أَسُوَدُ حَنْدِسُ [q. v.]. (Ķ.) — [Hence also,] ظُلُمِ a phrase like أَسُودُ حَالِكُ [Intensely black]. (L.)

a term applied by the people of the East to Dirhems cut in pieces; which pieces they use for change, and in almsgiving: so explained by Esh-Shereeshee. (Har p. 81.)

حِنْدِسْ see : مُحَنْدِسْ

حندق : خُنْدُوقَةُ see مُحَدِق , in art. حدق . حدّق : حنْديقَةُ

(Ş, K, &c ,) mentioned by J and Sgh in art. مدق; but IB says that it belongs to the present art., the o being a radical letter; and thus Sb mentions it as an epithet, in a sense explained below; (TA;) and حند قوق (Sh, K) and مَنْدُقُوقَى (TA) and مَنْدُقُوقَى, (K,) allowed by Sh, but disallowed by J, (TA,) and مُنْدَقُوقَى الله على الله على الله على الله على الله على الله and مندقوقي الله (K) and مندقوقي and مندقوقي (TA;) [The herb lotus, melilot, sweet trefoil, or bird's-foot-trefoil; so in the present day;] a certain plant; (S;) a certain herb, or leguminous plant, (K,) resembling fresh, or green, 55 [q. v.]; (TA;) i. q. ذرق : (Ṣ, Ķ :) a Nabathæan name, arabicized. (S.) Also the first, A tall man, incompact, or incongruous, in make, (Ibn-Es-Serráj, K,) like him who is مجنون [or insane]; (Ibn-Es-Serráj, TA;) or, as some say, like the [or foolish, or stupid, &c.]: (TA:) or it signifies also i. q. احمق. (K.) And One who turns about the eyes; or who does so much, or frequently. (AO, Az, K.) [But in this sense it belongs to art. عدق]

and حُنْدَقُوقَى &c. : see the paragraph immediately preceding.

1. مَنْدُ , aor. - , inf. n. مُنْدُ (S, L, K, &c.) and (which latter is an intensive form,] He roasted a kid, &c. : (M, L:) or he roasted fleshment with heated stones, (T, A, L,) [in a hole dug in the ground, (see منيذ,)] in order to cook it thoroughly: (A:) or he roasted a sheep or goat, and put upon it heated stones to cook it thoroughly: (S. L. K .:) or he roasted flesh-meat by covering it over in fire, or burying it therein: (AZ, L:) or he roasted it so that it dripped: (M:) or he roasted it without overdoing it [so that the moisture dripped from it]: or he scalded a kid &c., so as to remove its hair. (L.) [See also منيذ ; and see 4.] __ مَنْذَتُهُ الشَّمْسَ __ (A, L, K,) aor. - , inf. n. L, (L,) | The sun burned him, (A, L, K,) namely, a traveller, and pained his brain. (K.) __ بَنْكُ الْفُرْسَ __ (Ş, A, L, K,) aor. -, (Ş, L, K,) inf. n. عُنْدُ (S, L) and عُنْد , (A, L,) ; He urged on the horse, (A, K,) and made him to run u heat or two heats, (S, L, K,) and then threw upon him coverings, (S, A, L, K,) one above another, (L,) to the number of five or six, (T, L,) in the sun, (S, K,) in order that he might sweat, heated stones being put upon it. (Har p. 20.)

(T, S, A, L, K,) to reduce his fat, and prevent his breathing hard. (T, L.) To a horse to which this is done you apply the epithets * and (S, A, L, K.) If the horse do not sweat, you say of him, احُبَادُ لهُ اللهِ (كِي, L.) خَبَا see 4.

4. احنذ He cooked flesh-meat thoroughly. (L.) [See also 1] __ Also, inf. n. Lie, the put much mixture [of water] into the beverage or wine (شُراب): or, as some say, the contr., i. e. he put little thereof: (K, TA:) accord. to Fr, (L,) i. q. أَعْفُسُ and أَعْرَقُ : (T, L:) AHeyth disallows its being syn. with these two verbs: (L:) but in the M it is said that ab, aor. -, aor. -, means the made the water for him little, and the beverage, or wine, much; as also اخفس: (L, TA :) accord. to Fr, اَذَا سَقَيْتَ فَأَحْدُلُ means i. e. + [when thou givest to drink,] make the water little, and the نبيذ much ; (T, L, TA ;) or this phrase means عُرِقٌ شُرَابِكُ, i. e. pour into thy becerage, or wine, a little water: (S, L:) in the A it is said that الله عَيْمَةُ فَأَحْنَدُ لَهُ means [[when thou givest him to drink,] give him to drink pure [wine] that shall burn his inside.

