sense explained above, (Msb,) or the professors of practical religion use it in the place of by a kind of license, relying upon the understanding of the hearer or reader, or do so erroneously, (Mgh,) He trod, or thrashed, (M, Mgh, Msb,) the wheat, (Mgh, Msb,) or grain, (M,) either by the feet of beasts, or by repeatedly drawing over it the مدوس [q. v. infra] until it became بَبْن [or cut straw]; (Mgh;) as also داسوه دوس الحصيد ,(M.) You say .أداسه ا [They trod, or trampled, upon him, or it, with the treading of reaped corn]. (A.) - all, (IAar, TA,) inf. n. دُوْس, (IAar, A, K,) He abased him. (IAar, A, K.) __ نَزَلَ العَدُوُّ بِبَنى فُلَانِ __ The enemy [came upon and] slew the sons of such a one, and went through the midst of their dwellings, and made havoc among them. (TA.) __ , (A, TA,) inf. n. روس, (A, K,) ! Inivit eam; scil., feminam: (A:) vehementer inivit cam: (A, K: [in the former, this signification is given as proper, though that immediately preceding is said to be tropical: in the TA, the latter is said to be tropical:]) conscendit et vehementer inivit eam. روس . (S, M, A, Msb,) inf. n. روس , روس (Msh, K,) or دياس, (As, A, Mgh,) ; He polished it; namely, a sword, (S, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) and the like, (K,) or some other thing. (Msb.) _ Hence, دوس also signifies ! The framing, and dressing up, of deceit, guile, or circumvention: (As, A, TA:) [agreeably with which explanation the verb, داس, is probably used, though not mentioned in the A nor in the TA:] or simply, the act of deceiving, beguiling, circumventing, and practising artifice. (TA.) You say, lVe set about the framing, and أَخُذُنَا فِي الدُّوس dressing up, of deceit, guile, or circumvention: (A:) or we set about deceiving, &c. (TA.)

4: see دُاسَ الطُّعَام, in the paragraph above.

7. انداس It (wheat [or grain]) was, or became, trodden, or thrashed. (Ş, TA.) [See 1.]

ديت: see the next paragraph.

The lion (K, TA) that tramples upon his prey. (TA.) — A courageous man; (K;) and any one that tramples upon his opponents, or adversaries: (TA:) and [in like manner] روس , originally , a courageous and strong man, that tramples upon every one who alights with him to fight: pl. of the latter, عيد (AZ, TA.) —; Every one shilful (K, TA) in his art; because he abases (يَدُوسُ) every one who contends with him. (TA.)

in water], name رائس [act. part. n. of رائس; Treading, &c.]. الله [the fem.] (A) and [its pl.] دوائس (M, A, TA) The bulls, or cows, that tread, or thrash, wheat, or grain. (M, A, TA.) المناف المناف

the place where it is trodden out]; (K;) so accord to Hisham: or, as some say, he that treads, or thrashes, wheat, and bruises it, in order that the grain may come forth from it. (TA.) _ وُونَ [pl. of رُائِنَ, like as بُرُلُ is pl. of بُازِلُ,] † Polishers of swords or the like; syn. مُقَلَة . (IAar, K, TA. [In the CK, and in a MS. copy of the K, صَقَلَة , which is evidently a mistake.])

رمداس, (K,) but by rule it should be مداس, (Mṣb,) and so, accord. to En-Nāwawee, it is also written, as though meaning "an instrument for treading," (MF,) originally مدوس, (TA in art. مدوس,) A certain thing that is worn on the foot (Mṣb, K) by a man; (Mṣb;) [a shoe, or sandal, or a pair of shoes or sandals, of any hind; accord. to present usage: or, accord. to Golius, a kind of high-heeled shoe or sandal, generally used by peasants, and fastened with thongs or with a button or the like:] pl. أمدية [which is a pl. of pauc., and the only pl. mentioned]. (Mṣb.)

with which wheat is thrashed, (Ṣ, M, Mgh, L, K,) by its being drawn over it (Mgh, L) repeatedly; called also جُرْجُرُ (Mgh) [and بُورِجُ (Mgh) [and بُورِجُ (Mgh) [and بُورِجُ (Mgh)]; and so أَدُواسُ (K.) _ ‡ A polishing-instrument; (Ṣ, K;) an instrument with which swords of c. are polished; (Mṣb;) a piece of wood upon which is a مَدَاوِسُ [or polishing-stone], with which the sword is polished: (M:) pl. مَدَاوِسُ (Ṣ.)

