an inf. n. of قَرْبُ [q. v.: and used as a simple subst. signifying Nearness]; like قربُ : or the former is in station, or grade, or rank. (Mgh, Mṣb.) You say, عَلَبُتُ مِنْهُ القَرْبَةُ [I sought of him nearness of station, &c.; or admission into favour]. (A.) — See also مَرْبَةُ . — Also, (A, O, Mṣb,) and أَوْرَبُهُ , (Mṣb,) A thing [such as prayer, or any righteous deed or work,] whereby one seeks nearness, to bring himself near, to draw near, or to approach, unto God; or to advance himself in the favour of God; (A, O, Mṣb;) as also أَوْرَبُاتُ (S, O, Mṣb, K:) pl. of the first and second قَرْبُاتُ and قَرْبُاتُ and قَرْبُاتُ . (Mṣb.)

[or skin], (Ṣ, O, TA,) سفّاً، A kind of قربة [or skin] وطُلب used for water: (Ṣ, O:) or a that is used for milk, and sometimes for water: (ISd, K:) or such as is sewed on one side: (K:) [the modern قربة, which is seldom, if ever, used for anything but water, is (if I may judge from my own observations and the accounts of others) always made of the skin of a goat about one year old or upwards: it consists of nearly the whole skin; only the skin of the head, and a small portion of that of each leg, being cut off: it has a seam extending from the upper part of the throat nearly to the belly, and sometimes a corresponding seam at the hinder part, but more commonly only a patch of leather over the fundament and navel: over the seam, or over each seam, is sewed a narrow strip of leather; and a mouth of leather is added in the place of the head: it is carried on the back, by means of a strap, or cord, &c., one end of which is generally attached to a cord connecting the two fore-legs; and the other, to the right hind leg:] the pl. (of pauc., \$, O) is قَرْبَاتْ and قَرْبَاتْ and وقربَاتْ, and (of mult., S, O) قَرْبُ (S, O, Msb, K.)

and قرابة are said of a vessel that is nearly filled [meaning In it is a quantity that nearly fills it]. (K, TA.) [See also قرابة.]

قُرَابَةُ see : فُرْبَةُ : __ and see also : فُرْبَةُ

آوُبَى [mentioned in the first sentence of this art as an inf. n.: and used as a simple subst.]: see قَرِيبُ, in five places: and see also قَرِيبُ, latter half.

قَرْبَانُ A vessel nearly full: fem. قَرْبَانُ : (Ṣ, O, Ķ:) and pl. قَرْبَانُ : (Ṣ, O:) you say قَدْتُ قَرْبَانُ i.e. [A drinking vessel] nearly full of water: and the ق in قربان is [said to be] sometimes changed into نا: (TA:) so accord. to Yaakoob; but ISd denies this. (TA in art. ڪ) = See also the paragraph here following.

وَرُبُانَ : see عُرْبَانَ : [it may often be rendered An offering, or oblation: and hence it sometimes means a sacrifice, as in the Kur iii. 179:] pl. وُرُبَانَهُمْ دِمَازُهُمْ (Mṣb.) وَرُبَانَهُمْ دِمَازُهُمْ [Their offering to God is their blood, lit. bloods,] occurs in a trad. as cited from the Book of the Law revealed

ing, they seek to bring themselves near unto God by shedding their blood in fighting in the cause of religion; whereas the قربان of preceding peoples consisted in the slaughtering of oxen or cows, and sheep or goats, and camels. (TA.) الصَّلَاةُ قُرْبَانُ كُلِّ ,And it is said in another trad The divinely-appointed act of prayer is the [The divinely-appointed act of prayer is the offering to God of every pious person]; meaning, that whereby the pious seek to bring themselves near unto God. (TA.) _ Also, (S, A, O, K,) and ﴿ قُرْبَانُ ﴿ K,) but this latter is by some disapproved, (TA,) [A near associate; or] a particular, or special, (A, K,) associate or companion (A) or consessor; (K;) or a consessor; and a particular, or special, associate or companion; (S, ISd, O;) [or a familiar, or favourite;] of a king, (S, ISd, A, O, K,) or of a governor, or prince; (S, O;) [or of any person who is either a superior or an equal;] so called because of his nearness: (TA:) pl. قرابين: (Ṣ, A, O, Ķ:) and one says also, فُلَانٌ مِنْ قُرْبَانِ الأَمِيرِ Such a one is of the near associates, &c., of the governor, or prince]; (S, O;) [for] قُرْبان is [said to be originally] an inf. n., and [therefore, as an epithet,] the same as sing. and dual and pl.: (so in a marginal note in one of my copies of the S:) or, in a phrase of this kind, it is a pl. of *قريب . (A in art. بعد.)

former half. قُرْبٌ see قَرَابٌ

بُورِبُ see قُرِبُ, last quarter, in two places:
__and قُرْبُ, near the middle:__and قِرْبُ,
former half: __ and قُرَابُهُ

as an adv. n. of time]. You say, قَرَابُ العِشَاءُ I rame to him near nightfall: and قَرَابُ النَّيْلُ near night. (Lth, TA.) And 'Oweyf El-Kawáfee says, describing she-camels, (so in the TA and in one of my copies of the S,) or 'Oweyf El-Fezárec, (so in the O,)

