
THE BOOK L^AT_EX TEMPLATES

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The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy
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Chapter 1

The first chapter

1.1 The first section

LaTeX is a high-quality typesetting system; it includes features designed for the production of technical and scientific documentation. LaTeX is the de facto standard for the communication and publication of scientific documents.

The unnumbered list

- item one
- item two
- item three

The numbered list

1. item one
2. item two
3. item three

1.1.1 A sub section

LaTeX is not a word processor! Instead, LaTeX encourages authors not to worry too much about the appearance of their documents but to concentrate on getting the right content. For example consider this document:

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1. \tag{1.1}$$

1.2 The second section

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1.2.1 A sub section

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Definition 1.1. *This is a definition environment.*

Lemma 1.1. *This is a lemma environment.*

Theorem 1.1. *This is a theorem environment.*

Proposition 1.1. *This is a proposition environment.*

Lemma 1.2. *This is a lemma environment*

(i) *item A*

(ii) *item B*

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = e. \quad (1.11)$$

Theorem 1.2 (Mass–energy). *This is a theorem environment.*

Proof. This is a proof environment. □

Remark 1.1. *This is a remark environment.*

Example 1.1. *This is example environment.*

The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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1.3 The third section

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Here we state our main result as 1.3.

Theorem 1.3 (*LDL^T Factorization [2]*). *If $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ is symmetric and the principal submatrix $A(1 : k, 1 : k)$ is nonsingular for $k = 1 : n - 1$, then there exists a unit lower triangular matrix L and a diagonal matrix*

$$D = \text{diag}(d_1, \dots, d_n),$$

such that $A = LDL^T$. The factorization is unique.

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Theorem 1.4 (Mean Value Theorem). *Suppose f is a function that is continuous on the closed interval $[a, b]$. and differentiable on the open interval (a, b) . Then there exists a number c such that $a < c < b$ and*

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}.$$

In other words,

$$f(b) - f(a) = f'(c)(b - a).$$

Remark 1.2. *Observe that 1.3, 1.4 correctly mix references to multiple labels.*

Corollary 1.1. *Let $f(x)$ be continuous and differentiable everywhere. If $f(x)$ has at least two roots, then $f'(x)$ must have at least one root.*

Proof. Let a and b be two distinct roots of f . By 1.4, there exists a number c such that

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = \frac{0 - 0}{b - a} = 0.$$

□

Note that it may require two L^AT_EX compilations for the proof marks to show.

Display matrices can be rendered using environments from **amsmath**:

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (1.12)$$

Equation 1.12 shows some example matrices.

We calculate the Fréchet derivative of F as follows:

$$F'(U, V)(H, K) = \langle R(U, V), H\Sigma V^T + U\Sigma K^T - P(H\Sigma V^T + U\Sigma K^T) \rangle \quad (1.13a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \langle R(U, V), H\Sigma V^T + U\Sigma K^T \rangle \\ &= \langle R(U, V)V\Sigma^T, H \rangle + \langle \Sigma^T U^T R(U, V), K^T \rangle. \end{aligned} \quad (1.13b)$$

1.13a is the first line, and 1.13b is the last line.

1.4 Algorithm

Our analysis leads to the algorithm in 1.

Algorithm 1 Build tree

```

Define  $P := T := \{\{1\}, \dots, \{d\}\}$ 
while  $\#P > 1$  do
    Choose  $C' \in \mathcal{C}_p(P)$  with  $C' := \operatorname{argmin}_{C \in \mathcal{C}_p(P)} \varrho(C)$ 
    Find an optimal partition tree  $T_{C'}$ 
    Update  $P := (P \setminus C') \cup \{\bigcup_{t \in C'} t\}$ 
    Update  $T := T \cup \{\bigcup_{t \in \tau} t : \tau \in T_{C'} \setminus \mathcal{L}(T_{C'})\}$ 
end while
return  $T$ 

```

Chapter 2

The second chapter

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2.1 Table Environment

Use the `tabular` environment to generate Table 2.1. The commands `\tabcolsep` and `\tabcolsep` control the spacing between columns and the vertical space between rows, respectively.

