■ NetApp

Controller

ONTAP Systems

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Controller

Replace the controller module - FAS500f

You must review the prerequisites for the replacement procedure and select the correct one for your version of the ONTAP operating system.

- · All drive shelves must be working properly.
- If your system is in a MetroCluster configuration, you must review the section Choosing the correct recovery procedure to determine whether you should use this procedure.
- You must replace the failed component with a replacement FRU component you received from your provider.
- You must be replacing a controller module with a controller module of the same model type. You cannot upgrade your system by just replacing the controller module.
- You cannot change any drives or drive shelves as part of this procedure.
- In this procedure, the boot device is moved from the impaired node to the *replacement* node so that the *replacement* node will boot up in the same version of ONTAP as the old controller module.
- It is important that you apply the commands in these steps on the correct systems:
 - The impaired node is the node that is being replaced.
 - The *replacement* node is the new node that is replacing the impaired node.
 - The *healthy* node is the surviving node.
- You must always capture the node's console output to a text file.

This provides you a record of the procedure so that you can troubleshoot any issues that you might encounter during the replacement process.

Shut down the impaired controller module - FAS500f

• If you are using NetApp Storage Encryption, you must have reset the MSID using the instructions in the "Returning SEDs to unprotected mode" section of the ONTAP 9 NetApp Encryption Power Guide.

ONTAP 9 NetApp Encryption Power Guide

 If you have a SAN system, you must have checked event messages (event log show) for impaired node SCSI blade.

Each SCSI-blade process should be in quorum with the other nodes in the cluster. Any issues must be resolved before you proceed with the replacement.

• If you have a MetroCluster configuration, you must have confirmed that the MetroCluster Configuration State is configured and that the nodes are in an enabled and normal state (metrocluster node show).

To shut down the impaired node, you must determine the status of the node and, if necessary, take over the node so that the healthy node continues to serve data from the impaired node storage.

About this task

If you have a cluster with more than two nodes, it must be in quorum. If the cluster is not in quorum or a healthy

node shows false for eligibility and health, you must correct the issue before shutting down the impaired node.

ONTAP 9 System Administration Reference

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=number of hours downh

The following AutoSupport message suppresses automatic case creation for two hours: cluster1:*> system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=2h

- 2. Disable automatic giveback from the console of the healthy node: storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback false
- 3. Take the impaired node to the LOADER prompt:

If the impaired node is displaying	Then
The LOADER prompt	Go to the next step.
Waiting for giveback	Press Ctrl-C, and then respond \boldsymbol{y} when prompted.
System prompt or password prompt (enter system password)	Take over or halt the impaired node: • For an HA pair, take over the impaired node from the healthy node: storage failover takeover -ofnode impaired_node_name When the impaired node shows Waiting for giveback, press Ctrl-C, and then respond y.

Move the controller module hardware - FAS500f

To replace the controller module hardware, you must remove the impaired node, move FRU components to the replacement controller module, install the replacement controller module in the chassis, and then boot the system to Maintenance mode.

Step 1: Remove the controller module

You must remove the controller module from the chassis when you replace a component inside the controller module.

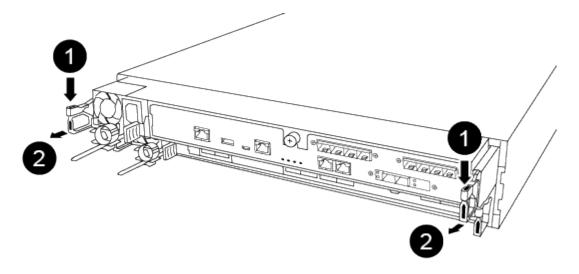
Make sure that you label the cables so that you know where they came from.

You can use the following video or the tabulated steps to replace a controller module:

Replacing a controller module

- 1. If you are not already grounded, properly ground yourself.
- 2. Unplug the controller module power supplies from the source.
- 3. Release the power cable retainers, and then unplug the cables from the power supplies.
- 4. Insert your forefinger into the latching mechanism on either side of the controller module, press the lever with your thumb, and gently pull the controller a few inches out of the chassis.

