mentioned in the S and some other lexicons; but accord. to the K, the is a radical letter;] A certain معيار [or standard of weight or measure] : (\$, TA:) or, accord to some, a quantity of no determinate weight: (Msb:) or a large unknown quantity or aggregate, of property: (TA:) or much property heaped up : (Msb :) or four thousand deenars: (Th, Msb:) this is what most of the Arabs hold to be the truth: (Th:) or four thousand dirhems: (Th:) or one thousand two hundred ookeeyehs: (A'Obeyd, S, K:) so accord. to Mo'adh Ibn-Jebel: (S:) or [which is the same] a hundred ritls: (Msb:) [this is its weight in the present day; i. e., a hundredweight, or a hundred pounds:] or a hundred ritls of gold or of silver: (Es-Suddee, K:) or a hundred and twenty ritls: (S, L:) or a thousand ookeeyehs of gold: or of silver: (Th:) or twelve thousand ookeeyehs, accord. to Aboo-Hureyreh, on the authority of the Prophet: (TA:) or a hundred ookeeyehs of gold: or of silver: (Th:) or a hundred mithkáls; (I'Ab, Msb, TA;) the mithkál being twenty keeráts: (IAb, TA:) or forty ookeeyehs of gold: (K:) or one thousand two hundred deenars: (K:) or one thousand one hundred deenars: (L:) or seventy thousand deenars: (K:) or, in the language of Barbar, a thousand mithkáls of gold or of silver: (TA:) or eighty thousand dirhems: (I'Ab, K:) or a hundred dirhems: (Msb:) or a hundred menns: (Msb:) or a quantity of gold, (S, K,) or of silver, (K,) sufficient to fill a bull's hide: (S, K:) so in the Syriac language, accord. to Es-Suddee: (TA:) and there are other definitions of the word: (S:) (S.) . قَنَاطير . (Ş.)

Collected together into one aggregate; aggregated; made up; or completed; syn. مُكَمَّل (K.) You say مُقَنْطُرة , (Ş.) meaning, Much riches collected together: (Jel. in iii. 12:) the latter word is a corroborative. (Bd. ibid.)

See Supplement.]

i. q. قُنْفُدْ (Ktr, Kr, K.)

قفذ, or, accord. to some, قنفذ

and قُنْفُذُ [The male hedge-hog;] (Ş, L, Mab, K;) i.q. (M, L, K:) or the male and female: (Msb:) or the fem. is with 5, (S, L, Msb, K,) sometimes; and the male is called and دُلُدُلُ (Mab:) pl. قَنَافَذُ. (Ş.) Some hold that the is an augmentative letter: others, that it is a radical. (TA.)

See Supplement.]

1. قَبْتُ, aor. -, (K, TA,) inf. n. قَبْبُ, (TA,) He, or it, was, or became, of the colour termed [q. v.]. (K, TA.) قبية

4. اقب عن الطّعام He abstained from food, or the food, and did not desire it. (O, K.)

[and Vife overspread with duskiness: (A'Obeyd, S, O, K:) fem. [of the and [of the latter] * قَبْبَة (Ş,) [and] قَبْبَة is a fem. epithet having the same meaning: قَبِيَّةُ (K, TA:) or white; (TA;) and so أَمَابُ and ز أَهُابِيُّ (Lth, O, K, TA;) or all signify thus in respect of skin, or hide: (Az, TA:) or قُنْهُتْ signifies thus as an epithet applied to the young of goats and oxen, (Lth, O, TA,) and the like thereof, and in respect of skin, or hide: (Lth, O:) and القيد signifies dust-coloured with an inclining to blackness: (As, S, O:) or red with an intermixture of dust-colour: (I Aar, S, O:) or a dusky white: (S, O:) or having a colour inclining to duskiness, with whiteness or blackness (which I suppose to be a mistake for البياض او السواد (TA.) = Also [or app. جَبُلُ قَهْبُ] A great mountain; (S, K;) accord. to AA: (S:) or, accord. to him, a long mountain : (O:) pl. قهاب : or this [or ?] signifies mountains of a black colour intermixed with redness. (TA.) __ And Advanced in age; (O, TA;) applied to an elder; like and and in respect of origin; used in this sense by Ru-beh: (O, TA:) or [جَمَلُ قَبْت signifies] a camel advanced in age (K, TA) beyond such as is termed بازل: (TA:) or a great camel. (AA, TA.)

