(Ṣ, TA. [For بذنيه, Golius appears to have read (O,) or cast, (K,) her offspring before its ma-([.بذنبه

4. إعجال, (Ş, Mgh, Msb, TA,) inf. n. إعجال; (TA;) and مجله , inf. n. تعجيل; (S, O, TA;) and استعجله (Ş;) and استعجله (K, TA;) He incited, excited, urged, instigated, induced, or made, him to haste, hasten, make haste, speed, or be quick; (S, Mgh, Msb, K, TA;) and commanded, or bade, him, to haste, &c. (K.) One says, مَا أَعْجَلْنِي فَعَجِلْتُ لَهُ [He incited me, &c., to haste, &c., and I hasted, &c., to him]. (O, TA.) And it is said in the Kur [xiii. 7], المناف المام And it is said in the Kur [xiii. 7], المام ال [And they incite thee to haste with that which is evil before that which is good]: and [in xxii. 46 and xxix. 53,] المنتعب في المنابع عبد المنابع عبد المنابع عبد المنابع عبد المنابع ال [And they incite thee to haste with the punishment]: (TA:) and استعجل الم significs He hastened himself. (MA.) \_\_ ales signifies also [He incited him to haste, &c., by going before him: and hence it is expl. as meaning also] سبقه [i.e. he preceded him, or it; he had, got, or took, precedence of him, or it; he was, or became, beforehand with him, or it; or he anticipated him, or it]; as also take; and استعجله (K:) or استعجلته signifies I went before him, or preceded him, (S, O, TA,) and so incited him to haste : (TA :) and أَمُو رَبِكُمُ أَمُو رَبِكُمُ in the Kur [vii. 149], means أَسَبَقْتُمْ [i. e. Have ye anticipated the command of your Lord?]: (S, O:) or have ye left [the fulfilment of ] the command of your Lord incomplete? (Ksh, Bd;) being made to imply, (Ksh,) or as though it were made to imply, (Bd,) the meaning of , wherefore it is made trans. like this latter verb; (Ksh, Bd;) the phrase meaning أعَجِلْتُو in , وَمَا أَعْجَلَكَ عَنْ قَوْمِكَ (Ksh.) . عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبُّكُمْر the Kur [xx. 85, lit. And what caused thee to كَيْف [virtually], means [virtually] [i. e. how is it that thou camest before thy party?]. (O.) \_ One says also, اعجل الشَّيء [He did the thing hastily, or hurriedly, before its time]. (O and K in art. غرض.) And [He made it, or did it, hastily, or hurriedly, or he hurried it, before, or so as to prevent, its becoming mature]. (S and K. in art. عَجِلْتُ \* i. e. أُعُجِلْتُهُ عَنِ ٱسْتِلَالِ سَيْفِهِ And فطر [ I was quich, or beforehand, with him, and ] I flurried him, so that he could not draw his sword: رَأَى صَيْدًا فَرَكِبَ فَرَسَهُ وَأُعْجِلَ whence the saying, رَأَى صَيْدًا فَرَكِبَ فَرَسَهُ وَأُعْجِل He saw an animal of the ] عَنْ حَرْبَتِهِ أَوْ سُوْطه chase, and he mounted his horse, or mare, and was incited by haste so as to be prevented from taking his dart or his whip]: and the saying, هُلَاكُ الْهَال i. e. The perishing of the cattle, or property, prevented, or precluded, him from paying it], namely, the زكاة [or poor-rate]; which is an instance of the extension of the signification. (Mgh.) \_\_ said of the pregnant, (O,) or of a she-camel, (K,) [as

turity. (O, K.) \_ And land said of palmtrees, (نَخْل) They had ripe fruit before its full time. (Mgh.) - And, said of a camel, He leaped [up] when the rider had mounted him and had not yet become firmly seated upon him. (TA.) [See Jase.]

5, as intrans.: see 1, first sentence. \_\_ Hence, The heat came speedily, or quickly. (Mgh.) And تعبل الثَّمَن [The price was, or became, given in ready money, or promptly, or quickly, or in advance]. (Msb in art. نض.) \_ And تعجّل الشّي The thing came before its time. (W p. 83.) = كَذَا (Ş, Mgh, O) He took, or received, in ready money, or promptly, or quickly, [or in advance,] of the hire, such a sum. (Mgh.) And تعمل المال He took, or received, promptly, or quickly, [or in advance,] the property. (Msb.) \_ : تَعَجَّلْتُ الشَّيْء I constrained myself to do the thing in haste. (Ḥam p. 28.) \_ And عَالَتُ عَرَاجَهُ I constrained him to hasten [the payment of] his [tax called] خراج (TA.) \_ See also 4, first sentence. And see 2, near the end.

10, as intrans.: see 1, first sentence. I desired, or required, or demanded, his hasting, or speeding, or being quick. (S, O.) And استعجل He desired, or required, or demanded, the thing's being speedy, or quick, not waiting patiently until its time, or full time. (Ham p. 665.) See also 4, in six places.