هُوَ آبُنُ مُنَضِّجَاتٍ كُنَّ قِدْمًا يَزِدْنَ عَلَى العَدِيدِ قِرَابَ شَهْرِ

(O, TA) i. e. He is the offspring of [one of the] she-camels that went beyond the usual time of bringing forth, that used formely to exceed the computed [time] near a month: J give a different reading of this verse, يَرِدْنَ عَلَى الْعُدِيرِ; but the correct reading is that given above. (IB, TA.) — See also قَرَابُ أَهُ near the middle. — see also قَرَابُ السَّى signify What is nearly the equal in quantity, or amount, or nearly the equivalent, of the thing. (K.) One says, مَا الْفُ دِرْهُمُ أَوْ قَرَابُ السَّمَ He has with him a thousand dirhems, or nearly the equal thereof: and مَعْهُ مَلْ قَدْمٍ مَا أَوْ قَرَابُ السَّمَ He has with him a cupful of water, or nearly the equal thereof. (Lth, TA.) And a poet says, (S,) namely, El-Ambar, (so in the O and TA,) or Es-Sinnabr,

to Moses, and as referring to the Arabs; mean- (so in the Mz, 49th نوع,) Ibn-'Amr, Ibn-Temeem, ing, they seek to bring themselves near unto (O, TA,*)

إِلَّا تَجِئْ مَلْأَى يَجِئْ قِرَابُهَا

[If a full bucket (being understood, as is indicated in the S and O and TA,) come not, what will be nearly the equal thereof will come]. لُو أَنَّ لَى قَرَابُ هَذَا, One says also, اللهِ أَنَّ لَى قَرَابُ هَذَا i. e. [If there belonged to me] the quantity nearly sufficient for the filling of this [of gold]: i.e. [If he brought] that لُو جَاء بِقَرَابِ الأَرْضِ which would be nearly the equal in quantity of الهَا مُوْابَهُ * الرُّحُبَتَين the earth. (Msb.) And الرُّحُبَتَين [The water is such as is nearly the equal in height of the two knees]. (A.) [See also .] = Also The joe [i. e. scabbard, or sheath,] of a sword, (K, TA,) or of a knife: (TA:) or the [i. e. case, or receptacle,] of the sic; (K, TA;) the جفن, which is a case, or receptacle, wherein is the sword together with its scabbard (بغمده) and its suspensory belt or cord: (S, O, TA:) it is like a جراب of leather, into which the rider, or rider upon a camel, puts his sword with its [here meaning scabbard], and his whip, and his staff, or stick, and his utensils: (Az, TA:) or like the جراب, into which one puts his sword with its scabbard (بغمده), and his whip, and sometimes his travelling-provisions of dates &c .: of the sword is قراب (IAth, TA:) the pl. of the a pl. of mult.] (Msb, TA) and قُرْبُ [a pl. of pauc.], like مُعْمَرُ and أَحْمِرُهُ pls. of أَحْمِرُهُ (Msb.) See also قُرْبُ, latter half.

Near in respect of place: (S, O, Msh, K,* &c. :) in this sense used alike as sing. and pl. (Kh, ISk, T, O, Msb, K.) and dual, (ISk, TA,) and as masc. and fem., (AA, Kh, Fr, ISk, T, S, O, Msb,) as is also بُعيدُ in the contr. sense : (Kh, ISk, TA:) the Arabs say هُو قَرِيب هُمْر and هُمَا قَرِيبٌ مِنِّى (ISk, O, * TA,) and مِنِّى , هِي قَرِيبٌ مِنِّي and قَرِيبٌ مِنِّي, (ISk, TA,) and قَرِيبٌ مِنِّي meaning فِي مَكَانِ قَرِيبِ [in a place near, to me, or little removed from me:] (ISk, O, TA:) or when you say هند قریب منك, it is as though you said غَنْدُ مُوضِعُهَا قَرِيبٌ مِنْكُ [Hind, her place is near to thee .] (AA, Msb :) hence, [in the Kur vii. 54,] اِنَّ رَحْمَةَ ٱللهِ قَرِيبٌ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ [Verily the mercy of God is near unto the welldoers]: (AA, ISk, O, Msb:) but it is allowable to say قَرِيبَة, as also بُعِيدَة: (ISk, O, Mşb, TA :) or (accord. to Zj, TA) قريب is here without ة because is not really [but only conventionally] of the fem. gender : (S, O, TA:) [but this reason is not satisfactory, because it does not apply to other cases mentioned above:] and it is also said that it is without 5 because it is assimilated to an epithet of the measure فعُول, which does not receive the fem. affix 5. (TA.) [Hence the phrase مِنْ قَرِيبٍ; see , former half, in two places. And [hence also] you say, إِنَّ قَرِيبًا