of life]: (M:) or lengthen thou my term of life. (TA.) You say also, أَفَى عُمُرُهُ مُتَنَقَّى اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ اللهُ

عَيْنَيَّ جُودًا عَبْرَةً أَنْفَاسًا

[O my two eyes, pour forth a flow of tears time after time]. (S.) = نَفُسُ is also a subst. put in the place of the proper inf. n. of نَفَّسُ; and is so used in the two following sayings, (K, TA,) لَا تُسبُواً الرِّيحَ فَإِنَّهَا مِنْ (TA.) وَالرِّيحَ فَإِنَّهَا مِنْ i. e. ‡ [Revile not ye the wind, for] بُفُس الرَّحَمِين it is a means whereby the Compassionate removes grief, or sorrow, or anxiety, (K, TA,) and raises the clouds, (TA,) and scatters the rain, and dispels dearth, or drought. (K, TA.) And I perceive your أُجِدُ نَفَسَ وَبَّكُمْ مِنْ قَبَلِ اليَهَن Lord's removal of grief, &c., from the direction of El-Yemen: meaning, through the aid and hospitality of the people of El-Medeeneh, who were of El-Yemen ; (K, TA;) i. e., of the Ansar, who were of [the tribe of] El-Azd, from El-Yemen. (TA.) It is [said by some to be] a metaphor, from نَفْس الهُوَاء, which the act of breathing draws back into the inside, so that its heat becomes cooled and moderated: or from which one scents, so that thereby he refreshes himself: or from نَفُسُ الرَّوْضَة. (TA.) You also say, مَا لِي نَفَسْ, meaning, There is not for me any removal, or clearing away, of grief. (A.) = It is also used as an epithet, signifying + Long; (AZ, K;) applied to speech, (K,) and to writing, or book, or letter. (AZ, K.)

مُنْسُنُهُ, (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ,) with damm, (Ķ,) [in a copy of the Ṣ, مُسْلَهُ, [; (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ;) and ample space, syn. مُتَّسَعُ. (TA.) Ex. مُتَّسَعُ † [Thou shalt have, in this affair, a delay, and ample space]. (Ṣ, Mgh,* TA.) See also نَفُسُ .

[نَفْسَ Relating to the نَفْسَى, or soul, &c. : vital: and sensual; as also

انفُسَانُ (Th,Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣb, K, &c.) and انفُسَانُ and انفُسَانُ (M, K) † A woman in the state following childbirth: (Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣb, * K:) or bringing forth: and pregnant: and menstruating: (Th, M:) and الفَسُ نَافِسُ نَافِسُ نَافِسُ نَافِسُ نَافِسُ نَافِسُ نَافِسُ (A:) [see نَفْسُوسُهُ † and so أَفُوسُهُ (A:) [see عَشَرَاوُانِ dual نَفُسُوسُهُ أَنْ being changed into وَ as in نَفُسُواوَانِ pl. نَفَاسُ (Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣh, K,) like as أَشُوسُهُ is pl. of المُشَرَّادُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) the only other instance of the kind, (Ṣ, K,) and المُفَسُّرُ اللهُ ا

(M, Ķ,) which is also the only instance of the kind except المُقْسُ, (Ķ,) and اللهُ and اللهُ and اللهُ and اللهُ (K) and اللهُ (K) and اللهُ (K) and اللهُ (لهُ اللهُ اللهُ

. نَفُوسٌ see : نَفْسَانِيَّ or رَنَفْسَانِّ . نَفُوسٌ and : نَفْسَانِيُّ : see : نَفْسَانِيُّ

> لَنَا صَرْخَةُ ثُمَّ إِسْكَاتَةُ كَمَّا طَرَّقَتُ بِنِفَاسٍ بِكِرُ

[We utter a cry; then keep a short silence; like as when one that has never yet brought forth experiences resistance and difficulty in giving birth to a child, or young one]; meaning, بولد. (S.)

An envious man: (M, TA:) tone who looks with an evil eye, with injurious intent, at the property of others: (M, A, TA:) as also أنفُسَانُ (TA,) or أنفُسَانُ (A.)

