A man (L) having a hoarse, harsh, or gruff, voice. (L, K.) — And A man speaking, or talking: or talkative. (TA.) — And أَلْفُعُنا لَعُلَامُ is the name of A river in Paradise. (S, K.)

## فحث

1. فَحَتُ عَنْهُ, (O, K,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. , (O, TA,) i. q. [He searched, or sought, for, or after, it; inquired, or sought information, respecting it; searched into, inquired into, investigated, scrutinized, or examined, it; &c.]; (IDrd, O, K, TA;) namely, a thing; (IDrd, O;) or news, or a story; (TA;) as also information.

8: see what immediately precedes.

tion, or appertenance, called] مُفَتُ (Ṣ, O, Ķ) of the stomach of a ruminant animal, also termed the بناة, which has أَفُناتُ : (Ṣ, O: [see more in art. :]) pl. of the former أَفُناتُ (O, TA.) — And one says, مَنَا أَفُناتُهُ meaning He filled his وَفَالُهُ [i. e. belly]. (IF, O.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

## فحج

1. فَحَجُ فِي مِشْيَتِهِ , aor. -ْ , inf. n. فِحَجُ فِي مِشْيَتِهِ , (Ṣ,) this is the form of the verb commonly known, like other verbs signifying faults, and that it is the correct form, and not as it is written in the K [and O], is indicated by the forms of the inf. n. فَحَمْ and the epithet إِنْكُ (MF;) as also المُعَمِّ (Ş,) and الفحج (K,) and الفحج ; (TA;) He had the fore parts of his feet near together, and his heels wide apart, [i. e. he turned in his toes, and turned out his heels,] in his gait: (S, K:) or signifies the having the middle of the legs wide apart, [or having the legs bowed outwards,] in a man, and in a beast (Lis): (Mgh, L:) [or the having the shanks wide apart: (see :)] or the having the thighs wide apart : [see also 1 in art. فعي and the verb is فعي, inf. n. and and jethus written, app. فحجة, which is the inf. n. un.]; the latter inf. n. mentioned by Lh. (L.) \_ And \_, (accord. to the K,) or , (accord. to MF,) He magnified himself, or behaved proudly. (K.)

2: see the preceding paragraph: and see also 5.

He parted the hind legs of his milch camel; i. e., made an opening, or intervening space, between them; (S, O, K;) in order that he might milk her. (S, O.) also signifies He refrained, or desisted, or drew back; syn. (O, K.) And one says, i. (O, K.) meaning He turned, or turned away or back, from it, or him; syn. (O, K.)

signifies The parting of one's legs, or making an opening between them, (AA, S, O, K,) when sitting; as also أَنَتُنَا اللهُ اللهُ

7: see the first paragraph.

The mode of walking of him who is termed . (S, O.)

an inf. n.: (Ş, L, TA:) see 1.

Having the fore parts of the feet near together, and the heels wide apart: (S, O, K:) or having the middle of the legs wide apart: (Mgh, L:) fem. i: the former applied to a man [&c.]; and the latter, to a beast (&i) [&c.]: (S, Mgh, O, L:) or having the thighs wide apart: or having the legs wide apart: or having curved, or bowed, legs. (L.) [See also ii, in art. i.]

## فحس

1. أَحْسَنُ, aor. -, inf. n. أَحْسَنُ, He took a thing from his hand, with his tongue and his mouth; such as water &c.: (Lth, T, O, K:) or he licked up a thing with his tongue, from his hand. (O: but only the inf. n. is mentioned.) — And أَحْسَنُ haor. as above, (O,) and so the inf. n., (O, K,) He rubbed [the ears off] the السُلَّة, (O, K, TA,) a particular species of barley, (TA,) so that the awn, or beard, [thereof] became removed (O, K, TA) and scattered. (TA.)

4. le (a man) abraded by degrees, lit., thing after thing. (TA.)

