the cheek, by reason of which its width is excessive.

(O, K.) = [It is also an inf. n. of 3, q. v.]

away from the crimes, sins, faults, or offences, of others, and of forgiving; [or rather wont to turn away &c.;] as also نصف : (TA:) الصفوت : (TA:) الصفوت : (TA:) الصفوت : (TA:) الصفوت : (K, TA,) as an epithet applied to God, (TA,) means the Very Forgiving; or He who forgives much. (K, TA.) — And Generous; (K;) because the generous man forgives those who act injuriously towards him. (TA.) — And A woman who turns away from one; who forsakes one's society: as though not giving aught but her side. (K.)

properly a coll. gen. n.: as such signifying Any kind of thing made flat and broad or wide: as, for instance, plate, or expanded metal: n. un. with 5, meaning a piece thereof.] — [Hence, as it is supposed to be an expanded solid substance,] المغير (K,) or المغير (K,) is one of the names of Heaven. (K, TA.)

A wide, or broad, stone; (T, S;) as also and] أَصْفِيحُ * (T) and (\$:) or (\$:) or (مُفِيحُ * (which last is pl. of صَفَائِتُ and صَفَائِتُ [which last is pl. of signify wide, or broad, stones, which are put over graves : (A:) or صَفَاحٌ * and قَفَاتُ signify wide, or broad, and thin, stones; (K, TA;) one of which is called صَغيحة and أ عناحة : (TA:) and anything wide, or broad, (Mgh, Msb, TA,) such as a stone, (TA,) and a plank, or board, (Mgh, TA,) and the like, (TA,) is termed a (Mgh, Msb, TA) and المادة : (TA:) whence one says, Ile اشْتَرَى دَارًا فِيهَا صَفَائِحُ مِنْ ذَهَبِ وَفَضَّة purchased a house in which were plates of gold and of silver]. (Mgh.) The pl. صَفَائِحُ signifies also [particularly] The planks, boards, or leaves, (الواح), of a door. (S, K.) And Wile, or broad, swords; (A, K;) one such sword being termed عنيت: (Ş:) or this latter significs [simply] a sword; and منيع, swords. (Ham p. 323.) And The قَبَاثل [or principal bones, namely, the frontal, occipital, and two parietal, bones,] of the head; (K;) a single one of these being termed رَصْفِيحٌ (TA.) And مُفِيحٌ (Ş,) or أَصْفِيحٌ (K,) or each of these, (TA,) signifies The face, or surface, of anything wide, or broad. (S, K, TA.) And صفيحة الوجه The exterior shin, cuticle, or scarf-skin, of the face. (S.)

. صَفُوحٌ عود : صَفَّاحٌ

five places. — Also ! Camels whose humps have become large, (K, TA,) so that the hump of the she-camel occupies the whole of her back: n. un. with 5: (TA:) pl. — and — if it is it is it is it is it is it is it. (K:) likened to wide, or broad, stones or similar things, because of their hardness. (TA.)

A she-camel, (K,) and a ewe, or she-

goat, (TA,) [ceasing to yield her milk;] whose milk is going away: (K, TA:) or a she-camel that has lost her young one, and whose milk has gone. (IAar, TA.) وَعَبْرُ مُفْنِعِ رَأْتُهُ وَلا صَافِحٍ بِخَدُهِ وَصَافِحٍ بِخَدُهُ وَدُ صَافِحٍ بِخَدُهُ وَدُونُ مِنْ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا لَا لَهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا لَعُلّمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا لَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَل

A man excessively wide in the forehead : from مُفْتَى. (إلى)

