

ubi supra. (Bd.) = Also, نَر [The frog, or frush, of the hoof of a horse or ass or mule; thus called in the present day;] a portion of tough flesh, [or rather a horny substance,] in the بَطْن [or sole] of the solid hoof, as though it were a date-stone, [which it resembles in substance,] or a pebble: (S:) or the flesh of the solid hoof, which the poets liken to date-stones: (T:) or a portion of flesh, (K:) or of hard flesh, (M,) in the بَاطِن [or sole, or inner part,] of the solid hoof, (M, K, TA,) as though it were a pebble, or a date-stone, (TA:) or what rises in the بَاطِن of the hoof of the horse, from, or of, the upper part thereof: (M, K:) or the بَاطِن itself of the solid hoof: (M:) pl. نَوْر, (M, K,) which Abou-Sa'eed explains as signifying the prominences in the بَطْن [or sole] of the solid hoof, which are likened to date-stones because of their hardness, and which do not touch the ground. (TA.) Hence the saying, حَافِرٌ صُلْبُ النُّورِ [A solid hoof hard in the frog: the sing. and pl. being used indiscriminately]. (TA.)

نَر: } see نَر, first signification.
نَر:

نَرِين [The wild rose, dog-rose, eglantine, or sweet brier: so in the present day: and, accord. to Spreng., Hist. Rei Herb., cited by Freytag, the jonquil:] a well-known rose; (K:) a well-known sweet-smelling flower; (Msb:) a species of sweet-smelling flower; (M:) a Persian word, (M, Msb,) arabicized: (Msb:) of the measure فَعْلِيل; and, if so, the [final] ن is radical: or of the measure فَعْلِيل; and if so, that letter is augmentative: Az says, I know not whether it be Arabic or not. (Msb.)

نَارِيَّة The eagle; syn. عَقَاب: (IAqr, K:) likened to the نَر. (IAqr, TA.) [Hence it appears that, accord. to IAqr, the نَر is not the eagle.]

نَاسُور (also written with ص, S, Msb.) A certain disease that happens in the inner angles of the eyes, (S, Msb, K,) with an incessant defluxion therefrom: (S, TA:) and sometimes it happens also in the part around the anus: and in the gum: (S, Msb:) or it signifies also a certain disease in the part around the anus: and a certain disease in the gum: (K:) and is an arabicized word [from the Persian]: (S, Msb:) نَوَاصِير, pl. of نَاصُور, accord. to certain of the physicians, is a term applied to deep ulcers in the anus, at the extremity of the gut. (Msb, art. نصر.) — Also, A vein constantly becoming recrudescant, (عَرَقٌ غَيْرٌ) with an incessant defluxion; (S, K:) corrupt within; whenever its upper part heals, breaking forth again with corruption. (TA.) See also غَرَب.

مَنْسَر (S, A, Msb, K) and مَنْسَر (Msb, K,) or the former only, (AZ,) The beak of a bird (S, A, Msb, K) of prey; (S, Msb;) or of a hawk or falcon; (A;) that of any other bird being called مَنَقَار. (S, Msb.) = [Hence,] † both words also signify † A portion of an army that goes before the main army: (S, K:) [likened to the beak of a bird of prey; as the side bodies are likened to the wings:] and a troop of horse or horsemen in number from thirty to forty: or from forty to fifty: or from forty to sixty: (M, K:) or from a hundred to two hundred: (M, Msb, K:) or a troop of horse or horsemen: (El-Farabee, Msb:) or an army that does not pass by anything without snatching it away. (Msb.)

مَنْسَر: see مَنْسَر, throughout.

[نط, &c.]

See Supplement.]

