The slave and the ass. (S, A, K.) _ [A man] who cuts, or severs, the tie of relationship. (TA.) (Ş, A, K) سَنَةُ حَصَّاءُ ... حَاصَّةُ see A sterile year, in which is no good: (S, K:) or a year of drought, in which is little herbage: or a year in which is no herbage. (TA.) -A day intensely cold. (TA.) It was said to a man of the Arabs, "Which of the days is the most cold?" and he answered, إِلاَّحْصُ الْأَرْبُ (TA;) the former meaning, ! The day whose sun rises (K, TA) the horizon being red, (TA,) and its sky (سهاؤه), accord. to the copies of the K. but correctly its north wind (شهاله), (TA,) being clear, (K, TA,) and such that a touch is not felt by reason of the cold; and it is that in which there are no clouds, and of which the cold does not abate: and the latter meaning, the day in which blows the wind called النَّكْنَاء, driving along clouds in which is no water, wherein no sun rises, and in which is no rain. (TA.) Z says, (TA,) it was said to one of them, "Which of the days is the coldest?" and he answered, i. c., The clear, [in الأَحْصُ الوَرْدُ وَالْأِزْبُ الهِلُّوْفُ which the horizon is red,] and the cloudy, in which blows the wind called التُكْبَاء. (A, TA.) A wind that is clear, without dust. (K, TA.)

حَاصَةُ and أَحَصُ and أَحَصُ and مُحْصُوصُ

1. مصبه, (S, A, Mab, K,) aor. - (S, A, Mab) and ², (Mab,) inf. n. مصب, (Mab, TA,) He threw at him, or pelted him with, pebbles, (S, A, K,) or small pebbles. (Msb.) And hence, in a general sense, He pelted him. (Har p. 234.) And تَصْبَاءِ الرِّيحُ بِالحَصْبَاءِ [The wind cast, or drove along, or tore up, the pebbles, or small pebbles]. (A.) _ Also, (A,) or *ain, inf. n. , (S,) or both, (Mab, K,) but the latter has an intensive signification, (Msb.) He spread pebbles in it, (A, K,) namely, a mosque, (A,) or a place; (K;) he strewed it, namely, a mosque, (S, Msb,) &c., (Msb,) with pebbles, (S,) or with small pebbles. (Msb.) ____ He threw it (anything) into the fire. (AO, S.) _____ [or firewood, Sc.,] into the fire. (A.) [Also,] inf. n. as above, He kindled the fire, or made it to blaze or flame, with ______ (TA.) ______ They hastened from him, or it, in flight. (A, TA.) ____ + He turned away from his com panion; as also احصب في الله المعانية بالمعانية المعانية : which has two meanings كَهُبُ فِيهَا . إِذَ الأَرْض he went away in, or into, the country, or land: and he discharged his excrement: the former seems to be here meant]. (S.) = ; (K; [in a copy of the A ____, but this is probably a mistranscription, as appears to be indicated by its being there added that the part n. is ;]) and ----, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ----, (KL,) or ; (TK, and indicated in the K;) [and also acce.

diminished and they die, (Ṣ,) الأَحْصَانِ signifies app. * عُصَبُ also; (see إَصْحُونَ ;)] He broke the sas. (Ṣ, A, K.) _ t [A man] who cuts, or severs, the tie of relationship. (TA.) (K, KL.) The second of these verbs signifies as above, said of a person's skin. (Ṣ.)

2. عصب: sec 1. = Also حصبه, (۲, TA,) inf. n. تحصيب, (T, Mgh, K,) He (a pilgrim) slept [or stopped to sleep] in El-Mohassab (المحصّب), (T, Mgh,* K,) which is the name of the way between the mountains opening upon the part called الأبطنع, (T, K,) between Mekkeh and Mine, (T, Msb,) so called from the pebbles in it, (T, TA,) and also called الحُصْبَاءُ (Msb,) for an hour, or a short time, (alu,) of the night, (T, Mgh, K,) in returning from Mine to Mekkeh: (T, Mgh, TA:) this was formerly done in imitation of Mohammad; but it is said to be voluntary; not obligatory. (T, TA.) Also He slept at that place after going forth from Mekkeh. (TA.) Is also the name of the place where the pebbles are cast in Mine; (As, S, A, Mgh, Msb, K;) also called مصاب (TA.) = : sec 1.

4. احصب, (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) inf. n. إحْصَابُ, (TA,) He (a horse, Ṣ, A, or other beast &c., TA) struck up the pebbles in his running. (Ṣ, A, Ķ.) — See also 1.

