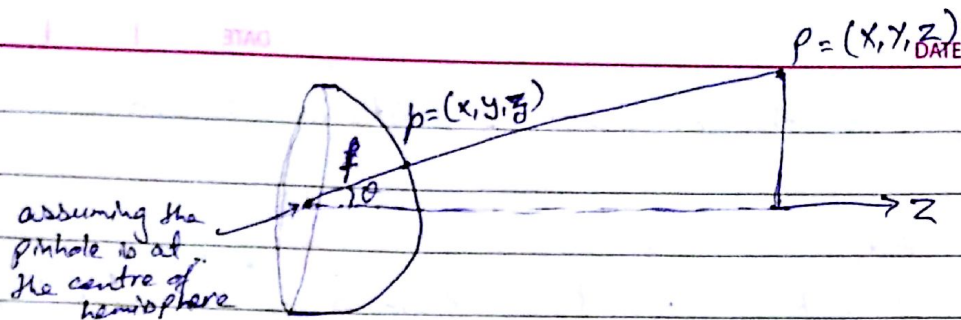


3.



$$x = -\frac{x f \cos \theta}{z}$$

$$y = -\frac{y f \cos \theta}{z}$$

$$z = -\frac{z f \cos \theta}{z}$$

$$\text{and } \cos \theta = \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$\therefore x = -\frac{f x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$y = -\frac{f y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$z = -\frac{f z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$\therefore \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \begin{bmatrix} f & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -f & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -f \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{-f}{\|p\|} p$$

where, both are in camera coordinate system.

So we need  $O_\theta, \theta, S_\theta, S_\phi$  and  $f$  as the intrinsic parameter.

where,  $S_\theta$  is divisions in  $\theta$

$S_\phi$  is divisions in  $\phi$

and  $f$  is the radius of hemisphere

$O_\theta$  is the  $\theta$ -coordinate of optical centre

$O_\phi$  is the  $\phi$ -