A thing high in estimation; of high account; excellent; (Lh, M, Msb, TA;) [highly prized; precious; valuable; and therefore (TA) desired with emulation, or in much request; (S, K, TA;) good, goodly, or excellent, in its kind; (TA;) and أفس * signifies the same, (M,) and so : مَنْفُوسٌ * Lh, M, A, Msh, K,) and , مُنْفُسٌ * does (K:) it signifies thus when applied to property, as well as other things; as also أمنفسُ * (Lh, M:) and, when so applied, of which one is avaricious, or tenacious : (M :) or مُنْفَسُّ , so applied, abundant; much; (K;) as also أَفْنُسُ ؛ (Fr, K:) and أنافسٌ a thing of high account or estimation, and an object of desire: (TA:) this last is also : نَفِيسُ applied, in like manner, to a man; as also and the pl. [of either] is نفاس (M, TA) You also say, أَمْرُ مَنْفُوسٌ فِيه , meaning, A thing that is desired. (M.) And هَيْ: مُتَنَافَسٌ لا فيه A thing emulously desired, or in much request. (A.) _ Also, [as an epithet in which the quality of a subst. predominates,] Much property; (S, A, لِفُلَانِ مُنْفِسٌ, (Ş.) You say, مُنْفِسٌ ﴿ K ;) and so and نفيس Such a one has much property. (Ş.) نَفِيسُ and مَا يَسُرُّنِي بِهِذَا الأَمْرِ مَنْفِسُ And [Much property does not rejoice me with this affair]. (S.)

نَفْيَسْ: see نَفْيَسْ, in three places. See also نَفْيَسْ: يَغْيَانُ : غَنْدُ اللهِ إِنْ اللهِ اللهِ إِنْ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ

esteemed of my property. (Ṣ, TA.) الْفَصُ مَالِي (Ṣ, TA.) الله [May God cause thee to attain to the most protracted, or most ample, of lives: see 5]. (A, TA.) And دَارُكَ أَنْفَسُ مِنْ دَارِي أَنْفَسُ مِنْ دَارِي إِلَى thouse is more ample, or spacious, than my house: (M:) and the like is said of two places: (M:) and of two lands. (A.) And هَذَا التَّوْبُ أَنْفُسُ مِنْ ذَارِي this garment, or piece of cloth, is wider and longer and more excellent than this. (M.) And مَنْ فَدَا التَّوْبُ الْنَفْسُ التَّوْبُ أَنْفُسُ التَّوْبُ وَلَا لَكُوبُ الْنَفْسُ التَّوْبُ وَلَا لَهُ مِنْ فَدَا لَلهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمُؤْمِنُ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمِنْ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَمُؤْمِنُ اللهُ وَمُنْ اللهُ وَ

see نَفِيسُ ; for the latter, throughout.

أَنْفُوسُ : see بَغُوسُ , in two places. = ‡ Brought forth ; born. (Ṣ, M, A, Mṣb, Ķ.) It is said in a trad., إِنَّا وَقَدْ كُتُبَ مَكَانُهِا إِلَّا وَقَدْ كُتُبَ مَكَانُهِا [There is not any soul born but its place in Paradise or Hell has been written]. (Ṣ.) مَنْفُوسَةُ مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً عَلَى إِنْفُوسَةً مِنْفُوسَةً مِنْ

___ A place of passage of the breath.] ___ . . صَحُرْ See also . . See also . . .

or having a soul: (so in a copy of the M:) an epithet applied to everything having lungs. (Ş, TA.) غَانُطُ مُتَنَفِّسُ لِلْمُ اللَّهُ عَانُطُ مُتَنَفِّسُ لِلْمُ اللَّهُ عَانُطُ مُتَنَفِّسُ لِلْمُ اللَّهُ ا

. نَفِيسٌ see : شَيْءٌ مُتَنَافَسٌ فيه

نفش

1. رَنَفُشُ, (Ṣ, A,) aor. -, (Ṣ,) inf. n. رَنَفُشُ, (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) He separated, or plucked asunder, or loosened, a thing, with his fingers, so that it became spread, or sparse, or dispersed; (A, Ķ;) as also نَفُسُ inf. n. رَنَفُسُ : (Ṣ, Ķ:) or the latter has an intensive signification: and accord. to some, the former signifies he separated a thing not difficult to separate, such as cotton and wool: or he pulled