THE BOOK LATEX TEMPLATES

Edited By

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The University Name

 \mathcal{PL}

202X publisher

Preface

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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Chapter 1

The first chapter

1.1 The first section

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents.

The unnumbered list

- item one
- item two
- item three

The numbered list

- 1. item one
- 2. item two
- 3. item three

1.1.1 A sub section

LaTeX is not a word processor! Instead, LaTeX encourages authors not to worry too much about the appearance of their documents but to concentrate on getting the right content. For example consider this document:

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1. \tag{1.1}$$

LaTeX is based on the idea that it is better to leave document design to document designers, and to let authors get on with writing documents.

The align environment

$$a = b + c \tag{1.2}$$

$$= d + e. (1.3)$$

Use command \notag or \nonumber to remove number of equation.

$$a = b + c \tag{1.4}$$

$$= d + e + f + g + h + i + j$$

$$+m+n+o\tag{1.5}$$

$$= p + q + r + s. \tag{1.6}$$

The gather environment

$$a = b + c \tag{1.7}$$

$$d = e + f + g$$

$$h + i = j \tag{1.8}$$

$$l + m = n \tag{1.9}$$

An example of the \cite command to cite within the book:

This statement requires citation [1] and [3–5]

we present a new method for solving the model equation

$$\begin{cases} \partial_t u - \varepsilon^2 \Delta u + u^3 - u = 0, & \text{in } \Omega \times \mathcal{T}, \\ u(x, y, t) = g(t), & \text{on } \partial \Omega, \\ u(x, y, 0) = \varphi(x, y), & \text{on } \Omega. \end{cases}$$
(1.10)

where ε is a small parameter.

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1.2 The second section

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents.

1.2.1 A sub section

LaTeX is not a word processor! Instead, LaTeX encourages authors not to worry too much about the appearance of their documents but to concentrate on getting the right content. LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents.

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Definition 1.1. This is a definition environment.

Lemma 1.1. This is a lemma environment.

Theorem 1.1. This is a theorem environment.

Proposition 1.1. This is a proposition environment.

Lemma 1.2. This is a lemma environment

- (i) item A
- (ii) item B

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^n = e. \tag{1.11}$$

Theorem 1.2 (Mass-energy). This is a theorem environment.

Proof. This is a proof environment.

Remark 1.1. This is a remark environment.

Example 1.1. This is example environment.

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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1.3 The third section

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents.

Here we state our main result as 1.3.

Theorem 1.3 (LDL^T Factorization [2]). If $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ is symmetric and the principal submatrix A(1:k,1:k) is nonsingular for k=1:n-1, then there exists a unit lower triangular matrix L and a diagonal matrix

$$D = \operatorname{diag}(d_1, \dots, d_n),$$

such that $A = LDL^{T}$. The factorization is unique.

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Theorem 1.4 (Mean Value Theorem). Suppose f is a function that is continuous on the closed interval [a,b]. and differentiable on the open interval (a,b). Then there exists a number c such that a < c < b and

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}.$$

In other words,

$$f(b) - f(a) = f'(c)(b - a).$$

Remark 1.2. Observe that 1.3, 1.4 correctly mix references to multiple labels.

1.4. Algorithm 5

Corollary 1.1. Let f(x) be continuous and differentiable everywhere. If f(x) has at least two roots, then f'(x) must have at least one root.

Proof. Let a and b be two distinct roots of f. By 1.4, there exists a number c such that

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = \frac{0 - 0}{b - a} = 0.$$

Note that it may require two LATEX compilations for the proof marks to show.

Display matrices can be rendered using environments from amsmath:

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{1.12}$$

Equation 1.12 shows some example matrices.

