

## EC\_P - Critical Edges

[https://www.spoj.com/problems/EC\\_P](https://www.spoj.com/problems/EC_P)

Given a connected graph, you must find all the edges that are critical, in other words you must find the edges which when removed divide the graph.

### Input

The first line contains a  $NC$  ( $1 \leq NC \leq 200$ ), the number of test cases integer. Then follow  $NC$  test cases.

Each case begins with two integers  $N$  ( $1 \leq N \leq 700$ ) and  $M$  ( $N - 1 \leq M \leq \frac{N * (N - 1)}{2}$ ), the number of nodes and the number of edges respectively. Then follow  $M$  lines, each with a pair of integers  $a$   $b$  ( $1 \leq a, b \leq N$ ) indicate that between the node  $a$  and the node  $b$  there is an edge.

### Output

For each test case print the list of ways to protect the following format:

Caso #n

t

$x_1$   $y_1$

$x_2$   $y_2$

...

$x_t$   $y_t$

Where  $n$  is the case number (starting from 1),  $t$  is the total of critical edges, list elements  $x_i$   $y_i$  indicates, for each line, there is a critical edge between the node  $x_i$  and node  $y_i$  ( $1 \leq x_i \leq y_i \leq N$ ). In addition, the list should be sorted in no-decreasing order first by  $x_i$  and then by  $y_i$ . Also  $x_i < y_i$  must hold.

If there isn't any critical edge print: "Sin bloqueos" (quotes for clarity).

### Example

Input:	Output:
3	Caso #1
5 4	4
1 2	1 2
4 2	2 3
2 3	2 4
4 5	4 5
	Caso #2
5 5	2
1 2	3 4
1 3	4 5
3 2	Caso #3
3 4	Sin bloqueos
5 4	
4 6	
1 3	
1 4	
2 1	
3 2	
4 2	
4 3	