10. استحنذ He lay upon his side in the sun, (K, TA,) and threw clothes over him there, (TA,) in order that he might sweat. (K, TA.) You say, استُحْنَذُتُ فِي الشَّمْسِ † I endeavoured to make myself sweat by throwing clothes over me in the sun. (A.)

خَنْدُ: see خَنْدُ. = Also + The intenseness, or violence, and burning, of heat. (S, L.)

+ Intense, or violent, heat. (K.)

† A man (TA) that sweats much. (K,

like قطام, [a proper name, indecl., with kesr for its termination,] + The sun. (K.)

مناز ممنذ + Heat: so in the phrase + Burning heat. (L.)

and محنوز الله Roasted flesh-meat; as also محنوز which last is an inf. n. used as an epithet: (L:) or roasted with heated stones, (T, A, L,) in order to be cooked thoroughly: (A:) or a sheep or goat roasted, and having heated stones put upon it to cook it thoroughly; (S, L, K;) as also مُحْنُودٌ (TA;) which Ibn-'Arafeh explains as meaning roasted by means of heated stones put upon it, so thoroughly as to fall off from the bones: or خنيذ, he says, signifies roasted by means of hot stones so as to drip: (L:) or hot, roasted, flesh-meat, of which the moisture drips: (Sh, L, K :) this is said by Az to be the best explanation that has been given of it: (TA:) or roasted flesh-meat not overdone: (L:) or roasted by being buried in the fire: (AZ, L:) or [roasted flesh-meat] for which one has dug a hole in the ground in which it is then covered over [with fire or heated stones], agreeably with a wellknown practice of the Arabs of the desert: (Fr, L:) or roasted in a hole dug in the ground,

[See also 1.__ Also † Heated water: (K:) or hot water. (Sh, T, L.) __ + A kind of oil. (K.) __ + A perfumed preparation of __ _ in [or marsh-mallows] and the like, for washing the head. (K, TA.)

+ Beverage, or wine, mixed with much water. (IAar, TA.) [But see 4.]

. مناز see : ممنند

: see مَعْنُوذ, in two places: __ and see

(مُقْتَدرُ الخُلْق) An ass of middling make حنْزَاب (K.) _ Also Short and strong: or broad: (K:) or short and broad; applied to a man: (Th, TA:) and thick, coarse, rude, or bulky, (K, TA,) and short. (TA.) [See _in two places.] _ The cock. (K.) _ Also, and Viet, A flock of [the kind of birds called] : (K:) or the male of the فطا. (TA.) [See منزاب in art. _____] ___ And both these words, The carrot of the land in art. جَزُرُ البَرّ): (Kِ:) n. un. of the former with 5: that of the latter is not known to have been in use. (TA.) _ This is [said to be] the proper place of these two words; [the o being regarded as a radical letter;] (K, TA;) not art. (TA.) حزب

عَنْزُوبْ: see above: and see also art.

1. مَنْشُ, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. عَرْ, (Mṣb, Ķ,) He hunted, sought to catch or capture, or caught or captured, (S, A, Msb, K,) such animals as are hunted &c., (S, Msb, K,) or such as are termed . (TA.) احنش با pl. of مُنشّ , pl. of أَحْنَاش. The serpent bit him. (A, TA.)

4: see above.

Anything that is hunted, or caught or captured, of birds or flying things, and of [or, accord. to the CK, this word "of" should be omitted here, as well as where it next occurs,] what are termed livenomous or noxious reptiles or the like, such as scorpions and serpents], (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and of what are termed جشرات الأرض, (K,) such as the hedgehog, and the [lizards of the kinds called] ضب and ورل and the [rat called] , and the common rat or mouse, and the serpent: (TA:) or any animal whose head resembles that of the serpent, (Lth, Mgh, Msb, * K,) of chameleons and of [the lizards called] سوام أبرض and the like: (Lth, Mgh,* Msb:*) or any creeping thing, of beasts and of birds or flying things: (Kr, TA:*) and the serpent: (S, Kr, A, Mgh, K:) or the viper: (S:) or a kind of white and thick serpent, like the or larger; or the black kind thereof: (TA:) or a serpent that blows, but does not hurt: (Ham p. 626:) and the common fly: (Ibn-'Abbad, A, Sgh, K:) pl. أَحْنَاشُ (S, A, Mgh, K) and حنشان (A, TA.)