license for عَلَف: but this kind of contraction is allowed by the Başrees only in verbs of which the medial radical letter is with kesr or damm, as in عُلْم for عَلْم, and كُرَم for عَلْم (M. [See رَسُوعُ اللهِ عَمَلُ صَالِحُ You say also, صَالِحُ عَمَلُ صَالِحُ meaning A good, or righteous, deed of his preceded [so as to prepare for him a future reward]. (TA.) _ And مُسْلُوفٌ , inf. n. سَلَفَتِ النَّاقَةُ The she-camel was, or became, among the foremost of the camels in arriving at the water. (TA.) -[Golius and Freytag mention also as a trans. verb; the former explaining it as signifying " Præteriit, præcessit, rem ;" and the latter adding "tempore," and assigning to it the inf. ns. سُلُف and شُلُوفٌ; as on the authority of the K; in which I find no indication of such a usage of this verb.] = سَلَفَ الأَرْضَ (Ş, M, K,) aor. 2, inf. n. (M, K;) He turned; اسلفها ♦ (Ş, M;) and إسافها over the land for sowing: (M, K:) or (so in the K, but in the M "and") he made it even with رَسَلْفَ الْمَزَادَةَ __ (q. v.]. (S, M, K.) _ مَسْلُفَة the inf. n. سُلُفْ, [in some copies of the K سُلُفْ,] He or leathern water مزادة or greased, the مزادة bag]. (K.)

2. تَسْلِيفُ significs The making [a thing] to go before, or precede. (S, K.) _ And I.q. إِنْكُونْ. (K.) See 4, in six places. __ And The giving to another the portion of food termed aid [q. v.]. (Ṣ.) You say, سلّف الرَّجُل ,(Ṣ,) or القَوْمُ (M,) inf. n. as above, (S,) He gave to the man, (S,) or to the people or party, (M,) the portion of find so called; (S, M;) as also [ملف له , or] . (M.) _ And The eating of the [portion of food termed] سُلْفَة (K.) [See also 5.]

سالغه في = . see 1, first sentence : سالف : رَضَ (Ibn-'Abbad, K,) inf. n. الأرض (Ibn-'Abbad, K) 'Abbad, TA,) i. q. المارة [i. c. He went, or hept pace, or ran, with him, or he vied, contended, or competed, with him in going or running, in the land; as though striving to be before him]. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) _ And الله He equalled him in an affair. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.)

4. اللغه IIe did it previously, or beforehand. ,اسلف فِي [Hence,] __ (O and TA in art. اراف (; (TA ;) أَسْلَاقُ , (Ş, Mgh, Mşb, TA,) inf. n. كُذَا and سَلَّف , (Mgh, Msb, TA,) inf. n. سَلَّف لا فيه (Msb, TA;) He paid in advance, or beforehand, for such a thing, (S, Mgh, TA,) i. e. a commodity described to him, (S,) or wheat or the like, for which the seller became responsible, [with something additional to the equivalent of the current price at the time of the payment, (see ...,)] (TA,) to be delivered at a certain period: (S:) and أَسُلُمُ signifies the same. (TA.) You say, I paid in سَلَّفْتُ * إِلَيْهِ and أَسْلَفْتُ إِلَيْهِ فِي كَذَا advance to him for such a thing, &c.]. (Msb.) مَنْ سَلَّفَ * فَلْيُسَلِّفُ , Hence the saying in a trad., فَلْيُسَلِّفُ i. e. فِي كَيْلِ مَعْلُومِ وَوَزْنِ مَعْلُومِ إِلَى أَجَلِ مَعْلُومِ He who pays in advance for a commodity for which the seller is responsible, let him pay in advance for a certain measure, and a certain weight, to be delivered at a certain period. (TA.)

(M, Mgh, TA,) He lent him property [to be repaid, or returned, without any profit]. (M, Mgh, TA. [See, again, سُلُفُ]) [Whence one says, سَلْغُهُ * and إُسَاءَةً and اسلغهُ إحْسَانًا, meaning + He did to him, to be requited it, a good action and an evil action; as is shown by the words مَا أَسْلَفْتَ مِنْ إِسَاءَةٍ أَوْ إِحْسَانٍ وَمَا لُعُطِيهِ لِتُقْضَاهُ in art. قرض in the K, and by the corresponding in the same مَا سَلَّفْتَ مِنْ إِحْسَانِ وَمِنْ إِسَاءَةِ words art. in the S: see also Bd in xxxvi. 11: and see And hence,] a poet says,

تُسَلُّفُ ۗ لا الجَارَ شِرْبًا وَهْيَ حَائِمَةٌ وَالْهَالَةِ لَزُنَّ بَكَيْءِ الْعَيْنِ مُقْتَسَمُ

+ [They (referring to camels) yield promptly to the neighbour a draught of milk, while they are thirsty, and going round about the water, when the water is crowded upon, scanty in the source, divided by lot]. (TA. [See also some verses of El-Akra' Ibn-Mo'adh, in which the former hemistich occurs with a different latter hemistich, in the Ham p. 753.]) = See also 1, last sentence but

 تستن IIe received payment in advance : and استساف [perhaps a mistranscription for ignifies [the same; or] he took, or received, what is termed . (Msb.) _ [And hence,] تستّف منه He received from him a loan; syn. استلف † ; as also اقْتَرَضْ. (A in art. Ile received as a تسلّف منه كذا And .قرض loan from him such a thing. (TA.) _ See also 10. _ And تسلّف He ate the [portion of food termed] سَلْفَة (MA.) [See also 2.]

