Assignment 7

Hierarchical model in Stan

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1 General information

This is the template for assignment 7. You can download the separate model with bad priors and the qmd-file or copy the code from this rendered document after clicking on </> Code in the top right corner.

Please replace the instructions in this template by your own text, explaining what you are doing in each exercise.

2 Hierarchical Model: Chicken Data with Stan (6p)

2.1 Choosing a weakly informative prior by intuition

```
2.1.1 (a)
```

2.1.2 (b)

2.1.3 (c)

2.1.4 (d)

2.1.5 (e)

2.2 Choosing a weakly informative prior using external references

```
2.2.1 (f)
```

2.2.2 (g)

2.2.3 (h)

2.2.4 (i)

2.3 Non-normal priors

2.3.1 (j)

2.4 Modeling diet effects on chicken weight

```
Data inside, don't peek before you have set your priors!
 Have you set your priors?
    data("ChickWeight")
    Chick12 <- ChickWeight |> filter(Time == 12)
    head(Chick12)
 Grouped Data: weight ~ Time | Chick
    weight Time Chick Diet
       106
             12
                     1
                          1
       122
             12
                     2
                          1
       115
             12
                     3
                          1
       102
                     4
             12
                          1
 5
       141
             12
                     5
                          1
       141
             12
                     6
                          1
```

2.4.2 (I)

For the figures below, we use the earlier draws for the separate model with bad priors. When you have implemented the pooled and hierarchical models, edit the code below to include draws from your model posterior into the figures.

2.4.3 (m)

2.4.4 (n)

Error in ggplot(predicted_weight_diet_4, aes(x = predicted_weight, y = model_name)): object 'predicted

2.4.5 (o)

```
ggplot(posterior_mean_diet_5, aes(x = mean_diet_5, y = model_name)) +
    # Draw the mean of each diet from the data as a dashed vertical line.
    vline_at(diet_means, size = .5, linetype = "dashed") +
    # dotsinterval gives mean, 50%, and 90% intervals + dotsplot with each dot
```

Error in ggplot(posterior_mean_diet_5, aes(x = mean_diet_5, y = model_name)): object 'posterior_mean_d

2.4.6 (p)

3 Hierarchical model with BRMS (3p)

3.0.1 (a)

Error: No chains finished successfully. Unable to retrieve the draws.

3.0.2 (b)

Because brms is a bit chatty, suppress its output in the PDF using the block above, but copy the code you executed into the code block below, which doesn't execute:

Copy the code you used to create the brms model and run the sampling

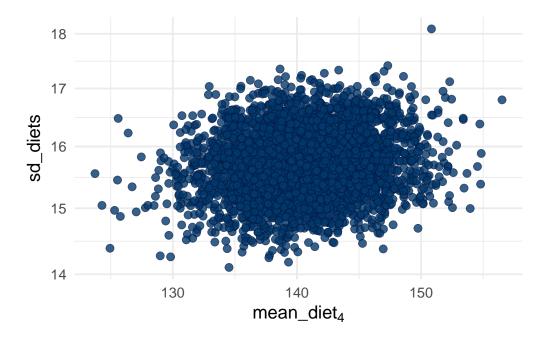
3.0.3 (c)

```
# Draws for mu_4
mu_4 = posterior_epred(brms_fit, newdata = data.frame(Diet=4))

# Compute the mean, and quantiles. Remember to round your answers accordingly.
# ...
```

3.0.5 Scatterplot for non-centered parametrization

Due the non-centered parametrization, we need to transform compute the μ_d term as the sum of the population intercept and the group specific deviation from the intercept. You can choose which diet to plot by modifying the d integer in r_Diet[d,Intercept].



3.0.6 (e)