or affairs or circumstances; a condition; a case: an accident; an event: an action: syn. شَأَنْ: (M, F, TA:) and حَالَ (Msb, TA,) and عَالَ : (Meb:) and فعل (K:) and فعل: (MF, TA:) and a thing that is said; a saying: (TA voce أمور at the end of art. اأمور; (ق, M, K, &c.;) its only pl. in the senses here explained. (TA.) You say, أَمْرُ فُلَانِ مُسْتَقَيم [The affair, or the like, of such a one is in a right state]: and [His affairs are in a right state]. (S, A.) And مُتَّتَ أَمْرُهُ He dissipated, disorganized, disordered, unsettled, or broke up, his state of things, or affairs. (As, TA in art. شعب.) seems to be here used, as in many other instances, rather in the sense of the pl. than in that of the sing.]_ أَمْرُ كُلِّي [A universal, or general, prescript, rule, or canon]. (Mab voce قاعدة, KT (.c.) قَانُونَ voce

in the sense of أَمْرُ a subst. from أَمْرُ الأَمْرُ a subst. from إَمْرُ and ڪُثُرَ as signifying أَمرَ and ; (M;) +[A severe, a distressful, a grievous, or an afflictive, thing: or a terrible, and foul, or very foul, thing: or a wonderful thing. (TA.) Hence, [used as an epithet, like أمر, q. v.,] in the Kur [xviii. 70], إَمْرًا إِمْرًا + Verily thou hast done a severe, a distressful, a grievous, or an afflictive, thing: (S:) or a terrible, and foul, or very foul, thing: (TA:) or a wonderful thing: (S:) or an abominable, a foul, or an evil, and a wonderful, thing: (Ks, M, K:*) or a terrible and an abominable thing; signifying more than نُكُرًا, [which occurs after, in verse 73,] inasmuch as the [presumed] drowning of the persons in the ship was more abominable than the slaying of one person: (Zj, T:) or a crafty, and an abominable, or a foul, or an evil, and a as أمر القوم wonderful, thing; and derived from meaning ا ڪُثروا (Ks.)

a coll. gen. n. of which أَمْرَةُ (q. v.) is the n. un. Sce also Jul.

: sec إمّر + Multiplied; or become many, say زرع أمر + Abundant seed-produce. (Lh, M.) _ + A man whose beasts have multiplied, or become many or abundant. (M.) + A man blessed, or prospered, (Ibn-Buzurj, M, K,*) in his property: (M:) fem. with 5. (Ibn-Buzurj.) And with 5, † A woman blessed to her husband [by her being prolific]: from the signification of عُدُرة. (M.) = + Severe ; distressful ; afflictive. (TA.) [See also].]

A single command, order, bidding, or injunction : as in the saying, مُطَاعَةُ , أُمْرَةً مُطَاعَةً Thou hast authority to give me one command, order, bidding, or injunction, which shall be obeyed by me. (S, M, A, M, b, K.) You should not say, [in this sense,] إمرة , with kesr. (T, S.) - See also .

a subst. from أمر [q. v.]; Possession of command; the office, and authority, of a commander, governor, lord, prince, or king; (M, saluting thee, therefore do thou salute]. (TA.) man, &c., shall not eat fruit: or the meaning is] Bk. I.

أَمَارَةً ; (L, K;) but this last is by some disallowed, and is said in the Fs and its Expositions to be unknown. (MF.) It is said in a trad., Perhaps thy paternal لَعَلَّكَ سَاءَتُكَ إِمْرَةُ ٱبْنِ عَهَّكَ uncle's son's possession of command hath displeased thee. (TA.) _ [And hence, † Increase, or abundance, or the like; as also other forms mentioned in what follows.] You say, في وجه in the face of thy property, مَالِكُ تَعْرِفُ إِمْرَتُهُ [meaning such as consists in camels or the like, and also money,] thou knowest its increase and abundance, and its expense : (S:) or أمرته , and أمرته , which latter is a dial. var. of weak authority, and fais, i. c., its increase and abunas meaning its prosperous إمرته ال as meaning its prosperous state; as also أُمْرَتُهُ and أُمَارِتُهُ (Ibn-Buzurj:) accord. to AHeyth, who reads أَتُعْرَفُ إِمْرَتُهُ * the meaning is, its decrease; but the correct meaning is, its increase, as Fr explains it. (T, TA.) It is said respecting anything of which one knows what is good in it at first sight: (Lh, M:) and means, on a thing's presenting itself, thou knowest its also, المَسْنُ أَمَارَتُهُمْ (T.) One says also, + How good is their multiplying, and the multiplying of their offspring and of their number! (M.) And أَلْهُ فِيهِ إِمْرَةً * + May God not make an increase to be therein. (T.)