We calculate the Fréchet derivative of F as follows:

$$F'(U,V)(H,K) = \langle R(U,V), H\Sigma V^T + U\Sigma K^T - P(H\Sigma V^T + U\Sigma K^T) \rangle$$

$$= \langle R(U,V), H\Sigma V^T + U\Sigma K^T \rangle$$

$$= \langle R(U,V)V\Sigma^T, H \rangle + \langle \Sigma^T U^T R(U,V), K^T \rangle.$$
(1.13b)

1.13a is the first line, and 1.13b is the last line.

Algorithm 1.4

Our analysis leads to the algorithm in 1.

Algorithm 1 Build tree

```
Define P := T := \{\{1\}, \dots, \{d\}\}
while \#P > 1 do
     Choose C' \in \mathcal{C}_p(P) with C' := \operatorname{argmin}_{C \in \mathcal{C}_p(P)} \varrho(C)
     Find an optimal partition tree T_{C'}
     Update P := (P \setminus C') \cup \{\bigcup_{t \in C'} t\}
     Update T := T \cup \{\bigcup_{t \in \tau} t : \tau \in T_{C'} \setminus \mathcal{L}(T_{C'})\}
end while
```

return T

Adjust the width of the algorithm environment

```
Algorithm 2 Euclid's algorithm
 1: procedure Euclid(a, b)
                                                                           \triangleright The g.c.d. of a and b
         r \leftarrow a \bmod b
 2:
         while r \neq 0 do
                                                                   \triangleright We have the answer if r is 0
 3:
             a \leftarrow b
 4:
             b \leftarrow r
 5:
             r \leftarrow a \bmod b
 6:
 7:
         end while
         return b
                                                                                      ▶ The gcd is b
 8:
 9: end procedure
```

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Chapter 2

The second chapter

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents. LaTeX is based on the idea that it is better to leave document design to document designers, and to let authors get on with writing documents.

2.1 Table Environment

Use the tabular environment to generate Table 2.1. The commands \tabcolsep and \tabcolsep control the spacing between columns and the vertical space between rows, respectively.

Table 2.1: Event Schedule

| Date | Location | Event Name | Remarks |
|---------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2023-02 | New York | Academic Symposium | Topic: Artificial Intelligence |
| 2023-05 | London | Academic Exchange | Focus: Mathematical Modeling |
| 2023-09 | Shanghai | Technology Exhibition | Display of New Chips |
| 2024-02 | Tokyo | Research Workshop | Subject: Quantum Computing |
| 2024-06 | Paris | International Conference | Theme: Climate Change |

Use the tabularx environment to generate Table 2.2.

| | 9 | · · | |
|---------------|-----|-------------|-------------|
| Serial No. | Age | Height (cm) | Weight (kg) |
| 001 | 15 | 156 | 42 |
| 002 | 16 | 158 | 45 |
| 003 | 14 | 162 | 48 |
| 004 | 15 | 163 | 50 |
| Average | 15 | 159.75 | 46.25 |

Table 2.2: Height and weight sample of students from a school

Additional results are available in the supplement in Table 2.3.

| degree | step-size h | L^2 -errors | order | H^1 -errors | order | L^{∞} -errors | order |
|--------|---------------|---------------|-------|---------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| | 1/128 | 9.18E-06 | 2.02 | 7.70E-03 | 1.01 | 6.46E-07 | 2.02 |
| 1 | 1/256 | 2.29E-06 | 2.01 | 1.92E-03 | 1.00 | 1.61E-07 | 2.01 |
| | 1/512 | 5.70E-07 | 2.00 | 9.56E-04 | 1.00 | 4.01E-08 | 2.00 |
| | 1/128 | 1.39E-08 | 3.01 | 1.15E-05 | 2.01 | 3.48E-12 | 4.02 |
| 2 | 1/256 | 1.73E-09 | 3.01 | 2.88E-06 | 2.01 | 3.27E-13 | 3.94 |
| | 1/512 | 2.17E-10 | 3.00 | 7.24E-06 | 2.00 | 6.66E-13 | 1.55 |
| | 1/32 | 2.28E-09 | 4.05 | 6.92E-07 | 3.04 | 1.45E-15 | 8.21 |
| 3 | 1/64 | 1.42E-10 | 4.03 | 8.65E-08 | 3.02 | 2.06E-14 | 3.85 |
| | 1/128 | 8.91E-12 | 4.01 | 1.08E-08 | 3.01 | 3.86E-14 | 0.91 |

Table 2.3: Numerical error

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents. LaTeX is based on the idea that it is better to leave document design to document designers, and to let authors get on with writing documents.

