رشد

1. رُشُدُ , aor. ع ; and رُشُدُ , aor. ع ; (Ṣ, A, L, Msb, K;) the former of which is the better known and the more chaste; (TA;) inf. n. رُشْد, (Ş, L, Msb, K,) which is of the former, (S, L,) and رَشُدُ, (S, L, Msb, K,) which is of the latter, (S, L, Mab,) and رشاد, (L, K,) which is also of the latter verb, (TA,) or this last is a simple subst.; (Msb;) He took, or followed, a right way or course or direction; (S, A, L, Msb, K;) as to a road, and also as to an affair: (L:) [and often relating to religion; meaning he held a right signifies the same: (L, K:) you say, استرشد لأمره, meaning He took, or followed, a right way to conduct his affair: and رُشُدُ أُمْرَهُ, meaning He took, or followed, a right course in his affair; this latter being a phrase similar to أَلَمْ بَطْنَهُ and أَرْبُهُ &c. (L.) Some say that رُشُدُ relates to the things of the present life and to those of the life to come; and رَشُد, only to those of the life to come: but this distinction does not accord with what has been heard from the Arabs, nor with readings of and others رُشُد and others in several verses. (MF.) The former also signifies The continuing in the way of truth, or the right way, with self-constraining firmness in so doing. (K.) One says to the traveller, رشدت [Mayest thou take, or follow, the right way].
(A.) _ [See also رُشُدُ below.]

2. تَرْشَيدُ, said of a kadee, or judge, i. q. بَعْلَهُ رَشِيدٌ [meaning He pronounced him to be one who took, or followed, a right way or course or direction: or to be one who held a right belief; to be orthodox]. (Msb.) — See also what next follows.

4. ارشده (Ṣ, A, L, Mṣb, K) and أرشده (L,) said of God, (Ṣ, L, K,) and of a governor, or commander, (L,) [or of any man,] He made him, or caused him, to take, or follow, a right way or course or direction; or he directed him aright, or to the right way or course or direction; (Ṣ,* A,* L, Mṣb,* K;*) الشيء [to the thing]: so says AZ: (Mṣb:) [often relating to religion; meaning he made him, or caused him, to hold a right belief; to become orthodox.] See also the next paragraph.

an inf. n. of 1. (S, L, Msb, K.) _ [As a simple subst., Rectitude.] Also Maturity of in- directing their course aright. (L.)

tellect, and rectitude of actions, and good management of affairs. (TA in art. انس: see 4 in that art.) [Hence, بَنَعُ رُشُدُهُ Itc attained to years of discretion, when he was able of himself to take, or follow, a right way or course: a phrase of frequent occurrence.]

: see the next paragraph, in four places.

an act,] مُثَدَّةً † A mode, or manner, [and رَشُدَةً * A mode of مثاد [or right procedure; &c.]. (Ham p. 463.) ,وُلدَ لرِشْدَة (Ṣ, A, L, Msb,) and وُلدَ لرِشْدَة (Hence,] (L, K,) and الرشدة الله (L, Msb, K,) the latter accord. to AZ and Fr, and said to be the more chaste, but the former allowable accord. to Ks, and preferred by Th in the Fs, (L, TA,) [and seems to be the more common,] ! He is, or was, trueborn; (A, Msb;) contr. of لزنية, (S, L, K,) or لزنيَّة, (Fr, TA,) and لغيَّة. (AZ, Fr, TA.) And i. c. † He was not true- وُلْدَ لَغَيْر رَشُدَة † born]. (Fr, TA.) And مُذَا وَلَدُ رِشْدة This is an offspring of valid marriage. (TA.) And Icas lie claimed, as his, a child وَلَدُا لَغَيْرِ رَشْدَةً ا not lawfully begotten, or not trueborn]. (TA, from a trad.)

