy weather, rainy season
úea-úea (RV5)	[river shrimp]
ueát (n)	to cope with a situation
ueát (RV7)	scab, scar; miscolored skin [left by a wound]
ue-átras [Sp] (RV6)	to heal, form a scar [said of a wound]
úeay (n)	to move backwards, back up (a little) [Cf: átras]
úebo(h) (RV7)	virgin [Hil: úeay] [Syn: bírhin] [Cf: daeága]
	to stick out, protrude, bulge out
úeo(h) (n)	Nag-úebo ro eánsang. / The nail was protruding.
úehan (n)	head
pangúeo (RV3)	the head, top [of bed]
	sa úehan it kátri / at the head of the bed
	to lead, head, be the head [of]
	Ginapangueóhan sánda ni Albert. / Albert is leading them.

ueó' (RV5)	to malinger, pretend to be sick
ueók (RV5)	to choke, lose one's breath [said of child]
deod (n.)	stomach worm(s)
deog (RV3)	to change (or) replace (posts--in a stairway or fence)
paúeog (CV)	Gin-ueogán námop ro halígí. / We replaced the posts of our house.
úe-og (ST3)	to have the posts replaced
úe-og (adj)	half-cooked [due to lack of heat, not time]
ueóghan (n)	stupid
deog-úeog (RV1)	woven basket for drying rice (palay) [Cf: ugá(h)]
ueón (RV6)	to pacify, appease, "cool down" [someone]
ueúnlan (n)	to lie down, rest one's head on a pillow
úeon-úeon (n)	pillow [for head] [Cf: taeangdáyan / pillow (for feet)]
úeo-úeo(h) (RV1)	an ampty grain of rice
ueót (n)	to pacify, appease, "cool down" [Syn: úeog-úeog]
ugá(h) (RV1)	interval, space, unit of space [Syn: báe-ot]
ugá (n)	Butángi it ueót. / Leave a space.
ueóghan (n)	to dry out in the sun, dehydrate [Syn: bueád]
ugábháng (n)	Ugha it mayád. / Dry it out well.
[idm]	dried fish [small]
ugáhóng (n)	woven basket for drying out rice
ugahóngon (adj)	very coarse rice shell or husk
ugálí (n)	Ugábháng da úeo. / He is empty-headed.
ogálíng (conj)	[wood-boring beetle]
ugalingon ]ka[ (n)	infested with wood-boring beetles
ugálíng (n)	custom, tradition; habit
ugám (n)	Náno ro ándang ugálí'? / What are their traditions?
ugán (RV7)	but, however, unfortunately [Cf: ápang, però]
maugán (adj)	[Alt: ugálíng, úgang, gang]
paugán (CV)	Ma-ádto kúnta' imáw, ogálíng masakít imáw. / He would like to go; however he is sick.
oganón (adj)	self, one's self
ugáng (conj)	sa kaugalingon kong kabubút-on / from the very depths of my own heart
ugát (n)	sa ákong kaugalingon / by myself
úgbos (n)	[coating or deposit on the tongue when one is sick resulting in bad-tasting food or drink]
	to get light(er), less heavy [Opp: búg-at]
	light, weightless
	to cause to become more lightweight
	old, hard [said of root crops]
	[Alt: ogálíng]
	[blood] vein; tendon
	young leaves (or) foliage; young frond (of fern)

úg daw (ST3)	to die out [said of fire]
kaúgdaw (RV7)	to be dying out
úg dok (n)	[eel]
úg dok (RV2)	to implant, embed Iúgdok ro haligi. / Implant the support (pole).
paúgdok : (CV)	to begin building a house
ugháyan (n)	[tree]
ogiháp (n)	[insect--small, white]
ogiháp (n)	[skin disease]
úgin (n)	complication [another sickness or disease that strikes when one is already sick]
úgin (RV3)	to suffer complications, develop complications
úgin [Lib] (n)	[the rice blossom--broken off and blown by the wind]
úgis (adj)	scraped clean of hair [like a shaved arm or face]
ugisan (n)	a spot scraped clean of hair
ugís (adj)	faded [color] [Syn: púg-is]
úgob (RV1)	to bite [Syn: ángkit, pangót]
ugók [slg] (adj)	stupid, foolish, idiotic, nuts [Cf: kumiangón]
úgong (RV7)	[to make the sound of bamboo when struck--a sharp hollow sound]
ugót (ST2)	to be angry, get peeved
kaúgót (n)	anger, rage
makueúgot (adj)	angering, infuriating; outrageous
maueúgon (adj)	easily angered by a joke, a poor sport, "crabby", "touchy"
úgsad (n)	full moon--[Cf: búean]
úgsad (RV7)	to be getting full(er) [said of the moon]
paugsarón (adj)	gibbous (waxing), in the 2nd quarter
ug sarán (n)	part of the house just outside the door; porch
Ugsip (n)	barrio of Libakaw
Úgsod (n)	barrio of Banga
úgtas (RV3)	to be impatient with, be irritable, be crabby
úgto (adv)	at the zenith, directly overhead [Alt: údto]
ugtó-ugtó (n)	[worm--poisonous] [Alt: udtó-udtó]
ugwák [vul] (n)	semen [stf]; "come" [vul] [Syn: áta', gúwan]
úgwad (RV6)	to poke out/up, come out, appear
uhá [Bkd] (n)	cry of a baby
ohális [Sp] (n)	button holes
úhaw (ST1)	to be thirsty
kauháwon (n)	thirst
	Indi' maumpawan ro ánang kauháwon. / Her thirst cannot be quenched.
makaueúhaw (adj)	makes one thirsty
úhay (n)	stalk [of rice]

úhay (RV7)	to begin to bear fruits [said of rice and other grains]
uhóg [Bkjd] (n)	liquid mucus
uhóg (ST4)	to have/get a running nose
úhong (n)	[mushroom]
úhot (n)	straw; hay [of rice--left after the grain is taken]
o-éy [slg] (RV5)	to overact, show off [Alt: O. A.]
úli' (RV2)	to return, bring/give [something] back
paúli' (CV)	to have [something] returned; ask to return
úli' (RV6)	to go home, return [to one's place, country]
paúli' (RV9)	to go home, be on the way home
ulígham (RV1)	to clear the throat; harumph
ulíhi(h) (ST2)	to be late, be tardy; be behind
ulíhi (adv)	later on; behind [Opp: tempráno, ága]
ulíhi (n)	Ulíhi imáw mag-abót. / He arrived late.
ulíhi (n)	a later time; behind [space, time]
ulíng (n)	sa ulíhi [idm] / later on; to the rear
úling (RV1)	sa ulíhing adlaw / on a later day
ulíngón (adj)	to go later; go behind
olíngód (RV3)	charcoal
olítáwo [Oak] (n)	to make charcoal (out of)
-um- (fix)	[any wood or substance to be made into charcoal]
umá(h) (n)	to stick to, stand by, uphold, be true to
umá (RV1)	Gin-olíngdah kó rang ginhámbae. / I remained true to what I had said.
mangungúma (n)	Master, Sire, bachelor, young man [Syn: soltero]
pangumá (DV)	[Verbal infix used on command or conditioned forms]
umáe (adj)	Umádto ka sa tindáhan ág bumakáe it kaeámay. / Go to market and buy some brown sugar.
[idm]	Kon umabót imáw, singhanon imáw nga ginapaádto ko sa Manila. / When he arrives, tell him that I want him to go to Manila.
umágad (n)	farm; plantation; field(s)
umaeágdon (n)	Sa umá imáw ga-óbra. / He works in the fields.
umán (n)	farmer
umá (n)	to farm land, be a farmer
umá (n)	Nángumá sánda. / They are farming their lands.
umáeágdon (n)	dull, not sharp [knife] [Cf: dangae]
umán (n)	Umae ra íeo. / He is dull.
umán (n)	son-in-law / daughter-in-law
umán (n)	future son- (or) daughter-in-law
umán (n)	next time; repetition
umán (n)	sa umán / the next time

úmán (RV1)	to repeat, do again, do over Umanón ko ro óbra ngará. / I'll do this job over.
úmang (RV6)	to miss the mark, go somewhere else; wander elsewhere; do something foolish; get confused fool, idiot [Alt: kumangón]
kaúmangón (n) paúmang (CV)	to spoof, fool, cause someone to go astray, lead astray
úmang (n)	hermit crab.
úmang (n)	[a coconut without any juice inside]
úmid [Hil] (ST2)	involved [Akl: daeáhig]
omínto [Tag] (n)	bonus, increase [in salary]
úmling ]ka[ (RV8)	to resemble on another, be similar resemblance, similarity
kaúmling (n)	to compare
paúmling (CV)	creek in Libákaw
Umlit (n)	to squeeze in one's hand or fist
úmok (RV1)	fist
inúmok (n)	to subordinate, abnegate oneself [Syn: paíway]
umód ]pa[ (CV)	to press with one's palm, squeeze into small balls
úmoé (RV1)	[rice and yeast recipe]
inúmoe (n)	dirty laundry [Opp: linabahán]
umög (n)	soiled, dirty [clothes]
umög (adj)	to soil, get dirty [clothing]
úmog (RV1)	to suck on, dissolve in the mouth (without swallowing) [as is done to medicine or candy]
úm-um (RV1)	to be quenched
úmpaw (RV7)	Nagaúmpaw rang kauháwon kon uminóm it Kóka. My thirst is quenched if I drink Coca-Cola.
úmpaw (ST5)	to quench, clear up; cease, recover from Haúmpawán eon rang kalisód. / I have recovered from my hardship.
umpisá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to begin, start, initiate Umpisahí ring óbra. / Start your work.
umpisá (n)	start, beginning
úmpok (RV7)	to carom, bounce back (or) ricochet
on [Eng]. (RV2)	to turn on, switch on
---on. (sfx)	[Common OF verb suffix for future time.] [G. 95][D. 22]
---on. (sfx)	Dáehon nána ro maléta. / He'll bring the suitcase. [Common adjective suffix showing the quality of a person or thing.] [G. 170-71]
úna(h) [Sp] (n)	Purflón ka baeá? / Aren't you lying? Tawóhon kunó ro káhoy ngará. / They say this tree has spirits in it [is inhabited]. one sa alá úna / at one o'clock

na (adj)	first
na (RV3)	to go first; go head; precede [Opp: ápas, ulíhi] Gin-uwáhan kamí ni Socrátés. / Socrates went ahead of us.
haúná (adj)	first [Alt: nahaúná]
pangúna (adj)	chief, capital, principal
ún a' (dec)	there [near the listener, not far from the speaker] [G. 185-87] [Cf: arúna', rúyon, makarón, rikarón, hindúna'] [Cf: iýá, iná' / inhá', idto]
únat (RV1)	to stretch, straighten out; unbend, unkink, uncoil Unáton ko ro alámbre. / I'll unkink the wire.
únat (adj)	stretched, unbent; inflated
Unat (n)	barrio of Ibajay
únda(h) [Oak] (n)	great grandmother [Cf: ábo']
úndag (RV7)	to be bumpy, bounce; bounce up and down bumpy, bouncy, jerky
maíndag (adj)	to almost be together, be near but not exactly in front of or opposite; to not coincide
urdihás (RV8)	barrio of Ibajay
Úndo y (n)	river in Ibajay
Úndo y (n)	barrio of Nabas
Unídos [Sp] (n)	river in Nabas
Unídos (n)	barrio of Nabas
Unión [Sp] (n)	pillow, cushion
únlan (n)	afterbirth, uterine fluids
intúlan (n) [idm]	one, 1 [said with units of money] [Cf: úna(h)]
ún o(h) [Sp] (adj)	úno singkwénta / one fifty
únod (n)	meat; flesh; muscle
maínod (adj)	fleshy
---ónon (sfx)	[Standard noun or adjective suffix.] [Cf: ---ánon] kaeán-ónon foodstuffs
únón (n)	illegitimate child [gen]; "bastard" [vul]
únong (RV3)	to stand by, be loyal to, stand up for; allege, pledge Idnong ko dang kabúhi'. / I pledge my life.
únos (RV7)	Unóngi akó. / Be loyal to me.
únöt-unöt (RV1)	to be in motion; blow [wind], flow [water]
ónse [Sp] (n)	to shred, tear into shreds [Syn: gús-ab]
inónse [idm] (adj)	eleven, 11
onsítá [Sp] (n)	fooled, taken in
úntat (RV6)	gold coin(s)
úntay (RV1)	to stop, cease
úntay (ST3)	to stretch, straighten out, extend [Opp: kungkung]
úntod, jpa! (CV)	to get uncurled, get unraveled, get stretched to stop, put a stop to

úntog (RV7)	to be windy
madntog (adj)	windy; [idm] moody, quickly angered [people]
úntoy [Lib][slg] (n)	[derisive name for something unknown but disliked] "that thing"
untoy (n)	[a pet name for a loved boy] "Boy", "Butch"
únyas [Sp] (n)	[small piece of plastic used in playing a guitar]
ungá' (n)	child; son / daughter
unga' (RV2)	to give birth [humans only] [Cf: tiyo']
inunga' (n)	child (of)
inunga' (adj)	childish, immature
inunga-an (n)	unwed mother
kaungá-an (n)	childhood; children
paungá' (CV)	to deliver a baby [said of doctor or midwife]
ungáe (RV5)	to cry out, scream
ueungáeon (adj)	hot-headed
paungáe (CV)	to have tantrums, let out a scream
ungás [Tag] (n)	idiot, fool
úngkag (RV3)	to snuff out, put out [a fire]
úngkat (RV1)	to stop, lay off, discontinue
ungód (A. det)	Manágob-eon, ungkáta ró inyong hampang ngarón. It's late at night now; stop that playing of yours.
ungon (n)	extremely, very much so
úngon (ST5)	Rondáyang ísda' mabahée nga ungód. / This fish is extraordinarily large.
ung-ung (RV1)	sharp thorn (embedded), splinter
ungót (RV7)	to be pierced by a thorn; get a splinter
pauingót (CV)	Naúngnan akó. / I was pierced by a thorn.
op [Eng] (RV2)	to drink from or through a small hole [like drinking the juice out of a coconut]
úpa' (RV1) [vul]	to be together, be juxtaposed, stick together
úpa(h) (n)	to attach; stick on/together
úpak (n)	to turn off, put out, switch off [Opp: on]
úpak (RV3)	to engage in sexual intercourse; "fuck" "screw" [vul]
úpas (n)	[Alt: úpa'] [Syn: ítot, lántot, syápol]
úpas [slg] (RV1)	rice husk [Alt: upá]
úpaw (ST3)	skin, peeling [of fruits, vegetables]; rind
úpaw [idm] (ST2)	to peel, take off (the skin or peeling)
operár [Sp] (RV3)	[the trunk of the banana plant]
	to have sexual intercourse with, "screw"
	to fall out, [said of hair]
	to be flat broke [AE]
	to operate (on)
	Gin-operahán imaw it apéndiks. / He was operated on for appendicitis.

operasyón [Sp] (n)	operation
operátor [Eng] (n)	operator: disc jockey
ópís [Eng] (n)	office [Alt: opisna]
ópís [n]	[the dried fibers of the banana trunk] [Cf: úpas]
ópísina [Sp] (n)	office
ópisyal [Eng] (adj)	official
ópisyal [Sp] (n)	official, officer, leader [Akl: punó-an]
úplos (adj)	worthless, lousy; good for nothing; a failure
úpo [n]	[vegetable--white squash] <u>Lagenaria leucantha</u>
úpod (RV7)	to burn slowly, smolder; be used up slowly
úpod (adj)	short, shortened [like cigarette butt]
upód (RV1)	to wear away, waste away; use up
upód (adj)	worn away, used up
upóng (RV1)	to gather stalks of rice and bundle them together, during the harvest [Syn: ágkos]
oportunidad [Sp] (n)	opportunity, chance
úpós (adj) [ST3]	consumed, used up [Cf: óbus]
úpós (n)	cigarette butt
opríseér [Sp] (RV2)	to offer, extend
ópyo [Sp] (n)	opium; dope, narcotic(s) [Alt: ápyan]
óra (h) [Sp] (n)	auntie, aunt si Óra Belén / Auntie Belén [Syn: nánay, nay] [Cf: tátá]
oraró (n) [Eng]	[root crop] arrow root, <u>Maranta arundinacea</u> L.
óras [Sp] (n)	[Alt: araró]
óras (RV3) a	hour; time [Cf: tempo]
orasyón (n)	Anóng óras eon? / What time is it [now]?
órdin [Sp] (RV3)	May óras ka? / Do you have some time?
ordinado (adj)	to time
órdin [Sp] (RV1)	angelus time; 6:00 p.m.
ordenár [Sp] (RV1)	to ordain [to the priesthood]
ordenánsya (n)	Kán-o-ro pári' pag-ordiná? / When was the priest ordained?
ordináyo [Sp] (adj)	ordained
órihinal [Sp] (adj)	to order, command, decree, ordain [Alt: ordenár]
órinela [Sp] (n)	to order, command, decree, ordain
urók (n)	ordinance, by-laws
úroug (RV1)	ordinary, common
óros [Sp] (n)	original
Ortega [Sp] (n)	urinal, bedpan [Akl: ilihi-án]
ortiláno [Sp] (n)	baby pig, piglet
	to stop
	golden "O" {figure on old Spanish playing cards}
	barrio of Libakaw
	gardener

úsá(h) [Sp] (n)	deer
úsang (RV1)	to fight, quarrel (with)
úsang [Hi <sup>1</sup> ] (RV1)	to chew, munch (on) [Cf: úsap, 'supá']
úsap (RV1)	to chew
úsgang (RV3)	Usápa it maydd. / Chew [it] well.
úsgang (ST <sup>2</sup> )	to plop, sit down with force
úsik [Hi <sup>1</sup> ] (RV1)	to slip/fall and land in a sitting position
úsip (RV4)	to waste [Akl: amilit]
osisa' (RV1)	to chew off or suck the meat or fleshy part of fruits around their seeds [such as on <u>santol</u> or <u>kamansi</u> ]
úslog (RV1)	Usípi ro busoe ngarón. / Eat the flesh of this seed
páuslog (CV)	to investigate, search for, try to find out/discover
Usmán (n)	Osisá-a kon sín-o ro tag-ána ku eúgta'ngará. / Find out who is the owner of this property.
úsnot (RV1)	to slip on, put on, wear [a T-shirt]
úso [Sp] (n)	to slide down
úso(h) [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malinaw
páuso-úso (CV)	to play like children [Alt: kúsnot]
úsok (n)	bear
úsók (n)	use; mode, style, model
úsók-úsók (RV7)	to introduce a new style
úson (n)	spine(s) [of bamboo, coral]
ús-us (RV2)	pole (of a fence), fencepole [Syn: haligi]
úsoy (RV1)	to steam, smoke, send off vapor, evaporate
úswag (RV2)	[shrimp--large, fresh-water]
kauswágan (n)	to lower down; let down; slip down [Cf: arlya(h)]
osyúso [Sp] (adj)	to look for, search for, try to find
uták (n)	Usóya ábi' kon sín imáw. / Go on, try to find out where he is.
útan [Hi <sup>1</sup> ] (n)	Sín-o ring gina-úsoy? / Who(m) are you looking for?
útang	to improve, better [Cf: mayád, ayád]
útang (RV3)	improvement, progress, advancement
paútang (n)	[Syn: kamaeáyran]
paútang (CV)	malicious, naughty, "gross" [AF slg]
manogpaútang (n)	a blunted knife [used for weeding]
ueútangán (n)	végetable(s) [AKL: tinéa]
kautangán (n)	debt
utás (RV1)	to owe to, be indebted to
	credit
	to lend money, give/extend credit
	creditor
	(one's) creditors [those whom one owes money to]
	debts, accounts payable
	to slash, cut off [with a blade] [Syn: eántas]

útaw (n)	soybeans.
útbong (n)	end, tip útbong it siyáw / tip of the knife
utó(h) (n)	the arc below a nipa house; basement [FE]
utok (n)	[Syn: iútéom, silóng]
utókan (adj)	brain
utod (RV1)	bright, brainy, intelligent, smart [Syn: maáéam]
utod (n)	to cut into two or more pieces
utod (n)	Utda ro tinápay. / Cut the bread.
útoé (n)	part [of something], piece [Cf: túnga', pihák]
utog [vul] (n)	tick [blood-sucking bug or parasite]
utog (RV7)	erection [of penis] [stf]; "hard-on" [vul] [Cf: úeag]
makaueutog (adj)	to erect, become sexually excited [penis]
paútog (CV)	causing one to become sexually excited [men only],
útog (ST5)	"gives [one] a hard-on" [vul]
paútog (CV)	to arouse, cause sexual excitement
útog (ST5)	to be/get sexually excited [gen]; "get turned on" [vul]
ófo'-óto' [Tag] (RV1)	Gin-útgan imáw sa pagrománsa. / He was turned on by the love-making.
oturgár [Sp] (RV3)	to take advantage of, play for a fool, "milk", "suck"
utót (n)	[AE, slg] Ayáw akó pagóto'-otóa. / Don't play me for a fool.
utót (RV5)	flatulence [stf]; bad air [gen]; "fart" [vul]
Ochándo [Sp] (n)	to let some gas [gen]; "blow a fart" [vul]
otsénta [Sp] (n)	barrio of New Washington /'ctsández/
ótsó [Sp] (n)	eighty, 80
owá' (Neg)	eight, 8
waeá' (ST5)	"none" "no" "nothing" "do not" "did not" "do(es) not have" [Particle used to negate statements of possession (used with it), or verbs in the present or past time; this particle can also be used indefinitely as in English "no-".] [Oak: waeá'] [G. 195]
owá' akó it relí. / I don't have a wristwatch.	Owá' nákon imáw pagbayári. / I did not pay him.
Owá' sánda gasiné adl...ádlaw. / They don't go to church every day.	Owá' táwo / nobody      Owá' butáng / nothing
kinawád-on (n)	to suffer the loss of, be left without
talimád-on (n)	Nawád-an kamít ungá!. / We suffered the loss of a child.
uwák (n)	nothingness; poverty; lack
úwang (RV2)	superstitious beliefs. [Syn: panimád-on]
	[crow]
	to cry, howl, screech (about)

uwáw	(adj)	Náno ring gina-úwang? / What are you yelling about?
uwáy	(n)	mute, dumb, unable to speak
úya [Sp]	(n)	rattan
uyahón	(n) [idm]	(great) grandmother [Syn: únda(h)]
uyáng	(RV1)	face, looks; one's countenance
uyáng	(ST3)	madámoe it uyahón / shameless, faceless [some- one who does not care at all about what people think]
Uyang	(n)	to waste [Syn: amilit]
oyapós	(n)	to get wasted [Cf: kanúgon]
uyáw	[Lib] (n)	barrio of Libakaw
úylog	(RV1)	abscess; boil [infected skin eruption]
úyo [Sp]	(n)	intermittent showers: rain following upon rain and a let up of rain
úyon	(RV4)	to shake, throttle
hiliúyon	(RV8)	(great) grandfather [Syn: ábo']
paúyon-úyon	(CV)	to like, adjust to, react favorably to; conform to, approve of; be parallel; be agreeable (to)
úyo-úyo	[Bkd] (RV1)	Ka-úyon ka it dayók? / Do you like salty fish?
úy-uy	(RV6)	Naga-úyon ro línya sa papél. / The lines on the paper are parallel.
hiliúyon	(RV8)	Nauyonán eon nímo ro týempo riyá? / Have you already adjusted to the weather here?
paúyon-úyon	(CV)	to conform to, have a consensus
úyo-úyo	[Bkd] (RV1)	to be agreeable to, be amenable to
úy-uy	(RV6)	to appease, pacify, persuade [Alt: úeo-úeo(h)]
úy-uy	(RV6)	to slump, lean over from lack of strength

"p" /pah/

"F"

pá (Dp)

pá--- (pfx)

The fourteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet,  
representing the voiceless bilabial stop /p/. [G. 8-9]  
The symbol for the voiceless labio-dental fricative.  
Most often this sound is reduced to /p/. It is only  
used in the spelling of foreign words or names not  
yet vernacularized, and is alphabetically reduced  
to the position of /p/ in this section.  
[Sustaining particle with the sense of English "yet"  
or "still".] [G. 201]

Idto pat-á? / Is it still there?  
Owá' pa nahumán? / Not yet finished?  
[Causative prefix put immediately before the root  
word, denoting variously the sense of English "let"  
"have" or "make".] [G. 99-105] [D. 26]  
Palingkóra ro bisítá. / Have the visitor sit down.  
Pakantáha imáw. / Make her sing.

pa---	(pfx)	[Idiomatic motion prefix, denoting "going towards"]
paKalíbo		to go to Kalíbo [G. 92;105]
PaNégrós		to go to Negros
pasubá'		to go upstream/upriver
paeapít'		to approach, get/go near
páa (n)		thigh, upper leg
páshos [Hil] (RV1)		to let go, curb; calm down, let pass Paahósa ring kaákig. / Curb your temper.
pááman (RV3)		to add to, kick in, give some[thing] extra, throw in Paamáni rang binakáe. / Add something extra to what I bought.
paáman (n)		throw in, extra, kick in, addition(al)
pabílo [Sp] (n)		wick [of candle or lamp]
pábo [Sp] (n)		turkey
pabúkot (RV3)		to cover up the whole body with a blanket [Cf: búkot]
pabriká [Sp] (n)		factory [Syn: almasín]
paká--- (pfx)		[Causative prefix denoting a seeking of or consideration of some quality.] [G. 117,119;139]
pakámatáy		suicide
paká-abó'		to consider plenty
pakábuót		to try to be good; seek goodness
paká' (n)		frog; toad
pinaká' (adj)		shaped like a frog [kite]
pák-an (n)		[fish]
pakáw (n)		twisted, deformed (arm)
pakáw (ST4)		to have/get a deformed arm
pákeang (n)		branch [of coconut or banana tree]
pákeos (n)		skin abrasion, scratch
pákeos (ST4)		to get a skin abrasion
pakí--- [Tag] (pfx)		[Verb prefix used in making polite requests to do something on behalf of another; "please"] Pakíbuóe mo ro libro sa lamésa. / Please get the book on the table for me.
pakí' (adj)		lame, crippled
pakí' (ST4)		to be crippled, get lame
pakíg--- (pfx)		[Reciprocal verb prefix denoting mutuality with another person.] [Cf: mákig-, nákig-] [G. 113]
páliúšap [Tag] (n)		a go between [someone who speaks to another on behalf of someone else]
pakipág--- (pfx)		[Reciprocal verb prefix.] [Alt: pakíg-] [G. 113] Pakipagkitá-i sánda. / Get them to meet together.
pakís [Tag] (adj)		awkward, unsmooth, out of place, inappropriate [Oak: bikwáeon, salikwáot]
pák-is (RV1)		to peel off, detach; take off [Alt: páksi']

paki'sáma [Tag] (n)	"PR", ability to make friends and influence people, public relations, "SIR" [Akl: pakíg-iba]
páknot (n)	bark [of tree]
paeaknótón (adj)	about to be stripped and made into fibers
pakó(h) (n)	[fern] paco. <u>Athyrium esculentum</u> .
pákoe (n)	[banana--inedible, small]
Pákol (n)	sitio in Madalag
pákón (expr)	"so what?" "what if" [Syn: anó gid]
pák-o-s (ST3)	to peel off; get scraped off [paint]
pákot (n)	button
pákpak (n)	wing
pákpak [idm] (RV1)	to spank, slap [children]
paeákpak (RV3)	to clap (for), applaud
paeakpakan (n)	applause
páksi (RV1)	to tear out, rip out, detach, take out [Alt: pák-is]
páksiw [Ch] (RV1)	to cook in sugar and vinegar
páksiw (n)	sour meat [usually pork, but sometimes fish or fowl]
pákwan [Tag] (n)	watermelon. <u>Citrullus vulgaris</u> Schraed. [Akl: sandiya]
pákyaw (RV1)	to buy in bulk, buy wholesale: to get a flat rate, buy as a group, get a group rate [when hiring vehicles]
pamákyaw (DV)	to buy wholesale
padáman (RV5)	to talk in one's sleep
padilús-us (RV1)	to slide down (a tree or pole) [Cf: ús-us]
padilús-us [idm]	to marry one's younger sister-in-law [after one's wife dies]
padér. [Sp] (n)	cement wall
pádpad (RV1)	to remove grains from cob/stem [as on corn]
padróñ [Sp] (n)	paper pattern (used in making clothing)
pádyá [Hil] (n)	prize, reward
padyámas [Eng] (n)	pajamas
paeá--- (pfx)	[Common noun or adjective prefix denoting a fondness for or a continuous repetition of some act.] [G. 118-19]
	paeahámbae talkative [G. 171]
	paeakáon always eating
	paeaúmog always soiling one's clothes
	paeahflong drunkard, lush
	[ant--very large, red] [Cf: gúyom, tagasáw, baháw-baháw].
paeá (n)	to erase, wipe out, eliminate
paeá (n)	eraser
paeáan (n)	bamboo fish trap [set in deep water]
pae-ak (n)	scar
paeákpak (RV3)	to applaud, clap (for)

páead (n)	palm (of hand)
panghimaeád (RV3)	to read one's palm, tell one's fortune
pínáead (adj) [idm]	lucky, fortunate, blessed with good fortune
manógpanghimaeád (n)	fortune teller
paeád (n)	[fish--thin]
paeág (RV1)	to threaten
paeagíw (RV3)	to run away and hide, avoid
Paeali (n)	barrio of Banga
paealigban (n)	problem, quandary [Cf: libóg]
paeánog (n)	[tall grass--used for making mats]
paeánta' (adv)	seldom, rarely, only every now and then [Alt: paeángta'] [Opp: masigin]
paeáng--- (pfx)	[Verb qualifying prefix showing distribution of the action or its direct objects.] [G. 118-19]
paeangán (n)	[fish]
paeánghuót (DV)	to be tightly packed together, extremely crowded [Cf: paeáng---, huót].
paeángta' (adv)	seldom, rarely, only every now and then
paeápak (RV3)	to bless by touching with a statuette or holy image [Rel: eápak] [Alt: patápak].
paeás (RV1)	to whack, hit (with a pole or stick) [fruit, in order to knock it out of the tree]
pae-at (RV3)	to be absent; to leave a space [Cf: ueóti]
paeáw (RV1)	to lessen, reduce [something]; to placate, calm, "cool down" [a person]
paeay (n)	Paeáwa ring kaákig. / Cool your temper.
paeáy (n)	rice (growing in the fields). <u>Oryza sativa</u> .
paeáy (RV3)	rice seeds [freshly harvested, unmilled]
paeó (n)	[Cf: bugás, humáy, kán-on] [many types of rice]
paeúeos (RV3)	bet, wager
paeong (RV1)	to bet, wager (on) [Cf: pústá']
paeong (ST3)	[fish]
paeós (RV1)	to give way (to), subordinate (oneself), defer (to)
paeós (ST3)	to put out [fire], turn off (light)
	Paeonga ro iwag. / Turn off the light.
	to die out [fire]; go out [light]
	to untie, unravel
	to get loose, fall apart, get untied, get loose
	Napaeós ro áhang hígót. / Its string came apart.
	Napaeós ro daeána'. / The scaffolding fell apart.
páepae (RV1)	to drive in, hammer in (a stake, post)
páepae (n)	post, stake
páepag (RV1)	to hammer [using the broad side of anything, like a rock, piece of metal or wood]

p.a.g---	(fx)	[Common verb prefix used for participle or command forms.] [G. 65, 69; 95] [D. 17-18, 19; 22]
pag---	(pf.)	Pag-abót nána... / When he arrived... Paghípos kamó! / Shut up!
pag---	# (pfx)	[Noun prefix denoting some action (generally) or substance (rarely).] [G. 135]
		pagbása reading pagsueát writing pagkáon food, sustenance
pagá---	# (pfx)	[Conditioned verb prefix used in the object or oblique focuses in the forms: <u>pag---a</u> , <u>pag---an</u> , and <u>pag---i</u> to denote past conditioned and in the forms: <u>pag---on</u> , <u>pag---an</u> to denote future conditioned.]
		Owá' nánda pagbúa-ro kwárta. / They didn't take the money. Ayáw ánay sánda pagbayári. / Please don't pay them yet. Indi' námon paghueatón ikáw? / Won't we wait for you?
		[Future verb prefix referring to a continuing or repeated action in the future or to an action which will be in process at a given time in the future, in the object or oblique focuses, occurring in the forms: <u>paga---on</u> (OF#1) and <u>paga---an</u> (OF#3).]
pagátpat	(n)	Pagakiwá-on do kárñeng báboy. / The pork is to be sliced.
págbo	(n)	Pagaharanáhan nánda si Inday. / Inday will be having a serenade from them.
págka---	(pfx)	[tree] <u>Sonneratia caseolaris</u> (Linn.) Engl. beam, girder (supporting roof)
págkit	(RV1)	[Noun prefix denoting a completed action or an achieved state.] [G. 135]
págkit	(n)	págkatáwo character; personality págkamatáy death (past) págkalibre independence (achieved) to paste (on)
págkit	(n)	[a code of dash and dots used by gamblers--written secretly on a piece of paper during the course of a game]
págkit	(n)	[the name of a candidate not on a ballot which is to be pasted over someone else's name]
pághid [Bkdj]	(RV3)	to rub one's hands on something in order to get dirt off; clean off (by scraping--without water) [Alt: páhid] [ray; ray fish]
pág-i	(n)	durable, long-lasting [Syn: líg-on] [Opp: huyáng]
pág-on	Jma! (adj)	to grind one's teeth
págot	(RV5)	to let out much air while defecating [gen]; "blow a
págutput	(RV5)	

