when the person stands up, or rises: (M:) or [simply] soft. (TA.) And مُرمُورَةً and مُرمُارةً and مُرمُورةً (S, M, K,) with damm, (K,) [in two copies of the S written مُرمُورةً] applied to a damsel, or girl, (S, K,) or to a woman, (M,) Soft, (S, K,) and quivering, or quaking, in her flesh, (S, M, K,) when she stands up, or rises. (M.)

[More, or most, tightly twisted]. ___ [Hence,] فُلان أُمَّر عَقْدًا مِنْ فُلان + Such a one is firmer, and more faithful to his compact, than such a one. (S.) = More, or most, bitter : fem. of which the dual is مَرْيَانِ. (TA.) You say, أَمَرُّ مِنْ ذَا This is more bitter than خذ الحُلْوَى وَأَعْطه الْمَرى And الْمَرى that]. (ق.) And [Take thou the sweeter, or sweetest, and give to him the bitterer, or bitterest]. (§ in art. ...) And it is said in a prov., (A,) by a certain Arab woman, (S,) صغراها مراها (The youngest of them is the most bitter of them]. (S, A.) See Freytag's Arab. Prov., i. 720; where another reading is given, الأَمَرَّان _ [.مُرَاهًا for شُرَاهًا # Poverty and decrepitude: (S, K:) or decrepitude and disease. (A.) _ Also, ! Aloes (الصبر) and الثَّقال , (A, K,) i. e., mustard: (TA:) so in a trad. (A, TA.) _ You say also, القيتُ منهُ الأُمَرينَ , (T, S, M, K,) with the pl. i, (T, S,) and with kesr to the , (K,) and الأُمَرَّيْنِ, (IAar, M, A, K,) dual of امر, (M,) with fet-h to the , (K,) and (as in المُرْتَيْنِ أَ dual of مُرَى, (M,) or copies of the K,) I experienced from him, or it, calamities: (S, A:) or evil, and a grievous, or distressing, thing. (M, K.)

أمرور A place of مرور [i. e. passing; passing by; &c.; or a place of passage: see 1]. (S.) You say تَعَدُّتُ عَلَى مَمَّرِهِ [I sat at his place of passing]. (A.) _ It is also an inf. n.: see ... (S.)

A rope, (S, Msh,) and thread, (Msh,) tightly twisted: (S, Msh:) a rope well twisted: (TA:) and anything twisted. (M, TA.) See also مُرير. —[Hence,] † A man, and a horse, strongly, or firmly, made. (A, TA.)

مر see : مور

Overcome by bile; (S;) a man whose bile is roused. (A.)

بعيد المستَّهُر, with fet-h to the second م, Strong in altercation, not weary of labouring or striving. (Ṣ, Ķ.) A'Obeyd cites the following verse:

وَجَدُّتَنِى أَلُوَى بَعِيدَ الهُسْتَهَرُّ أُحْيِلُ مَا حُبِّلْتُ مِنْ خَيْرِ وَشَرْ [Thou findest me very contentious, strong in altercation, not weary of labouring or striving, bearing what is imposed on me of good and evil]. (Ş, T, A.) IB says, that this rejez is commonly ascribed to 'Amr Ibn-'Ás, but it is said to be quoted by him from Artáh Ibn-Suheiyeh: Sgh says, that it is ascribed to El-'Ajjáj, but is not his; and to En-Nejáshee El-Hárithee; and Aboo-Mohammad El-Aarábee says, that it is by Musáwir Ibn-Hind. (TA.)

عَادَةُ مُسْتَعِرةً مدر. part. n. of 10, q. v. __ عَادَةً A custom constantly obtaining; unvarying. (A, Mgh.) سخر مُستَعِر (in the Kur, liv. 2,] Enchantment going on: or having one continuous course: or continuing in the same manner: or continuing in a regular, uniform, or constant, course: (Mgh:) or passing away, and vain, or ineffectual: or +strong: (K:) or bitter. (TA.) in the Kur, liv. 19,] In أَفِي يَوْم نَحْسِ مُسْتَمَرِّ a day of ill fortune that was lasting, or continual: (Zj, K:) or of which the evil, (K:) or ill luck, (TA,) was continual; (K, TA:) or effective, (K, TA,) with respect to that which it was ordered and constrained to accomplish: (K:) or + potent in its evil fortune: or bitter: or in a Wednesday that did not come round again in the month: (K:) or in the last Wednesday of the month of Safar. (TA.)

