he (a bird) cut and rent it (i. e. the skin) with his talon: (Mab:) he rent it, or slit it. (K.) One says of a woman, وَخُلَبُتْ She smote, or overturned, my heart, and rent my midriff, or, more probably, liver, which is regarded as a seat of passion]. (A, TA.) And خلب فالإنا She (a woman) smote the [app. here, also, meaning liver] of such a one. (Ham p. 343.) _ Also It (a venomous or noxious reptile or the like, TA) bit him. (K.) _ And تَالَبُ , aor. 4 , inf. n. بُلُمْ , He cut the plants, or herbage; (S, Msb;) as also استخلبه المخلب المخلب And بالمخلب المتخلبة الم worked, and cut, with the reaping-hook. (TA.) __ The root denotes the making a thing to in-الطَّائِرُ يَخْلُبُ بِمِخْلَبِهِ الشَّيْءَ إلى نَفْسِه cline: for [The bird makes to incline, with its talon, the thing towards himself]. (IF, Mgh.) _ [Hence,] aor. , and , He despoiled, or deprived, such a one of his reason: (K:) or inf. n. خُلْب, he despoiled, or deprived, the woman of her reason: and alie, inf. n. as above, she took away his reason; as also اختلبته المعالمة المعالمعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة الم signifies The endeavouring to deceive or beguile (IF, IAth, Mgh) with blandishing speech: (IAth:) or deceiving with the tongue: (S:) or a woman's captivating the heart of a man by the most blandishing and deceiving speech. (Lth.) You say, خليه , (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. - (S, Mgh, Mab, K,) or and , (Mgh,) inf. n. عُلْب (Msh, * K) and خلابة, (A, K,) or this is a simple subst., (Msb,) and بُخُلُاب ; (K;) and اختلبه إ (S, A, K;) and أخالية ; (K;) He deceived him (S, Msb, K) with his tongue: (S:) or he despoiled, or deprived, him of his reason, aibio, [by his speech]: (A:) or, followed by his, he made his heart to incline [to him] by the most blandishing speech. (Mgh.) It is said in a prov., ُ accord. وَالْمُعْلَبُ accord. إِذَا لَثِرَ تَغْلَبُ فَأَخْلُبُ to the former reading, which is that of As, (TA,) When thou dost not overcome, use deceit: (8, IAth, TA:) accord. to the latter reading, [it is said to mean when thou dost not overcome,] grasp little after little; as though it were taken from signifying "a claw" or "talon." (TA.)

3: see 1.

8: see 1, in two places.

10: see 1, in two places. استخاب also signifies He cut, (S, TA,) with the reaping-hook, (TA in urt. عَضْد) and craunched (عُضْد). TA) and ate, plants, or herbage. (S, TA.)

i. q. خافر (K,) used in a general sense [as meaning The nail of a man, and the talon of a bird, and the claw of a beast: see also إِنْ الْمَانُ أَنْ أَنْ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ أَنْ الْمَانُ أَنْ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُولُوالِمُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُولُ اللَّهُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُولُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُولُ الْمَانُولُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُولُ الْمَانُولُ الْمَانُ الْمَانُولُوالِمُ الْمَانُولُ

a white thin thing adhering to the liver: (K:) or a certain thing in, or upon, the liver, like a غدة: (JK:) or a small bone, resembling a man's nail, adhering to one side of the midriff, next the liver. (TA.) See 1, in two places. __ A friend; [app. because he cleaves to another;] as also ,خلب نساء [And hence, app.,] حلم (إير نسام and عدث نسام and وير نسام and برير نسام (TA,) A man whom women love: (S:) or one who loves women for the sake of discourse, or for the sake of vitious or immoral conduct, or adultery, or fornication, (A, K,) and whom they love (K) in like manner: (TA:) and one who endeavours to deceive, or beguile, women [with blandishing speech: see 1]: (TA:) pl. أُخُلُابُ and نَسَاءُ and نَسَاءُ and نُسَاءُ and نُسَاءُ and نُسَاءُ CK اخلية] extr. [with respect to rule]. (TA.) [app. as meaning A kind of variegated, or figured, cloth or garment]. (TA.) [See also مَخَلَبُ.] = The radish. (K, TA.) In a copy of the K, الفَحْل is erroneously put for الفجل. (TA.) _ The leaves, (K,) or broad leaves, (Lth,) of the grape-vine. (Lth, K.)