Pagsánghan	(n)	lot of faint [vul]
págsik	[Sp] (adj)	barrio of Banga
páha(h)	{Sp} (n)	active, lively, vigorous, rambunctious
páhi	[Sp] (n)	belt
páhi'	(n) [Bkd]	secretary to a bishop
páhid	(RV3)	[large crayfish] [Alt: páyi']
páhid	(n)	to wipe
pamáhid'	(RV3)	cloth for wiping
pamahirán	(n)	to wipe off, dust
pahimúngnan	(n)	rag, wash rag, wash cloth
pahiná	[Sp] (n)	dwelling, abode; rest house [Cf: himunóng]
pahíra	[Sp] (n)	page
pahító'	(RV3)	belt loop (on trousers, dress) [Cf: páha(h)]
pahító'	(n)	to design, put into an artful position
pahító'	(n)	means, device, way
páho'	(n)	[fruit--small mango] <u>Mangifera altissima</u> Blanco.
pahóg	(RV1)	to threaten, scare [Syn: paeág, pahádlok]
pahúway	(RV4)	to relax, rest (from)
páhpah	(n)	Pahuwáyi ring trabáho. / Rest from your labors.
páño-íno(h)	(n)	foothold, foot rests in tree [used for climbing]
páño-íno	(RV1)	thought, consideration, reckoning
painsígan	(n)	Nagbáylo daáng paino-íno. / I changed my mind. [AE]
painsígan	(RV4)	to think, consider, reckon
paintapóe	[Nab] (n)	Paino-íno it mayad. / Think it over carefully.
paintapóe	(RV1)	competition, contest, each to his own
páis	(RV1)	to compete, contest (with), have each to his own
pináis	(n)	syllabification [Cf: tapóe]
paít	(RV7)	to spell [something--syllable by syllable]
kapaít	(n)	[Cf: bináto / letter by letter; koridas / entire word]
mapaít	(adj)	to make a dessert of ground rice
papaít	(CV)	[ground rice dessert]
paistí-istí	[Sp] (CV)	to become bitter, get acrid
pála(h)	[Sp] (n)	bitterness
palá'	(adj)	bitter, acrid
palabás	[Tag] (n)	to embitter, make bitter
palabás	[slg] (RV5)	to feign dislike [act like one does not care, when in reality the person is very excited or involved]
palábi-lábi(h)	(CV)	shovel
		flatnosed, flat (nose, face) [Syn: páñ-ae]
		show, performance [Alt: pagguwá']
		to "put on a show", "act", "show off" [AE]
		[Syn: pasíkat]
		to act proud, be pretentious, act as if one were better than everyone else [Cf: eabí]

palabí-labíhon (adj)	proud, pretentious, overbearing, haughty
palamán [Tag] (n)	filling; filler [in pies, rolls]; spread [for sandwich]
palánsa(h) [Sp] (n)	iron, clothesiron
palánsa (RV1)	to iron (out)
palángga' (n)	favorite, pet, one cherised above the others [Cf: ángga'] [Syn: paráyaw]
palángga' (RV1)	to favor, cherish, love more than others
palanggána [Sp] (n)	wash basin, tub
palápong (adv)	foolishly done, silly
palápong (RV3)	to do by guesswork
palásyo [Sp] (n)	palace
Palay (n)	barrio of Batan [Cf: páeay]
páhi (adj)	shy, easily embarrassed
páhi [sup]. (adj)	páhi nga ogáli / shy manners
páhit (RV3)	inhabited with evil spirits, enchanted
pamálhit [Nab] (n)	páhi nga lugár / enchanted place
palibánaw (RV3)	to spread, smear
panlibánaw (DV)	fine brush (camel-hair); anything used for spreading or smearing--butterknife, stick, etc.]
panlibánwan (n)	to wash (hands, feet)
pálik (n)	to wash off (one's hands or feet)
palikíro [Sp] (n)	Panlibánwi ring sikí. / Wash off your feet.
pálik-pálik (n)	wash basin, bowl [for washing]
pálid (ST3)	fin [of fish]
papálid (CV)	playboy, lover-boy, "Romeo" [AE, slg]
pálid-pálid (n)	shoulder blade(s)
palígos (RV5)	to get blown away by the wind [Syn: ápok]
paealígo-san (n)	to winnow, separate the grain from the chaff in wind
pamalígos (n)	[fish]
palihóg [Hif] (expr)	to take a bath, bathe; to go swimming [AE, idm]
palimúgmug (RV2)	bathroom; place for bathing
palís (n)	way of taking a bath
palís (RV3)	"please" [Cf: lihóg] [Cf: ábi, ánay]
pál-it (n)	[Akl: kon saráng, kon pwéde] [Cf: pangabáy]
pál-it [slg] (adj)	to gargle [something]
palita [Sp] (n)	nose ring
palitáda (n)	to put on a nose ring
palító(h) [Sp] (n)	scar, bald spot (on head)
paliyo-líyo(h) (RV6)	miserly, stingy, "penny-pinching"
	trowel
	plaster
	stick, match (stick), toothpick [Cf: pospuró]
	to walk in order to forget one's worries, take a stroll [Cf: Ikyong]

paliyo-liyo [idm] (RV1)	to fool, cheat; "take for a ride" [AE, slg] Ayáw tang pagpaliyo-liyóha. / Don't take me for a ride.
pálio(h) [Sp] (n)	pole (for a sail)
paló-paló [slg] (adj)	stubborn, block-headed; ridiculous, foolish
palosápis (n)	[tree] <u>Anisoptera thuriéra</u> . [Cf: dagangkáhoy]
palotsína [Sp] (n)	[shrub--bean] <u>Cassia alata</u> L.
palsipikár [Sp] (RV1)	to falsify, forge Ayáw pagpalsipikahá ro ánang pírma. / Don't forge his signature.
palsipikádó (adj)	forged, falsified
palsipikadór (n)	forges, falsifier
pálta [Sp] (n)	absénce [Syn: pae-at]
pálta- (RV6)	to be absent; falter, waver,
páltak (RV1)	to chop (off); circumcise
páltak (adj)	severed, chopped off; circumcised [penis]
páltik (adj)	crazy
páltik (n)	[home-made gun--for only one bullet]
páltos (adj)	inaccurate, wrong, false; failed [Cf: pae-os]
palyáy [Sp] (RV7)	to break down, stall, fail to function. [Syn: abiriyáy]
pamaeahúba (RV3)	to extend an insincere invitation (to); to invite--but only out of politeness, halfheartedly
pameándong (RV1)	to take into consideration, consider Pamaeandónga, ro ánang mga mayád nga búhat kímo. / Consider all the fine things he's done for you.
pameó (RV5)	to crow [rooster]
pamáhaw (n)	breakfast; merienda [FE], snack [AE] [Cf: báhaw]
pamáhaw (RV1)	to have a snack; eat breakfast [AE]
papamáhaw (CV)	to treat to a snack, give breakfast to
pám-an (Qp)	why? for what reason? wherefore? [Alt: hám-an]
pám-at (Qp)	"Why..." Pám-at indi'? / Why not?
pamasók [sup] (RV4)	to curse, bewitch with a disease wherein pieces of wood or stone are found in the body, accompanied by great pain [usually inflicted by offended spirits] [Cf: bútbut (cure for such affliction)] [Cf: dasók]
paminta [Sp] (n)	Bási' ka hipamáskan. / You might be cursed. pepper [plant]. <u>Piper negrum</u> . [Alt: pamýénta] pepper [spice]
pamisók (RV5)	to wink [one eye], blink [both eyes] [Cf: pilók]
pamítlángan [Nab] (n)	phonemics [linguistic term]
pámpam [vul] (n)	whore; prostitute, harlot, B-girl [Syn: álpot, púta]
Pampángo (n)	barrio of Libakaw.
pamyénta [Sp] (n)	black pepper; pepper [spice; plant] <u>Piper negrum</u> .
paná' (n)	bow [and arrow]

paná' (RV1)	to shoot with bow [and arrow]
pamaná' (Bkd) (DV)	to go hunting, hunt down
panaad (RV3)	to vow; promise (for/about)
	Panaári ring ungá' kay San Vicénte agód magmayád. / Make a vow to Saint Vincent so that your child will get better.
panákeá' (RV5)	to cluck one's tongue [to show regret at some loss, waste, or tragedy] [Cf: sáyang, kanúgon]
panákot (n)	spice(s), seasoning(s) [Rel: híkot] [Cf: tímpla(h)]
panákot (RV3)	to season, put spice (into)
panaeabiton (n)	saying, proverb, maxim [Cf: hinabít]
panaeángin. (n)	prayer for deliverance from some evil
panagítlon (T 5)	to swallow [saliva--as normally done every minute or so] [Cf: tueón]
panahón. [Tag] (n)	time; season; climate [Syn: tyémpo; óras]
panalisík (RV7)	to shower, rain lightly [Syn: ásaw-ásaw]
panalíthi (RV7)	to shower, rain lightly [Syn: panalisík]
panamkón (RV2)	to conceive (of)
	Ginpanámkon ni María si Jesús. / Jesus was conceived by Mary.
panamkon [sup] (RV3)	to conceive (by), influence the birth [belief that a woman can deliver a child with the traits of someone she observed, touched or thought about while pregnant]; to crave (strange foods/things) [as generally occurs with pregnant women]
panampuáy (RV6)	to rest one's head (on one's hands)
panápton (n)	textile(s), cloth, material [Syn: téla] [Cf: dápat]
pánas (RV1)	to erase, eliminate [Syn: páeá']
pánas (ST3)	to disappear, wear away, get worn away
panás (adj)	worn out, erased, eliminated, eaten away
pánaw (RV4)	to go on foot, walk; leave, depart, go [Cf: lárga] Mapánaw eon akó. [idm] / I'm going now. [idm] Mapánaw kitá o masakáy? / Shall we walk or ride? [someplace to go]
panáwan (n)	May panáwan ka? / Do you have to go somewhere? Panay Island [Oak: Madyáas]
Pánay (n)	barrio of Tangalan
Panayakan (n)	carpenter; smith, blacksmith
pández (n)	carpentry
pamández (n)	to work as a carpenter/blacksmith
pamández (DV)	carpentry shop
pandáyan (n)	bun, roll, bread
panísál [Sp] (n)	baker
panadéro (n)	bakery
panaderiya (n)	

pan de:ltsi (n)	bread, bun [milk bread]
pándong (n)	awning; provisional shelter (from the rain)
pándong (RV4)	to shelter
pánhay [Oak] (adj)	level, plained
pánhay (n)	level land, plain (according to [Nab] the origin of the name of the island of Panay)
pánid (n)	page, sheet of paper [Alt: páñig]
pánig (n)	page, sheet of paper
panigbató(h) (RV1)	to spell (out)
paníhōe (n)	whistle, whistling (with lips) [Cf: pítō(h)]
panihōe (RV3)	to whistle (at), call by whistling
paniíd (RV3)	to peep (at), watch, observe secretly [Cf: lingling] Ginpanid-an ko imáw. / I observed him secretly.
pinanífran (n)	breeding, upbringing; observation(s)
[idm]	mayád nga pinanífran / good breeding
panimáhō' (RV7)	owát pinanírah / without breeding
panimáhō' (RV3)	to begin to smell [Cf: báho']
paníng--- (pfx)	to sniff, smell out [like a dog]
Paningayan (n)	[Distributive verb qualifying prefix.] [G. 117-18]
Panipyáson (n)	panimuót attitude
pánit (n)	panimaeáy household
pánit (RV3)	barrio of Madalag
panít (n)	barrio of Madalag
panít-anáñon (n)	skin, flesh
pán-o(h) (RV3)	to peel off, skin
panúbli' (RV1)	[fish]
panublí-on (n)	[type of bolo--named after Panit-an, Capiz]
panueáy (n)	to note, notice, observe, regard [Cf: alipáno]
panugángan (n)	Owá' aké kápán-o. / I didn't notice.
panóng (n)	sa ákong hapan-óhan / from what I was able to note
panúok (n)	to inherit
panupáng (RV6)	inheritance
panúpód (RV2)	evil spirits [Syn: maligno]
panpanó (n)	parent(s)-in-law; mother-in-law/father-in-law
pásir [Eng] (n)	group, bunch
pásit [Ch] (n)	buttocks
	to mature physically [signalled in girls by enlarging of the breasts; in boys by enlarging of the penis and testicles, changing of the voice and a hardening of the breast area]
	to distribute, hand out
	[fish] [Alt: pampanó]
	puncher [tool used to punch holes]
	soup and noodles [ <u>lumi</u> , <u>molo</u> , <u>luglug</u> , etc.]

pantalán (n)	wharf, dock, harbor, pier
pantalon [Sp] (n)	trousers, pants [Syn: sáewae]
pantályá [Sp] (n)	hanging lamp
pántat (n)	[mud fish]
pántaw (n)	open air kitchen [for washing dishes], scullery
pánti (n)	fish net [made of abaca or other strong fibers]
pánti [Eng] (n)	panty [ladies underwear]
pántok (n)	beak [of fowl]
pántyon [Sp] (n)	tomb, mausoleum
pányo' [Sp] (n)	handkerchief, hanky
pang--- (pfx)	[Distributive verb prefix.] [G. 106-08] [D. 27]
pang -- (pfx)	pangasáwa to court and marry
pang--- (pfx)	pánuñlay to comb one's hair
pang--- (pfx)	pangita' to earn a living
pánga--- (pfx)	[Common distributive noun prefix.] [G. 135]
pángá (n)	pamánday carpentry
pangabáy (RV1)	panímba church-going, worship
páng-a-e (adj)	panáango dreaming
pangaeák man (RV1)	[Common noun prefix showing an instrument or the particular use of something.] [G. 137]
pangaeáw (n)	panglímpyo something used for cleaning
pangaeáw (RV2)	pañgeamíg something worn for cold weather
pangagád (DV)	panigarílyo money to buy cigarettes with
pangáman (RV4)	[Distributive verb and noun prefix.] [G. 136]
pangamúyo' (RV2)	pangabúhi' living; life
pangamúyo' (n)	pangabúñlay hardships
pangánay (adj)	pangalisód difficulties
pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	hook (for getting fruits) [Cf: kuhít]
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	to request, ask a favor (from)
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	flat-nosed; flat (face/nose) [Syn: palá']
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	to accept, take advantage of, make something of
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	[Cf: eákman] [Syn: panghimueés]
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	offering, something given
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	to offer, extend, donate
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	to help out/work for one's parents-in-law to be [one of the ways to win their daughter's hand and to assure them of one's good faith and one's abilities]
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	to plan ahead, look ahead
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan. / Plan ahead for your future.
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	to pray (for), plead
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	prayer, plea
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	first [born; to do] [Cf: ánay]
Pangamáni ro ímong káulihánan.	Pangánay ímáw nga abogádo sa Akeán. / He was

panganinaw (RV3)	Aklan's [n] lawyer
pangánod (n)	to observe, note
pángáw (ST2)	cloud [cirrus]
pángdan (n)	to be checked, stopped, prevented; disappointed
pánggæe (n)	[tree, fruit] <u>Pandanus tectorius</u> .
pámánggæe (RV5)	trap (for crabs)
pánghak (adj) [n]	to trap crabs, set crab traps
panghakóe (RV5)	untidy, messy, sloppy; a poor housekeeper
pangháyhay (RV5)	to sigh (due to distress, misery) [Cf: pangháyhay]
panghilingsing (RV3)	to sigh [Cf: hay], (due to boredom, tiredness)
panghimáea' [Oak] (n)	to take off the small twigs from a big branch, to strip the twigs from a branch [Cf: salingsing]
panghimaeád (RV3)	dowry [Alt: pahimáea']
panghugót (RV5)	to tell one's fortune, read one's palm [Cf: páead]
panghúy-ab (RV5)	to commit suicide [Cf: hugót] [Syn: pakamatáy]
pangí' (RV1) [Oak]	to yawn
pangímon (RV3)	to reprimand, scold [Cf: pangáw]
pangínhás (RV5)	to be possessive (of), jealously protect, keep for oneself [Cf: imon]
panginháson (n)	to gather shells (or) mollusks
pangípad (RV5)	mollusks, shells [generic term]
paeangípad (RV8)	to flap, flutter (wings)
pángít [Tag] (adj)	to fly away in numbers
páng-it (RV1)	ugly [Akl: maeáw-ay] [Opp: sádyá']
Pangitan (n)	to bite off [when a blade is not available for cutting]
Pangitan (n)	barrio of Madalag
panglikígyan (ST2)	creek in Madalag
pangápád (RV5)	to get goose bumps, have ones hair stand on end
páng-os (RV1)	Ginpanglikígyan akó pagkabati' kú nahatabó! / I got goosebumps when I heard what happened.
pangót (RV1)	[Alt: panglikíday]
pangutó (RV3)	to shed (shell or skin--like a snake or crab)
pangóy (RV6)	[Syn: eunó(h)]
pángpang (n)	to chew on/bite off sugar cane
paúmod [Hil] (RV5)	to bite [Syn: angkit] Ayáw pagpángta. /Don't bite.
mapainumórón (adj)	to service [intercourse of chickens]
paón (n) [RV3]	Hapangútwan káina da ámong mís-an. / Our hen was serviced a while ago.
	to flap around (a fish in shallow water)
	bank (of river); shoreline [Cf: bí-bí', báybay]
	to subordinate, defer (to), put oneself below another
	[Opp: palábi-lábi(h)] [Syn: paeúeos]
	submissive, humble, deferential
	bait (for fishing) [to bait, put on bait]

pápa [Sp] (n)	pope
pápa [Sp] (n)	daddy, papa, father
pa-pá' (RV1)	to chew thoroughly [Syn: supá'] [Cf: úsap]
pápág (n)	small bamboo platform (bed, table, shelf, floor)
papíl [Sp] (n)	paper; piece of paper
papílis (n)	papers; information; official forms
papsíkól [Eng] (n)	popsicle [Cor: pepsikál, pepsikáp]
pára [Sp] (prep)	for, on behalf of [used with referent forms]
pára(h) [Sp] (RV1)	pára kimo / for you
pára (RV6)	pára-sa mgá ungá' / for children
parabil [Sp] (conj)	to stop, halt, bring to a stop [Akl: dúeog]
parabír [Sp. cor] (conj)	to stop, come to a stop
parák (n)	before [Akl: bágó] [Syn: ántís] [Alt: parabil]
parák (RV1)	cake [of sugar, soap]
parakóe (n)	to make into cakes
parakóe (RV1)	axe
paráda(h) [Sp] (n)	to chop, hack (with an axe)
paráda (RV8)	parade, procession
parág (RV6)	to parade; march; walk by (in numbers)
paraíso [Sp] (n)	to stamp/stomp one's foot on the floor (in order to scare someone) [Cf: paeág]
paralá' [Sp] (n)	Paradise, Utopia, Heaven [Syn: eángít]
paráw (n)	aluminum foil; colored foil
paráyáw (n)	sailboat
paráyaw (RV1)	favorite, pet, one's favored child (or) friend
párka(h) [Sp] (n)	to favor, love above the others [Cf: dáyaw]
párka (RV4)	additional siding on a boat
páre [Sp] (n)	to put additional siding (on a boat)
páre (expr)	[Cf: kompádre]
pári' (n) [Sp]	"buddy" "friend" "fella" [term of address among men]
pari-ánon (adj)	priest
pinári' (RV5)	priestlike [actions, talk]
pinari' [idm] (RV5)	to act like a priest; talk like a priest
paríha [Sp] (n)	to try to convince people of things that actually are not true; to fool, deceive
paríha (REL. v)	pair, partner(s); escort
paríhas [Sp] (adj)	Sín-o ring paríha hindúna'? / Who will be your partner later on?
	to be partners
	similar, same, just like; equal [Akl: kamána]

parího [Sp] (adj)	Paríhas kímo imáw. / He is just like you. similar, same; equal
parího (REL. v)	to be related, share similarities
paearího (RV8)	to be the same
pueparího (adj)	somewhat similar, a little like, somewhat the same
kaparího (n)	peer, an equal, confrere, colleague
parílya [Sp] (n)	wire barbecue spit
parinháyt [Eng] (n)	Fahrenheit (degrees of temperature, heat or cold)
parenthesis [Eng] (n)	parenthesis [punctuation marks]
paríkó [Sp] (adj)	parish, parochial
kúra paríko (n)	parish priest
paríkyá (n)	parish
parukyáno [Sp] (n)	customer [Syn: súki']
paré [Sp] (n)	Christmas star; Christmas lantern
paréla [Sp] (n)	light house
paré-paré [Tag] (n)	butterfly [Akl: alibángbang]
párship [Eng] (n)	pársnip. <u>Pastinaca sativa</u> .
párti [Eng] (n)	party [Akl: kalípáyan, katípon]
párti (RV5)	to throw a party
párti [Sp] (prep)	about, concerning [Akl: hanungód]
párté [Sp] (n)	part, section [Akl: hueáy]
párté(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to report
partida(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to purchase goods wholesale [Cf: pákyaw]. [Opp: aminido / retail purchase]
pamartida (DV)	to buy wholesale, purchase wholesale
papartida (CV)	to sell goods on a wholesale basis
partido [Sp] (n)	party [political]
kapartido (n)	co-party member [Alt: isigkapartido]
sangkapartido (adj)	members of the same party
paryénte [Sp] (n)	relativé(s) [Akl: igbatá']
paryénte (REL. v)	to be related
makiparyénte (adj)	"a family man" [AE], fond of one's relatives
pásá(h) (RV1)	to pass (around)
pasadóر [Sp] (n)	cloth used for moistening clothes (before beginning to iron)
pasadór (RV4)	to moisten clothes before ironing them
pasaeángan (RV3)	to "get around to" [AE, idm], to give attention to (something—if one has enough time)
pasaeángnan (n)	attention, chance to do something
pasaguyód (RV1)	to assimilate (into); drag into [Cf: gúyod]
pasaguyód (idm) (RV3)	to play a glissando (or) run (on the piano)
pasáhi(h) [Sp] (n)	fare
pamasáhi. (n)	(used for) fare
pasahíro (n)	passenger

pasahí	(RV5)	to want to be treated exceptionally/as exceptional; to "climb on the band wagon" [AE, idm]
pinasahí	(adj)	rare, exceptional
pasamáno	[Sp] (n)	window sill, sill
pás-hn	(RV1)	to carry on one's shoulder
paeas-ánan	(n)	pole used to carry things on one's shoulder
paeas-ánon	(n)	problems, worries
pasáng-pásang	(n)	crotch (of trousers)
pasár	[Sp] (RV5)	to pass (an exam); go on to the next grade, pass
pasádo	(adj)	passed, passing
pásas	[Sp] (n)	raisin(s)
pásaw	(n)	[shrub] <u>Corchorus olitorius</u> .
pás-ay	(RV1)	to eat rice without any other food [Opp: eúneun]
pasáya	(n)	[shrimp--small] [Cf: batód, hípon, mayós, ueáng, salinéang, súgpo', tapukæ]
pás-gaw	(n)	cold water
pási'	(n)	unhusked, unshelled rice (found among husked clean grains); spikelet (grain of rice still on the head)
pasí---	(pfx)	[Causative and distributive verb qualifex.] [G. 118-19].
pasíkat	[Tag] (adj)	pasilabót to be a busy-body
pasíkat	(CV)	showy, proud, acting above one's status/position
pasilabót	(RV3)	to show off
pasílyó	[Sp] (n)	to pry into another's affairs, mind someone else's business; "stick one's nose into" [Cf: eábot]
pasénsya(h)	{Sp} (n)	hallway
pasénsya	(RV1)	forgiveness, patience, forbearance, tolerance
mapinasénsyahon	(adj)	to forgive; be patient with, tolerate [Akl: patáwad]
pasingág	(RV3)	Pasensyáha akó. / Forgive me.
pasipáea	(RV3)	forgiving, patient, tolerant
pásma(h)	[sup] (ST2)	to eavesdrop, listen in on another conversation
pásma(h)	[sup] (ST2)	to curse, revile; use bad words (against), call names Ginpasipád-an si Juán. / John was reviled.
pásma(h)	[sup] (ST2)	to get sick due to a sudden change in temperature [like ironing and then washing one's hands in cold water], or due to trapped body heat [Belief in <u>pasma</u> is not necessarily superstitious, but often the folk tradition carries it into that area--like forbidding one to take a bath a night, getting wet after being exposed to sunlight, bending or stretching certain parts of the body, etc.]
pásma(h)	(adj)	sickly, weak and trembling, rheumatic
páso	(ST2)	to get burned
pásó		burn [wound]
pásó	(ST2 ST3)	to miss,, pass, exceed [the necessary score in card

pasók (n)	games like "Blackjack" and "Lucky Nine"]
pasébo' [idm] (RV5)	bamboo container, vessel [for liquids]
	to drink an alcoholic beverage during a hangover (in the belief that one can cure the hangover)
pásol. [Eng] (n)	puzzle
pasunáid (RV2)	to make a comparison, compare, judge, see the similarities
pásong. (n)	cavan [unit of dry measure equalling 25 gantas, approximately 50 kilos in weight]
pasongán. (n)	trough [tray for feeding animals]
páspas (RV3)	to hurry up, speed up, go faster
páspas (adj)	fast, quick, hurried; rash, too quick
pásta [Sp] (n)	shoe polish
pástah. (RV3)	to apply shoe polish
pásta [Sp] (n)	filling, tooth enamel
pástah. (RV3)	to fill a tooth, fill a cavity
pásyár [Sp] (RV6)	to stroll around, wander about
pámásyár (RV4)	to visit; stroll over (to)
pamasyárán. (n)	place to visit
páta [Sp] (n)	[Filipino menu made from legs, tails, and/or ears of cattle.]
paták [Tag] (n)	drip, drop [Akl: téeo']
patakárón. (adj)	ascending, rising; steep [Opp: páusón] [Cf: tukád]
patáktak (DV)	to let drop, drop, let fall [Cf: táktag]
patáktak it búkbuk [idm] (n) / "open-house" "house warming"	
pátaeágob (RV3) [vul]	to reveal one's genitals, expose oneself indecently
pátág (n)	wide open field; level surface, platform battlefield. [Cf: áway]
patág-awáyan (n)	lima bean. <u>Phaseolus lunatus</u> L.
patáni'. (n)	even, equal, no win--no lose
pátas [Sp] (adj)	to even out, tie; settle
pátas (RV1)	potato. <u>Solanum tuberosum</u> .
pátaás [Sp] (n)	stew [solid matter in a soup/broth preparation]
pátaáw (n)	Maháe pa ro sabáw ku sa pátaaw. / The soup is worth more than the stew. [Aklanon maxim]
patay (RV1)	to kill [person; animal]; put out, turn off, "kill" [a light] Pátaya ro kánding. / Kill the goat.
	Pátaya ro iwág. [idm] / Turn off the light.
patay (n)	corpse, dead person. [Cf: matay]
patay-patay (adj)	"dead", poor, slim, inadequate, lousy
	patay-patay nga pangítá / a meager livelihood
	patay-patay nga pártí / a "dead" party
pamatay (DV)	to slaughter, kill off, exterminate (in great numbers)
pátdan (n)	end of sugar cane [which is planted]

páti (h) (RV1)

páti (RV1)

mapáti-patshòn (adj)

páti' (conj)

patík (n)

pátkì (RV1)

patikásog (RV1)

patigséea (CV)

patilya [Sp] (n)

Fatimá [Sp] (n)

Fatimá (n)

pát-in [Oak] (n)

pát-in (n)

pát-in (RV3)

pating (n)

patis (n)

patítaw (n)

pátlod (RV2)

pátnod (n)

pátrog (n)

patnóg [Nab] (n)

páto [Sp] (n)

patúka' (RV6)

patugsiling (n)

patugsiling (RV3)

mapinátugsilíngon (adj) considerate, thoughtful

patúla [Sp] (n)

pátpat (n)

patròl [Eng] (n)

pátron [Sp] (n)

pátsi [Eng] (n)

pátyo [Sp] (n)

páwa' [Tag] (adj)

to believe

Patshi akó. / Believe me.

to believe and obey, follow [Syn: sunód]

gullible, "easily taken in", believes anything

also, including, as well as

Iyá ra aráa, páti' ráma. / His father-as well as his mother is here.

beat, rhythm, count [in music]; drumstick

to beat out [time,drum]: tap, count time,

to strive, attempt, try one's best; to take the responsibility upon oneself

to go one by one, do one by one, to have each do his/her own [Cf: isaéa]

sideburn

barrio of New Washington

Our Lady of Fatima [image or statue]

kind, sort [Syn: klási(h)]

marker, bookmark

to mark, put a (book)mark into

[shark]

[seasoning made from fish oils and salt]

[bird] [Alt: pitpítaw]

to send off, accompany (to a point of departure) [as at a funeral: or accompanying a person to the airport or harbor] [Cf: hatód]

[Alt: pátiog]

[celebration held on the third day after the burial--because the dead are believed to come back on the third day].

vowel [Ctr: patunög] [Opp: kátnog, katúnog]

[duck--large, white]

to nod, doze off, fall asleep while sitting

consideration

to consider, be considerate of

Patugsilingi ring isigkatáwo. / Be considerate of your fellowmen.

[vegetable] patola: Luffa acutangula (L.) Roxb.

split bamboo, bamboo stick (or) rod

patrol

patron, sponsor; patron saint

patch, bandage

cemetery; patio

enlightened; lit-up [Akl: hayág]

kapáwa' (n)	light; enlightenment
Pawa (n)	sitio in Nabas
páwi' (ST3) [Hil]	to get/be lost [Akl: dúa', wasí]
pawikan (n)	[large sea turtle]
páwod (n)	nipa shingle, nipa roofing
páwpaw (RV5) [Ch]	[to play a game which uses hand signals, much like "scissors, stone and paper"]
páya' (RV1)	to lay (or) put down gently [usually said of putting a baby to sleep or into bed]
payá(h) (RV1)	to bluff, mislead
payá' (n)	coconut shell
payá' (n)	[gambling game--wherein two coins are spun and then covered with a hat or coconut shell]
payág (n)	shanty, shack, small house
payág-páyag (n)	shanty, very small house
payáw (n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Homalomena philippinensis.</u>
payáw-payáw (n)	[grass]
páyi' (n)	[large crayfish]
páyntri [Eng] (n)	pine tree
páyo' [Tag] (RV3)	to advise, give advice to [Akl: eáygay]
páyok (RV3)	to extract milk from shredded coconut meat [by pressing]
pináyok (n)	coconut milk [FE] [the white sticky, oily substance obtained from shredded coconut meat]
páyong (n)	umbrella
páyong (RV4)	to shelter with an umbrella
payó'-payó' [vul] (RV6)	to move the midsection up and down, back and forth [as in intercourse]
payós (adj)	flat, shapeless, formless
páypay (RV1)	to beckon (to), call over (by waving one's hands)
piano [Sp] (n)	piano
piañg-piañg [Hil] (RV6)	to limp slightly, hobble, be lame [Akl: páki'-páki']
Pebréro [Sp] (n)	February
pikas [Sp] (n)	freckle(s)
piking (ST4)	to get a cramp or charliehorse
pikit (RV7)	to be tight, get tight(er) or (more) crowded
mapikit (adj)	tight, tight-fitting, form-fitting [Opp: haeugá']
piklat (n)	scar, mark left by a healed wound
píkník [Eng] (n)	picnic, outing [Syn: íkskúrsyon]
píknít (RV1)	to pick up (with fingers) [Cf: hákop / grab (hand)]
mápiknít (adj)	easily picked up with one's fingers
piko [Sp] (n)	mattock, hoe
pikón (adj)	sensitive, poor sport, easily angered, can't be joked with. [Cf: ugót]

píkot (RV1)	to force someone to marry
papíkot (CV)	to be forced to marry someone, be a victim of a "shogun" [AE] or "olo" [FE] wedding
píkóy (a)	[parrot] [Syn: lógo]
píkpik (RV1)	to pat with one's hand [Cf: píphih]
píktós (RV1)	to flick [a marble--as in a game]
pedál [Sp] (n)	pedal [of bicycle]
pederdás [Eng] (n)	feather duster
piepig [Bkd] (RV1)	to hammer out, flatten (with hammer) [Alt: pílpig]
pígar [Sp] (RV3)	to prevent, hold back, keep from [Syn: háwid]
pígaw ]ma[ (adj)	Ayáw akó pagpigahi. / Don't hold me back.
[idm]	weak, cannot hold up much weight [Opp: tútom]
píghóe (n)	mapigaw it kabubút-ón / easily swayed, weak-willed, "wishy-washy" [AE, slg]
píglit (RV1)	large lump-of cold rice
píglit (ST3)	to squeeze, press, compress [Alt: pídlit]
píg-od (RV1)	to get pinned, pinched, compressed [under/between]
mapíg-od (adj)	to make brief, shorten [in time]
pígpíg (RV1)	short, brief [Cf: tág-od / short (length)]
pígtot (n)	to hammer out, flatten out [Syn: píepog, pílpig]
píhak (RV1)	tail bone, coccyx [Cf: igót]
píhák (n)	to cut into two equal parts, halve [Syn: túniga']
píhakán (adj)	the other side; half
píhit ]ma[ (adj)	sa píhák it bdkid / on the other side of the mountain
píhit (adj)	uneven-sized, one is larger than the other
píhpih (RV1)	having a full-bodied flavor [foods]; precise, to the point [speaker, speech]
píi" (RV1)	stammering, stuttering [Syn: eampita']
píi" (adj)	to whisk away, drive away (with one's hand)
píla [Sp] (n)	to make flat, flatten, press down [like one's nose when pressed-against a pane of glass]
píla(h) (RV1)	flat, small and flat [seed]
píla (n)	welt [on horse]; bed sore [on patient]
pílá (Qp)	to line up Piláha sánda. / Line them up.
pílábilog (Qp)	line, a long line [of people] May píla sa siméhán. / There's a long line [waiting] at the movie theater.
pílá ka [idm]	how much? [money], how many? [in quantity]
owá' kapilahí [idm]	Pílá ro alímango? / How much do the crabs cost?
sa kapilahán [idm]	Pílá ka alímango ra gintá? / How many crabs did he give?
	how many?
	some, a few Nailla' imáw maghámbae it piláng ka bisáea kimo. / He'd like to have a few words with you.
	it didn't take long, It wasn't long
	eventually, ultimately, in the long run [sa kabúháyan]

pilá' (n)	saliva [Cf: pahagítlon]
pilá' (RV3)	to spit (on/at) Píl-i ro áyam ngató. / Spit on that dog.
pamíta' (DV)	to be in the habit of spitting
pílak (n)	silver; wealth
pílakan (adj)	wealthy, well-to-do
pílak (RV2)	to throw away, discard [Cf: habóy, itsa(h)]
pílagó' (n)	[bird]
pílahón (n)	crown of chicken or rooster
pílapíl (n)	dike, embankment [used to keep water in the rice field; also used as pathway through rice lands]
píli(h) (n)	pili nut. <u>Canarium luzonicum</u> (Blume) A. Gray and <u>Canarium ovatum</u> Engl.
píli' (RV1)	to select, choose, pick (out)
píli' (RV3)	to take out any bad or ruined grains (from rice pile)
mapíli' (adj)	choosy, selective, "spoiled" [AE, slg]
pílili-án (n)	election(s); choosing
piníli-an (n)	leftovers [after others have taken the best] [Cf: salín]
nahapíli-án (adj)	select, selected, chosen, elected
pelíku'a [Sp] (n)	film [shown at movie theater], movie
pílik-pílik (RV1)	to shake (off) [like a dog shaking off water]
pelígro [Sp] (n)	danger
pelígrósa (adj)	dangerous [female]
pelígróso (adj)	dangerous [male]
pílipíg [Hil] (n)	pounded cooked rice [Akl: límbok] [Alt: pinípig]
Pilipína [Sp] (n)	the Republic of the Philippines; the Philippines
Pilipíno (n)	the Philippine national language [based on Tagalog]
Pilipína (n)	a Filipina [female]
Pilipíno (n)	a Filipino [male]
pílipínon (adj)	typically Filipino [referring to traditions, ways]
pílips [Eng] (n)	a Phillips screwdriver [Cf: disturníyadór]
Feliciáno [Sp] (n)	barrio of Balete / pelisyáñoh/
pílit (RV1)	to force, compel, insist (on)
pílit (n)	glue, paste
pílit (RV1)	to glue, stick together, fasten with paste
píliw-píliw (n)	Pílta ron. / Glue it on.
pílo (ST2)	very top [of tree, mountain] [Syn: alipúngto, tingtingoy] [Cf: ibábw, kaibabádwani]
pílo' (n)	to be overshadowed, to be "cowed (by)" [AE]
pílo' (RV1)	fold, bend, crease; hem [of dress]; percent, time(s)
pílok (n)	tátlong piló' / 300%, threefold
píluka' [Sp]- (n)	to fold, bend, crease
	eyelash
	part. (of one's hair)

pílokbanág (n)	[bird]
pílón [Sp] (n)	large lump of unrefined sugar
pílós [Sp] (n)	velvet
pilosopíya [Sp] (n)	philosophy; sophism
pilosopó (n)	philosopher [FE], sophist, rationalizer [a person who is flippant and uses involved, specious reasoning to use sophistries; use involved, specious reasoning
pinilósopo (RV5)	pilot
pílto [Sp] (n)	to flatten out, hammer out [Alt: piepig, pigpig]
pílpig (RV1)	naughty, mischievous, prankish [Syn: sutil]
pílyo [Sp] (adj)	food container set; lunch box
pimbréra [Sp] (n)	ping-pong, table tennis [also (RV5)]
pímpóng [Eng] (n)	[Past or perfective causative prefix.] [G. 118-19;139]
pína--- (pfx)	Pinaádto imáw ni Nánay na. / His mother made him go.
péna(h) [Sp] (n)	pinahueásan / fruit of one's labor
péna (RV3)	punishment, sentence, penalty
pinaká--- (pfx)	to punish, penalize [Syn: silot]
Pinamík-an (n)	[Standard adjective prefix denoting the superlative degree; "considered as the ---est"] [G. 174, 180]
pináng--- (pfx)	Pinakámanggaránon imáw sa bánya. / He is considered the richest man in town.
Pinangod (n)	barrio of New Washington
Pínatuad (n)	[Intensive distributive prefix.] [G. 118-19]
pínav-pínav (adj)	Nagpinangasáwa imáw. / He was continually trying to get married.
píndího(h) [Sp] (n)	sitio in Madalag
píndího (RV1)	barrio of Nábas
manogpíndího (n)	hazy, not clear (due to distance), vague
píndot [Tag] (RV1)	cuckold, [husband of a woman who bears another man's child], man with an unfaithful wife
peníkula [Sp. cor] (n)	to cuckold, play with another man's wife, be father of another's son
pinitínsyá [Sp] (RV6)	adultéer [man who plays with another's wife]
pfnlod (n)	to push (with one's finger) [Akl: túslok]
píno(h) [Sp] (RV1)	movie, film [Alt: pelíkula]
mapíno (adj)	to do penance, suffer [Syn: pangalisód]
pampíno (n)	small log
Pinunóy (n)	to smooth out, plane
pínoy (n)	fine, smooth; refined
pínsa(h) [Eng. cor] (n)	plane [tool used for planing or smoothing]
	barrio of Libakaw
	Filipino [nickname]
	fence (around basement or lower area of house)