6. تسالفا They two took as their wives two sisters. (M, K.)

8: see 5, in two places.

10. استَسْلَفْتُ منه دَرَاهِم I sought, or demanded, of him money as a loan; as also أَسُلُفْتُ (S,• TA.) Hence, استسلف مِنْ أَعْرَابِيّ بَكْرًا He sought, or demanded, as a loan, from an Arab of the desert, a [youthful he-camel such as is termed] Ile sought, or استسلف ثَهَنّه TA.) _ And استسلف ثُهَنّه demanded, its price in advance; syn. استَقْرَضُه. (Har p. 530.) _ See also 5. = [And استساف He took as his wife the wife of his deceased brother: so in a version of the Bible, in Deut. xxv. 5: mentioned by Golius.]

A [bag for travelling-provisions Se., such as is termed] جراب, (M, K,) of any sort : (M:) or a large جراب: (S, M, K:) [and the contr., i. e. a small one: (Freytag, from the Kitáb el-Addad:)] or a hide not well, or not thoroughly, and اسلف [of pauc.] and اسلف and [of mult.] سُلُوفُ (M, K.)

[perhaps a mistranscription for Lin, q. v.,] A certain species of bird, not particularized. (TA.) _ See also .

_And سَلَفُ (S, M, Mgh, TA,) and مسلَّف see سَلَفُ , in five places : = and see سَلَفُ, last sentence.

Such as have gone before, or preceded; (M, Msb;*) [i. e. the preceding generations;] as also أَسُلُونٌ * and سُلْغَةٌ * and وَسُلِيفٌ ; all quasipl. ns.; (M;) of which the sing. is النف (M, Msb: *) or such as have gone before, or preceded, of a man's ancestors (S, K) and of his relations, (K,) that are above him in age and in excellence; [but this addition is not always agreeable with usage;] one of whom is termed † سَالفُ: (TA:) the pl. of سَلَقْ is أَسْلَرْفُ and سُلَقْ, (S, K,) [the former a pl. of pauc. and the latter of mult.,] or the latter is pl. of أَسَانُف , and so is سَانُف [said to be, though this is more properly termed, as it is in the M, a quasi-pl. n.]: (IB, Msb, TA:) and, accord. to Zj, سُلُفُ is pl. of لا مُلُفٌ, and فُلُف is pl. of الْمُفَة , which means a company (مُنْفَة) that has passed away: (M:) or الله and signify the same; going before; preceding; syn. مَتَقَدَم. (S.) [Accord. to Abu-l-Mahasin, السَّلَفُ is particularly applied to 'Aisheh the wife of Mohammud, the three Khaleefehs Aboo-Bekr and 'Omar and 'Othmán, Talhah and Ez-Zubeyr, the Khaleefeh Mo'áwiyeh, and 'Amr Ibn-El-As. (De Sacy's Chrest. Ar., sec. ed., i. 156.)] And السَّلَفُ الصَّالِحُ is applied to the first chief persons of the Tubi'ees. (TA.) And is an appellation of the prophet Mohammad. (Ham p. 780.) [Hence, مذاهب The tenets of the early Muslims.] _ Also A people, or party, going before, or preceding, in journeying. (TA.) _ And [simply] A company of men; as in the saying, جَاءَنِي سَلَفٌ مِنَ النَّاسِ [A company of men came to me]. (M.) _ And Any good, or righteous, deed, that one has done beforehand [by way of preparing a future reward]: or any فرط [i. e. cause of reward, or recompense, in the world to come, such as a child dying in infancy], that [as it were] goes before one. (A'Obeyd, O, K.) _ And i. q. نَمْرِ; (T, Hr, Mgh, O, K, TA;) i. e. Any money, or property, paid in advance, or beforehand, as the price of a commodity for which the seller has become responsible and which one has bought on description: (T, TA:) or payment for a commodity to be delivered at a certain [future] period with something additional to [the equivalent of] the current price at the time of such payment; this [transaction] being a cause of profit to him who makes such payment; and منام also has this meaning: (TA:) or a sort of sale in which the price is paid in advance, and the commodity is withheld, on the condition of description, to a certain [future] period: (S, O:) it is a subst. from الإسلاف. (Msb, K, TA.) _ And A loan (فَرْضُ) in which is no profit (Hr, O, Mgh, K, TA) to the lender (Hr, O, K, TA) except recompense [in the world to come] and thanks, (TA,) and which it is incumbent on the recipient thereof to return as he received it: (Hr, O, K, TA:) thus the Arabs term it: (Hr, O, ; and its fem., with 5; and their duals: TA:) and in this sense also the word is a subst.