: see the next preceding paragraph.

Proud, or haughty: because he declines with his cheek, and turns away his face from people: occurring in a trad.: or the word as there used is صَقَّار, or ضَقَّار, accord. to different relaters. (TA.)

applied to a camel's hump, Great, or large, (K, TA,) and round. (TA.) = And Intensely red. (K.)

: Obliquity in going or march or course صغرية (S.) = Also [معر inf. n. of صعر (S.) A mark made with a hot iron upon the neck of a camel: (S:) or of a she-camel (K) only: (TA:) a mark of the people of El-Yemen, only made upon she-camels: (Tedhkireh of Aboo-'Alee:) not upon a camel whether male or female, (K,) as it is said to be by A'Obeyd [and J]. (TA.) J was led into error by a verse of El-Museiyab (K) الله 'Alas; wherein he uses the phrase بناج عَلَيْه With a swift he-camel marked with the صعرية]; (TA;) on hearing which, Tarafch (K) The أَسْتَنُونَ الجَمَلُ (TA) said, قَد ٱسْتَنُونَ الجَمَلُ male camel has assumed the characteristic of the female camel]. (K, TA.) El-Bedr El-Karáfee urges that the term , used by J, includes the female; and that the masc. epithet [[j is used [by the poet] because the male is the more honourable, being more hardy, and stronger than the female: but this demands consideration. (TA.)

Having a wryness, or distortion, in the cheeh, (S,) or in the face, (A, K,) or in either side [thereof], (K,) or in the neck, (A, Msb,) by reason of pride, (A,) with a turning of the face on one side: (Msb:) or a camel having a disorder by reason of which he twists his nech, (K,) and distorts it: (TA:) sometimes the being so is natural (S, A, Msb, K) in a man (S, Msb) and in an ostrich; (S, A, Mgh;) and sometimes it is accidental : (Msb:) pl. صعر. (TA.) _ It occurs in a trad. as signifying Such as withdraws himself [from others, through pride]; syn. زاهب بنفسه: (S, TA: [thought by Ibr D to be a mistake for زاه بنفسه ;: but this seems to me improbable:]) or such as turns away his face, by reason of pride: (IAth:) and in another trad. as signifying such as turns away from the truth, and is faulty. (TA.)

مُكْرَمُ said to be like , مُصْعَرُ , said to be like but the former is the right, as is shown by the ex. below, (TA,) applied to a night-journey to water, Hard, or severe. (S, K.) A poet says,

وَقَدُ قُرَبُنَ قُرَبًا مُصْعَرًا

[And they had performed a hard night-journey to water]. (S, TA.)

[Made round: and simply, round]. A rájiz says,

سُودٌ كَحَبِّ الفُلْفُلِ المُصَعْرَرِ

[Black, like the round grains of pepper]. (S.)

1. مُعَطُّهُ , aor. - and 4 , (K,) inf. n. beo and and so is , سَعُطُه TA,) a dial. var. of مُعُوطُ of abad. (K, TA.) See art. be...

4: see what here precedes.

i. q. فعُوطُ ، q. v. (Lh, K.)

1. أَصْعَقْتُهُمُ السَّهَالِدِ ، (Ş, O, K,) aor. عَقْتُهُمُ السَّهَالِدِ السَّهَالِدِ السَّهَالِدِ السَّهَالِد (O, K,) The shy smote them with what is termed صَاعِقَة [i. e. a thunderbolt]. (Ş, O, K.) [And صُعِقَ عَا signifies the same.] _ نعقتُهُ is quasi-pass. of the verb in the phrase above; (Z, TA in art. برف;) signifying He was smitten by a عَقْعَ (TA in art. مُعَقِعُ; (Ķ and TA in that art.;) and so صُعِقَ and صُعِقَ. (O in that art.) _ And صُعِقَ , (S, O, Mab, K,) aor. - , (Msb, K,) inf. n. صُعْقَة, (Msb,) or مُعْقَة, (Ş, O,) or both, and صُعْقُ (K,) and تَصْعَاقُ (Ş, O, K,) He (a man, S, O) swooned, or became insensible, (S, O, Mab, K, TA,) and lost his reason, (TA,) in consequence of a sound that he heard, (Msb, TA,) such as the vehement sound of the fall of a wall or the like or of a part of a mountain; (TA;) as also صُعِقَ (Msb, TA.)_ And and مُعْفَاقًى, aor. د, inf. n. صُعْقَى and مُعْفَى, He (a man) died. (TA.) فُضَعِقَ مَنْ فِي السَّمْوَاتِ وَمَنْ in the Kur [xxxix. 68], means And those in the heavens and those upon the earth shall die: (S, TA:) or shall fall down dead, or in a swoon: (Bd:) or shall lose their reason. (TA.) The well fell , صُعَقَّ , inf. n. صُعَقَّتِ الرَّكِيَّةُ And in ruins, or to pieces; or collapsed. (TA.) -[as an inf. n.] signifies The sounding of thunder: and صُعَاقٌ, aor. -, inf. n. صُعَاقٌ, is said of a bull, meaning He bellowed, or lowed: (TA:) and likewise of a man [app. as meaning he bellowed, or roared]. (ISk, TA in art.).)

