camels' fur]. (K, TA.) اسباد (K, TA,) as pl. of سبد, (TA,) signifies also The heads of the [plant called] نصی when they first come forth: (K, TA:) or, as pl. of سبد, the heads of plants coming forth, before spreading. (M.) — And, likewise as pl. of سبد, Remains of plants or herbage in a land. (TA.) [See also سبد also signifies Unluckiness, ill luck, or evil fortune: (M:) or so سبد (K, TA:) so says Lth, on the authority of ADk. (TA.)

A remnant of herbage or pasturage. (K.)
[See also بَيْدُ , last sentence but one.]

A certain bird, (S, M, K,) having plumage so soft, or smooth, that when two drops of water drop upon it, (S, M, * K,) upon its back, (S, M,) they run off from it; (S, M, K, TA;) or such that when a drop of water drops upon its back, it runs [off]: (M:) the Arabs liken to it a horse when he sweats: (S:) or a certain bird like the eagle: (TA:) or the male eagle: (M, TA:) or the swallow of the desert (خطاف بري): (As, TA:) or a bird like the -; when water falls upon it, it runs off from it quickly: so says Aboo-Nasr; and so Skr in his Expos. of the poetry of Hudheyl, on the authority of As: (TA:) said by As to be a certain black bird: (so in a marg, note in one of my copies of the S:) pl. سبدان. (S, M.) _ Also A piece of cloth with which the watering-trough (K, TA) such as is termed مُرْكُو [q. v.] (TA) is rendered close, or firm, [in its bottom and sides,] (يَسُدُ [in the L يُسْبُد, but I know not any apposite meaning of this verb,]) in order that the water may not become turbid: (K:) it is spread therein; and the camels are made to drink [the mater] above it. (L.) _ See also _ _ And see سبد, last sentence.

رُسَدُةً (M, L,) or بُنَدُة, (K,) or both, (TA,) The pubes. (M, L, K.)

: sce ., first sentence.

Tall, or long; (K;) in the dial. of Hudheyl: (TA:) and also bold, or daring; (S, M, K;) applied to anything [i. e. to any creature]; (S,K;) of the dial. of Hudheyl: (M:) as also سَبَنتَى: (Ṣ, TA:) or, so applied, bold, or daring, to undertake anything: and the fem. like مُبَنَّاةً, like مُبَنَّاةً,] is said to signify a bold lioness: and a bold-breasted she-camel: and in like manner [the masc. signifies] a bold-breasted he-camel: (M, L:) and, (S, M, L, K,) as also سندى, (M, L,) the leopard; (As, S, M, L, K;) and so سَبُنْتَاةٌ, (As, S, L,) or سُبُنْتَاءٌ, which is also applied to a beast of prey [absolutely]: (A Heyth:) or the lion : (M, L :) pl. سَبَاندُة and تَسَاندُة or the meaning of this, or these, [i. e. of the latter pl. or of both, for the pronoun (هي) may relate to the latter or to both,] is idle, and sportful, and vain, or frivolous, persons; (K, TA;) like سبادرة. (TA.)

مُسَبَدُ, like مُعَظِّرُ, (TA,) or مُسَبَدُ, (accord. to a copy of the M,) as meaning † Consummate, (M, TA,) is applied as an epithet to a calamity,

أَدُّ أَلَّهُ إِلَيْهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ إِلَيْهُ أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ أَلَّهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَى إِلَيْهُ إِلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلِي إِلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلِمُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَاهُ إِلَاهُ إِلَاهُهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَاهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَاهُ إِلَاهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَاهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَا إِلَا أَلِي أَلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَا إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَا إِلَا أَلِي أَلِيهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَا إِلَا أَلِي إِلَيْهُ إِلَالِهُ إِلَا إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَّا إِلَيْهُ إِلَا أَلِيلِمُ إِلَا أَلِي أَلِي أَلِي أَلِمُ إِلَا أَلِي أَلِي أَلِمُ إِلْمُ إِلَا أَلِي أَلِمُ أَلِمُ إِلَا أَلِمُ أَلِهُ إِلَا أَلِي أَلِمُ أَلِمُ أَلِي أَلِي أَلِمُ أَلِهُ إِلَا أُلِي أَلِهُ إِلَا أَلِي أَلِمُ أَلِهُ إِلِمِلِهُ إِلَا أَلِي أَلِمُ أَلِمُ أَلِهُ أ

أَمُسِدُدُ (act. part. n. of 2]. It is said of Ibn-'Abbás, أَدُّهُ مُسَدًا رَأْتُهُ, meaning He came to Mekheh having his head unanointed and unwashed. (A'Obeyd, S.) = See also the next preceding paragraph.

