# Kruskal (MST): Really Special Subtree

https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/practice-9-sda/challenges/kruskalmstrsub

Given an undirected weighted connected graph, find the Really Special SubTree in it. The Really Special SubTree is defined as a subgraph consisting of all the nodes in the graph and:

- There is only one exclusive path from a node to every other node.
- The subgraph is of minimum overall weight (sum of all edges) among all such subgraphs.
- No cycles are formed.

To create the Really Special SubTree, always pick the edge with smallest weight. Determine if including it will create a cycle. If so, ignore the edge. If there are edges of equal weight available:

- Choose the edge that minimizes the sum u + v + wt where u and v are vertices and wt is the edge weight.
- If there is still a collision, choose any of them.

Print the overall weight of the tree formed using the rules.

For example, given the following edges:

u	V	wt	u	V	wt	u	V	wt
1	2	2	2	3	3	3	1	5

First choose  $1 \to 2$  at weight 2. Next choose  $2 \to 3$  at weight 3. All nodes are connected without cycles for a total weight of 3 + 2 = 5.

## **Function Description**

Complete the kruskals function in the editor below. It should return an integer that represents the total weight of the subtree formed.

*kruskals* has the following parameters:

- a nodes: an integer that represents the number of nodes in the tree
- g from: an array of integers that represent beginning edge node numbers
- g\_to: an array of integers that represent ending edge node numbers
- g\_weight: an array of integers that represent the weights of each edge

#### **Input Format**

The first line has two space-separated integers  $g\_nodes$  and  $g\_edges$ , the number of nodes and edges in the graph.

The next  $g\_edges$  lines each consist of three space-separated integers  $g\_from$ ,  $g\_to$  and  $g\_weight$ , where  $g\_from$  and  $g\_to$  denote the two nodes between which the **undirected** edge exists and  $g\_weight$ denotes the weight of that edge.

#### **Constraints**

- $2 \le g\_nodes \le 3000$
- $1 \le g\_edges \le \frac{N \times (N-1)}{2}$
- $1 \le g\_from, g\_to \le N$
- $0 < g \text{ weight} < 10^5$

**Note:** If there are edges between the same pair of nodes with different weights, they are to be considered as is, like multiple edges.

### **Output Format**

Print a single integer denoting the total weight of the Really Special SubTree.