

with an [evil] eye, (K, *TA,) and he so smote them. (TA.) — عَان عَلَيْنَا (S, TA,) aor. يَعِينُ (S,) inf. n. عِيَانَةٌ (S, TA; [in one of my copies of the S, عِيَانَةٌ;]) and عَانُ and عَانُ; both signify *He was, or became, a spy, or scout, for us.* (S, TA.) [Golius mentions also عَانُ, construed with ل, in this sense, as from the S; in which I do not find it.] And one says, اذْهَبْ فَاعْنَنْ لَنَا مَنَزِلًا *Go thou, and look for, or seek, a place of alighting for us:* (S:) and Lh says the like, making the verb trans. (TA.) And بَعْنُنَا عَيْنًا بَعْنَانًا, and بَعْنُنَا (K, TA;) and بَعْنُنَا (K, TA, but omitted in the CK,) and بَعْنُنَا (El-Hejeree, TA,) inf. n. عِيَانَةٌ (K, TA,) with fet-h; (TA; [in the CK عِيَانَةٌ;]) i. e. [We sent a spy, or scout,] to bring us information. (K, TA.) [See also مَعْنَانُ — عَانُ الدَّمْعُ, and المَاءُ (S,) inf. n. عِيَانُ (S, K) and عَيْنُ (K, TA,) *The tears, and + the water, flowed.* (S, K, *). And عَانَتِ الْبُيْرُ, inf. n. عَيْنُ, *The well had in it much water.* (TA.) — And حَفَرْتُ حَتَّى عِنْتُ + I dug until I reached the springs, or sources: (S, TA:) and in like manner one says, المَاءُ أَغْنَيْتُ [I reached the water]: (S:) or, accord. to the T, one says, حَفَرَ وَأَعَانَ, meaning [The digger dug,] and reached the springs, or sources. (TA.) — عَيْنُ (K,) inf. n. عَيْنُ (S, *K, [not, as in the CK, with the ي quiescent,]) and عَيْنَةٌ (Lh, *K,) [He was wide in the eye: or large and wide therein: (see أَغْنَى:) or] he was large in the black of the eye, with width [of the eye itself]. (K.)

2. عَيْنُ الْوُؤُوءَةِ + He bored, perforated, or pierced, the pearl; (S, K, TA;) as though he made to it an eye. (TA.) — عَيْنُ الْقِرْبَةِ He poured water into the skin in order that the stitch-holes might become closed (S, K, TA) by swelling, (S,) it being new: and سَرَبَهَا [q. v.] signifies the same, as mentioned by As. (TA.) — تَعِينُ الشَّيْءِ signifies + *The individuating of a thing, or particularizing it; i. e. the distinguishing it from the generality, or aggregate.* (S, Mgh, TA.) [عَيْنُهُ means + *He individuated it, &c.: and he particularized, or specified, it by words; mentioned it particularly, or specially.* And كَذَا عَيْنَ لَهُ كَذَا + *He appointed, or prescribed, for him, or he assigned to him, particularly, such a thing:* and عَيْنَ عَلَيْهِ كَذَا He appointed against him, or imposed upon him, particularly, such a thing]. You say, عَيْنْتُ الْمَالَ لَزَيْدٍ + *I assigned the property particularly, or specially, to Zeyd.* (Mgh.) And مَا عَيْنَنِي بَشِيٌّ and أَتَيْتُ فُلَانًا فَمَا عَيْنَ لِي بَشِيٌّ i. e. + [I came to such a one,] and he did not give me anything: (Lh, TA:) or, as some say, he did not direct me to anything. (TA.) And عَيْنَ عَلَى السَّارِقِ + *He distinguished, or singled out, the thief from among the suspected persons:* or, as some say, he manifested against the thief his theft. (TA.) And عَيْنْتُ النَّبِيَّةَ فِي الصَّوْمِ + *I purposed the performance of a particular fast.* (Mgh.) — عَيْنَ فُلَانًا He told such a one to his face of his vices,

or faults, or the like. (Lh, S, K.) — عَيْنُ الْحَرْبِ عَيْنَا i. q. أَدَارَهَا [He, or it, stirred war, or conflict, or the war or conflict, between us, or among us]: so in the K: in the L, ادْرَهَا [perhaps for أَدَارَهَا]. (TA.) — عَيْنُ الشَّجَرِ + *The trees became beautiful and bright, and blossomed.* (K, TA.) — عَيْنُ الرَّجُلِ الشَّلْفُ بِالْعَيْنَةِ i. e. الشَّلْفُ [meaning for payment in advance, accord. to all the explanations that I find of الشَّلْفُ as used in buying and selling; but accord. to the TK, upon credit, i. e. for payment at a future period, agreeably with an explanation of عَيْنَةٍ in the A and Mgh; see this word in its place, and see also 8]: or he so gave [or sold]. (K.) — And (K) عَيْنُ التَّاجِرِ (Mgh, K, TA,) accord. to Az, (Mgh, TA,) *The merchant, or trader, sold (Mgh, K, TA) to a man (Mgh, TA) a commodity for a certain price to be paid at a certain period, and then bought it of him for less than that price (Mgh, K, TA) with ready money.* (Mgh.) — عَيْنُ الْعَيْنِ (K, TA,) inf. n. تَعِينُ (TA,) *He wrote the letter* ع. (K, TA.) One says, عَيْنَ عَيْنًا حَسَنَةً He made [or wrote] a beautiful ع. (Th, TA.)

