P1 time =
$$(1 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 2 \times 10^5 + 3 \times 5 \times 10^5 + 3 \times 2 \times 10^5) \times \frac{11}{25 \times 10^9} = \frac{26 \times 18}{2.5 \times 10^9 4} = \frac{26}{25 \times 10^3} = 164 \times 10^5 \text{s}$$

P2 time = $(2 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 2 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 5 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 2 \times 10^5) \times \frac{1}{3 \times 10^9} = \frac{20 \times 10^5}{3 \times 10^9} = \frac{20}{3} \times 10^9 \text{s}$

P2 is faster

(7.2)
$$CPI(PI) - \frac{26 \times 10^5}{10^6} = 2.6$$

 $CPI(P2) - \frac{20 \times 10^5}{10^6} = 2$

19.1) Pentium 4 color

$$90(dyningham) = \frac{1}{2}cp \log d \times 1.25^{2} \times 3.6 \times 10^{9}$$

$$180 = cp \log d \times 1.5625 \times 3.6 \times 10^{9}$$

$$cp \log d = \frac{180}{15625 \times 3.6 \times 10^{9}} = 3.2 \times 10^{-8} = 3.2 \times 10^{-8}$$

Gie :5

$$40(dynamicpower) = \frac{1}{2} cp load \times 0.9^{2} \times 3.4 \times 10^{9}$$

$$cp load = \frac{80}{0.81 \cdot 3.4 \cdot 10^{9}}$$

$$= 2.904 \times 10^{8} =$$

Penfilum 4 Static: dynamic = 1:9

Gre i5 Static: dynamic = 3:4

1. of total dissippled power by status power

yield =
$$\frac{1}{(1+(defets \times die area))^2}$$

Find the yield for both wasters

$$\frac{75}{25} = \frac{19}{375}$$
die area = $\frac{1}{64} = \frac{5025}{64}\pi$

Vield = $\frac{1}{(1+(\frac{31}{100}\times1000)^2)}$

$$\frac{1}{(1+(\frac{31}{100}\times1000)^2)}$$

$$\frac{75}{5125} = \frac{75}{64} = \frac{5025}{64}\pi$$

$$\frac{1}{(1+(\frac{31}{100}\times1000)^2)}$$

15 cm cost per die =
$$\frac{12}{64 \times 0.9593}$$
 = 0.1469

$$30cm \text{ ast per die} = \frac{15}{100 \times 0.9093}$$
= 0.1649

1.12 | exe dock cycles | ref clock cycles | CPU time = $IC \times CPI \times clock$ cycle time | one dock cycles | $\frac{96505}{0.333} \times 750$ | CPI = clock cycles $\times \frac{1}{IC}$ | $\frac{9650 \times 10^9 \text{ ns}}{0.333 \text{ ns}} \times 750$ | $\approx 2.24 \times 10^{12}$

$$CP = \frac{2.24 \times 10^{12}}{2.369 \times 10^{12}}$$

$$= 0.9376$$

SPEC vatio = ref time exe time
$$= \frac{9650}{750}$$

$$= 12.8666$$

1.12.3 \ CPO fine =
$$IC \times CPI \times \frac{I}{dick rate}$$

= $I.IIC \times CPI \times \frac{I}{clock rate}$

+ $IO\%$ in CPU fine

1.1. $IC \cdot I.05 CPI \cdot \frac{I}{clock rate}$

= $I.I.IC \cdot CPI \cdot \frac{I}{clock rate}$

= $I.I.IC \cdot CPI \cdot \frac{I}{clock rate}$

+ $I.I.IC \cdot CPI \cdot \frac{I}{clock rate}$

New SPC vatio = ref contine (old) Exetime (new)

= 0.6658

SPEC vatio has decreased about 14%.

$$700S = \frac{85}{100} IC \cdot CPI \cdot \frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^{9} hz}$$
 $700:100 \cdot 4.10^{9} \cdot \frac{1}{85} = IC \cdot CPI$
 2.389×10^{12}

$$13.7 (SPEC valio) = \frac{ref cpn time (old)}{700 s (new)}$$

$$CP1 = 1.3768$$

Cpu time
$$_{fp} = 70 \times \frac{\theta}{10} = 56 \text{ s}$$

total up time $_{fi} = 70 + 85 + 55 + 40 = 250$
total up time $_{fi} = 56 + 85 + 55 + 40 = 236$

$$/4 \text{ s is reduced}$$
, $\frac{236}{250} = \frac{944}{1000}$ 5.6% reduced

$$\frac{\text{CPU fine}_{\text{total}}}{\text{total cpu fine}} = 250 \times \frac{8}{10} = 200 \text{ s}$$

$$\frac{\text{total cpu fine}}{\text{(Geode)}} = 250$$

$$NT (old) = 250 - 70 - 65 - 40 = 55$$

 $NT (new) = 200 - 70 - 85 - 40 = 5$

55 50s is reduced, 91% reduced,

goal: 2005

70 (FP) + 85(LIS) + 55 (INT) + 0 (branch reduced to max) = 2105