a single fit of indigestion. (TA in that art.) = [In the present day, applied to The beech-tree; and its mood: as a coll. gen. n.: n. un. with 5: see also žij below.]

، زُوْنُ see : زُوْنُ

An idol: and anything that is taken as a deity and worshipped, (S, K, TA,) beside God: as also زُور : [an arabicized word :] in Pers. رُونُ (TA.) _ And A place in which idols are collected and set up. (K.) It is said to be from as زُونَة TA.) [But it may rather be from زينة a dial. var. of زون See also زون.] == See also

or javelin], which the مِزْرَاق A thing like a زَانَةُ Deylem (الديلم) cast : [perhaps made of the wood of the beech, (see زان, latter sentence,) and therefore so called :] pl. زانات. (Msb.) = See also , former sentence.

i.q. زينَةُ i.q. زينَةُ [An ornament, &c.], (K,) in one of the dialects. (TA.) _ And An intelligent moman. (IAar, K.)

زون Short; (S, K;) applied to a man; (S;) and so, thus applied, fei and fei, (K,) of which two, the former is the more known: (TA:) fem. زُونَة, (Ş, K,) applied to a woman. (Ş.)

(K) زُوَانْ and زُوَانْ (Ş, M, Msb, K) and زُوَانْ (K) i. q. زَأْنِ [q. v. in art. زَأْنِ]. (S, M, Meb, K.)

or the زوان Wheat in which is زوان or the grain of a certain noxious meed, app. darnelgrass : مزون being a pass. part. n. of which no verb is mentioned]. (TA.)

1. رُوَاهُ, (K,) aor. يَزْوِيه, (TA,) inf. n. زُواهُ and زُدِيّ يُرْوِيه, (K, TA,) the latter [accord. to the CK] but it is correctly] like عُتى, (TA,) He put it aside, or away, or apart; or removed it from its place. (K.) You say, ازْوَى عَنْهُ كَذَا, inf. n. زوى, He averted, diverted, or removed, from him such a thing; turned, put, or sent, it away, or back, from him. (TA.) _ And منه مره عنه He concealed his secret from him. (K.) _ Also (K) i, (S, Mah, K,) aor. as above, inf. n. cj, (Msb, TA,) He drew it, collected it, or gathered it, together; contracted it, or grasped it. (S, أرُويَتْ لِي الأرْضُ Mab, K.) It is said in a trad., زُويَتْ لِيَ The earth was collected فأريتُ مَشَارِقَهَا وَمَغَارِبَهَا together to me, and I was shown its eastern parts and its western parts]. (S, TA.) And you say, رُوي المال (Ş, Mşb,) inf. n. رُوي المال (Ş, Mel), رُوي المال or collected, together, or he grasped, the property, (Mab,) عن وارثه [from its inheritor]. (S.) And (Ş, TA) He (a man, Ş) drew زوى ما بين عينيه together, or contracted, the part between his eyes. (TA.) And جَاءُنَا بِصَرِبَة تَزُوى الوَجِه [He brought us some very sour milk such as contracts the face, or makes it to wrinkle]. (S in art.)

said of a cold north wind, It : زَانَةُ * or this signifies | And تَزْوِي الوُجُوهُ said of a cold north wind, It contracts [or wrinkles] the faces: a phrase used by Tarafeh Ibn-El-'Abd. (Ham p. 632.)

> 2. زَيْنَهُ = . see 5. وَتُرْوِيَةُ , inf. n. زُوِّي K,) which by rule should be زُوْيَتُهُ (Ş, Mşb,) but is made to accord with زِيّ in order to facilitate the pronunciation, (Msb,) inf. n. accord. to the K in measure, تَزِيَّةٌ, but correctly, as Lth says, تَزْييَةٌ like Line, (TA,) I invested him with, or made him to have, a c; [i. e. garb, guise, &c.]; (\$,* Msb, K, TA;) by means of, or with, such a thing: you say, زَيْتُهُ بِكُذُا [which may be rendered I invested, decked, or adorned, him with such a thing; agreeably with what follows]. (Msb.) Accord. to Fr, they say, أربيت الجارية meaning I invested the girl, or young woman, with a garb, or guise, &c.; and decked, or adorned, her. (TA.) _ You say also, زوى الكلام, meaning He prepared the speech in his mind; like (رَوْرَهُ (TA.) = زُوْرِهُ (TA.) and زُوْرِهُ (TA.) [mean I wrote, or uttered, a j]: some [hold the ! in زَيُّنُّ to be originally رى, and therefore] say زاى others [hold it to be originally ,, and therefore] say زُوْيتُ. (IB, on the letter أَرُوْيتُ.) Zeyd Ibn-Thábit said, in relation to the expression in the Kur [ii. 261] نَتْشَرُهَا, [accord. to one reading, or reciting, زای meaning [It is رای فَزَیَّهَا], there fore make thou it زاى in thy reading, or reciting; or] read thou it, or recite thou it, with the (Ş.) .زاي

