clandestinely, or without his knowing whence it proceeded ; i.q. مكر به (S, L, Mab, K) and مدعه (Msb:) or, accord. to some, مكر به implies the feigning of the contrary of one's real intentions; whereas كاده does not: or this latter signifies he did him harm, or mischief; and the former, he did so clandestinely. (MF.) \_\_ , aor. مكيدة and مكيدة, (L, K,) [or the latter is a simple subst .. ] He acted deceitfully mischievously, or wickedly. (L, K.) - Also, a shift, a wile, an artifice, or artful contrivance or device, a plot, a stratagem, or an expedient; or he exercised art, artifice, cunning, ingenuity, or skill, in the management or ordering of affairs,, with excellent consideration or deliberation, and ability to manage with subtilty according to his own free will; syn. إختال; (L:) and of the inf. n., عَادَهُ \_\_ (L, K.) \_ عَادَهُ He taught him الكيد [i.e., to deceive, beguile, or circumvent, &c., or, to act deceitfully, mischievously, or wickedly; or, to practise modes, or means, of evading or eluding, &c.]. So some explain it in the Kur xii. 76. (TA.) \_ It is said in a What مَا قَوْلُكَ فِي عُقُولِ كَادَهَا خَالِقُهَا , trad., sayest thou of intellects to which their Creator hath desired to do evil? (L.) So some explain the verb in the Kur xxi. 58. (TA.) \_\_ يُكيدُونَ \_\_ [Kur lxxvi. 16, They كَيْدًا وَأَكِيدُ كَيْدًا practise an artful device, and I will practise an artful device]. كَيْدُ ٱلله للْكُفَّار [God's practising an artful device towards the unbelievers means his taking them unawares, so that they do not reckon upon it; bestowing upon them enjoyments in which they delight, and on which they place their reliance, and with which they become familiar so as not to be mindful of death, and then taking them in their most heedless state; أِسْتِدْرَاجُهُرْ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ [Zj, L.) \_ غُدْر , aor. يكيد , inf. n. كُادُ \_ He contrived, devised, or plotted, a thing, whether فُلَانٌ يَكِيدُ أَمْرُ مَا أَدْرِي مَا هُوَ .wrong or right. Ex Such a one contrives, devises, or plots, a thing: يكيد . aor. كاد \_\_ (L.) \_\_ عاد , aor. He worked, or laboured, at, or upon, anything ; he laboured, took pains, applied himself vigorously, exerted himself, strove, or struggled, to do, execute, or perform, or to effect, or accomplish, or to manage, or treat, anything; he laboured, strove, or struggled, with anything, to prevail, or overcome, or to effect an object; syn. عَالَجَ (Ş, L.) \_ ڪُادُ , inf. n. ڪُادُ , He strove, or laboured; exerted himself, or his power or ability; employed himself vigorously, laboriously, sedulously, or earnestly; was diligent; took extraordinary pains. (L.) = كَارُ inf. n. كُيْد He (a raven or crow) exerted himself in his رَبِكِيد . croaking. (Ṣ, Ķ.) = كَادَ بِنَفْسِه (Ķ.) aor. يَكِيد ,

(Ṣ, L,) inf. n. كُنْد, (L,) † He gave up his spirit: (Ṣ, L, Ķ:) endured distress in giving up the ghọst. (A.) — كُنْد, (Ķ,) inf. n. كُنْد, (Ṣ, Ķ,) He vomited. (Ṣ, Ķ.) — كُنْد, inf. n. كُنْد, It (a رُنْد وَلْ وَنْد أَنْد وَلَا كَنْد, (L, Ķ.) هُوَد رَنْد وَلَا كَنْد أَنْد وَلا كَنْد أَنْد أَنْ أَنْد أَنْ

3: see 1.

6. هُمَا يَتَكَايَدَانِ (L, K) They two deceive, beguile, or circumvent, each other; or do so, each desiring to do to the other a foul, abominable, or evil, action clandestinely. (TK.) See 1. You should not say يَتَكَاوَدَانِ (L, K.)

