hence, a way, or manner, in which a thing is, or should be, sought]: this is meant in the saying, أَنْ مَنْ مَبْغَاتِهُ [I sought wealth by the way, or manner, whereby it should be sought]; like as مَأْتَى is meant in the saying, مَنْ مَأْتَاتِهُ. (S.)

see what next precedes.

الُوْبَتَغَى, (K,) or, as in the Tekmileh, الُوْبَتَغَى, (TA,) The lion: (K:) because he is always seeking prey. (TA.)

see what next precedes.

بق

1. بَتَّى ; and بَتَّى ; first pers. in the TA يَتُّقُ, which, being يَبَقُّ aor. يَبُقُّ anomalous, is probably a mistake,] inf. n. بَقُ and [which is of the latter verb accord. to analogy] and بَقيق; (M;) He spoke, or talked, much; was, or became, loquacious; (JK, M, TA;) as also أَبُقُبُقُ لا (JK, S, M, TA) and ابقٌ لا (M, TA.) And بَيِّ كَلَامًا [in which case the aor., accord. to rule, unless the noun be a specificative, is رَبُق,] and بَتَّ بِكَلَامِ [He was, or became, profuse in speech]. (M.) And بَقُ عَلَى القَوْمِ (Zj, K,) or and بَقَاقُ (K,) He بَقَاقُ and بَقَ عُلامَهُ spoke, or talked, much against the people, or company of men; (Zj, M, * K;) as also ابقً الله (K.) Hence, (TA,) قَدْ مَلَأَتُ الزُّرْضَ بَقَاقًا [Thou hast filled the earth, or land, with much discoursing], said, in dispraise, to a voluminous writer. (M, TA.) and ابقت ا, said of a woman, She had many children: (JK, S, M, K:) or, as Sb says, she brought forth many children. (M, TA.) ... ابقت لا (Ş, M, K,) and بنقت السَّهَاءُ ... (M, TA,) The sky rained much, and consecutively, or uninterruptedly: (M, TA:*) or rained vehemently. (Ş, M, K.) __ بنق (M, K,) aor. يَبَقَ (M, TA,) IIe ,بق (TA,) inf. n. ببق (M, TA,) gave largely, or amply: (IF, M, K, * TA:) in some of the copies of the K, العظمة is erroneously He بَقَى لَنَا العَطَاء (TA.) And العَطَيّة He made the gift large, or ample, to us. (M.) ___ He distributed, or dispersed, or scattered, his property; (K;) as also بققه به (JK,* K.) بققه به inf. n. بق الخبر ... (Ile spread, and sent forth, the news, or information. (M.) _______ , aor. يُبْقُ , He put forth, or took forth, what was in the thing. (M, TA.) Hence, (M,) (M, L, TA,) in the K, erroneously, عاله, (TA,) He spread out (K, TA) his [receptacles of skin, or leather, termed] عياب, and put forth, or took forth, what was in them. (TA.) __ He clave, slit, ripped, or rent, the thing. (JK.) So in the phrase بَقَ الجِرَابِ [He slit, ripped, or rent, and opened, (see مُبْقُوقٌ), the bag, or receptacle, for travelling-provisions &c.]. (K.) ___, (IF, K,) inf. n. بَقُوق, (TA,) said of a plant, [app. from its cleaving the earth,] It came forth. (IF,

K, TA.) = بَتُّى الهَكَانُ, [aor., app., يَبَقُ مِن مِن مِن أَلَّهُ الهَكَانُ The place abounded with يَّلُ [i. e. gnats, or musquitoes; or bugs]; as also ابقًال (M, TA.)

2: see 1.

4: see 1, in five places. ابقًاقُ أَدُ فُلَانِ The children of such a one multiplied; became many, or numerous. (TA.) ابْقَاتُ الْغَنْمُ فَي عَامَ جُدْبِ أَبْقَاتُ الْغَنْمُ فَي عَامَ جُدْبِ أَبْقَاتُ إِلْمَانُ الْعَنْمُ فِي عَامَ جُدْبِ (JK, and thus in the O, TA,) The ewes, or she-goats, being lean, or meagre, brought forth [in drought, or scarcity, or in a year of drought or scarcity]. (JK, O, K, TA.) والمُوادِي الوَادِي اللهُ الوَادِي اللهُ الوَادِي اللهُ الل

7: see 4.

R. Q. 1. بالهَا (Ṣ, M,) بالهَا (M,) [inf. n. بُقْبَقُ الْكُوزُ (M,) [inf. n. بُقْبَقَةْ, q. v. infrà,] The mug made a [guggling or gurgling] sound with the water [on being dipped into it or on one's pouring out from it]. (Ṣ, M.) And بُقْبَقَت القَدْرُ The cooking-pot boiled [so as to make a sound of bubbling]. (M.) — See also 1. — See also 1. فَرُقَهُ أَنْ بَعْبُقَ عَلَيْنَا الكَلاَمُ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَالللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَالللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَال

