without washing it with his hand, and then poured it out. (Aboo-Sa'eed, TA.) And مُصَمَّص النُّوب He washed [or rinsed] the garment, or piece of cloth. (M, TA.)

عُصَّة: see what next follows.

What is sucked from, or of, a thing; (M, TA;) as also المُضافة (M, A, TA.) You say, طَابَتْ مُصَاصَتُهُ في فَمِي What was sucked from it, or of it, was good, or sweet, or pleasant, in my mouth. (A.) - [And hence,] The pure, or choice, part of anything; (S, K;) as also (K:) and (S) the purest, or choicest, (S, M,) of a thing; as also مصاصة and bignifies مُصَّةُ ♦ الهَال And مُصَّامِعُ • signifies the same as acles, (K, TA,) i.e. The pure, or choice part of property, or of the property. (TA.) You say, فُلَانْ مُصَاصُ قَوْمه ,(S, M,) and مصاصمة (M,) Such a one is the purest in race, or lineage, of his people: and in like manner you say of two, and of more, and of a female. (S,M.) And He is of the purest, or choicest, of his people]. (A.) _ Also, Pure, or choice, applied to ____ [or grounds of pretension to respect, &c.]; as also مُصَامِصُ. (A.) You say also, مِن فَوْمه Verily he is distinguished, or characterized, by pure grounds of respect among his people. (K, TA.) _ Also, The origin, source, or place of origination, of a hing. (M, TA.) You say, هُوَ كُرِيمُ المُصَاصِ He is generous, or noble, in respect of origin. (TA.) Accord. to Lth, مُصَاصُ signifies The original source of the people : and the most excellent of their middle class. (TA.)

A certain kind of food, (S, K,) of flesh-meat, cooked, and steeped in vinegar; (K;) or, as some say, steeped in vinegar, and then cnoked: (TA:) or of the flesh of birds particularly: (K:) pronounced by the vulgar with damm to the .: (S:) but what is said in the Nh implies that it is with damm; for it is there said, " and it may be with fet-h to the ..." (TA.)

in four places.

مُوصُونَة عود مُصوضة

see what next follows.

مصان A cupper; because he sucks; (M, TA;) and so ا مُصَاص : (K, voce مُجَام, which is its syn.:) fem. of the former with 3. (M.) _ A man who suchs his ewes or she-goats; by reason of his meanness, or ungenerousness: (A'Obeyd, S, K:) i.e. who sucks from their udders with his mouth; lest the sound of the milking should be heard; as also, أماص (TA;) and so مُلْحَانُ

and مُعَانُ (A'Obeyd, TA.) [But in the TA (inf. n. مُصُوح , TA,) It (the shade) became short. it is written مُصَان , without tenween; and so in (S, K.) __ مُصُوح , inf. n. مُصُوح , It (an udder) two copies of the S.]) _ يَا مُصَّانُ _ (said to a man,] and يَا مَصَانَة, to a female, denote vituperation, meaning ‡ O sucher (مَاصَ S, K) of such a thing, (S, TA,) i.e. (TA) of the بَظْر [q.v.], (K, TA,) of thy mother: (S, K, TA:) or the meaning is O sucher (رأضع) of the ewes or she-goats: (K:) ISk says, (TA,) you should not say * يَا مَاصَانُ (S, TA:) but Ibn-'Abbad says, روَيْلى عَلَى مَاصَّان بْنِ مَاصَّانِ (TA,) one says and أمَاصًانَةُ بْن مَاصًانَةُ (K, TA,) meaning [Alas for me, on account of the mean, or ungenerous, the son of the mean, or ungenerous! (TA.)

مصان, with damm, The sugar-cane; [because it is sucked.] (IKh, IB.)

مُصَامِّ : see مُصَامِّ , in four places.

مُعَان , act. part. n. of 1: see مُعَان , in two

مُصَّانُ see : مَاصَّانَةُ and مَاصَّانُ

A slender pastern; (K, TA;) as though it were sucked. (TA.) And (M, A) and accord (AZ, ISk, K) ‡ A woman emaciated (AZ, ISk, M, A, K) by reason of a disease infecting her; (AZ, ISk, M;) as though she were sucked. (M, TA.)

1. شَصْتُ, ([aor. ع,] inf. n. مُصْتُ TA,) Inivit puellam : [K:) dial. form of (TA.) _ He laid hold upon the womb of the camel, and put in his hand, and extracted the water [i.e. the semen injected into it]. (M, K.) [See also مُصَتُ المعنى _ He squeezed out what was in the intestine, or gut, with his fingers. (TA.) _ ooo It (herbage) purged cattle; or relaxed them in the bowels. (Marg. note in a copy of the S.) _ The squeezed an ulcer, so as to express the matter. (Marg. note in a copy of the S) _ acked saliva. (Marg. note in a copy of the S.)

1. مُصْح (and مُصْح), inf. n. مُصْح (and مُصْح), TA), He, or it, (a thing, S,) went away; passed away; departed. (S, K.) _ It finished; came to an end; ceased. (S, K.) _ It (a garment) became old and norn-out. (S, K.) ___ It (a plant) became faded in its blossoms. (Ş, K.) _ Also, inf. n. , inf. n. , It (a blossom) faded; or lost its colour. (AHn.) _____,

ceased to have milk. (TA.) _ It (the milk of a camel) ceased; passed away. (S, K.) - coo, aor. :, It (shade) became deficient and thin. So accord. to the K; but in other lexicons, the verb, with reference to shade, is مصوح ، (TA.) _ مصرح , inf. n. مصح , It (a writing) became obliterated, or nearly so. (TA.) - It (a dwelling) became obliterated; or its vestiges became effaced. (TA.) _ به صحن به _ (S, K,) and tani, (IB,) He took away, carried off, or went away with, it; or caused it to go, go away, or pass away. (S, IB, K.) ___ أمضح فى الأرض, inf. n. مضح فى الأرض, He set forth journeying through the land, or earth: as also (ISd.) مُسَحَ

4 : see 1.

Deficient and thin shade. (K.)

1. مصنح , aor. عرب , (L,) inf. n. مصنح; and and امتصخ; (L, K;) He pulled away a thing (L, K) from the inside of another thing, (L,) and took it : (K:) and and he pulled away an lof the kind of plant called مُنَام, or of that called بنصى, (S, L,) from within another امصوخة thereof, (L,) and took it : (Ṣ, L :) and ألمضخ he pulled out the white pith called امصوخة of the ... (AḤn, L.) = مُصنع, inf. n. مُصنع, a dial form of مسخ, q.v. (L, K.*)

(ثُهَام It (a plant of the kind called امصخ 4 put forth its أَمْصُوحُة [pl. of أَمْاصِيخ put forth its

5: see 1 in two places.

7. إسصاخ , inf. n. إسصاخ , It (a child) became disunited from its mother; (K;) i.e., from the belly of its mother. (L, TA.)

8. امتصخ, It (a thing) became disunited from (عن) another thing. (TA.) _ See 1 in two

A ewe or she-goat whose udder is flaccid at the base; (T, K;) as though it were disunited (انغصلت, i. e. امتصخت), from the belly. (T, L.)

(فَشُور) A certain plant having coats like the onion; (K;) of which Az says, I have seen, in the desert, a plant called مُصَاخ and تُدُاءُ