(A:) or tried and strengthened him. (S, L.) Suheym Ibn-Wetheel says,

[And the applying myself to the management of affairs has tried and strengthened mc]. (S, L.) See 3, in art. .cc. And see ...

which signifies The , نُوَاجِدُ sing. of نَوَاجِدُ furthest of the أضراس [or molar teeth], (S, A, L, Msb, K,) of a man; (S, Msb;) which are four in number, (S, L, Msb, K,) next after the أَضْرَاسُ الحُلُمِ (L;) also called أَرْحَهُ, [or the teeth of puberty, and أَضْرَاسُ العَقْل , or the wisdom-teeth,] (S, Mgh, L, Msb,) because they grow after the attaining to puberty, and the completion of the intellectual faculties: (S, L, Msh:) or all the اضراس [or molar-teeth]: or the teeth next behind the canine teeth: (L, Mab, K:) altogether four in number: (L, Mab:) or the canine teeth: (L, Msb, K:) which last, accord. to Th, (L, Msb,) or the last but one, accord. to IAth, (L,) is the signification meant in the trad. (respecting Mohammad, L.) فَحَكُ He laughed so that his حَتَّى بَدَتُ نُوَاجِدُهُ appeared]; (L, Msb;) because Mohammad's utmost laugh was slight; or this is a hyperbolical expression, not meant to be literally understood; for the signification of نواجد most commonly obtaining is the first of those given above: (L:) the phrase also signifies he laughed violently, or immoderately: (S, L:) the term is also sometimes used in relation to the horse, (S, L,) or a solid-hoofed animal, as well as man; (Bári', Msb;) and they are [termed] in a soft-footed animal such as the camel ; and the سَوَالِع in a cloven-hoofed animal. nith all his grinders. (L, from a trad.) \_\_ أَبْدَى : + Ile was immoderate in his laughter ناجذه and, in his anger. (A.) \_ عُضَّ عَلَى نَاجِدُه + He attained to the age of puberty; or of manly vigour; or of firmness, or soundness, of judgment: (A, L, K: ) and he bacame patient, and firm, rigorous, or hardy, in the management of affairs. (I.) \_ بَلَغَ فِي العِلْمِ وَغَيْرِهِ بِنَاجِدِهِ + He made his knowledge, &c., sound, or firm. (A.) \_ يَدَتْ appeared by reason of anger نواجده or of laughter. (L.)

the man (S, L) tried and strengthened by experience; expert, or experienced: (T, S, L, K:) or (so in the L; in the K, and) who has experienced probations, trials, or calamities, (Lh, L, K,) and thus become a vigorous manager of affairs. (TA.) See also

مَنَاجِنُ [*Moles*]: used as pl. of مُنَاجِدُ, (L, K,) and of مُنَاجِدُ. (L, K, &c., art. مُنْدُ.) نجر

زَجْر, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb,) aor. ع., (Ṣ, Mṣb,) inf. n. نَجْر, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K,) He worked wood as a carpenter; cut or hewed it; formed or fashioned it by cutting; cut it out; hewed it out; shaped it out; syn. نَحْرَة (Lth, Ṣ, A, K;) or, as some say, نَحْرة (TA.) عَرْبَة (TA.) [aor. as above, accord. to the rule of the K.] inf. n. هُمُعْمَ (K,) She (a woman) made, or prepared, the kind of food called مُحْمِرة (K, TA,) for her children, and her pastors. (TA.)

the shape, or form, of a man [or beast]; his appearance, or external state or condition: (TA:) † species; distinctive quality or property; syn. نَجُارُ : (S, TA:) as also نَجُارُ : (S, TA:) that re; natural or native disposition or temper or other quality or property; (A, TA;) of a man [&c.]; as also نَجُارُ : (A [in my copy of the A written erroneously : (A:) origin; syn. in a salso in the protect; rank or quality, nobility, honourableness, or estimableness; syn. in (S, TA;) as also in the prov.,

Every species of camels is their species: (S:) or every origin &c.: (K:) [and every mark of the camels of the various peoples of the world is their mark: (the latter hemistich is omitted in the S, K, but inserted in the TA:)] the camels here mentioned by the poet were stolen from among a variety of camels, and comprised every species [with every mark]. (TA.) The proverb is applied to him who confounds things; (S;) and means, he has in him every sort of disposition, and has no opinion in which he is settled. (A'Obeyd, S, K.) [See Freytag's Arab. Prov., ii. 317. See also jui.]

The piece of wood in which is the foot of a door: (K:) or the piece of wood upon which the foot of a door turns: (S:) or the foot of a door, upon which it turns: (A:) or the رُدُونُد [a Persian word signifying a bolt, and a hook,] of a door. (IAar, TA.) [Chald. בַּנְרָא vectis, pessulus: (Golius:) which suggests that the original signification may be that assigned by IAar: but the first and second and third are alone agreeable with the following verse.] AO, cites this ex.:

صَبَبْتُ الْهَاءَ فِي النَّجْرَانِ حَتَّى تَـرُكُتُ البَـابَ لَيْسَ لَهُ صَرِيرُ [I poured water into, or upon, the نجران, so that I made the door to have no creaking]. (Ş.)

and نَجْرُ see بُنَجْرُ, throughout.

[Cuttings, chips, parings, shavings, or the like, of wood;] what is cut, or hewn, (K, TA,) from wood, (TA,) when it is worked by the carpenter. (TA.)

The art of carpentry. (Msb, K.)

Milk mixed with flour: or with clarified butter: (K:) or, accord. to Abu-l-Ghamr El-Kilábee, fresh milk to which clarified butter is added. (S.) See مريرة.

A carpenter. (S, A, Msb, K.)

The anchor of a ship, (A, K,) composed of pieces of wood, (K, TA,) which are put with their heads in contrary directions, and the middles of which are bound together in one place, after which, (TA,) molten lead is poured between them, so that they become like a rock; (K, TA;) the heads of the pieces of wood project, and to these are tied ropes; then it is lowered in the water, (TA,) and when it becomes fast, the ship becomes fast: (K, TA:) it is a Persian word, (TA,) arabicized, from 

Liù: (K, TA:) [or from the Greek ἄγκυρα:] accord. to the T, a word of the dial. of El-'Irúk. (TA.) You say

إِجَّارٌ see إِنْجَارٌ.

Wood worked, cut, hewed, formed, or fushioned by the carpenter. (A.)

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1. نَجْزُ , aor. ع, (Ṣ, K,) inf. n. نَجْزُ; (Ṣ;) and ; (TK;) It (a thing, نَجْزُ, aor. ٤, (K,) inf. n. نَجْزَ S, TA,) came to an end; came to nought; perished, passed away: (S, K, TA:) in these senses, the former is the more chaste, and has been so generally used that the latter has been said to be not allowable; but both have been heard. (TA.) It (a speech or discourse) finished, (K, TA,) and became complete. (TA.) He (a man) died: (S:) occurring in a verse of En-Nábighah Edh-Dhubyánee: as related by J, but as related by A'Obeyd, نُجَزُ, (TA.) = نَجَزَ الوَعْدُ (A, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. 2, (Msb, K,) inf. n. نَجْزُ; (Msb;) and نَجْزُ, aor. د, (K;) inf. n. نَجْز; (TK;) The promise came to pass, and was accomplished: (A, Mgh:) or the promise was prompt, or quick, in taking effect : (Msb:) or the thing promised (TK) came, arrived, or became present: (K, TA:) in this sense, the former is the more chaste; but both have been heard. (TA.) = نَجْزُ is also trans.: see 4, in four places.

2: see 4.