رَشَادٌ see : رَشَدَى .رَاشِدٌ see : رشْدينٌ

an inf. n. of 1, (L, K,) or a simple subst., (Msb,) [signifying Right procedure; or the adoption, or pursuit, of a right way or course or direction; as to a road, and also as to an affair: and often meaning right belief, or orthodoxy: in both these senses] contr. of عَلَى (Ṣ, A, Mṣb,) and of مُذَى (Mṣb:) and أَصُدَى is a subst. syn. with مُثُّ الرَّشَادِ = (L, K.*) مَثَّادُ i. q. (K,) in the dial. of El-'Irak; (TA;) they gave it this name as one of good omen, because حُرْفُ and رَشَادً] (: K:) : حَرْمَانٌ is syn. with حُرْفُ are names given to several species of Cress; and accord. رشاد seems to mean the seed of عُبُّ الرَّشَاد to Golius, on the authority of Ibn-Beytar, , calc is the name of the nasturtium: accord. to Delile, (Flor. Ægypt., nos. 576, 580, 571, 584, and 610,) it is the Arabic name of the lepidium sativum of Linn.; the lepidium hortense of Forsk.: and the cochlearia nilotica: رَشَادُ البَحْرِ, i. e., nasturtium maritimum, that of the cahile maritima of Tournef.; Desf., a pinnatifida; the bunias cakile of Linn. ; the isatis pinnata of Forsk. : الرَّشَادُ الجَبَلَيّ . that of the lunaria parviflora : and رَشَادِ البَر i. e. nasturtium deserti, that of the raphanus recurvatus of Persoon; the raphanus lyratus of Forsk.]

in the sense of the measure الرَّشيدُ ... رَاشدُ in the sense of the measure مُفْعل, (L,) as an epithet applied to God, means The Director to the right way: (L, K:) and He who appoints, or ordains, well that which He appoints, or ordains: (K:) or He whose regulations are conducted to the attainment of their ultimate objects in the right way, without any one's aiding in directing their course aright. (L.)

and رشيد Taking, or following, a right way or course or direction [as to a road, and also as to an affair: and often meaning holding a right belief; or orthodox]. (A, Msb.) One says to a traveller, رَاشدًا مَهْديًا [May God make thee to be a taker, or follower, of a right way; one directed aright]. (A.) And one says, أرشُدينُ , as meaning يا راشد [O thou who takest, or followest, a right way &c.]. (L) الخُلْفَاةُ الرَّاشدُونَ [The Khaleefeks who took, or followed, a right course, or the orthodox Khaleefehs,] is an appellation specially applied to Aboo-Bekr, 'Omar, 'Othman, and 'Alee; but applicable also to any others of the Imams who pursued the same course as those four. (L.) أُمْ رَاشِد a surname (Ş) applied to The female rat or mouse (أَلْفَارَةُ). (S, K.)

is like الطُّرِيقُ الأُرْشَدُ [i. e. The more, or most, direct road]. (S.)

مَاسِنُ apl. without a sing., like المَرَاشِدُ and رَحَاسِنُ apl. without a sing., like المَرَاشِدُ and رَحَاسِنُ , (L,) The right places to which roads tend; syn. مَقَاصِدُ الطَّرْقِ . (Ṣ, L, K.) You say, المَرَاشِدِ [He directs to the right places to which roads tend]. (A.)

رثف

1. رَشُفُهُ, aor. ع and ب inf. n. رَشُفُهُ, (Ṣ, MA, O, Mṣb, K,) [and app. رُشِفُهُ also (which see below), and تَرْشَاف, which has an intensive signification, mentioned by Freytag as occurring in the " Maksoorah" of Ibn-Dureyd ;] and رشفه, aor. -, (AA, O, K,) inf. n. رَشْف; (K;) He sucked it in, (S, MA, O, K,) namely, water, (MA, K,) and the saliva of a girl, (IAar, O,) with the two lips; (MA;) as also ارتشفه (S, MA, O, K) and : رشَّفه * and ارشفه * (Ş,* MA, O,* K) and ارشفه * (IAnr, O, K:) or he took it, namely, water, with the two lips in a manner exceeding that which is رَشُفَ (Msb.) and رَشُفَ (Msb.) or رَشُفَ and رُشْفُ , (K,) inf. n. رُشْفُ , (IF, O,) he drank to the uttermost what was in the vessel, not leaving in it anything: (IF,* O,* Msb, K:) or, accord. to some, رُشْف signifies the sucking in the mater of the mouth in kissing: (Har p. 271:) you say, رشفها, meaning he sucked her (a girl's) saliva from her mouth : (IAar, L in art. :) and ارتشفها الم he hissed her and suched in her ": meaning " saliva رَشُفْ [i. e. رَشُفْ] meaning " saliva and مرشف signifies he sucked in much : (Har p. 231:) or i.q. تَمْصُنَّ. (O.) It is said in a (تَرَشَّفُ أَنْقَعُ , i. e. The suching in (أَرْشُفُ أَنْقَعُ of water by little and little is most effectual to quench thirst. (S, O, K.)

2: } see above.

5: see 1, in three places.

8: see 1, in two places.

A small quantity of water remaining in a watering-trough, or tank: the surface of the water, which the camels such in with their mouths.