by Arabs of the desert, (Ṣ,) tall, or long, and narrow (Ṣ, Ķ) in the head, or top: (Ṣ:) [in the present day applied to a sort of high, conical, cap: and a cowl.] — And † A slender and tall man. (Ṣ, Ķ.) — And, (Ķ.) accord. to IAar, (O,) Low, ignoble, mean, or sordid, (عُدُونُ), and neak: (O, Ķ:) pl. طُرَاطِيرُ. (O.)

and the latter with is applied to a girl. (So in a copy of the A.) جَلَبُ مُطِرِّ + [A thing, or things, brought for the purpose of traffic,] come from the extremities (أَطْرَار) of the country. (TA.) خَصَبُ مُطِرِ Anger that is misplaced, and for a thing that does not require it: (S, K:) or in which is somewhat of boldness, or presumptuousness: or such as is vehement, or violent. (TA.) خَاءَ فُلُانَ مُطْرًا - Such a one came domineering, or exalting himself; behaving boldly, or presumptuously. (As, S.)

مُطُرَةً, (O,) or مُطُرَةً, (accord. to different copies of the K,) with damm, (K,) [and accord. to the TK with fet-h to the h,] Custom, habit, or nont: (O, K:) so says AZ: (O:) [the form given in the O seems to be preferable: but] F has also mentioned it as without teshdeed, [i. e. مُطرة,] and thus it is mentioned [in the K] in art. مطر. (TA.)

مُطِرِّ see : مُطَرَّرُ

in two places. مَطْرُورُ

طرأ

(Ş, Mgh, dor. -, inf. n. مُرَوَّ (Ş, Mgh, Msb, K) and عُرُّة, (S, K,) He came to them from a place; (K;) or from a distant place, unexpectedly: (Mgh:) or he came forth upon them (S, Msb, K) from a place, (K,) or from a distant place, (TA,) unexpectedly, (K, TA,) or from another country, or territory, or town, or the like: (S:) or he came to them without their knowledge: or he came forth upon them from an opening, or a wide, open tract: the original word is [said to be] دَرَا [q. v.: see also , in art. طرو is [said to be]. (TA.) And طُواً, (Msb, TA,) said of a thing, (Msb,) aor. as above, (Msb, TA,) inf. n. طران [app. طران], (Msb,) It came, (Msb, TA,) came to pass, happened, or occurred, (Msb,) unexpec-طَرَأُ عَلَى , (Msb, TA.) It is said in a trad. as though meaning A portion of the recitation of the Kur-an came to my turn at an unexpected time. (TA.) = مرؤ, [aor. 2,] (Mgh, (K,) مطراة Mgh, K) and طراة (K,) in some of the copies of the K مُرْاءَةُ and مُرْاءَةً (TA,) It (a thing, Mab) was, or became, fresh, juicy, or moist; (Mab;) contr. of (K;) i. q. مُرُوة, inf. n. مُرَاوة, (Mgh, Msb,) of which it is a dial. var., (Msb,) and which is the more common. (TA.)

2. مَرْآهُ, inf. n. تَطُرِئَهُ, He rendered it fresh, juicy, or moist. (TA.)

4. اطراه الله praised him: (TA:) or he praised him greatly, or extravagantly; or exceeded the just, or usual, bounds, in praising him: (K, TA:) accord. to Es-Sarakustee, أطراقه signifies I praised him: and أطرقة [in like manner,] I eulogized, or commended, him. (Msb.) [See also the latter verb in art. علوه.]

i. e. The tide, or what pours forth at once, of the torrent]: (K:) from "he came forth" from a land. (TA.)

مُوْرَانَى , (O, K,) or مُوْرَانَى , occurring in the poetry of El-'Ajjáj, (TA,) A road, or way, and an affair, or event, unknown, or disapproved, or deemed strange or extraordinary: (O, K:) [or an affair, or event,] unknown, &c., and wonderful. (TA.)

