forth quickly; as also انجلص: (Lth:) or went forth, and fell, or dropped: (M:) or went forth quickly, or slipped out by reason of its smoothness, (من يَدى), and fell, or dropped: (A:) من الشَّىء (Lth) من الشَّىء [from my hand]; (S, A, K;) or عن الشَّىء (from the thing]: (M:) IF says that the s is app. a substitute for ... (TA.)

Q. Q. 1. مُدَّبُصُ , and رُمُلُصُهُ, He adorned, or decorated, and made to shine, or glisten, his household-goods, or utensils and furniture. (M.) [But some hold the o to be a radical letter. See also 2, above.]

Q. Q. 2. تَدُلُيْصَ It (the head) became bald in the fore part. (K. in art. دليص.)

see دُلُصْ, in three places.

, دُلِيصٌ * Shining, or glistening; as also دِلَاصَ (A,) and \$ دُلاَمصْ, (S and M in this art., and K in art. دليص,) with an augmentative,, (S,) of the accord. to Sb, but فَعَاللْ accord. to others, (M,) [see an ex. in a verse cited voce and رُلمِص (Ş, M, K,) which is a contraction of that next preceding, (S, M,) and in ike manner * دُمَالُص, and , دُمَالُص, § in this art., and K in art. رملص,) which last two are formed by transposition from the two next preceding: (TA in art. دُليصُ ♦) or, as also وَليصُ (Ş, M, K, TA) and أدرُّص الله and أرض الله (M, TA,) shining, or glistening, and smooth; (M;) or soft, and shining, or glistening, (S, K, TA,) and smooth. (TA.) You say, درع دلاص (S, M, A, K) and toat of mail smooth, (M, A, K,) soft, (S, M, A, K,) and shining, or glistening : (Ṣ, M, A :) pl. دُلاص, (Ṣ, M, A, Ķ,) like the sing., (Ṣ,) and دُلُص. (Lth, M, A.) And أ دُهُب دُلامص Glittering gold. (K.) And A shining, or glistening woman. (TA.) And أَنْ وُلَهِصْ * A head bald in the fore part. (K.) And دُلُسُ * El-Moheet, and so in some copies of the K,) or رُليصٌ , (as in other copies of the K,) and أُدْلُصُ , applied to a man, signify i. q. أَزْقَى; (K;) i. e., Hairless and glistening in body : (TK :) fem. of the last, دلصان . (K.) also, applied to a man, signifies Very smooth: (TA:) and applied to a she-camel, and to land (أرض), smooth: (K:) but it is not applied to a he-camel. (Ibn-'Abbad.) And دلص and applied to land, signify Ecen, or level: pl. دُلاف (K.)

دُلِيْسُ: see دُلِيْسُ, in three places. __ Also The water, or lustre, (مُدُّم) of gold: (إِذَا) or, as some say, glistening, or glittering, gold. (TA.)

in two places. دُلُاصُ see دُلُاصُ

That wabbles, or moves to and fro; (S;) or moves about; (K;) as, for instance, a sinew does when chewed by an old woman. (S.)

ه دُلَمِصْ: دُرُلَامِصْ: ه دُمُلِصْ: ه دُمُلِصْ: ه دُمُلِصْ: ه دُمُلِصْ: ه دُمُلِصْ: دُمُالِصْ:

رُكُسُةُ: see دُكُسُةُ, near the end of the paragraph. — Applied to an ass, To which new hair has grown; as also أُدُلُسَى أُ. (Ibn-'Abbád, K.) — And the fem., applied to an aged she-camel, Whose teeth have fallen out (K, TA) by reason of extreme age; (TA;) as also دُرُسَاءُ (TA.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

A rock made smooth (A, TA) by torrents. (A.)

دلع

1. وَلَعَ لَسَانَهُ, (Lth, S, K,) aor. عربة لسانة (K,) inf. n. دَلْعْ, (Lth, K,*) He (a man, S, [and a dog,] and a tired wolf, TA) lolled, lolled out, put forth, or protruded, his tongue; (Lth, S, K;) as also ارلعه ا; (Lth, IAar, S, K;) but the latter is of rare occurrence, though chaste. (Lth.) = And دلع لسانه, (Lth, S, K,) the verb being intrans. as well as trans., (S,) aor. - and -, (K,) inf. n. (k,) like as رُجُوع has رُجُوع for its inf. n. when intrans., but رُجُعُ when trans., (Lth,) His tongue lolled, or protruded; (Lth, S, K;) as also [,ادتَّلَع (Ş, K;) and أرلع أ (originally); اندلع أ of the measure افتعل: (Ibn-'Abbad, K :) [said of a man,] his tongue protruded from the mouth, and hung down upon the hair between the lower lip and the chin, like the tongue of the dog; (TA;) and [in like manner,] اندلع it protruded and hung down, by reason of much grief, or distress of mind, affecting the breath, or respiration, or by reason of thirst, like that of the dog. (TA.)

