words of the Kur [lxviii. 25], عَلَى حُرِدُ عَلَى حُرِدُ اللهِ وَغَدُوا عَلَى حُرِدُ اللهِ الله

[A torrent advanced, that came by the command

أَقْبَلَ سَهُلْ جَآءَ مِنْ أَمْرِ ٱللهُ يَحْرِدُ حَرِّدَ الجَنَّة الهُخَلَّهُ

of God, tending to the fruitful garden]. (S.) = Also, aor. , (K,) inf. n. , (S, L,) He prevented, hindered, impeded, withheld, restrained, debarred, inhibited, forbade, prohibited, or interdicted; (IAar, S, K;) and so مرد , (L, K,) inf. n. تمريد. (TA.) Agreeably with this explanation, also, some render the words of the Kur cited above: from عاردت said of she-camels, meaning "they became scanty in their supplies of milk." (\$.) = Also, aor. -, (\$, L, K,) or ', (AZ, \$, L,) inf. n. عُرُود; (S, K;) [and app. \* عُرُود and انحرد) ; (see انحرد;)] He (a man) separated himself from others; (K;) he left, or abandoned, or forsook, his people, and removed from them; (AZ, S;) he retired from his people, and alighted, or took up his abode, in a place by himself. (S.) حرد =, (Sb, S, Msb, K,) aor. -, (Msb, K,) and مرد, aor. -, (L, K,) inf. n. مرد, (Sb, As, T, IDrd, S, Msb, &c.,) so says Aboo-Nasr Ahmad Ibn-Hátim, companion of As, (S,) and حرد, (T, S, Msb,) this latter form of the inf. n. sometimes used, accord to ISk, (S,) and this is the form heard by AZ and AO and As from the Arabs of chaste speech, (TA,) but both forms are chaste, (IAar, TA,) though the former is the more common, (IAar, Mab,) He was, or became, angry: (S, Msb, K, &c.:) he was, or became, exasperated (تحرث) by one who angered him, and desired to مرد (A, L) and حرد عليه kill him. (T, L.) (L) He was angry with him. (A, L.) =, (S, Msb, K,) aor. -, (S, K,) inf. n. , (S, Mgh, Mab,) He (a camel) had the disease termed 3,00 [q. v.]: (K:) he had the tendons, or siners, of one of his fore legs relaxed by the cord whereby the fore shank is sometimes bound up to the arm, or had them in that state naturally, (S, Mgh, Msh,\*) so that he shook his fore legs, (S,) or so that he beat the ground [with the fore leg], (Mgh, Msb,) in walking, or going: (S, Mgh, Msb:) or he (a camel) had the tendon, or sinew, of his arm broken, so that his fore leg became lax, and he never ceased to shake it: the tendon, or sinew, breaks only in the outer side of the arm, and it [the arm] seems, when the camel walks or is in motion, as though it stretched, by reason of his raising it so high from the ground, and by reason of its laxness: (ISh, TA:) or he (a beast) raised his legs very high, in walking, or going, and put them down in their place, by reason of his being very short in his step. (L.) \_\_ Also, aor. and inf. a. as above, He (a man) was oppressed by the weight of his coat of mail, so that he was unable to stretch himself out in walking. (K.)\_ And, with the same aor. and inf. n., It (a bowstring) had one or more of the several portions of

which (by their being twisted together) it was the fore legs, occasioned by that cord, (K, TA,) composed longer than others. (K.)

2. عرد : see 1. = Also, (T, L, K,) inf. n. تُحريد, (K,) He twisted a rope so tightly that the strands formed knots, and overlay one another: (T, L:) and he rolled a rope in twisting it (أُدْرَجَ فَتْلُهُ) so that it became round. (AHn, L, K.) [See also the pass. part. n., below.] \_\_ And, (K,) inf. n. as above, (S, K,) He crooked, curved, or bent, a thing, (S, K,) in the form of an arch. (S.). See also حُردى. [It seems to be implied in the L, that one says حرد حائط القصب, meaning He bound a حردى (q. v.) upon the fence of reeds, or canes, of a fold for sheep &c.] = Also, (K,) inf. n. as above, (T, K,) He (a man) betook him-If, or repaired, for covert, or lodging, to a (T, K,) كُوخ (T, K,) with a gibbous roof. (K.)

3. عاردت, (Ṣ, A, K,) inf. n. عاردت, (Ṣ,) She (a camel) was, or became, scanty in her supply of milk: (Ṣ, A, K:) or ceased to yield milk, or to have milk in her udder. (K.) [Hence,] † She (a woman) ceased to have milk in her breasts. (L.) And † It (a jear, عاملة) or other vessel) ceased to have wine, or beverage, in it. (L.) And † It (a year, عاردت عالي) was one of little rain. (Ṣ, A, K.) And عاردت عالي the (a man) was about to give, and then refrained. (A.) And عاردت عالي My state, or condition, became changed, so as not to be known, or so as to be displeasing. (A.)