pínsan	(adj) [adv]	altogether, simultaneous, all at once
pínsan	(RV1)	to do all at once, do together
pínsil	(n)	small paint brush
pínsol	(n)	bun, chignon
pínsyon	[Sp] (n)	pension
	pinskyonido	pensioner
pínta(h)	[Sp] (n)	paint
	pinta	to paint, color
	píntor	painter
pínta(h)	[Sp] (RV3)	to feel with one's finger [like a blind person]
		Ayáw pagpintahí ro pítsas. // Don't feel the tiles. [said in mahjong game]
píntae	(RV1)	to put weight on, weight down
	píntae	paper weight; weight
píntas	(RV3)	to treat cruelly, be brutal (with), brutalize; be mean
	mapíntas	oyuel, savage, mean, brutal
píntok	[slg] (n)	peepee, wiener [child's term for penis] [Syn: pitóy]
pínya	[Sp] (n)	pineapple [fruit, fiber] <u>Ananas comosus</u> (L.) Merr.
pínyón	[Sp] (n)	[vine--used as purgative] <u>Quisqualis indica</u> .
píngás	(n)	chip, small portion [off of something]
	pingás	to chip, break a small piece off (of)
píngkaw	(RV1)	to snatch (dauntily with fingers); pickpocket
	pamingkaw	to be a pickpocket; pi-kpocket
pínggan	(n)	plate, dish
pínggan-pínggan	(n)	[flower--used to treat diabetes] <u>Catharanthus roseus</u> . [Cf: malapinggan]
píng-it	(RV1)	to whimper, complain tearfully, cry for, whine
píoe	(RV1)	to arm wrestle
píos	(n)	transparent shell [used for windows] [Cf: kápis-kápis]
píot	(RV1)	to make close, put close together, crowd together
	mapíot	crowded, tight [Opp: haéugá']
pí-pí	(RV1)	to pat (with one's hands)
pípino	(n)	cucumber. <u>Cucumis sativas</u> L.
píráw-píráw	(RV7)	to flicker [like a candle in the wind]
pírkal	[Eng] (n)	percale (cloth)
pérde(h)	[Sp] (adj)	lost [game, luck]
	pérde	Pérde ka. / You lose.
	Níño Perdido	to lose, take the consequences; sacrifice
		the Lost Child [Jesus, when lost in the temple]
pírdigónis	[Sp] (n)	pellet(s), ammunition for air rifle
perdonáryo	[Sp] (n)	problem child, "black sheep" [AE, idm]
pírénte	[Sp] (n)	front [Akl: atubádngan, atibang] [Alt: prénte]
pírito(h)	[Sp] (RV1)	to fry [Sp: frito] [Alt: príto(h)]
pérlas	[Sp] (n)	pearl(s)

pírma(h) [Sp] (n)	signature
pírma (RV3)	to sign
peráménte [Sp] (adj)	permanent [Alt: permanénte]
permanénte [Sp] (adj)	permanent, continual [Opp: úman-úman]
pérmi(h) [Sp] (adv)	always, often, frequently, many times [Syn: mas-gin, masúnsun]
pérmi (RV1)	to frequent, do often, always do
permiso [Sp] (n)	permission [Akl: sugót]
pérno [Sp] (n)	bolt
péro [Sp] (conj)	but, however [Akl: ápang]
pirot (RV7)	to be heavy, half-closed [said of eyelids]
pírpílya [Sp] (n)	small intestine
pírsa(h) [Sp] (n)	force, strength, energy [Sp: fuerza] [Akl: gahóm]
pamírsa (RV6)	to get strong(er), gather strength; recuperate
persóna [Sp] (n)	person [usually referring to one of the three persons in God, otherwise "táwo" is used for people]
péryodikó [Sp] (n)	newspaper; periodical
písak (RV3)	to put a block (or) shim into [something--in order to make it fit snugly]
písak (n)	shim, block (or) stick inserted to make a perfect fit
pesár [Sp] (RV1)	to weigh; buy copra
pesadór (n)	copra dealer, copra buyer
pisára [Sp] (n)	blackboard
pískal' [Sp] (n)	Fiscal [FE], Public Prosecutor [AE]
pisík (RV3)	to splatter, fly off in all directions
pisítas [Sp] (n)	twenty centavos
mamisítas (adv)	at twenty cents apiece
píslit (RV1)	to squeeze with finger
písngi (n)	cheek
písngo' (RV5)	to sob
píso [Sp] (n)	peso
píso (n)	peso [Alt: píso] píso lang / just one peso
mamiso (adv)	at one peso apiece
písók (n)	wink
pamisók (RV5)	to wink
písoe (RV1)	to massage (with one's finger)
písong (n)	steep decline; gully
písót [slg] (n)	"peepee", "weenie" [baby talk for penis] [Cf: píntok]
písután (n)	[shellfish] [clam]
píspis (n)	bird [generic term]
[slg-vul]	píspis nga manabát eupád / "call girl" (a low-flying bird)
písta [Sp] (n)	fiesta, holiday, holyday
pamista (RV5)	to attend a fiesta, celebrate a holiday

pisti(h) [Sp] (n)	Namista kami sa Lézo. / We went to the Lézo fiesta.
pisti (expr)	plague "Darn it!"
tigpilisti (n)	epidemic, time of plague
piták (n)	granary, warehouse (for grain) [Cf: tambóbo]
piták (RV1)	to store grain, put grain in a warehouse
pitad (RV1)	to expose, spread out
pitaw (n)	[bird] [Alt: pitpitaw]
pitbong (n)	[a Japanese mortar (gun)]
pitbong [Bkd] (RV5)	to play hide and seek [Alt: bong], to twist around to make thread, entwine
pití(h) (RV1)	very thin kind of rope
pití (n)	to flick (with one's finger)
pitik (RV1)	flick of one's finger
pitik (n)	line [usually made by flicking a taut piece of string coated with ink or dye]
pitik (n)	to flick one's finger [often, as a habit]
pamitik (DV)	[bird] [Alt: pitpitaw]
pitítaw [Bkd] (n)	fine thread, smooth thread
pitíw (n)	[game--played with two sticks, wherein one stick is flicked and the opponent must catch it in flight]
pitíw (n)	whistle [instrument blown] [Cf: panihóe]
pito [Sp] (n)	to blow a whistle, whistle (to)
pito(h) (RV3)	seven, 7
pitó (n)	to raise (or) lower to seven, make seven (out of) the seventh
pitó(h) (RV1)	seven by seven, seven at a time
ikapitó (adj)	cycas. [palm] <u>Cycas rumphii</u> .
tigpitó (adv)	"peepee", "weenie" [child's term for penis]
pitúgo [Sp] (n)	[bird]
pitóy [slg] (n)	petromax, kerosene lantern
pitpitaw (n)	date, day [of month] [Cf: adlaw / day (of week)]
pitromáks [Eng] (n)	Anóng pitsáha makarén? / What date is it today?
pitsa(h) [Sp] (n)	Pitsa dos it Enéro. / January second.
pitsa [Eng] (n)	pizza, Italian-American pasta
pitsas [Sp] (n)	piece [as in mahjóng], tile(s); gambling money
pitsay [Ch] (n)	pechay, [vegetable]. <u>Brassica pekinensis</u> Rupr.
pitsil [Eng] (n)	pitcher [container for liquids]
piyák (n)	[tree]
piyágot (n)	[fish]
piyánsa(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to bail out of jail
piyánsa (n)	bail
piyadór (n)	guarantor; guarantee [Cf: piyár]
piyangák (RV5)	to yelp (cry of a dog when hurt)

piyápi (n)	[tree--found in mangroves, used for firewood] <u>Avicennia officinalis</u> L.
piyár [Sp] (RV3)	to trust, put confidence (in), guarantee
piyadór (n)	guarantor
piyón [Sp] (n)	laborer, helper, worker
piyón (RV5)	to work (with), help out (on)
piyong (RV1)	to close (one's eyes) [Opp: mukéat]
piyongán (n)	[any type of bamboo which has thick walls but a thin or small inner cavity]
piyo-piyo (adj)	low in status; outshined, outdone [Syn: pilo]
píáka [Sp] (n)	phonograph record; license plate; photographic plate (or) negative
plamíngko [Sp] (n)	pickaxe, pick
planíta [Sp] (n)	planet
plán [Sp] (n)	plan
pláno(h) (RV1)	to plan (out)
planído [Sp] (adj)	plain, level
plánsà [Sp] (n)	iron, clothesiron, flatiron
plánsa(h) (RV1)	to iron (clothes)
plansadóra (n)	ironing lady
planggánà [Sp] (n)	basin, wash tub
plas [Eng] (conj)	plus [used in addition] [Akl: ag]
plása [Sp] (n)	plaza
plása [Oak, Sp] (n)	vacancy      ówát plása / no vacancy
plásayt [Eng] (n)	flashlight
plat [Eng] (n)	flat (tire)
plat (ST5)	to have a flat tire Naplatán kami sa Baléte'. / We got a flat tire in Baléte'.
plátap [Eng] (n)	flattop [haircut] [Syn: alpunsino]
platéro [Sp] (n)	jeweler
platíto [Sp] (n)	saucer, small plate [Cf: pláto]
pláto [Sp] (n)	plate [Akl: pinggan]
playwod [Eng] (n)	plywood
plítí [Sp] (n)	fare, charge, rental [Syn: pasahi(h)]
pamilíti (n)	money used for fare (or) rent
pliti(h) (#V3)	to pay the fare, rent (or) charge(s)
pléyboy [Eng] (n)	playboy [Syn: palikíro]
plúma [Sp] (n)	pen, quill, ink pen
plúral [Eng], (adj)	plural(ity)
ploréra [Sp] (n)	flower vase; powder bowl
plörwaks [Eng] (n)	floor wax
púas (RV6)	to become clear [said of weather]; to become optimistic [after some dark days]

púasa (n)	fasting; abstinence
púasa (RV5)	to fast and/or abstain (from)
publikár [Sp] (RV2)	to publish [Akl: bantála']
publikó [Sp] (n)	public, the people
publisár [Sp. cor.] (RV2)	to publish [Alt: publikár]
pób're [Sp] (adj)	poor
pób're (n)	the poor, the underprivileged
puká(h) (RV3)	to stay up late at night, "burn the midnight oil" [AE] [Syn: pueáw]
puká' (RV6)	to go up for air [like a fish getting oxygen]
púkan [Hil] (ST2)	to stumble, tumble [Akl: túmba(h), dúsmp']
pukán (RV1)	to cut down a tree
púkaw (RV1)	to awaken, wake, wake up [someone]
pamukaw (n)	serenade; alarm clock
púkeo [vul] (n)	mons veneris [stf]; fleshy mound [gen]
púklid (RV1)	to topple over/down
púknit (RV1)	to separate, pick up with one's fingers [Cf: píknit]
pukó (RV1)	to hold back, restrain [Opp: búhi] [Syn: háwid] Púkwa imáw. / Hold him back.
pukó' [Akl] (n)	[disease] smallpox.
pukó" [Hil] (n)	[disease] syphilis.
púkoe (RV5)	to play a game with sand balls (or) coconuts
pukóe (n)	[trap made from thorns--to catch birds or bats]
púkon (RV8)	to group together
pokúyong [Bkd] (RV6)	to be still, be motionless, to not move [Opp: húeag] [Syn: him-ong, himunóng]
púkpuk (RV1)	to pound, knock, bang [Syn: túktuk]
podér [Sp] (n)	position, power, authority
púdlos (n)	whip [small twig--for spanking children]
púdlos (RV1)	to whip, spank
púdlos (RV6)	to get free, slip out/away, escape
púdpud (RV1)	to refine, granulate, crush into small particles, pulverize [sugar]
púdyot (RV1)	to pick up, get (with fingers) [Cf: kim-ing, piknit]
púdyot (n)	dash. [the amount one can get with one's fingers]
Púdyot (n)	barrio of Tangalan
pueá(h) (RV5)	to become red (or) reddish
kapueá (n)	red [including magenta and dark orange]
mapueá (adj)	red, reddish
papueá (CV)	to redden, make red
pueáñhon (adj)	redskinned, belonging to the red race
pueábaság (n)	[chicken] [Cf: manók]
pueáw (RV6)	to stay up late at night, go to bed late [Cf: búeaw] [Syn: puká(h)] [Cf: manágob]

pueáwan	(n)	[aroid--starchy foodstuff] <u>Cyrtosperma merkusii</u>
púeo	(n)	handle of bolo
púeo'	(n)	unit of ten(s)
napdeo'	(n)	ten, 10
**NUMBERS SUGGESTED BY DR. NABOR**		
daypúeo'		twenty, 20
tatpúeo'		thirty, 30
appúeo'		forty, 40
limpúeo'		fifty, 50
ampúeo'		sixty, 60
pitpúeo'		seventy, 70
waepúeo'		eighty, 80
syampúeo'		ninty, 90
pueb'	(n)	island [Syn: isla]
Pueb'	(n)	barrio of Banga [Alt: Puló']
píeok	(RV6)	to fight [said of game cocks]
	papíeok	to fight, make a cock fight [against another]
Pueokatí	(n)	barrio of Banga
píeog	[Bkd] (RV1)	to plate jewelry
píeon	(n)	spool, spindle [of thread]
	píeon	to spindle [thread]
píeon ]mali[	(adj)	circular, round [Syn: malibúnog]
pueopuṭó	(n)	[the small bunch of bananas at the end of the branch]
pueós	(n)	use, worth
	kapuslánan	worth, value, usefulness
	himueós	to use, make use (of), take advantage (of)
	panghimueós	to take advantage (of), make the best (of)
	[idm]	Panghimúsli imaw. / Take advaritage of him.
	owát pueós	panghimueós nga owát báeos / abuse, taking advantage of [without any sign of repayment or gratitude]
píeot	(RV1)	worthless, lousy, good for nothing
	pamíeot	to bend down and pick up
pueót	(n)	to bend down and pick up [many things]
píey	(n)	sticky sap, syrup
píepue	(RV3)	[fish--long]
píepog	(RV1)	to put medicinal herbs on a wound [Syn: támpoe]
píeta(h) [Sp]	(n)	to hammer, pound [Cf: píkpuik]
puetáhan	(n)	doorway [Alt: pwérta] [Cf: sará, sirá]
púga'	(RV3)	doorway, entrance (or) exit
púgad	(n)	to wring out, squeeze [to get out excess water]
púgad	(RV5)	[Cf: edbag]
'pugarán	(n)	nest
		to nestle, be in the nest
		nest, nesting place

púgday (ST3)	to fall down/apart [like a pile of sand or grain], to collapse
púgo (RV1)	to gather, collect, take in/up Púgwa ro binún-ag. / Gather the dried grain.
púgo' (n)	quail [bird--brown]
pugó (RV3)	to give [an animal] to someone else to take care of; let raise (or) rear Púgwí ro báboý kay Mariano. / Give the pig to Mariano to take care of.
pugón [Sp] (n)	stove
pugoníro (n)	stove keeper
púgong (RV3)	to stop [something], control [oneself], curb, "cool" Púnggi imáw. / Stop him.
púgtos (RV6)	Ginptúnggan ko raáng kahídlaw. / I curbed my desire. to try to get away from those holding one, to fight back
puhoeán (n)	struggle to get free
púhpuh (RV1)	[part of plow's harness].
Puís (n)	to collect, gather together
pul [Eng] (n)	barrio of New Washington
pul (RV5)	pool [game]
púlan (n)	to play pool
pul [Eng] (n)	pool parlor; place for playing pool
pulborá [Sp] (n)	pull, influence [Syn: kápit] May pul imáw. / He has influence [with important people].
pílbos [Sp] (n)	gun powder
pulgáda [Sp] (n)	powder, face powder, baby powder
pulgadéra (n)	inch
Fulgéncio Nôrte (n)	folding ruler [carpenter's tool]
Fulgéncio Sur (n)	barrio of Balete' [old name: Morthon]
pulido [Sp] (adj)	barrio of Balete' /pulhinsyoh/
púling (ST4)	satisfactory, well done, meticulous [work]
polipó [Sp] (n)	to get something in one's eye, get blinded (with foreign elements in the eye)
púlis [Eng] (n)	[disease] nasal polyp; adenoids.
polis [Eng] (n)	foolish [Akl: kumangón] [Syn: lóko]
polisiya [Sp] (n)	police(man), cop [AE, slg]
púlmon [Sp] (n)	police (man; force) [Sp: policia]
pulmoniya (n)	lung [Akl: bágá']
pólo [Eng] (n)	pneumonia
Puló' (n)	polo shirt; any loosefitting shirt
Puló' (n)	barrio of Banga
Puló' (n)	barrio of Ibajay
	barrio of New Washington

pul6' [7]	island [Akl: pue6'] [Syn: isla]
polúbi [Tag] (n)	beggar [Akl: man6gpakalim6s]
púlong [Hil] (n)	word, term [Akl: bisáea]
mamumúlong (n)	preacher, lecturer, missionary
pul6s [Sp] (adj)	entirely, all, complete(ly), only [also (A. det)]
Pul6s magdeang ro sa bináyli kabfi. / Everyone at the dance last night was elderly.	
pulsíras [Sp] (n)	bracelet [Alt: punsíras]
púlso [Sp] (n)	pulse, measurement of heartbeat
panghimúlso(h) (RV3)	to take someone's pulse
poltíro [Sp. cor] (n)	porter, caretaker, janitor [Alt: portero]
pomáda [Sp] (n)	pomade, hair conditioner (or) oil
pomáda(h) (RV3)	to put pomade in one's hair
Pumaláyay (n)	river bordering Madalag and Libakaw; also a sitio
pumuedyo' (n)	settlers, inhabitants; dwellers, residents [Cf: puy6']
púna' (RV3)	to mend, patch [a fish net]
púna' (n)	Puná-i ro átong eáya. / Mend our fish nets.
púná' (n)	paragraph [grammatical term]
púnaw (ST4)	area, section [of land]; chapter [of a book]
púnay (n)	to have fear of heights, have acrophobia, get dizzy
pond [Eng] (n)	[bird--type of dove]
púnda(h) [Sp] (n)	pond, small lake [Akl: danáw] [Syn: lagúna]
púndo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	pillow case
púndo(h) [Sp] (n)	to stop [working, moving]; stop off at
púndo (RV3)	capital, fund
púní(h) (n)	to put up the capital (for)
púní (RV3)	decoration(s)
[idm]	to decorate
púrirárya [Sp] (n)	púní-púní it hámbarae / flowery speech
puntí(h) [Sp] (RV1)	hearse, funeral wagon; funeral parlor
púno' (n)	to box, fight with fists
pamúno' (RV3)	tree, trunk (of tree); base, bottom; beginning, start
púno' (n)	sa púnó káhoy / at the base of the tree
pumo-án (n)	[Opp: púnta(h), alipúngto, tingoy-tingoy]
púnó (adj)	to lead, start out first
púnó' (RV1)	leader, head
púnong (n)	leader; leadership [Alt: pindúno']
púnó (n)	full
púnong (n)	to fill. (up) Pún-a ro bótí. / Fill the bottle up.
púnong (n)	fishpond [Syn: tángki(h)]
púnó (n)	bamboo fish trap (for sea fishing) [Syn: paeá-an]
púnó (n)	to gather (together) [Syn: típon] [Opp: eághit]
punsíras [Sp. cor] (n)	bracelet
púnson [Sp] (n)	ice pick, sharp pick

púnson [Sp] (n)	wedding, wedding feast. [Syn: kasae]
púnta(h) (n)	point, end [top part] [Opp: púno'] halín sa púno' hasta sa púnta / from the bottom to the top [FE], from top to bottom [AE]
púnto [Sp] (n)	accent, foreign intonation May púntong binisayá' ro ánang Tagáeog. / His Tagalog has a Visayan accent.
púnto [Sp] (n)	period [punctuation mark]
púntong kóma (n)	semicolon [punctuation mark]
púntong sunód (n)	ellipsis [punctuation mark]
púntos [Sp] (n)	point(s), counter, score
pungá(h) (RV1)	Pilá ro púntos? / What's the score?
pungango (n)	to talk with a nasal sound; nasalize
pungá'-pungá' (RV5)	stem [of fruits]
pungáy ]ma[ (adj)	to choke, gasp for breath
[idm]	unsteady, weak, unstable mapungáy it matá / "dreamy-eyed" [said of a wo- man making a pass at a man].
púngko' [Hil] (RV4)	to sit down [Syn: lingkod]
púngkoe (adj)	cut, severed [appendage] [Syn: putóe]
púnggod (n)	pimple
púngi's (RV1)	to tear off; to chip off a little bit (of)
pungó (n)	[fruit--nipa]
pungód (RV3)	to stop (up) [the flow of water]
púngpung (RV1)	to bundle (up)
púngpung (n)	bundle
púngsod [Oak] (n)	place, location [Syn: ilíhan]
púngyot (n)	cluster of fruits [such as grapes], bunch
Póok (n)	barrio of Kalibo
púod (RV3)	to limit, inhibit, control [oneself] [Syn: púgong]
púot (ST4)	to have a stuffed nose, be unable to breathe through one's nose
pópa [Sp] (n)	stern, poop [of ship] [Alt: ulin] [Opp: díeong, prówaj]
pó-po' (RV1)	to gather, harvest [fruits]
púpod [Bkd] (n)	palay (rice) stored away for future use.
púrga(h) [Sp] (n)	purgative, laxative, cathartic
púrga (RV1)	to give a purgative (to)
purgáda [Sp. cor] (n)	inch [Alt: pulgáda]
púri(h) [Tag] (RV1)	to speak well of, honor, praise [Akl: dáyaw]
púril [Sp] (n)	[Opp: súra(h)]
púril (RV3)	lie, deceit
púrilon (adj) [n]	to lie, deceive
púrma(h) [Sp] (n)	deceitful, lying; a liar
	form, mold; handwriting [Syn: hórmá(h)]

páro [Sp] (adj)	pure; total(lly), altogether [Syn: pulós]
pírong-pírong (RV3)	to crown; put on one's head
porpályo [Eng] (n)	portfolio, briefcase
púrpur [Eng] (adj) [slg]	beyond repair, lousy (automobile) [from the "Ford four" which was the worst kind of automobile]
porsinto [Sp] (n)	percent [Cf: tibó', piló']
porsinto(h) (RV3)	to profit from, get a percentage
portéro [Sp] (n)	porter; cemetery guard, caretaker
pusá' (RV1)	to break Ayáw pagpás-a ron, may pueós pa. / Don't break that, it still has some use [left].
pusá' (adj) [ST3]	broken
pús-ang (RV2)	to drop, throw down carelessly
pósas [Sp] (n)	handcuffs
pús-aw (RV7)	to fade, die out [said of colors]
mapús-aw (adj)	faded; pastel
písdak (RV2)	to stomp, bang (one's feet)
pusíl [Sp] (n)	rifle, shotgun [Cf: baríl]
pusíl (RV1)	to shoot (with rifle or shotgun)
púsing [Eng] (n)	pose, position [for a picture]
posísyón [Sp] (n)	position, condition, placement; status
pusít [Tag] (n)	squid. [Akl: éukos]
púsli' [slg] (adj)	worthless, lousy [Syn: bulók]
púslit (RV7)	to splurt, gush (out) [Cf: píswak]
púsnga(h) (RV2)	to snort, blow air through one's nose
púso' (n)	banana flower, banana heart
tagipusó-on (n)	heart [Hil: kásing-kásing]
púsod (n)	navel, belly button
púsog-pusogán (n)	calf (of leg)
púsong (n)	lie, "story" [Cf: púril]
púsong (RV1)	to lie, tell stories, "pull someone's leg" [AE, slg]
púspas (n)	porridge
pospúrō [Sp] (n)	match box, matches [Cf: palito]
púspus (RV3)	to beat, hit
pústa' [Sp] (RV2)	to be, wager (on)
póste [Sp] (n)	post, pole
postiso [Sp] (n)	false teeth
postmáster [Eng] (n)	postmaster
postópis [Eng] (n)	post office
postúra [Sp] (adj)	elegant, well-dressed, well-groomed [Akl: madayáw]
pústri [Sp] (n)	[dessert]
pústri [Sp.cor] (n)	pole, post [Alt: póste]
púswak (RV7)	to gush out, burst out [said of liquids] [Cf: púslit]
púta, [Sp][vul] (n)	whore, prostitute, "B-girl", "bitch" [Syn: álpot]
púta' (RV1)	to select, pick out one by one [Syn: píli']

potáhi [Sp] (n)	au, preparation(s), foo served
pútat (n)	[fruit, tree] <u>Barringtonia acemosa</u> .
putáy [vul] (n)	gina [stf]; female organ [f n]; "cur" [vul]
putí(h) (^ij)	[Syn: pýas, súcampákan, bíkít, tuhók]
putí' (RV6)	blunted [knife with broken point]
kaputí' (n)	to become white(r)
maputí' (adj)	whiteness
paputí' (C /)	white
pútli' ]ma[ [Hil] (adj)	to whiten, make white
púto (n)	pure, clean, chaste, unblemished
púto (ST3) [idm]	rice bread
putó. (RV7)	to be all sold out; be bankrupt
putóe (adj)	to tangle (up) [said of threads]
putóe (RV1)	short, brief; trimmed, clipped; cut off, amputated
putóra [Sp] (n)	to shorten, clip off; amputate
putós (RV1)	Púta ro sáewae. / Shorten the trousers.
putós. (n)	future [Syn: hin-ágá]
pútot (RV3)	to wrap up
putót [slg] (adj)	Púston ko ro regálo? / Shall I wrap up the gift?
pútput (RV7)	wrapper, wrapping (paper)
putybókan (n)	to entangle (when fighting), lock together
pútyong. (n) [RV1]	short, little, small, runt
púwak (n)	to putt [make the sound of a slow engine]
puyás [vul] (n)	[honey bee]
púyo (n)	bundle; [to bundle up, gather into a bundle]
puyó. (n)	throat
puyó' (RV4)	vagina [stf]; female organ [gen]; "twat" [vul]
pumueúyo' (n)	small sack/bag (closed with a string)
pueuy-anan (n)	[mud fish]
púyos (RV3)	to live (at), dwell (in) [Syn: éstar]
púyoy (n)	dweller, inhabitant; settler(s)
púypuy ]ma[ (adj)	residence, dwelling, abode
Pransya (n)	to put together in one place [like money into a hanky]
Pransis (n)	[fish]
prángka(h) [Sp] (RV1, 3)	tired, sore, numb (muscles)
prásko [Sp] (n)	France
príma [Sp] (adj)	Frenchman
primárya [Sp] (n)	to be frank (with), speak openly (to)
	Prangkahá eági aká agód ówát gamó-gámo sa umán.
	/ Be frank with me from the beginning so that there
	won't be any argument next time.
	four-cornered bottle (or) jar
	first [Cf: priméro]
	primary [electric line]; elementary [school]

priméra [Sp] (n)	first gear [Cf: segunda, terséra, kwárta]
priméro [Sp] (adj)	first
príma (n)	first cousin [female]
prímo (n)	first cousin [male]
prémyo [Sp] (n)	reward, prize, premium
prémyo(h) (RV3)	to give a prize (to)
prénda(h) [Sp] (RV2)	to pawn [Syn: sángla]
prendáhan (n)	pawnshop
prendádo (adj)	pawned
préno(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to brake, stop, put on the brakes
préno (n)	brake
prinsipál [Eng] (n)	director, principal, dean
prénte [Sp] (n)	front
preparár [Sp] (RV1)	to prepare, get ready [Akl: paháom]
preparádo (adj)	prepared, ready, all set
présko [Sp] (adj)	fresh, refreshing, pleasant; rude, impolite [person]
[idm]	préskong táwo / a fresh (or) rude person
presidénte [Sp] (n)	president
presentár [Sp] (RV2)	to present, introduce
presentádo (adj)	willing, always volunteering; presented
préso(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to imprison, put into prison (or) jail
presohán (n)	prison, jail
préso (n)	prisoner
présyo [Sp] (n)	price, value, worth
príto(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to fry [Alt: pirító(h)]
probléma [Sp] (n)	problem
probléma(h) (ST5)	to have problems
Naproblehán akó. / I've got problems.	
program [Syn: palabás, paguwá']	
prohékto [Sp] (n)	project [Alt: proyékto]
promisa [Sp] (n)	promise [Cf: tág-an]
promisa(h) (RV3)	to promise (to)
Promisáhi akó ku ímong ínong. / Promise me	
your loyalty.	
pronómbre [Sp] (n)	pronoun [grammatical term]
propesór [Sp] (n)	professor, teacher
propéta [Sp] (n)	prophet, soothsayer
prosésyon [Sp] (n)	procession
prosésyon (RV6)	to go with a procession, enter a procession
prútas [Sp] (n)	fruit(s) [already picked] [Syn: búnga]
protésta(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to protest, complain (about)
protésta (n)	(written) protest
protestante [Sp] (n)	Protestant [member of any of the Protestant religions]

prówa [Sp] (n)	prow, bow, front of boat [Akl: tûeong][Opp; popa]
proyékto [Sp] (n)	project
pwéde [Sp] (adj)	possible, qualified, eligible
pwéde (V. det)	can/could; possible, possibly, may [permission]
pwéra [Sp] (conj)	Pwéde nga kami mag-ápto? / May we go?
pwérsa [Sp] (n)	except, outside of [Akl: liwan]
pamwérsa (RV6)	force, power, strength [Akl: kúsog, gahóm]
pwersádo (adj)	to exert an effort, use one's strength
pwértá [Sp] (n)	forceful, powerful, strong
pwertáhan (n)	doorway [Cf: sará, sirá]
pwéstó [Sp] (n)	doorway, entrance / exit
pyésás [Sp] (n)	post, duty, position
	spare part(s), piece(s), part(s).

"R" /rah/

ra- (Tm) (A/pro)

ra (T/dem)

raáng (Tm) (A/pro)

rabanós [Sp] (n)

rabil (n)

rákit [Eng] (n)

rákit (RV1)

rákit [Eng] (n)

ráket [Eng] (n)

radár [Eng] (n)

rádyá (n)

rádyo [Sp] (n)

radyopáno [Sp] (n)

rágid [Eng] (adj)

rágid (RV5)

The fifteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced alveolar flap /r/, though sometimes pronounced as a trill /r/. Most words beginning in "R", other than demonstratives, deictics and markers, are borrowings from other languages. [G. 21-22]. In those cases where Aklanon has alternate forms in "D" or "R" for markers and other function words, prestige [or formal] Aklanon tends to favor the "R" form [e.g. "ro" tends to be preferred to "do", "rikará" to "dikárá", and so on].

his/her [serving in topic position] [Ctr: ro ána nga]

Ra ánwang habalígya' eon. / His carabao is already sold.

this [hear the speaker] [Ctr: ráya] [G. 161]

Anó ra? / What's this?

my [serving in topic position] [Ctr: ro ákon nga]

Rááng asáwa gpaariya. / My wife is on her way here.

