JADE Computer Note 15

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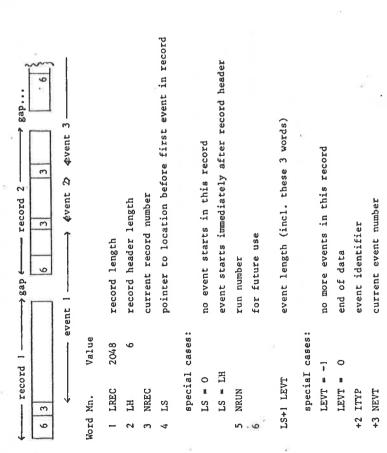
Data Acquisition System: Physical record format on Tape

This note describes the physical record format on tapes written by the data acquisition system, i.e. how the events are compressed into fixed length records. The event format itself will be described in another note. First, we describe the record structure, then FORTRAN subroutines which write and read these tapes.

A. Record structure

Each physical record starts with a header of 6 words, the logical records ("events") with additional 3 words.

In this paragraph: all words are 16-bit words (I $\stackrel{*}{=}$ 2), all pointers count 16-bit words!



The event following NEVT is formatted according to a future note.

B. Subroutines to read and write the tapes

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Write at the NORD: tapes and disc-files are written by the data acquisition system. A user routine to write tapes in the described format can be written on request.

Read at the NORD: SUBROUTINE YREAD on JADE-library. The description is in the Jade-lib folder.

Write at the IBM: SUBROUTINE WNORD, source on F11DIT.JUNK(MCTONORD). The source contains the description. This routine is slow, and used only in special cases, like transfer of M-C-events to the NORD.

Read at the IBM: To read a NORD tape at IBM we need

- 1. Two libraries:
- F22 YEN. JADE.L and RØ2BUT. CERNLIB
- 2. JCL for the input tape:

//GO.FInnFØØ1 DD DSN=xx,DISP=SHR,UNIT=TAPE,VOL=SER=yy,/DCB=(RECFM=F,BLKSIZE=4096,DEN=3),LABEL=(,NL)

where nn = LUN = input unit

xx = any name such as F22YEN.NORD10yy = Tape name such as F22B01 3. The following statements in the main program:

INTEGER*2 IARR(N₁) EQUIVALENCE (IARR(5),ID(1))

COMMON/CDATA/LENG, IDDI(2), ID(5000)
COMMON/CMNP/IRUN, IREC, ISTAT, IFLAG, NWPR

where N_1 = 2^* N_2 + 4 N_2 = the maximum length of an event in I * 4 words ISTAT = the status word

- = 1 normal termination of an event
 - = 2 zero event length
- = 3 read error
- = 4 end of file (one end of file)
- = 7 end of tape or end of data (two end of files)

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4. to provide values for LUN, IARR(1) and IRUN where

IARR(1) - N.

■ run number (if IRUN ≤ 0 the run number is not checked) IRUN

5. CALL AVIIN(LUN, &10), once for each file to initialize the program

6. CALL AVENT(LUN, IARR, &20) to get an event. After each call, the event and the length of the event is (IARR(2)-3)/2 is stored in array ID in I 4 words.

Example:

ME 1358 EV

FORTRAN (3) FORMAT(" READ EFROR IN AVENTATION FORMAT(" READ ERROR IN AVENT AT NEV = 1) COMMENCENCEMENTERS, ISTAT, IFLAG, NAPR COMMENCEATA/LENG, ICOI(2), ID(50CC) EQUIVALENCE (TARR(5), ID(1)) DATA LUN/9/ MEMEER NAME CALL AVTIN(LUN,610)
CALL AVENT(LUN,1ARR,620) INTEGER#2 IAFR(13004) 25/31/79 05013001 WRITE(6,2) NEV [ARR [1] = 1000C DATA NEV/C/ WRITE(6,1) IRUN = 5959 GC TJ 300 60 TJ 300 GO TO BC 30 20

9999010 000000 200000 00:00:03 320024 1500000 000000 900000 800000 900 00 0 010000

IF(ISTAT.E4.4) GD TG 30C IF(ISTAT.NE.1) GO TG 100

000013

000011 000011 000014 000015

910000

\$100cc

000001 220000 00:)023

810000 020000

000017

0000027

20000 00:0025 000026

CALL YWRITE(Z, LENG, ID)
THE EVENT IS, STORED IN AFRAY ID, THE LENGTH OF THE EVENT
IS EQUAL TO (IARR(2)-3)/2 IN I*4 WCRES
GOTG 10G

CONTINUE

300

-ENG=[IARR(21-31/2

JEV=NEV+1

// DD DSW=F22YEN.JACE.L,CISF=SFR,U:11T=F1:1 // DD DSN=RC2BUT.CEFNLIS,DISF=SFR //GD.FT09FD01 ED ESM=F22YEM.NCFDIO,DISF=SHR,UNIT=T4PE,VOL=SEP=F22B01, // OGB=(FECFF=F,3LKS1Z=4056,EEh=3),LAPEl=(,hL)
// DO DSN=F22VEN.A.CRCLU,CISF=SHF,V)L=SEP=F22FCB,
// DCB=(RECFN=F,DLKS1Z=4C56,DEh=3),LAPEl=(,hL),UNIT=AFF=FT09F001
//OT,FT02F001 DC ESN=F.22YEN.H.G.MC90.+DISF=(NEH,CATLG,DELETE),
// DCB=(RECFN=VES,BLKS1ZE=6240,LRECL=6231),LL11=tAPE //F22YE335 JOB '19218222',YEN,CLASS=A,MSCLEWEL=(1,1). //*'Alala Lines=(2),OFG=Ext // EXEC FCLG.PARM.LKEC=!MAP,LIST!,TIME.6(=1 EXEC NEWFAST //LKED.SYSLIB CC SMACE) EV (C)