4. احرده He separated, or set apart, (K,) and removed, (TA,) him, or it. (K, TA.)

5: see 1.

7: see 1. \_\_[Also,] It (a star) darted down. (K.)

قَدْ حَرْدُتْ : whence the phrase, عَرْدُ عَدْدُ : see 1. = Anger; [as also عَرْدُكَ : see 1.] so in the prov., عَمْرُكُ حَتَّى تُدُرِكَ حَتَّى تُدُرِكَ حَتَّى الله Retain, or persist in, thine anger until thou obtain thy right. (TA.) Rancour, or enmity which one retains in the heart, watching for an opportunity to indulge it. (El-Kalee, MF.) = See also عَرِيدُ

The مُعْدِ [i. e. the intestine, or gut, containing the بغر, or dung,] of a camel, (As, S, K,) male or female; (K;) as also عُرُدُ : (As, K:) pl. عُرُدُ . (As, S.) — An intestine, or a gut: (T:) pl. as above: (IAar:) [or] عُرَدُ signifies the intestines, or guts, of camels; and is probably a pl. of عُرَدُ , as the مُرَدُ and the عُرَدُ are nearly alike. (L.) Accord. to Lth [and the K], signifies A piece of a camel's hump: but this is a mistake: it means (as explained above) an intestine, or a gut. (T.)

Also A certain disease in the legs of camels, (K, TA,) occasioning them, in walking, or going, to shake their legs, and to beat the ground with them much: (TA:) or a certain disease in their fore legs; (K, TA;) not in the hind legs; caused by the cord whereby the fore shank is sometimes bound up to the arm: (TA:) or an aridity in the tendons, or sinews, of one of

the fore legs, occasioned by that cord, (K, TA,) when the animal is young and recently meaned, (TA,) in consequence of which he beats the ground with his fore legs, (K, TA,) or [strikes] his breast [therewith], in walking, or going: (TA:) the disease thus called is casual; [or generally so; (see : [accel is a casual])] not natural. (T.) [See

see : = and in two places. = Also A rope uneven in its strands.

(AHn, TA.) A bow-string having one or more of the several portions of which (by their being twisted together) it is composed longer than others.

(K.) [See also .] = A man in want, or needy. (Yoo, on the authority of an Arab of the desert.)

. حرد see : حردة

A bundle of reeds, or canes, which is laid upon the rafters, or pieces of wood, (called روافد, IAar, L,) of a roof: (IAar, Mgh, Msb:) [the reeds, or canes, which are thus used in the construction of a roof are tied together in small bundles, each of which I have generally found to consist of about five or six: over them is added a coat of plaster :] pl. عرادی: a Nabathæan word : (S, Mgh, Meb, K:) arabicized: (S:) you should not say مُرْدِي (ISk, S, Mgh.) \_ Also, (L, K,) and مردية (Mgh, L, K,) The girdle (مارية ماصة) Mgh, L, K, TA, in the CK مياضة ) of a fold for sheep, &c. (حظيرة), which is bound upon the fence (حائط) of reeds, or canes, (Mgh, L, K,) crosswise : (Mgh, L:) accord. to IDrd, Nabathæan. (L.) You say, مُرْدُهُ , inf. n. تُدرِيدُ. (L.) \_ Also (Mgh,) أَمْرِدْيَةُ (Lth, Meb,) in the Eyn مُرْدِيَّةً (Mgh,) but this latter is disallowed by ISk, (Msb,) Reeds, or canes, which are connected, in a bent form, with the arched branches (طاقات) of a grape-vine, (Lth, Mgh, Msb,) and upon which the shoots of the vine are let fall. (Mgh.) \_ Also \_\_\_, with damm, [irregularly formed from , unless it be a mistake for حردى,] A man having wide, or capacious, intestines [like those of the camel]. (L, TA.)

see what next precedes, in two places.

مَارِدُ and : حَرِيدُ see : حَرْدَانُ

(K, TA, but omitted in some copies of the K) A she-camel yielding little milk: (S, A, K:) or ceasing to yield milk, or to have milk in her udder. (K.)

and ﴿ مَالَدُ ﴿ (K, TA,) or ﴿ مَالِدِيدُ ﴿ (so in a MS. copy of the K and in the CK,) The prominent edges of a rope: (K: [in a MS. copy of the K and in the CK, for مَالَدُ أَنَّ is erroneously put is erroneously put is erroneously put if it is erroneously put it is erroneously put if it is erroneously put it is erroneously erroreously put it is erroneously put it is erroneously erroreously put it is erroreously erroreou

A man who separates himself from others ;