for the being consoled (للتّعزي) thereby: (٥:) pl. إأسى and إسى; (S, K;) the former of the first sing., and the latter of the second. (TA.) The first of these meanings is intended in the saying, أَسُوةُ and إِلَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ [I have in such a one an example, &c.]. (S.) The saying, is tropical, مَا سِوَى التُّرَابِ مِنَ الأُرْضِ إِسْوَةُ التُّرَابِ meaning 1 There is nothing but the dust of the earth, or ground, that follows the dust. (Mgh.) __ Also an inf. n., [or rather a quasi-inf. n.,] syn. with ايتساً [inf. n. of 8]. (TA.)

Grieving, mourning, or sorrowful; (M, (راسى M in art. أس ال and أسيان) or أسي, (K in art. اسي, [to which alone the first of these three belongs, but the second and third may be regarded as belonging either to that art. or to the present,]) or أُسِيُّ (Msh.) [See art. as أَتُوانُ It is [sometimes] followed by أَتُوانُ an imitative sequent corroborating its meaning].

and I medicine, or remedy; (S, M, K;) the latter, (S,) or each, (TA,) particularly a vulnerary : (S, TA:) pl. [of each, as is indicated in the TA,] . (M, K.) _ The former is also a pl. of آس. (S, M, K.)

: see what next precedes.

i. q. * أَسَّى ; (Ş, M, K;) i. e., Dressed; or treated curatively, or surgically; applied to a wound. (S, M.*) = See also ...

Medical, curative, therapeutical, [or surgical,] treatment. (1bn-El-Kelbee, Sgh, K.) By rule it should be [إساوة],] with kesr. (Sgh, TA.)

A physician; one skilled in medical, curative, therapeutical, [or surgical,] treatment [particularly of wounds]: pl. inf and iii; (S, M K;) said by IJ to be the only instance of and رُعَاة interchangeable except فِعَالُ and العَالُ pls. occurs [as its pl.] in a آسُونَ (M:) and زاع verse of Hoteiah. (S, TA.) - With the people of the desert, (S,) [its fem.] signifies ‡ A female circumciser [of girls]. (S, K : [mentioned in the latter in art. السوّان) = See also أسوّان.

أَسِي see : مَأْسُو

1. أَسًا or أَسَّى inf. n. أَسَّى or أَسَّى, He grieved, or mourned, (S, M, Msb, K,) alle [for

أس, [agreeably with analogy, as part. n. of (Mab,) and أُسِيُّ * (K,) or أَسِيُّ (Mab) (أَسِي TA, [see أَسُوَانُ TA, [see , أُسْوَانُ TA, [see art. ,]) Grieving, mourning, or sorrowful: (M, Msb, K:) fem. [of the first, or second,] أُسْيَانَةُ [اسيان M,) or أُسْيَانَةُ [اسيان M,) or أُسيَةُ أَسْيَانُونَ [اسيان Pl. [of : أُسْيَى M, K) and : أُسْيَى (M, K) and أسايون [which is extr. and somewhat

: أُسْيَانُ : أُسِيَّا see above.

أس mentioned in this art. in the K : see أسية

1. أَشُبُ , aor. , (M, K,) inf. n. أُشُبُ , (M, TA,) He mixed it. (M, K.) And أَشْبِتُ القُومُ (Ş;) or أَشْبَتُهُمْ , inf. n. تَأْشِيبُ , (TA ;) I mixed the peogle together. (S,TA.) _ Also, aor. as above, (S, K,) and 2, (K,) inf. n. as above, (S,) + He charged him with a vice, fault, or the like; blamed, censured, or reprehended, him: (S, K:) or he aspersed, reviled, or reproached, him, and mixed up fulsehood in his aspersion of him. (TA.) You say also, بِشَرِّ or بِشَرِّ or إِبْسُرِّ + He cast upon him a stigma, or mark of dishonour, by which he became known: (Lh, TA:) or he cast a censure, or reproach, upon him, and involved him in it. (TA.) مُشِبُ الشَّجرُ (A,K,) inf. n. أُشَبِّ ; (TA ;) and † تأشّب ; (K;) or الغيضة ; (Ṣ ;) The collection of trees, or the thicket, was, or became, dense, tangled, confused, intertwined, or complicated: (S, K:) or very dense, or much tangled or confused, so as to be impassable. † Their أَشِبَ الكَلامُ بَيْنَهُمْ [Hence,] الكَلامُ بَيْنَهُمْ speech, one with another, became confused, or intricate. (TA.) _ And أَشِبُ الشَّرُّ لِلَّنْهِمِ Evil clave to the ignoble. (A.)