8. الكَيْدُ from انْتَعَلَ from الْتَعَلَ from الْتَعَلَ ; (Ķ;) and احْتَالُهُ signifies اكتارهُ [or rather إحْتَالَ عَلَيْهِ]. (TĶ.) See 1.

see 1. — As a simple subst., Deceit, guile, or circumvention, and desire to do a foul, an abominable, or an evil, action, to another clandestinely: (Msb:) [and an evasion, or elusion, a shift, a wile, an artifice, &c.: see 1 as intrans.:] pl. مَكَانُدُ. (A.)

## ڪير

[skin, of the hind called] زَدُّ, into which he blows:

(Mgh, K:) or a blacksmith's skin (قَ), with which he blows [his fire]: (Mṣb:) also, (Mṣb,) composed of a thick skin (عَدُّ, S, Mṣb, or قَالَى [or edges, forming a wide mouth, which being opened and closed by means of two pieces of wood to which the edges are sewed, the skin becomes filled with air, which is then forced out through a pipe at the end opposite the mouth:

with thee], from (with thee], inf. n. (\$\tilde{\t

such, at least, is the most common kind of bellows used by the Arabs of the present day with which I am acquainted]: but the thing constructed of clay [in which the blacksmith kindles his fire] is called عُور: (S, Mab:) so ISk says he heard AA say: (Mṣb:) [but see : عُور: and see a verse cited in the last paragraph of art. عَوْد:] the pl. [of pauc.] is عُوراً, and [of mult.] عَرَان (Mṣb, K) and عَرَان (Kṣ); the last on the authority of Th; but doubtful; for it is not known in the lexicons, and is [properly] pl. of عُور. (TA.)

## عيس

1. يكيسُ, (Ṣ, Mạb, TA,) inf. n. (Ş, A, Mgh, Msb, K) and كيْس (Ş, A, ,ى put in the place of و with, [originally کیسی,] (Seer [mentioned by him as syn. with (a boy, Ş [but often said] اکْیْسُ He of a man also,]) was, or became, acute, or sharp, or quick, in intellect; shrewd; clever; ingenious; being the كُيْس : skilful; knowing; intelligent contr. of حَمْقُ ; (S, A, K;) and i.q. ظُرُفْ (Mgh, Msb,) and عَقْد , and تَوَقَّد , (TA,) and عَقْلُ Msb, TA,) and فطنة, (TA,) and فطنة (IAnr, A, Mah, K.) \_\_ أَصْر و , aor. (Mgh, TA;) أكيس ; (Mgh, TA;) and † تكايس; and ; تكيس; (A, TA;) He acted gently, (TA,) or with good gentleness or moderation or calmness, (Mgh,) in the affair. (Mgh, TA.) = خَاسَهُ , aor. يُكيسُهُ , (Ş, • K,) inf. n. فيس, (A, TA,) He overcame him, or surpassed him, (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) in كَيَاسَة (A, Ķ) or كَيْسَة (A, Nh) [i.e. acuteness or sharpness or quichness of intellect; &c.: see above]. So in the following words of a trad., (K,) said by the prophet to Jábir Ibn-'Abd-Allah El-Angaree, (TA,) أَتُرَاني انَّهَا كُسُتُكَ لِآخُذَ جَهَلُكَ لَكَ الشَّهَنُّ وَلَكَ الجَمَلُ Dost thou think me to have only overcome thee in acuteness or sharpness or quickness of intellect, &c., in order that I might take thy camel? Thine be the price, and thine be the camel]: (K,\* TA:) or, according to another relation, [Take thou thy camel and thy اتُّهَا مَاكَسُنُك , and accord. to another [that I have only acted in a niggardly manner with thee], from الهِكَاسُ. (TA.) \_ قيس (TA.) ... (aor. inf. n. كَيْسُ, is also mentioned by IĶţţ as a dial. form of كاس in the sense of He overcame or surpassed [in acuteness &c.] (TA.)

2. حَيْثُ (K,) inf. n. تُكُيْتُ (TA,) He (God, TK) made him acute or sharp or quick in intellect; shrewd; clever, ingenious, shilful, knowing, or intelligent; (K, TA;) and well educated, or well bred. (TA.)