سبو

1. بُبَرُ الجُرْح (Ş, M, A, &c.,) aor. الجُرْح (Ş, M, Msb) and =, (M, TA,) inf. n. بسبر; (S, M, Msb, K;) and استبره ; (K;) He probed the wound; measured its depth with the مسبًار, i. e., with an iron or other instrument; (A, Mgh;) tried, (K,) or examined, (\$,) or endeavoured to learn, (Msb,) its depth; (S, Msb, K;) examined its extent. (M.) + He determined, or computed by conjecture or by the eye, its measure, quantity, size, or bulk. (M, K, TA.) _ + He tried, proved, or tested, it; proved it by experiment or experience; (S, M, TA;) namely, anything; as also استبره الإ. (ك.) __ + He elicited its true, or real, condition. (TA.) _ It is related in the trad. of the cave, that Aboo-Bekr said to Mohammad, الْ تَدْخُلُهُ حَتَّى أَسُبُرَهُ قَبْلُكُ + Do not thou enter it until I explore it before thee, and see if there be in it any one, or anything that may hurt. (TA.) مَغَازَةٌ لَا تُسْبَرُ A desert of which the extent cannot be known. (A.) -\$ أَمْر عَظِيم لَا يُسْبَرُ A great affair, of which the uttermost cannot be known]. (A.) __ أُسْبِرُ لِي مَا __ (A.) + Learn thou for me what he has [in his mind, or in his possession]. (M.) ____, aor. and =, inf. n. سبو, + I observed the people attentively, with investigation, one after another, that I might know their number. (Msb.)

8: see 1, in two places.

: see بنبر = Also The lion. (El-Mu-

or origin, [of a thing,] syn. أصل : (M, K) pl. (M, K:) pl. (M, K:) pl. (M.) — ; Form, or appearance; figure, feature, or lineaments; external state or condition; state with regard to apparel and the like; (S, M, K;) or goodly form or appearance &c.; (K;) aspect; garb, or habit; (TA;) colour, or complexion; (M, K;) beauty; (K;) brightness of countenance: (M:) pl. of both as above. (M.) — IAar says, I heard Aboo-Ziyád El-Kilábee say, I returned from Marw to the desert, and one of its people said to me, to desert, and appearance, [thou art like] an inhabitant of a town: but as to tongue, an inhabitant of the

desert. (Ṣ, TA.) _ You say, فَلَانْ حَسَنُ العبر t Such a one is beautiful and of goodly appearance. (S.) [See also ___.] __ A woman of the desert said, بَارُ فُلَانِ The good condition, and flourishing state of body, of such a one pleased me: and رَأْيَتُهُ سَيْنَ السَّبِر t saw him to have an altered and ill appearance of body: thus she assigned to two significations. (TA.) _ One says also, إِنَّهُ لَحَسَنُ السَّبْرِ (TA.) _ One says also, he is goodly in complexion and appearance. (TA.) _____ also signifies ‡ A characteristic by which one knows the generousness or ungenerousness of a beast. (AZ, M.) _ And + One's knowledge of the fruitfulness or unfruitfulness [or the good or bad condition] of a beast. (AZ, TA.) -Also + Likeness; syn. شبه. (K, TA. [In some copies of the K, which is an evident mistake.]) So in the phrase, occurring in a trad., of (شَبَه) The likeness (شَبَهُ) of Aboo-Behr predominated in them. (IAar, TA.) One says also, عَرْفُهُ بِسَوْ أَبِيه † He knew him by the appearance and likeness of his father. (TA.) _ Also the former (سبر), Enmity, (K,) accord. to El-Muärrij; but Az says that this is strange.

and سُبْرِيتٌ and سُبْرُوتٌ and سِبْرَاتٌ and سُبْرَتُ . &c. :

البرور Poor; (K, TA;) possessing no property: like سبروت, in this sense, and in that following. (TA.) ___ t Land in which is no herbage. (K, TA.)

and مساره A probe; an instrument with which a wound is probed; (S, M, K;) as also المسادة (Ham p. 818:) a twist like a wick, (T, Mṣb,) or a similar thing, (Mṣb,) which is put into a wound (T, Mṣb) to ascertain its depth; (Mṣb;) an iron or other instrument with which the depth of a wound is measured: (A, Mgh:) pl. of the first, بالمسادة (Mṣb.) It is said in a prov. المسادة (المسادة المسادة (المسادة المسادة المسادة المسادة (المسادة المسادة الم

an irreg. pl. of سُبُرُوتُ see the latter in art. سبرت.

and appearance, [thou art like] an inhabitant of the king Saboor. (TA.) — Hence, (TA.) or from