radish. Raphanus sativós L. [Alt: labanós]

violin

racket [swindling]

to swindle, fool into a deal

racket [for tennis]

rocket, spaceship

radar

rajah, ruler [from Sanscrit language]

radio

radio-phono

informal, rugged [in dress]; ragged

to wear informal (or) rugged-looking clothing

pangrágid	(n)	informal clothing; rugged-looking clothing
áha [Sp]	(n)	big firewood, logs
rahítas	(n)	small pieces of firewood
rámáag	(n)	[tiny "glow-worms" on seaweed]
rambután	(n)	[fruit] <u>Nephelium lappaceum</u> L.
ramí	(n)	[fibers woven into cloth] <u>Boehmeria nivea</u> L.
ramilád	(n)	[tree] <u>Sterculia foetida</u> L.
rámos [Sp]	(n)	palm leaf, palm frond [Akl: eukáy, lukáy]
Dominggo de Rámos		(n) Palm Sunday [the Sunday before Easter]
rana'	(T/dem)	that [near listener, far from speaker] [G: 161]
ranhá'	(T/dem)	[Alt: ranhá'] that [near listener, far from speaker] [G: 161] Owá' akó kasáyod kon sín-o ranhá'. / I don't know who that is.
ránsyo [Sp]	(adj)	spoiled, rotten, rancid [Akl: bán-os]
ránsyo	(RV7)	to spoil, rot, go bad/sour, become rancid Bási' maránsyo ro gátas. / The milk may go bad.
rántso [Sp]	(n)	ranch
rang	(Tm) (A/pro)	my [serving in topic position] [Ctr: ro ákon nga]
rángko	(n) [Sp]	rank, position
rápols	[Eng] (n)	ruffles
rasón	[Sp] (n)	reason
rasonáblí	(adj)	reasonable, within reason
ráspa(h)	[Sp] (RV3)	to scrape off the pubic hair [usually before delivering a baby]
raspadór	[Sp] (n)	jack plane [carpenter's tool]
rásyon	(n)	ration; share
ratán	(n)	rattan [vine] [Syn: uwáy]
rató	(T/dem)	that [yonder, far away from speaker and listener] [G: 161] Imong mángód rató? / Was that your younger brother?
ratón	(n)	white mouse/mice
ráya	(T/dem)	this [near speaker] [G: 161] Imo ráya? / Is this yours?
ráya-ráya	[Sp] (n)	stripe(s)
ráyna	[Sp] (n)	queen
rayúma	[Sp] (n)	rheumatism [Sp: réumá]
ráyon	(Dp)	then, consequently, thereupon, thereafter, afterwards And ráyon? / What then? [Alt: dáyon]
ráyos	[Sp] (n)	spoke [in: a wheel]
Rivéra	[Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Rivéra	(n)	barrio of Libakaw
ribók	[Oak] (n)	revolt, revolution [Syn: rebolúsyon]
rebúlber	[Eng] (n)	revolver, gun [Syn: bárlí]

rebolúsyon [Sp] (n)	revolution [war; turn of a wheel]
rebolúsyon (RV7)	to revolve, turn around completely [Cf: tiyog]
rebolísyon (RV5)	to revolt, fight (in) a revolution [Cf: áway, ribók]
ribúlto [Sp] (RV1)	to scramble (eggs) [Akl: batí(h)]
ribúlto [Sp. cor] (n)	statue, image, icon [Sp: bélto]
ribbon [Eng] (n)	ribbon; badge of merit, award [Syn: prémyo]
rikádo [Sp] (n)	bay leaf [seasoning]
rikaná' (loc)	over here, that way [near listener, far from speaker] [Cf: iná'] [G. 186]
rikanhá' (loc)	over there, that way [near listener, far from speaker] [Cf: inhá'] [G. 186]
rikará' (loc)	here, over here, this way [near speaker] [Cf: iyá]
rikarón (loc)	there, over there, that way [near speaker and listener] [Cf: úna'] [G. 186]
rikató (loc)	Rikarón gid imáw magtindog. / He stood right over there.
riklámo [Sp] (n)	there, over there, yonder, that way [far away from both speaker and listener] [Cf: idtó] [G. 186]
riklámo(h) (RV3)	complaint, grievance, criticism
riklamadór (n)	to complain (about), criticize
rekomendár [Sp] (RV4)	Ikáw ro anang ginariklamóhan. / You're the one he's complaining about.
rekoméndasyón (n)	complainier, critic
Regadór [Sp] (n)	Rekoméndahán akó. / Recommend me.
Regadór (n)	recommendation
regálo [Sp] (n)	bárrio of Ibajay
regálo(h) (RV2)	river in Ibajay
rigla [Sp] (n)	present, gift [Cf: eukás]
riglá(h) (RV5)	to present, give [Cf: taó, tanyag, símbil]
regulár [Sp] (adj)	menstruation; ruler, measuring stick
réhas [Sp] (n)	to menstruate [stf], "have a monthly visitor" [FE], have one's period [AE]
rilásyón [Sp] (n)	regular, normal, average, consistent
relihiyón [Sp] (n)	bar [iron or wooden]
relihiyósa (adj)	relation, relationship
relihiyóso (adj)	religion [Akl: pagtúo]
rílis/ [Sp] (n)	religious [female]
reló [Sp] (RV5)	religious [male]
reló (n)	railway, track(s), rail; railroad [Cf: tren]
relohéro (n)	to wear/have a watch; use a clock
relós [Sp] (n)	watch, wristwatch; clock
	watchmaker; watch repairman
	secret pocket [in one's pants]; watch pocket

ríma (n)	breadfruit. <u><i>Artocarpus communis</i></u> Frost. (and) <u><i>Artocarpus elastică</i></u> Reinh.
rimáti(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to confiscate
rimáti(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to ring bell(s) quickly [as for a fiesta]
rimátsi [Sp] (n)	rivet
rimatsádo (adj)	riveted
rimédyo [Sp] (n)	way, means; remedy; livelihood
rimédyo(h) (RV1) [slg]	to steal, take, get
rimédyo(h) (RV1) [vul]	to take advantage of a member of the opposite sex
rimédyo(h) (RV3)	to cure, correct, remedy.
rimúdas [Sp] (n)	[tall grass] vetiver. <u><i>Andropogon zizanioides</i></u> .
rimótkontról [Eng] (n)	remote control
rimótkontról. [idm] (adj)	remote, far removed from civilization
riná' (loc)	over there [near listener but far from speaker] [Cf: iná']. [G.185] [Alt: rinhá']
rénda [Sp] (n)	drill bit
rinhá' (loc)	over there [near listener but far from speaker] [Cf: inhá'] [G. 185]
rénta [Sp] (n)	rent
rénta(h) (RV3)	to rent (out), lease
ring (Tm) (A/pro)	your [singular--used in topic position] [Ctr: ro ímo nga] Una' kimo ring kwárta? / Is your money with you?
ring [Eng] (n)	ring [for finger] [Akl: singsing]
rep [Eng] (RV1)	to rape, seize by force [sexually] [Akl: súkób]
ripa [Sp] (n)	raffle; chance [on a raffle]
ripa(h) (RV1)	to raffle (off), sell chances (on/for)
paripa' (CV)	to have a raffle
ripír [Eng] (RV2)	to repair [Akl: kaayád]
reperénsya [Sp] (n)	reference
ripli [Sp] (n)	rifle [Cf: baril, pusil]
repúlyo [Sp] (n)	cabbage. <u><i>Brassica oleracea</i></u> L. var. <u><i>capitata</i></u> L.
repórt [Eng] (RV2)	to report, tell, reveal [Akl: súgid, patuón]
repórt (n)	report, summary
ripridyerétor [Eng] (n)	refrigerator
representár [Sp] (RV3)	to represent
representánti (n)	representative
Rizál (n)	barrio of Ibajay /risál/
Rizál (n)	barrio of Nabas
rísigo [Sp] (n)	risk, chance
resíbo [Sp] (n)	receipt, bill of sale
rispónsibilidád [Sp] (n)	responsibility
risponsábli (adj)	responsible; resourceful
ristáwran [Eng] (n)	restaurant

ritáso [Sp] (n)	left over, pieces [cloth, paper], scraps
ritó (loc)	there, over there, yonder [far away from speaker and listener] [Cf: idto] [G. 185]
retráto [Sp] (n)	picture, photo, photograph [Syn: laráwan, litráto].
retráto(h) (RV1)	to take a picture of, photograph
paretráto (CV)	to have one's picture taken
riyá (loc)	here [near speaker] [Cf: iyá] [G. 185]
ro (Tm)	[Marker for topic position on common nouns: "the (topic)..."] [D. 10] [G. 76-79, 141-43, 149-51]
	Mangíngit ro tyémpo. / The weather is miserable.
rubi [Sp] (n)	ruby [jewel]
rúgto [Kin] (loc)	there, over there [Akl: idto, ritó, rikat6]
rúgya [Kin] (loc)	here, over here [Akl: iyá, riya, rikará]
róho [Sp] (n)	pipe cleaner; ring cleaner
róho [Sp] (adj)	red, reddish [Akl: mapueá(h)]
rúler [Eng] (n)	ruler (foot-long)
rúlyo [Sp] (n)	roll; scroll; lecture given at the Cursillo
Róma [Sp] (n)	Rome
rúmbo(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to notice, pay attention to; aim, sight, goal
rúmbo (n)	idea, notion; goal, destination
rúmbo-rúmbo [Sp] (RV7)	to be bumpy, be bouncy [Alt: eúmbo-eúmbo]
roméro [Sp] (n)	rosemary [shrub]. <u>Rosmarinus officinalis</u> L.
ron (T/dem)	that [near listener and speaker] [Ctr: rúyon] [G. 161] Sin-o ron? / Who's that?
rúna' (loc)	there, over there [near listener and speaker][G.185]
rondálya [Sp] (n)	native orchestra, rondalla
rondaná' (dem)	"that" "that there" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162] [Alt: rondanhá']
rondanhá' (dem)	"that" "that there" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162]
rondat6 (dem)	"that" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative]
rondáya (dem)	"this" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162] [Cf: ráya]
rondúyon (dem)	"that" [speaker-listener-oriented demonstrative] [G. 162] [Cf: rúyon]
rong (Tm)	[Topic marker.] [Alt: do, ro, dong]
rupíro [Sp] (n)	a clothes bag [Akl: ueumógan]
rósa [Sp] (n)	rose [flower]
rósa (adj)	pink, rose, reddish, orange
rosál [Sp] (n)	[rose tree]
Rosál (n)	barrio of Libakaw
rosaríto [Sp] (n)	rosary
rosáryo [Sp] (n)	rosary
rosáryo (RV5)	to pray the rosary

Rosário (n)	barrio of Malinaw
Rósyá (n)	Russia
rúta [Sp] (n)	route [of travel] [Akl: aeágyan]
rúyon (T/dem)	that [near listener and speaker], [G. 161] Pilá rdyón? / How much is that?
"S" /sah/	The sixteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless alveolar sibilant /s/. [G.13]
"Z"	A symbol borrowed from Spanish and English and only used in the names of persons and places. Most often the sound is reduced to the simple /s/ sound.
sa (Rm)	[Referent marker, used to illustrate locations, indirect objects, beneficiaries and agents (in causative constructions); it is also used to indicate future time with any words stating time.] [D. 13-14] [G.145, 153] Nag-ádto imáw sa Madalág. / He went to Madalag. Dáya hay pára sa.mga ungá. / This is for children. sa idáeom it baeáy / underneath the house sa Lunes / on Monday
saá (Rm) (A/pro)	[Ctr: sa ána ngá] "to his/her" "for his/her"
saáng (Rm) (A/pro)	Gintaó ra saá asáwa. / This was given to his wife.
sáb-a (n)	[Ctr: sa ákon ngá] "to my" "for my" [banana--small, round, good for cooking] <u>Musa sapientum var. compressa.</u>
sábak (n)	lap
sábak (RV1)	to put on one's lap, let sit on one's lap
pasábak (CV)	to sit on someone's lap; to ask to sit on someone's lap
sábad ]ma[ [Hil] (adj)	naughty, rambunctious, troublesome [Akl: eahög]
sabadista [Sp] (n)	Seventh Day Adventist
Sabadd [Sp] (n)	Saturday
sáb-an (ST1)	to object to, be fed up with, hate
makasaeáb-an (adj)	objectionable, hateful
sabát (n)	answer, reply
sabát (RV1)	to answer, reply to
sabát (RV2)	Sábta akó. / Answer me.
saeabtánan (RV8)	to give an answer, give as an answer
saeabtánan (n)	Isabát ko ra. / This will be my answer.
panabtánan (n)	to argue, discuss
sabáw (n)	argument, discussion dialogue juice; soup, broth
	sabáw it niyóg / coconut water [FE], coconut milk [AE]

sábaw (RV5)	to drink juice or liquid Nagasábaw ro manók. /
sabáw (RV3)	The hen is drinking up its own egg.
	to make broth or soup (out of)
	Ginasabawán ro tindea. / [They're] making soup out of the vegetables.
sábaw (RV7)	to become liquid
sabáy [Tag] (RV8)	to go together [Akl: sba(h), sunod]
sábeay (RV2)	to drape, hang, put over [a bar].
sabeáyan (n)	bar, towel bar [for hanging towels or clothes]; clothesline
sabilán (n)	[shell]
sáb-it (RV2)	to hang up (on the wall) [Cf: bítay]
sábli [Sp] (n)	sword, saber
sábod (RV3)	to feed [fowl or poultry]
sabód (n)	Sabóri ro manók. / Feed the chickens.
sabód (RV7)	chickenfeed; food for fowl or poultry
	to get tangled up, entangle [Syn: eámbid]
	Nagsabód ro higót ku áyam. / The dog's line got all tangled up.
sabón (Dp)	"maybe" "might" "perhaps" [Particle expressing mild uncertainty.] [G. 207]
	Maádtó sabón akó. / I might go.
sabón [Sp] (n)	soap [Alt: habón]
sabón (RV3)	to put soap on, soap up
sabúnot (RV1)	to pull hair when fighting
sábong [Tag] (n)	cockfight(ing) [Akl: búeang]
sabongíro (n)	cockfightér [Akl: manogbúeang]
sabót [vul] (n)	pubic hair
sábsab (RV1)	to lap up, drink (with tongue) [said of animals]
sabsában (n)	trough
sábwag (RV2)	to sow, scatter [seeds]; to broadcast [seeds]
sáka' (RV1)	to climb up, go up [stairs, tree]; get higher [prices]
	Saká-a ro niyóg. / Climb up the coconut tree.
pasáká' (CV)	to have go up; invite to enter the house
pasáká' (n)	gain, interest [on a loan]
sakáda (n)	sugar field laborer(s)
sakáe (n)	hook of a tuba container [Cf: kawít]
sakáng (n)	pubic area, part of the body by the genitals
sakát [Oak] (n)	early arrival
pasakát (CV)	to hasten, rush, hurry [someone] up [Opp: pabáya'-báya']
sakáy (RV4)	to ride (on), travel (on); get on [vehicle], mount [an animal] Nakasakáy ka eon sa eroplano? / Have you ever ridden on an airplane?

kásákay (n)	fellow passenger
pamákayan (RV6)	to go riding
saeékyan (n)	vehicle
sumaeékay (n)	group (or) band of riders
sák bay (RV3)	to support, brace
sák dag (RV3)	to support, be responsible (for), take care (of)
sakdág (n)	support, care, help
sák dat (RV6)	to squat, crouch
sakit (n)	illness, ailment, infirmity
sakít (ST5)	to be hurt (by), suffer (from)
	Nasakitán akó ku ímong ginhámbae. / I was hurt by what you said.
sakít (RV1)	to hurt [physically], cause pain
kasákit (n)	suffering, pain
masákit (adj)	painful, hurting; sick, ill
	Masakit akó. / I'm sick.
makasaeékit (adj)	hurting, painful
panghinakít [Oak] (RV3)	to feel sorry for, sympathize with
panghinakít [Tag] (RV3)	to bear a grudge, feel bad about, take ill [someone's actions or talk]
pasákit (CV)	to cause/inflct suffering (on)
sák mae (RV1)	to grab, seize [Alt: hákmae]
sáko [Sp] (n)	sack
sáko' (RV1)	to hurry, hasten, rush, hurry up [Syn: dalf']
masáko' (adj)	hurried, hurrying, busy, rushed [Opp: hípay]
sák op (RV1)	to include [in one's support; list]
sákop (n)	dependent, person under one's support or care; political subdivision, part of another political unit
	to be included
saeékpón (adj)	dependent, subject, follower
sinasákpan (n)	to try to get included, "work one's way in" [AE]
pasákop (CV)	[dessert pastry made of sugar and flour]
sakóy [Ch] (n)	sacrifice, suffering
sakripísyo [Sp] (n)	to sacrifice, suffer, endure hardships
sakripísyo (RV6)	to chop up; stab, hack [Cf: bunó']
sáksak (RV1)	sáksak it yélo / chop up the ice
	witness
sáksi (n)	to witness
sáksi(h) (RV3)	Jehovah's Witness(es)
sáksi ni Jehóvah (n)	miscarried, turned out wrong [Cf: saed']
sád-an (adj)	Kon sád-an, indí akó magpadáyon. / If things miscarry, I won't continue.
sád-ang (RV2)	to suspend, hang up [on hook] [Cf: bitáy, sáb-it]
sádsad (RV6)	to dance [Cf: sáot, báyle]

sadsáran (n)	landing [of a stairway]
sadsarón (n)	fried pork rind, chicharon
sádyah (h) (ST5)	to be happy (with), enjoy, find enjoyable [Syn: líy y] Nasadyahán akó ku bináyle kabii. / I enjoyed the dance last night.
kasádyá (n)	happiness, joy
kasadyáhan (n)	party, get-together
hilinádyá (RV8)	to enjoy each other's company, make merry, be happy together
masádyá (adj)	happy, joyous; enjoyable
masinadyáhon (adj)	happy-go-lucky
sádyá' (ST5)	to find beautiful, consider beautiful, be overcome by the beauty of, be enthralled
kasádyá' (n)	beauty, prettiness
masádyá' (adj)	beautiful, pretty
sádyá' (RV1)	to beautify, make pretty, pretty up
sáea' (RV1)	to sift, strain; blame, accuse [Cf: básoe]
saeaán (n)	strainer, screen(ing), sifter
saeá' (n)	sin, error, mistake, wrongdoing [Cf: sayóp]
saeá' (RV1)	to err, make a mistake, do wrong
kasaéa' (RV5)	to sin [morally], do evil
kasaé-anan (n)	sinfulness; sins
makasasáea' (n)	sinner
saeábay (RV6)	to break out in very itchy skin rashes
saeábay [sup] (RV3)	to cover someone's head with a winnowing basket and beat it lightly while burning medicinal leaves around the person in order to "smoke out" and "drive out" the evil spirits said to cause skin rashes
saeákay (RV1)	to rob, plunder, maraud
saeákot (adj)	mixed up, assorted, varied [Syn: sári-sári]
sáead (RV3)	to begin (on), start (with)
saeág [Bkd] (RV1)	to shield [also (n)]
saeág (RV1)	to save (from drowning) [Syn: sagíp]
saeagúnting [sup] (RV1)	to question the spirits about [something] by put- ting scissors into a nigo, which will then point to the person in question: thief, malefactor, etc.
pasaeagúnting (CV)	to have someone consult the spirits (about)
saeáma(h) (RV1)	to mix up thoroughly, spread out evenly [like grain drying in the sun] [Opp: kábang]
saeámat (n)	thanks; gratitude, thankfulness
saeámat (exor)	"Thanks." "Thank you."
pasaeámat (CV)	to thank, give thanks to
saeaming (n)	Dápat pasaeamátan imáw. / He should be thanked. lens, glass; mirror [Cf: ispiho]

saeampákan [vul] (n)	female sex organ [gen]; "cunt" "twat" [vul]
saeampáti (n)	dove, pigeon [Alt: salampáti]
saeánhon (adj)	alone, individual [Alt: isasaeánhon]
saeánigo (n)	cross-stitching [design]
saeap (n)	net
saeáp (RV1)	to catch, capture
saeápang [Bkd] (n)	Sáepa ro bóla. / Catch the ball.
saeapí (n)	spear, javelin [Syn: bángkaw]
saeápid (RV1)	fifty centavos [Alt: 'salapí', sansyapí']
saeápo' (ST4)	to braid, entwine
saeapo-án (ST2)	to have a stomach ache, have an upset stomach
saeátan (n)	to be in travail, have labor pains
saeáwig (ST3)	the Southeast wind [Cf: hángin]
saeáwig (ST2)	to get dragged along by accident, get pushed along
saeayó (n)	to trip over, stumble on
sinaeayó (RV8)	mutual well-being
saeo (RV8)	to be good for one another, have mutual understanding
kasaeo (n)	to eat together, dine together
saeok (RV1)	dinner companion, someone who eats with another
saeók (n)	to dip (for)
saeod (RV1)	dipper [Syn: tabó']
saeód (n)	to catch a dripping liquid [like tuba']
saeóg (n)	vessel used for gathering tuba'
saeóg (n)	split, bamboo stick [used for flooring]
	floor
	Máski sa saeóg kámí maeubóg. / We'll even sleep on the floor.
panaeógan (n)	support (or) brace for [bamboo] flooring
saeom jma[ (adj)	blurred, dim, not easily (or) clearly seen; translucent [glass]
saeom (RV1)	to marinate [Syn: hág-om]; to dive (for) [Cf: európ]
saeong (n)	sap (of tree)
saeop (RV7)	to dip, decline, go down(wards) [Opp: subát] Nagásaeop eon do ádlaw. / The sun is already going down.
saeó-saeo (n)	dinner party (informal) [Cf: saeo]
saeusó(h) (RV7)	to rain in (on)
	Ginsaeúsohán ro siya káina. / The seat got wet when it rained a while ago.
saeot (n)	evil, the work of the devil or evil spirits
sae-ot (RV2)	to insert, put into
saeóse (RV1)	to smelt and work on [metals]
saesaeón (n)	iron
saewae (n)	pants, trousers
saewae (RV3)	to put trousers or pants (on)

ságá' (RV1)	to tie up in a bundle, put into one bunch
ságá' (n)	bunch, bundle [of crabs; meat]
ság-a(h) (RV1)	to bail out, throw out [water] [Opp: tayón]
sagabák (RV7)	to oppose, run counter to, offer resistance; drag [like the outrigger of a boat slowing it down]
sagábay (RV1)	to support, help someone walk [Syn: agubáy]
sagála (RV5)	to offer flowers (to the Blessed Mother Mary in ob- servance of "Flores de Mayo") [the Blessed Mother is supposed to be given special honor during the month of May]
sagála (n)	young girl(s) making such an offering of flowers
sagáng (RV3)	to shield, cover; prevent
sagángat (n)	many-pointed fish spear. [Cf: bidyo']
ságap (RV1)	to strain with one's hand or fingers; catch [fish] one's hand (by running hands through water) [Cf: sáea']
ságap [Hil] (RV1)	to look for, search for [Akl: úsoy]
ságap [idm] (n)	gathered information, statistics
sagá-sa' (n)	[tree] <u>Canarium vrieseanum</u> Engl.
sagá-sa' (n)	bamboo food protector [basket with a long leg for support--used to keep the food away from dogs or other animals that might eat it]
ságbot (n)	trash [Syn: basúra, gám-ok]
sághrd (RV1)	to strike, scrape against [like lighting a match]; to graze
sagibín [Oak] (n)	self-help, cooperative project [where many work for no pay other than food and drink during the time of the project] [Tag: bayanihan]
sagibín (RV4)	to help, work for free (for)
pasagibín (CV)	to ask for help, get others to cooperate [on some project]
sagilóng (n)	rain gutter
saginód (RV1)	to inherit, co-inherit [be a recipient of something]
ságíng (n)	banana [generic term]. <u>Musa sapientum</u> L. VARIOUS SPECIES OF BANANAS FOUND IN AKLAN ARE: arníbáy, baláyang, inaeatóng, bokábok, bung- tean, but-óhan, kalatúnday, kusíon, gúyod, espan- yóla, lakatán, morádo, oliód, pakoe, tindok, túdot- dátu] [Cf: púso', tubá']
ságíng [slg] (n)	penis [stf]; "dork", "dick", "cock" [AE, vul]
ságíng-ságíng (n)	[tree--small, banana-like, bearing no fruits]
sagíp (RV1)	to save [from drowning] [Syn: saeág]
ságíaw (n)	salty sauce; solution [produced by salted fish] [Cf: pátiš]
ságíok (RV5)	to snort, grunt [like pig]

ság'mok [idm] (RV5)	to complain, gripe; cause consternation
ság'ná' (RV7)	to be polluted, be very filthy (or) dirty
ság'o (n)	carrion, dead/decaying flesh (or) body
sagó(h) (n)	ball of starch made from araro [used in desserts]
ság-ob (RV1)	to fetch water, get water
ság-ob (n)	[bamboo container about 2 meters long used to fetch water--carried on shoulder]
sagód [Hil] (RV1)	to take care (of) [Akl: alila']
sagúdsud (RV3)	to drag one's feet, walk without lifting up one's feet
sagúdsud [idm] (RV5)	to dance [ungracefully]
ság-fili' (n)	change, loose change
sag-dli' (RV3)	to return/give back change
ság-on (n)	[fish trap--made of split bamboo]
ság-e (RV1)	to trap [fish]
ság-utón (n)	fiber(s) [Alt: sog-utón]
ságpot (RV1)	to glean [Cf: sipot]
sagrádo [Sp] (adj)	sacred, holy [masculine]
sagráda (adj)	sacred, holy [feminine]
ság'yad (RV6)	to drape or hang so as to touch the ground
sáha' (n)	banana seedling, young banana tree; sucker(s)
sáha' (n)	[any tree that grows by vegetative reproduction]
sáha' (RV7)	to grow out from the mother tree/plant
sahóg [Hil] (RV3)	to pour soup, (on) [Cf: bahóg]
sáing. (RV1)	to boil in garlic and vinegar until dry
sínáing (n)	[food preparation (usually fish) prepared by <u>sáing</u> ]
sála [Sp] (n)	living room, parlor
sálas (n)	living room, parlor
Sálas (n)	[name of movie theater in Kalibo]
salampáti (n)	pigeon, dove [Alt: saeampáti]
salapf' (n)	fifty centavos, a half peso [Cf: kwárta]
salbabida [Sp] (n)	life saver
sálbar [Sp] (RV1)	to save, rescue
sál-i(h) (RV3)	to substitute, change, exchange, alternate (with)
salíbo(h) (RV3)	to pour water, douse, extinguish (with water) [fire]
salibútbut [Ibj] (n)	[shrub--medicinal] <u>Tabernaemontana pandacaqui</u> .
salikag	[Alt: alibútbut]
saliko(h) [Sp] (n)	dorsal fin, back fin [of fish]
saliksik (RV1)	vest [Alt: tsaliko]
salikwaót (adj)	to get meat out of [crab; bone] [Syn: kusipád]
salidsid (RV1)	awkward, out of place, clumsy, unskilled
sálig (RV3)	[Syn: bikwáeon]
	to slice thinly, cut near (or) on the surface
	to trust (deeply), have hope in, firmly believe
	[Cf: piyár] Saligi akó. / Trust me.

pasálig	(CV)	to give hope
sálihán	(n)	winning piece/play [gambling term]
salimbábátang	(n)	[bird--swallow]
salímbad	(RV6)	to dart back and forth
salimuáng	(adj)	confused; groggy [Syn: tímang]
salím-ok	(ST5)	to choke on a liquid, get liquid in one's lungs
salimínog	(n)	[vine; nut--medicinal] <u>Ehretia navesii</u> Vidal.
salimpapáw	(adj)	superficial, on the surface; insincere, without depth, shallow [Alt: salipapáw] [Cf: nábwaw]
Salimpapáw ro ánang gúgma. / His is a shallow love.		
salin	(n)	leftovers, leftover food [in bad sense--because Filipino hospitality demands that a visitor be fed freshly prepared food, or at least that he have some fresh food set aside for him] [Cf: sobra]
salíndron	[Sp] (n)	harmonica; harmony [Alt: silíndron]
salinéang	(n)	[crayfish--large]
sál-ing	(n)	[bird--black]
sál-ing kálbo		[bird--black, without crown on head]
salíng-ábo	(RV7)	to blow around [dust]; permeate, reek [perfume]
salingsing	(n)	bamboo twigs (or) tips
salíping	(n)	an extra digit (finger, toe); twig [Syn: síping]
salipód	(RV3)	to cover up, be in the way; shield [Cf: lípód]
Sinalipdan do ándang baeáy sa bágyo. / Their home was sheltered from the storm.		
salipsípan	(n)	small, narrow, swift boat
salíra	[Sp] (n)	salt shaker [Cf: asín, meat]
sálírap	(RV1)	to hack (or) chop diagonally [Alt: sólirap]
saliwakág	(RV5)	to ruffle, puff up, fluff cut/up [birds; feathers]
sálmon	[Sp] (n)	salmon [especially canned salmon]
salíkot	(n)	[helmet]
saludár	[Sp] (RV4)	to salute
salúdo(h)	[Sp] (RV4)	to salute
salúdo	(n)	salute
salupín	[Eng] (n)	cellophane [Alt: selopén]
sámák	(n)	[herb--medicinal] <u>Macaranga tanarius</u> .
sámak	(RV3)	to make a herb medicine [which is believed to boil over when an <u>aswang</u> is near, and hence is used to detect aswangs]
sámad	(RV1)	to ruin, break, destroy, damage [Cf: gubá', wásák]
samád	(adj)	Ayáw pagsamára ro ákong pagkatáwo. / Don't destroy my reputation.
sámay	(RV3)	broken; ruined, destroyed; damaged
sinamáy	(adj)	to put lines (into a design--especially in weaving)
sámba	[Sp] (n)	having a large stripe design
		frame [of window or doorway]

sámba(h) [Tag] (RV1)	to adore, worship [Cf: simba(h), dáyaw]
sambalás [Sp] (expr)	"St. Blaise" [FE], "God bless you." [AE] [said when someone sneezes--among Catholics]
sambáto (adj)	one, single [used in enumerating--generally for inanimate objects, though the older distinction between this and "sambilog" is dying out] [Cf: báto]
	sambátong makinílya / one typewriter
	sambátong ungá / one child
sambáto(h) (RV1)	to have one, make one, do one at a time
tigsambató (adv)	one by one, one apiece, one at a time
sambáyon (RV7)	to cohere, fit together properly, make sense
kasambayónan (n)	coherence; function, use
oysá it kasambayónan / incoherent	
sambilog (adj)	one, single [used in enumerating--generally for animals] [Cf: bilog] [Syn: sambáto]
sámbit (RV2)	to speak (of), mention [Syn: singhan]
panambítan (n)	proverb, saying [Cf: bilisád-on, hueubáton]
sámboe (n)	irritation; obstruction, obstacle
sámboe (RV4)	to irritate; obstruct, be/get in the way
másámboe (adj)	irritating; obstructive
samít (RV3)	to taste, try, sample, test
Samítí ra. / Try this.	
sámpae (RV1)	to slap on the face
panámpae (DV)	to slap on the face [repeatedly; as a habit]
sampaeáng (expr)	"just one" "only one" [Ctr: sambáto pa eang]
sampagítá [Sp] (n)	sampaguita [flower]. Jasminum sambac (and) Jasminum multiflorum / Burm. F. / Andr. [vegetable]
sampalíya (n)	tamarind [tree, fruit] Tamarindus indica
sampálok (n)	skilled, talented, well-versed, expert [Opp: bikwáeon]
sampáton (adj)	to stack up, place [something] on top of another; overlap, superimpose
sámpaw (RV1)	to begin sexual intercourse
sámpaw [vul] (RV1)	[to do the last step in weaving] [also (n)]
sámpay (RV3)	to cook with banana leaves, vinegar and water
sámpi(h) (RV1)	to ask to join, invite to come [Cf: kángay]
sámpit (RV1)	wooden paddle/hammer
sámpok (n)	to paddle, pound, hit (with wooden paddle)
sámpok (RV1)	paddle (for pounding laundry)
saeampókan (n)	to come back, return, finish a round trip [Akl: sápoé]
sámpot [Hil] (RV4)	clearing, dawning, beginning to get clear [Opp: sáeom]
sanáaw jma[ (adj)	barrio of Malay
San Viray [Sp] (n)	they [G. 157] Síñ eon sánda? / Where are they now?
sánda (T/pro)	

sánda <u>c</u> (RV4)	to hit carelessly, accidentally trip over
panándad (DV)	to stumble over, trip on
sandályás [Sp] (n)	sandals
sández (Tm)	[Topic marker for the names of persons or pets, denoting plurality.] [D. 10] [G. 141-43; 150-51]
sández Juan / John and his companions	
sández Nick / Nick and his family	
sández (RV4)	to lean on (with one's shoulders or back) [Cf: sández]
Sán Dímas [Sp] (n)	to lean against (with one's back)
sández (RV1)	barrio of Malinaw
sández (n)	to get with a cup [Cf: tabó]
sández (n)	cup; ladle, dipper
sández (n)	bole (knife)
sández (adj)	of the same blood (brothers/sisters) [Alt: kadugó']
San José [Sp] (n)	barrio of Ibajay /san hoséy/
San José (n)	barrio of Madalag
San José (n)	capital of Antique Province
sanib (RV3)	to wear other pairs of clothing, double/triple up Sanibí ring sáewae. / Wear another pair of trousers over your trousers now.
sanipa [Sp] (n)	[facade or decorating boards on outside of house]
sinanipá (adj)	filigree
San Isidro [Sp] (n)	[having a progressing design (large to small, or small to large) with gradual color changes] (cloth, clothing)
San Isidro (n)	barrio of Banga
sánla' [Tag] (RV2)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: Si-ag].
sánlag (RV1)	to pawn [Alt: sánbla'] [Syn: prénda(h)]
sinánlag (n)	to heat in oil [but not fry]
sanóng (n)	[heated rice--cooked first, then heated in oil until crisp]
sanpédro [Sp] (n)	gate crasher, uninvited guest [Cf: mainod]
sanpláwir [Eng] (n)	[tree] <u>Leucaena glauca</u> (L.) Benth.
San Ramón [Sp] (n)	sunflower. <u>Helianthus annuus</u> L.
San Roque [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malinaw
sánsa [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malinaw /san rókih/ chance
sansyapí' [cor] (n)	fifty centavos, a half peso [Alt: salapi']
Sánta Cruz [Sp] (n)	barrio of Banga
Sánta Cruz (n)	barrio of Ibajay
Sánta Crúz (n)	barrio of Lezo
Sánta Cruz-Bigá-a (n)	barrio of Malinaw
sánta [Sp] (n)	barrio of Lezo
sánto (n)	saint [feminine]
	saint [masculine]

sántan' [Eng] (n)	[flower]
Santándir (n)	barrio of Buruanga
sántik (RV1)	to strike, scratch [a match]
sántik (n)	[game--bouncing marbles off a wall]
santísimá [Sp] (expr)	"Goodness!" "Gracious!" [surprise, shock]
santísimá (adj)	most holy [feminine]
santísimó (adj)	most holy [masculine]
sánto [Sp] (n)	[Cf: sánta]
sánto! [ka] (RV8)	to agree with, go well together, be compatible [Alt: Masonánto']
sántoe (n)	santol [tree, fruit]. <u>Sandoricum koetjape</u> (Burm.)
sántos [Sp] (n)	Merr.
sántos (adj)	saint [Cf: sánta, sánto]
pakasántos. (CV)	holy; sacred, saintly [Cf: baeá']
sányog ]ma[ (adj)	to revere, keep holy, consider holy
sang (Rm) (A/pro)	dizzy; hazy, obscure
sang (adj)	[Ctr: sa ákon nga] "to my" "by my" "for my" one, a [usually used with particle 'ka']
sang [Hil] (Am)	sang ka táwo / one person; a person
sangá(h) (RV7)	[Marker for the associate or possessive slot] [Akl:ku]
sangá (n)	to branch off [river]; produce branches [tree]
sángag (RV1)	branch
kasángag (n)	to make noise; trouble, disturb [Opp: nípos]
masángag (adj)	noise, disturbance
sáng-at (RV2)	noisy, troublesome, disturbing
sangáy (n)	to hook, put on a hook
kasangáy (REL.v)	namesake [person having the same first name]
sang-áyon (REC.v)	to have the same first name
	Magkasangáy kami ni Mr. Acevedo. / Mr. Acevedo and I have the same first name.
	to agree totally (with), come to a complete understanding (with) [Cf: áyon]
	Gusto ko makigsang-áyon kimo. / I'd like to have a heart-to-heart understanding with you.
sángka (adj)	one; a/an
sángkad ]ma[ (adj)	very wide; very distant; more than enough
	Masángkad ro tela. / The cloth is extra wide.
sángkae ]ma[ (adj)	Sángkad éon imáw sa edád. / He is old enough. (or) He's already of (legal) age.
sángkap (n)	crabby, grouchy, hot-tempered [Opp: táhaw]
sángkap (adj)	tool, utensil
	well-equipped, complete, having all (that is needed)
	Sángkap kami sa pinggan. / We have all the dishes that are needed.

kasangkápan	(n)	tools, equipment [Syn: igdúcapát]
sangkíri'	(adj)	few, a little [Cf: sangkurót, sangkirití']
sangkirití'	(adj)	just a few, very few, very little
sángkis	[Eng] (n)	sunkist [FE], sweet orange [AE]. <u>Citrus sinensis</u> .
sángkoe	(adj)	up to, prepared for, worthy
sangkurót	(adj)	few, little sangkurót dang / just a little
sangkurót	(RV1)	to lessen, make fewer [Opp: abó']
sángdo(h)	(RV4)	to arrive [Syn: abót, sámpet, eángbot]
sángead	(RV7)	to run aground [ship]
sángead	(RV7)	to congeal, begin to solidify, jell together
sángga'	(n)	teammate
sángga'	(RV3)	to be partner (to), team up (with), partner
kasángga'	(n)	to clash together, bang together [cymbals]
sángga'	(RV1)	base, platform; [dish of water used to keep ants from getting into another container on that dish]
sanggá'	(n)	to put into a dish of water [to prevent ants from getting at the food]
sanggá'	(RV1)	Sangga-á agód di' pagguyomón. / Put it into a dish of water so that the ants won't get at it.
sánggot	(n)	sickle
sánggot	(RV3)	to cut open (a coconut bud)
sanggótan	(n)	coconut bud [cut for <u>tuba'</u> ]
mananggiti	(n)	<u>tuba'</u> gatherer
panánggot	(DV)	to gather <u>tuba'</u>
sánghid	(RV2)	to evaluate, tell the worth (of)
pasánghid	(CV)	to have evaluated, have the worth estimated
sángit	(RV7)	to get entangled
sángit	[idm] (RV6)	to get tangled up, delayed, get hung up; stop by/in hook [something used to hang another thing to]
sángitan	(n)	to get all tangled up; get hung up, delayed
nángít	(ST2)	unobstructed; plain, simple [clothing, design]
owát sangítan	(adj)	to pawn [Syn: prénda(h)]
sángla'	[Tag] (RV2)	because, insofar as [generally used to show extremes]
sánglit	(conj)	Sánglit imáw hay maáean.. ginaeúpig na ro ímoe. / Just because he's smart, he lords it over the poor.
pananglítan	(n)	example, instance; for instance, for example
sángsang	(RV4)	to be harsh (on), be stern (with)
pananángsang	(DV)	to be harsh, act with sternness
sángya'	(RV5)	to catch small fish and shrimps in shallow waters
sáueó(h)	(RV1)	to memorize [Syn: kabisár] [sa-úeo]
sáúeog	(RV1)	to celebrate, honor, eulogize [Opp: támay]
pangsaúeog	(n)	eulogy
sáog	(RV1)	to drag, pull along the ground [Syn: gúyod]

sáot (RV6)

to dance; jump [also (RV1)]

Ginsáot nánda ro tinikling. / They danced the tinikling.

sáot (n)

dance [Syn: báyle].

saeaótan (n)

dance hall, dance floor

sápa [Sp] (n)

badge; rivet; pin [Alt: tsápa]

sapá' (n)

pond, small lake [Syn: danáw]

sapá'-sapá' (n)

pond, very small lake [Syn: baeanáw]

sapák (RV1)

overflooded in areas, covered with puddles/ponds

sapák (Tag) (adj)

to mind, care about, bother with, pay attention to

wonderful, superb, excellent, well-done

Sapák ro ínyong dráma. / Your play was superb.

