

# Assignment 1

anonymous

## 1 General information

## 2 Basic probability theory notation and terms

Write your answers here!

## 3 Basic computer skills

Do some setup here. Explain in text what you do.

```
# Do some setup:
distribution_mean = .2
distribution_variance = .01

# You have to compute the parameters below from the given mean and variance
# distribution_alpha = ...
# distribution_beta = ...
```

### 3.0.1 (a)

Plot the PDF here. Explain in text what you do.

```
# Useful functions: seq(), plot() and dbeta()
```

### 3.0.2 (b)

Sample and plot the histogram here. Explain in text what you do.

```
# Useful functions: rbeta() and hist()
```

### 3.0.3 (c)

Compute the sample mean and variance here. Explain in text what you do.

```
# Useful functions: mean() and var()
```

### 3.0.4 (d)

Compute the central interval here. Explain in text what you do.

```
# Useful functions: quantile()
```

## 4 Bayes' theorem 1

### 4.0.1 (a)

Compute the quantities needed to justify your recommendation here.  
Explain in text what you do.

```
# You can do the computation with pen and paper or in R.  
# Either way, you have to explain why you compute what you compute.
```

## 5 Bayes' theorem 2

You will need to change the numbers to the numbers in the exercise.

```
boxes_test <- matrix(c(2,2,1,5,5,1), ncol = 2,  
  dimnames = list(c("A", "B", "C"), c("red", "white")))
```

### 5.0.1 (a)

Keep the below name and format for the function to work with  
markmyassignment:

```
p_red <- function(boxes) {  
  # Do computation here, and return as below.  
  # This is the correct return value for the test data provided above.  
  0.3928571  
}
```

### 5.0.2 (b)

Keep the below name and format for the function to work with  
markmyassignment:

```
p_box <- function(boxes) {  
  # Do computation here, and return as below.  
  # This is the correct return value for the test data provided above.  
  c(0.29090909, 0.07272727, 0.63636364)  
}
```

## 6 Bayes' theorem 3

### 6.0.1 (a)

You will need to change the numbers to the numbers in the exercise.

```
fraternal_prob = 1/125  
identical_prob = 1/300
```

Keep the below name and format for the function to work with `markmyassignment`:

```
p_identical_twin <- function(fraternal_prob, identical_prob) {  
  # Do computation here, and return as below.  
  # This is the correct return value for the test data provided above.  
  0.4545455  
}
```

## 7 The three steps of Bayesian data analysis

### 7.0.1 (a)