aquiline vulture lay upon its breast on the ground; syn. جُنُوت. (S, A, K.) See also جُنُوت. -[Hence, from the notion of sitting down over against any one,] نَعْدُ بِغَرْنه † He was able to contend with his adversary. (L, K.) \_ بنو فلان The sons of such a one are لَبُنِي فُلَانِ يَقْعُدُونَ able to contend with the sons of such a one, and come to them with their numbers. (L.) -+ They were able to contend for us, with their warriors, and to suffice us in war. (L.) -He prepared for war those who should contend therein. (L, K.) \_\_\_\_ If performed the affair ; syn. إهتر به. (Msb.) \_\_ # IIe set about, fell to, or commenced قَعَدُ يَشْتَهَنَّى reviling me. (Fr, A, L.) \_ [And from the notion of sitting down in refusal or unwillingness,] He abstained from, omitted, neglected, left, relinquished, or forsook, the thing or affair; (A, Mgh;) he hung back, or held back, from it. (IKtt.) عن حاجته He hung, back, or held back, from accomplishing his want. (Mab.) قَعْدُ عَن القَّوم + He remained hehind, or after, the people, or party, not going with them. (Meb, art. غُدتُ بعده And أَعُدتُ بعدة [+ I remained behind, or after, him; ] as also لَهُ خُلَافَ أُصْحَابِه Msb, ibid.:) and خَلَافَ أُصْحَابِه He remained behind, or after, his companions; he did not go forth with them (TA, in art. خلف) \_ and جلس معه are like قعد معه] and , see 4 in three places, قُعُد به \_\_ , q. v.] قَعَدُتُ عَنِ or (K;) or وَتُعُودُ , inf. n. وَتَعَدَتْ \_\_\_. الوَلَدِ, (Mgh, K,) and الحَيْض, (A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and الزوج; (A, Msb, K;) \$ She (a woman) ceased from bearing children, (A, Mgh, K,) and from having the menstrual discharge, and from having a husband. (A, K.) [And hence,] \$ She (a woman) had no husband: (K, TA:) said of her who is, and of her who is not, a virgin. The palm-tree bore fruit تُعَدَّت النَّخْلَةُ \_ (TA.) one year and not another. (L, K.) \_\_ قعد مقاعد † [He had thin evacuations of the bowels: Bee عَدْ \_ (TA, in art. قعد \_ (.سك Laxness (Ş, K) and depression (S) in the shank (وظيف) of a camel. (S, K.) [App. an inf. n., of which the verb is . قعد = [.صدف. But see 1 in art. قعد عدد شفرته .Ex صار .Ex وار Tt [or he] became; syn. He sharpened his large حَتَّى قَعَدَتُ كَأَنَّهَا حَرْبَةً knife so that it became as though it were a javelin. And تُوْبُكَ لَا تَقْعُدُ تَطِيرُ بِهِ الرِّيحُ in the CK, يَقْعُدُ and يَقْعُدُ Take care of thy garment, that the wind do not become flying away with it. is here in the acc. case ثوبك (IAar, L, K.\*) because the verb is understood before it. (L.) The young palm-tree came to فعدت الفسيلة \_\_ have a trunk. (S, A, K.) He (a man, AZ) stood. Thus it bears two contr. significations. (AZ, L, K.)

2. عَدْتُكُ ٱلله I beg God to perserve, keep, guard, or watch, thee. See عَدْتُك ٱلله (Aboo-'Alee, IB, L.) See also 4 in two places, and 5.

3. قاعده He sat with him. (L.) [See also an ex. in art. سفه, conj. 3.]

