## 2023-1 Computer Architecture Homework #1

Due: 3/31 (Fri) 11:59 p.m.

- **1.7** Consider two different implementations of the same instruction set architecture. The instructions can be divided into four classes according to their CPI (class A, B, C, and D). P1 with a clock rate of 2.5 GHz and CPIs of 1, 2, 3, and 3, and P2 with a clock rate of 3 GHz and CPIs of 2, 2, 2, and 2.
  - **1.7.1** [10] <§1.6> Given a program with a dynamic instruction count of 1.0E6 instructions divided into classes as follows: 10% class A, 20% class B, 50% class C, and 20% class D, which is faster: P1 or P2?
  - 1.7.2 [5] <§1.6> What is the global CPI for each implementation?
  - **1.7.3** [5] <§1.6> Find the clock cycles required in both cases.
- **1.9** The Pentium 4 Prescott processor, released in 2004, had a clock rate of 3.6 GHz and voltage of 1.25 V. Assume that, on average, it consumed 10 W of static power and 90 W of dynamic power.

The Core i5 Ivy Bridge, released in 2012, had a clock rate of 3.4 GHz and voltage of 0.9 V. Assume that, on average, it consumed 30 W of static power and 40 W of dynamic power.

- **1.9.1** [5] <§1.7> For each processor find the average capacitive loads.
- **1.9.2** [5] <§1.7> Find the percentage of the total dissipated power comprised by static power and the ratio of static power to dynamic power for each technology.

- **1.11** Assume a 15 cm diameter wafer has a cost of 12, contains 84 dies, and has 0.020 defects/cm<sup>2</sup>. Assume a 20 cm diameter wafer has a cost of 15, contains 100 dies, and has 0.031 defects/cm<sup>2</sup>.
  - **1.11.1** [5] <§1.5> Find the yield for both wafers.
  - **1.11.2** [5] <§1.5> Find the cost per die for both wafers.
- **1.12** The results of the SPEC CPU2006 bzip2 benchmark running on an AMD Barcelona has an instruction count of 2.389E12, an execution time of 750 s, and a reference time of 9650 s.
  - **1.12.1** [5] <§§1.6, 1.9> Find the CPI if the clock cycle time is 0.333 ns.
  - **1.12.2** [5] <§1.9> Find the SPECratio.
  - **1.12.3** [5] <§§1.6, 1.9> Find the increase in CPU time if the number of instructions of the benchmark is increased by 10% without affecting the CPI.
  - **1.12.4** [5] <§§1.6, 1.9> Find the increase in CPU time if the number of instructions of the benchmark is increased by 10% and the CPI is increased by 5%.
  - **1.12.5** [5] <§§1.6, 1.9> Find the change in the SPECratio for this change.
  - **1.12.6** [10] <§1.6> Suppose that we are developing a new version of the AMD Barcelona processor with a 4 GHz clock rate. We have added some additional instructions to the instruction set in such a way that the number of instructions has been reduced by 15%. The execution time is reduced to 700 s and the new SPECratio is 13.7. Find the new CPI.

- **1.14** Another pitfall cited in Section 1.11 is expecting to improve the overall performance of a computer by improving only one aspect of the computer. Consider a computer running a program that requires 250 s, with 70 s spent executing FP instructions, 85 s executed L/S instructions, and 40 s spent executing branch instructions.
  - **1.14.1** [5] <§1.11> By how much is the total time reduced if the time for FP operations is reduced by 20%?
  - **1.14.2** [5] <§1.11> By how much is the time for INT operations reduced if the total time is reduced by 20%?
  - **1.14.3** [5] <§1.11> Can the total time can be reduced by 20% by reducing only the time for branch instructions?