[coconut meat waste-product]

sápat (n)

animal [anything living on dry land: insect, mammal, or bird] [Cf: háyop]

'kasapátan (n)

place inhabited with animals; animal kingdom; animal preserve

sinápat (RV5)

to act like an animal, be rude

sapátos [Sp] (n)

shoe(s) [Syn: sapín]

sapátos (RV4)

to put shoes on; wear shoes

sapatíro (n)

shoemaker [Alt: sápatéro]

sapáy (n)

suet, fat around the internal organs [of cattle]

sápding (RV1)

to accidentally hit, brush against [Cf: tabíng].

sápea jma[ (adj)

rough tasting, having foreign matter [like rice which has not been cleaned very well]

sapiló [Sp] (n)

wood planer [carpenter's tool]

sapiló(h) (RV4)

to plane

sapín (n)

shoe(s) [Syn: -sapátos], [also (RV4)]

sápi-sápi (n)

boxkite

sápnay (RV1)

to support; hold a baby in one's arms [Cf: sápngae]

sápnay (n)

support, brace, girder (for flooring)

sápngae (RV1)

to hold a baby in one's arms, fondle [Syn: kíekue]

sápoé (RV4)

to come back, finish a round trip, revert, return to the starting point/beginning

sápoé (RV1)

to present for consultation, consult (on/about)

sapón-sapón (n)

Ginasápoé ko kínyo raáng problémá. / I'm presenting my problems to you for consultation.

sapúpo(h) (RV1)

covering, clothing

sapúti(h) (RV1)

to nurse back to health; revive, help (the sick)

sápsap (n)

to do (or) hit continuously

sápsap (RV1)

chip, piece of

sápsap (n)

to chip off, get a piece (of)

sápwán (ST2)

[fish]

to be discovered, encountered, get caught

sará(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to shut, close [Alt: sirá(h)] Sádhí ró báñyo ay miabáho'. / Close the door of the toilet because it stinks.
sará (n)	door [of room, cabinet], gate
saráng (RV3)	to be able to; afford Indi' akó kasaráng. / I can't afford to.
saráng (V.det)	can, possible, may, able to [Syn: pwéde]
kón saráng [idm]	if possible; "please"
saranggúla [Tag] (n)	[kite] [Cf: boladór]
sardínas [Sp] (n)	canned sardines
sári-sári (adj)	assorted, varied, different [Syn: ibá(h)]
sári-sári [idm] (n)	"sari-sari store" [FE]; general store [AE]
kasári-sári (RV8)	to be varied, be assorted/different
sarók (n)	[native hat--with wide brim, bamboo]
saróe (n)	hoe
saróe (RV1)	to hoe
sársa(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to put sauce/gravy (on)
sársa (n)	sauce, gravy
sárswila [Sp] (n)	playlet, drama (with music); musical comedy
sarsyádo [Sp] (n)	[food preparation--similar to fried cassérole]
sártin [Sp] (n)	porcelain cup
sásá (n)	nipa leaves [for roofing]
sásá(h) (RV1)	to derib [nipa leaves]
sásá' (RV5)	to finish off one's work
sásá! (ST3)	to get completely finished
sá-sá' (RV1)	to hit with a blunted blade
sá-sá' (adj)	having tattered edges [also (ST3)]
sástri [Sp] (n)	tailor [also (RV5)]
Satanás [Sp] (n)	Satan, the Devil [Syn: panueáy]
sáto (n)	[game] [also (RV5)]
sátsat (RV2)	to chat, chit-chat
satsatíra (n)	talker, chatterbox [feminine]
satsatíro (n)	talker, chatterbox [masculine]
sawá (n)	snake [generic term]
sawa-sáwa (n)	[game--where a group of people line up, hold on to the waist of the one in front of each, and follow the leader] [also (RV8)]
sawád (n)	part of, a fraction of; remnant(s), remainder
sawád (RV1)	to partition, divide [Opp: sibo']
sawáli' [Tag] (n)	woven bamboo [Akl: amákan]
sawáy (n)	copper
sawáy (RV1)	to correct; call a mistake to someone's attention
kinasawáy (n)	correction; objection
saeawáyon (adj)	subject to correction, deserving of correction

sawsaw (RV2)	to dunk, dip (into a sauce)
say (Tm)	[Ctr: sänday] say Pedro / Peter and his friends
saya (n)	skirt [native]
saya(h) (RV2)	to wear a native skirt
sayál [Sp] (n)	wall curtain(s); skirt [flaring]
sayásat, (RV1)	to do in detail; get in detail
sáyaw. (ST5)	to get hit [accidentally]; get involved in a problem Bási'ka hisáywan. / You might get involved.
sáydwok [Eng] (n)	sidewalk [Syn: eskiníta, bangkita]
sáylak [Eng] (n)	shellac; varnish
sáylak (RV3)	to shellac, put shellac on; varnish
sáylo(h) (RV4)	to come in, enter
sáylo(h) (RV1)	to transfer; translate [into another language] Ginsáylo ro mga báka. / The cows were moved to another place.
pasáylo (CV)	to bring in, let in; forgive [Syn: patáwad] Pasaylóha imáw. / Forgive him.
sáyod (ST5)	to know [a fact; something] Ro ákong mga nasayóran hanungdó kimo hay sang-kurót eang. / The things I know about you are but a few.
kasáyod (V. det)	know Kasáyod ka? / Do you know?
hilisáyod (RV8)	to get mutually informed
owát sáyod [idm]	lousy, worthless, good for nothing
pahisáyod (n)	notice, notification
pasáyod (CV)	to notify, let know
sayon árà [Jap] (expr)	"Goodbye." "So long." "See you later."
sáyop [vul, slg] (n)	vagina [stf]; "cunt", "twat" [vul] [Cf: puyás (spelled backwards)]
sayóp [Oak] (n)	error, mistake, fault
kasaypánan (n)	sins, wrong-doings
sayóp (RV5)	to make a mistake, be at fault, err Nagsayóp imáw ku ánang pagpangasáwa kay María. / He made a mistake in marrying Mary.
sayúti [Sp] (n)	chayote [vegetable]. <u>Sechium edule</u> Sw.
says [Sp] (n)	six, 6 [Alt: saís]
sáysay (RV2)	to tell, relate, describe, narrate [Syn: ságid, ásoy]
saysinta [Sp] (n)	sixty, 60
skipingrop [Eng] (n)	jump rope, skipping rope [also (RV5)]
skol [Eng] (n)	school [Akl: eskuylahán]
skólar [Eng] (n)	scholar, recipient of a scholarship
skolarsíp [Eng] (n)	scholarship
skrab [Eng] (n)	scrub-brush, coconut husk (used for scrubbing) [Cf: bunót]

skrab (RV4)	to scrub [a floor] [Cf: námas]
skrábol [Eng] (n)	Scrabble [game] [also (RV5)]
si (Tm)	[Topic marker for the name of a person or a pet, denoting the singular.] [D. 10] [G. 141-43; 150-51]
si--- (pfx)	Gwápo si Hénry. / Henry is handsome.
siad (RV1)	[Distributive prefix denoting individuality in subjects or doers of an action.] [G. 117]
Si-ag (n)	Magsíobra kitá. / Let's each do our own work.
siba' (RV1)	to cut, slice [Cf: siyáw]
Sibaliw (n)	barrio of Ibajay [Alt: San Isidro]
Sibaliw (n)	to devour, swallow [said of large animals]
sibásib (n)	Sinba' imáw ku boáya. / He was devoured by the crocodile.
sibát (n)	barrio of Banga
sibín [Hil] (n)	barrio of Libakáw
sibít (RV1)	[fish]
sibo [Sp] (n)	spear with a prong or hook
sibo' (adj)	face towel [FE], washcloth [AE] [Cf: labakára]
sibo' (RV1)	to scratch (or) cut out [a sliver or thorn embedded],
sibo'-sibo' (RV1)	grease, animal fat [as rises to the top of soup]
sibó(h) (RV3)	exact, complete, even, equal, having no fraction
Cebú (n)	to compare; make coincide, even out
Cebuáno (n)	to keep level, equal out, level out
sibót (n)	to wheedle, "oil up" (a person) [AE, slg]
sibúyas [Sp] (n)	Cebu City; Cebu Island /sibdih/
sibra [Sp] (n)	Cebuano [person, language] /sibwáno/
síbsib (RV1)	fish net [made of string or abaca--for river fish]
síbsibon (n)	onion; leek. <u>Allium cepa</u> L.; <u>Allium porrum</u> L.
sik [Ch] (n)	zebra
síkad (RV1)	to eat grass down to the roots
síkad (RV3)	barren field
síkaeóm (RV7)	zinc [metal]
síkap (n)	to press/push with one's foot; brace (oneself)
síkápat [Oak] (n)	to kick [Cf: sipa', tímpan]
síká'-síká' (RV6)	to get dark [at nighttime]
síká'-síká' (RV1)	[covering of coconut blossom]
síkát [Tag] (adj)	one-fourth; [unit of money worth 12-1/2 centavos]
síkát [slg] (adj)	to be showy (or) pretentious [Syn: pasíkat]
pasíkat (CV)	to look down on others
síkdo' (RV5)	popular, popularly accepted
síkdoe (RV1)	"cool" "groovy" "neat" [AE, slg]
	to be a show-off, exhibit one's prowess conceitedly
	to gasp for breath [after crying] [Alt: híkdo']
	to elbow, hit with one's elbow [Alt: sikoe]

sikéat (n)	woven bamboo fence
'sikeat' (RV4)	to fence in
síkeob (n)	shallows, bank (of a river)
síki(h) (n)	foot; leg
síki (RV3)	to make legs for (a table, chair), put legs on stilts
síki-síki (n)	foot (or) pedal of a weaving machine
síknan (n)	elbow
síko (n)	[part of weaving machine where fibers are put]
síkoán (n)	to elbow, hit with elbow [Alt: sikdoe] (Cf: síko)
síkoe (RV1)	chocolate [Alt: sokoláti]
síkoláti [Sp] (n)	to catch (with hand) [Cf: dakóp]
síkóp (RV1)	Síkpa éang ro ueáng. /Just catch the shrimp with your hand.
síkdy [Sp] (n)	chíco [tree, fruit]. [Alt: tsíko(h)]
síkpaw (n)	[fish net]
síkríta [Sp] (n)	detective
síkrítáryo [Sp] (n)	secretary [male]
síkrítárya (n)	secretary [female]
síkrítito [Sp] (n)	secret [Syn: líhim]
séksi [Eng] (adj)	"sexy" [FE], nice, exciting, "neat" "groovy" [AE]
síksik (RV1)	to push one's way into a crowd, "worm one's way"; to cram, shove [something into a container], nit, louse egg
síksik (n)	to feel for and remove lice eggs from one's hair
paníksik (DV)	one-eighth, 1/8; [denomination of money worth about six centavos] (Cf: waeó, kwártá)
síkwaeó [Oak] (n)	to reject, throw away; renounce [Opp: hupót]
síkway (RV2)	silk
sída [Sp] (n)	to peep, peer [Cf: língling, páníd]
síd-ing [Hil] (RV1)	to shine [sun] [Alt: sílak]
sídlak (RV7)	sunshine
sídlak (n)	to shine, radiate, beam
sídlang (RV7)	sunrise; east
sídlangan (n)	to hiccup [Aklanons joke a person who hiccups that he has stolen eggs (panakáw it ítlog) so that he will get angry and hence be rid of his hiccups.]
síd-o' (RV5)	to sparkle, shine
síga (RV7)	[someone who stands out or "shines"]
síga' (n) [idm]	pretentious, show-off
síga'-síga' (adj)	to shave, scrape with blade
sígád (RV1)	to make fish and vegetable soup
sígang (RV1)	[soup made with fish and vegetables]
sinigáng (n)	tripod (for pots on a fire)
síg-ang (n)	

sigarilyo [Sp] (n)	cigarette
sigarilyo(h) (RV1)	to smoke (a cigarette)
panigarflyo (n)	cigarette money [money used to buy cigarettes]
sigáy (n)	[sea shell--used as toy by children or as gambling pieces by some gamblers]
sigbin (n)	evil spirit [Syn: amamaeō']
sigbong (RV1)	to kick (or) swim with one's feet
Sigkay (n)	barrio of Banga
sige(h) [Sp] (expr)	"go on" "go ahead" "O.K."
sige (RV1)	to go on, continue, go ahead, proceed
sige na [idm] (expr)	"Oh, come on." [generally used to get something or get permission, or when giving permission]
pasige (CY)	to let something continue, let go on
sigin ]ma[ (adv)	often, repeatedly, frequently
sigia' ]ma[ [Tag] (adj)	jovial; bright, radiant, happy
siglak-síglak (RV7)	to shine, radiate
siglap (RV7)	to sparkle, shine
sigo (RV1)	to put side by side (tightly, exactly, according to the groove), squeeze in, fit in [Opp: katæe]
sigúro [Sp] (Dp)	probably [G. 207]
sigúro(h) (RV1)	to be sure; make sure
kasigurohán (n)	Indi' akó kasigúro. / I cannot say for sure.
pasigúro (CV)	owát sigúro / can't be sure, can't be ascertained
sigurádo (Dp)	insurance; security, certainty
sigurádo gid (expr)	to ascertain; certify
sigwíl (n)	certainly, most probably
sigwilas [Sp] (n)	"Absolutely." "Most certainly."
siha' (n)	[fish]
siín (Qp)	"Spanish plum." [tree, fruit]. <u>Spondias purpurea</u> L. [slit/hole in a wall]
siing ---(h)a (Qp)	where?, which? [G. 193-94; 199] Siin ka ga-ágto? / Where are you going? Siin do imong nailá-an? / Which one do you like? which?, what type?, from where? Siing latáha-ron? / Which can is eat? Siing tubí-a ra? / Where is this water from? (or) What kind of water is this?
siít (n)	thorn
siít (ST4)	to get pinched by a thorn
masiít (adj)	thorny
silábá [Sp] (n)	syllable [Akl: mítlang]
silak (n)	sunshine; sunlight
silak (RV7)	Ayáw it tíndog sa silak. / Don't stand in the sunshine. to shine [sun]

masilak (adj)	good, clear, bright (weather) [Opp: magae-om]
pasflak (CV)	to expose to sunlight
silakan (n)	sunny spot [Opp: handong]
tigsililak (n)	summer, dry (or) sunny season
Silakát Nunók (n)	barrio of Lezo
silág ]ma[ (adj)	clear, transparent
silángan (n) [Tag]	east [Akl: sidlángan]
silángan [Bkd, sup] (n)	[magic power enabling a person to see demons or spirits]
silápo (RV7)	to boil over [said of water]
silaw (RV7)	to glare, dazzle
masilaw (adj)	glaring, dazzling
silhig (n)	broom, sweeper
silhig (RV3)	to sweep
panilhig (DV)	Silhigi ro saeog. / Sweep the floor.
síli (n)	to sweep up [go through the process of sweeping]
selebrár [Sp] (RV1)	[eel]
selebrásyon (n)	to celebrate
silíndron [Sp] (n)	celebration, festival
sílip [Tag] (RV1)	harmonica; harmony [Alt: salindron]
silirí [Eng] (n)	to peer (at), peep (at) [through a hole] [Akl: lingling]
silit (RV7)	celery. <u>Apium graveolens</u> .
siliw ]ma[ (adj)	to hiss, sizzle, make a hissing noise
silók (n)	sharp-pointed
silong (n)	spoon, ladle [Syn: sándok]
panilóng (RV6)	basement [FE], area below a native house [Syn: utó]
panilóngan (n)	to seek shelter
sílot (n)	shelter
sílot (RV3)	punishment, penalty [Syn: péna(h)]
sil-ot (RV6)	to punish; penalize
pasil-ot (CV)	to push in, squeeze in, get in [when space is lacking]
sílya [Sp] (n)	[Syn: dít dut]
sílya [Sp] (n)	to "worm one's way into a crowd" [AE, slg]
sélyo [Sp] (n)	chair [Alt: siya]
sílyon [Sp] (n)	left, opposite of right [Akl: waeá] [Opp: máno, tuó].
sim (n)	stamp (postage, documentary)
síma' (n)	saddle [horse]; seat [bicycle]
simba(h) (RV1)	tin (roofing)
simbahán (n)	hook [also (RV3)]
panimba (n)	to go to church; worship
pangsimba (n)	Nakasimba ka éon? / Have you gone to church yet?
	church; place of worship
	worship, the act of worship
	church clothes (or) apparel, "Sunday wear" [AE]

panimbáhon (n)

worship, religious belief

Saeámat sa panimbáhon nga paréhas kará. / Thanks for a worship just like this.

to mix, mingle

símbog (RV3)

cemetery, graveyard [Akl: eubngánan]

sementéryo [Sp] (n)

cement [Alt: simyénto]

seménto [Sp] (n)

to cement

seménto(h) (RV1)

calamansi [fruit, tree]. Citrus microcarpa.

simúyaw (n)

cement [also (RV1)]

simyénto [Sp] (n)

[Prefix used with associate forms for quoting the words of a person.]

sin--- (pfx)

sináy Juan / John said

sinákon / I said

sinányo? / Who said?

[one who sacrifices for the family]

senator

sinadákwa (n)

method, one's way of dealing with other people  
[magic oil used to detect aswang] [Cf: sámak]

sinadór [Sp] (n)

cinnamon [flower; spice]. Cinnamomum iners.

sinámak (n) [sup]

sinamón [Eng] (n)

síndi(h) [Sp] (RV3)

sindikáto [Sp] (n)

síne [Sp] (n)

sinchán (n)

síne-síne (n)

sinílas [Sp] (n)

sinílas (RV5)

sinílas (RV1)

sinísa [Sp] (n)

smallest remnants left (after the big items are sold)

sinísa [idm] (n)

movie Matán-aw kamí it síne. / We'll go see a movie.

sin-it (ST1)

movie theater

kasín-it (RV3)

slide; slide show, slide lecture

makasisín-it (adj)

sandal, zori [Sp: cinélas]

sínla' (RV3)

to wear sandals

sinó' (RV1)

to spank (with a sandal)

sín-o (Qp)

ashes, remains after a fire

sinúbong (adj)

smallest remnants left (after the big items are sold)

sínsil [Sp] (n)

Sinísa eon man dáya, baligya-án it baráto. / These

sínsil (RV1)

are just small ones left, sell them cheap.

sínsílyo [Sp] (n)

to be moved with pity

sinsílyo(h) (RV3)

to pity, feel pity for

pitiable, heart-rending

to add (or) insert cloth [in order to make a garment

looser]

to shake [to see if liquid is inside] [Cf: kaeóg]

who? whom? [Cf: ányo, nányo, kányo]

Sin-o ring gina-úsoy? / Whom are you looking for?

plated [metal, jewelry]

chisel, scalpel

to chisel [cement; jewelry]

change (for money)

to change [cash, money]

[Akl: sag-úli']

sinsiro [Sp] (adj)	sincere [masculine]
sinsira (adj)	sincere [feminine]
sinta(h) (RV6)	to jump (up) [Syn: líksi(h)]
sintimó [Sp] (n)	centavo, cent [Sp: centimo]
sintinsya [Sp] (n)	sentence, punishment
sintinsyádo (adj)	sentenced
séntir [Sp] (RV4)	to feel bad, harbor ill will (against)
sentimyénto (n)	ill will, bad feelings
sintórtis [Sp] (n)	tangerine, orange. [Syn: laranghitá]
sinto'-sinto' (adj)	gullible, easily believes anything, foolish
séntro [Sp] (n)	bullseye [Syn: táma!]
sing (Rm)(A/pro)	[Ctr: sa ímo nga] [Alt: siíng]
sing [Hil] (Om)	[Marker for object positions when not in focus and for adverbial statements.] [Akl: it]
	the space between any two fingers
singá'-singá' (n)	jagged, having many ups and downs: hilly
masingá'-singá' (adj)	to be jagged, have many ups and downs
paningá'-singá' (DV)	barrio of Madalag
Singáy, (n)	vert hot, scorching [heat]; harsh [remark]
síngkae [Jma] (adj)	Masingkae ro ánang ugáli'. / He has very harsh mannerisms. Masingkae ro sílak. / The sunlight is scorching.
	[tuber--yam bean] <u>Pachyrhizus erosus</u> .
singkamás (n)	awkward, clumsy, unskilled, boorish [Cf: bikwaeon]
síngki' (adj)	almondine, [eyes]
síngkit (adj)	
síngko [Sp] (n)	
síngkob (RV1)	five, 5
síngkoy (RV1)	to punch, box, hit (with fist)
síngkwénta [Sp] (n)	to rap, hit somebody on the back of the neck [Cf: ingkoy]
singgáeong (n)	fifty, 50
sínggit (RV2)	[fox]
sínggit (RY3)	to shout, yell [something]
sínggulár [Eng] (adj)	to shout at, yell at [somebody]
sínghan (RV1)	singular (opposite of plural)
sínghot (RV1)	to say, tell Singhána imáw. / Tell him.
síngit, (n)	to sniff, smell (said of animals) [Cf: hugóm]
	brace, wedge, stopper (put into a split board to keep the two sides apart)
síngit (RV3)	to keep apart with a wedge
síngit (n)	[a split piece of lumber with a wedge--used to knock or take down fruits]
síngsing (n)	ring
silingsingan (n)	ring finger [Cf: túdlo']
síod (n)	string trap, loop of string used to trap animals
siod (RV1)	to trap with string

síoe (RV1)	to nudge, hit with one's elbow [Cf: síko]
sípa' (RV1)	to kick, hit with one's foot
sípa' (n)	kick
sípa' (n)	[game--kicking a piece of paper or birdie with only one foot] [also (RV5)]
Sipak (n)	barrio of Malinaw
sípan (n)	toothbrush [Syn: sípilýo]
sípan (RV3)	to brush one's teeth
panípan (DV)	to brush one's teeth [Syn: panipílyo]
sípkod [Eng] (n)	zip code, area postal number
sípeak (RV7)	to appear, rise [sun]
sípi' (n)	pagsípeak it ádlaw / sunrise
sípilis [Sp] (n)	section [as of an orange or jackfruit] [Syn: subók]
sípilýo [Sp] (n)	syphilis [venereal disease] [Akl: gáway]
panipílyo(h) (RV5)	toothbrush [Cf: sípan]
síping (n)	to brush one's teeth
sípingon (adj)	extra digit, extra finger (or) toe
sípir [Eng] (n)	having an extra finger (or) toe
sípit (RV1)	zipper
sípit (n)	to carry under one's arm
sípit (n)	large tongs [used for adjusting a fire] [Cf: kímpit]
sípnaga(h) (RV1)	hairpin
síp-on (n)	to blow one's nose
síp-on (ST4)	mucus [stf]; "snot" [vul]
síp-onón (adj)	to have a cold, have a running nose
sípong (RV1)	having a cold (or) having a running nose
sípot (RV1)	to make two ends meet, close up (two ends)
sípot (adj)	to consume totally, exhaust, use up all
sípsip (RV1)	exhausted, consumed, totally used up
sípsip (n)	to sip, suck [Syn: súpsup]
Septyembre [Sp] (n)	"leech", "parasite" [AE, slg], sycophant [FE];
sir [Eng] (n)	"brown nose" [AE, vul], hanger-on,
sírá(h) [Sp] (RV3)	September
sírá (n)	sir [polite term of address for men] [Sp: señor]
sírádo (adj)	to close (up), close (down), shut [Alt: sírá(h)]
síradóra (n)	Ginsirahán ko ro aparadór. /I shut the cabinet.
síralís [Sp] (n)	pagsírá it klási [idm] / end of the school year
sírbi(h) [Sp] (RV2)	door, gate [Cf: pwérta(h)]
serbésa [Sp] (n)	closed, shut [Opp: ábri]
serbisyo [Sp] (n)	lock; clasp
	[fruit--cherry] <u>Flacourta ramontchi</u> .
	to serve [food]
	beer [Sp: cerveza]
	service, position

sirbiti [Sp. cor] (n)	ice cream [Alt: sorbete]
sírko [Sp] (n)	circus
sírko(h) (RV6)	to tumble, do acrobatics
sírigwila : [Sp] (n)	"Spanish plum" [tree, fruit]. <u>Spondia purpurea</u> L. [Alt: sigwilas]
sírina [Sp] (n)	siren, horn
sírina(h) (RV7)	to blow [said of siren, horn]
sírina [Sp] (n)	siren, mermaid [Cf: katáw]
sírmón [Eng] (n)	sermon [also (RV4)]
síro [Sp] (n)	zero [Akl: ówá']
síroe (RV1)	to elbow, hit with elbow [Syn: síkoe]
sírom [Kin] (n)	dusk [cricket--insect that makes noise at dusk]
síróm-síróm (n)	careful, meticulous, detailed
sísi ]ma[ (adj)	[oyster--small]. [Akl: taeabá]
sísi [Hil] (n)	to cut open
sí-sí' (RV1)	to get frayed, get unraveled
sí-sí' (ST3)	teeter-totter, seesaw [also (RV5)]
síso [Eng] (n)	[Akl: humbákay]
sesyón [Sp] (n)	session, meeting
sítá [Sp] (n)	appointment, date
sitár [Sp] (RV1)	to challenge, provoke; interrogate [Cf: usísa']
sítaw (n)	[bean]
sítí [Eng] (n)	city [Syn: bánya, siyudád/syudád]
seténta [Sp] (n)	seventy, 70
sitipáris [Sp] (n)	seven pairs [good winning play in mahjong]
sitísín [Eng] (n)	citizen [Syn: syudadáno]
sítisít (RV3)	to hiss; call a person with "psst"
sitwasyón [Sp] (n)	situation, condition [Akl: pagkabutáng, kahimtángan]
Setyémbre [Sp] (n)	September [Alt: Septyémbre]
sítyo [Sp] (n)	sítio, site, locale, locality [Akl: minuró']
siya [Sp] (n)	chair, seat [Alt: sílya]
siyak (RV3)	to scream, screech (to/at) [Syn: sínggit]
siyág-it (RV2)	to scream, shout, cry aloud
siyágít (n)	scream, shout, outcry, outburst
siyám (n)	nine, 9
ikasiyám (adj)	páñth
siyám (RV1)	to make nine; raise (or) lower to nine
siyám-siyám [idm] (adj)	crazy, "nuts"
siyáw (n)	knife, dagger [Cf: síad]
siyudád [Sp] (n)	city [Alt: syudád]
slang [Eng] (n)	accent, way of speaking
slang (RV5)	to speak with an accent or different intonation
smágol [Eng] (RV1)	to smuggle [Alt: ismágol]

smágol [Eng] (n)	rubber sandal(s), zori(s) [Alt: ismágold]
snáyper [Eng] (n)	sniper
su [Eng] (n)	zoo
súay (RV1)	to doubt, disbelieve.
[idm]	Síay ta. / Is that so?
[idm]	Síay eot-á. / I doubt you. (or) "You're pulling my leg." [AE, slg]
síay ]ma[ (adj)	seriously ill [Syn: grábi]
súba' (RV1)	to deny payment [Cf: balasúbas]
subá' (n)	river
pasúba' (RV9)	to go upriver [Syn: pasueáy] [Opp: paflig]
pasuba' (RV9)	to go to the river, head for the river
subáng (adj)	oldest of all, eldest
subát (RV6)	to appear, make the scene
	Nagasubát eon do ádlaw. / The sun is now rising.
	Sumubát imáw it ulíhi. / He made the scene later.
sueubátan (n)	sunrise; east
subáy (n)	[ant--large, red]
súbeak (RV7)	to bloom, grow, sprout, shoot up [plants]
súbeang (RV1)	to meet (on the way)
súbli' (RV1)	to take another's place, replace, substitute (for)
panúbli' (n)	inheritance
submarino [Sp] (n)	submarine
subó' (ST2)	to be sad, depressed
kasubó' (n)	sadness, bad spirits, "dumps" [AE, slg]
masubó' (adj)	sad, depressed, "down in the dumps" [AE, slg]
masinuéub-on (adj)	sentimental, easily depressed, "touchy"
subók (n)	section [as of an orange or jackfruit] [Syn: sipí']
súböe (RV1)	to kick out, dismiss, tell to leave
pinaníboe (n)	[someone kicked out or asked to leave]
suböe (n)	pinfeather [chicken] [Syn: tángbo']
subóng [Hil] (adv)	now; today; nowadays [Akl: makarén]
súb-onq (ST4)	to get a bloody nose [also (n')]
sóbra [Sp] (n)	too much, extra, more than enough. surplus
sóbra (n)	leftover(s); extra
sobrahán (n)	too much, extra
sobránte (expr)	beyond one's tolerance, too much, exaggerated
pasóbra (CV)	to have more than enough, cause/plan a surplus
paeanóbra (DV)	to go beyond the limit or expectation (qf)
sóbrang (A. det)	too     sóbrang káéam / too smart
sóbre [Sp] (n)	envelope
súbsub (RV7)	to be headed downwards, dip; fall headlong; have the front down. Sáyo kámó iyá salulín ay nagasúbsub eon ro baróto. - All of you move back here to the

[idm]	stern because the boat is dipping at the front.
súka(h) (RV2)	subsub ra deo sa trabáho / he works relentlessly to vomit (out), throw up [also (n)]
suká' (RV1)	to dig up the roots
súkat (RV1)	Sük-a ro kamóti. / Dig up the sweet potatoes. to measure, take the measurement (of)
sukatán (n)	Sukáta akó pára sáng eámbong. / Get my measurements for my dress.
sukát (adj)	measurement(s); precise, exact, just as/like
súkdip (RV2)	Sukát eon karí nga sang dág-on nga si Pédro nama-táy. / This is the first anniversary of Peter's death.
súkdoe (adj)	to put away, conceal (between nipa shingles); [causing something to be too low or too small for/in one particular instance--for example, a ceiling may be just right for some people, but then be too low for others who are taller]
súkgay (RV1)	Sükdoe ra deo sa kisamí. / His head touches the ceiling. (or) The ceiling is too low for him.
súki' (n)	Sükdoe raáng sáewae kimo. / My trousers are too short (around the crotch area) for you.
súki' (RV4)	to stir [Syn: eahúgay] regular customer; regular agent (or) dealer to always do business with
síkmód (adj)	Ginasuki-án ko sánday Ráding. / I always do my business with Rading's:
sékna' (RV3)	short, cramped, not high (or) big enough [Cf: súkdoe]; to check on the truth of another's gossip [Cf: búsla]
súkob (RV1)	to charge ahead; brave, challenge against all odds
súkob [vul] (RV1)	Ginsúkob na ro kaeáyo agód masálbar do ákong mga ungá'. / He charged into the flames to save my children.
manunúkob (n)	to rape, dishonor a woman rapist
sukód (adj)	pressed for time, rushed, short [of time]
súkoe (RV4)	to accept a challenge, fight [upon being challenged] [Cf: ayát / to challenge]
suköe (n)	bud of flower (unopened)
suköe (RV7)	to have buds; bud
sokoláti [Sp] (n)	chocolate, cocoa
suköt (RV1)	to collect (debts)
manunúkot (n)	bill collector
panuköt (DV)	to collect [many debts or receivables]
sueukton (n)	debt(s), collectables

paeasúkot	(adj)	always reminding others of their debts, always dunning
pasukót	(CV)	to dun, remind (others) of their debts
síksuk	(RV2)	to wear; put on, don
síksuk	(n)	[house lizard--small]
sídlay	(n) [RV1]	comb; [to comb (out)]
panúdlay	(RV5)	to comb (out) one's hair
sídsud	(n)	blade of plow [Cf: arádo]
sueá	(n)	tuber (of a banana tree)
sueá'	(n)	"viand" [FE]; food [in real English--rice is also a "viand" in standard English; in FE "viands" do not include rice; in AE "viand" is an obsolete word]
sueá'	(RV2)	to use as viand [FE]; eat [meat, fish and/or vegetables] with one's meal (or) rice
kasúd-an	(n)	viands [FE]; food [meat, fish and/or vegetables] eaten with rice to add flavor or variety to the meal
sueáb	(n)	point (or) tip of blade [of bo <sup>o</sup> ]
sueábya(h)	(RV1)	to prefer [Ctr: sueabiha] (Syn: eabí)
sueáeb	(n)	chicken pox [disease]
súe-an	(ST4)	to be in pain, be stunned [from a blow]
súeang	(RV1)	to fetch, go to get, call for [a person]
sueáng	(n)	chin, lower jaw
sueát	(n)	letter; mail
sueát	(RV1)	to write, take down in writing, write down Sueatá ra. / Write this down.
sueát	(RV3)	to write to [someone] Sueati imáw. / Write him.
manuníeat	(n)	author
manogsúeat	(n)	secretary
tagsueát	(n)	writer; author
panueát	(n)	style, way of writing
súeay	(n)	buttress, support for a house
súeay	(RV1)	to buttress, put a support (on/to)
súeay [slg]	(n)	a sex maniac, oversexed man [said because he will even climb the buttress to get into a house] [Cf: súeag]
sueáy	(RV6)	to go upstream, battle the current
sueáy [idm]	(RV1)	to brave the rain
pasueáy	(RV9)	to go against the current [Opp: /pailig]
sueáy	(RV1)	to tempt, test one's worth (or) boast, prove
manuníeay	(n)	tempter; devil
panueáy	(n)	temptation(s)
súeay-súeay	(n)	[fish]
súebo'	(ST2)	to hurt one's rear end (or) tailbone
suebohan	(n)	quenching tank [tank or basin used by blacksmith to

sueó' (n)	temper metals] [Alt: sueúbwán]
sueó' (RV1)	torch
síe-ob (RV1)	to use as a torch. Síe-on mo. / Use it for a torch.
síeok (n)	to overflow, flood over
síeok (ST2)	famine, starvation
násusíeok (n)	to starve, be famished
sueók (adj)	a starving person, a famished man/woman
síe-ok (RV1)	greedy, selfish, demanding
sueók-sueokán (n)	to eat (or) drink greedily, gulp down
síeod (n)	upper stomach (area)
sueód (n)	comb [used by elderly ladies to remove lice]
sueód (n)	inside (part); bedroom [Opp: guwá']
	Sa sueód imáw. / She's in the bedroom.
sueód (RV2)	sa sueód it baeáy / inside the house
sueód (RV6)	to insert, put in(to) [Opp: buóde]
kasúdlan (n)	to enter, go into [Opp: guwá']
pagsueód (n)	entrails, internal organs
pasueód (n)	entering; entrance
pasueód (CV)	entrance [way], doorway
sueúdlan (n)	to let in, have enter [Opp: paguwá']
	container
	Isueód ro sueát sa sóbre. / Put the letter into the envelope.
sueóg (RV7)	Pasúdlia imáw. / Have him come in.
sueóg (n)	to stream, flow, rush [water, river]
síeong (RV2)	rooster, cock [young] [Cf: manók]
sueóng (RV3)	to push (forward) [Syn: tueódi] [Opp: bútóng, birá(h)]
sueóng (n)	to run, contaminate [said of colors, dyes]
sueopákto or (adj)	facade, front of a building
	stubborn, cannot easily (or) readily be convinced
síesue (RV3)	[Cf: supáe] [Syn: búngkoe, díngean]
síesue [idm] (RV1)	to ignite, set on fire, kindle
	to enrage, inflame a person with anger
sugá' (RV3)	Ayáw pagsuesueá si Pédro ay bási' patyón nána si Juán. / Don't enrage Peter since he might wind up killing John.
sugakód (RV4)	to burn, set on fire [Cf: sunóg, kaeáyo, síesue]
sugáe (RV2)	Síg-i ro basóra. / Burn the garbage.
panugáeon (n)	to finance, shoulder the expenses (for)
sugáean. (n)	to gamble, take one's chances (at/on)
sugaróe (n)	[one's way (or) style of gambling] method(s)
sugáepot (adj)	gambling den, casino [place for gambling]
	gambler
	fizzled, unsuccessful [fireworks; affair]; dismal