If you have difficulty removing the controller module, place your index fingers through the finger holes from the inside (by crossing your arms)

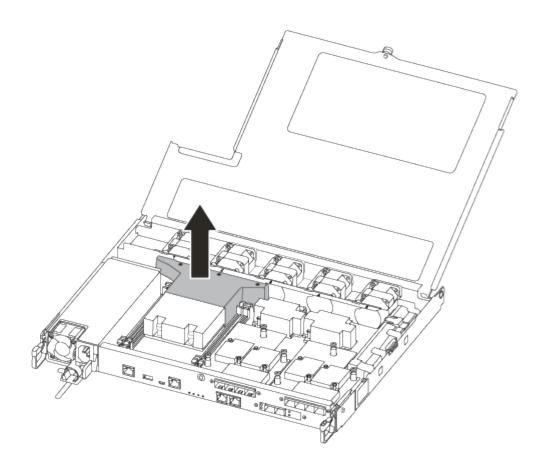


0	Lever
2	Latching mechanism

- 5. Using both hands, grasp the controller module sides and gently pull it out of the chassis and set it on a flat, stable surface.
- 6. Turn the thumbscrew on the front of the controller module anti-clockwise and open the controller module cover.



7. Lift out the air duct cover.



Step 2: Move the power supply

You must move the power supply from the impaired controller module to the replacement controller module when you replace a controller module.

- 1. Disconnect the power supply:
 - a. Open the power cable retainer, and then unplug the power cable from the power supply.
 - b. Unplug the power cable from the power source.
- 2. Rotate the cam handle such that it can be used to pull power supply out of the controller module while pressing the locking tab.

CAUTION:

The power supply is short. Always use two hands to support it when removing it from the controller module so that it does not suddenly swing free from the controller module and injure you.



0	Blue power supply locking tab
2	Power supply

- 3. Move the power supply to the new controller module, and then install it.
- 4. Using both hands, support and align the edges of the power supply with the opening in the controller module, and then gently push the power supply into the controller module until the locking tab clicks into place.

The power supplies will only properly engage with the internal connector and lock in place one way.



To avoid damaging the internal connector, do not use excessive force when sliding the power supply into the system.

Step 3: Move the fans

You must move the fans from the impaired controller module to the replacement module when replacing a failed controller module.

1. Remove the fan module by pinching the side of the fan module, and then lifting the fan module straight out of the controller module.



- 2. Move the fan module to the replacement controller module, and align the edges of the fan module with the opening in the controller module, and then slide the fan module in.
- 3. Repeat these steps for the remaining fan modules.

Step 4: Move the boot media

There is one boot media device in the AFF A250 under the air duct in the controller module. You must move it from the impaired controller module to the replacement controller module.

You need a #1 magnetic Phillips head screw driver to remove the screw that holds the boot media in-place. Due to the space constraints within the controller module, you should also have a magnet to transfer the screw on to so that you do not lose it.

1. Locate and move the boot media from the impaired controller module to the replacement controller module.



0	Remove the screw securing the boot media to the motherboard in the impaired controller module.
	Lift the boot media out of the impaired controller module.

- a. Using the #1 magnetic screw driver remove the screw from the boot media, and set it aside safely on the magnet.
- b. Gently lift the boot media directly out of the socket and align it into place in the replacement controller module.
- c. Using the #1 magnetic screw driver insert and tighten the screw on the boot media.

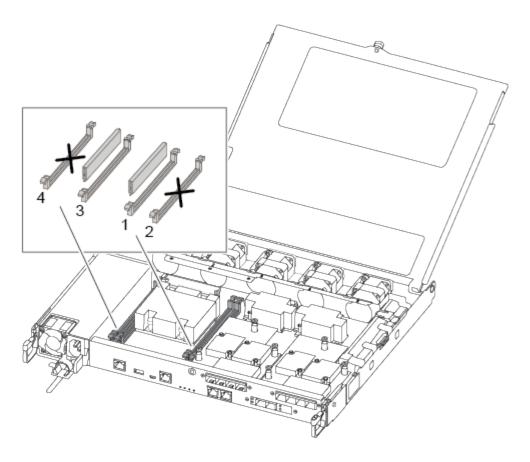


Do not apply force when tightening the screw on the boot media; you might crack it.

Step 5: Move the DIMMs

To move the DIMMs, locate and move them from the impaired controller into the replacement controller and follow the specific sequence of steps.

