became in a state of motion, or commotion; was, or became agitated: (S, L, Msb, K:) or, in a state of violent motion or commotion; or violently agitated. (El-Başáir, TA.) So in the expression in the Kur, [xvi. 15; and xxxi. 9;] Lest it (the earth) should be convulsed with you, and go round with you, and move you about violently. (El-Basáir, TA.) -It turned or twisted about, or became con-ماد في الرمي - (IKtt.) - ماد في الرميع He (a man pierced) writhed upon the spear. (A.) __ مَادَ It (the mirage, سُواب,) was in a state of commotion; it quivered, or trembled. (L, K.)_ + He was, or became, confounded, perplexed, or amazed. (TA.) _ ماد , (aor. يميد, TA, inf. n. ميد or ميد, L,) ! He (a man, L,) became affected with a heaving of the stomach, or a tendency to vomit, and a giddiness in the head, by reason of intoxication, or of voyaging upon the sea. (L, K.) - You say also مَادَ به البَحْرُ aor. يميد, inf. n. ميد, The sea affected him mith a heaving of the stomach, &c. (L.) And The ground went round with مادت به الأرض him. (A.) _ مَادَت المَنْظَلَة (aor. يُمِيدُ, L,) The colorynth became affected by day-dew, (L, K,) or by moisture, (L,) and in consequence, changed [in odour, or stinking]: (L, K:) and in like manner a date. (L.) ___, (S, A, L,) inf. n. مُبْدُ (L) and مُبْدُانُ (A;) and ; (A;) It (a branch) inclined from side to side. (S, A, I..) _ ! He inclined from side to side in walking. (L.) _ مَدُدُانٌ and مَيْدُ and مَدْدُ عند الله عند الله مَدْدُ الله عند الله عن It inclined to one side: as the earth is, in a trad., described to have done before the mountains were formed. (L.) _ ale ! He (a man, S,) affected a bending of his person, body, or limbs; (L;) he walked with an elegant and a proud and self-conceited gait, with an affected inclining of his body from side to side; (S, L, K;) and مَادَتُ signify the same, said of a woman. (A.) = She conferred, or bestowed, a benefit or benefits, or a favour or favours. You say, مَادَنِي فُلَان Such a one conferred a benefit or benefits upon me. (L.) -ماده, (L, Mab,) and اماده , (L,) He gave him. (L, Msb.) _ sic He furnished persons with, or gave them, provisions for travelling; syn. يار. (L.) [In the K, زار He visited.] _ He brought a people wheat, or food; i.q. ,i.o, (S, L, K,) of which it is a dial form. (S.) -He traffiched as a merchant. (L.) - slo, inf. n. ميدان and ميد, It increased, or grew; syn. رَكَ and زُعَ. (M, L, K.) [In the copies of the K in my hands, for el, is put elj.]

4, 5, and 6: see 1.

8. امتاده He asked him, or desired him, to give him. (L.) — امتاده He asked or desired him to bring him wheat, or food. (A.)

مَيْدُ a dial. form of مَيْدُ (Ṣ,) in the sense of مَيْدُ (L:) or that (L:) or that of عَلَى (L:) or that of مَنْ أُجُلِ (كَ, L) الله (Ṣ, L.) It is said in a trad. الْأُوْمَ الْعَرَبِ مَيْدَ أَتَى مِنْ قُرَيْشُ وَنَشَأْتُ فِي بَنِي أَثْمُ الله (Ṣ, L.) See what next follows.

مَیْدَ ذِلك (M, K,) or مَیْدَ ذِلك, (L,) I did it on account, or for the sake, of that. (M, L, K.) مَیْدَا ذِلكَ has not been heard. (M, L.)