súgbá(h) (RV2)	to put over embers [Cf: bágá(h)]
súgbó(h) (RV1)	to immerse, dunk [into liquid]
núgbo (ST2)	to get dunked into water
pinasúgbó (n)	[dessert--bananas cooked in melted sugar]
pinasúgbó (adj)	smelted (in another metal)
sugbuánón (n)	the Cebuano language
sugi (n)	[fish]
súgid (RV2)	to tell, say, relate, explain [Syn: ásoy]
súgid (n)	tale [something said or related]
sueugirán (RV8)	to talk to one another; tell tales to each other
sugilánón (n)	discussion; story
sugilánón (RV8)	to talk to one another, discuss, converse
panugíron (n)	narration; narrative
súgma' (n)	[a mixture of lime, betel nut and tobacco--after chewed by someone; this mixture is often used by herbolarios for a host of ailments] [Cf: tilád]
súgnod (RV2)	to push wood into the fire
Sagnod (n)	barrio of Malinaw
súgo' (RV1)	to order, command, dictate
sueugo-ón (n)	servant
súgod (RV1)	to bite, sting [said of insects] [Cf: tusík, pangót] Bási' ka súgdon it namók. / You might get bit by a mosquito.
panúgod (DV)	to bite, sting [said of a number of insects]
sugóng (adj)	too much, very much
sugót (RV3)	to permit, allow; tolerate [Opp: ínga', balibad]
pasúgot (CV)	to submit, let oneself be taken (or) influenced, put up with Nagpasúgot eang akó agód owát gamó. / I submitted just so there'd be no trouble.
pahinúgot (n)	tolerance, allowance
súg-ot (RV1)	to tie up, join together [fibers]
panúg-ot (DV)	to tie up all together, unite pinanug-óton nga eaeawigan [Oak] / the United States fiber [Alt: sag-utón]
sug-otón (n)	[prawn, large shrimp]
súgpo (n)	to tie together, lengthen, join ends together [when something is too short alone] [Cf: tág-qd]
súgpon (RV1)	suckers [plants sprouting from base of the mother plant]; adventitious sprout [Cf: sáha']
súhi' (n)	price, payment, reward, recompense, compensation Ro imong diplóma hay súhoe sa imong pángabúday.
súhoe (n)	/ Your diploma is the recompense of your efforts.
suhóng (n)	mole cricket

súhot (RV4)	to crawl underneath/beneath
súlda(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to solder, join with solder
súlda (n)	solder [allóy used for joining]
soldádo [Sp] (n)	soldier [Alt: sondáeo]
suli' (RV1)	to turn around, turn to the other end
suli' (adj)	backwards, having the wrong end to [Cf: balískad / upside down]
pasuli' (CV)	to turn so that the wrong end faces [something]
Solido (n)	barrio of Nabas
sulíga' (RV1)	to flatter, pander, speak hypocritically
sulíp (RV5)	to turn the eyes upwards into the sockets {as when sick or dying}
sulírap (adj)	grazed, cut only on the surface
pasulírap (CV)	to cut on the surface, graze
sóliras [Sp] (n)	floor brace, floor joist
sólo [Sp] (adj)	solo, alone
sólo (RV5)	to solo, be alone
súlong (RV2)	to push [Alt: súeong] [Opp: bútong]
solíngpas (n)	medicinal plaster [Alt: salúmpas]
soltéra [Sp] (n)	single girl, bachelor girl [Akl: daeágá]
soltéro (n)	single man, bachelor [Akl: olítáwo, mirón] [haircut style]
sinultéro (n)	to add, sum up, take the total (of)
súma(h) [Sp] (RV1)	consequently, wherefore
súma' (conj)	"Imagine!" "How could it be?" [expression of shock or surprise] [Syn: kabatás]
súma' (intj)	[sweet native rice cake]
súman (n)	to mimic, imitate
sumán - sumán (RV1)	not parallel, contradictory, conflicting [stories]
súmbáki (adj)	to be contradictory (or) conflicting, not be in agree- ment, not be parallel; disagree, conflict
sumbáki' (RV8)	to let things happen by chance [Syn: pašwérte]
sumbáeang ]pa] (CV)	to offer, give, extend [Hil: tányag] [Syn: taō]
súmbil (RV2)	spear [Syn: bángkaw]
sumbilíng (n)	sombrero, large hat with wide brim
sombréfo [Sp] (n)	to be bored, fed up (with) [Alt: súm-oe]
súm-od (ST1)	to be bored, fed up (with), have enough (of)
súm-oe (ST1)	boredom
kasúm-oe (n)	boring, irritating, causing one to get fed up
makasueúm-oe (adj)	promise, oath, pledge, vow [in good connotation]; curse [in bad connotation]
súmpa' (n)	to vow, swear, promise; to curse
súmpa' (RV2)	"I swear it." "Honest to God." "Cross my heart."
súmpa' ko gid [idm].	to add, put end to end (with)
súmpay (RV2)	

súmpit- (RV7)	to jet out, splurt, squirt (out)
súmpit- (n)	blow-gun [Cf: hárá / d.xt]
súmpo' (ST3)	to break off, chip [point of knife or tool]
[idm]	Nasúmpo' ra búgáe. / His boasting was squelched.
súmpong (ST1)	to "blow up" [AE, slg], get/become hot-headed
súmsúman (n)	hors-d'oeuvre, appetizer [food taken with alcoholic beverages]
súmwan [Bkd] (n)	tinder log [lög or fire kept burning to light other fires from]
súmwan (RV7)	to burn overnight
son [Eng] (n)	zone, area [Alt: sóna]
sóna [Sp] (n)	zone, area
súna (adj) [Oak]	bad for, contrary to, incompatible with, does not agree with súna sa ákong pagginháwa / does not agree with my health
sún-ad (RV7)	to root [dig the earth with the snout--said of pig] [Syn: úkib]
sunáid ]pa[ (CV)	to compare; take instead [Syn: komparár]
sunánto' ]ka[ [Sp] (RV8)	to be compatible, be consonant, agree, go well together, be in harmony [Opp: líbag] [Syn: ángay]
pasunánto' (CV)	to harmonize, make harmonious, let/have agree
sonáta [Sp] (n)	song, piece, number [musical]
súndae ]ma[ (adj)	stubborn, hard-headed
sondáeo [Sp] (n)	soldier [Alt: soldádo]
súndang (n)	knife
súndo' ]ka[ [Tag] (RV8)	to agree with one another [Akl: kasúgo]
súndot (RV1)	to-poke, jab; thrust [Syn: túslök]
súnlog (RV1)	to tease, joke with, kid
sunlogánon (n)	teaser, kidder
sunó' (prep)	according to
sunód (RV3)	to follow; obey; go along with
masinuéñdon (adj)	obedient, docile
pasúnod (CV)	to line up, follow one after another; be in a row
sínúndan (n)	predecessor; precedent
sueúndan (n)	ruler, leader
sueúndon (n)	rule, regulation
sueundánan (n)	standards, regulations
sumuéñnod (n)	follower, disciple
súnog (ST3)	to burn, catch fire [accidentally]. [Cf: sugá', kaeáyo]
súnog (n)	fire, blaze, holocaust
súnog (adj)	burned, destroyed by fire
[idm]	Nasúnog ro Bángá. / "Wow, look at that piece!" [said by one man to another when some girl exposes her legs or does something sexy]

sún sun ]maʃ (adv)	often, frequently
sún tok (RV1)	to rap (or) hit with one's knuckle [especially on the head] [Cf: singkoy]
sungá (n)	[tip of milled rice grain] [Cf: bingá]
súngad (n)	chin [of people]; snout, nose [of pig, dog] [Cf: sueáng]
sungát (RV1)	to pry open
sungáw (RV7)	to leak out [said of air, liquid, odor]
súngay (n)	horn [of animals]
súngka' (RV1)	to refer (to), check
sungká-an (n)	reference, sourcebook
Sungká-an (n)	[a reference book on Aklanon reading and writing, written by Manuel Laserna, and published in 1918]
súngka' (n)	[game--played with stones or marbles, attempting to get all the pieces of one's opponent]
súngka' (RV5)	to play <u>sungka'</u>
sungká-an (n)	board with 14 or 16 holes for playing <u>sungka'</u>
súngkit (RV1)	to jab, deliver a straight and fast blow (from below); to throw [something] fast and straight
súngkit (RV1)[Bkd]	to get fruit with a stick (by hitting it down)
súngkod (n)	cane, rod, staff [Syn: bastón]
panúngkod (RV5)	to walk with a cane or staff
súngkoe (RV2)	to inform, tell, report [Cf: búsla(h)]
Sungkólan (n)	barrio of Batan
súnggab (RV4)	to smash against, bump into [with force]
súnggab (ST3)	to be smashed against, get bumped into
sueunggában (RV8)	to bump hard into one another
súnggo' (RV3)	to bump into, smash into (usually head on)
núnggo' (ST2)	to bump one's head (against/into)
súnggod (RV4)	to pout, sulk, mope
sungi' (n)	hairlip [Alt: bungi']
súngil (RV1)	to push in a leveling block [such as under a table that is wobbling] [Alt: bangil]
pangsúngil (n)	shim, leveling block
súngit ]maʃ [Tag](adj)	serious, 'somber', solemn; crabby, out of sorts, always in a bad mood [Syn: ingít]-[Opp: malípay]
súngo (n)	awn [of rice]; "whisker" [of shrimps].
súngsung (n)	stopper, cork
súngsung (RV1)	to cork up, stop up, put a stopper in
súngwan (n)	tinder log [Alt: sumwan]
súngwan [slg] (n)	"chain smoker" [someone who smokes continually]
súod (RV4)	to approach, go near (to), come near (to) [Opp: ántad]
súod (adj)	near, close      suód'nga igbatá' / close relative

síon	jig{ (n)	"godbrother/godsister" [the relationship of the godchildren to the children of the godparents]
suóp	(adj)	totally immersed or embedded
súpp	(RV1)	to immerse, embed [totally]
supá	[Sp] (n)	sofa, couch
supá'	(RV1)	to munch on, chew (thoroughly--with the purpose of getting out the juice or the flavor) [Cf: úsap]
Súp-a ron.	/ Chew on that.	
supáe	(RV1)	to tease, contradict (repeatedly but jokingly), go against
súpang	(adj)	growing, maturing
panupáng	(RV6)	to mature, come of age physically [Cf: panupáng]
súpil	[pa]	to surrender, give up; let another win
supít	(n)	grain weevil
supláda	[Sp] (adj)	haughty, proud, "puffed up", aristocratic [feminine]
supládo	(adj)	haughty, proud, "puffed up", aristocratic [masculine]
supó	(RV1)	to exhaust, pick all (fruits on a tree)
súpok	(RV7)	to be at the height of [said of emotions--love, anger]
súpoe	(RV1)	to plant very close to an unweeded section/part
súpag	[ma]	close; intimate [Cf: eúeot, suód]
súpotu	[Tag] (n)	paper (or) cloth bag
supót	(RV1)	to bully, pick on someone weaker or inferior to oneself Ayáw imáw pagsúpta. / Don't pick on him.
supót	[vul] (adj)	uncircumcised [Opp: tulí']
súpsup	(RV1)	to suck \ [Syn: sípsip] [Opp: bugá(h)]
sur	[Sp] (n)	south [Cf: hángin]
sóra(h)	[Sp] (RV1)	to criticize, defame, speak ill of [Syn: intrimís]
soradór	(n)	critic, fault-finder
sorbéte	[Sp] (n)	ice cream
suríb	(adj)	uninvited [guest] [Syn: maínod]
soriso	[Sp] (n)	chorizo, sausage
soriso	[vul] (n)	penis [stf]; "dick", "dork", "cock" [vul].
sus	(intj)	"Jesus!" [said in amazement or strong emotion]
súsmaryosép	(intj)	"Jesus, Mary and Joseph!" [curse word]
sóso	[vul] (n)	female breast [stf]; bóób [vul].
pasóso	(CV)	to suckle, breast-feed
sosó'	[slg] (n)	Pasóswa ro eápság. / Suckles the baby.
só-so'	(RV2)	penis [stf]; "wjenie" "peepee" [child's term]
sótá'	[Sp] (n)	[Syn: pitóy, pitútoy]
sotána	[Sp] (n)	to dip, dunk [into a sauce]
sútíl	[Sp] (adj)	jack [on playing cards] [Syn: dyak]
sútsut	(RV2)	cassock [of priest]
		nasty, ill-mannered, impolite, naughty [Opp: búot]
		to squeeze in, force in, "worm in" [Syn: sil-ot]

suwá' (n)	[native citrus fruit--pomelo] <u>Citrus maxima</u> .
suwat (RV1)	to pry open
súy-aw (RY1)	to visit, call on [Syn: dúaw]
súyod (n)	steel-spiked harrow [Cf: ligís]
súyod (RV1)	to harrow (with a steel-spiked harrow)
súyop (RV1)	Suyóra ro eanás. / Harrow the rice field.
spúksib (n)	to suck up, slurp, sip [Cf: sipsip, súpsup]
spónsor [Eng] (n)	small plane [carpenter's tool]
spring [Eng] (n)	sponsor [Cf: pátron]
starápol [Eng] (n)	spring [wire]
stártir [Eng] (n)	star apple [tree, fruit]. <u>Chrysophyllum cainito</u> .
strobíri [Eng] (n)	starter [machine part]
swábi [Sp] (adj)	strawberry [berry; flavoring] <u>Fragaria vesca</u> L.
swápang (adj)	suave, soft, smooth, well-mannered
swíldo [\$p] (n)	clever, sly, tricky
swíldo(h) (RV3)	salary, pay, payment
swíldohan (n)	to pay one's salary
swérte [Sp] (n)	payday
paswérte(h) (CV)	luck, fortune [Akl: páead] [Cf: dibóynas, dimálas]
swertéhan (adj)	May swérte akó. / I've got (good) luck.
swítik (adj)	to have potluck, take whatever comes, accept one's fate; to guess, do something haphazardly
swits [Eng] (n)	lucky, fortunate
swits (RV2)	shrewd, sly, clever, cannot be trusted [Cf: swápang].
syápol [vul] (RV1)	switch
syátgan [Eng] (n)	to switch on, throw the switch
syémpre [Sp] (expr)	to masturbate [Cf: 16-10']
syénto [Sp] (n)	; have intercourse (with) [Cf: itot, lántot]
syéntos (n)	shotgun [Syn: pusil] [Syn: iskopita]
porsyénto (n)	"of course" "naturally" "sure" [AE] [Akl: máwgid].
syéte [Sp] (n)	hundred(s), 100 [Akl: gatós]
syéte-syéte (n)	hundreds
syóki' [Ch] (n)	percent; interest
syudád. [Sp] (n)	seven, 7
syudadáno (n)	[premature child--born after seven months]
syópaw [Ch] (n)	homosexual [Syn: agí', baklá']
syótsyot (RV1)	citizen
	[Chinese food roll--filled with meat and/or vegetables]
	to provoke, irritate, "add fuel to the fire" [AE, slg]
	Sige, syotsyotá, agód maákig gid akó. / Go on, provoke me, so that I'll really be angry.

"T" /tah/

ta (enclitic)

táan (n)

táas (RV6)

táas (RV1)

patáas (CV)

matáas (adj)

katáas (n)

mapinataás-taáson (adj) proud, haughty, aristocratic

tába' (n)

tabá' [Tag] (adj)

Tabaaw (n)

tabák (n)

tabák (n)

tabáko' [Sp] (n)

tabáko' (RV5)

tabág (adj)

tabagák (n)

tában (RV1)

tábang (RV4)

mananábang (n)

panábang (n)

tabáng (n)

táb-ang (n)

táb-ang-jma[ (adj)

Tabángka (n)

tabangúngó (n)

tábas (RV1)

mananábas (n)

pandábas (n)

patábas (CV)

tinábas (n)

tabáw (n)

Tabayon (n)

The seventeenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiceless dental stop /t/. [G. 9]  
[Parenthetical expression occurring as 'ta' when standing alone, or "---t-a" when joined to various discourse particles, as in "pat-a, eot-a, mat-a"]

Kahínay ta kána. / He is so slow. [G. 168]

Una' pat-a? / Is is still there?

fish net (across river) [Cf: éaya]

to become taller, grow taller

to raise, elevate

to let-get taller, let grow

tall, high

Matáas si Fred. / Fred is tall.

Matáas ro búkid. / The mountain is high.

height, tallness

Mawnó kat katáas? / How tall are you?

[Alt: pataás-taáson]

bamboo fish trap

fat, stout, plump [Akl: támbok] [Opp: payát, niwang]

barrio of Banga

swordlike beak (of a swordfish)

pin (long), hat pin

tobacco [plant, leaf]. Nicotiana tabacum

to be in the habit of smoking

wild, undomesticated [chicken] [Cf: ilá(h)]

[fish]

to snatch with one's jaws [like dog stealing food]

to help, assist

Tabángi akó. / Help me.

lawyer [Syn: abogádo]

prayer (imploring divine help or favor)

rope (for pulling plow)

fresh drinking water

insipid, flat, tasteless, flavorless [Syn: eás-ay]

barrio of Numancia

[fish]

to cut into shape, tailor

tailor, cutter

cut (or) style of clothing

to have tailor-made, bring to a tailor

rags; clothing scraps

[tree]

barrio of Banga

tábhog (RV1)	to rock, sway, move back and forth
tábi' (expr)	"Excuse me." "Get out of the way." "Make way."
patábi' (CV)	to clear the way, tell others to make way
tabíd (RV2)	to attach, join
tabíd (RV4)	to accompany, follow after closely, "stick with" [Cf: munót, angót]
tabíg (n)	big sawali basket (for rice stalks)
tabigí' (n)	[tree--medicinal] <u>Xylocarpus granatum</u> Koenig.
tabilís (RV7)	to trickle, flow, fall down [Cf: túeo', ilíg]
tabing (RV1)	to touch (with/together)
tábla [Sp] (n)	board, lumber; sawed wood
tábla (adj)	tie, even, equal [score in gambling]
tábla (n)	draw [in cards], stalemate [in chess]
táblon [Sp] (n)	lumber, big board(s)
tábo' (RV1)	.to meet, fetch, go to get  Gintábo' imáw sa érport. / He was met at the airport.
hilinábo' (RV8)	to happen to meet together, run in to
tabó-an (n)	meeting place
tinabo-án (n)	souvenir gift [Syn: eukás]
tabó' (ST3)	to happen, occur, take place [usually accidents or bad events]. Náno ro náhatabó? / What happened?
nabó' (ST2)	to be the victim of some tragedy or accident Bási' ka hinabó'. / Something bad may happen to you.
pagkatabó' (n)	tragedy, misfortune
hanabó' (n)	accident
tabó' (n)	dipper, ladle
tabó' (RV1)	to dip (for) [Syn: sándok]
tabók (n)	other side, across (something flat or level, such as a road or river) [Cf: pihák / other side (across something vertical or with an obstruction, such as a wall, fence or mountain)] sa tabók it subá' / on the other side of the river
tabók (RV1)	to cross, go across, go over
tábukáw [Lib] (n)	yaw [internal disease causing external sores]
tabúebog (n)	[lizard--green, medium size]
tabúebog (adj) [idm]	dull, stupid; unskilled (at)
tábog (RV1)	to shoo, scare away [Syn: búgaw]
tabög (n)	something used to shoo away [flies]
tabuli' [vul] (RV3)	to turn one's rear end towards, "turn one's ass to" [Cf: buli']
tábon (RV3)	to cover up, spread [something] over
tabón (n)	cover, bedspread, tablecloth; covering
Tabon (n)	barrio of Batan
tabungós (n)	big wasket [woven]

tábtab (RV1)	to chop, cut (up)
tabtában [slg] (n)	Never-neverland, Utopia, Erewhon
tábyog (RV1)	to rock, sway
tábyos (n)	[fish--very small]
taká (ST5)	to be bored with, fed up with, dislike Naták-an eon akó karón. / I'm already fed up with that.
makataéxa (adj)	disgusting, boring, hateful
takáb (RV1)	to steal, rob [Alt: akáb] [Syn: tákaw]
takáb (n)	thief, robber [Sp: ladrón] [Akl: manakáw]
takáe (n)	boar, male pig [Cf: nayón]
takáe [vul] (n)	oversexed man, sex maniac [Cf: ueágan]
patakáe (CV)	to have a sow serviced
tákang (RV6)	to totter, half-walk [said of baby only]
tákas (n)	dry land; high land, land above water
tákas (RV6)	to leave the water; go upland
taekasón (n)	steppe, upland
tákaw (RV1)	to steal, take [without permission] Hatákaw daáng kwárta. / My money got stolen.
manakáw (n)	thief
panakáw (n)	theft
panakáw (DV)	to steal [many things; as a habit]
tákba(h) (RV4)	to service, engage in intercourse [like animals, from behind rather than in front]
tákdog (adj)	out of step, out of rhythm/timing
tákdog (RV6)	to be out of step [dance], be out of rhythm [beat]
tákeob (n)	cover, top, cork, stopper [Cf: takóp]
tákeob (RV3)	to cover (up), put a top (or) stopper on
tákeong (RV2)	to crown, put on the head
takeong (n)	veil, head covering
tákeos (RV3)	to put around the waist
tákna' (n)	hour; time [Syn: óras]
táko (n)	billiard stick, pool stick
takó [Oak] (n)	plate, dish [Akl: pinggan]
tákod (RV3)	to endure, bear, put up with Indí nákon matakóran ro kasakít. / I cannot endure the pain.
tákod (RV3)	to put up, put on, attach Tákdan do moskitéro. / Put up the mosquito net.
takóp (RV1)	to be together; be on, over (or) above; to join
takóp (RV3)	to cover (up), cap, seal; hide, conceal
takóp (n)	cover, cap, seal [Syn: tákeob]
tákuri' [Sp] (n)	tea kettle, pot for boiling water
takuróng (n)	veil [Syn: bilo(h), tákeong]

takós (RV1)	to measure out, allot; mete out
takós (n)	measure [unit], share, allotment
takós (adj)	worthy, up to
taeáksan (n)	Bukón akó it takós. / I am not worthy.
táksay (n)	can (or) utensil used for measuring/sharing
taksáyan (n)	[fish net]
panáksay (DV)	big canoe/boat [used for fishing]
táksi [Eng] (n)	to catch fish with a net
táktak (RV7)	táxi, cab
patáktak (CV)	to drop, fall down [like dust from ceiling]
[Idm]	to drop; let drop, let fall down
táktak (ST3)	pataktak it bukbuk / "open house" "house warming"
	to fall out, drop out (and scatter all over)
taktiká [Sp] (n)	Natáktak rang dinaéá. / My baggage broke open
tákway (n)	and got scattered all over.
tádlóng (RV1)	tactics; idea, strategy, scheme [Akl: paági, pahító]
matádlóng (adj)	tops, spears [of vegetables]
tádlos [Nab] (adj)	to straighten (out/up); to straight
tádtad (RV1)	straight, unbent [Opp: tikó']
tádyaw (n) [Ch]	direct [grammatical term, as in "direct object"]
taeáb (n)	[Syn: matándos, diríktá]
taeáb (RV3)	to hack, hit repeatedly (with a blade)
taeabá (n)	big earthenware jar (or) pot
taeábong (n)	color, dye, stain
taeákid (RV1)	to dye, color, tint
taeagbasán (n)	[oyster]
taeágsa (adv)	heron [bird]
taealimhánón (adj)	to bundle together
taeamatá(h) (RV1)	bág/basket (where rice is stored)
taeámdan (n)	rarely, seldom [Cf: háeos] [Opp: súnsun, sígin]
taeang (RV4)	nearly finished, almost over, nearing completion
patáeang (CV)	to look down upon, disdain, scorn
taeás (RV1)	reference, script; diary [Cf: támod]
táe-as (adj)	to go astray, take the wrong way; err
panandé-as (RV6)	to lead astray, cause to go astray
taeástas (n)	to rush, do hurriedly and carelessly
taeá'-taeá' (n)	irresponsible, errant, undisciplined [Syn: barúebae]
taeaw ]ma[ (adj)	to run wildly, scamper
taeáwis (RV1)	all the details; "everything from 'A' to 'Z'"! [AE]
mataeáwis (adj)	[grass-used as spice]
taebo (RV7)	cowardly, sheepish [Syn: táslit] [Opp: másog]
	to sharpen (to a point)
	pointed, sharp-pointed [Opp: súmpo']
	to bounce back

táco' [Bkd] (n)	hat [Syn: káeo']
taeñdtúd (n)	backbone, vertebrae
taeñm jmaç (adj)	sharp (edged), razor sharp [Opp: dangæ] [Cf: báid]
tæeon (n)	field, underdeveloped (or) overgrown land
kataeñnan (n)	rural area(s)
taeñng (n)	egg plant [vegetable]. <u>Solanum melongena</u> L.
taeopangóð (RV4)	to consider, note, take into account, regard, emulate
taeutó' (RV1)	to stop, come to an end, finish [Cf: tápos]
taeñtog (n)	thorny bamboo fence [to prevent thieves]
tæetae (RV1)	to remove, take down
tag--- (pfx)	[Prefix turning any part of speech into a relative noun.] tag-asúl / that blue thing taginsueát / that thing which was written tag-ákon / that thing of mine [Alt: kat] [G.140] [Noun prefix denoting ownership, origin or individuality.] [G. 139-40]
tagsueát	author
tagbúhat	craftsman
tagbaeáy	landlord, homeowner
tag-ána	possessor, owner
tag---	[Stative verb qualifying prefix denoting one's general feeling.] [G. 128] [D. 28]
natag-íhi'	feel like urinating
natagtángis	feel like crying
natagbueø'	feel like laughing
tagbueñgá	[Prefix for some nouns denoting a time or a season for doing something; most often "tig---" is used.] fruit season
tagá---	[Noun prefix denoting a place of origin or where a person hails from; often thought of as an equivalent for the English preposition "from"] [G. 139]
tagariyá	person from here; native
tagabúkid	person from the mountains, hick
tagabáryo	person from the barrio, hick
tagaKalsbo	person from Kalibo
hóok	hook
panagá' (RV5)	to fish with a hook [Syn: pamurít]
tagá' (n)	word
tinagá' (adv)	word by word
tagá' (RV2)	to strike with a sharp object
tagabang (n)	[weed] <u>Corchorus olitorius</u> Linn.
tagak (RV1)	to drop, exclude, keep out

tagákan	(n)	Gintágak imáw sá listáhan. / He was dropped from the list.
tagácog	(n)	basket (wherein prepared fibers are dropped or coiled)
tinagaeog	(RV5)	Tagalog (person)
tinagaeóg	(n)	to speak Tagalog (or Pilipino); act like a Tagalog
tagám	(RV6)	the Tagalog language
kataeágman	(n)	to be wary, be cautious [Cf: ándam]
matágam	(adj)	danger
tagána	(RV2)	very cautious, wary, careful
tag-ána	(n)	to put aside, reserve, preserve
Tagarúrok	(n)	Itagána ko ro imong hueáy. / I'll reserve your share.
Tagás	(n)	Tagán-i akó, ha? / Put some aside for me, O.K?
tagasáw	(n)	owner, possessor [Alt: tag-iyá]
tágay	(RV2)	Sin-ó-ro tag-ána? / Who is the owner?
tagbaeáy	(n)	barrio of Nabas
tagbaláy	(expr)	barrio of Tangalan
tágbas	(RV1)	[ant--red, small, stings]
Tagbayá	(n)	to pour out [slowly] [Cf: tayón]
Tagbayá	(n)	landlord, homeowner [Cf: baeáy]
Tagbayá	(n)	"Anybody home?" [said to gain entrance into a home]
tágbong	(RV2)	to chop forcefully (with one blow) [Alt: tígbas]
tágbong Jma[	(adj)	barrio of Ibajay
tagburók ad [Nab]	(n)	river in Ibajay
tágkís	(n)	to throw into the water, dunk
tagkos [Bkd]	(n)	deep, sonorous, rich (voice, sound)
tágkos	(RV3)	Saturday
tágkos	(RV3)	chips [from chopping]
tágdok	(n)	binder [a piece of cloth wrapped around a painful part,
tágdok	(RV3)	of the body--usually head or waist] [Syn: hakós]
tageawás	(n)	to wrap a piece of cloth around a painful part of the
taghángin	(n)	body
Taghángin	(n)	fence pole, pointed pole
tágik	(RV1)	to put up a fence of pointed poles
tagikán	(n)	representative, leader; oneself, in person [Cf: eáwas]
tagimatá(h)	(ST4)	[tree, fruit--tart] <u>Eugenia polyccephaloïdes</u> .
tagínting Jma[	(adj)	sitio in Kalibo (near the Banga border)
tagipusó-on	(n)	to tie (bamboo) together with rattan
tag-iyá [Hil]	(n)	[bamboo joint where floorboards are attached]
tagnánam	(n)	to get/have bloodshot eyes [sickness]
tagnóng Jma[	(adj)	shrill, high-pitched [Cf: eánting]
		heart
		owner, possessor [Akl: tag-ána]
		[coconut tree] [Cf: nanám]
		calm, serene, peaceful

tágó' (RV1)	to hide, conceal, put away [secretly]
panágó' (RV6)	to hide oneself, go into hiding
panágó-áñ (n)	hiding place; shelter; [game--"hide and go seek"]
tagób (n)	sheath, case, cover [for knife or sword]
tagób (RV3)	to sheathe, put away into case
tagób [vul] (adj)	exhibitionistic [woman who shows her sex organs]
patágob (CV)	to expose the sexual organs; be exhibitionistic
pataéágob (CV)	to [accidentally] expose one's sexual organs
tagobílin (n)	testament, last will, final wish (or) instructions tagobílin by Balingángá / [legendary] testament letter of old [Name] [Cf: bílin]
panagobílin (RV2)	to instruct, give as a final will (or) testament
tagók (n)	sap [of tree]
tag-od (RV1)	to shorten [Opp: hába'] [Cf: nabá']
Katág-od (n)	shortness
matág-od (adj)	short [time, length] [Opp: maeáwig, mahába']
tagúdtud (n)	ridge [of a mountain]
tagoháyag (RV2)	to give as collateral on a loan [Cf: prénda(h)]
tagom (n)	[medicinal tree]
tagumpáaw (RV5)	to realize, discover
tagón (n)	fishing line
tagón (RV1)	to give out line, pay out line
tag-on (RV3) [Hil]	to contract for (in advance); ask for, request
tagúngtung (RV7)	to gong [make the sound of a gong]
tagosilángan (n)	sunset; west [Cf: sídlang]
Tag-usip (n)	barrio of Buruanga
tagó-to' [Hil] (n)	[lizard, small--found in house] [Akl: súksuk]
Tagpi (n)	sitio in Mádalag
tagšík (RV7)	to splash [Syn: ásik, ásak]
tagsing ]ma[ (adj)	clear, full, sharp (voice)
Tagwátí-an (n)	small island off of Malay, east of Borakay Island
tagwatihót (n)	[bird]
tahá' (ST2)	to be hesitant, deferential, apprehensive [because of a sense of inferiority] [Cf: tähap]
katahá' (n)	apprehension, respect, politeness, deference
katahá' (RV3)	to treat with respect (or) deference
makataeáha' (adj)	commanding respect; making others feel inferior
taháe (RV3)	to sharpen (a pencil)
inogtáhae (n)	pencil sharpener
taháng (adj)	having a gap [teeth], gap-toothed (person)
taháp (ST2)	to be cautious, careful, hesitant, reluctant, apprehensive [Cf: tahá']
katáhap (n)	caution, apprehension, reluctance, hesitation
makataeáhap (adj)	causing one to be apprehensive (or) cautious

táhaw (RV6)	to calm down, cool off; disappear [anger] [Opp: ságkae]
tahí' (RV1)	to sew
mananáhi' (n)	sewer, seamstress; tailor
panahí' (n)	sewing, tailoring.
tahíras [Sp] (n)	cot, small (folding) bed [Alt: tihíras]
tahó (n)	ginger tea [Cf: eúy-a]
táhod (RV1)	to respect
matinahóron (adj)	respectful
taeahóron (adj)	respectable
tinatáhod (adj)	respected [Alt: ginatáhod]
tahód (n)	natural spur of a rooster/cock
tadhánan (adj)	with long spurs
tadhánan [idm] (adj)	powerful, can readily smash one's enemies
tahúm ]ma[ [Hil] (adj)	beautiful, pretty; handsome [Syn: gwápa, gwápo]
tahóng [Hil] (n)	[shell fish] [Akl: abáhong]
tahóp (RV3)	to sift Táphi ro bugás. / Sift the rice.
taeáphan (n)	sifter [Cf: nígo]
tahór [Sp] (n)	gambler (at cock fighting)
tahuri [Ch] (n)	seasoning made from salted taro [Cf: gábi]
tahóy (RV2)	to wear (or) use for the first time
tái (n)	stool, feces [human]: "shit" [vul] [Cf: búglit, igít, ípot, tubóe]
tái (RV5)	to defecate [stf], move one's bowels [gen], "shit" [vul]
Talangban (n)	barrio of Madalag
talápya' (n)	[fish] Tilapia mossombica. [Alt: tilápya']
tálas ]ma[ (adj) [Tag]	sharp, smart, bright, intelligent [Akl: maáeam]; sharp [blade] [Opp: dangáe] [Syn: matáeom]
talibág (adj)	crooked, bent, not straight [Syn: tikó', talibás]
talibás (adj)	crooked, bent, not straight
talibás (RV9)	to be off-center
talibóng (n)	long bolo knife [used as weapon only]
taliki' (n)	mildew
taliki-ón (adj)	mildewed, mildewy; waterstained, waterspotted
talikód (RV3)	to turn one's back (to/on), leave, forsake Ayáw akó pagtálkdi. / Don't turn your back on me. [Cf: likód] [Opp: atúbang]
talig-ab (RV5)	to burp, belch
talig-talig (n)	[fish eggs--big, floating on the ocean]
talimád-on (n)	superstition, superstitious belief [Cf: waeá']
Talimagaw (n)	barrio of Madalag
talimáskog (RV3)	to reinforce, strengthen [Cf: báskog]
talimáskog (n)	reinforcement
talimbabága (n)	[spider--poisonous]

talimúgtong	(adj)	individually, one by one, ev'ry man for himself, on one's own [like playing games without partners but everybody is against everybody else] [Cf: búgtong]
talín	(RV1)	to make independent, end dependence on the mother [said of chickens, fowl]; "wean" [FE] [Cf: bútas]
talín	(n)	spring chicken [young chicken newly independent of its mother] [Cf: manók]
talínóm	(n)	[herb] <u>Talinum triangulare</u> .
talingí'	(adj)	unbalanced, lop-sided [Opp: tádlóng]
talingyas	(n)	spindle (of weaving machine)
talingyas	(RV1)	to spin [fibers]
talingyásan	(n)	spinning wheel
talírong	(RV6)	to be the same age
kataliróngan	(n)	contemporary, coeval [person of the same age]
talísay	(n)	[tree; nut--edible] <u>Terminalis catappa</u> L.
talísáyon	(n)	[chicken--ruddy, color of talisay tree]
tál-it	(adj)	cowardly, "yellow", "chicken" [AE, slg] [Syn: taeaw]
talíthi	[Hil] (n)	shower, sprinkle, light rain, drizzle
panalíthi	(RV7)	to shower, drizzle [Akl: ásáw-ásaw]
talíwan	(RV3)	to pass by, bypass, go by, leave out
talíwis	(RV3)	Nakatalíwan eon rong binúean. / The months have passed away. Hám-an gintaliwánan nímo ro among baeáy ku písta? / Why did you bypass our house during the fiesta?
matalíwis	(adj)	to sharpen with a knife [Cf: baid/to sharpen w. stone]
Taíón	(n)	sharply pointed
táma'	[Tag] (adj)	barrio of Altavas [Cf: taeón]
táma'	(RV1)	right, correct, enough [Syn: husto]
táma'	(RV3) [idm]	to hit directly, make a bullseye, hit straight on
tamád	(ST5)	Tamá-a ro mga bolingpin. / Hit the bowling pins straight on.
katámad	(n)	to be applicable (to)
matámad	(adj)	to feel lazy, not feel like working
tamád	(n)	Natamarán akó. / I don't feel like working.
tamád-tamád	(n)	laziness, indolence
tamaéónon	(n)	lazy, inactive, indolent [Opp: mahúgo]
Tamalágo	(n)	lazy person
tamán	(ST2)	hangnail
tamáraw	(adj)	wild pig
tamáraw	(n)	barrio of Tangalan [Alt: Tamaeágón]
		to make a useless trip, go in vain
		Bási' ka hitamán. / You may be making a useless trip.
		wild, untamed (carábaó)
		[species of wild carabao found only on Mindoro]

tamások (n)	stemborer [caterpillar which feeds inside the stems of various plants, including rice; it causes the top of the infested stem to die]
támbak (n)	pile [Cf: támpok]
támbak (RV1)	to pile up (one on top of another); fill [hole]
Támbak (n)	barrio of New Washington
támbae (n)	[medicine--coagulent]
támbae (RV1)	to stop bleeding
támbag (RV1)	to break up, separate (fighters)
támban (n)	[fish--sardine]
tambasákan (n)	[mudskipper, small lung fish about 2 cm. long]
támbaw (RV3)	to be over one another, be overlapping/[Cf: sámpaw]
támbaw-támbaw (RV6)	to land on top of, light, alight [said of birds]
támbi(h) (RV4)	to put side by side, make an addition, widen [Syn: súgpon] [Cf: kitid]
	Patambihá akó it piláng tagá! / Give me a chance to speak a few words.
tambibidli' (n)	dragon fly
támbing (RV3)	to pay in advance [cash and carry basis]
támbis (n)	[tree, fruit--red, bell-shaped] <u>Syzygium samarangense</u> .
támbo' (n)	bamboo shoot [Alt: tángbo']
Tambó-an (n)	barrio of Malinaw
tambóbo (n)	granary
tambubúto' (n)	[ant--large, black]
tambubúyog (n)	bumblebee.
támbok (n)	fat
matámbok (adj)	fat, stout, plump; fatty [Opp: maniwang]
támboe [Sp] (n)	drum [Cf: bágtoe]
támboe (RV1)	to beat (a drum)
támbon (RV3)	to cover up [seeds after planting] [Cf: tabón]
támbong (RV4)	to witness, observe
tumaeámbong (n)	audience
tambúrong (n)	culvert, gutter
tambútso [Sp] (n)	muffler [on vehicle]
tamí' (RV3)	to test food, taste (using one's finger)
tamí'-tamí' (RV3)	to eat a little at a time, "eat like a bird" [AE, slg]
tamílok (n)	[worm--large, edible, found in trees]
taming (n)	shield
panaming (RV5)	to shield oneself
tám-is (RV1)	to sweeten
katám-is (n)	sweetness
matám-is (adj)	sweet [Opp: maeás-ay]
támlay ]ma[ (adj)	weak (due to bad mood or poor spirits)
tám-o' (n)	coconut leaves (used for wrapping foodstuffs)