4. زو see art. ازوى .4

5. تزوى He was, or became, [or placed himself,] in a ij, i.e. corner, of a house or chamber; as also أزوى , (K,) inf. n. زوى; ; الزِّيّ from , تَزْيّا = (.K.) اِنزوى * TA;) and (K, KL;) or تَزِيًّا بِزِيّ; (Lth, MA;) He invested himself with a garb, guise, or dress; [or with an external appearance;] (MA, KL;) he decked, or adorned, himself. (MA.) You say of a man, َ تزيًّا بزِيّ حَسَنِ [He invested himself with a beautiful, or goodly, garb, &c.]. (Lth, TA.) Hence the saying of El-Mutanebbee,

وَقَدْ يَتَزَيُّا بِالهُوَى غَيْرُ أَهْله وَيَسْتَصْحِبُ الإنْسَانُ مَنْ لَا يُلَاثُهُهُ

(TA:) i.e. [And verily, or sometimes, or often, one who is not entitled to it] assumes the guise of love; and the man asks to be his companion him who is not suited to him: (W p. 374:) his disciple Ibn-Jinnee, however, objected to him his saying يتزيا, and expressed his opinion that the correct word is يَتْزُوَّى; and El-Mutanebbee admitted that he did not know the former word in any [classical] poetry, nor in any lexicological book, but asserted the verb in use to be only تزياً: (MF, TA:) in the M it is said that IJ to be و and the , تَزُويا to be originally تَزُيًّا and the changed into & because quiescent, and incorporated into the opreceded by it. (TA.)

7. انزوى It was, or became, put aside, or away,

or apart; or removed from its place. (K.) -The piece of skin became انْزُوت الجلْدَةُ في النَّار contracted, or shrivelled, or shrunk, in the fire. (S.) And انزوى مَا بَيْنَ عَيْنَيه The part between his eyes became drawn together, or contracted. The انزوى القُومُر بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى بَعْضٍ TA.) And people, or party, drew together, one portion of them to another portion. (TA.) _ See also 5, first sentence.

and أَ أَى below.

زى, (Ş, Msb, K, &c.,) originally زى, (Ş, Msb,) Garb, guise, dress, habit, fashion of dress, and aspect, or outward appearance; syn. ولباس (Ṣ, TA,) and هَيْنَةُ (Fr, Mṣb, K, TA,) and مُنْظُرُ (Fr, TA:) pl. أَزْيَاءٌ (K.) [In the Kur xix. 75,] some read أَحْسَنُ أَثَاثًا وَزِيًّا Better in respect of household-goods and in respect of garb, &c.]: others read ربيًا (TA:) and و and رياً: and أير. (Bd.)

زاي, (Kr, S, K, &c.,) in which the I, accord. to Lth, is originally &, but accord. to Sb and IJ it is 3, (TA,) A certain letter (i.e. j); (8, TA;) [in spelling, pronounced زاى; and] also called *fij, (Kr, S, K,) and *ij, and [in spelling (see the first sentence of art. بزا ا (Kr, K, but omitted in some copies of the K,) this last being indecl., (Kr, TA,) and (K, and [in spelling] نزى ال : (Kr, K:) of all which, the first is that which is held in [most] repute: (TA:) and this and زَاءٌ may be meant by J's saying, الزَّايُ حَرْفُ though ; يَمَدُّ وَيُقْصَرُ وَلَا يُكْتَبُ إِلَّا بِيَآءٍ بَعْدَ الأَلفِ the author of the K asserts J to have erred in saying this: (MF, TA:) the pl. is أزوا: and أزوا: (K,) the former or the latter accord. to different opinions, (TA,) and أزُّو and أزُّو (K,) each [originally] of the measure أَفْعَلُ. (TA.) One says, خُتَبْتُ [This is a beautiful]: and مُنْهِ زَايْ حَسَنَةُ il wrote a small j]: and the like. (IJ, TA.) = زاى is also said by the vulgar on an occasion of wonder, and of disapproval : but [SM says,] I know not what is its origin. (TA.) [It may be from the Pers. cj, or chj; which are likewise said on an occasion of wonder. [زاى and and ازى and li in the place of l, are also said by the vulgar in Egypt on an occasion of wonder, and of denial, meaning How? And is is used by them for the prefix J, meaning Like.]

زوية: see what next follows.

dim. of زَايُ [accord. to those who hold the t in the latter to be originally c, or ties accord. to those who hold that letter to be originally ; like is and is as dims. of i accord. to different opinions: see art. 1, in the middle of the first column]. (TA.)

A corner, or an angle, (ركن), of a house or room or the like: (K:) of the measure aleb from زوى signifying زوى because of its em-