تحاصبوا 6. تحاصبوا They pelted one another with pebbles.
(A, Ķ.)

which is extr. [as n. un. of مُصَهُ, but not of بُحَصُهُ]. (K.) — A stone that is thrown; like in the sense of مُنْفُونُ (TA.) — Firewood, (K,) in a general sense; (TA;) in the dial. of El-Yemen: (Fr, TA:) or what is thrown into a fire, (A'Obeyd, S, K,) of firewood and of other things; (TA;) in the dial. of Nejd: (Fr, TA:) or firewood prepared for fuel: (Msb:) or firewood with which a fire is lighted; firewood not being so called until it is thus used. (K.) مُنْفُرُ , in the Kur [xxi. 98], signifies, in the Abyssinian language, accord. to 'Ikrimeh, The firewood [or fuel] of Hell. (TA.)

مَصِبُ and أَرْضُ مَصِبُهُ and أَرْضُ مَصِبُهُ and أَرْضُ مَصِبُهُ and (T, S, A, K) A land containing, (T, S,) or abounding with, (A, K,) pebbles. (T, S, A, K.) And مَكَانُ حَاصِبُ A place containing pebbles. (TA.) _ See also حَاصِبُ

[Hence, app., because immediately following the day of the last throwing of pebbles in the Valley of Mine,] مَنْ اللهُ الدَّمَةُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ الدَّهُ اللهُ الدَّهُ اللهُ الدَّهُ اللهُ ال

غَضْبَ: see بُضْبَاء and see عَضْبَاء and see

خَصْبَة sec خَصِبَةً

الْمُعَانِينَ Pebbles: (Ṣ, A, Ķ:) or small pebbles: (Msb:) accord. to Sb, a quasi-pl. n.: (TA:) sing. المُعَمَّدُ (K.) _ See also 2.

تُحاتُ: see 2.

[A thrower, or pelter, of stones]. You say, مُو حَاصِبُ لَيْسَ بِصَاحِبِ [He is a pelter of stones (app. meaning a calumniator): he is not K,) or ريح حاصب, (A,) A violent wind that raises the pebbles; (S, A;*) as also * acc. (S:) or a wind that bears along the dust (K,TA) and pebbles: (TA:) and a wind casting down pebbles from the sky: or a wind that tears up the pebbles. (TA. [See the Kur liv. 34, &c.]) _And hence, +A punishment from God. (TA.) Dust containing pebbles. (IAnr, TA.) See also _____ Clouds (_____) casting down snow and hail: (K:) or clouds (حطب), because of their casting down snow and hail. (TA.) -Pebbles [borne] in the wind. (ISh, TA.) You say, كان يومنا ذا حاصب [Our day was one in which pebbles were blown about by the wind]. (TA.) _ Small particles of snow and hail scattered about. (K.) _ A large number of men on foot. (Az, TA.)

. حَصِبُ see : مَحْصَبة

عَدُّمْ: see عَدُوبٌ: = and see also 2, in two places.

محصوب Affected with the cutaneous eruption termed مَصْمَة [i. e. measles, or spotted fever]; (A, K;) as also المُحَسِّدُ. (TA.)

مصد

1. ..., (S, A, Mgh, &c.,) aor. - and -, inf. n. (Kh, Mgh, K) عَصَادُ (Lh, Mgh, K) حَصَادُ and حصاد, (Lh, K,) He reaped, or cut (A, Mgh, K) with the منجل, (K,) seed-produce, (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and plants, or herbage; (S,* K;) originally used in relation to seed-produce; (TA;) as also احتصد (K.) _ [Hence,] حصدهم ! [He reaped, or moved, them down with the smord]: (A:) he slew them: or he exerted his utmost power or ability, or exceeded the ordinary bounds, in slaying them: (TA:) he exterminated them [with the sword]. (Msb, TA.) He who \$ مَنْ زَرِعُ الشَّرَّ حَصَدَ النَّدَامَةَ And _____ sows evil reaps repentance]. (A.) = , (L,) [aor. - ,] inf. n. مصد, (L, K,) It (a rope, and a bow-string,) was, or became, strongly twisted, and firmly, or compactly, made; (L, K;*) as also استحصد (S,* A, L, K :*) and it (a coat of mail) was, or became, [close in its rings, (see and] firm, and compactly made. (L, K.*)

1. It (seed-produce) attained to the proper time for its being reaped; as also !: (S, Mgh, Msb, K:) or the latter, + it invited the act of reaping. (TA.) = He twisted a rope (S, K) firmly. (TA.) _ [He made firm, in a general sense. (Golius as from the KL; but not in my copy of that work.)]