4. اقعده, (S, L, K,) and قعده, (L, K,) He caused him to sit, or sit down; he seated him. (S, L.) \_ اَقْعَدَ He was affected by a disease in his body which deprived him of the power to malk: (Msb:) he was unable to rise: (L:) [as though constrained to remain sitting : see مقعد and البَرْم [Decrepitude crippled ] أَقْعَدُهُ الْبَرْم [. قَعَادُ him, or deprived him of the power of motion]. (A.) أَقْعَدُ لـ (a man) was, or became, lame. in the hind leg of a horse is Its إنْعَادِ \_\_ (S, L.) being much expanded (ان تُغْرَشُ جِدًّا), so that it is not erect. (S, L.) أَقْعَدُ He (a camel) had and أقام به وقعد He, or it, caused him to experience griefs which disquieted him so that he could not remain at rest, making him to stand up and sit down. (See 1, and ... And see an ex. in a verse cited in art. فنى, conj. 3.] اقعد \_\_\_ العد He dug the well to the depth of a man sitting: or he left it upon the surface of the ground, and did not dig it so as to reach water. (L, K.) See also اقعد \_\_\_ . مقعدة (Ibn-Buzurj, L) and (K) He remained, stayed, abode, or dwelt, in a place. (Ibn-Buzurj, L, K.) == اقعده and أَتُعْيِدُ (inf. n. of the latter تُعده الله) He sufficed him (namely his father [but in the CK, instead of أَبَاهُ, we read أَيَاهُ) for gaining, or earning; (K, TA;) and aided, or assisted, him. (TA.) \_ قعده الم and اقعده (inf. n. of the latter , K) He served him. (IAar, L, K.) [Ex.] , and تُقعده , [Such a one has no wife to serve him]. (A.) = اقعده آباؤه, and t His ancestors withheld him from eminence, or nobility; (L;) [as also قعد لا , and مَا قَعَدَ \* بِهِ عَنْ نَيْل [You say also, اقتعده \* ما ما تقعده لا and المَسَاعِي إِلَّا لُؤُمُ عُنْصُرِهِ t [ Nothing withheld him from attaining to the means of honour and elevation but the baseness of his origin]. (A.) See also 5. -His inheritance is by reason of ورثه بالإقعاد nearness of relationship]. You do not say بالقعود (L.) \_\_ إِفْعَادُ \_\_ The having few ancestors. (IAar,

الأَعْدُكُ أَوْتَعُدُكُ أَنْ , what hath withheld, restrained, debarred, or prevented, thee? (L.) الأَمْرِ , (S, A, L, K,) and القاعد , (A,) ! He did not seek, seek for or after, or desire, the thing. (S, A, L, K.) See also 1. نقعد signifies He held back, or refrained. (KL.) — And also He held back, or restrained. (KL.) — the beld back, or restrained. (KL.) — the performed his affair. (IAar, Th, L, K.)

6. تقاعد به فلَان + Such a one did not pay him his due. (Ş, L.) = See also 5.

8. اقتعد He rode a camel: (L, Mab:) he took, or used, a camel as a تُعْدَة q. v. (L, K.) — اقتعد تَعيدة [He took a seat of the kind called تعيدة to sit upon]. (L.)

R. Q. 3. إِنْعَنْدُرُ : see 4.

throughout. قَعْدَكَ الله and قَعْدَكَ الله throughout.

قَاعِدُ Human dung. (L, K.) = See also قَاعِدُ in two places.

A single sitting. (Ş, L, Mşb.) Ex. فَعُدَةُ وَاحِدَةً He sat a single sitting. (L.) \_ قَعْدَةُ , sec قُعْدَةُ , sec رُو places. = And see قَاعَدُ and , and , and القعدة, A certain month ; (S, L, K;) [the eleventh month of the Arabian year;] next after : شُوال (L:) so called because the Arabs [when their year was solar] used to abstain (يَقْعُدُونَ) therein from journeys (L, K, TA) and warring and plundering expeditions and laying in stores of corn and seeking pasturage, before performing the pilgrimage in the next month; (L, TA;) or because in that month they broke in the young camels (القعدان) for riding: (Msb, voce جمادي) ; ذُوَاتُ القَعَدَات S, L, Mab, K) and ذُوَاتُ القَعْدَة ; (Yoo, Msb;) but the former is the regular pl., (Yoo,) because the two words are considered as one, (Msb,) and it is the more common: (TA:) (Msb.) . زُوَاتًا القُعْدَتَيْنِ and زُوَاتًا القَعْدَةِ dual

أَنْعُدُوْ, (K,) or وَعُدُوْ, (L,) An ass: (L, K:) pl. وَعُدَاتْ, (K,) with the pquiescent, (TA,) [in the CK, وَعُدَاتْ,] or وَعُدَاتْ. (L.) = [The former,] A horse's, and a camel's saddle: (L, K:) pl. وَعُدَاتْ, (IDrd, L,) with which is syn. وَعُودُ [the dim.]. (S, L.) — See

مَّعُدُهُ الدِّب He has a good مُو حَسَن القَعْدَة لِهِ He has a good manner of sitting: (A, L:) and فَعُدُهُ الدِّب He sat in the manner of sitting of the bear. (A, TA.) وَعُدُهُ رَجُل لِهِ , and وَعُدُهُ رَجُل لِهِ (L, K,\*) The space occupied by a man sitting: (L, K:) and the height, or depth, of a man sitting. (L.) Ex. مَجْرَةٌ تَعْدَةُ رَجُل A tree of the height of a man sitting: (AHn, in L and TA, passim:) and مَنْ قَعْدَةُ رَجُل A well of the depth of a man sitting: (As:) and وَعُدَةً بُرُنَا تَعْدَةً لَهُ The depth of our well is that of a man sitting: (L:) and