1. Move the DIMMs from the impaired controller module to the replacement controller module:



- Install each DIMM into the same slot it occupied in the impaired controller module.
- a. Slowly push apart the DIMM ejector tabs on either side of the DIMM, and slide the DIMM out of the slot.
 - \bigcirc

Hold the DIMM by the edges to avoid pressure on the components on the DIMM circuit board.

- b. Locate the corresponding DIMM slot on the replacement controller module.
- c. Make sure that the DIMM ejector tabs on the DIMM socket are in the open position, and then insert the DIMM squarely into the socket.

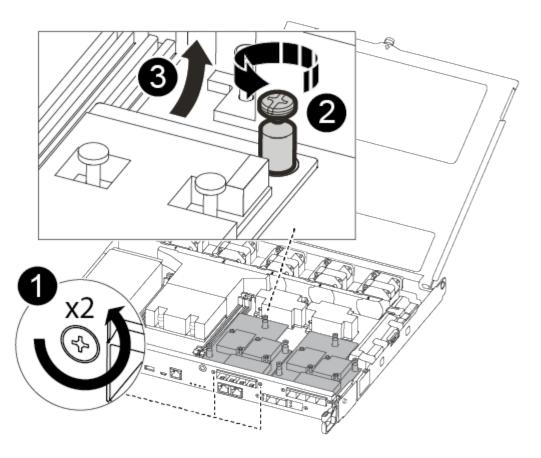
The DIMMs fit tightly in the socket. If not, reinsert the DIMM to realign it with the socket.

- d. Visually inspect the DIMM to verify that it is evenly aligned and fully inserted into the socket.
- e. Repeat these substeps for the remaining DIMM.

Step 6: Move a mezzanine card

To move a mezzanine card, you must remove the cabling and any QSFPs and SFPs from the ports, move the mezzanine card to the replacement controller, reinstall any QSFPs and SFPs onto the ports, and cable the ports.

1. Locate and move the mezzanine cards from your impaired controller module.



1	Remove screws on the face of the controller module.
2	Loosen the screw in the controller module.
3	Move the mezzanine card.

a. Unplug any cabling associated with the mezzanine card.

Make sure that you label the cables so that you know where they came from.

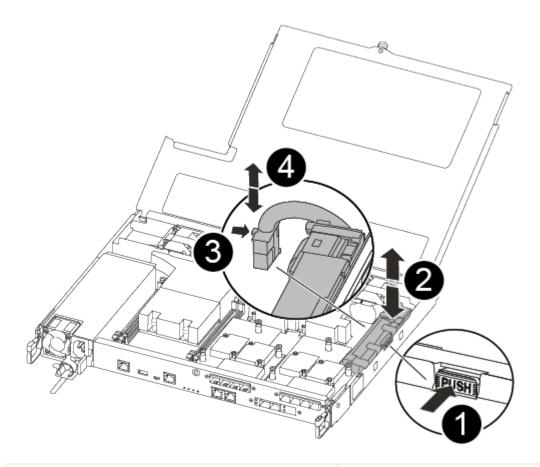
- b. Remove any SFP or QSFP modules that might be in the mezzanine card and set it aside.
- c. Using the #1 magnetic screw driver remove the screws from the face of the impaired controller module and from the mezzanine card, and set them aside safely on the magnet.
- d. Gently lift the mezzanine card out of the socket and move it to the same position in the replacement controller.
- e. Gently align the mezzanine card into place in the replacement controller.
- f. Using the #1 magnetic screw driver insert and tighten the screws on the face of the replacement controller module and on the mezzanine card.
 - Do not apply force when tightening the screw on the mezzanine card; you might crack it.
- g. Repeat these substeps if there is another mezzanine card in the impaired controller module.

h. Insert the SFP or QSFP modules that were removed onto the mezzanine card.

Step 7: Move the NV battery

When replacing the controller module, you must move the NV battery from the impaired controller module to the replacement controller module

1. Locate and move the NVMEM battery from your impaired controller module to the replacement controller module.



0	Squeeze the clip on the face of the battery plug.
2	Unplug the battery cable from the socket.
3	Grasp the battery and press the blue locking tab marked PUSH.
4	Lift the battery out of the holder and controller module.

- a. Locate the battery plug and squeeze the clip on the face of the battery plug to release the plug from the socket.
- b. Grasp the battery and press the blue locking tab marked PUSH, and then lift the battery out of the holder and controller module.