عَلْبَاهُ: عَلْبَاهُ: عَلْبَاهُ: عَلْبَاهُ: عَلْبَاهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُهُ: عَلَبُونَ. عَلَبُ عَلَبُونَ. عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَيْ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ

+Clouds (سَحَاب, S, K, TA) that thunder and lighten, (TA,) containing no rain: (S, K, TA:) or whereof the lightning flashes slightly, so that one hopes for their raining, but which deceive the expectation, and become dispersed: as though derived from خُرُبة, the "deceiving with blandishing speech." (IAth.) And البَرْقُ الخُلْبُ and البَرْقُ الخُلْبُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and بَرْقُ الخُلْبِ (Ṣ, Ķ) and بَرْقُ الخُلْبِ (A) Lightning with which is no rain; (Ş, A:) as though deceiving: (S:) that excites hope [of rain] and breaks its promise. (K.) Hence the saying, to him who promises and does not fulfil his promise, إِنَّهَا أَنْتَ كَبَرْقِ خُلِّب †[Thou art only like lightning with which is no rain]. (S.). And فَكُنْ خُلَّبُ قُلَّبُ tSuch a one is sharp in intellect, clever, ingenious, skilful, knowing, or intelligent. (JK.)

خَالَبْ see خَلَّابَةُ and خَلَّابَةُ: see

in the first paragraph.] خَلَابُةُ Deceit, or guile. (K.) [See also خُلِّبَةُ

ألبُ applied to a man, Deceiving: (K:) and in like manner, [but in an intensive sense,] عَلُوبُ (ISk, Ṣ, K) and عَلُوبُ (Kr, Mṣb, TA) and عَلُوبُ (ISk, Ṣ, K) and عَلَبُوبُ (K) Very deceitful (ISk, Ṣ, Kr, Mṣb, K, TA) and lying: (ISk, Ṣ:) and so, applied to a woman,

[itself]: (K:) or its وَالْدَة [or وَالْدَة]: (A, K:) or a mhite thin thing adhering to the liver: (K:) or a certain thing in, or upon, the liver, like a (S, A, K, TA:) عَلَيْنَ is a pl. [of عَلَيْهُ], and means men who deceive women. (S) You say nail, adhering to one side of the midriff, next the liver. (TA.) See 1, in two places. — A friend; [app. because he cleaves to another;] as also deceitful speech]. (TA.)

أَخُلُبُ [More, and most, deceiving or deceitful]. You say of a woman, تَخُلُبُ قَلْبُ الرَّجُلِ بِأَلْطُف [She captivates the heart of the man by the most blandishing and deceiving speech]. (Lth.)

of prey; a tearing talon or claw; the same to the bird (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb) and to the beast of prey (Ṣ, Mṣb) as the same to the bird (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb) and to the beast of prey (Ṣ, Mṣb) as the خلف to man; (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb;) because the bird [or beast] cuts and rends with it the skin: (Mṣb:) the خلف [or nail] (A, K) of any beast or bird of prey: or it is of a bird of prey; and the خلف is of a bird that does not prey: (K:) pl. خالف. (A.) [See also خالف.] You say, أَنْسُبُ فِيهُ مَحَالِبُهُ, meaning the clung, or caught, to him, or it. (A.) — Also A مَحَالِمُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) in a general sense: or (TA) that has no teeth. (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA.)

مُعْلَبُهُ An eagle with sharp talons. (JK.)

مُخَلَّبُ, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, (S, TA,) means ڪَثِيرُ الوَشِي, (S, K, TA,) i. e. [Much variegated or figured; or] of many colours. (TA.) [See also خُلُبُ.]

خلج

1. خَلَخُ, (Ṣ, A, L, Mạb, K,) aor. -, (Ṣ, K,) or. -, (Mṣb,) inf. n. خَلَخُ; and اخْلَخُ ; (Ṣ, L, Mṣb, TA;) and اخْلُخُ ; (L, TA;) He drew, dragged, pulled, strained, stretched, extended, lengthened, or protracted, (Ṣ, L, K,) a thing: (Ṣ, L, TA:) and he pulled out or up, displaced, removed, or took away, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K,) a thing, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, TA,) and a person. (A.) Thus in the saying, اغْلُمُ مَنْ الْمُطُعُونُ [He took his hand, and pulled him out from amid his companions]: and اخْلُمُ مُنْ الْمُطُعُونُ [He pulled out his spear from the person pierced]: and اخْلُمُ مُنْ الْمُطُعُونُ [He pulled out a spear stuck in the ground]. (A, TA.) [See also an ex. in a verse cited voce.]

ُ فَإِنْ يَكُنُ هٰذَا الزَّمَانُ خَلَجَا فَقَدُ لَبِسْنَا عَيْشَهُ الهُخَرُفَجَا

meaning + And if this time has taken array, and exchanged for another, a state [in which we were, we have long enjoyed its plentiful life]. (S.) — [Hence,] —, said of a stallion-camel, He was taken array from the females that had passed seven or eight months since the period when they last brought forth, before he had become too languid to cover any longer. (Lth, A, L.) And —, aor. -, † He reaned his offspring, or the offspring