مداد

aor. ', inf. n. مَرْآءَهُ, epithet , aor. عرى and مرز and مرى, (S, K,) and مرى, aor. عرى، and food was, or became, wholesome, or approved in its result: (Z:) or easy to swallow, and wholesome, or approved in its result : (K:) or easy to smallow, not attended by trouble: or quick in digesting. (Z.) It is said in the Keshshaf, on ch. iv., v. 3, of the Kur, are two epithets from مَرَى and مَرَى are two and مُراً, "the food was easy to swallow; not attended by trouble:" or the former epithet signifies "pleasant, or productive of enjoyment, to the eater;" and the latter, "wholesome, or approved in its result:" or the former, food or drink that is "not succeeded by harm, even after its digestion;" and the latter, that which is "quick in digesting." مرانى one says, منانى, one says, (هنأني الطَّعَامُ ومرأني), (Fr. S, K,) aor. -, inf. n. مَوْء (Akh, Ṣ;) and in conjunction with مَوْء مَرتُنى; (TA [also mentioned in the S, on the authority of Akh];) and alone, (i.e. not in conjunction with هناني or هناني أمراني أبراني S, K,) inf. n. امراء, (AZ,) [It (food) was whole-

stomach, and descended thence well. (TA.) But . مناني also occurs in this sense without مراني (TA.) __ استمرأة † and مرى الطُّعَامَ __ (TA.) the food wholesome, &c.] (S.) (See above.] __ (MA.) عَدُّهُ مَرِينًا signifies ,استمواً * الطَّعَامَ , aor. -, He fed; or ate food. (K.) Ex. What aileth thee, that thou dost not مَا لَكَ لَا تُمْوَا eat? (TA.) __ مُرَاءة , inf. n. مُروَّت الأرض __ (TA. land was, or became salubrious, in its air. (K.) , مُرُونَة , aor. -, (AZ, S, K,) inf. n. مُرُونًا (K,) epithet مرى, (S, K,) He was, or became, possessed of مُروءة; (AZ, S, K;) sometimes written and pronounced مُرُوّة; (S;) i.e., manliness; (S, K;) manly perfection; (TA;) consisting in abstinence from things unlawful, or in chastity of manners, and the having some art or trade; (El-Ahnaf;) or in abstaining from doing secretly what one would be askamed to do openly; (TA;) or in the habit of doing what is approved, and shunning what is held base; (El-Khafajee;) or in preserving the soul from filthy actions, and what disgraces in the estimation of men; or in good manners, and guarding the tongue, and shunning impudence; (TA;) or in a quality of the mind by preserving which a man is made to persevere in good manners and habits: (Msb:) [in a word, virtue; or مراً == [rather manly virtue or moral goodness.] Inivit feminam. (K.) _ مُرى He became like a woman, in external appearance, or in talk.

4. هُذَا يُمْرِى الطَّعَامِ [This makes the food wholesome, &c.] (AZ.) (See مُرُوُّ أَوْمَالُهُ

5. آجراً He affected, or endeavoured to acquire, (تَكُلُفُ) He affected, or endeavoured to acquire, (تَكُلُفُ) manliness, مَرُوعَةُ (AZ, Ṣ, Ķ:) accord. to some, he became possessed of that quality. (TA.) — تَحراً بين He sought to acquire the character of manliness (مَرُوعَةُ) by disparaging them and vituperating them. (ISk, Ṣ, Ķ.) — لا يَتَمَراً احَدُحُمْ بِالدُنيَا (a trad.) [app., Let not any one of you delight himself in the present world]: but accord. to one relation, it is (TA.) [See also أَرْبَعَا]. (TA.)

10: see 1.

(TA.) In conjunction with مَرُّدُ , one says مَرَانی (Ṣ, K) and مُرُّدُ (Ṣ, K) and (Ṣ, K) and (Ṣ, K) and (Ṣ, K) or a man as opposed to a child or a moman; syn. رَجُلُ (Ākh, Ṣ;) and in conjunction with مَرُّدُ (Ākh, Ṣ;) and in conjunction with مَرُّدُ (TA [also mentioned in the Ṣ, on the authority of Akh];) and alone, (i.e. not in conjunction with مَرُّدُ (Fr, Ṣ, K,) inf. n. مُرَّدُ (AZ,) [It (food) was whole-some to me, Jrc. (see above):] it was light to my declining the word. (TA, and some copies of