#### PREDICT VIRALITY - EXERCISE

#### **Basic Statistics:**

n = 24

Mean value = 376765.517467

Standard deviation = 923142.428323

n = 72

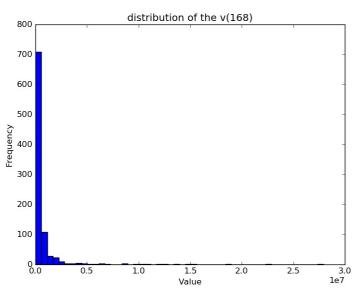
Mean value = 613303.341703

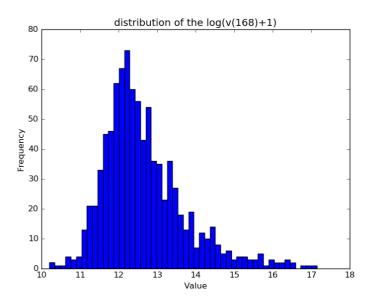
Standard deviation = 1653066.35504

n = 168

Mean value = 743209.837336

Standard deviation = 2006867.48178





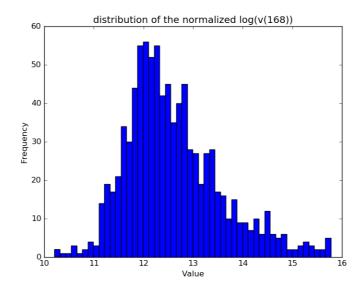
As we can see, distribution of v(168) is very irrergular. Distribution of log transformed looks more "Gaussian".

### **Removing outsiders:**

Mean value: 12.6547238564

Standard deviation: 1.06419725854

3-sigma values: [9.4621320808015525, 15.847315632044715]

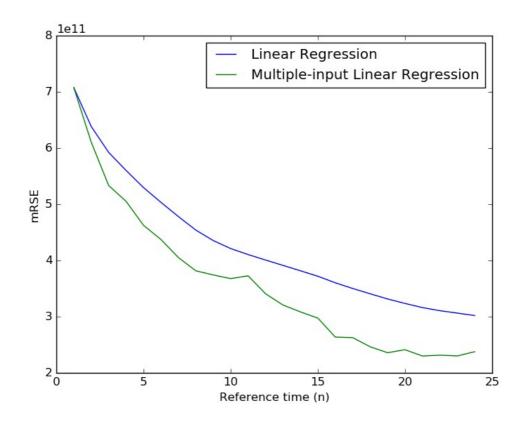


#### **Correlation coefficients:**

n = 1: 0.254537927904n = 2: 0.784769091433n = 3: 0.839769859523n = 4: 0.855707613377n = 5: 0.868397449686n = 6: 0.880234466249n = 7: 0.890877743533n = 8: 0.901029037145n = 9: 0.909913787351n = 10: 0.916680721227n = 11: 0.921825217879n = 12 : 0.926514229853n = 13: 0.930555346821n = 14 : 0.934296861281n = 15: 0.937993613195n = 16: 0.941416070544n = 17 : 0.944743309964n = 18: 0.947513604639n = 19: 0.949909681318n = 20: 0.952153630818n = 21: 0.954276447604n = 22 : 0.956258069182n = 23: 0.958027343346n = 24: 0.959683838288

## Plot the mRSE values for $n \in (1, 24)$ computed on the test dataset:

raw views:



# • log transformed:

