Q. 4. ازمبرت They (the stars) shone, (Ṣ, Ķ,) and were intensely bright. (TA.) _ It (the eye) became red by reason of anger, (Ķ,) on the occasion of some distressing event; (TA;) as also ازمبرت (AZ, Ṣ, Ķ.) _ إنهبرت It (the face) grinned, so as to display the teeth; or became contracted, with a stern, an austere, or a morose, look. (Ķ.) _ It (a day) became intensely cold. (K.)

by God as a punishment for the unbelievers in the latter state. (TA.) In the Kur lxxvi. 13, j means Hurting cold: (Bd:) or [simply] cold: (Jel:) or, accord. to some, it there has the meaning next following. (Bd, Jel.) — The moon; (K;) in the dial of Teiyi. (TA.)

Laughing so as to show the teeth: (K:) from the likeness to the shining of stars. (TA.)

Angry: (K:) or violently angry. (S.)

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4. أَزْنْتُهُ I thought him to possess good or evil; as also أزنته , aor. ع , inf. n. زنته or both mean I imputed, or attributed, to him good or evil: he thought such بِشَرِّ or زَنَّ ♦ فُلَانًا بِخَيْرٍ he thought such a one to possess good or evil; like أَزْنَهُ syn. وَظُنَّهُ بِهِ. syn. وَظُنَّهُ بِهِ (K:) or, accord. to Lh, one says, ازننته بهال and I thought him to possess [property and (as appears from what is said below on his authority) wealth]: but أننته is what the vulgar say, and is wrong. (TA.) And أَزْنَتْهُ بِشَيْءٍ, (Ş,) or الْرَنْتُهُ بِشَيْءٍ (K,) and also بَرُنْتُهُ * بكنا, (Har p. 112,) [and accord. to Golius ازتنته , mentioned by him as from the S, but not found therein by Freytag, nor by me in either of my copies,] I suspected him of a thing, or of such a thing: (S, K, and Har ubi suprà:) [but] Lh says, إِذَ يَكُونُ الإِزْنَانُ is not said in أَزَنَّ is not said in إلى الخَيْر relation to that which is good: see what is cited on his authority above]. (TA.) And ازنه بالأمر He suspected him of the thing, or affair; like [He is suspected of مُو يُزِنُ بِكُذَا Ṣ.) And هُو يُزِنُ بِكُذَا such a thing]. (S.) Hassán says,

حَصَانٌ رَزَانٌ مَا تُزَنُّ بِرِيبَةٍ

i. e. [Chaste, staid,] she is not suspected of evil: [in which تُزَنَّ may be from وُنُتُ or from رُنُتُ but some restrict themselves to the quadriliteral verb [زان]]. (Mşb.)

8: see 4. Bk. I. A suspicion: whence the saying, أَبُو زِنَّة A suspicion: whence the saying, أَبُو زِنَّة A pe, or baboon, or monkey, ثَرُو أَنَّة أَخُو زَنَّة The ape, or baboon, or monkey, أَبُو زِنَّة (القُرْدُ), worse than he is the person who has conceived a suspicion: (A, TA:) [for] أَبُو زِنَّة (so in three copies of the Ṣ and in my MŚ. copy of the K,) or أَبُو زِنَّة (thus in the CK and TK and JM, [in the second and third of which it is expressly said to be "with kesr," which, however, the author of the K should have added, accord. to his usual practice, if he meant it to be thus,]) significs القَرْدُ (Ṣ, K.)

see what next precedes, in two places.

أَنْنَ and مَاهُ زَنَنَ , [which suggests that مَاهُ زَنَنَ is an inf. n. used as an epithet,] A water, and waters, small in quantity, and narrow: (K:) [for] زَنَنَ signifies strait, or narrow; like زَنَنَ and زَنَنَ [which do not belong to this art.]: (TA:) or are mans [a place of water] of which one knows not whether there be in it water or not. (K.)

زُنَاءً Short [or contracted] shade; like وَنَاءً [mentioned in art. نَاءً]. (K.)

رُنَانَى A fluid like mucus, that falls from the noses of camels: (K:) but the more approved word is ذُنانَى (TA.)

زَانِي A man who suffices for himself, without any other. (K.)

زَنَّانُ One who opines, or conjectures, much; i. q. طَنَّانُ. (TA.)

رَبِّينُ One suppressing his urine and his ordure: occurring in a trad.: or, as some say, it is زَبِّينُ, [q. v.,] with ب. (TA. [But see 1, and see also what here follows.])

syn. خافن: such is one of the persons forbidden, in a trad., to act as إمار to others. (TA in art. نصر: mentioned also, but not expl., in the present art. in the TA.) [See also the next preceding paragraph.]

Ü;

1. رَنَا فِي الجَبَلِ (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ,) aor. -, (Mṣb, K,*) inf. n. زُنُوهُ and زُنُوهُ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) He ascended the mountain. (S, Msb, K.) __ إِزَنَا إِلَيْه ___ (S, K,) aor. as above, (K,) inf. n. زُنُونُ (S, K) and زن:, (K,) He (a man, S) had recourse to it (a thing, TA) for refuge, protection, preservation, concealment, covert, or lodging. (S, K.) _ And He approached it, or drew near to it; (K, TA;) namely, a thing. (TA.) [Hence,] زُنَا الخَيْسِينَ (Ṣ,) or الْنَهْسِين, inf. n. زُنْ, (TA,) He drew near to the [age of] fifty [years]. (S, TA.)________ said of the shade, (S, K,) It became short; (S;) it contracted, shrank, or drew together. (K.) Said of a place, (TA in art. ,i,] It was, or became, strait, or narrow; and bj, without ., inf. n. is a dial. var. thereof in this sense. (ISd, K,

Mab, K,) aor. -, (S, TA,) or -, (Mab,) inf. n. زُنْ: (S, Mab, TA) and زُنْ: (TA,) It became retained, or suppressed. (S, Mab, K, TA.) — Also He, or it, clave to the ground. (K.) — He hastened, or made haste. (K.) — And He was, or became, affected with a lively emotion, either of joy or of grief; syn. (K.) — See also 2, in two places: and see 4. — ij is also expl. in the K as signifying مرابع [He throttled, or strangled]: but [SM says,] I have not found any of the leading lexicologists to have mentioned this, unless it be a mistranscription for imaging assigned to this verb below: see 4]. (TA.)

2. عَلَيْهُ j, inf. n. تَزْنَعُةُ, He straitened, or oppressed, him; made strait, or close, to him; (Ṣ, K, TA;) as also ازَنَّوْا لا عَلَيْهُ (TA.) The verb occurs without , written زَنُّو إلا عَلَيْهُ by poetic license, in a saying of a rajiz cited in art. شدخ, as an ex. of the word وَنَوُوا لا عَلَيْهُ الصَّارَةُ (Ṣ.) And وَنَوُوا لا عَلَيْهُ الصَّارَةُ (Ṣ.) And وَنَوُوا لا عَلَيْهُ الصَّارَةُ occurs in a trad. as meaning They made the stones strait, or close, to him, or upon him. (TA.)

ين Straitness, or narrowness; syn. فيق. (Ş. [So in my copies: perhaps a mistranscription for , a meaning mentioned in the next sentence.]) = Strait, or narron; syn. ضَيَّق: you say [A strait, or narrow, place] : and إِنَا: narrow well]: so in the Faik. (TA.) _ Short (S, K) and compact, or contracted: (K:) applied to a man: and to shade. (S.) - Retaining, or suppressing, his urine; (S, Msb, K;) as also أني (Msb.) So in a trad. in which it is said that a man is forbidden to pray when he is ;; (S, TA;) or where it is said that the prayer of one who is الذي will not be accepted : (Mab :) or the latter word in this case means one who is ascending a mountain; because he has not full power [to pray], or because he is straitened by being out of breath. (TA.) = Also, [app. because of its narrowness,] A grave. (TA.)

زنی: A small skin for water or milk. (K.) [See also زَنی, in art. زنو.]

: see زُانِيُّ , in two places.

أَوْنَا More, or most, strait: so in the saying كَانَ لَا يُحِبُّ مِنَ الدِّنْيَا إِلَّا أَزْنَاهَا [He used not to love, of worldly enjoyments, or blessings, save the more, or most, strait thereof]. (MF.)

نيو

Q. 2. تَزَنْبَرُ عَلَيْنًا He behaved proudly, or تَزَنْبَرُ عَلَيْنًا is a dial. var. thereof in this sense. (ISd, K, haughtily, to us, (K, TA,) and fromned, or TA; all in art. ارنو Said of the urine, (S, looked sternly, austerely, or morosely. (TA.)