8. ارتجل: see 1, first sentence. _ Said of a horse, (in his running, TA,) He mixed the pace termed المناجة with that termed العنق, (T, TA,) or the former pace with somewhat of the latter, and thus, (S,) he went those two paces alternately, (S, K,) somewhat of the former and somewhat of the latter. (S.) = He took a man by his رجل [i. e. leg, or foot]. (Ş, TA.) __ أَاتُجل الشَّاةَ __ (see 1, in the middle of the paragraph. __ ارتجل alone in a similar ارتجل and الزُّنْدَة or الزُّنْدَة sense: see 5, in two places. = [He extemporized a speech or verses; spoke it or them extemporaneously, impromptu, or without premeditation;] he began an oration (a خطبة), and poetry, without his having prepared it beforehand; (S;) he spoke a speech (Msb, K) without consideration or thought, (Msb,) or without his having prepared it; (K;) he recited it, or related it, standing, without forecast, consideration, thought, or meditation; so accord. to Er-Rághib [who seems to have held this to be the primary signification of the verb when relating to a speech or the like]; or without reiteration, and without pausing, halting, or hesitating. (TA.) And He did, performed, or produced, or produced, the thing without premeditation, or previous preparation]. (TA in art. اخرع) [And ارتجل He coined a name.] _ ارتجل برأيه _ He coined a name.] or became, alone, or independent of others, with none to take part or share or participate with him, in his opinion, (Msb, K, TA,) without consulting any one respecting it, (Msb, TA,) and kept constantly, or perseveringly, to it. (Msb.) [Hence,] أمرك ما أرتجلت Thine affair [to which thou shouldst keep] is that respecting which thou art alone [&c.] in thine opinion. (K.) And is explained in the T ارْتَجِلُ مَا ٱرْتَجِلْتَ مِنَ الأَمْرِ as meaning مُن مَا رَكبت ما إِن أَد وَ الله (i. c. Undertake thou what thou hast undertaken of the affair: but it may rather signify keep thou to what thou hast undertaken of the affair; agreeably with what here follows]. (TA.) One says also, ارتُجلُ رَجلُكُ ♦ Keep thou to thine affair: (IAar, M, K, TA:) in [some of] the copies of the K, erroneously, رَجُلُك (TA.) = He collected a detached number (قطعة [or رجل)) of locusts, to roast, or fry, them. (S.) = He set up a مرجل [q. v.], to cook food in it: (T, TA:) or he cooked . see 5 ارتجل النّهار = (K.) مرجل see 5.

10. استرجل He desired, or requested, to be, or to go, on foot. (KL.)

the latter in زَجِلٌ; the latter in زَجِلٌ; the latter in two places. = See also رَجِلٌ, in two places. = ارْبَحِلُ رَجُلُكُ , in some of the copies of the K, erroneously, رَجَلُكُ ; see 8, near the end of the paragraph.

رجُل [The leg of a human being and of a bird, and the hind leg of a quadruped; in each of these senses opposed to ;] the part from the root of

of any animal]; (Mgh, Mab, K;) رجل الإنسان meaning that [limb] with which the man walks: (Msb:) or the foot of a man [and of a bird, and the hind foot of a quadruped: or rather it signifies thus in many instances; but generally as before explained: and sometimes, by a synecdoche, it is used in a yet larger sense, as will be explained below]: (K:) of the fem. gender: (Zj, Mşb, TA:) pl. أُرْجُلُ: (Ṣ, Mşb, Ķ, &c.:) it has no other pl. (Msb, TA) known to Sb; (TA;) the pl. of pauc. being also used as a pl. of mult. in this instance. (IJ, TA.) [Hence,] The hind leg or foot, or it may here الرجل جبا mean the leg or foot absolutely, is a thing of which no account, or for which no retaliation or mulct, is taken]: i. e., if a beast tread upon a man with its رجل, there is no retaliation or mulct, if in motion; but if the beast be standing still in the road, or way, the rider is responsible, whether it strike with a يد or a رجل. (TA.) And مُو قَائِمْ عَلَى رِجُلِ lit. He is standing upon a single leg; meaning | the is setting about, or betaking himself to, an affair that presses severely, or heavily, upon him, or that straitens him. (T, K, TA. [In the CK, حَزْنَهُ is erroneously put for أَنَا عَلَى رِجُلِ And أَنَا عَلَى رِجُلِ +I am in fear, or fright, lest a thing should escape me. (TA.) __ ذو الرجل [as though meaning The onelegged;] a certain idol, of El-Hijáz. (TA.) t The very bright star [β, called by our astronomers "Rigel," and also called by the Arabs رجلُ الجوزاءِ اليسرى,] upon the left foot of Orion. (Kzw.) [And رَجْلُ الجَوْزَاءُ اليُهْنَى † The رجُلُ الغُرَاب ___ star k upon the right leg of Orion.] + A certain plant, (K,) called also رِجْلُ الزَّاغِ the root, or lower part, of which, when cooked, is good for chronic diarrhæa; mentioned in art. q. v.]. (TA.) Also A certain mode of binding the udder of a camel, so that the young one cannot such, therewith, nor will it undo: (S, K:) whence the phrase صر رجل الغَراب, for TA.) El-Kumeyt . صُرَّ صَرًّا مِثْلَ صَرِّ رِجْلِ الغُرَابِ