- c. Locate the corresponding NV battery holder on the replacement controller module and align the NV battery to the battery holder.
- d. Insert the NV battery plug into the socket.
- e. Slide the battery pack down along the sheet metal side wall until the support tabs on the side wall hook into the slots on the battery pack, and the battery pack latch engages and clicks into the opening on the side wall.
- f. Press firmly down on the battery pack to make sure that it is locked into place.

Step 8: Install the controller module

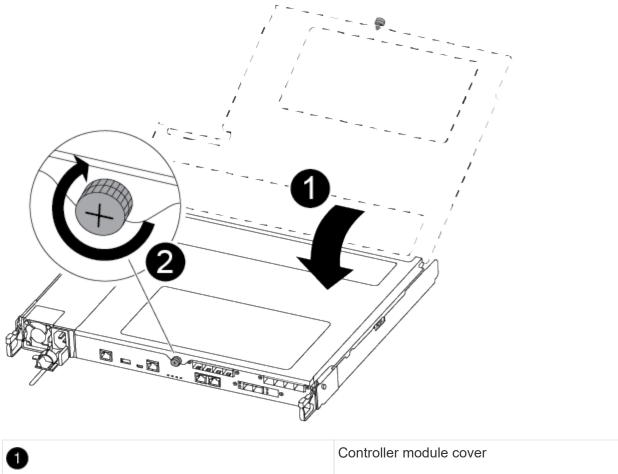
After all of the components have been moved from the impaired controller module to the replacement controller module, you must install the replacement controller module into the chassis, and then boot it to Maintenance mode.

You can use the following animation or the written steps to install the replacement controller module in the chassis.

1. If you have not already done so, install the air duct.



2. Close the controller module cover and tighten the thumbscrew.



•	Controller module cover
2	Thumbscrew

- 3. Align the end of the controller module with the opening in the chassis, and then gently push the controller module halfway into the system.
 - Do not completely insert the controller module in the chassis until instructed to do so.
- 4. Cable the management and console ports only, so that you can access the system to perform the tasks in the following sections.
 - You will connect the rest of the cables to the controller module later in this procedure.
- 5. Insert the controller module into the chassis:
 - a. Ensure the latching mechanism arms are locked in the fully extended position.
 - b. Using both hands, align and gently slide the controller module into the latching mechanism arms until it stops.
 - c. Place your index fingers through the finger holes from the inside of the latching mechanism.
 - d. Press your thumbs down on the orange tabs on top of the latching mechanism and gently push the controller module over the stop.

e. Release your thumbs from the top of the latching mechanisms and continue pushing until the latching mechanisms snap into place.

The controller module begins to boot as soon as it is fully seated in the chassis. Be prepared to interrupt the boot process.

The controller module should be fully inserted and flush with the edges of the chassis.

Restore and verify the system configuration - FAS500f

Step 1: Set and verify system time after replacing the controller

You should check the time and date on the replacement controller module against the healthy controller module in an HA pair, or against a reliable time server in a stand-alone configuration. If the time and date do not match, you must reset them on the replacement controller module to prevent possible outages on clients due to time differences.

About this task

It is important that you apply the commands in the steps on the correct systems:

- The *replacement* node is the new node that replaced the impaired node as part of this procedure.
- The *healthy* node is the HA partner of the *replacement* node

Steps

- 1. If the *replacement* node is not at the LOADER prompt, halt the system to the LOADER prompt.
- 2. On the healthy node, check the system time: show date

The date and time are given in GMT.

- 3. At the LOADER prompt, check the date and time on the replacement node: show date
 - The date and time are given in GMT.
- If necessary, set the date in GMT on the replacement node: set date mm/dd/yyyy
- 5. If necessary, set the time in GMT on the replacement node: set time hh:mm:ss
- 6. At the LOADER prompt, confirm the date and time on the replacement node: show date

The date and time are given in GMT.

Step 2: Verify and set the HA state of the chassis

You must verify the ${\tt HA}$ state of the controller module and, if necessary, update the state to match your system configuration.

1. In Maintenance mode from the new controller module, verify that all components display the same HA state: ha-config show

The HA state should be the same for all components.

