prising all of what are termed the مَرَاقٌ of the belly, beneath the عَدْد thereof, to the of the belly [i. e. the liver]; the مَرَاقٌ of the belly being all that has not a bone curving over it: (ISh, O:) or the skin of the whole of the belly: (O, K:) the pl. is مُعَقَّى, only. (M, TA.)

مَعُونَ An abominable acclivity or ascending road or mountain-road difficult of ascent: pl. oal and مَعُنْ (M, K.) And A mountain, (K,) or an obstacle, or elevated portion, of mountains, (O,) such as is inaccessible. (O, K.) And A smooth, high rock: pl. مُعُنْ (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.) Also, applied to a bow, Pliant. (Fr, O, K.) [In the TA, in a verse of Aboo-Dhu-eyb describing a bow, to which it seems to be there applied as an epithet, it is expl. as signifying a bow, it is a mistranscription for راجعة has assigned to it three explanations which belong to مُعَاقَ .]

رَّفَيْقُ, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, (Ṣ, M, Mgh, O, Mṣb, K,) strong, stout, or firm; (M;) thick, substantial, close, or compact, in texture: (Mgh, O, Mṣb, K:) and is a dial. var. thereof. (TA.) — Also + Hardy, strong, sturdy, enduring, or patient. (M.) — And applied to a face (Ṣ, O, K, TA) as meaning † Impudent; or having little shame. (O, K, TA.) And جَرُفُونُ الْوَحَمُهُ A man having no shame. (Har p. 368.)

. صَافِقَةُ see : صَفِيقَةُ

رِكَابُ) coming and وَكَابُ) coming and going. (Ibn-'Abbad, O.) _ See also

A company (IDrd, M, O, K) of men [alighting at one's abode]. (IDrd, M, O.) See 1, near the end.—Also A calamity, or misfortune: (M, TA:) pl. مُوَافِقُ (M:) this pl. and أَنَّ (O, K, TA,) which latter may be pl. of أَنْ مُنْافِقُ (TA,) signify accidents, or evil accidents, (O, K, TA,) and varieties, or vicissitudes, of events. (O, TA.)

أَصْفَتُ A garment, or piece of cloth, more [strong, stout, firm,] thick, substantial, close, or compact, in texture, than another. (Mgh.)

[written in one place with fet-h, and in another with kesr, to the فرق [A man's slaves, or servants, and other dependents; or slaves, and cattle, or camels &c.;] in the dial. of El-Yemen. (TA.)

مُصُفَقُ A place of passage; a way, road, or path; syn. مُسْلَكُ (O, TA.)

أَصُفَى [pass. part. n. of 2, q. v.]. One says, أَصُفَى وَنَصْحِ مُرَوَّى إِلَّهُ الْمُعَدِّى وَدُّ مُصَفَّى وَنَصْحِ مُرَوَّى إِلَا اللهِ اللهِ إِلَا اللهِ إِلَا اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ إِلَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ الله

مَصَافَقُ A camel lying, or sleeping, upon one side one time and upon the other side another time. (O, K.) — And مُصَافِقُ بَيْنَ تُوبِيْنِ Wearing two garments, one of them over the other. (Ibn-'Abbád, O.)

صفن

1. صُفُون, aor. ع, inf. n. صُفُون, said of a horse, He stood upon three legs and the extremity of the hoof of the fourth leg; (AZ, S, K, TA;) [thus expl.] without restriction to a fore leg or a hind leg: (TA:) or he stood upon three legs, and turned back the extremity of the fore part of the fourth hoof, that of his fore leg: (M, TA:) [or he stood upon three legs, and otherwise: (see :)] accord. to Fr, the poems of the Arabs indicate that صفون signifies peculiarly, or specially, [or simply,] the act of standing, or standing still. (TA.) _ Also, (M, Msb, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (M, Msb,) said of a man, (K,) or صَفَنَ صَفَّ قَدُمَيْهِ (TA, from a trad.,) meaning , قَدُمَيْه [He set his feet evenly, side by side], (M, Msb, K, TA,) standing, (Msb,) and praying. (TA.) [Or, said of a man standing in prayer, it signifies, or in this case it signifies also, He put his feet close together: or he turned one of his feet backward, like as the horse turns one hoof when standing upon three legs: see, again, صَافَن] == (M,) , aor. والورق (M, TA) صَفَنَ الحَشِيشَ inf. n. صفن, said of a bird, or flying thing, It compacted the dry herbage (M, TA) and the leaves, [to make a habitation,] for its young ones, (M,) or around its place of entrance [into its habitation]; (TA;) and value signifies the same: (M:) تُصفينٌ * as the act of the hornet and the like is the compacting for itself, or for its young ones, a habitation (K, TA) of dry herbage and of leaves : so says Lth. (TA.) _ And صفن He collected together his clothes (JM, TA) في السَّرْج [upon his saddle], (TA,) or في سَرْجِهِ [upon the saddle and the like thereof]. (JM.) مَفَنَ بِهِ الأَرْضَ (K, TA,) aor. inf. n. صُفْن, (TA,) He flung him, or it, upon the ground. (K, TA.) = And مفنه, aor. , inf. n. , i. e. scrotum. صَفَن, i. e. scrotum. (M.)