The colour of that which is termed فبنة i.e. whiteness overspread with duskiness: (K:) or the colour of that which is termed ; i.e. a dusky whiteness: or, accord. to As, dust-colour inclining to blackness: or, accord. to IAar, redness with an intermixture of dust-colour: (S, O:) or, accord. to IAar, blackness inclining to خضرة [by which word is here app. meant a dark, or an ashy, dust-colour]. (TA voce a...)

see قَبْية, first sentence.

تَعْقُوبِ The يَغْقُوبِ (Lth, O, K;) i.e. the male partridge. (Lth, O.)

. see قَهَابُ , first sentence.

. قَهَيْبَةُ see : قَهَيْثُ

(O, and قبوبة K accord. to the TA,) or قبوبة so in the CK and in my MS. copy of the K,) like رُحُوبَةً (O, K, TA, [in the O, in which it is restricted to the last of the following meanings, carelessly written ,فهوباء, but there said

meant 5,]) accord to MF with damm to the ... but this is a mistake, (TA,) An arrow-head (O, K.) having three ___ [i. e. barbs]: (O, K.) and in some instances having two pieces, or two small pieces of iron, (حديدتان, O, or حديدتان, TA,) which sometimes contract, and sometimes diverge, or open: (O, TA:) o: a small arrow, that hits the butt : (K:) or -, which is the pl., signifies short arrows, that hit the butt : this is said by Az to be the right explanation: and as signifying broad قَهُوبًاةً as signifying broad heads of arrows or the like: (O:) accord. to Sh, (TA,) there is no other instance [than أقهوباة of a word of which the [primitive] measure is and similar words شَجُوْجُي] . (K, TA. فَعُوْلَى are of the measure (.])

(thus accord. to SM's copy of the K,) قريبة in the form of a dim.; accord. to another copy of the K, قُبْسِيَّة ; [accord. to another copy, قُبْسِيَّة ; accord. to the CK, قَسِيبَة ;] and accord. to the L, is the قَبْيْتُ [app. a coll. gen. n. of which n. un.]; (TA;) A certain bird, (K, TA,) found in Tihameh, in which are whiteness and sich [here app. meaning, as in an instance mentioned above, a dark, or an ashy, dust-colour]; a species of partridge. (TA.)

. see قَهُابِيُّ , first sentence.

, first sentence, قَهْبُ and its fem. اَقْهَبُ : see in three places. _ الأقببان means The elephant and the buffalo: (S, A, O, K:) each of them is because of his colour, (O, TA,) or because of his greatness. (A, TA.)

Clear in colour. (L, K.) _ White; as also : (A'Obeyd, L:) by some specially applied to the young of antelopes and cows: (L:) or of a dingy, or dusky, white; as also (Ş, L.) . قَهْبُ

1. قَبْرَهُ , (aor. -, A, K,) inf. n. قَبْرَهُ , He overcame, conquered, subdued, subjected, subjugated, overbore, overpowered, mastered, or prevailed or predominated over, him, or it; he was, or became, superior in power or force, to him, or it. (S, A, Msb, K, TA.) _ [He abased him. (See 4.) _ He op-pressed him. So in the Kur., xciii. 9, فَأَمَّا النِّيْسِ فَأَمَّا النِّيْسِ (Therefore, happen what may, the orphan thou shalt not oppress; i.e., as explained in the Expos. of the Jel., by taking his property, or otherwise.] - He forced, compelled, or con-قهره على [strained, him. So in the following ex.] He forced, compelled, or constrained, him to do the thing]. (S, K, art. اقسر.) __ [He coerced him.] - He took him [by force;] against his will, or approval; and so أَخُذُهُ قُبُرا (A, TA.) to be with fet-h to the o, and with o, by which is عبر اللَّم I The flesh-meat became, (S,) or