2. If the displayed system state of the controller module does not match your system configuration, set the HA state for the controller module: ha-config modify controller ha-state

The value for HA-state can be one of the following:

- ∘ ha
- mcc
- mccip
- ∘ non-ha
- 3. If the displayed system state of the controller module does not match your system configuration, set the HA state for the controller module: ha-config modify controller ha-state
- 4. Confirm that the setting has changed: ha-config show

Step 3: Run diagnostics

After you have replaced a component in your system, you should run diagnostic tests on that component.

Your system must be at the LOADER prompt to start diagnostics.

All commands in the diagnostic procedures are issued from the node where the component is being replaced.

If the node to be serviced is not at the LOADER prompt, reboot the node: system node halt -node node name

After you issue the command, you should wait until the system stops at the LOADER prompt.

- 2. At the LOADER prompt, access the special drivers specifically designed for system-level diagnostics to function properly: boot diags
- 3. Select **Scan System** from the displayed menu to enable running the diagnostics tests.
- 4. Select **Test System** from the displayed menu.
- 5. Proceed based on the result of the preceding step:
 - If the test failed, correct the failure, and then rerun the test.
 - If the test reported no failures, select Reboot from the menu to reboot the system.



During the boot process, you might see the following prompts:

- A prompt warning of a system ID mismatch and asking to override the system ID.
- A prompt warning that when entering Maintenance mode in an HA configuration you must ensure that the healthy node remains down. You can safely respond y to these prompts.

Recable the system and reassign disks - FAS500f

Continue the replacement procedure by recabling the storage and confirming disk reassignment.

Step 1: Recable the system

After running diagnostics, you must recable the controller module's storage and network connections.

Steps

- 1. Recable the system.
- Verify that the cabling is correct by using Active IQ Config Advisor.
 - a. Download and install Config Advisor.
 - b. Enter the information for the target system, and then click Collect Data.
 - c. Click the Cabling tab, and then examine the output. Make sure that all disk shelves are displayed and all disks appear in the output, correcting any cabling issues you find.
 - d. Check other cabling by clicking the appropriate tab, and then examining the output from Config Advisor.

Step 2: Reassign disks

If the storage system is in an HA pair, the system ID of the new controller module is automatically assigned to the disks when the giveback occurs at the end of the procedure. You must confirm the system ID change when you boot the *replacement* node and then verify that the change was implemented.

This procedure applies only to systems running ONTAP in an HA pair.

- If the replacement node is in Maintenance mode (showing the *> prompt, exit Maintenance mode and go to the LOADER prompt: halt
- 2. From the LOADER prompt on the *replacement* node, boot the node, entering y if you are prompted to override the system ID due to a system ID mismatch:
- 3. Wait until the Waiting for giveback... message is displayed on the *replacement* node console and then, from the healthy node, verify that the new partner system ID has been automatically assigned: storage failover show

In the command output, you should see a message that the system ID has changed on the impaired node, showing the correct old and new IDs. In the following example, node2 has undergone replacement and has a new system ID of 151759706.

node1> storage	failover show	Takeover	
Node	Partner	Possible	State Description
node1 partner (Old:	node2	false	System ID changed on 151759755, New:
151759706), In node2 (HA mailboxes)	takeover node1	-	Waiting for giveback

- 4. From the healthy node, verify that any coredumps are saved:
 - a. Change to the advanced privilege level: set -privilege advanced

You can respond Y when prompted to continue into advanced mode. The advanced mode prompt appears (*>).

- b. Save any coredumps: system node run -node local-node-name partner savecore
- c. Wait for savecore command to complete before issuing the giveback.

You can enter the following command to monitor the progress of the savecore command: system node run -node *local-node-name* partner savecore -s

- d. Return to the admin privilege level: set -privilege admin
- 5. Give back the node:
 - a. From the healthy node, give back the replaced node's storage: storage failover giveback -ofnode replacement node name

the replacement node takes back its storage and completes booting.

If you are prompted to override the system ID due to a system ID mismatch, you should enter y.



If the giveback is vetoed, you can consider overriding the vetoes.

Find the High-Availability Configuration Guide for your version of ONTAP 9

b. After the giveback has been completed, confirm that the HA pair is healthy and that takeover is possible: storage failover show

The output from the storage failover show command. should not include the System ID changed on partner message.

