(O, K:) or we will assuredly abase him and make him to stand: so in the L and other lexicons; for these, instead of أَوْ لَنْقَيْنَهُ in the O and K, have وَنَقَيْنَهُ, and this is shown to be the right reading by the last explanation in the sentence next preceding. (TA.) عند, aor. عند, inf. n. مند , It (a thing) was, or became, of the colour termed مند , i. e. black tinged, or intermixed, with red. (Msb.)

2: see 1; first sentence.

3. مَافعة , inf. n. مَافعة , (Ṣ, TA,) ; He slapped him, being slapped by him: he struck him, or beat him, being struck, or beaten, by him: and he fought with him; namely his adversary: (TA:) [or he charged upon, or assaulted, or attached, him, the latter doing the same; for] مَطَارِدُةُ is like (Ṣ.) \_\_+ He embraced him, being embraced by him. (TA.)

إِللَّارِ He warmed himself, (K, TA,) بِالنَّارِ with the fire. (TA.)

Ris colour became altered by reason of fear, or the like, (K, TA,) as, for instance, disease. (TA.) — [سَمُعُوّا السَمُعُوّا اللّهُ الل

A mark, from fire, altering the colour of a man. (TA.) فع من النّار also signifies A garment of any kind: (K:) but mostly such as is dyed: pl. مُنْع (TA.) [And hence, perhaps,]

The spathe, or spadix, (مُنْع ), of a tree called فاضخ. (AA, T in art.

: see أَنْفَعُ: see أَنْفَعُ: see أَنْفَعُ: see أَنْفَعُ: see أَنْفَعُ: see أَنْفَعُ

. سُفْعَةُ see : سَفَعْ

Blackness tinged, or intermixed, with redness: (Lth, S, Msb, K:) or blackness that is not much: or blackness with another colour: or blackness with blueness; or, with yellowness; accord. to the Towsheeh: but Lth says that, as meaning a colour, it has the first of all these meanings only: (TA:) or [simply] blackness. (Mgh.) In the face, it is A blackness in the cheeks of a man, or haggard, woman: (S:) and

[which is properly the inf. n. of سُفَعٌ (q. v.,] a blackness tinged with redness in the cheeks of a wan, or haggard, woman, (O, K,) and of a sheep, or goat. (O.) One says also, أَرَى فِي وَجِيهِ سُفْعَةُ I see in his face a change to blackness in consequence of anger. (TA.) The of the head is The blackness of its July [i. e. fore part, or forelock, or hair over the forehead]. (El-Mufradát, TA.) And which is the pl.] signifies Black spots, or specks, on the face of a bull. (TA.) - Also A spot of ground, in the traces of a house, differing, in its blackness, from the rest of the colour of the ground: (S, TA:) [i. e. a black, or dark, patch of ground where a house has stood: ] or dung of beasts, (K, TA,) or sand, (TA,) or ashes, or sweepings commingled and compacted together, in the traces left by the inhabitants of a house, differing in colour from the ground [around]; (K, TA;) so says Lth. (TA.)

[act. part. n. of سُفُع ,] A man laying hold upon, or seizing, the ناصية [or forelock] of his horse [to mount him]. (S, and Ham p. 7.) = [pl. of سُوافع ,] Burning blasts of the [wind called] سُوافع ... (S, K.)