Table 2.1: Event Schedule

Date	Location	Event Name	Remarks
2023-02	New York	Academic Symposium	Topic: Artificial Intelligence
2023-05	London	Academic Exchange	Focus: Mathematical Modeling
2023-09	Shanghai	Technology Exhibition	Display of New Chips
2024-02	Tokyo	Research Workshop	Subject: Quantum Computing
2024-06	Paris	International Conference	Theme: Climate Change

Use the `tabularx` environment to generate Table 2.2.

Table 2.2: Height and weight sample of students from a school

Serial No.	Age	Height (cm)	Weight (kg)
001	15	156	42
002	16	158	45
003	14	162	48
004	15	163	50
Average	15	159.75	46.25

Additional results are available in the supplement in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3: Numerical error

degree	step-size h	L^2 -errors	order	H^1 -errors	order	L^∞ -errors	order
1	1/128	9.18E-06	2.02	7.70E-03	1.01	6.46E-07	2.02
	1/256	2.29E-06	2.01	1.92E-03	1.00	1.61E-07	2.01
	1/512	5.70E-07	2.00	9.56E-04	1.00	4.01E-08	2.00
2	1/128	1.39E-08	3.01	1.15E-05	2.01	3.48E-12	4.02
	1/256	1.73E-09	3.01	2.88E-06	2.01	3.27E-13	3.94
	1/512	2.17E-10	3.00	7.24E-06	2.00	6.66E-13	1.55
3	1/32	2.28E-09	4.05	6.92E-07	3.04	1.45E-15	8.21
	1/64	1.42E-10	4.03	8.65E-08	3.02	2.06E-14	3.85
	1/128	8.91E-12	4.01	1.08E-08	3.01	3.86E-14	0.91

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2.2 Figure Environment

Figure 2.1 shows some example results.

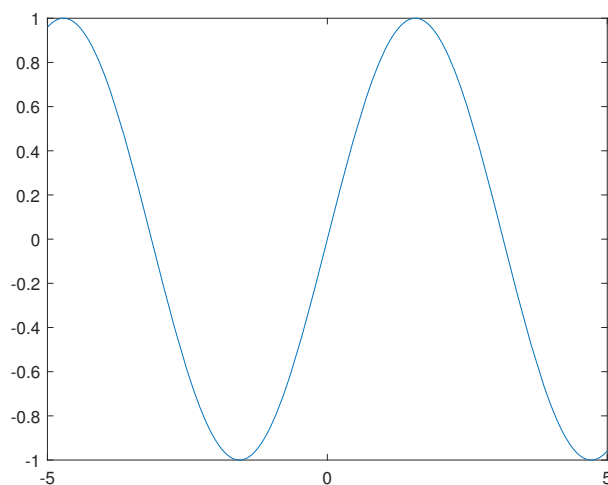


Figure 2.1: Example figure using external image files.

The two figures are placed side by side, sharing the one title, as shown in Figure 2.2.