صَّرَّ رِجْلَ الغُرَابِ مُلْكُكَ فِي النَّا سِ عَلَى مَنْ أَرَادَ فِيهِ الفُجُورَا

† [Thy dominion among the people has bound with a bond not to be undone him who desires, within the scope of it, transgress ion]:(Ṣ, TA:) i.e. thy dominion has become firm so that it cannot be undone; like as what is termed الغراب, cannot be undone by the young camel. (TA.) And one says, أَصْرُ عَلَيْهُ رِجُلُ الغُرَابِ, meaning † The affair was, or became, difficult to him: (K and TA in art. غرب) or his life, or subsistence, was, or became, difficult to him. (TA in that art.) † A certain plant, like البَعْلَةُ البَعْانِةُ (see art. بَعْلُ الْجُرَادِ (IAar, K.) [And several other plants have similar appellations in the present day.]

certain مسم [i.e. branding-instrument, or brand]. (Ṣ, K.) — رجْلُ البَّاب † The foot, or heel, of the door, upon which it turns in a socket in the threshold. (MA.) † The lower curved extremity of the bow; (Kh, Ṣ, K;) the upper curved extremity being called its عند: (Kh, Ṣ:) or the part below its أَدُد [q. v.]: accord. to AḤn, it is more complete, or perfect, than its عند: accord. to IAar, أَرْجُلُ القَوْس imeans, when the string is bound, or braced, the upper parts of the bow; and أَبُدياً, its lower parts; and the former are stronger than the latter: and he cites the saying,

لَيْتَ القِسِيُّ كُلُّهَا مِنْ أَرْجُلِ

[Would that the bows were all of them, or wholly, of what are termed أرجل]: the two extremities of the bow, he says, are called its ظفران; and its two notches, its فُرْضَتَان; and its curved ends, its and after the سئتان are the مئتان; and after the طائفان, the أَبْهَرَان; and the portion between the أُجُبد is its أبهران; this being between the two knots of the suspensory. (TA.) ___ + The tro extremities of the arrow. (K, TA. [In the former it is implied that the phrase is رجُلُ السَّهُم † A canal (جَلُ السَّهُم of a بحر a [or large river]. (Kr, K, TA.) also signifies ‡ A part, or portion, of a thing: (K, TA:) of the fem. gender. (TA.) It is said in a trad. of 'Aïsheh, رَجُّلُ رِجُّلُ أَبُو بَكُر رِجُّلُ, meaning t[Aboo-Bekr gave to us] the half of a roasted sheep, or goat, divided lengthwise [and I divided it into shares, except its shoulder-blade, or its shoulder]: she called the half thus by a synecdoche: (IAth, O, TA:) or she meant the leg (رجل) thereof, in the O مها يُليها with what was next to it [for and TA, I read إبمًا يُليها of the lateral half: or she thus alluded to the whole thereof, like as one does by the term زأس. (O, TA. [But see what here next follows.]) And in another trad., the of a [wild] ass is mentioned as a gift, meaning ! One of the two lateral halves : or, as some say, the thigh: (TA:) and it is explained as meaning the whole; but this is a mistake. (Mgh.) or pair of leathern واوية Also + The half of a واوية bags, such as are borne by a camel, one on each side,] of wine, and of olive-oil. (AHn, K.) ___ It is also applied by some to + A pair of trousers or drawers; and رجُلُ سَرَاوِيلُ occurs in this sense in a trad., for زَوْجُ خُفِّ like زِجْلًا سَرَاوِيلَ and for زُوْجَانِ whereas each is properly رَوْجَ نَعْلِ are of the articles of clothing for the two legs: (IAth, TA:) this is what is meant by the saying in the K [and in the O likewise] that app. for السَّرَاويلُ الطَّاقُ also signifies الرَّجْلُ ,Also † A swarm __ (TA.) __ Also † A swarm [مِنَ السَّرَاويلِ الطَّاقُ or numerous assemblage, of locusts: (S:) or a detached number (قطعة) thereof: (K:) [or] one says [or says also] رجل جَرَادِ, (Ş, TA,) and