also, اعذرت عند السلطان I got excuse of the Sultan [or ruling power]. (TA.)—And He manifested an excuse: (K, TA:) in which sense, is said to be its inf. n., as well as عذر ; but the former is correctly a simple subst. (TA.) And He pleaded that by which he should be excused. (TA.) [See also 8.]—He did that by which he should be excused. (TA.)—He did that in which he should be excused: hence the saying of Zuheyr,

سَتَهْنَعُكُمْ أَرْمَاحُنَا أَوْ سَنُعُدُرُ

[Our spears shall prevent you, or shall defend you,] or we will do that in which we shall be excused. (S, O: but in the latter, .) -And He exceeded the usual bounds, (A, Mgh, O,) or ment to the utmost point, (TA,) in excuse, (A, Mgh, O, TA,) i. e. in being excused. (A.) So He exceeds the usual أَعْذُرُ مَنْ أَنْذُرَ He saying أَعْذُرُ مَنْ bounds in rendering himself excused who warns]. (A, Mgh, O. [See alse above, third sentence.]) لَقَدُ أَعْذَرُ ٱللهُ إِلَى مَنْ ,And it is said in a trad [app. meaning Verily] بَلَغُ مِنَ العُمُو سِتِّينَ سَنَةً God hath freed himself from the imputation of injustice to an extraordinary degree, or to the utmost point, to him who hath attained sixty years of age :] i. e. He hath left him no plea for excuse [for his sins], since He hath granted him respite for all this length of time and he hath not excused himself. (TA. [As اعذر is here followed by إلى, I do not think that this explanation is meant to show that the I has a privative effect, and that the verb signifies "he deprived of excuse."]) _ [Hence,] He exerted himself, acted vigorously, took extraordinary pains, or exceeded the usual bounds, [so as to render himself excused,] (S, O, Msb, K, TA,) في الأمر in the affair; (S, O, Mab;) as, for instance, in eating, in relation to which it occurs in a trad., wherein one is enjoined to do so when eating with others, [app. meaning with guests and with a host,] such having been the custom of the Prophet; for, when he ate with others, he was the last in eating. (TA.) [Hence also,] أَعْذَرْتُ إِلَيْكُ I took extraordinary pains, or exceeded the usual bounds, in exhortation and precept to thee. (TA.) - And He was remiss, manting, deficient, or defective; he fell short, or did less than was incumbent on him; feigning (یری [in the CK, erroneously, یری]) that he was doing the contrary: as though the verb bore two contrary significations. (K.) [See also 2.] = Also I.q. أَنْصَفَ (O, K:) you say, أَنْصَفُ i. e. أَنْصَفْ إِلَى مِنْ هٰذَا [Give thou me, or obtain for me, my right, or due, from this person]: and hence the saying of the Prophet to Aboo-Bekr, respecting 'Aisheh, أعذرني منها إن [Obtain thou for me my right, or due, from her if I discipline her, or chastise her]: (0:) or this means undertake thou to excuse me [for my conduct to her &c.]: (TA:) and the Arabs say, Such a one became bound to أَعْذَرَ فُلَانَ مِنْ نَفْسِه render an excuse for his conduct to himself; (see يغديو ;)] meaning such a one was destroyed by himself. (Yoo, TA.) = As signifying He circumcised: see 1, latter half. It is said in a trad.,

meaning We were circum- حُنًّا إعْذَارَ يُومِ وَاحِدِ cised in one day. (TA.) __ Also ! He made a feast on the occasion of a circumcision, (AZ, Msb, K, TA,) للقوم for the people, or party : (K:) he prepared such a feast: from the same verb signifying "he circumcised." (TA.) [See also 2: and see إعْذَارُ as a subst.] == اعذر الفَرَسَ and اللجام: see 1, latter half, in five places. __ And غَيْنَ بَعِيرُكُ see 2, near the end. __ Make a mark upon thy share. أعذر على نصيبك (O.) __ اعذر في ظُهْره __ (He beat him (O, K) with whips (O) so as to make a mark, or marks, upon his back. (O, K.) And ضُربه حتى أعذر متنه He beat him so that he made the beating heavy upon his back and obtained from him relief from his anger. (TA.) And ضُربُ فَأَعْدَرُ, (Ş, O, K,) in the Tahdheed of IKtt, فاعذر (TA,) He (a man) was beaten so that he was at the point of death. (S, O, K, TA.) And أعذر منه He had wounds inflicted upon him so that fear was excited for him in consequence thereof. (O.) And اعذر به He, or it, left a scar upon him. (O, TA.) _ And I made a mark, or في الدّار and أعْذُرْتُ الدّارَ marks, in, or upon, the house, or dwelling. (O.) also signifies He (a man, TA) voided his ordure. (O, K.) _ And اعذرت الدار The or human عَدْرة or dwelling, had in it much عَدْرة ordure]. (S, O.)