6. Verify that the disks were assigned correctly: storage disk show -ownership

The disks belonging to the *replacement* node should show the new system ID. In the following example, the disks owned by node1 now show the new system ID, 1873775277:

7. If the system is in a MetroCluster configuration, monitor the status of the node: metrocluster node show

The MetroCluster configuration takes a few minutes after the replacement to return to a normal state, at which time each node will show a configured state, with DR Mirroring enabled and a mode of normal. The metrocluster node show -fields node-systemid command output displays the old system ID until the MetroCluster configuration returns to a normal state.

8. If the node is in a MetroCluster configuration, depending on the MetroCluster state, verify that the DR home ID field shows the original owner of the disk if the original owner is a node on the disaster site.

This is required if both of the following are true:

- The MetroCluster configuration is in a switchover state.
- the *replacement* node is the current owner of the disks on the disaster site.

Disk ownership changes during HA takeover and MetroCluster switchover in a four-node MetroCluster configuration

9. If your system is in a MetroCluster configuration, verify that each node is configured: metrocluster node show - fields configuration-state

node1 siteA::> metrocluster node show -fields configuration-state dr-group-id cluster node configuration-state _____ 1 node1 siteA node1mcc-001 configured configured 1 node1 siteA node1mcc-002 1 nodel siteB node1mcc-003 configured node1mcc-004 1 node1 siteB configured 4 entries were displayed.

- 10. Verify that the expected volumes are present for each node: vol show -node node-name
- 11. If you disabled automatic takeover on reboot, enable it from the healthy node: storage failover modify -node replacement-node-name -onreboot true

Complete system restoration - FAS500f

Step 1: Install licenses for the replacement node in ONTAP

You must install new licenses for the *replacement* node if the impaired node was using ONTAP features that require a standard (node-locked) license. For features with standard licenses, each node in the cluster should have its own key for the feature.

About this task

Until you install license keys, features requiring standard licenses continue to be available to the *replacement* node. However, if the impaired node was the only node in the cluster with a license for the feature, no configuration changes to the feature are allowed. Also, using unlicensed features on the node might put you out of compliance with your license agreement, so you should install the replacement license key or keys on the *replacement* node as soon as possible.

The licenses keys must be in the 28-character format.

You have a 90-day grace period in which to install the license keys. After the grace period, all old licenses are invalidated. After a valid license key is installed, you have 24 hours to install all of the keys before the grace period ends.

Steps

1. If you need new license keys, obtain replacement license keys on the NetApp Support Site in the My Support section under Software licenses.



The new license keys that you require are automatically generated and sent to the email address on file. If you fail to receive the email with the license keys within 30 days, you should contact technical support.

- 2. Install each license key: system license add -license-code license-key, license-key...
- 3. Remove the old licenses, if desired:

- a. Check for unused licenses: license clean-up -unused -simulate
- b. If the list looks correct, remove the unused licenses: license clean-up -unused

Step 2: Restore Storage and Volume Encryption functionality

After replacing the controller module or NVRAM module for a storage system that you previously configured to use Storage or Volume Encryption, you must perform additional steps to provide uninterrupted Encryption functionality. You can skip this task on storage systems that do not have Storage or Volume Encryption enabled.

Step

1. Restore Storage or Volume Encryption functionality by using the appropriate procedure in the *NetApp Encryption Power Guide*.

ONTAP 9 NetApp Encryption Power Guide

Use one of the following procedures, depending on whether you are using onboard or external key management:

- "Restoring onboard key management encryption keys"
- "Restoring external key management encryption keys"

Step 3: Verify LIFs and registering the serial number

Before returning the *replacement* node to service, you should verify that the LIFs are on their home ports, and register the serial number of the *replacement* node if AutoSupport is enabled, and reset automatic giveback.

1. Verify that the logical interfaces are reporting to their home server and ports: network interface show -is-home false

If any LIFs are listed as false, revert them to their home ports: network interface revert

- 2. Register the system serial number with NetApp Support.
 - If AutoSupport is enabled, send an AutoSupport message to register the serial number.
 - If AutoSupport is not enabled, call NetApp Support to register the serial number.
- 3. If automatic giveback was disabled, reenable it: storage failover modify -node local -auto -giveback true

Step 4: Return the failed part to NetApp

After you replace the part, you can return the failed part to NetApp, as described in the RMA instructions shipped with the kit. Contact technical support at NetApp Support, 888-463-8277 (North America), 00-800-44-638277 (Europe), or +800-800-80-800 (Asia/Pacific) if you need the RMA number or additional help with the replacement procedure.

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