Of a black colour tinged, or intermixed, with redness: (S, Msb:) or blach: (Mgh:) applied to a man : (S:) fem : (Mgh, Msb:) and wise [is the pl., and] signifies blacks inclining to redness. (K.) Applied to an ostrich, i. q. أَرْبَدُ [which is variously explained, as signifying Of a colour inclining to blackness, or of the colour of dust, &c.]. (TA.) And the fem., applied to a ewe, Having black cheeks, the rest of her being white. (TA.) The masc. also signifies A wild bull: (K:) or, applied to a wild bull, it signifies having in his cheeks a blackness inclining a little to redness. (TA.) And The hawh; (K;) because it has spots of black: (Er-Rághib:) all hawks are شغع: (S:) and the fem., A pigeon (aslas); because of the upon its neck: (S:) or, applied to a pigeon, it signifies of which the asia is upon its nech, (K, TA,) exclusively of the head, (TA,) in the part on each side of the neck above the ring. (K,\* TA.) It is also a name for Sheep, or goats; used when they are called to be milked: (K:) so in the O: but in some copies, and in the TS, for the she-goat: (TA:) thus in the phrase, [Call thou to thee the sheep, or أَشْلِ إِلَيْكَ الأَسْفَعَ goats, or the she-goat, to be milked]: (O, TS, K:) mentioned by Ibn-'Abbad. (TA.) \_\_ Applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, Black. (Lth, S, K,) or three stones upon which the cooking-pot is set up; (TA;) because of their blackness: (Lth, Er-Raghib:) [see عاضت:] and a single one thereof is called .: (K:) or an iron أَثْنَيْة [meaning trivet], (K, TA,) upon which the cooking-pot is set up; and this is said to be the primary application. (TA.) also signifies The seeds, or grain, of the colo- TA.)

cynth; (Ibn-'Abbad, K;) because of their blackness: (TA:) n. un. with 5. (K.)

applied to a man clad in armour, Black from the rust of the iron. (TA.) Applied to a bull, Having black spots, or specks, on his face. (TA.)

A man (I'Ab) smitten by an evil eye. (I'Ab, K.) مَسْفُوعُ العَيْنِ لَمِيْنِ A man whose eye is sunk, or depressed, in his head. (I'Ab, K.) [See also مُشْفُوعُ العَيْنِ...]

struck, or beaten, by him. (K.) + Charging upon, or assaulting, or attacking, another who is doing the same. (K.) — [And hence,] + The lion (K, TA) that prostrates his prey. (TA.) — † Embracing. (K.) — † I. q. — ; (Ibn-'Ab-bád, K;) i. e. having sexual intercourse without marriage. (TA.)

مفق

1. سُفَقَ البَابِ, (T, S, Msb, K,) aor. ع, inf. n. ; (Msb;) and اسفقه (T, S, Msb, K;) He shut, or closed, the door; (T, S, Msb, K;) or locked it: (Msb:) and in like manner with [in the place of the س]. (TA.) \_\_ بَفَقُ وَجُهُدُ (inf. n. as above, TA,) He slapped his face. السَّفْقُ فِي \_\_ [.صَفَقَ See also ...]. السَّفْقُ فِي \_\_\_ السَّفْقُ فِي \_\_\_ السَّفْقُ اللهِ (IDrd, Msb, K.) , occurring in a trad., means The striking of the hands [of the contracting parties] on the occasion of selling and buying [in token of the ratification thereof in the markets]: and so with . (TA.) سَفَقُ آمْرَاتُهُ (TA.) صَفَقَ الْمَرَاتُهُ (TA.) . ص [app. meaning He compressed his wife; like اَصَابِ مِنْهَا, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. 4, (K,) inf. n. aisi, (S, Meb.) It (a garment, or piece of cloth,) was thick, substantial, close, or compact, in texture; (T, S, Mab, K;) not : (Msb:) [and

4: see above, first sentence. المغنى الغنر الغن

7. انسفت It (a door) became shut, or closed: (Ş, TA:) and so with ص. (TA.)

with him: he made a covenant, a compact, an engagement, or the like, with him: or he promised, or swore, allegiance to him]: (O, K:) occurring in a trad., related thus and with ... (TA.) — And أَشْتَرُيْتُ الشَّيْنِ سَفْقَةً وَاحْدَةً , (K,) I purchased the two things by a single act of purchasing. (O, K.)

سَفِيقُ, applied to a garment, or piece of cloth, Thick, substantial, close, or compact, in texture. (T, Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ.) — And [hence,] سَفِيقُ الْوَجُهُ + A man (Ṣ, O, TA) having little shame. (Ṣ, O, Ķ, TA.)