خَنْفُقِينَ see خَيْفُقِ : = and see also خَيْفُقِينَ

A place, (TA,) or a level land, (A, TA,) in which the سُوَّاب [or mirage] quivers. (As, TA.) [See also مُوَّاب ...] __ And [the pl.] signifies The places of setting [of stars]: and is used as [a sing.,] meaning the place of setting of a star. (Ham p. 152.) [See also [.خافق

A broad sword: (JK, S, K:) or anything broad with which one strikes. (Mgh.)

[q. v.] (JK, S, K) with which one strikes [or flogs]: (S:) or (so in the K, but in the JK "and") a whip of wood: (JK, K:) so says Lth. (TA.)

A man (T) having a fluttering, or palpitation, of the heart. (IDrd, T, K.) _ And Possessed, bereft of reason, or insane; syn. : (AA, K :) fem. with 5. (AA.)

1. المُفْ, (Ş, K,) aor. مِنْفُو, (Ş,) inf. n. مِفْدُ (إِيْ إِيْ (ISd, K;) and مَفَى aor. رَخُفِي , aor. رَخُفِي inf. n. نَعْفَى; (Ş, TA ;) and مَعْفَى, aor. رَغْفَى inf. n. نفنى; (Kr, TA;) said of lightning, It flushed, gleamed, or shone, (S, K, TA,) faintly, extending sideways in the adjacent tracts of cloud: when it flashes, gleams, or shines, a little, and then ceases, not extending sideways, it is termed and when it cleaves the clouds, and extends high, into the midst of the sky, without going to the right and left, it is termed asia: (S, TA:) accord. to A'Obeyd, signifies the extending of lightning sideways in the tracts of the sky. (TA.) _ And las, (K,) inf. n. (TA,) It (a thing) appeared. (K, TA. [See also ([.خفی .in art .خفی

i. q. iii., (K, TA, [in the CK, erroneously, عَفَيتُ لَهُ an inf. n. of عَفِيتُ as syn. with اخْتَفَيْتُ , (Ke and TA in art. حفى, q. v.,) the and being interchangeable. (TA.)

1. مَعْنَى, (Mgh, Mab, K,) aor. مِنْعُنَى, (Mab, K,) inf. n. ilia, (Mgh, Msb, K,) has two contr. significations : (Mgh, Msb :) It was, or became, unperceived or imperceptible, [or hardly perreived or perceptible, by any of the senses, or only by the eye or ear, or by the mind; mostly] unapparent, or not apparent; (K;) [latent; obscure; | hidden, concealed, or covered; (Mgh, Msb;) [or unconspicuous; but also faint, or dim, to the sight; suppressed, or stifled, said of the voice; or low, faint, gentle, or soft, to the ear; and obscure to the mind, abstrusc, recondite, occult, or covert; and secret, private, or clandestine:] and the contr., i. e. it appeared; it was, or became, apparent, open, manifest, plain, or evident; (Mgh, Msb;) [as also استخفی : (see , below:)] or, accord. to some, the particle

meaning from the other: (Msb:) you say, aule, aor. and inf. n. as above, (S, Mgh, Mab, TA,) it (a thing, or an affair, Mgh) was, or became, unperceived or imperceptible, [&c., by him;] unapparent, or not apparent, [or obscure, &c., to him ;] (TA;) or hidden, or concealed, from him: (Mgh, Msb:) and خفى it appeared to him; it was, or became, perceptible, apparent, open, &c., to him: [but see what follows:] (Mgh, Msb:) whence the sayings of Mohammad, [app. the Hanasee Imam,] referring to spoils, فَحَفِي i. e. It ap. رَبُهُمْ أَنْ يَذْهَبُوا بِهَا وَيَكْتُمُوهَا أَهْلَ الشُّوكِ peared [to them that they should go away with them, or take them away, and conceal them from the believers in a plurality of gods], and خَفَى [It appeared] لَهُمْ أَنْ يُخْرِجُوهَا إِلَى دَارِ الإسلام to them that they should take them forth to the territory of El-Islam]: but this is said only in relation to that which appears from a state of concealment or from a hidden quarter. (Mgh.) [Hence,] برح الحفاة The affair, or case, became manifest: (S, K:) or the state of concealment departed, or ceased; but the former explanation is better: or, as some say, till here signifies the secret; and the meaning is, the secret became apparent : (TA:) or, lit., the low ground became high and apparent; meaning twhat was concealed became revealed. (Ḥar pp. 133-4. [See also art. אرح.]) [And على خفاء means Covertly, secretly, privately, stealthily, or clandestinely. (See also what غَفَيْتُ , aor. -, (K,) inf. n. خَفِيتُ لَهُ __ (follows.)] and عفية (Msb, K) and مخفوة (K,) the ي and being interchangeable, (TA,) significs اعْتَفَيْتُ being interchangeable, [i. e. I made myself unapparent to him, lurked, or lay hid or in ambush, for him; cloaked, or disguised, myself to him; hid, or concealed, myself from him]: (K:) [for] اختفى signifies he hid, or concealed, himself, (Fr, El-Fárábec, JK, Msb, K,) as also from him; (TA;) as also ا استخفی ال (Fr, * JK, * Msb, K,) and استخفی ا (IAar, K,) and تخفي also is syn. with المتنفي [in this sense]: (Z, TA:) or you say, الشَّغَفِيْتُ meaning I hid, or concealed, myself from thee; but not اختفیت (IKt, Th, S, Msb :) or in the sense of is not of high authority, nor is it disallowed, (Az, Msb, TA,) but أستخفى is more usual. (Az, TA.) You say, عَفْيَةُ and عَفْيَةُ [I did it covertly, secretly, privately, stealthily, or clandestinely]. (Mab) And عَفُوةُ and عُمُوةُ [He was slain covertly, secretly, &c.]. (JK.) And asia aldi [lit. He eats it covertly, &c.,] means he steals it. (K.) In the saying in the Kur [vii. 53], is the meaning [of the last word] , رَبُّكُمْ تَضَرَّعًا وَخُفْيَةً is, Submissively, devoting yourselves to his service : or, accord. to Zj, adhering to his service in your minds: or, accord. to Th, celebrating Him in your minds: or, accord. to Lh, in quietness, and stillness: (TA:) or secretly; and so in the similar passage in the Kur vi. 63. (Jel, and so Bd on this latter passage.) خَفْيَة is from خَفْية [explained below in this paragraph]: (JK:) the intrans, v. whereof is اختفی [signifying It (the that connects it with its subject distinguishes one voice) was, or became, suppressed, or stifled; or