Tamokde (n)	barrio of Tanganan
támod (RV4)	to refer to, check with
taeámdan (n)	reference, check list, outline (of speech); diary
tamód (RV1)	to repay, pay a debt of gratitude [Cf: titang] Támda ro ákong nahímo' kímo. / Repay what I did for you.
kataeámdan (n)	debt of gratitude, favor (owed)
támdon (n)	gratitude
támpa' (RV1)	to slap [Syn: sámpae]
tampá-án (n)	doorway [Alt: tangpa-án] [Syn: pwertáhan]
tampalíng (RV1)	to slap [Syn: sámpae]
tampápaw (RV1)	to fill to overflowing
tampápaw (adj)	full, filled to overflowing, running over
támpi' (RV1)	to hit lightly [Cf: káblit]
támpil (RV2)	to plaster, smash with [like pushing a pie into someone's face]
tampípi' (n)	[woven basket]
támpok (RV3)	to fill up [a hole] [Cf: támjak]
támpoe (n)	[medicinal leaf--used as plaster]
támsak (RV7)	to splash, splatter out; to chew noisily [Syn: tágsik, támsik]
támsik (RV7)	to splash, splatter [Syn: ásik]
támsok (RV3)	to suck noisily off one's finger [like tasting food]
támyaw (RV1)	to greet, "say 'Hello' to" [AE, idm]
tán-ag (n)	[tree] <u>Kleinhovia hospita</u> Linn.
tánan [Tag] (RV2)	to elope (with) [Akl: tángag] [Syn: eáas]
tanán (adj)	all, every
tanán-tanán (adj)	each and every
tanangáw (n)	rice bug (damages rice by sucking the unripe grains)
tán-aw (RV1)	to see, look (at)
mananán-aw (n)	spectator
panan-áwan (n)	sight, spectacle
patán-aw (CV)	to let see; show
taean-áwon (n)	view, scenery
tánda' (RV4)	to mark; remember, commemorate Owá' akó katánda'. / I didn't remember
tánda' (n)	marker, mark, symbol
tándok (RV3)[sup]	to medicate by sucking around the sick area through an animal's horn (quack medicine)
tándo's ]ma[ (adj)	straight, unbent, smooth (road) [Opp: maliko'] matándos it kabubút-on / righteous.
[idm]	
tándo'-tándo' (n)	[insect]
tanhága' (n)	loom [for weaving]
táning (n)	[roots of large trees that are found above ground]

taníng (n)	limit (to life); predestination
tánom (n)	rice seedling, rice shoot
tanóm (n)	plant [Alt: támum]
tanóm (RV1)	to plant Támnon ko hin-ágá. /I'll plant it tomorrow.
kátámnán (n)	orchard; plantation
taeámnán. (n)	field [for planting]
tigtaeánom (n)	planting season
Tánsa (n)	sitio of Naili, Ibajay
tánsan (n)	bottle cap [on soft drinks]
tántán jpal (CV)	to wish for by magic
tantánan (n)	conjurer [a person who can make things by magic]
fantuing (adj)	archaic, old-fashioned, antique, backward(s)
tányag [Hil] (RV2)	to offer, give [Akl: stúmbil] [Cf: taó]
tang (Om) (A/pro)	[Ctr: jt ákon ngá] [Alt: tákón] [G:168]
tangá (adj)	Indi' tang magpáti. / I won't believe [you].
tangá (RV6)	scatterbrained, absent-minded, foolish, gullible
tángag (RV1)	[Sp: tarantádo]
tangág (adj)	to look upward [Opp: dungók]
Tangálan (n)	to elope with
tángbis. (n)	careless, forgetful, absent-minded [Syn: tangá]
tángbo' (RV5)	Tangalan, one of Aklan's 17 municipalities
tángbo' (n)	[fruit] [Alt: támbis].
tángkae (n)	to grow new feathers [after molting]
tángkas (n)	bamboo shoot [Alt: támbo']
tángki [Sp] (n)	pig pen, pig sty
tángkob (ST2)	stock, pile
tángkuká (n)	fish pond
tangkágó (n)	to hit one's mouth against something [said of babies]
tángkong (n)	[shell]
tángda' (RV1)	back of neck [Syn: ingkoy]
panángda' (RV1)	[leafy vegetable] <u>Ipomoea aquatica</u>
tángday (RV4)	to gaze up (at), look upwards (to/at) [Opp: eungáy]
tangdáyan (n)	to look up through the slots of a floor from under the house
tángead (n)	to rest one's leg on, put one's leg on, embrace with one's feet
tánggæ. [sup] (n)	foot rest, foot pillow [Opp: ueúnlan]
tánggi(h)[Tag] (RV4)	[lemon grass--used for seasoning] <u>Andropogon citratus</u> DC
mantánggi (n)	witch, evil spirit
tánggo [Sp] (n)	to reject
tangígi (n)	far away place(s), remote areas
	tango (dance) [also (RV5)]
	[fish--large, delicious]

tangíl (n)	shim [something used to level off an unbalanced table or chair that is wobbling] [Alt: bangíl]
tángili' (n)	[tree--mahogany]
tángis (RV4)	to cry, bawl [tears]
tángo' (RV5)	Náno ring ginátangisán? /What are you crying about to nod (one's head)
tangó (n)	bleeding gum [of mouth]
tangó(h) (ST4)	to get/have a bleeding gum
tangód (RV3)	to expect a favor [Cf: tamód]
tángpa' (RV3)	to pay tax (for)
tigtaeángpa' (n)	taxation, time to pay taxes
tangpa-án (n)	doorway, threshóld [Alt: tampa-án]
tángpad (RV8)	to face, confront [Syn: atíbang]
tangpánan (n)	backyard [Syn: hárðin, katamnar]
tángso' (adj)	loose, not very firm, movable
tangso' (RV1)	to swindle, fool about genuineness or authenticity, pass off as genuine
mananangso' (n)	swindler
tángtang (RV1)	to escape from hook (fish); take off, get off the line
tágtang [idm] (RV1)	to accept a gift with some reluctance
tángway (RV1)	to buy liquid(s) [Cf: daeáwat]
patángway (CV)	to sell liquid(s)
taó. (RV2)	to give Itaó kó kay Nánay. /I'll give it to Momma.
panaó (DV)	Gintáw-an sánda tanán it regálo. /They were all given gifts.
taó (Dp)	to give away [in quantity] [Particle expressing one's ignorance of some facts.]
taób (n)	"I don't know." [G. 206]
taób (RV7)	Taó kon siín imáw. /I don't know where he is.
pataóbon (adv)	high tide [Opp: hunás]
taód (RV1)	to flow in: [tide]
taón (n)	about time when the tide will flow in
tapá(h) (RV1)	to complete, finish off, make whole [fence]
taápa (n)	Táod eon ro kuráe. /The fence is at long last finished (joined--both ends joined together).
tapahán (n)	[fish trap in river] [Cf: ság-on]
taópak (n)	to dry out
taópak (RV4)	dried meat
taópalúdo [Sp] (n)	drying rack
taópan (RV1)	footprint, step
matápan (n)	to step (oh).
	mudguárd, fender, wheel guard of car
	to straighten out, level
	straight, even, level

tapás (RV1)	to cut down Tápsa ro káhoy. / Cut down the tree.
tapát (adj)	sincere, frank, deep; headlong, rushed
tapát (RV1)	to be frank with, confess to Tapatá imáw. / Be frank with her.
tapát (conj)	or else, instead
tápay (n)	yeast
tápdos (RV3)	to strike, hit
tápi' (n)	board, lumber
tápi(h) (RV1)	to whisk away, shove away with the back of one's hand.
tápik [Eng] (n)	topic, subject [of conversation]
tápik (RV6)	to cross
panapík-tápik (DV)	to transfer from one place to another
tápik (adj)	in-law, affinal, related by marriage
tapikan (n)	[tall palm] <u>Caryota rumphiana var. Philippinensis</u> .
táplik (RV2)	to cast aside, throw aside
tápná' (RV1)	to stop, put a stop to [Syn: pára(h)]
tápok (RV2)	to get rid of, discard, throw away
tapók ]ma[ (adj)	easily torn, quickly tattered [clothing]
[idm]	matapók it eúha' / sentimental, sensitive, readily cries
tapukáe (n)	[shrimp--very small]
tapóe (RV1)	to put together; involve
panapóe (DV)	to be included, involved
paintapóe [Nab] (n)	syllable [grammatical term]
tapón (RV3)	to get, pick up, contract [a disease]
makataeápon (adj)	Bási' matápnán ka it maeáin nga batásan. / You may pick up some bad manners.
tapíngoe (RV1)	contagious [disease]
tapós (RV1)	to slap hard; deliver a hard blow (to)
katapósan (n)	to finish, complete, end; bring/come to a close
katapósan (n)	Manogtapós ro sine. / The movie is just about to end.
pagkatápos (conj)	Taposá ánay ron bágó ikáw pumánaw. / First finish that before you leave.
tapú-tapú (n)	end, finale, finish. [Alt: katapúsan]
tarák [Eng] (n)	[the last day of a novena for a dead person--usually involving a dinner along with the prayers]
taránta [Sp] (ST2)	after, afterwards
tarantádo (adj)	dust
tára-tára (n)	truck; native bus [Alt: trak]
tarik (n)	to be confused, nervous
	gullible, foolish, absent-minded; nervous, confused
	billy club, wooden club
	rigging (on side of outrigger or sailboat--to which the outriggers are attached)

taróe. (RV3)	to chock, block [so that something will not slip]
tárong (RV6)	to become right(eous)
kataróngan (n)	justice, righteousness
matárong (adj) [n]	reasonable, just, right; reason, excuse
pakatárong (CV)	to justify; right [a wrong]
Taróytoy (n)	a distant sitio of Libakaw [noted for its distance and often made the brunt of jokes; also noted for a massacre in 1969]
	Tarzan, a muscular type of person, "muscle boy"
társan [Eng] (n)	clown
társo [Sp] (n)	to clown around, joke around, be a clown
timársó (RV5)	cup [Akl: tagayán]
tásá [Sp] (n)	brine, salty water
tásik (n)	timid, afraid, scared, cowardly [Syn: táslit, taeaw]
táslaw ]ma[ (adj)	cowardly, sheepish, afraid, scared
táslit ]ma[ (adj)	to rip, tear [a piece of cloth; the nipa shingles in a wall]
tástas (RV1)	Uncle si Táta Juan / Uncle John [Cf: óra]
	to get unraveled, get tattered at the edge
táta [Sp] (n)	to take care of, cater to, rear
tá-ta' (ST3)	person responsible for others, fosterparent
tátap (RV1)	considerate, hospitable, thoughtful
manogtátap (n)	treasurer
matinatápon (adj)	[glowworm] [Alt: tipapáe-o, titipáe-o]
tatapmánggad (n)	father, daddy [Cf: nánay]
tatapáe-o (n)	three, 3
tátay (n)	to raise or lower to three, make three
tátlo (n)	tattoo
tatlo(h) (RV1)	[game] tag
tató' (n)	to play tag
tátsing: [Eng] (n)	discount [Akl: ayo']
tátsing (RV5)	to forgive Patawára sánda. / Forgive them.
táwad [Tag] (n)	Owáti patáwad imáw sa babáyi. / He'll take any old kind of girl that comes along.
patáwad [Akl] (CV)	banns of marriage
[idm]	to call (for), page Táwga imáw. / Call him.
	to call out
táwag (n)	first song of a serenade
tawág (RV1)	[medicine--for tongue]
panawág (DV)	Paradise, Utopia
panawágón (n)	bean sprout, sprouted monggo bean [Cf: baeátong]
tawás (n)	Kauyon kat tawgi? / Do you like bean sprouts?
Tawáya [Oak] (n)	to appease, placate; explain, elucidate
tawgi (n)	smooth, peaceful [Opp: magam6]
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táwo (n)	person [pl: people]; man
katawóhan (n)	humanity
kinatáwo (n)	genitals
kinatawóhan (n)	birthday [Syn: birtday]
isigkatáwo (n)	fellow man
pakatáwo (CV)	to be in birth throes, treat humanly (as an equal)
pagkatáwo (n)	character, personality; reputation
táwo (ST2)	to be born Kan-o ka nátáwo? / When were you born?
tawóhon (adj) [sup]	enchanted, having living beings living inside
	Tawóhon kunó ro káhoy ngará. / This tree is said to have living beings inside.
táwo-táwo (n)	puppet, marionette
tináwo (n)	staff, personnel, subjects
táwtaw (RV2)	to dip up and down, dunk [like a tea bag]
tayá' (n)	bet, wager [Cf: pústa']
tayá' (RV2)	to bet, wager [something]
Tayábas (n)	Tayabas [old name of Quezon Province]
Tayháwan (n)	barrio of Lezo
táyhop (n)	bamboo tube (for blowing on fire)
tayúbo' (n)	fungus [growing on trees]
tayúbong (n)	powdered starch [Cf: amiroe]; the starch plant [ <u>Tacca pinnatifida</u> .]
tayók-tayók (n)	[sedge--"swampgrass"]. <u>Fumbristylis annua</u> (and) <u>Fumbristylis globulosa</u> .
táyog ]ma[ (adj)	far-reaching, long-ranged
tayón (RV2)	to pour (out) [in large quantity] [Cf: tágay, bó-bo']
tayúyo' (adj)	stunted in growth [such as upper toe of a chicken; the breast of a woman]
tayp [Eng] (RV2)	to type [Syn: makinilya(h)]
taypráyter (n)	typewriter
tiáw (n)	[fish--delicious, soft-boned]
tiáw [Hil] (RV4)	to play a joke (on) [maliciously, such as when an evil spirit harms someone]; to infestate [Akl: sínlog]
tibába (n)	scorpion
tibáwas ]ka[ (ST2)	to be free, unburdened
tibáwas (RV3)	to overcome hardship, lessen the burden (of)
tibay ]ma[ [Tag] (adj)	durable, longlasting [cloth] [Akl: húnít][Opp:tapók]
tibi' (RV6)	to "drool over", salivate; to covet, envy, be envious of
tibi'-tibi' (RV6)	to want to say something hurting, be on the verge of divulging a secret (or) hurting opinion
tibók (RV7)	to beat, thump [said of the heart]
tibód (n)	jar, vessel [for gathering tuba']
tibong (RV1)	to carry on one's shoulder [Cf: páš-an]

tib-on <sup>g</sup> (RV1)	to elevate, raise up (one's thoughts in prayer)
tibusók (ST2)	to step into mire or mud (accidentally)
tib-o-tib'o (n)	[shellfish--small, fresh water]
Tibyaw (n)	barrio of Altavas
Tibyáwan (n)	barrio of Makato
tibyog (RV1)	to group [related things] together, assemble (or) organize (into a homogeneous group) [Cf: típon]
katibyógan (n)	group, organization
tiká' (RV1)	to surprise [by revealing something; by jumping up] Usoy... Tíka'. / Hide and Seek. (or) "Where are you?... Ah, got you!"
tikang ]pa[ (n)	working(s), way, method, plan patikang it administrasyón / the workings of the administration
tikáng (RV1)	to walk, go on foot (to)
tikarée (RV7)	to clunk, thump, bang [sound]
tikásog ]pa[ (CV)	to get things done, accomplish, do one's best Patikasóga nga' masiménto ró karsáda ngará.
tikbálang (n)	Do your best to get this road cemented.
tikbo' (RV1)	demon, evil spirit
tikeob (RV6)	to drop/throw into the water, throw overboard
tikeod (RV2)	to turn oneself face down [said of babies only]
tikeon (n)	to push. [Opp: bútong] [Syn: tueód]
tikha' (RV5)	gizzard
tiki' (n)	to draw one's last breath
tikig (n)	[lizard--large, found in homes] [Syn: tukó'] [Cf: súksuk]
tikig (adj)	[eel--small, eats minnows in fishponds]
tiket [Engl] (n)	small and thin, skinny
tiki-tiki (n)	ticket
tiklis (n)	rice bran [health food]
tik' (adj)	big basket [made of thin strips of bamboo]
tikó' (RV1)	bent, crooked [Opp: táglong]
tikop [Bkd] (RV8)	to bend, make crooked
tiksas [Eng] (n)	to meet, assemble
tiksiw (RV6)	[chicken--from Texas]
téksto [Sp] (n)	to hop [chick; child]
tiktik [sup] (n)	textbook, text, book
tiktik (n) [Tag]	witch, evil spirit [in form of a bird or a human--named after the sound it makes] [Cf: áswang, wákvak]
paniktik (DV)	detective, spy, agent
tikwang (RV8)	to spy (on)
tikwaág (RV7)	to push down with one's hands
tikwas (RV4)	to rise; protrude, stick out, bulge
	to leave without permission. [Cf: eáas]

tikwi' (n)	[bird of prey]
tídlí' (n)	dot, jot, small mark (or) line
tídlí' (RV3)	to dot, put a mark (or) line on
tig--- (pfx)	[Standard noun prefix denoting a time or a season.]
tig--- (pfx)	tig-aeáni harvest time [G. 140] tigbueungá fruit season tigsililák summer, dry season tiggueútom famine, time of starvation [Prefix for adverbs denoting quantity: "at a time", "apiece" "...by..." ] [G. 184] tiglimá five by five tigpila? how much apiece? tig-áp-at four at a time stingy, miserly [Syn: korípot] [tree--with very hard wood] to make/get hard(er); be harsh, firm hardness, firmness, solidness; harshness hard, solid, firm, harsh to cook rice [Akl: tíg-on] fishing pole to pout out a little at a time [Cf: tágay, tayón, bó-bo'] guard, watcher, watchman [Syn: ibílin][Cf: bántay] to be successful, turn out all right barrio of Kalibo to help to succeed, help for the success (of) to chop forcefully (with one blow) [Alt: tágbas] [grass--tall, growing along river] <u>Saccharum spontaneum</u> L. subsp. <u>indicum</u> Hack. barrio of Balete barrio of Madalag to get grazed (or) cut on shrubbery [not on thorns] [insect--white, found on plants; is poisonous if ingested] having long hair, needing a haircut chisel [also (RV1)] toy horse [for children] to play with a toy horse [saying "giddiap"]. to pour out [Cf: tágay, tayón] [Ctr: ántigo] know how? Tigo ká? /Do you know how? rare, scarce, seldom seen, limited, hard to find very old [Akl: tigúl-it, magdeang] very old very black indigo ink barrio of Buruanga

Tigpalas (n)	barrio of Malinaw
tigpo' (RV1)	to cut down, harvest (sugar cane)
tigpod (RV1)	to break off [Syn: bali']
tigpod (ST3)	to get broken off [tip of pencil]
tigre [Sp] (n)	tiger
tigwatihót (n)	[bird--small] [Alt: tagwatihót]
tihiras [Sp] (n)	cot, small (folding) bed
tihóe (n) [sup]	amulet, charm [against evil spirits]
tihoe-tihoe (n)	[grass] <u>Pseuderanthemum bicolor</u> (Schrank) Radlk.
tiid (RV6)	to sneak up on tiptoe [Cf: tuy-od]
paniid (RV3)	to observe, spy on, sneak a look (at) [Cf: lingling] [Cf: niid].
tiis (RV1)	to suffer, endure [pain] [Syn: agwánta]
tela [Sp] (n)	cloth, textile, material
tilád (n)	[combination of lime, betel nut and tobacco which old women chew] [Cf: súgma']
tilád-tilád (RV1)	to cut into pieces
tiláok (n)	throat, windpipe
tildi' [Sp] (n)	period [punctuation mark] [Cf: tilili']
til-i' (RV6)	to shriek; to break [said of one's voice upon reaching a very high pitch]
tilik (RV7)	to whirl, twirl [like a top] [Syn: tíyog]
telegráma [Sp] (n)	telegram
telegráma(h) (RV4)	to wire, send a telegram (to)
telephonó(h) [Sp] (n)	telephone
telephonó (RV3)	to telephone, call [someone] up
Tilog (n)	sitio in Libakaw
tiltil (RV1)	to chip off, carve, engrave; chisel [to hit as with a chisel—hold tool against thing to be chipped, then hit that tool with something else]
timáéos (RV1)	to baste, sew up temporarily
timágos (RV3)	to try out, attempt [something new] [Cf: hingdha']
tímba' (n)	pail, large can
timbabáras (n)	[bird]
timban (RV3)	to kick, hit with one's foot [from a lying position] [Cf: spa']
timbang (RV1)	to balance, compare weight; equate
katimbang (n)	equal, equivalent
panimbang [idm] (DV)	to adjust one's personality or ways to others; to be cautious or careful with others
panimbángan (-)	counterbalance
timbang (n)	partner, pair
timbuck (n)	rising smoke [Syn: uso]
timbre [Sp] (n)	doorbell; postmark, stamp; rubber stamper

timbre(h) (RV4)	to postmark
timbréra [Sp] (n)	metal food container set [for carrying foodstuffs or lunches] [Alt: pimbréra]
timgas jma[ (adj)	very ripe, yielding a good harvest, fruitful
timó' (RV2)	to eat with one's hands
timó-timo' (RV1)	to nibble at food, eat a little at a time
timód (RV7)	to fall off/apart a bit at a time [like a rotting tree]
tímag. (n)	the east wind [Cf: hángin]
timón (n)	rudder [of a boat]
timón (RV5)	to steer, man the helm
timoníl (n)	helmsman, pilot
timúnong jma[ (adj)	peaceful, quiet, uneventful [Syn: himúnong]
timós-timós (n)	[a sore or boil by/near the eye]
timo-timo (RV6)	to save, start to accumulate [money/property]
timpa(h) (RV1)	to break off [into small pieces]
timpa (ST3)	to break off in small pieces, cave in Natimpa ro bí-bí' it subá! / The bank of the river caved in.
timpayód (ST3)	to trip (over)
témpla(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to season (food), flavor, spice
témpla (RV1)	to mix, prepare (food)
templado (n)	mixture
térplo [Sp] (n)	temple [Syn: simbahán]
tempráno [Sp] (adv)	early, ahead of time [Opp: ulíhi] [Cf: ága]
tim-sog (RV6)	to become stronger, get healthy
matim sog (adj)	fleshy; healthy, robust
Tipa. (n).	barrio of Makáto
tiná' [Sp] (n)	tint, dye, coloring
tina' (RV1)	to dye, tint, color
tin-ad ]pa[ (CV)	to walk silently (or) quietly; tiptoe
tin-ad [adj][idm]	improving-financially
tinapá. (n)	anchovies; food preserved by smoking
tinápay (n)	bread
Tinápway (n)	barrio of Banga
tin-aw (RV7)	to become clear (or) clean
matin-aw. (adj)	clear, crystalline, crystal clear
tinda(h) [Sp] (n)	goods for sale
tindahan (n)	market, market place
tindíra (n)	saleslady
tindíro (n)	salesman
panindáhan (RV1)	to market, do/go marketing
panjindáhon (n)	business
pangpanindáhan (n)	something used (or) worn for marketing; money used for marketing

tínday (n)	heifer, young female cow [Cf: ternéra]
tíndog (RV4)	to stand up [Cf: língkod; eubóg]
[idm]	sádyá' it tíndog / well-poised
patíndog (CV)	to erect, build, construct
tenedor [Sp] (n)	fork
Tinigaw (n)	[two barrios of Kalibo]
Tinigaw-Móbó (n)	barrio of Kalibo [across the river]
Tinigaw-Manabáyan (n)	barrio of Kalibo
tenér [Sp] (RV4)	to remain, stay; dwell, live (at) [Cf: estár]
tinlag (RV1)	to boil briefly, heat up [in water]
tínle' ]ma[ [Hil] (adj)	clean, clear, pure [Opp: hígko, Syn: límpyo]
[idm]	matínlo' it kabubút-on / pure of heart
tinúa (n)	cooked vegetable(s) [Cf: túea(h)]
tinong ]ma[ (adj)	slow, quiet, peaceful [way of life]
[idm]	matínong it paño-ino / right-thinking, logical
Tinuongan (n)	sitio of Tul-ang, Ibajay
tinó'-tinó' (n)	[shrub--berry]
tinta' [Sp] (n)	ink
tinta' (n)	[rice--black]
téntar [Sp] (RV1)	to tempt [Cf: panueáy] [sueáy]
tentásyon (n)	temptation
tenyénte [Sp] (n)	lieutenant
t-ing. (Om)(A/pro)	tenyénte del báryo / barrio captain [Car: it imo nga] [G. 168]
tingá (n)	Nag-ago kat-ing? / Did you really go?
hínínga(h) (RV1)	food particles caught between teeth
infoghíníga (n)	to take out food particles between one's teeth
tingá [idm]. (ST2)	tooth pick
tingádlaw (n)	was scolded, reprimanded
tingáea(h) (ST2)	summer, dry season [Cf: silak, ueán]
katingaeáhan (n)	to be surprised [Syn: ngáwa]
tingkaya' (ST2)	"surprise, amazement, marvel, wonderment
tingko' (RV1)	to slide downwards on one's back with arms outstretched.
tingga' (n)	to clink [hit lightly against--like glasses carried in a tray]
tinggas ]ma[ [slg] (adj)	lead [metal]
tinggil [vul] (n)	healthy [Cf: tímgas]
tinggiw [vul] (n)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
tingha' (RV5)	clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]
tinghoy (n)	to draw one's last breath [Alt: tikha']
tingig (adj)	small oil lamp
tingúañ (n)	lopsided, unbalanced, leaning to one side
	rainy season, wet season [Cf: ueán, silak]

tinguhá' (RV1)	to try hard, attempt, make a serious effort [Syn: hingúha', hotuhót]
tíngoy-tíngoy (n) tingting ]má[ (adj)	topmost part [of tree] [Syn: alipungto] strong, durable, resilient, tough [Opp: tapók] [Syn: hánit]
tiurók (adj)	industrious, hard-working
tiurók (RV5)	to reach the bottom (or) finish slowly but surely
tipak... (RV4)	to step (into), put foot (in/on)
tipak (n)	step, footprint [Syn: tapak]
tipapáe-o (n)	[glowworm]
típeág (RV8)	to scatter, panic [such as people do when a fight starts]
típeang (ST2)	to fall down, stumble
tipík (RV1)	to chip off, cut off a bit of
tipík (n)	chip, piece, fragment (ice, glass, rock)
tipíd (RV3)	to save, be thrifty with, economize
matipíd (adj)	thrifty, economical
pagkatipíd (n)	thrift; economy
tipig (RV1)	Típdi ring kwárta. / Be thrifty with your money.
tipli [Sp] (n)	to fold up (cloth, paper, plastic)
tipo! [Sp] (n)	soprano, high-pitched voice [Opp: báho]
tipon (RV1)	"type" [of people, referring to physical features]
tiliponán (n)	to gather, collect; assemble [non-homogeneous things] [Cf: tibyog]
tililipen (RV8)	place of assembly
tipos [Sp] (n)	to gather together, assemble
tíra(h) [Sp] (RV1)	typhoid fever
tiradór (n)	to shoot, hunt down [with weapon; words] [Alt: tirár]
tiradór (adj)	slingshot
paníra (DV)	sharpshooting
tiránti [Sp] (n)	to hunt with a slingshot
tírko [Sp] (adj)	suspenders
tírmas (n)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: túrko]
termometér [Eng] (n)	[rice]
térmos [Eng] (n)	thermometer [Alt: termómetro]
ternéra [Sp] (n)	thermos bottle
térno [Sp] (n)	cow, female [Cf: báka]
térno (n)	pair [of clothes], match, garment to match
tirók (n)	[native formal gown for ladies]
tírso [Sp] (adj)	[fish]
tírso(h) (RV1)	straight, unbent, erect [Syn: tádlóng]
tis [Eng] (RV1)	to straighten out, make erect
tisa' (n)	to tease one's hair
	[tree, fruit--canistel] <u>Lucuma nervosa</u> A. DC

- tisikó [Sp] (n)  
 tisikohón (adj)  
 tisod [Ch] [Oak] (n)  
 tesoréró [Sp] (n)  
 testígo [Sp] (n)  
 testigos (n) [pl]  
 titá [Tag] (n)  
 tití [slg] (n)  
 tí-tí' (RV1)  
 titirís (n)  
 titó [Tag] (n)  
 tituló [Sp] (n)  
 tituládo (adj).  
  
 titsir [Eng] (n)  
 tiwís [vul] (n)  
 tiwtiw (n) [sup]  
 tiwtiw (RV1)  
 tiya [Sp] (n)  
 tiyanán [Ch] (n)  
 tiyanán (adj)  
 tiyanán (n)  
 tiyo [Sp] (n)  
 tiyó' (n)  
 tiyó' (RV2)  
  
 tíyog (RV6)  
 patíyog (CV)  
 tiyog-tiyog (n)  
 to (T/dem)  
  
 to (dec)  
 to (n)  
  
 túak [Oak] (RV5)  
 túba (n)  
 tubá' (n)  
 tubá-an (n)  
 pangtubá' (n)  
 tubá' (RV1)  
 pangtubá' (n)  
 túbas (RV1)
- tuberculosis, T.B.  
 tubercular, sick with T.B.  
 doom, misery [Opp: himáya']  
 treasurer [Akl: tatapmánggad]  
 witness [Akl: sáksi]  
 witnesses  
 aunt, auntie [Cf: titó]  
 nipple, teat [children's word] [Cf: aydtong]  
 to get the last drop [from the bottle]  
 doll  
 uncle [Cf: titá]  
 title, degree, diploma  
 holding a degree, degree-holding; titled; having a title or deed  
 teacher [Syn: maéstra, márunúda']  
 clitoris [stf]; "clit" [vul]  
 [person who has magic power to catch fish by praying]  
 to catch fish (through prayer)  
 aunt  
 stomach, abdomen; womb  
 having a large, curved stomach  
 [fish--with a big stomach]  
 uncle  
 baby mammal; puppy (dog), calf (cow/carabao)  
 to give birth [said of animals], to whelp, calve (or)  
 foal, etc. [Cf: ungá' / bear children (people)]  
 to turn about, spin  
 to turn, spin [something]  
 bum, vagabond  
 that [yonder] [Ctr: rató] [G. 161]  
 Sin-o-to? / Who was that?  
 there [yonder] [Ctr: idto] [G. 185]  
 "little boy" "Kid" "Butch" [common term of address for young boys] [Ctr: tóto']  
 to cry aloud, bawl [Cf: tumúak]  
 [shrub, nut--medicinal] Jatropha curcas L.  
 tuba'; coconut wine [Cf: sánggot]  
 tuba' stand, place where tuba' is sold  
 money to buy tuba' with  
 to cut down bananas  
 knife (or) bolo for cutting down bananas  
 to end, finish off (harvesting)  
 Túbson námon hin-ága. / We'll finish harvesting  
 that tomorrow.