مَائدَةُ see : مَيْدَةً

The amount, and measure, of a thing:

(L, K:) and the two sides, and distance, or extent, of a thing, (L,) or of a road; (K;) and the surface of a road. (L.) One says, أَمُ اللهُ اللهُ

in the TA, app. a mistake for مُدَّا مِيدَاتُهُ, [thus in the copies of the K and in the TA, app. a mistake for مُدَّادُهُ, like مُدَاتُهُ, like مِيدَاهُ, and مِيدَاهُ مُعَدَّاهُ مُعَدَّاهُ مُعَدَّاهُ مُعَدَّاهُ مِيدَاهُ مِيدَاءُ مِيدَاءً مِيدَاءً

ميدان الله (S, L, Msb, K, &c.) and ميدان (K) A horse-course; race-ground; hippodrome: (Mşb, TA:) pl. ميادين: (Ş, K, &c.:) of the measure فَعُكُرُن, (IĶṭt,) from ماد 'it was in a state of motion;" because the sides of the horsecourse shake on the occasion of a race: (Msb:) or from alc "it turned or twisted about, or became contorted and convulsed;" because the horses wheel about, and bend or convulse themselves, in the place so called: or of the measure a limit, or goal ;" because " مَدَّى horses run to their goals in the place so called; originally مَدْيَانٌ, the second and third radicals being transposed; as in بِيزَانُ, originally or of the measure وَمُعَالُ from مُدَنَ he abode, or dwelt;" because horses confine themselves especially to the place so called for wheeling about and the like. (IĶtt.) = عَيْشُ مَيْدُانُ A delicate, a pleasant, or an ample and easy, life.

(S, L.) مَيْدَانُ الخَلْفَاءِ ta term applied by historians to The period of the reign of Khalee-fehs; from twenty to twenty-four years. (MF, TA.)

.مَيْدَانْ see : مِيدَانْ

That moves about, or is agitated, much; that vacillates much: (L:) an intensive epithet; applied in a trad. to worldly prosperity. (L., art. عبد.)

مَائِدٌ see مُيَّادٌ

t A man affected with a heaving of the stomach, or a tendency to vomit, and a giddiness in the head, by reason of intoxication, or of voyaging upon the sea: pl. مَيْدَى. (L.) — مَادُدُ A branch inclining [from side to side: see 1]: (A, L:) as also مَادُ (L:) [or rather the latter signifies inclining much, or frequently, from side to side:] pl. [of the former] مَيْدُ (TA.) — مَيْدُ الْرَضِ فَيَادًا مَيَّادًا مَيَّادًا مَادًا الله على الأَرْضِ فَيَادًا مَيَّادًا مَيَّادًا مَادًا with an elegant and a proud and a self-conceited gait, with an affected inclining of his body from side to side. (A, art. فيد.)

and مَيْدَة (El-Jarmee, L, K) A table with food upon it: (S, L, K:) without food upon it, a table is not thus called, but is called : (AAF, S, L:) or also applied to a table itself: (L:) MF says, that this latter application is allowable, considering that food has been, or is to be, placed upon the table: but El-Harceree asserts it to be incorrect, and the former appliis مائدة (TA:) cation only to be allowable thus used in its proper sense of an act. part. n., and is from . " it was in a state of motion;" as though the table [which was generally a round piece of leather or the like spread upon the ground] moved about with what was upon it: (Zj, L, Msb : *) or from ale "he brought wheat or food;" because food is brought upon it [or as though it brought food]: (L :) or from ماد " he gave;" as though it gave of what was upon it to those around it: (El-'Inayeh:) or it is of the form of an act. part. n. and used in the sense of a pass. part. n., from ale "he gave," (AO, S, L, Mab,) like رَاضِيَةٌ in the phrase وَاضِيَةٌ (AO, S, L;) because what is thus called is given by its owner to the people [who are to eat]: (Msb:) also, food itself; (Akh, AHat, ISd, L, K;) even if without a table: (L:) [pl. موائد]. Sec also : مَائدة فَاتُورُ : A round piece of land or ground: (L, K:) likened to a table.

Asking, or desiring, to give ; asking or