4. عُقْتُهُ الصَّاعَقَةُ [or thunderbolt] smote him. (TA.) _ And loss He, or it, caused him to swoon, or become insensible. (S.) And He, or it, killed, or slew, him. (TA.)

: see the next paragraph.

is an inf. n. of صُعِقُ is an inf. n. of صُعِقُ and primarily signifies A swooning, or becoming insensible, in consequence of a vehement sound that one hears; and sometimes, such that one dies in consequence thereof: __ afterwards often used as meaning Death. (TA.) _ [Also] Vchemence of sound or voice: (O, K:) and vehemence of braying of an ass; used in this sense by Rubeh; (O,* TA;) and said by Az to be originally (TA.) . صُعْقُ ا

or [or a data or looking for, a thunderbolt]. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.) __Also Swooning, or becoming insensible; (K, TA;) and so or the latter signifies dying suddenly : and the former, swooning, or becoming insensible,

that he has heard, such as the vehement sound of the fall of a wall or the like or of a part of a mountain. (TA.) _ And Dying, or dead. (TA.) - Also, (K, TA,) or صُعِقُ الصَّوْتِ, (S, O,) Vohement in voice, (S, O, K, TA,) and in braying; (TA;) applied to an ass. (S, O, TA.)

: see عُقَقْتُ . __ Also The sound proceeding from a صَاعِقَة [or thunderbolt]. (TA.)__ means The first blust [of the horn الصَّعْقَةُ الأُولَى on the day of resurrection]. (Msb.) _ And also significs A death. (TA.)

A camel meagre in his marrow. (Ibn-'Abbad, O.)

[A thunderbolt; i. e.] a thing descending from the thunder, that smites not anything but it alters it and burns it: (Msb:) or fire that fulls from the sky, (AZ, S, O, K,) in rehement thunder : (AZ, S, O :) or fire that God sends with vehement thunder : (TA :) or the scourge (مخراق) that is in the hand of [the angel who is] the driver of the clouds, and that comes not upon anything but it burns it: (O, K:) or a rehement sound from a thundering with which falls a piece of fire: or the sound of thunder: (TA:) Walib Ibn-Muncbbih, being asked respecting it, whether it were a tangible thing or fire or what else, answered that he thought no one knew it except God: (O, TA:) accord. to some, (TA,) it signifies also the cry, or vehement cry, or shout, [that is an efficient] of punishment: (S, O, K:) and death; (O, K;) so accord. to Katadeh (O, TA) and Mukatil: (TA:) or a cause of death: (Zj, TA:) and any destructive punishment: (O, K:) and vars. thereof: (TA:) the pl. is صَوَاعِقُ (O, Msb, TA.)

صَعِقُ 800 : مَصْعُوقُ

1. رُمُعِلُ , aor. -, (K,) inf. n. رُمُعِلُ , (TA,) He, or it, was, or became, such as is termed صُعُلُ and اصعالٌ * meaning as expl. below; as also أَصْعَلُ. (K, TA.) One says, الشَّخْلَةُ meaning The palm-tree was, or became, slender in the head. (IDrd, O, TA.)

11: see the preceding paragraph, in two places.

Small in the head; applied to a man, (As, S, O,) and to an ostrich; (S, O;) as also applied to a woman : أَصْعَلُ † (O;) and أَصْعَلُ ا (S:) or small in the head and long and slender in man: (Sh, TA:) or صُعْلُ the neck; applied to a man: (Sh, TA:) and its fem. مُعْلَة, and أَصْعَلُ and its fem. such as is slender in the head and neck, of mankind, and of ostriches, and [in like manner] of palm-trees: (K, TA:) or, accord. to As, only the first is applied to a man, and its fem. (with 5) to a woman: but IB says that others mention as applied to a woman; and accord. to to a man. (TA.) And أَصْعَلُ * to a man. A palm-tree that is crooked, and and losing his reason, in consequence of a sound bare in the lower parts of its branches: (S, O,