Ruby Tips & Quirks #2

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```
puts local_variables.inspect
y = 4
puts local_variables.inspect
```

```
puts local_variables.inspect # => ["y"]
y = 4
puts local_variables.inspect # => ["y"]
```

Ruby 1.8

```
puts local_variables.inspect # => ["y"]
y = 4
puts local_variables.inspect # => ["y"]
```

Ruby 1.9

```
puts local_variables.inspect # => [:y]
y = 4
puts local_variables.inspect # => [:y]
```

String vs Symbol

String vs Symbol

String vs Symbol

```
module Security
    def generate_password
        ('a'..'z').sample(8)
    end
end

class User
    include Security
end

User.new.generate password
```

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance
    include Sanitizer
end
```

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance
    include Sanitizer
end
```

- > User.new.save
- => sanitized
- => saved
- => save: super: no superclass method save (No

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super if respond_to?(:super)
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super if respond_to?(:super)
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance
    include Sanitizer
end
```

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super if respond_to?(:super)
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super if respond_to?(:super)
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance
    include Sanitizer
end
```

- > User.new.save
- => sanitized

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super if defined?(super)
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super if defined?(super)
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance
    include Sanitizer
end
```

- > User.new.save
- => sanitized
- => saved

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super if defined(super)
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super if defined(super)
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance
    include Sanitizer
end
```

```
module Sanitizer
    def save
        puts "sanitized"
        super if defined(super)
    end
end
module Persistance
    def save
        puts "saved"
        super if defined(super)
    end
end
class User
    include Persistance, Sanitizer
end
```

- > User.new.save
- => saved
- => sanitized

class User
 include Persistance, Sanitizer
end

class User
 include Sanitizer, Persistance
end

- > User.new.save
- => sanitized
- => saved

Block comments

-begin
Objects don't specify their attributes
directly, but rather infer them from the table definitic
with which they're linked. Adding, removing, and changir
attributes and their type is done directly in the databa

Ruby1.9 - each_with_object

```
> (1..5).inject({}) do |i, hsh|
         hsh[i] = i*2
         hsh
    end
=> {1=>2, 2=>4, 3=>6, 4=>8, 5=>10}
                      VS
> (1..5).each with object({}) do |i, hsh|
    hsh[i] = \overline{i} * 2
   end
=> \{1=>2, 2=>4, 3=>6, 4=>8, 5=>10\}
```

Ruby1.9 - public_send

```
class User
    protected
    def destroy
        puts "destroyed"
    end
end
User.new.public_send(:destroy)

NoMethodError: protected method destroy calle
```

Ruby1.9 - ObjectSpace.count_objects

```
ObjectSpace.count_objects
{
    :TOTAL=>76928,
    :FREE=>549,
    :T_OBJECT=>1363,
    :T_CLASS=>1008,
    :T_MODULE=>38,
    :T_FLOAT=>7,
    :T_STRING=>50339,
    :T_REGEXP=>234,
    :T_ARRAY=>7259,
    :T_HASH=>558,
    :T_FILE=>16,
    :T_DATA=>1695,
}
```

Ruby1.9 define_finalizer

```
str = "ruby1.9"

ObjectSpace.define_finalizer(str) do |object_id|
    puts "string was destroyed id: #{object_id}"
end

str = nil
GC.start

=> string was destroyed id: -607935038
```

Ruby1.9 call proc

```
prc = proc { puts "proc called" }
1) prc.call(1) # 1.8
2) prc[2] # 1.8
3) prc.(3) # new
4) prc.===(4) # new
```

Ruby1.9 call proc

```
sleep_time = proc do |time|
    case time.hour
    when 0..6 then true
    else false
    end
end

case Time.now
when sleep_time
    puts "go to bed. now!"
else
    puts "work harder"
end
```

Ruby1.9 call proc

```
sleep time = proc do |time|
    case time.hour
    when 0...6 then true
    else false
    end
end
case Time.now
when sleep time
  puts "go to bed. now!"
else
 puts "work harder"
end
sleep time.===(Time.now)
```

Pytania?