terrified, or frightened. (L.) نَجَدُ (aor. 2, L.) inf. n. نَجُدُ It (a thing, or an affair,) was, or became, apparent, manifest, plain, or evident. (L, K.) نَجُودُ , aor. 2, inf. n. نَجُودُ , It (a road) was, or became, apparent, manifest, conspicous, or plain. (L.) اعطاه الأرض بما نَجُدُ He gave him the land with what came forth from it. (L.)

2. نجده الدور, (inf. n. نجده الدور, K.) Time, or habit, or fortune, tried, or proved, him, and taught him, (S, L.) and rendered him expert, or experienced, and well informed, (L.) or firm, or sound, in judgment: (K:) as also منجن, which is more approved. (L.) عندا, inf. n. نجد (K.) المناب , inf. n. نجد (S,\* L, K:\*) [and, accord. to present usage, he manufactured beds and the like, and pillows; and teased, separated, or loosened, cotton, for stuffing beds, &c., with the bow and mallet: see also

3. ناجده He went forth to him to fight, or combat. (A.) ناجدت الإبل She (a camel) vied with the other camels in abundance of milh: she yielded abundance of milh when the other camels had little. (L, K.\*) — See 4.

4. انجاد , (S, L, Meb, K,) inf. n. انجد , (L;) and مُنَجَدُ , aor. عرب , (Msb;) and مُنَجَدُ , inf. n. (S, L;) He aided, or assisted, another : (S, L, Msb, K;) he succoured him. (L.) -He aided, or assisted, him against him. (L.) \_ انجد الدَّعُوةَ \_ (S, L,K) He answered or complied with, the call, prayer, or invitation. (L, K.) And انجده الدعوة He answered, or complied with, his call, prayer, or invitation. (M, L.) He was, or became, or drew, near to his family, or wife; expl. by قُرُبَ مِنْ أَهْلُه his family, or wife; expl. by (Lh, ISd, K.) = انجدت السَّمَاء The sky became rlear. (K.) \_\_ انجد (K.) and انجد (K) He, or it, (a person, or thing, L, both said of such a thing as a mountain, TA,) became high, or lofty. (L, K.) \_ غَارُ وَأَنْجَدَ + He became famous in the low countries and in the high. (A.) \_\_ انجاد, (inf. n. إنجاد, L,) He entered upon the country of Nejd: (S, L:) or he came to Nejd, or to high land or country : (L, K :) or he went thither: (L:) or he went forth to, or towards, it. (Lh, ISd, L, K.) \_\_ أنْجَدُ a proverb, He enters Nejd who sees Hadan, which is the name of a mountain; i. e., in going up from El-Ghowr, or El-Ghór. (Ş, L.)

5. عنجًد : see 4. \_ He swore a big oath. (L.)

10. استنجده He asked, or desired, of him aid, or assistance, (S, L, K,\*) and succour. (L.)

been weak, (Ṣ, L, K,) or sick. (TA.) استنجد المنافقة, (Ṣ, L,) and به (L, TA,) He became emboldened against him, (Ṣ, L, K,) and clave to him, (L,) after having regarded him with awe, or fear. (Ṣ, L, K.) استنجد المنافقة He became courageous after having been cowardly. (A.) See also

High, or elevated, land or country : (S, L, Msb, K:) or hard, and rugged, and elevated, or high, table-land: only stony and rugged, or hard, elevated land, like a mountain, standing over against one and intercepting his view of what is behind it, but not very high, is thus called: (L:) pl. أنْجَدُ , (Ṣ, L, Ķ,) a pl. of pauc., (TA,) and أنْجَادُ, (L, K,) [also a pl. of pauc.,] and نَجُودُ and يُخُودُ (S. L, K) and ; أنْجِدُةْ ,نُجُودُ (IAar, L, K;) and pl. of [another pl. of pauc.;] (S, K;) or this is a mistake, and it is pl. of i, like as أَحْمِرَةُ is pl. of حمار; or it is a pl. deviating from common rule. (IB, L.) You say أَعْلُ هَاتِيكَ النَّجَادَ هَاذَاكَ النَّجَادُ Ascend thou these high lands; and this high land, making it singular. (L.) -, (S, L, K, &c.,) and نَجْدُ, (K,) the latter of the dial. of Hudheyl, (Akh,) of the masc. gender, [The high land, or country;] a division of the country of the Arabs; opposed to ,like, [or the low country,] i. e., Tihameh; all the high land from Tihameh to the land of El-'Irak; (S. L;) above it are Tihameh and El-Yemen, and below it El-'Irak and Esh-Sham; (K;) it begins, towards El-Hijáz, at Dhát-'Irk, (Msb, K,) and ends at Sawad of El-Irak, and hence it is said to form no part of El-Hijáz: (Msb:) or it comprises all that is beyond the moat, or fosse, which Kisrà made to the Sawad of El-Irak until one inclines to the Harrah (الحرة), when he is in El-Hijáz; (El-Báhilce, T, L, Msb;) and it extends to the east of El-Ghowr, or El-Ghór; which is all the tract of which the torrents flow westwards: Tihameh extends from Dhát-'Irk to the distance of two days' journey beyond Mekkeh: the tract beyond this, westward, is Ghowr, or Ghór; and beyond this, southwards, is Es-Saráh, as far as the frontiers of El-Yemen: (El-Báhilee, L:) or, as the Arabs of the desert have been heard to say, the country which one enters when, journeying upwards, he leaves behind him 'Ijliz, which is above El-Karyateyn, and which he quits when he descends from the mountain-roads of Dhát-'Irk, where he enters Tihameh, and when he meets with the stony tracts termed in Nejd, where El-Hijáz commences: (As, L:) or the high country from Batn-er-Rummeh to the mountain-roads of Dhat-'Irk: (ISk, L:) or the country from El-'Odheyb to Dhát-'Irk, and to El-Yemameh, and to El-Yemen, and to the two