A woman having many بَقَّةٌ بَعَاقُ see : بَقَّ a مبقة * children: (Ibn-'Abbad, JK, K:) and woman that brings forth many children. (M, [A trace, mark, track, impression, or the like,] that is plainly apparent, or conspicuous. (JK, TA.) = Also, a pl. n.; (S, TA;) [or rather a coll. gen. n.;] sing., (S, TA,) or n. un., (JK, M, M,b,K,*) بَقَّةُ (JK,S, M, &c.;) Gnats, or musquitoes; syn. بعوض: (S, M, K: *) or large بعوض: (JK, M, Msb:) the poet 'Abder-Rahmán Ibn-El-Hakam, cited by IB, speaks of their singing [or humming]. (TA.) يَا عَين [O eye of a gnat or musquito] denotes smallness of the person of him to whom it is said; or of the eye, as being likened to the eye of the gnat or musquito. (Har p. 619. [See an ex. voce ______ Also, [in the M is here added "it is said," but this implies uncertainty where none exists,] A kind of insect, [namely, bugs,] (M, K,) resembling the louse, (M, TA,) [but larger,] wide, (K,) red, and stinking, (M, K,) [and hence termed بَقُ مُنْتِنُ,] found in bed-frames, or couch-frames, and in walls, [and therefore termed M, TA,) called (, بَقُ الحيطَان and بَقُ الخَشَب also بِنَاتُ الحصير [from being found in mats]; (TA;) when one kills them, he smells [what resembles] the odour of bitter almonds proceeding from them. (M, TA.) _ شجرة البق [The elmtree]: see

: see what next follows.

A man who speaks, or talks, much; loquacious; talkative; garrulous; a great talker;

(S, K;) whether incorrectly or correctly; (M;) or such is termed * بَقَاقَ ; (so written in a copy of the M ;) as also بُقَاقَةُ لا , (JK, S, K,) but this has a more intensive signification, (S, TA,) and , (JK, S, M,) or بُقْبَاقٌ * M, Sgh, K,) and مبتق * (K,) which last رَبِّقُ بَقُ اللهِ (K,) مِنَّقُ بَقْبَاقُ اللهِ occurs in a trad., but accord. to one recital it is in which the former word signifies, in which the former word signifies cast away," and the latter is an imitative sequent thereto : (TA :) ابْقَةُ * (, also, [app. pl. of بُقَعَةُ اللهِ اللهِ also, [app. pl. of اللهُ اللهُ syn. with ثُرْثَارُونَ [great talkers, &c.]: (IAar, [thus written without teshdeed] بَقَاقَ TA:) and signifies a babbler; nonsensical, irrational, foolish, or delirious, in his talk; one who speaks confusedly and improperly; or who speaks, or talks, much and badly, or erroneously. (M.) [See also 1, of which it is an inf. n.] _ Also, (K,) n. un. with 5, (JK, K,) A kind of clamorous bird: (JK, K:) but Sgh writes it [,بقاق *] with teshdeed. (TA.) = Also The morthless, or mean, or vile, articles of the furniture or utensils of a house or tent, or of household-goods. (M, K.)

بَقَاقٌ see بَقَاقَةُ.

in two places. بَقَاقٌ see بَقَاقٌ

a word imitative of The [guggling or gurgling] sound of a mug (JK, S, K) [when dipped] in water, (JK, K,) and the like: (K:) and of a cooking-pot in its boiling. (TA.) [See also R. Q. 1.]

نَّهُاقٌ : see بَقُبَاقٌ ; see بَقُبَاقٌ ; in two places. __ Also The mouth. (Ķ.)

َبُقُ see مَنَّقُ ... بَقَاقُ see مَنَّقُ مِنْ وَ اللهِ (its fem.): see

أَرْضُ مَبُقَةٌ A land abounding with أَرْضُ مَبُقَةٌ [i. e. gnats, or musquitoes; or bugs]; (M, TA;) like as you say مُبْعَضُةٌ (TA in art. بعض.)

[A bag, or receptacle, for travel-ling-provisions &c.] opened: (JK:) or slit, ripped, or rent, and opened. (Ibn-'Abbad, TA.)

بقر

1. بقر, (Ş, K, &c.,) aor. ، (JK, Ş, A, Mgh, Msb,) or -, (K,) [but this seems to be a mistake,] inf. n. بقر, (S, Msb,) He slit; ripped; split; cut, or divided, lengthwise. (S, Msb, K, &c.) He slit, or ripped open, an animal's belly. (A, Mgh.) One says, اَبْقُرَهَا عَنْ جَنِينَهَا Rip thou open her [a camel's] belly so as to disclose her factus. (S.) [See بقير.] _ He opened, or laid open. (S, A, Msb.) _ He widened; made wide, or ample. (S, K.) - He opened, and widened, or made wide, a house, or tent. (TA, from a trad.) ___ He opened and revealed to a person a story. هُدُهُد said of a بَقَرَ الأُرْض _ (TA, from a trad.) [or hoopoe], It looked for the place of water and saw it: (K:) [or it clave the ground and discovered water:] occurring in a trad. respecting of Solomon [mentioned in the Kur le knew بَقْرَ فِي بَنِي فَلَانِ ـــ (T.) يُقْرَ فِي بَنِي فَلَانِ ـــ the state, condition, case, or affair, of the sons of such a one, and examined, or inspected, them. (K.) __ بقر عن العلوم __ He inquired, and searched