4 : see 1.

7: see 1, in two places. [Hence,] اندلع بطنه † His belly became prominent, or protuberant: (Ṣ:) or became large and flabby: (Ḳ:) said of a man: (Ṣ:) or, accord. to Naseer, as related by Aboo-Turáb, the verb has the latter signification said of the belly of a woman; as also اندلق The sword became drawn, or it slipped out, from its scabbard; (Ḳ, TA;) as also

.see 1 : اِدَّلَعُ 8.

أَحْمَى وَالِع Stupid in the utmost degree; (El-Hujeymee, K;) who ceases not to loll out his tongue. (El-Hujeymee, TA.) أَمْرُ وَالْعُ اللهِ † An affair in the way to the attainment of which there is nothing intervening as an obstacle; expl. by . أَيْسَ دُونَهُ شَيْءٌ (K.)

A horse that lolls out his tongue in running. (Ibn-'Abbad.)

مُدُلَع [pass. part. n. of 4]. It is said in a trad., مُدُلَع النَّارِ يَوْمَ القَيَامَة مُدُلَعًا لَسَانُهُ في النَّارِ لَبُعْثُ شَاهِدُ الزُّورِ يَوْمَ القيَامَة مُدُلَعًا لَسَانُهُ في النَّارِ [The false witness will be raised to life on the day of resurrection with his tongue lolled out in the fire]. (TA.)

دلف

1. دلف , (T, S, M, K,) aor. - , (T, M, K,) inf. n. دَلْفُ T, S, M, K) and دَلْفُ T, S, M, K) and دَلْفُ (K) and دُلُوفُ (M, K) and دُلُونُ, (M, TA,) He walked, or went, gently, or leisurely: (S, M:) said of an old man, (As, T, S, K,) he walked, or went, (As, T, S, M, K,) with short steps, (S, M,) or in the manner of him who is shackled, (K,) as some say, (M,) at a rate above that which is termed , (As, T, M, K,) like as does the army, or body of troops, to the [other] army, or body of troops. (As, T.) You say, دُلَفْت الْكَتِيبَة (T, S,* M, K*) meaning إلى الكتيبة في الحرب The army, or body of troops, went gently, or leisurely, to the [other] army, or body of troops, in war: (M:) or advanced, or went forward; syn. دَلْفُ (Ṣ, Ķ :) [for] دُلُفُ (T, M) accord. to A'Obeyd, or دُنْف accord. to AA, (T,) signifies the act of advancing, or going forward; syn. دَلَفْنَاهُمْ (T, M:) and one says تَقَدُّم, (Ş, K,) or دُلْفُنَا لَهُو, (M, and so in one place in the TA,) meaning [as is implied in the S and K] we advanced to them; syn. تَقَدَّمْنا: (M:) and أليه he drew near to him, or it. (TA.) دُلَفْتُ also signifies مُشَيْت [i. e. I walked ; or went on foot, whether quickly or slowly]: (Ham p. 678:) مَشِّي signifies تدلُّف لا إليَّه [,and [in like manner [he walked, &c., to him, or it]: (O, TA:) or this latter signifies تَهُمَّى [said in the TA, in art. but it rather signifies ; مُشَى to be syn. with , مشى he walked with slow steps to him, or it]; and approached, or drew near: (S,K:) but A'Obeyd is more common. (M.) _ Hence, the saying of a poet,

• دُلَقْتُ إِلَى صَمِيمِكَ بِالقَوَافِي

4. ادلغه It (old age) made him to walk, or go, gently, or leisurely; with short steps; [or in the manner of him who is shackled; (see 1;)] at a rate above that which is termed دُبِيبُ. (IAar, M.) الْفُحْدُ لُهُ الْدُولُ أَنْ الْقُولُ الْمُولُ اللهُ الْمُولُ اللهُ اللهُ الْمُولُ اللهُ اللهُ

5 : see 1.