عُجَالَةً see عُجَلَ

A calf the young one of the عجل (Aboo-Kheyreh, S, Mgh, O, Msb, K,) [both domestic and wild, which latter is a bovine antelope, ] from the time when his mother brings him forth (Aboo-Kheyreh, Mgh, TA) until a month old; (Aboo-Kheyreh, Mgh, Msb, TA;) after which [accord. to some] he is called برغز, when about two months old; and then he is called فَرْقَدُ (Aboo-Kheyreh, TA:) or he is thus called while in the first year, then بسلغ , (Ş and Şgh and K in art. سلغ,) or, correctly, accord. to IB, he is called while in the first year عَدْل and تَبِيع (TA in that art.,) then سَالِغُ then ,سَدِيسٌ then ,رَبَاعٍ then ,ثَنِيَّ then ,جَذَعْ and so on : (S and Sgh and K ibid.:) the fem. is with 5: (Abu-l-Jarráh, S, O, Mab:) pl. of the masc. عَجُلَة (Mgh, Mab) and عُجُولُ (Mab, TA) and, of pauc., عُجُولُ and أعُجَالُ; (IB, TA;) [and of the fem. أعُجَالُ as to عجال as a pl., [Mtr says,] I have not heard it: (Mgh:) and عَجُولُ \* signifies the same as عجل; (S, Mgh, O, K;) fem. with ة; (TA;) and pl. عَجَاجِيلُ (S, Mgh, O, K.)

and \* عُجَلُة , both inf. ns. of عَجَلُة (q. v.], (Mgh, Msb,) are Syn. with سرعة; (K;) contr. of : (S, O:) the latter is expl. by Th as signifying the seeking, and pursuing, or endeavouring

and as proceeding from the desire of the soul; wherefore it is generally discommended in the Kur-án, so that it is said to be from the Devil. (TA.) It is said in the Kur [xxi. 38], خَاتَ meaning, it is said, Man is , ٱلْإِنْسَانُ مِنْ عَجَل composed of haste; (O;) so says Fr, and in like. manner says Aboo-Is-hak; (T, TA;) to denote the excess of this attribute in him: (T, O, TA:) or, accord. to Th, (TA,) the phrase is inverted, the meaning being, haste is created from man; (Msb, TA;) but IJ disapproves this explanation, and also another which will be mentioned in what follows. (TA.) = عَجَل signifies also Food that is hastily prepared, and brought, before the [meal called] is has become matured. (TA.) [See also عَجَال Also Clay, or earth; syn. طين: (IAar, O, K:) or black mud, or black fetid mud; syn. iia: and tales has both of these meanings, i. e. طين and خية: (O, K:) the former of these two significations of عَجَلُ is said by AO to be of the dial. of Himyer; and I Aar says that it is what is meant in the phrase in the Kur [xxi. 38] cited above; but Ibn-Arafeh disapproves this; (O, TA;) and so does Az; and Er-Rághib says that some expl. it as meaning in this instance stinking black mud, but that their saying is nought. (TA.) = See also Lie, in four places.

: see the next paragraph, in two places.

(Meb, K) عَاجِلٌ (Ş, O, Meb, K) عَجِلٌ and \* عَجُولُ \* (S, O, K) and \* عَجُولُ \* (S, O) and (K) and عُجِلانُ \* (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K) Hasting, hastening, making haste, or speeding; [thus more properly the first and second, and often the last; the rest generally signifying] hasty, speedy, quick, or expeditious: (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K:) pls., (K, TA,) all of عُجُلان (TA,) and عَجَالَى; (K, TA;) the first and last of which pls., as pls. of عُجلُى [fem. of عجلان], are applied to women (S, O, TA) also : (TA:) عُجِلُ has no broken pl., nor has عُجُلُ \* (Sb, TA:) ISk says that, for the dim. of عَجِلْ, they use مُجِيلُانُ , as formed from غَجُلان; though they also form it regularly, saying \* عَجَيْل ; but the former is the better. (O, TA.)

غَجَالَة see غُلِقَة.

fem. of عَجْلَة [q. v.]. (Abu-l-Jarrah, S, O, Msb.) = Also A water-skin, or skin for water and for milk; syn. : نعقة: (S, O, K:) pl. and عَجُلْ (S, O.) \_ And A [waterwheel such as is called ] : (IAar, O, K: [see also عَبُلَة :]) pls. as above. (K.) - And A species of plant, (S, O, K, TA,) which extends along the ground, (TA,) also called [q. v.]: (O, TA:) AHn says of the eathority of Aboo-Ziyad, it grows, at first, from one root, then branches forth upon the surface of the earth, in innumerable branches, every branch having a knot, or joint, ( ڪُفب) from which knot, or joint, grow other branches; it cleaves though for اعجلت ولدها,] She brought forth, after, a thing before its proper time, or season; to the ground, not rising high; its leaves are like