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tubás (n)	harvest [Syn: áni] Mayád do ámong tubás ku dág-on ngará. / We had an excellent harvest this year.
túbeag (RV1)	to distrib, interfere with
túbi' (n)	water; liquid
túbi' (RV3)	to water, put water on
túbi' pa [idm]	not yet born, unborn; not up to a job (ór) position, not good enough
tubigánan (n)	[children's game]
túbo [Sp] (n)	pipe, tube
túbo' (RV7)	to grow; sprout, develop; increase
patúbo' (CV)	to let grow; lend with/on interest
túbo' (n)	interest (on loan); growth
[idm]	bág-óng túbo' / new generation
túbó (n)	sugar cane. <u>Saccharum officinarum</u> .
katibwan (n)	sugar cane plantation
túbóan (n)	{young seed just beginning to grow inside fruits-- such as in a coconut}
tuboánan- (adj)	having young seeds growing inside
túb-ok (RV1, 2)	to elevate, hoist, raise up
tubód (RV7)	to flow out, gush, well up [said of liquids]
tuborán (n)	spring; well
tuedbdan (n)	spout, place where water flows out
tubóe (n)	hard, dry stool (feces), [Cf: pandího!]
tubós (RV1)	to pay for, redeem; save, rescue, liberate
manunúbos (n)	Túbsa ro ákong útang. / Pay for my debts.
túbtub (prep)	savior, redeemer [usually refers to Jesus]
katubtúban (n)	until, up to [Syn: hásta]
tuka' (RV1)	forevermore
tueuk-on (n)	túbtub sú katubtúban / forever and ever
tukád (RV4)	to peck, eat with beak [said of chickens, birds]
tukád (RV6)	Bási' túk-on ron it manók. / A chicken might eat that.
patuaron (adj)	chicken feed, feed [for fowl] [Syn: sabód]
tokán (Sp) (adj)	to go out of town. [Opp: túgbong]
tukár [Sp] (RV1)	to go uphill
patukár (CV)	steep, uphill
tukás (RV1)	touching (upon); in connection with
túkbóe (RV1)	to play (a musical instrument)
túkeang (RV1)	to have someone play, ask (someone) to play Patukahá imáw. / Have her play.
	to hold open
	to jab upwards (with a pole)
	to pry open, support, keep open (with a stick)

tukí	(RV1)	to open up a little (and peep ih)
tukib	(RV1)	to open up a little [such as a window]
tokiba	(n)	shell [of an egg, crab] [Alt: kotiba]
túkmo'	(n)	[bird]
túkmo'	(RV1)	to snatch, seize quickly
tukó	(n)	vertical support, crutch
tukó(h)	(RV1)	to support (vertically)
panukó	(RV5)	to support oneself with one's arm
tukó'	(n)	[big house lizard]. [Syn: tikí']
tukób	(RV1)	to bite; nibble [said of fish]
tukod	(RV1)	to found, invent; frame, build, construct.
		Gintukod nána ro ándang grúpo. / He founded their group.
tukón	(n)	bamboo pole
túksó'	(RV1)	to ask, question, inquire [Syn: kutána]
		Ayáw akó pagtukso-á. / Don't ask me.
tueuksó-an	(RV8)	to engage in a question and answer session or debate
túktuk	(RV1)	to chop continually; tenderize (meat) by pounding it with a blade
		to knock (at a door)
panúktuk	(DV)	rust
túktuk	(n)	rusty
		to crow [said of rooster]
tuktukón	(adj)	ended, finished; ruined, "washed up" [AE, slg]
túktorúok	(RV5)	to win (at cards)
túdas [Sp]	(ST3)	finger / toe; digit (of hand or foot)
túdas	(RV5)	to teach [Syn: turó']
túdlo'	(n)	Náno ring ginatúd-an? / What are you teaching?
túdlo'	(RV3)	to have (someone) teach; ask how
patúdlo'	(CV)	Mapatúdlo' akó kímo.. / I'll have you teach me.
panúdlo'	(n)	process or method of teaching; way of instruction
		**THE FINGERS AND TOES**
kumaeágko'		thumb; big toe
inogtúro'		index finger
hintutúro'		index finger [Alt]
eumábaw		middle finger
kumafiyaw		ring finger
silingsíngan		ring finger [Alt, Syn]
kumaíngking		little finger, pinky; little toe
síping		extra finger
		[banana]
tudlotdátu'	(n)	continual, incessant; fast
túdo [Sp]	(adj)	to boil (vegetables)
túa(h)	(RV1)	vegetables [cooked]
tinúa(a)	(n)	

tinueán-on	(n)	vegetables [generic term]
tíead	(RV3)	to copy, imitate
katíead	(n)	copy, imitation
kasintíead	(adj)	similar to, resembling
tueád-tucád	(n)	imitator; "copycat" [AE, slg]
tíe-an	(n)	bone [of body]
túe-an	eon [idm]	"dead and gone" [AE, slg]
tueánga jka[	(n)	[flower]
tueángkod	(adj)	insufficient, not quite enough
tueáy	(n)	bridge [Alt: tuláy]
tíe[	(RV7)	to drip, leak [faucet; water]
patíeo'	(CV)	to let trickle (or) drip
tíeok	(RV1)	to stare at, gaze at, look at (with attention)
tíeok	(n)	stare, gaze
cueoeágay	(RV7)	to ooze out (continually). [Cf.: tíeo', ágay]
tíeog	(ST2)	to be asleep
tíeog	(RV4)	to sleep off/through Tueógi ring problema. / Sleep off your problem.
katueóg	(RV6)	to be asleep
katueóg	(ST5)	to doze off, fall asleep Hakatueogán-tang. / I dozed off.
katueógon	(n)	sleep
kuekatíeog	(RV6)	to pretend to be asleep
patíeóg	(CV)	to put to sleep: hypnotize Patueóga ro mga ungá!. / Put the children to sleep.
pangtíeog	(n)	pajamas, sleeping clothes
tíe-o[	(RV2)	to hoist; hand (upwards), elevate* [Syn: túb-ok]
tíeogátog	(n)	peak, summit [Syn: alipúngto]
tueógtog	(n) [Bkd]	peak, summit [Alt: tueogátog]
tueógyan	(RV3)	to trust, have faith in
tueogyánan	(adj)	trustworthy, trusty
tueón	(RV1)	to swallow Túnla ro bueóng. / Swallow the medicine.
tutúnlán	(n)	throat
tueún-an	(n)	book, textbook [Cf: tuón] [Syn: libro]
tueóp	(RV1)	to punch, hit, slug, sock [AE]; box [FE] Tíepon ta. / I'll slug you.
úeos	(n)	[the most tender leaf of a banana--growing at the top of the tree]
tueós	(adj)	decided; determined [Cf: hántop]
tíeot	(RV4)	to permit, allow [Syn: sugót, tugót]
tueóy	(RV1)	to hex, put a hex on, curse, wish bad luck on
tueóy	(ST3)	to happen, occur, come true [said of bad things]
úetue jka[	(ST2)	to know [Syn: tufp, sáyod]
úetog	(RV1)	to pound, hit, knock

tóga [Sp] (n)	toga; graduation gown
túga(h) (RV6)	to be spontaneous, spring up, originate
patúga (CV)	to create, originate; initiate; invent
tagtúga (n)	creator, originator; inventor; God, Author of the universe
tugák (RV3)	to loosen
tugák (adj)	loose [Opp: hugót]
túg-an (n)	promise, agreement
túg-an (RV4)	to promise
tugás (n)	cote [center and hardest part of a tree]
Tugas (n)	barrio of Makato'
tugá-tugá ]pa[ (CV)	to try half-heartedly; to show off (to impress others)
túgbong (RV4)	to go into town [Opp: tukád]
túgday (RV1)	to store (harvested rice)
túghong (RV2)	to pour (any liquid) [Cf: bó-bo', tía']
tugís (n)	[root crop]
túgma(h) (RV1)	to guess
patugmahánon (n)	riddle
túgnaw ]má[ [Hil] (adj)	cold [Akl: eamig]
túgon (RV1)	to feed the young [said of birds]
tutugnon (n)	young birds
túgon [Hil] (RV2)	to order, request [Akl: bílin]
túg-on (RV1)	to cook rice
tugóp (n)	[tree] <u>Artocarpus elastica</u> Reinw.
túgot [Hil] (RV4)	to permit, allow [Akl: sugót]
túgót (n)	string [of/for kite]
túgpa' (RV6)	to fall, drop down [like kite]
patúgpa' (CV)	to bring down, let drop/fall
túgpo' (RV6)	to alight; come down, land [said of birds, people]
túgpo' (n)	dew [Syn: tún-og]
túgtug (n)	[bird]
túgyán (RV2)	to entrust, trust to, give (for safekeeping)
tuhób (n)	hole [Cf: búho']
tuhób (RV4)	to make a hole (in)
tuhók [vul] (n)	vagina [stf]; "cuht", "pussy" [vul]
túhod (n)	knee
túhod (RV1)	to indicate, point out; make sure, certify
túhog (RV1)	to pierce, pass (or) cut through, penetrate
tinuhógan (n)	pierced (ears) [for earrings]
tueuhógan (n)	[a part or place that is easily penetrated]
túhop (RV?)	to leak, pass through, saturate [like water on sand]
túid (n)	phase, change (of the moon)
patuiron (adj)	about to change phase(s)
túig [Hil] (n)	year [Akl: dág-on]

tuíp ]ka[ (ST2)	to know [Syn: sávod]
Tul-ang (n)	barrio of Ibajay
tuláy (n)	bridge
tuláy (RV3)	to bridge
tuláylay (RV3)	to lullaby; hum the tune, get the tone [Alt: találay]
túli' (RV1)	to circumcise
[vul, idm]	Iná' túli' mo. / "Up your ass." [AE, vul] [When one gets fed up with a conversation or refuses to hear or believe a person, he might utter that expression.]
circumcised	
tulí' (adj)	ear wax, ear drainage
tuli (n)	to clean one's ears [of ear wax]
panulí (RV5)	barrio of Nabas
Tolédo [Sp] (n)	[bird] [Cfr: ántoliháw]
toliháw (n)	fast, quick, speedy [Opp: búngdoe]
túlin ]ma[ (adj)	dried out, parched
tuling (adj)	drunk, soused, inebriated
tuling [slg] (adj)	[fish--member of tuna family]
tulingan (n)	sharp, pointed [Akl: mataéawis, matalíwis]
túlis [Tag] (adj)	[Opp: dangáe, súmpo']
[fish]	savage, maniac, "butcher", murdering criminal
tulisan (n)	[Syn: buyóng]
tulisán (n)	[fish]
túloy (n)	to ooze out/up
tumág (RV7)	passed through; pierced, penetrated
tumágis (adj)	to whizz by [defective verb, exists only in this form]
tumágring (RV5)	to obey, follow, oblige [Syn: sunód]
túman (RV1)	obliging, obedient
niatinumánon (adj)	leader, governor
tueumánon (n)	long enough; stop, recess [command]
túman (Dp)	
tumándok (n)	native; aborigine
tomár [Sp] (RV1)	to drink, take (medicine)
túmba [Sp] (ST3)	to fall over [accidentally] [Cf: húeog]
túmba (RV6)	to fall over [purposely]
patúmba (n)	[a type of print(ing)] italics
tombág a (n)	copper [metal]
túmbapatis [Sp] (n)	[game--that makes use of cans and stones]
túmbapriso [Sp](n)	[game; related to <u>túmbapatis</u> ]
túmbas (RV4)	to respond in kind, repay, equal
katúmbas. (n)	equal, equivalent
túmba-túmba (n)	rocking chair
tumbáya! ]pa[ (CV)	to be careless, irresponsible; to abandon

mapatumbaya-on	(adj) irresponsible, careless [Opp: mabinatik-on]
túmbok	(n) dot, mark, spot
túmbok	(RV4) to make haphazard dots, spot, mark up
túmo(h)	(RV1) to candy (bananas)
tumáak	(RV5) to cry aloud [defective verb, only exists in this form]
tumók	(RV1) to pulverize, powder, grind
tumór [Sp]	(n) tumor, growth; cancer [Cf.: haeók]
tumóy	(n) end [of fiber, rope]
túm-o'y	(RV2) to submerge, push under [water], immerse, dunk
túmpi(h)	(RV1) to gather rice (palay) in a cone-like shape
tinúmpi	(n) a pile of harvested rice stalks
túmpok	(n) pile
túmpok	(RV1) to pile up
tueueúmpok	(RV8) to gather around [something/somebody], group together (to listen to or observe)
túna'	[Oak] (RV3) to begin, start, initiate [Syn: umpisá(h)]
gintumá-an	(n) beginning, start
túnaw	(RV1) to melt, dissolve
túnay	(adj) [Tag] pure, true, genuine, real, actual [Akl: eúnsay]
katunáyan	(n) túnay nga amigo / true-blue friend
katunáyan	truth, genuineness
Tundog	(n) sa katunáyan / in truth; really
tónik	[Eng] (n) barrio of Tangalan
toniláda	[Sp] (n) tonic, lotion, light perfume
túno	[Sp] (n) ton
túnod	(RV7) sound, tone; tune, melody; pronunciation, intonation
katueúndán	(n) to go down, disappear, "melt away" [sun, moon]
tunóg	(RV7) sunset; west [Cf: hángin]
tunóg	(n) to make noise (or) sound; play, be on [said of radio]
matúnog	voice
patúnog	(CV) loud, clear [sounding]
pangtúnog	(n) to play, turn on [radio, phonograph, etc.]
pangtúnog	[Nab] (n) noise making toy or contraption
tún-og	(n) vowel [grammatical term]
patún-og	(CV) dew
tún-og	(ST5) to expose to the dew
tunóng	(RV3) to get moistened with dew
tunóng	(n) Natun-ogán kamí kabíi. / Last night we got wet with dew.
túnto'	[Sp] (adj) to pin, screw, nail, rivet
tónton	(RV2) small screw, rivet, pin
tónton	(n) stubborn, hardheaded, "wise" [guy]
tónton	to lower, let down [Opp: bátak]
	plumb bob

tóntón (RV2)	to put out in the sun [Syn: bucéad] [Opp: págó(h)]
tunyági' (RV1)	to ridicule, insult, defame, slander
túnyo-túnyo (adj)	crazy, insane, foolish
tóng [Ch! (n)	tong [percentage fee in mahjong]
tong [slg] (n)	bribe, kickback
túngá' (RV1)	to cut in half
tungá' (n)	one-half; middle
tungá(h) (RV6)	sá tungá' it subá' / in the middle of the river
tungáw (n)	to appear, come out [Syn: subát]
túngaw-túngaw (n)	[insect--very, very small red]
túngkad (RV1)	[shrub]
túngko' (n)	to go to the bottom; penetrate; comprehend; fathom
túngkoe [Tag] (conj)	Indi' gid matúngkad / cannot be fathomed
tungkoe (prep)	blemish (on face)
katungkóean (n)	because [Alt: túngkol]
túnggay (n)	because (of)
túnghoe (RV3)	position, office, status
tungód (prep)	cymbals
tungód (conj)	to give, offer [Syn: súmbil; taó]
tungód (RV4)	because, since tungód kímo / because of you
katungdánan (n)	because, since
katúngod (n)	to be in front of
tungóg (n)	duty, responsibility
tungóg (n)	front, line, in position
tueúnggan (n)	[tree--bark used as food coloring]
túngtung (RV3)	dye for tuba'
tungtúngan (n)	dye containér
túo(h) (RV3)	to stand on/upon; be on top (of); step on
pagtúo (n)	platform, stage
tueúshan (n)	to believe in, have faith in
tuó (n)	faith, belief [in God]
túob (RV2)	trusted person
túob (RV1)	right [opposite of left] [Opp: waeá] [Syn: máno]
túod (Dp)	to burn [something] in a fire (for the purpose of inhaling the fumes as a medication)
kamatuóran (n)	to have someone inhale fumes (as a medication)
matúod (adj)	Tuóba imáw. / Have him inhale the fumes.
pamatúod (CV)	Really? Truly?
tuód (n)	truth, reality
	true, real(ly)
	to prove, establish the truth of [something]
	Ginpamatúod nána ro ánang pagkáwát saeá'. / He proved his innocence.
	stump (of tree)

patuód [idm] (CV)	to sit lazily and do nothing; "sit like a bump on a log" [AE, idm].
túom (RV1)	to cook (fish) quickly by wrapping it in banana leaves and putting it onto coals or into the fire
túon (RV1)	to time, synchronize; be on time, observe the proper time Pérmi si David nagatúon it óras. / David always observes the right time. Tuóna nga úna' imáy bágó ka mág-ádto. / Synchronize your arrival with his being at home.
tuón . (RV3)	to study; learn
patuón (CV)	Tuón it máyád. / Study hard.
panuón (n)	to have [someone] study, send [someone] to school; pay for [someone's] tuition
tueún-an (n)	studies
tupád (RV4)	book, textbook
túpas (adj)	to go/be side by side (with)
túpas (n)	dejuiced, used up, having a squeezed-out pulp [can be said of squeezed fruits, used coffee or tea]
tupás (n)	residue [something which has had the flavor or juice removed]; pulp, coffee grounds, used tea
tupáy (ST2)	bank (of river), riverbank [Cf: pángpang]
túpea(h) (RV2)	to have a bad dream (or) nightmare [Cf: bangúngot]
túpod (RV2)	to spit (out), expectorate
panúpod (RV2)	to give out (to everyone--one at a time)
túpong (RV1)	to distribute (to everybody)
tupóng (adj)	to level, make equal
tupóng (RV8)	level, equal; enjoying/having the same privileges
túptupe (RV3)	to enjoy the same privileges, be equal, be on an equal footing
Torálba (n)	to set a limit (to a value/price)
túrban (n)	barrio of Banga [Alt: Torrálba]
túrkó [Sp] (adj)	turban
turista [Sp] (n)	stubborn, hard-headed [Alt: tirkó]
tornílyo [Sp] (n)	tourist
tornílyo(h) (RV3)	screw [Cf: distornilyadó]
tóro [Sp] (n)	to screw (in)
toréti (n)	bull [male cow]
turó (RV2)	calf, young bull
inogtiro' (n)	to teach (a subject), point out [Cf: túdlo'] Matemátiks ro ákong ginaturó'. / I'm teaching mathematics.
manunúro' (n)	index finger
turoádlaw (n)	teacher
	noon; high noon [Alt: troádlaw]

torúmpo [Sp] (n)	top, toy gyroscope [Cf: kamágol] [Alt: trúmpo]
turós (RV1)	tó squeeze, crush (with one's fingernails) Túdsá ro butóc. / Crush the louse.
turós [vul] (ST3)	to have had intercourse, "got laid" [AE, vul] Naturós eon si Rosita. / Rosita has already been laid.
túrpe [Sp] (adj)	stupid, dull
torpido [Eng] (n)	torpedo
tórsi(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to twist, turn [Akl: eubag]
tos [Eng] (RV2)	to toss up [a coin]; to make a toast
tusik (RV3)	to-peck (at) [with beak]
tusino(h) [Sp] (RV1)	to prepare pork with saltpetre and sugar [also (n)]
túsli' [vul] (RV1)	to pull back the foreskin [of penis]; to have intercourse, "fuck" [vul]
túsli' [slg] (RV1)	to fool, lie, "pull one's leg" [AE, idm]
táslok (RV1)	to pierce, jab with (stick)
túsmog (RV2)	to dip (briefly into a liquid)
túso (adj)	sly, clever, shrewd, sneaky
tús-on (RV2)	to carry on one's head
tústus (RV3)	to lower, let down, loosen; to pay (for)
tútal [Eng] (n)	total, amount, sum
tutál [Sp] (conj)	well, anyway [Syn: súma']
tóto' (n)	"Little boy." "Butch." [common term of address for a young boy] [Cf: inday, néne']
tútóm ]ma[ (adj)	thoughtful, sincere, steadfast, true to one's purpose
tutúnlán (n)	throat [Cf: tueón]
tútöt (n)	toy trumpet [Alt: torútöt]
patútöt [idm, vul] (CV)	to be a prostitute, "sell oneself"
tútoy (RV1)	to "tsk", click with tongue and teeth [as when calling a dog]
tuwád (RV6)	to "moon" [AE, slg]; put one's rear end out to, bend over and stick one's buttocks toward
towálya [Sp] (n)	towel, báth towel
túwang (RV2)	to carry on a pole between two people
túwang (RV3)	to help [someone] carry [something]
túwang-túwang (RV1)	to carry [said of two or more people]
tuwárog (n)	a very tall person [over 6 feet] [Cf: hueárog]
tuwáy (n)	[clam--shell]
túyang ]pa[ (CV)	to procrastinate, delay, take time
tuyá'-tuyá' (RV1)	to ridicule, humiliate, scorn
túyo' (n)	purpose, aim, intention
katuyó-an (n)	purpose, aim
panuyó' (DV)	to "oil", work or do something good in order to get something in return

túyo' (RV1)	to propose, aim (at), intend
tuyó' [Ch] (n)	soy sauce
tuyó-od (RV6)	to tiptoe [Cf: tiid]
tuyóm (n)	salt [Syn: asin]
tuyóm (RV3)	to salt, put salt (on/in)
túytuy (RV1)	to advise, guide, lead on
Ginatáytuy ka sa dáean it kátaróngan. / You are being led on the path of righteousness.	
trabáhó [Sp] (n)	work; job, occupation [Syn: óbra]
trabáho(h) (RV1)	to work at, be occupied with
trabisfyá [Sp] (n)	travail, encumberment, obstacle
trak [Eng] (n)	truck; native bus
traktóra [Sp] (n)	tractor
trámbyá [Sp] (n)	tram
transistór [Eng] (n)	transistor; transistorized radio
trángka [Sp] (n)	lock, board, bar
trángka(h) (RV3)	to lock up, bar
trangkásó [Sp] (n)	flu, influenza
trangkásó(h) (ST4)	to get the flu; have the flu
trápo [Sp] (n)	dust cloth, wiping cloth, cloth for cleaning, rag(s)
trápo(h) (RV3)	to wipe up, wipe off [wet table]
trátó(h) [Sp] (RV3)	to promise, contract, agree on
tráto (n)	promise, agreement, contract
trayénta [Sp] (n)	thirty, 30
tráyékwer [Eng] (n)	try-square [carpenter's instrument] [Syn: iskwála]
traysíkól [Eng] (n)	"tricycle" [FE] [motorcycle with sidecar operated as a cab in many parts of the Philippines]
trianggulá [Sp] (n)	[kite--triangle shaped] [Cf: boladór]
triangguló [Sp] (n)	triangle (figure); triangular firecracker
tren. [Eng] (n)	train [Cf: rilis]
tréning [Eng] (RV1)	to undergo training, train
Gintréning kamí sa Manila. / We were trained in Manila.	
tres [Sp] (n)	three, 3 alás tres / three o'clock
trése [Sp] (n)	thirteen, 13
tresurér [Eng] (n)	treasurer [Syn: tesoréro, tatapmánggad]
tróádlaw (n)	noon; high noon [Ctr: údtó ro ádlaw]
trubináys [Eng] (n)	long-sleeved shirt [Syn: lóngslib]
trúmpa [Sp] (n)	loudspeaker
trúmpo [Sp] (n)	top, toy gyroscope
tróno [Sp] (n)	throne
tsa [Ch] (n)	tea
tsalíko [Sp] (n)	vest
tsáns [Eng] (n)	chance, risk

tsáns (RV5)	to take a chance; be a chance passenger [for an air plane ride]
tsán̄sa [Sp] (n)	chance, risk
tsánsing [slg] (RV5)	to take advantage of a chance to touch/kiss a girl
tsápa [Sp] (n)	badge; gasket [Alt: sápa]
tsáriti(h) [Eng] (RV1)	to take advantage of, "take", "catch [in a mistake or bad deal], swindle
	Ba, hatsáriti gid akó nánda. / Boy, was I taken by them [swindled].
tsátsa [Sp] (n)	cha-cha [dance] [also (RV6)]
tsek [Eng] (n)	check [Alt: tséki]
tsek (RV1)	to check on, look into; [in chess] to put the king into check; checkmate
tsék-ap [Eng] (RV1)	to check up (on)
patsék-ap (CV)	to have a [medical] check up
tséki [Sp] (n)	check [Alt: séki]
tsíko [Sp] (n)	[fruit, tree], <u>Achras zapota</u> L. [Alt: sikóy, chico]
Tsína [Sp] (n)	China [country] [Cf: insik]
tsína (n)	Chinese [woman, girl]
tsíno (n)	Chinese [man, boy]
tsens [Eng] (n)	change "Kip da tsens." [slg, idm] / Keep the change,
tsip [Eng] (adj)	cheap; inexpensive [Syn: baráto]
tsísmis [Sp] (n)	gossip
tsísmis (RV1)	to gossip (about someone)
tsísmis (RV2)	to gossip (about something), talk about
tsísmósa (n)	gossip [female]
tsísmósō (n)	gossip [male]
tsit [Eng] (RV5)	to cheat [Syn: títad, dáya!]
tsitsarón [Sp] (n)	fried pork rind [Alt: sadsarón]
tsitsiriyás [Sp] (n)	groceries; miscellany [Alt: sitsiriyas]
tsokoláte [Sp] (n)	chocolate [Alt: sikoláti]
tsónggo [Sp] (n)	monkey [Akl: ambó]
tsupér [Sp] (n)	chauffeur, driver
twérka [Sp] (n)	nut [used with bolt] [Cf: pérho, róskas]
tyémpo [Sp] (n)	time, season; weather, climate
	*Mayád ro tyémpo. / The weather is fine.
"W" /wah/	The nineteenth letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced labiovelar semivowel /w/. [G. 23]
wa' (Neg)	[Ctr: owá'] "none" "no" "nothing". Wa' akó kakítá'. / I didn't see.

wákae (RV2)	to talk without meaning or purpose, prattle, prate
wákat (n)	[the roots of mangrove tree]
waká-waka (RV6)	to waddle
wákí (adj)	fraction(al), not whole, lacking, not exact, incomplete
wákli (RV1)	to shove aside [a judo or wrestling move], throw to side by sudden twist of arm
wákog (RV6)	to look proud or contemptuous, be erect with pride (or) disgust [Syn: wángot]
wákwak [sup] (n)	large bat-like creature [believed to be a witch's messenger]
wákwak (RV5)	to be/act like a witch
waeá (n)	left [opposite of right] [Opp: tuó] [Syn: sílya]
waéá' (ST3)	to disappear, become nothing; run out (of)
waeá' (ST5)	to be left without, suffer the loss of
panimád-on (n)	Nawád-an kamí it ungá! / We lost our child.
talimád-on (n)	superstition, superstitious belief
wáeas (RV6)	superstition, superstitious belief
waeó (n)	to move back and forth, toss and turn [as in one's sleep]
waeó(h) (RV1)	eight, 8
ikawaeó (adj)	to make into eight, raise or lower to eight
wáewae (adj)	eighth
wágás (adj)	baggy, sagging [said of clothing that is too large]
wágwag (n)	tattered; dilapidated
wágwag (RV1)	[rice--traditional variety]
wágwag (ST3)	to break into pieces
wáhing (RV1)	to drop (off) due to loose packing or poor tying up
wáhwah (RV3)	to push aside [rudely]
wáhwah (ST3)	to strip (off) [clothing]
walák-walák (RV6)	to get torn; to slip off
walástik [Tag] (expr)	to move arrogantly [Alt: warák-warák]
wáldas [Tag] (adj)	"cool" "crazy" "wow" [teenage expression of surprise or delight], "groovy"
wáli(h) (RV3)	spendthrift [Syn: gastadórá]
wálík (RV1)	to advise, counsel
walíg (n)	to push aside (rudely, brusky) [Syn: wáslik]
wáling (RV1)	[very young, immature coconut] [Alt: ealíg]
wáling-wáling (n)	to push aside, make way; make room, clear obstacle(s)
wál-it (ST2)	[orchid]
walög-walög (RV7)	to have money
wántid [Eng] (adj)	ówá' akó it nawal-it / I'm flat broke.
	to wobble, quaver
	wanted; popular, famous

wántid	(RV1)	to want, crave; popularize
wangi'	(RV1)	to break fruit off the stem [Syn: eúngi']
wángot	(RV3)	to have a sarcastic air; have a proud or sarcastic look on one's face
wángot	(n)	a sarcastic or proud look
wángwang	(adj)	messy, disarranged [hair]
wáoé	(adj)	hard, difficult
warák-warák	(RV6)	to move in an arrogant manner [Alt: walák-walák]
wárang	(RV6)	to roam (around), wander
Waráy	(n)	the Waray region of the Visayas [Samar-Leyte]
Waráy-Waráy	(n)	the Waray language (or) people
warík [idm]	(RV1)	to embezzle [steal by padding payrolls, diverting funds, etc.]
wárníng [Eng]	(RV4)	to warn, advise [of danger] [Akl: pabát-oe]
wárog	(n)	a very tall person [Alt: tuwárog] [Cf: huearog]
wásák	(RV1)[ST3]	to break open and scatter; cracked, split open [and with the contents out], shattered
wás-ag	(adj)	scattered, spread about [Cf: wasák, wásdak]
wásay	(n)	axe
wásay	(RV1)	to chop with an axe
wásdak	(ST3)	to get scattered, spilled, thrown about
wási	(RV1) [ST3]	to lose, misplace; to get misplaced
wásik	(ST3)	to be lost, get misplaced [Syn: wási]
wásing	(n)	helper or worker (on a jeep or truck) [also (RV5)]
wásir [Eng]	(n)	washer [as used in faucets or plumbing]
wáslik	(RV1)	to push aside brusquely, brush aside [Cf: wáling]
wáswas	(RV3)	to shake (off), rid something of dirt
wáswas [slg]	(n)	wife
wat		[Gtr: owá'it]
wátay	(RV1)	to scatter or spread carelessly [also (ST3)]
wati'	(n)	[Syn: kálhit, wigít]
watíd	(n)	[tree]
waterhayásin	[Eng] (n)	wanderer, vagabond, bum
waterhíter	[Eng] (n)	water hyacinth. <u>Eichornia crassipes</u> .
waterlíli	[Eng] (n)	water heater
wátwat	(RV1)	[any one of several types of water flowers: waterlily, water lotus, water hyacinth] Usually: <u>Nelumbium nelumbo</u> (or) <u>Nymphaea nouzálí</u> .
waw	(intj) [Eng]	to dangle; hang, suspend
wawá'	(n)	"wow" [expression of amazement or surprise]
wáwaw	(RV5)	[Akl: abá, abáw]
wayá-wayá	(RV7)	mouth of a river [Syn: gibungán]
		to howl [said of animals]; to cry aloud [said of people]
		to wave to and fro, move back and forth [like branches]

waytleg'horn [Eng] (n)	white leghorn [chicken]
wigit (RV1)	to scatter about [carelessly] [Cf: wátay]
wiit (RV1)	to stretch or pull apart
wiit (adj)	expanded, stretched, twisted unevenly
wiit-wiitán (n)	corner of the mouth
wilga [Sp] (n)	strike, protest
wilga(h) (RV3)	to strike, protest against
wili (ST2)	to be accustomed (to) [Syn: ánad]
wili (ST2)	to be carried away [Syn: dáean]
wilik (RV2)	to flick off (or) throw off [by a sudden motion of the hand--as when casting off an insect from the arm]
wilwil (adj)	off-center [usually said of clothing that is not put on properly], out of line
wipilból [Eng] (n)	whiffle ball [game]
wipon [Eng] (n)	weapon, arm(s) [Akl: hinangiban] [Syn: ármas]
wisik (RV3)	to sprinkle, wet [by using fingers or hand to throw the water]
wéste [Sp] (n)	west, [direction] [Akl: katueindan] [Cf: hággin]
wítay (RV1)	to suspend, dangle
wítинг [Ch] (n)	"daily-double" [betting game]
wíter [Eng] (n)	waiter
witi-witi (adj)	trifling, slight, not important, of low status
wí-wí (RV1)	to split open further [such as a buttonhole], enlarge (by slitting)
wonderbréd [Eng] (n)	American style of bread; a sliced loaf of bread
wórid [Eng] (ST2)	to be worried (about) [Akl: háwá]

"Y" /yah/

ya (loc)(dec)	The twentieth and last letter of the native Aklanon alphabet, representing the voiced fronto-palatal semi-vowel /y/. [G. 23-24]
ya' [Eng, slg] (intj)	here [near speaker] [Ctr: iyá]
yábi [Sp] (n)	"yeah" "yes" [Akl: húo, galí]
yábi(h) (RV3)	key [Alt: yáwi]
pangyábi (RV5)	to wind up [clock]; lock up [door]
yáb-ok [Hil] (n)	to use a key
yakál (n)	dust, dirt [Akl: tapú-tapú]
yákap [Tag] (RV1)	[tree--hardwood] <u>Shorea gisok</u> (or) <u>Shorea balangerán</u>
yádi' [Bkd] (adj)	to embrace, hug [Akl: kúpkup, hakós]
yagotá' [Oak] (RV1)	useful, good for something
yahóng [Hil] (n)	to insult, humiliate
yamáha [Jap] (n)	bowl, sauce dish [Akl: maeukóng]
yamár [Sp] (RV1)	[motorbike, motorcycle]
	to prime [a pump]

yamár (n)	water; to prime a pump
yáno [Sp] (adj)	Yamahá ro bumba. / Prime the pump.
yangób (adj)	simple, plain, common; not elaborate, undecorated
yángot (ST1)	toothless [as in very old people] [Cf: bingáw]
makayayángot (adj)	to hate, despise [Syn: sáb-an]
yaób [Hil] (RV5)	despicable, hateful
Yapak (n)	to cry from suffering [Syn: bákho']
yárdá [Sp] (n)	barrio of Malay, on Borakay Island
yásyas (n)	yard [unit of measure]
yásyas (RV3)	totally milled or cleaned rice [Cf: bugás]
yáte [Sp] (n)	to mill [rice]
yátí' (intj)	yacht
yátis (intj)	"Darn it." "Drat it." "Rats." [Alt: yátis]
yáwa' (n)	"Darn it." [exclamation of mild disgust or anger]
yáwa' (intj) [vul]	devil; Satan, the Devil [Opp., Cf: Yáwi']
yawá-on (adj)	"Damn it." "Oh, hell."
Yawan (n)	evil, vile, no good [Opp: but-ánan]
yaw-ánay (intj)	barrio of Ibajay
yáwi [Sp] (n)	"Please don't." "Not yet."
Yáwi' [Oak] (n)	key [Alt: yábi]
yáya [Sp] (n)	[old name for God--possibly related to the Aramaic
yá-ya' (adj)	Jehovah/Yahweh]
yélo [Sp] (n)	nursemaid, baby sitter; wet nurse
yélo [Eng] (adj)	'wide open
yéma' [Sp] (n)	Yá-ya' ro pwerta. / The door is wide open.
yéro [Sp] (n)	ice
yes [Eng] (intj)	yellow [Akl: dueáw]
yúbit (RV1)	condensed milk candy
yukó' (RV2)	galvanized iron sheet(s) [Syn: sim]
yúkot (RV1)	"Yes." [Akl: húo]
yukót (adj)	to slander, speak ill of, criticize [Opp: dáyaw]
yúkyuk ]ma[ (adj)	to bend, fold over; stoop, bow, nod one's head
yúgo [Sp] (n)	[Syn: tikδ', pilδ']
yúgyug (RV1)	to crumple, wrinkle [clothing]
yúhom-yúhom [Hil] (RV5)	crumpled, wrinkled
yumád (n)	smallest, tiniest, minute, infinitesimal [Opp: eágko']
yúmyum (RV1)	yoke [used on draft animals]
yunár [Sp] (n)	to shake [usually by the shoulders]
yúpi' (RV1)	yúhom-yúhom [Hil] (RV5) to smile [Akl: hiyom-hiyom]
yupí' (adj)	[young louse/lice] [Alt: eumád]

yúpyup (RV1)  
yóyo' (n)  
yóyo' (RV5)  
yúyom ]nta[ (adj)

to inhale, breathe in [Opp: bugá(h)]  
yoyo [toy]  
to play with a yoyo  
humble, kind; attractive

Ro sádyá', mayád-áyad, hamfli' ag mayúyom nga  
buót hay maháega pa sa bueáwan. / A cheerful, beau-  
tiful, endearing and humble heart is more precious  
than gold.

sitio in Madalag

Yuyos (n)

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ABBREVIATIONS AND USES IN THIS TEXT

A/	associate function; possessive	Oak	old or "deep" Aklanon term
Abr:	an abbreviation of	OF	in the Object Focus
Akl	a native Aklanon word	Om	the Object Marker
A. det	an Adjective Determiner	Opp:	the opposite or antonym of:
adj	an Adjective	pfx	a prefix
AE	"American English"	pl	plural form or meaning
AF	in the Actor Focus	Pm	indicates plurality or variety
Alt:	an alternate form	prep	a Prepositional Element
Am	the Associate Marker	pro	a Pronoun form
Bkd	non-Kalibo, originating from the mountain dialects	Qp	a Question or Interrogative particle
Cf:	refer to or confer with	R/	Referent function: indirect ob- ject, beneficiary, place.
CV	a Causative Quality verb	REC. v	member of the <u>maki-</u> verbs
Ch	originating from Chinese	Rel:	Related to:
conj	a Conjunction	REL. v	member of the <u>mag-</u> verbs denoting some relationship
Cor:	a corrupted form	RF	in the Referent Focus
Cts:	a contraction	Rm	the Referent Marker
D.	see this dictionary, page #	RV1	a Regular Verb, Class 1
DV	a Distributive Quality verb	sfx	a suffix
dee	a deictic or place word	slg	a slang form used or coined by the younger generation
dem	a demonstrative [pronoun]	Sp	borrowed from Spanish
DIS.	a Distributive verb form	STi	a Stative Verb, Class 1
Dp	a Discourse Particle	stf	a scientific or technical term
Em	an Enumerative Particle	STQ	the Stative Verb Qualifier
Eng	borrowed from English	sup	a superstitious belief or term
etc.	et cetera (and so on)	Syn:	a synonym is:
expr	an expression or way of saying	T/	Topic function
FE	"Filipino English"	Tag	borrowed from Tagalog
G.	see GRAMMAR, page #	Tm	the Topic Marker
gen	a general or standard term	Tp	a Transformation Product
Hil	borrowed from Hiligaynon	V. det	a Verb Determiner
Ibj	used in the vicinity of Ibajay	vul	a vulgar or imp'ite form
itm	an idiom	---	denotes position of root word
ifx	an infix	'	denotes final glottal stop
intj	an interjection (expression)	(h)	denotes final unspelled /h/
Jap	borrowed from Japanese	-	denotes medial glottal stop
Kin	originating from Kinaray-a	[ ]	denotes accent or stress
Lib	used in the vicinity of Libakaw	[ ]	usually occurs with/in this form
Lm	a linker or ligature		
loc	a location or place word		
Nab	developed by the late Dr. Nabó		
N. det	a noun determiner		
Neg	a Negative particle		
n.	a Noun or Nominal		
Q/	Object or Goal function		