نش

1. نَش, aor. نَش, (A, TA,) inf. n. نَشِيش (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K) and نَش, (TA,) It (said of water, S, Mgh, Msb, K, and of other things, S, K, such as wine, and flesh-meat, TA) made a sound in boiling, estuating, or fermenting: (S, Mgh, Msb, K:) and it (anything) made a sound like that of boiling, estuating, or fermenting; or of beginning to do so: and it (water) made a sound in pouring forth. (TA.) You say also, نَشَّتِ الْقَدْرُ, (TA,) inf. n. نَشِيش; (IDrd, K;) and نَشْنَشْت, (TA,) inf. n. نَشْنَشَة; (IDrd, K;) The cooking-pot made a sound in boiling: (IDrd, K:) or began to boil, and so made a sound. (TA.) And نَشَّ الْمَاءُ فِي كُوزٍ جَدِيدٍ [The water made a sound in a new earthen mug]: (A:) نَشَّ الْكُوزُ الْجَدِيدُ فِي الْمَاءِ or نَشَّ الْكُوزُ الْجَدِيدُ فِي الْمَاءِ [The new [earthen] mug made a sound in the water. (Mgh.) And نَشْنَشَ الدَّرْعُ The coat of mail made a sound, (K,) or clinking. (Fr.) — Also, It (wine, A, Mgh, or the beverage called نَبِيد, TA,) estuated, or fermented: (A, Mgh, TA:) or نَشِيش signifies the beginning to estuate, or ferment, of the first of expressed juice [of grapes or dates &c.]. (TA.) — نَشَّتِ اللَّحْمَةُ, inf. n. نَش, The piece of flesh-meat dripped. (Sh, from certain of the Kilábees.) = Also نَش, aor. نَش, inf. n. نَشِيش (S, K) and نَش, (TA,) said of a pool of water left by a torrent, Its water began to sink into the earth: (S, K:) or its water dried up, and sank into the earth. (TA.) It (water upon the surface of the ground) dried up. (TA.) It (a full-grown unripe date) lost its moisture. (TA.) = نَشَّ الدُّهْنُ نَشْنَشَ [aor., app., نَشْنَشَ] He infused the oil, or other ointment, with perfume, by boiling it with sweet-smelling plants until it made a sound in

boiling. (TA.) [See also نَشْنَشَة.] نَشَّ الذَّبَابُ [aor., accord. to analogy, نَشْنَشَ, but vulgarly, in the present day, نَشْنَشَ] He drove [or whisked] away the flies. (TA.)

R. Q. 1. نَشْنَشَ, see 1. in two places. See also نَشْنَشَة.

نَش The half of an أَوْقِيَّة [or ounce]; (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K;) i. e., twenty dirhems; (S, Msb, K;) the أَوْقِيَّة being forty dirhems; (S, Msb;) and five dirhems being called نَوَاقِة: (S:) or the weight of a date-stone (نَوَاقِة) of gold: or the weight of five dirhems: or the quarter of an أَوْقِيَّة: (TA:) and the half of anything; (IAqr, Sh, Az, Mgh, Msb;) as, for instance, of a dirhem, and of a cake of bread. (IAqr, Sh, Az, Mgh.)

نَشْنَشَة: see نَشْنَشَة.

نَشْنَشَة and نَشْنَشَة أرض نَشْنَشَة Salt land that produces no herbage. (IDrd, K.)

نَشْنَشَة (S, A, K,) and نَشْنَشَة (Az, TA,) A tract of salt land of which the moisture [or, as in a copy of the A, the earth,] does not dry up, nor its pasture, or herbage, grow: (A, K:) or what appears of the water of salt lands, and begins to sink therein, so that it becomes salt. (S.)

نَشْنَشَة: see نَشْنَشَة.

مَنْش السَّاحِل The part of the shore of a sea or great river from which the water has retired. (A.)

مَنْشَة [A fly-whisk;] a thing with which the flies are driven away. (TA.)

دُهْنٌ مَنْشُوش Oil, or other ointment, infused with perfume, (K, TA,) by boiling it with sweet-smelling plants until it makes a sound in boiling. (TA.) [See also نَشْنَشَة.]

نشأ

1. نَشَأَ, aor. نَشَأَ; and نَشُو, aor. نَشُو; inf. n. نَشِيش; and نَشَأَ and نَشَأَ and نَشَأَ and نَشَأَ; He lived; (K;) and (accord. to Sh) he rose, or became elevated, or high. (TA.) — [It rose.] — النَشَأُ, or النَشَأَةُ, [Kur, liii. 48,] The resurrection: [lit., the other life]. (TA.) — النَشَأُ, or النَشَأَةُ, [Kur, xxix. 19, the same: lit., the latter life]. (TA.) [See also نَشَأَ below.] — نَشَأَ, (S, K,) inf. n. نَشِيش and نَشَأَ (TA) and نَشُو; (S;) He grew up, (K,) and became a youth, or young man. (S, K.) [See نَشِيش.] — نَشَأَ فِي بَنِي فُلَانٍ, (TA,) and نَشَأَ فِي بَنِي فُلَانٍ, (S,) and نَشَأَ فِي بَنِي فُلَانٍ, (TA,) I grew up, and became a young man, among the sons of such a one. (S, TA.) — نَشَأَ, (S, K,) inf. n. نَشِيش and نَشُو, (TA,) It (a cloud) rose, (S, K,) and appeared: said of its first begin-