Wide, or broad; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also (Ķ,) which latter is the more common; both applied in this sense to a sword, and to anything; and مُصْفُوحٌ signifies the same. (TA.)
One says, وَجُهُ هُذَا السَّيْفِ مُصْفَحٌ The face of this sword is wide, or broad; from * andiol. (S.) مُصْفُوحًا * And (جَرْبُهُ بِالسَّيْفِ مُصْفَحًا * And (جَرْبُهُ بِالسَّيْفِ مُصْفَحًا And (IAar, TA,) and المُفتَّد (A, [this last relating to the agent,]) He struck him with the breadth, or width, [or flat,] of the sword; (S, A, K;) not with its edge: (A:) and ضربه بالسيف غُيْرُ مُصْفِيج He struck him with the sword not with its breadth, but with its edge. (TA.) And رُجُلُ 1 man wide, or broad, in respect مُصَغَّتُ ♦ الرَّأْسِ of the head; (Ṣ, TA;) and so مُصْفَحُ الرَّأْسِ (TA.) _ Also Having the two sides of his head depressed, and the side of the forchead prominent, (K, TA,) and the occiput also prominent and conspicuous: (TA:) or having the fore and hind parts of the head projecting. (AZ, Mgh.)_ And A head compressed in the parts next the temples, so as to be long between the forehead and the back of the neck. (K.) _ A nose straight in the bone; (K, TA;) having the bone even with the forchead. (TA.) - And A smooth, or soft, or smooth and soft, and beautiful, face. (Lh, K.) Applied to a sword, (TA,) Inclined, or bent : (S, K, TA:) and inverted, or reversed: (Ibn-Buzurj, K, TA:) that is turned upon its edge when one strikes with it: and that is inclined, or bent, when one desires to sheath it. (TA.) __ It is قُلْبُ المُؤْمِنِ مُصْفَحُ عَلَى الحَقِّ ,said in a trad meaning + The heart of the believer is inclined to the truth; (S, L;) as though its side (i. e. مُعْفَر were placed upon it. (L.) And applied to a heart signifies also + Turned array from the truth: (TA:) [or] so applied, in which are combined faith and hypocrisy: (K, TA:) or, accord. to Khálid, that falls short of its duty; in which is latent rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite; and which is not sincere in its religion: (Sh, TA:) or it means double-faced; one who meets the unbelievers with one face, and the be-lievers with another face; signifying the "face," of anything. (IAth, TA.) __And is a name of The sixth of the arrows used in the game called المُسِيل; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also المُسيل.

striking with the side of the sword, not with the edge; (TA;) striking with the face of the sword. (O.) See also

in two places. — [Hence,] signifies A sword; as also in the signifies A sword; as also in the see what follows:]) accord to IAar, its pl. (K) signifies swords; because they are made broad, or wide, and lengthened out, in the forging: (S:) or, as some say, it signifies broad, or wide, swords. (TA. [See also in the swords in the forging: (S:) or, as some say, it signifies broad, or wide, swords. (TA. [See also in the swords in the swords in the swords.) Lebeed says, describing clouds,

كَأْنَّ مُصَفَّحَاتِ فِي ذُرَاهَا
 وَأَنْوَاهًا عَلَيْبُنَّ الْمَآلِي

[As though there were swords, or broad swords, upon their summits, and wailing women having upon them the pieces of rag which such women hold in realling and with which they make signs]: (S, TA:) Az says that he likens the lightning, in the darkness of the clouds, to broad swords: (TA:) and IAar says that مصفحات here means swords: but as some relate the verse, the word is المصقّعات (meaning momen clapping their hands]; as though he likened the clouds' discovering themselves when the lightning shone from them, and they opened, and then met together after the lightning's becoming extinct, to the clapping of women's hands: (S: in some copies of which, is put for الغَيْث or, accord. to this reading, he likens the sound of the thunder to women's clapping of their hands. (TA.) - Also A shecamel (T, L) that is kept from being milked, in order that she may become fat. (T, L, K.)

مُصَفَّحُ , and its pl. : see مُصَفَّحُ. • see مُصَفَّحُ : see مُصَفُّحُ : see مُصَفُّحُ

One who commits adultery, or furnication, with any woman, whether she be free or a slave. (K.)

صفد

1. مَفْدَهُ, (Ṣ, M, A, Mgh, K,) aor. به (Ṣ, M, Mgh, K,) inf. n. مُفْدُ (Ṣ, M, Mgh) and مُفْدُ (Ṣ, M, Mgh) and مُفْدُ (Ṣ, M, Mgh) the bound him, bound him fast or made him fast, (Ṣ, M, A, Mgh, K,) shackled him, or fettered him, in iron &c., (M,) or with iron, (A,) or with a [collar of iron put upon the neck or around the neck and hands together, such as is called] بَعْلُ (L;) and مُفْدُهُ (Ṣ,) signifies the same; (Ṣ, M, K;) and so مُفْدُهُ (Ṣ,) or this last has a different signification from the two other verbs mentioned above, as expl. below. (L.)

2: see above. — [Hence,] one says, مُقَدُّتُهُ, inf. n. تَصْفِيدُ I overcame him by my speech. (A, TA.)

: see the next paragraph, in three places.