it is the n. un. of أَمْرَة, which signifies stones: (M:) or the latter signifies stones set up in order that one may be directed thereby to the right way: (Ham p. 409:) and the former also signifies a hill; (M, K;) and أَمْرُ is [used as] its pl.: (M:) and a sign, or mark, by which anything is known; (M, K;) as also أَمَارَةُ * and أَمَارَةُ * (As, S;) and is [used as] its pl. in this sense also: (M:) or a sign, or mark, set up to show the way; (AA, Fr;) as also أَمَارَةُ * and أَمَارَةُ * (K:) or a small sign, or mark, of stones, to show the way, in a waterless desert; (S;) as also أمار [and toli]; and any sign, or mark, that is prepared: (TA:) or a structure like a oilie [here app. meaning a tower of a mosque], upon a mountain, wide like a house or tent, and larger, of the height of forty times the stature of a man, made in the time of 'Ad and Irem; in some instances its foundation being like a house, though it consists only of stones piled up, one upon another, cemented together with mud, appearing as though it were of natural formation: (ISh, T:) the pl. (in all the senses above, K) [or rather the coll. gen. n.,] is أَمْرة. (Ṣ, Ķ.) = See also أَمْرة.

and laign, mark, or token. (As, S, Mgh.) See also each voce , in three places. You say, هَى أَمَارَةُ مَا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ It is a sign, or token, of what is between me and thee. (T, TA.) And a poet says,

إِذَا طَلَعَتْ شَهْسُ النَّهَارِ فَإِنَّهَا أَمَارَةُ تُسلِيمِي عَلَيْكِ فَسَلِّمِي

[When the sun of day rises, it is a sign of my

Msb, K;) as also امَارَةً (Mgh, Msb, K) and Also A time: (As, S, K:) so IAar explains the latter word, not particularizing the time as definite or otherwise: (M:) or a definite time: (TA:) or a time, or place, of promise or appointment; an appointed time or place; syn. موعد : (M, Mgh, K:) or, accord, to some, the former word is pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] of the latter. (TA.) El-'Ajjáj says,

> إِذْ رَدُّهَا بِكَيْدِهِ فَٱرْتَدَّت إِلَى أَمَارِ وَأَمَارِ مُدَّتِي

When He (meaning God) brings it, (namely my soul,) by his skilful ordering, and his power, [and it is thus brought, or it thus comes, to a set time, and] to the time of the end of my appointed period: امار مدتى being as above; the former word being prefixed to the latter, governing it in the gen. case. (IB. [In the S we find , elal

[an intensive epithet from أَمُورُ You say, Verily he is إِنَّهُ لَأُمُورُ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفِ وَنَهُوْ عَنِ ٱلْمُنْكَرِ one who strongly commands, or enjoins, good conduct, and who strongly forbids evil conduct. (Ş in art. نهى, and A.*)

One having, holding, or possessing, command; (§;) a commander; a governor; a lord; (M, Msb;) a prince, or king: (M, K:) fem. with 5: (S, K:) pl. أَمْرَاءُ (M, Mab, K.) _ A leader of the blind. (M, K.) So in the saying of El-Aashà:

إِذَا كَانَ هَادِي الفَتَى فِي البِلَا دِ صَدْرَ القَنَاةِ أَطَاعَ الأَمِيرَا

[When the young man's guide in the countries, or lands, or the like, is the top of the cane, he obeys the leader of the blind]. (M.) _ A woman's husband. (A.) _ A neighbour. (K.) A person with whom one consults: (A, K:) any one of whom one begs counsel, or advice, in a case of fear. (TA.) You say, فو أميري He is the person with whom I consult. (A.)

in three places: __ and see أَمَارَةُ also أَمَارٌ, in three places; and أُمَرةً

صَاحِبُ is also used for الإِمَارَةُ إِمْرَةُ see : إِمَارَةُ (Mgh.) الأمير i. e. الإمارة

امر: see the next paragraph, in two places.

A man who consults every one respecting his case; as also أمرة * and أمرة * (M:) or a man resembling [in stupidity] a kid: [see the latter part of this paragraph:] (Th, M:) or, as also (K,) أُمْرَةُ \$ and أُمْرَةً \$ s, M, K, &c.) and أُمْرَةً \$ a man having weak judgment, (S, K,) stupid, (T, M,) or weak, without judgment, (M, L,) or without intellect, or intelligence, (T,) who obeys the command of every one, (T, S,) who complies with what every one desires to do in all his affairs; (K;) a stupid man, of weak judgment, who says to another, Command me to execute thine affair. (IAth.) It is said in a trad., aid He who obeys a stupid يُطِعْ إِمْرَةً * لَا يَأْكُلُ ثُمَرَةً