|              | Student information     | Date          | Number of session |
|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|              | UO:282276               | 01/02/2022    | 1                 |
| Algorithmics | Surname: Cadenas Blanco | - / Facuala i |                   |

Universidá d'Uviéu

University of Oviedo

Name: Andrés



### Activity 1. Power of the CPUs

| #  | СРИ           | Miliseconds | SC Mix (avg) | Operations<br>(aprox.) |
|----|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|
| 1. | i7-4500U      | 285         | 71.3         | 20.320,5               |
| 2. | i3-3220       | 267         | 82.6         | 22.054,2               |
| 3. | i5-4590       | 219         | 98.1         | 21.483,9               |
| 4. | i7-4790       | 207         | 107          | 22.149                 |
| 5. | Intel Core    | 306         | 129          | 306 * 129 =            |
|    | i7-10750H     |             |              | 39474                  |
| 6. | Intel Pentium | 215         | 104          | 215 * 104 =            |
|    | Gold G5400    |             |              | 22360                  |

#### Do you think you could mix values from different CPUs in the same analytical study of the execution times of an algorithm?

I don't think you can use the ms of the benchmark to compare directly and mix values of different cpu's. As even though the time might be less, the number of operations performed by the cpu might be way higher in a lower benchmark. Plus, it would need to be the mean of a sample to be precise.

| Algorithmics | Student information     | Date       | Number of session |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|
|              | UO:282276               | 01/02/2022 | 1                 |
|              | Surname: Cadenas Blanco |            |                   |
|              | Name: Andrés            |            |                   |

### Activity 2. Influence of the operating system

## 1. Which energy plan do you think is the most appropriate for making measurements?

Performance mode might be the way to go in benchmarking as, the hardware has more freedom and power. In addition, the power saving mode and balanced modes might create a top on the speed halfway the measurement.

# 2. If you had to perform a very long experiment, could you use the computer to, for example, watch a YouTube video in the meantime?

Although in a very long experiment small changes while measuring might not be as "explosive" as in a short measurement. It's not a good idea to watch a Youtube video in the meantime as in a long term it will modify the measurement, making it a huge change.

# 3. Do you think it is convenient to make several measurements simultaneously on the same computer?

It's the same as a Youtube video. Everything that can disturb a measurement is bad for itself even a different measurement. As those several tests will be fighting for the same resources and maybe provoking the pc components to reach its limit.