low, faint, gentle, or soft; like , which is more common]. (Lth, TA.) = , ich, aor. (JK, S, Mab, K,) inf. n. مُعْنى (JK, Mab, K) and , (K,) also has two contr. significations: (S, Msb, TA :) He made it perceptible, apparent, open, manifest, plain, or evident: (JK, S, Mab, K:) and he hid, or concealed, or covered, it; (8, Msb, K; [in this latter sense, erroneously written in the CK عُفَاهُ ;]) as also اخفاه ا: (S, K:) or, accord. to some, this latter has the latter meaning ; and the former verb has [only] the former meaning: but accord. to others, the reverse is the case: (Msb:) or, accord. to Aboo-'Alee El-Kálee, the former verb has the former meaning only; and the latter verb has both meanings: (IB, TA:) the latter is also explained as signifying he removed its , i. e. its covering : (TA:) and the former, as meaning he made it to come forth from a state of concealment: (JK:) and he drew it forth; (K;) as also tolazel. (S, Msb, K.) One says, مَفَى البَطَر الفَأْر The rain made the rats, or mice, to come forth from their holes. (8.) It is إِنَّ السَّاعَةُ ٱتَّهَةً أَكَادُ ,[xx. 15] said in the Kur أَخْفَمَا , (JK, TA,) or المُغْمَا , (JK, S, TA,) accord. to different readers : (TA:) the former means [Verily the hour of the resurrection is coming:] I am almost making it to appear: (JK, TA:) and the latter, I am almost removing that which conceals it : (S, IJ, TA:) or I almost conceal it: (JK, TA:) or, as Ubeí reads it, [I almost conceal it from Myself]: and Fr says [that the meaning is], I almost conceal it from Myself, and how then should I acquaint you therewith? (TA.) And it is said in a trad. respecting the flight [from Mekkeh], اخفى عَنَّا خَبَرَكَ [written without the or اخفی vowel-signs, so that it may be i. e. Conceal thou thine information from such as may ask thee respecting us. (TA.) And in another trad., عَانَ يَخْفِي صُوْتُهُ بِأَنِينٍ, thus with fet-h to the G, meaning He used to make his voice perceptible [or audible, with moaning]. (TA.) And you say, أَخْفَيْتُ الصُّوتَ [meaning I suppressed, or stifled, the voice; or made it low, faint, gentle, or soft]. (Lth, JK, TA.) [And He uttered speech, or the speech, in a low, faint, gentle, or soft, tone; he spoke in a low, faint, gentle, or soft, manner; lit. he made speech, or the speech, to be low, &c.] = يغفى aor. يَخْفَى; and يَخْفَى, aor. يَخْفَى; inf. n. of each خَفْي; said of lightning: see خَفْي, in art.

4, as an intrans. v.: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, near the middle. = As a trans. v.: see 1, in seven places, in the latter half of the paragraph.

5: see 1, in the former half of the paragraph, near the middle.

8, as an intrans. v.: see 1, in four places. ___ , said of a man, [if it be not a mistranscription for اُخْتَفِي رَمْهُ, like رُمْهُ,] signifies also He was slain covertly, secretly, or clandestinely. (JK.) = As a trans. v.: see 1. _ You say also اختفى ميتا He drew forth a dead body