ا طُرِيقٌ مَدُوسٌ [A trodden road: or] a road much trodden; (TA;) as also مُدُوسٌ (A, TA.)

see what next precedes.

A place in which wheat [or grain] is trodden, or thrashed. (S, K.) [See also دَائسُ

مدوس see : مدواس

دوف

4: see the preceding paragraph.

كَابُوسٌ .Incubus, or nightmare; syn دُوفَانُ (Ibn-'Abbad, K.)

act. part. n. of 1. (T, TA.) __ And, applied to musk, i. q. مُدُوفٌ, q. v. (TA.)

مَدُونَ (T, S, M, Mṣb, K) and مَدُونَ (S, M, Mṣb, K,) the latter of the dial. of Temeem, (M,) and [said to be] the only instance of the kind, (S, Mṣb, K,) i. e., of a pass. part. n. of a triliteral-radical verb with a medial , (S, Mṣb, TA,) except مَصُونَ (S, Mṣb, K) as a variation of (S, Mṣb,) though Mbr asserts it to be agreeable with a rule obtaining in all similar cases, which none [other] of the leading authorities allows, (Mṣb,) and مَصُونَ are the usual forms, (S, TA,) Mixed: (M, Mṣb:) or moistened: or bruised, brayed, or pounded; or powdered, or pulverized: (S, K:) applied to perfume, (T,) or to musk: (S, M, K:) as also

دوك

مَدَاكُ and دُوك , inf. n. يُدُوكُ , aor. رَاكُهُ .1 He bruised, brayed, or pounded, it; (S, K;) and did so finely, or pulverized it; (TA;) namely, perfume, (S, TA,) &c. (TA.) Also, inf. n. cel. He bruised it, and ground it, like as does a camel a thing with his breast [when lying upon the ground]. (Z, TA.) _ And داكبا, (AA, K,) aor. inf. n. دُوك ; (AA,) He compressed her ; namely, a woman; (AA, K;) and so بَاكُهَا (AA.) And He leaped her; namely, a stallion, the mare: (TA:) and in like manner said of an ass. (IDrd, TA.) __ And داكه , (IDrd, K,) aor. as above, inf. n. دُوْكُ , (IDrd,) He plunged him (a man) in water or dust. (IDrd, K.) And i. q. اسرة [He made him captive; &c.]. (TA.) داك القوم The people, or party, fell into a state of confusion (K, TA) in respect of their case, or affair, and went round about [in perplexity]. (TA.) بَاتَ القُومُ يَدُوكُونَ (Ṣ,) or , occurring in a trad., (TA,) inf. n. دُوْك , (S, TA,) means The people passed the night in confusion, and in going round about [in perplexity]: (S:) or in a state of confusion, and commotion, or disturbance, and disagreement. (TA.) _ And The people, or party, became diseased, or sick. (Abu-r-Rabees El-Bekráwee, Aboo-Turáb, K.)

6. تداوكوا They straitened one another (Ṣ, Ķ) in war, or battle, (Ṣ,) or in evil, or mischief, (Ṣ, Ķ,) and in contention, or altercation. (Ķ.)

A species of mother-of-pearl-shell, or oyster-shell. (IDrd, TA.)

. مَدَاكُ see : دُوكُ

and أَوْكُهُ Evil, or mischief; and contention, or altercation; (Ṣ, Ķ, TA;) and a confused state of affairs: pl. of the former دُوكُ and مُريَكُ (TA.) One says, مُروكُة and وَتَعُوا فِي دُوكُة (They fell into evil, &c.]. (Ṣ, Ķ.) And Ru-beh says,

فَنْهُمَا نَجَيْتُ مِنْ تِلْكَ الدُّوَكُ ا

[And seldom, or often, I escaped from those evils, &c.] (TA.)