3. مَعَانِيَّةٌ, inf. n. عِيَانُ (S, Mgh) and مَعَانِيَّةٌ (Mgh,) *I saw it [or him] with my eye [or eyes, ocularly, or before my eyes]; (S;) [or I viewed with my eye, and faced, or confronted, him, or it; for] the مَعَانِيَّةُ signifies the viewing with the eye, and facing, or confronting.* (TA.) [See also 5.] You say, لَقِيَهُ عِيَانًا, thus in copies of the K; but in some copies عَيْنَةً, with fet-h to the second and third letters and with kesr to the ع, and thus accord. to Lh, (TA,) i. e. [He met him] eye to eye (مَعَانِيَّةٌ), [or face to face,] not doubting of his seeing him. (K, TA.) — See also 1. — مَعَانِيَّةٌ signifies also + *The dealing in buying and selling with ready money [which is termed عَيْنُ].* (KL.) — See also عَيْنُ, in the third quarter of the paragraph.

4: see 1, former half: — and last sentence but one, in three places. — مَا أَعَيْنَهُ How evil-eyed is he! (K, *TK.)

5. تَعِينَهُ He saw him, or it; or he looked, or looked at or towards, [or eyed,] trying whether he could see, him, or it; syn. أَبْصَرَهُ. (TA.) He saw him (a man) with certainty. (K.) [See also 3.] — تَعِينُ الْإِبِلَ, and تَعِينُ الْبَالِ: see 1, former half, in two places. — تَعِينُ, said of a man, also signifies *He was, or became, confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course, by reason of shame, (تَشَوُّرُ, for which تَشَوُّو is erroneously put in the copies of the K, TA,) or, accord. to some copies, تَشَوُّسُ [app. as syn. with, or perhaps a mistake for, تَشَاوَسُ, meaning he contracted his eye to look], (TK,) and acted leisurely, or waited, or waited patiently, to smite a thing with his [evil] eye.* (K, TA.) — Said of a skin, + *It had thin circles, or rings, or round places, [likened to eyes,] (Fr, S, TA,) rendering it faulty:* (S:) or, said of a water-skin, it was, or became,

thin by reason of oldness: (TA:) [or it became lacerated, or worn in holes; as is shown by what here follows.] One says also, تَعَيَّنَتْ أَخْفَافُ الْإِبِلِ, meaning + *The feet of the camels became lacerated [in the soles], or worn in holes, or blistered; like the water-skin of which one says تَعَيَّنَ.* (IAar, TA.) — تَعَيَّنَ also signifies + *It was, or became, clear, or distinct.* (KL.) — And + *It was or became, individuated, or particularized; i. e., distinguished from the generality, or aggregate.* (KL.) [Thus signifying, it is quasi-pass. of عَيْنَهُ. Hence it means + *It had, or assumed, the quality of individuality.* And + *It was, or became, particularized, or specified, by words; mentioned particularly, or specially.* And تَعَيَّنَ لَهُ + *It was appointed, or prescribed, for him, or was assigned to him, particularly or peculiarly.* And تَعَيَّنَ عَلَيْهِ + *It was appointed against him, or imposed upon him, particularly.* And hence,] one says, تَعَيَّنَ عَلَيْهِ الشَّيْءُ, meaning بِعَيْنِهِ [i. e. + *The thing was, or became, incumbent, or obligatory, on him in particular.*] (S, K.) — See also the next paragraph.

8: see 1, in four places. — اِعْتَانَ الشَّيْءَ + He took the عَيْنَ of the thing, (S,) the choice, or best, thereof. (S, TA. [See also 8 in art. عَوْن.]) — And He bought the thing upon credit, for payment at a future time: (S, Mgh, KL, TA:) [i. e.] اِعْتَانَ signifies he took upon credit, for payment at a future time; (Mgh; [in which it is expl. by the words أَخَذَ بِالْعَيْنَةِ, and in which عَيْنَةٍ in a sale is expl. as meaning نَيْبَةٍ;]) and so تَعَيَّنَ; (KL;) [but Mtr says,] the saying عَلَى حَرِيرًا as meaning اِشْتَرَاهُ بِبَيْعِ الْعَيْنَةِ [or اِشْتَرَاهُ] I have not found. (Mgh.) [See also عَيْنُ الرَّجُلِ expl. as meaning "The man took بِالْعَيْنَةِ."]

عَيْنُ is a homonym, applying to various things: (Mgh:) in the K, forty-seven meanings are assigned to it; but it is said by MF that its meanings exceed a hundred: those occurring in the Kur-án are seventeen. (TA.) By that which is app. its primary application, and which is by many affirmed to be so, (TA,) الْعَيْنُ signifies *The eye; the organ of sight;* (S, Mgh, Mgh, K, TA; [in the S expl. by حَاسَةُ الرُّؤْيَا, evidently used in this sense; in the Mgh, by الْمُبْصَرَةُ; in the Mgh and K, by الْبَاصِرَةُ; and in a later place in the K, by حَاسَةُ الرُّؤْيَا, app. as meaning the sense of sight;]) also denoted [emphatically] by the term الْجَارِحَةُ [i. e. the organ]; (TA;) it is that with which the looker sees; (ISK, TA;) and is of a human being and of any other animal: (TA:) it is of the fem. gender: (S, K:) and the pl. [of mult.] is عَيْنُونَ (S, Mgh, Mgh, K,) also pronounced عَيُونُ (K, [in which وَتَكْسَرُ, immediately following عَيُونُ, has been erroneously supposed by Golius and Freytag to relate to the sing.,]) and [of pauc.] أَعْيَانُ and أَعْيُنُ (S, Mgh, Mgh, K,) which last is asserted by Lh to be sometimes a pl. of mult., as it is in the Kur vii. [178 and] 194; (TA;) and pl. pl. أَعْيَانَاتُ (K:) the dim. is عَيْنِيَّةٌ (S.)