5. تعذر see 8, in three places. __ Also He went backwards; drew back; remained behind; or held back: (K:) or he held back, or withheld himself, for a cause rendering him excused. (TA voce تَغَدّر, q. v.) _ And He fled. (K.) You say, تعذروا عليه They fled from him, and abstained from aiding, or assisting, him, or held back from him. (O.) _ And He resisted, and was difficult: it is said in a trad., [respecting Mohammad,] كَانَ يَتَعَدَّّرُ فِي مُرْضِهِ He used to resist, and be difficult, in his malady. (TA.) -And تعدّر الأمر (O, K, TA) The affair was not direct in its tendency; (K, TA;) i. e. (TA) it was, or became, difficult : one says, تعذر عليه The affair was, or became, difficult to him. (O, Msb, TA.) [And The affair was, or be-تعذّر الرّسم = [came, impracticable, or impossible. The , [i. e. trace, or relic, of an abode, or of a place of sojourning, &c.,] became effaced; (S, O, K;) as also اعتدر * (S, O, K:) or became altered and effaced: and اعتذرت الهنازل the places of alighting, or abode, had their traces, or remains, effaced. (TA.) = And تعذر (from العَدْرة, S, O) He, or it, became defiled, or besmeared, (S, O, K,) with عَدْرة [or human ordure].

8. اِعْتَذَارٌ (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, &c.,) inf. n. اِعْتَذَارٌ (Ṣ, O, TA,) and [quasi-inf. ns.] مُعْذِرَةٌ * and أَعْذَرَةٌ (TA;) and for اعتذر one says also إُعَذَّرُ , aor. إَعَذَّرُ , inf. n. إِعَذَّارُ , and it is allowable to say

اعدّر, aor. اعدّر; but the former of these two variations is the more approved; (AHeyth, TA;) [in the former case, the original being changed to and in the زاعَدْرُ then to اعَدْدُرُ and in the latter case, to اعتْذُر then to اعتْدُر, then to إعدْدُر then to اعدر, and then to اعدر;] He excused himself; he adduced, or urged, an excuse, or a plea, for himself; (Fr, S, O, TA;) as also را العقر الم (Ṣ, O, Ķ.) [See عُدْرُ You say, اعتذر إلى [He excused himself to me;] he begyed me to accept his excuse; (Msb;) and AZ says, I have heard two Arabs of the desert, one of the tribe of Temeem تَعَذَّرْتُ ۗ الَى and one of the tribe of Keys, say, الَّهُ and in the sense of الرَّجُلِ (i. e. I excused myself to the man]. (TA.) And اعتذر من ذُنبه (S, O, TA) and تعذر (TA) [He excused himself, or urged an excuse, for his crime, sin, or misdeed: or] he asserted himself to be clear of his crime, sin, or misdeed. (TA.) And اعتذر He showed, or manifested, من فعله or] عَنْ فعله his excuse for his deed. (Msb.) [It is said that] is The cutting a الاعتذار the primary meaning of man off from the object of his want, and from that to which he clings in his heart. (TA.) [Hence, perhaps, one says اعتذر meaning He excused himself for not complying with a claim, or request.] - See also 4, in two places, near the beginning. _ Also He did not adduce an excuse. (Fr, TA.) [Thus it has two contr. significations. See also 2.] = Also He complained, (O, Msb, K,) ois of him, or it. (Msb.) And اعتذرت المياه The waters stopped, ceased, or became cut off. (O, K.) - See also 5, last sentence but one, in two places. = And اعتذر He made the turban to have two portions [its two ends] hanging down behind. (O, K.) = And الاعتذار signifies also The act of devirginating. (S, O. [Sce أَعُذُرَةُ])

التعذر من فلان He asked, or desired, to be excused if he should lay violent hands upon such a one [or requite him for an evil action]; he said, مَنْ عَذيرِى مِنْ فَلَانِ. (A, TA.) It is said in a trad. of the Prophet, مَنْ عَذيرِى مِنْ فَلَانِ i. e. He said to Aboo-Bekr, Undertake thou to excuse me for my conduct to 'Aisheh if I discipline her, or chastise her. (O, TA.) — And one says to him who has neglected the giving information of a thing, (A, TA,) or to him who reproves thee for a thing before giving thee any command, or order, or injunction, respecting it, (O, TA,) وَاللهُ مَا اَسْتَعْدُرُتُ إِلَى وَلا (A, TA,)

By God, thou didst not offer to me excuse, nor didst thou offer warning. (A, O, TA.)

عَدْرَةُ (Msb, K) and عَدْرَةُ (Msb) and عَدْرَةُ (S, O, K) and عَدْرَى (S, Msb) and أَعَدْرَةُ (S, O, Msb, K) and مُعَذَرَةُ (S, O, Msb, K) and مُعَذَرَةُ (Asc) أَعَدُرُهُ (S, O, Msb, K) and مُعَذَرَةُ (K) [all as simple substs., but all except the third and the last mentioned also as inf. ns.,] An excuse; an apology; a plea whereby one excuses himself [or another]: accord. to the B, عَدْرُ [as a subst. from عَدْرُ or from اعْتَدُرُ is of three kinds;