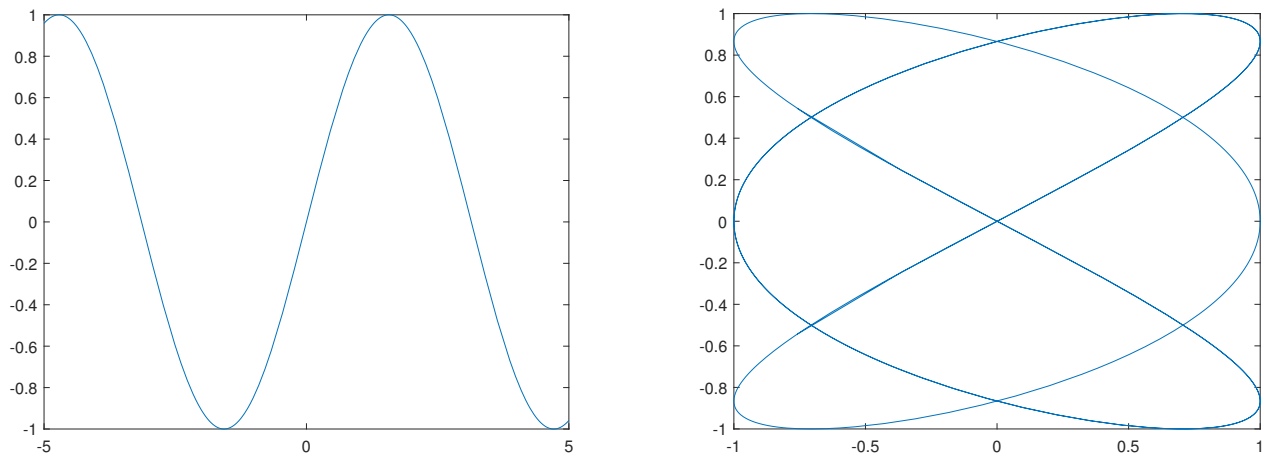


Figure 2.2: Left: Caption 1, Right: Caption 2.

Use `minipage` package to set images side-by-side, each with its own title, as shown in Figure 2.3 and Figure 2.4.

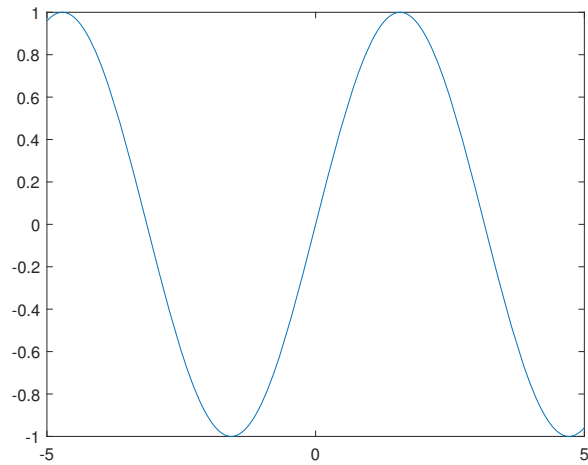


Figure 2.3: Caption A

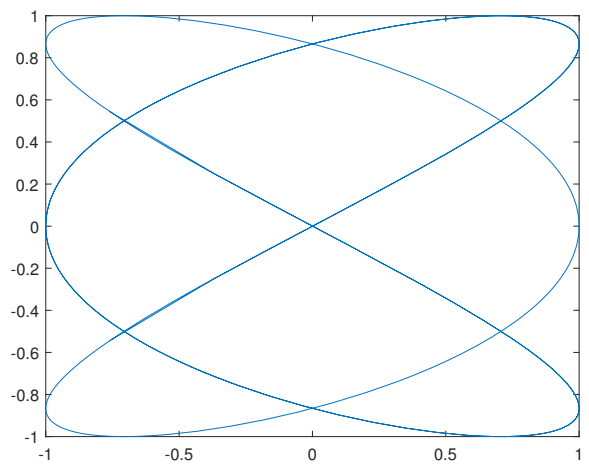


Figure 2.4: Caption B

2.3 Discussion of $Z = X \cup Y$

Some discussions here. Some discussions here. Some discussions here.

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Appendix A

This is the first appendix

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A.1 A sub section

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \tag{A.1}$$

Lemma A.1. *This is a lemma environment.*

This is Figure A.1.

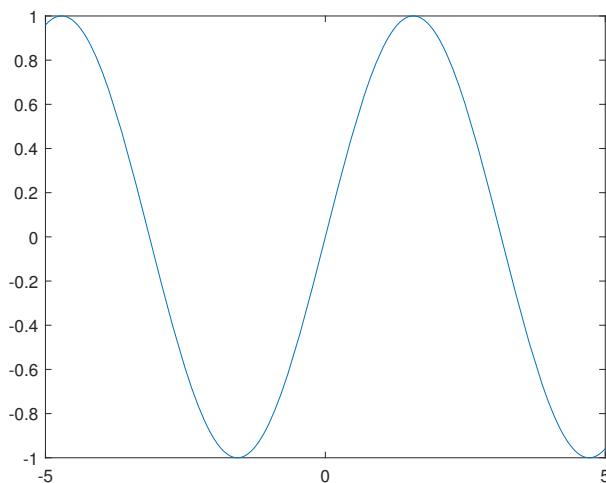


Figure A.1: Example figure using external image files.

A.2 A sub section

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Appendix B

This is the second appendix

B.1 A sub section

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B.2 A sub section

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