2. صفّن, and its inf. n. : see 1, in two places.

3. مُضَافَنَهُ The standing confronting a people, or party. (TA.) = [Also The dividing of water among a people, or party, in the manner described in the next paragraph:] one says, صَافَنَ المَاءُ بَيْنَ [for مُعْلَةُ مُعُلِّهُ مُعُلِّهُ أَعْطَانِي صَغْنَةً أَعْطَانِي صَغْنَةً أَعْطَانِي صَغْنَةً أَعْطَانِي صَغْنَةً أَعْطَانِي صَغْنَةً أَعْطَانِي صَغْنَةً أَعْلَى اللهَ وَاللّهُ مَعْنَاهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

the meaning being He divided the water in that manner among the people, or party, and gave me a gulp as much as would cover a pebble in the bottom of a vessel]. (TA.)

6. تصافنوا الماء, (AA, Ṣ, M, K,) said of people in a journey and having little water, (M,) They divided the water among themselves (AA, Ṣ, M, K) by shares, (Ṣ, K,) by means of the pebble, (AA, Ṣ, M,) which they threw into the vessel to pour the water into it, (AA,) giving to each of them as much as would cover the pebble. (AA, Ṣ.) See also 6 in art.

if not a mistake for صفن, q. v.,] signifies The [round piece of skin, or leather, in which food is put, and upon which people eat; commonly called] مفن ; as also أَ صُفَنَ (K:) the latter is expl. by AA and IAar as a مُفن that is gathered together by a [running] string [near the edge, by means of which it is converted into a bag, agreeably with a modern custom]. (TA.) — And The [bursa faucium, or faucial bag, of the camel; commonly called] مُفن ; as also أَ مُفن : (K:) so expl. by AA. (TA.) — See also

described in the صَفْنَ A thing like the صَفْنَ next preceding paragraph], and between the and the قرية, in which are [put] goods or utensils or the like: or it is of skin, or leather, (M,) [i. e.] a receptacle of skin, or leather, (S, in which it is expressly said to be with damm,) like the (S, M,) pertaining to the people of the desert, in which they put their travelling-provisions, and (M) with which (S, M) sometimes (M) water is drawn, (S, M,) like [as is done with] the :: (M:) occurring in a verse of Sakhr El-Hudhalee [small bucket, on small drinking-vessel, of skin or leather, called] رُخُوة, (Fr, Mgh, K,) in which the ablution termed : (Fr, K:) or it signifies, (Mgh,) or signifies also, (K,) accord. to AA, (S,) a [pouch such as is called] خريطة pertaining to the pastor, in which are [put] his food, and his ¿i's [for producing fire], (S, Mgh, K,) and his other utensils or apparatus, (K,) or what other things he requires; (S, Mgh;) and sometimes water is drawn with it, like [as is done with] the ذُلُو; (TA;) as also أ دُلُو (K:) or, accord. to A'Obeyd, vais signifies a thing like the and, in which are [put] a man's goods or utensils, and his [other] apparatus; and when the ة is elided, it is pronounced with damm [i. e. مُقْنَةً (TA:) or مُقْنَةً (TA) or وَعُقْنَةً (so in a copy of the M,) signifies a small دُو [or [or ring] حُلْقَة [or ring] a single الله [or ring] and when it is large, it is called : and the pl. is أَصْفُنُ. (M, TA.) __ And + Water [app. considered as contained in the vessel thus called]: so expl. as used in the saying of Aboo-Du-ad,

ا هَرَقْتُ فِي حَوْضِهِ صُفْنًا لِيَشْرَبَهُ

[I poured into his drinking-trough water that he might drink it]. (TA.) — See also what next follows.

The scrotum (S, M, Msb, K) of a man; (S, Msb;) as also مُفُنُّ (M,) or مُفُنُّ (K,)