Q. Q. 2. The carried himself in an elegant and a proud and self-conceited manner, with an affected inclining of his body from side to side, in his gait: (0, K:\*) and so

## فحش

1. فَعَنْ , aor. - , inf. n. فَعَنْ (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K) and فَعَنْ , (TA,) It (a thing, or an affair, or anything, TA, or any evil thing, Ṣ) was, or became, excessive, immoderate, enormous, exorbitant, beyond measure, (Ṣ, O, TA,) or overmuch; (O, K, TA;) as also نقاشت : (Ṣ, TA:) it (a thing) was or became, foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly; [gross, immodest, lewd, or obscene;] as also فَعَنْ نَا (Mṣb:) [or excessively, or beyond measure, foul, &c.: (see أَعَنْ اَنَا نَا لَا اَلَّالَ اَلَّالُ اَلَّالُ اللَّالُ اللَّالُ اللَّالُ اللَّالُ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلِيْ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّهِ وَمَا اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلَّ اللَّلِيْ اللَّلِيْ اللَّلِيْ اللَّهُ ال

2: see 4, in two places.

3. مُفَاحِسَهُ, (T in art. أبناً) inf. n. مُفَاحِسَهُ, (T and K in that art.,) [He vied with him, or strove to surpass him, in foul, unseemly, gross, or obscene, speech or language: and he held such discourse

5. signifies The parting of one's legs, with him: ] the inf. n. is syn. with signifies The parting of one's legs, with him: ] the inf. n. is syn. with signifies an entire of them (AAS) and K in that art.)

4. (كِهُ), افحش في المُنْطِق or المُنْطِق المُؤهِرِي المُنْطِق 4. or فِي كُلَامِهِ, (Mgh,) or فِي كُلَامِهِ, (A,) inf. n. and to Lh and Kr, but إفْسَاش the latter is correctly a simple subst. [used as an inf. n. of this verb], (TA,) He uttered فعش (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) i.e., foul, evil, bad, abominable, unseemly, [gross, immodest, levd, or obscene,] قَحَشُ ♦ speech or language ; (Mgh, Msb;) as also (Mgh,) ,فـمَّش ♦ في الكلام (TA,) and ,في المنطق or في كلامه (A,) and في كلامه : (Ṣ, A:) and تَفَاحَشُ also signifies the same; and he manifested, discovered, or revealed, or he made a show of, such speech or language. (O, \* K, \* TA.) He uttered such | افحش عَلَيْه فِي الهَنْطِقِ You say, speech or language against him]; (§;) and in like manner, ﴿ فَحَشَ \* (TA,) and ; (Mgh;) and He افحش Also \_\_\_ (TA.) \_ كُلَّيْه بِلسَانه was, or became, niggardly, tenacious, or avaricious.

5: see 4, in two places: \_\_ and see 10.

6: see 1, in two places: \_\_ and see 4.

10. استفده الله deemed it foul, evil, bad, abominable, unseemly, immodest, levd, or obscene: or excessively, or beyond measure, foul, &c.]. (Mgh in art. تفدش أبالشّي He deemed the thing foul, evil, &c.: or excessively, or beyond measure, foul, &c. (TA.)

inf. n. of before inf. n. of inf.

نَحْشَاءُ: see فَحْشَاءُ, in three places : \_\_\_ and see also

see the next paragraph.

Anything, (Mab, TA,) or any evil thing, (S,) excessive, immoderate, enormous, exorbitant, beyond measure, exceeding the proper bounds or limits, (S, O, Msb, TA,) or overmuch: (O, K, TA:) anything not agreeable with truth, and with rule or measure: (TA:) foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly; [gross, immodest, lend, or obscene;] applied to a thing or an affair, (Mgh, Msb.) and to speech or language. (TA.) It is said in a trad., He was asked respecting the blood of fleas, [whether it rendered a garment impure,] and said إِنْ لَمْرِ يَكُنْ فَاحِشًا فَلَا بَأْسَ بِهِ If it is not excessive, or beyond measure, there is no harm in it. (TA.) \_ A man who transgresses the proper bounds or limits [in anything: and particularly] in speech or language, (TA,) and in reply: (K, TA:) who is foul, evil, bad, abominable, or unseemly; [gross, immodest, lend, or obscene;] in speech or language, (Mgh, TA,) and in action : (TA:) and signifies the same;