stab that ejects, or spirts forth, blood, much, or vehemently. (TA.) أَنْفُاتُ نَغُوتُ لَا £ A stab that ejects its blood quickly. (T.) غَنْاتُ † One who gives many gifts. (TA.) بالنَفْار, (K,) or إلنَفْار, (TA,) The Bestower of [many] benefits upon mankind, or the creation: (K:) an epithet applied to God; but disapproved by some, because not so applied in the Kur-án or the traditions.

نَافِحَةُ Diffusing odour; fragrant. Ex. نَافِحَةُ A bag, or vesicle, of mush diffusing odour, or fragrant: pl. نَوَافِحُ (A.)

(S, K, &c.) said to be the most common form of the word, (TA,) for which one should not say انفحة, (ISk,) but this is mentioned by Ibn-Et-Teiyance and the author of the 'Eyn, (MF,) and sometimes it is written and pronounced إنفحة, (K,) or this is the most common form, (Msh,) and most approved, (ISk,) and sometimes إنْفَحَةُ (K,) and أَفْحَةُ (I Aar, S, K,) and بنْفُحَةُ (I Aar, K,) with , in the place of the , (TA,) [The rennet, or rennet-bag, of a kid or lamb; i.e.] A substance that comes forth from the belly of a kid, containing coagulated milk which is termed i, used as a means of converting fresh milk into cheese: (IDrst:) or a thing that is taken forth from the belly of a sucking-pig, (or lamb, Msb,) of a yellow colour, and squeezed in some cotton, (which is soaked, into milk, L, Msb,) whereupon it (i.e. the milk, MF) becomes thich, like cheese : (L, Mab, K:) or the stomach (كُرش) of a lamb or kid before it eats: (AZ, S, Msb:) when it eats, it is called ڪُرش. (AZ, Ş.) F imputes inadvertence to J in his explaining list by the term but he does not explain it by this term ، absolutely; and F adds to his own explanation what makes it exactly the same as that of J, [except that he makes it relate to a kid only,] saying "when the kid eats, it," that is the list. "is called ڪُرش." (MF.) None but a ruminating animal has an انفحة. (Lth.) The pl. is especially [that of] انفحة (S, K.) Any أنَّافح the hare, if hung upon the thumb of a person suffering from a fever, cures him. (K.) __ إِنْفُحَةُ also signifies A kind of tree (resembling the (K.) . باذنجان

إِنْفُحَةُ and نَغُوحُ see : مِنْفَحَةُ

نفخ

1. نَفْخُ بِفُوهُ , (K,) aor. -, [accord. to Golius and Freytag, incorrectly, -; see Kur, iii. 43, &c.] inf. n. نَفْخُ ; (Mşb;) and نَفْخُ , (K,) inf. n. تَنْفِخُ ; (TA;) He blew with his mouth; sent forth wind from his mouth; (K;) this is done in taking rest, and in labour or exertion, and the like. (L)

you say ,نَفَخَ فِيه as well as ,نَفَخَ الصُّور , He blen the trumpet, or blew into the trumpet: (MF, TA:) نَفَخُ is a dial. form of : نَفَخُ فِيهِ is a dial. form of نَفَخُهُ [he blew the fire; or blew into the fire] في النَّار نَفُخُ في and : قوت ! see 8 (last sentence) in art [he blew into, or inflated, the skin]: and sometimes one says مُفْخُوا (Msb.) نَفُخُهُ occurs in a verse of El-Katamee for نفخوا. (٩٠) -†[The devil blew into his أنْفه أَنْفه nose]: said of him who aspires to that which is not for him. (TA.) _ نَفَخَ شُدُقَيْه [He inflated, or puffed out, the sides of his mouth; meaning] he was proud, or affected pride. (A.) بنفخ , aor. 4, inf. n. نفخه , It (food) inflated him, or filled him. (L.) __ نفخ , aor. -, inf. n. (L) نَفَتْ (Ş, L,) He (a man, Ş, and a horse, L) had inflated testicles. (S, L.) - Also, He (a beast of carriage) had his pasterns inflated with wind. When a beast thus affected walks, the humour subsides. (L.) _ نَفْخُ نِهَا Pepedit; نَفَخَتِ الرِيحِ (S, K.) __ نَفَخَتِ الرِيحِ The wind came suddenly. (L.) __ نَفْخُتُ بِهِم The road cast [or brought] them suddenly إلطُّريقُ (L.) = نفخت الريح to a place]: from نفخت inf. n. الفّحى, The morning became advanced, and the sun high. (L, K.) You say also انتفخ الله المار The day became advanced, the sun being high, (S, L,) an hour before noon. (L.)

2: see 1.

5: see 8.

تَفْخُ [Flatulence. — And hence,] ; Boastfulness; arrogance; pride; (Ṣ, Ķ;) [inflation with pride] : pride was termed by Moḥammad نَفْخُ الشَّيْطَانِ, as also رَجُلُ ذُو نَفْخِ — (همز, \$ A boastful, arrogant, proud man; (Ṣ;) [a man inflated with pride].

† A young man (TA) full of youthfulness [or youthful plumpness or vigour]; (K;) and so, without 5, a damsel. (TA.)

and مُنْفَعُ and نَفْظُ Inflation of the نَفْظُهُ (L.)

but sometimes it is trans., as many have asserted:

you say بَفَخُهُ الصُّورَ , as well as مَنْ فَهُ , he blew
the trumpet, or blew into the trumpet: (MF, TA:)
the trumpet, or blew into the trumpet: (MF, TA:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
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and عَدْ نَفُخُهُ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
and عَدْ الله has an inflation of the body: (K:)
body. (S.) — [And A flatulent humour of any kind: a meaning well known.]

**In the blest [I the blest into, or inflated, the skin]: and side [I the horn] of the horn] of the horn] of the day of resurrection.

(L.) — عَدْ نَفُ مُنْ الله has a plenteous odour. (L.)

**In the has an inflation of the horn of the horn] of the

الْفَخَانَ (applied to land, or ground, §) i. q. الْبَخَانَ : (Ṣ, L, Ķ:) or elevated and good or fertile ground, in which is no sand nor stones, producing a few trees; and so الْبَخْنَ, except that this latter is more flat and extensive: or soft land, in which is elevation: (L:) or tumid earth, that breaks in pieces when trodden upon: (TA, voce الْفَخَانَ: it has a form of pl. proper to substs. because it is an epithet in which the quality of a subst. predominates. (L.) الْفُخَانَ The upper part of the bone of the الله [or shank, or tibia]. (Ķ.)

One who is employed to blow a fire.

disease, (T, K,) arising in any part: (T:) a humour; as also الفاقة. (L.) _ See

a المنافة A bubble upon water. (L, K [but in some copies of the K, for المنافة is erroneously put المنافق.]) — [The air-bladder of a fish;] an inflated thing in the belly of a fish, which is (as they assert, L,) its نفاف [app. meaning its most essential part, or element,] by means of which it rises in the water, and moves to and fro (L, K.) — A bladder of a plant (S, O, L, voce in the water). (AHn, in TA, voce in the matomy, A cell.]

a blower of a fire; i. e.,] there is not in the house a blower of a fire; i. e.,] there is not in the house any one. (S.) نافئ حضنيه [A man inflating, or puffing out, his sides;] inflated, and ready to do mischief, or evil. (L, from a trad.)

أَنْفُنُ A man, (Ṣ, L, Ķ,) and a horse, (L,) having inflated testicles: (Ṣ, L, Ķ:) syn. of آنُفُنُ (Mgh, in art. ادر) — Also, A beast of carriage having his pasterns inflated with wind: see ... (L.)