Outline of Serial Algorithm for Word Correction

Reference/Credits:

SymSpell (Wolf Garbe)

blog.faroo.com/2012/06/07/improved-edit-distance-based-spelling-correction/

Python Damerau-Levenshtein distance implementation (Michael Homer)

http://mwh.geek.nz/2009/04/26/python-damerau-levenshtein-distance/

1. CREATE DICTIONARY ("CORPUS")

Note: The Corpus contains assumed "good" words, occurring at a frequency

representative of how often they appear in normal usage

Input: .txt file

Output: dict of: words in corpus <u>and</u> derived words with 1..*max_d* deleted characters

for each line in file:

parse line to get words for each WORD in line:

<add WORD to dictionary if not yet in dictionary>

print total words from corpus added to dictionary, and total dictionary terms

1a. <add WORD to dictionary if not yet in dictionary>

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if WORD is already in dictionary:
       retrieve dictionary[WORD] = ([suggested_corrections], freq_in_corpus)
       increment freq in corpus # count times WORD is in corpus (it's a real word)
else:
       create dictionary[WORD] = ([], 1) # initialize
       adjust counter of longest dictionary word if necessary
if WORD's freq in corpus is 1:
       # this is WORD's first appearance in corpus
       # (n.b. word may already be in dictionary as a derived word but
       # freq_in_corpus is not incremented in those cases)
       flag word being added to dictionary
       <obtain list of all derivations of the WORD ("deletes")>
       for each "delete":
              if "delete" already in dictionary:
                     add WORD to "delete's" suggestion list if not already in that list
              else:
                     create dictionary["delete"] = ([], 0) # note freq_in_corpus=0
return flag (default=False)
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1b. <obtain list of all derivations of the WORD ("deletes")>

initialize "deletes" list initialize queue with WORD

for d_index in max_d: # number of deleted characters initialize temp_queue for each item in queue:

if item has more than one character:

for each character in item:

remove ith character add word to "deletes" list if not in there add word to temp_queue if not in there

reset queue with temp_queue

return "deletes" list

2. PROCESS STRING-TO-CORRECT

Input: STRING to correct

Output: list of correction suggestions within *max_d* distance (sorted by shortest distance and greatest frequency)

return empty list if STRING is longer than longest word in dictionary by max d initialize suggestions list initialize s dictionary of items added to suggestions list initialize queue with STRING initialize q_dictionary of items added to queue while queue is not empty: get q_item from queue remove q_item from queue if q_item is already in dictionary: retrieve dictionary[q_item] if q_item's freq_in_corpus>0 AND q_item not already in s_dictionary: # q item is a real word, so add it to suggestions list mark q_item as added in s_dictionary calculate distance of q_item from STRING add q_item to suggestions list: (q_item, freq_in_corpus, distance) for each sc_item of q_item's [suggested_corrections]: #each sc item also a valid longer correction possibility if sc item not already in s dictionary: mark sc item as added in s dictionary <calculate distance of sc item from STRING> if distance $\leq max d$: if sc item already in dictionary: add sc_item to suggestions list (sc_item, freq_in_corpus, distance) # now generate deletes from queue items (substrings of STRING) # as additional strings to check if length difference between STRING and q item is less than *max d*: if length of q_item is greater than 1: # added this for each character in q_item: remove ith character add word to queue if not marked in q dictionary mark as added to queue in q_dictionary

queue is now empty sort suggestions list (ascending order of edit distance, decreasing word frequency) return suggestions list for output

2a. <calculate distance of sc_item from STRING>

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initialize distance = 0

if sc_item is not the STRING: # this may always be true? (assert?)

if sc_item and q_item are the same length

distance = STRING length - q_item length

else if STRING and q_item are the same length

distance = sc_item length - q_item length

else

# optionally, trim common prefixes and suffixes

# between STRING and sc_item for optimization

get <Damerau-Levenshtein Distance> between STRING, sc_item
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