مرازنی, an epithet applied to a pigeon, (O, K,) and to an event, (K,) Of which one knows not whence it has come: (K:) an irregular rel. n. from طَرَا عَلَيْنَا فَلَانَ "Such a one came forth upon us without our knowing him:" (TA:) [or] طَرَان is the name of a certain mountain in which are many pigeons; (O, K;) and hence the epithet above mentioned as applied to a pigeon: (O, TA:) Aboo-'Obeyd El-Bekree writes this name, in the Moajam, with damm to the first letter and teshdeed to the second: the vulgar say عَمَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا فَلَانَ . See also المُورَاني .

طَرِيُّ Fresh, juicy, or moist; (A, Mgh, Mşb, TA;) a dial. var. of مُرِيُّ (Mşb.)

أَ لَوْنَةُ † A calamity, or misfortune, (O, K, TA,) of which one knows not whence it has come. (TA.)

in the TA, and there said to be the subst. (اسُم) from أَطْرَأُهُ : but I think that it is evidently ; and not the subst., but the act. part. n. (اسُمُ الفَاعل), of أَطْرَأُهُ أَوْ), of أَطْرَأُهُ أَوْ).

طرب

1. مُطرِبُ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA,) aor. عرب, (Mṣb,) inf. n. مُطرِبُ, (Ṣ,* Mṣb, K,* TA,) He was, or became, affected with emotion, or a lively emotion, or

excitement, agitation, or unsteadiness, (عَفَى, Ṣ, Mṣb, K, TA,) [of the heart or mind,] by reason of joy or of grief, (K, TA,) or of intense grief or joy, (Ṣ,) or of intense fear or joy: (Mṣb:) or [he was moved with joy, or delight;] he was joyful, mirthful, or glad: and the contr., i. e. he was affected with grief, sadness, or sorrow. (K, TA.) [See طُربت الأبل [The camels became excited by reason of the driver's urging them with singing]. (A, TA.)

— And طربت عن الطربة الأبل [written in the TA without any syll. signs, app. عدلت [i. e. I deviated (عَدَلْتُ) from the road, or way]. (TA.)

2. طرب, (TA,) inf. n. بُطُويب, (K,) He sang. (K, TA.) And طرب في صوته He trilled, or quavered, and prolonged, his voice: (Msb.) or is the prolonging of the voice, التَّطُويبُ في الصَّوْت and modulating it sweetly. (S, TA.) And, said of a bird, or, accord to some, peculiarly of the مَكَاء, It prolonged its voice, and trilled, or quarered, it, or warbled. (TA.) And in like manner, طرّب في قرآاته (A, TA) He prolonged, and trilled, or quavered, his voice in his reciting, or reading; (TA;) and في غنائه [in his singing]. (A.) And قَرَأُ بالتَّطُريب [He recited, or read, with a prolonging, and trilling, or quavering, of the voice]. (A, TA.) _ And devel They raised their voices, cried out, or cried aloud, time after time. (Skr, TA.) = طربه : sec 4. _ [Freytag adds that, in the "Fakihet el-Khulafa," p. 42, l. 5 infr., it means He asserted him to have sung excellently.]

4. أطريه He, (Ṣ,) or it, (one's voice, A,) caused him to be affected with عَرْبِ [i. c. emotion, or a lively emotion, &c.]; as also نظريه ; (Ṣ, A;) [and أطريه ; for] تطريب signifies the same as إطراب , like أطراب : (K:) [generally, he, or it, rendered him lively, brish, or sprightly: and] is said of joy, and of grief, meaning [it affected him with عَرْبُ or] it rendered him restless, or unsteady. (MA.)

5: see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

10. استطرب [i. e. emotion, or a lively emotion, &c.], (K, TA,) and diversion, sport, or play. (TA.) — And They (a party, or company of men,) became affected with intense مُرَبُ (A, TA.) = الإبلَ المتطرب المتداة (A, TA.) المتطرب المتداة (A, TA.) الإبلَ المتطرب المتداة (K.) You say الإبلَ المتطرب المتداة (The drivers, singing to them, excited, moved, or stirred, the camels,] when the camels have become lively, brisk, sprightly, or agile, because of their urging them with singing. (O, TA.) Az cites the saying of Eṭ-Tirimmáh,

- وَٱسْتَطْرَبَتْ ظُعْنُهُمْ لَمَّا ٱحْزَالٌ بِسِمْ
- آلُ الشُّحَى نَاشِطًا مِنْ دَاعِبَاتِ دَدِ