mountains of Teiyi, and from El-Mirbed to Wejreh: Dhat-'Irk is the beginning of Tihameh, extending to the sea and Juddeh: El-Medeeneh is not of Tihámeh nor of Nejd, but of El-Hijáz, higher than El-Ghowr, or El-Ghor, and lower than Nejd. (IAar, L.) \_\_ in elevated road: (S:) or an elevated and conspicuous road. (L, K.) A road in a mountain. (L.) [Hence طلاء هَدْيْنَاهُ \_ [. طلع . expl. below, and in art الأنجد النَّجُدَيْنِ [Kur, xc. 10] We have shown him the two ways; the way of good and that of evil: (Beyd, Jel, L:) or the two conspicuous ways: (L:) \_ or We have given him the two breasts; (Beyd, L;) for نَجْدُ also signifies a woman's breast; (L, K;) the belly beneath it being like أَمَا وَنَجَدِيهَا \_\_ (TA.) . غُور [the [country called] Now, by her two breasts, didst ما فعلت ذلك thou not that? A form of oath of the Arabs. (MF.) \_ نَجِدُ and نَجِدُ A thing, or an affair, apparent, manifest, plain, or evident. (L.) (S, L, K,) , طلاع أَنْجِدَةِ and , هُوَ طَلَاعُ أَنْجُدِ \_\_\_ and طلاع نجاد (L, K,) and الأنجد, (K, art. النجاد, (L, K,) ! He is one who surmounts difficult affairs: (A:) or he is one who manages affairs thoroughly, (L, K,) and masters them: (L:) or he is a man expert in affairs, who surmounts and masters them by his knowledge and experience and excellent judgment: or, who aims at lofty things : (K, art. طلع :) or he is one who rises to eminences, or to lofty things or circumstances, or to the means of attaining such things: (Ṣ:) as also الثَّنَايَ جَدْ. (Ṣ, Ķ, art. عَلَلُاعُ الثَّنَايَ, and نَجِدْ عَلَى.) See نَجِدْ, sing. of عُجُودُ (A'Obeyd, S, L, K) and of بُجُودُ (L, K,) which signify The articles of household furniture and the like (orla) with which a house or tent (بيت) is ornamented, or decorated; (A'Obeyd, S, L;) the carpets and beds or other things that are spread, and the pillows, used for that purpose : (L, K :) the cloths or stuffs used for this purpose, with which the walls are hung, and which are spread; (L;) the curtains which are hung upon the walls: (A:) and , pl. of household furniture, consisting of such things as are spread, and pillows, and curtains. (L.) = نَجْدُ A skilful, or an expert, guide of the way. (L, K.) = نَجْدُ , (K,) or لُجْدُ, (L, K) A place in which are no trees. (L, K.) = A kind of tree resembling the نَجْدُو (L, K) in its colour and manner of growth and its thorns. (L.)

Sweat, (Ṣ, L, K,) by reason of work, or of sorrow, grief, or anxiety, &c. (L.) = النجدات A certain sect of the Khárijees, (Ṣ, L,) of those called the Haroorecyeh; (L;) the companions, (Ṣ, K,) or followers, (L,) of Nejdeh Ibn-'Amir (Ṣ, L, K,) El-Ḥarooree (L) El-Ḥanafee, (Ṣ, L, K,) of the Benoo-Ḥaneefeh; (TA;) also called النجدية (TA.)