2.2 Figure Environment

Figure 2.1 shows some example results.

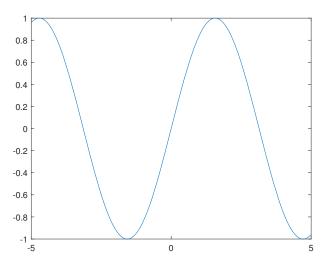


Figure 2.1: Example figure using external image files.

The two figures are placed side by side, sharing the one title, as shown in Figure 2.2.

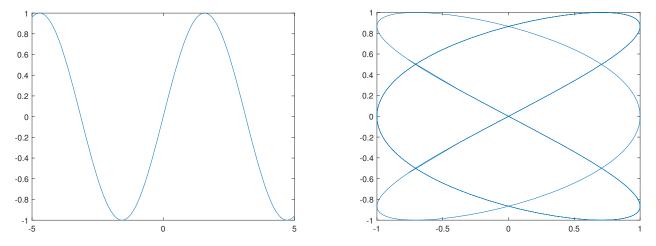
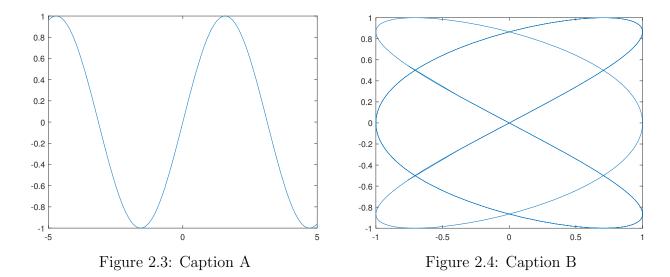


Figure 2.2: Left: Caption 1, Right: Caption 2.

Use minipage package to set images side-by-side, each with its own title, as shown in Figure 2.3 and Figure 2.4.



2.3 Discussion of $Z = X \cup Y$

Some discussions here. Some discussions here. Some discussions here.

2.3.1 A sub section

LaTeX is not a word processor! Instead, LaTeX encourages authors not to worry too much about the appearance of their documents but to concentrate on getting the right content. For example consider this document:

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

2.4 The second section

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents.

2.4.1 A sub section

LaTeX is not a word processor! Instead, LaTeX encourages authors not to worry too much about the appearance of their documents but to concentrate on getting the right content.

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Appendix A

This is the first appendix

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents. LaTeX is based on the idea that it is better to leave document design to document designers, and to let authors get on with writing documents.

A.1 A sub section

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2. (A.1)$$

Lemma A.1. This is a lemma environment.

This is Figure A.1.

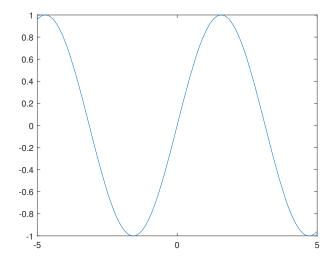


Figure A.1: Example figure using external image files.

A.1. A sub section

| Serial No. | Age | Height (cm) | Weight (kg) |
|---------------|-----|-------------|-------------|
| 001 | 15 | 156 | 42 |
| 002 | 16 | 158 | 45 |
| 003 | 14 | 162 | 48 |
| 004 | 15 | 163 | 50 |
| Average | 15 | 159.75 | 46.25 |

Table A.1: A sample of the height and weight of students.

The following table: Table A.1.

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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A.2 A sub section

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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Appendix B

This is the second appendix

B.1 A sub section

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

B.2 A sub section

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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