

D. CGCDSSQ

<https://codeforces.com/contest/475/problem/D>

difficulty: 2000

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

Given a sequence of integers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n and q queries x_1, \dots, x_q on it. For each query x_i you have to count the number of pairs (l, r) such that $1 \leq l \leq r \leq n$ and $\gcd(a_l, a_{l+1}, \dots, a_r) = x_i$. $\gcd(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n)$ is a greatest common divisor of v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n , that is equal to a largest positive integer that divides all v_i .

Input

The first line of the input contains integer n , ($1 \leq n \leq 10^5$), denoting the length of the sequence.

The next line contains n space separated integers a_1, \dots, a_n , ($1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$).

The third line of the input contains integer q , ($1 \leq q \leq 3 \times 10^5$), denoting the number of queries.

Then follows q lines, each contain an integer x_i , ($1 \leq x_i \leq 10^9$).

Output

For each query print the result in a separate line.

Examples

Input	Output
3	1
2 6 3	2
5	2
1	0
2	1
3	
4	
6	
7	14
10 20 3 15 1000 60 16	0
10	2
1	2
2	2
3	0
4	2
5	2
6	1
10	1
20	
60	
1000	

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brute force, data structures, math