2. أشبة, inf. n. تأشيب, He rendered it (a collection of trees) dense, tangled, confused, inter-: أَشْبُتُ القُومِ __ : أَشْبُتُ القَوْمِ __ : أَشْبُتُ القَوْمِ __ : see 1. اشب الكَلاَم بينهر + He made their speech, one with another, confused, or intricate. (TA.) + الشَّر بَيْنَهُم + He occasioned confusion, discord, or mischief, between them. (Lth.) And hence, (TA,) تَأْشِيبُ signifies also The exciting discord, dissension, disorder, strife, quarrelling, or animosity, (S,K,TA,) بين قوم between, or among, a people. (S, TA.)

 تأشّب : see 1. __ تأشّبوا + They were, or became, mixed, or confounded together; as also .[ايتَشَبُوا written with the disjunctive alif] التشبوا ا (S, K.) __ ! They assembled, or congregated, themselves (A, K) from different parts; (TA;) as also * ائتشبوا إليه † They drew themselves together to him, (K, TA,) and crowded densely upon him; or collected themselves together to him, and surrounded him. (TA.)

8: see 5, in two places.

inf. n. of أَشُبُ (TA.) _ [Hence,] Confusedness; dubiousness: so in the saying, (\$.) . دِي ٱلْتِبَاسِ ،i. e ; فِيهِ فُلَانَةُ بِعِرْقٍ دِي أَشَهٍ See art. .- Also An abundance of trees. (TA.) In a trad. of Ibn-Umm-Mektoom, إنى رَّجُلُ ضَرِيرٌ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ أَشَبٌ فَرَخِّصْ لِي فِي العِشَاءِ means Verily I am a blind man, [and] إِيتَشُوتُ , She invited another to make her teeth وَالفَجْر and [of أَسْيَانَاتُ [اسيانة علم علم المناق المناق

in grief, or mourning, takes example, (Ş, K,) السيق or of أسايًا [أسيق (M, K) and [of السيق between me and thee are palm-trees confusedly disposed; therefore grant thou me indulgence with respect to [coming to thee to perform the prayers of] the nightfall and the daybreak. (K, MF, TA.)

> Dense, tangled, confused, intertwined, or complicated; applied to a collection of trees: (S, TA:) or so dense, or so much tangled or confused, as to be impassable; applied to a thicket: (A:) and a place abounding with trees: (TA:) applied also to ta collection of clouds, meaning commingled: (A:) and to +a number, meaning intricate, or confused. (S, TA.) It is said in a prov., عِيصُكَ مِنْكَ وَإِنْ كَانَ أَشِبًا ,(A,) meaning [Thy stock is an appertenance of thine] although it be thorny and intricate or confused. (TA. [See art. عيص.])

أَخَابُدُ ! A medley, or mixed or promiscuous multitude or assemblage, of men, or people; (S, A, L, K;) congregated from every quarter: (L:) pl. مُؤَلَّرُهُ أَشَابُهُ You say, مُؤَلِّرُهُ أَشَابُهُ These are a collection [of people] from different places. (TA.) _ Also | Mixtures of unlawful and lawful kinds of property: (A:) or what is mixed with that which has been unlamfully acquired; (K, TA;) that in which is no good; (TA;) of gains: pl. as above. (K, TA.)

Not pure in his grounds of pretension to respect. (ISd, TA.) [See also what

and مُؤْتَشْبُ [A mixed collection of people]. (A.) فُلَانْ مُؤْتَثُبُ (Ṣ, Ķ,*) with fet-ḥ [to the أَلَى اللهُ (Ķ,) in one copy of the Ķ, مؤسّب, (TA,) + Such a one is of mixed, not of pure, race, or lineage. (S, K.)

1. أَشُرُ , (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. ع , (ISk, MṢ,) or ع , (Msb,) inf. n. أَشْرُ, (Msb,) He divided [or sawed] a piece of wood (ISk, Mab, K) with the مُشَار; (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ;) as also وَشُرُ and نَشُرُ (Mṣb, TA.) aor. ۽ , [or, accord. to the Mab, أَشْرَتْهَا ♦ it seems to be إِ أَشْرٌ . inf. n. أَشْرُ , (K;) and (K,) inf. n. تَأْشِير ; (Ṣ;) She (a woman, TA) made her teeth serrated, (S, K,) and sharpened their extremities, (S,) to render them like those of a young person: but a curse is denounced in a trad. against her who does this. (TA.) [See also , أَشَر aor. ع , (Ş, Meb, K,) inf. n. أَشْرَ = [.وشر art. (S, A, Mab,) He exulted, or exulted greatly, or excessively; and behaved insolently and unthankfully, or ungratefully : (S, A, Mab, K, TA:) or he exulted by reason of wealth, and behaved with pride, and self-conceitedness, and boustfulness, and mant of thankfulness: or he behaved with the utmost exultation, &c.: or he rejoiced, and rested his mind upon things agreeable with natural desire. (TA.) [See بطر.]

2 : see 1.

[8. اَتْتَشُوتُ, written with the disjunctive alif