is indicated in the A; or] a place whence people drinh; (Msb, TA;*) i. q. مَشْرَعَة ; (K;) or like a and هَذَا مَشْرَبُ القُومِ (S, TA.) One says, مُشْرَعَة and الله مَشْرَبُ القُومِ (This is the people's, or party's, drinkingplace, or place whence they drink]. (A.) And it مَلْعُونُ مَنْ أَحَاطَ عَلَى مَشْرَبَةٍ * is said in a trad., أَمُلْعُونُ مَنْ أَحَاطَ عَلَى مَشْرَبة (S, TA,) i. c. [Cursed is he] who takes entirely to himself, debarring others from it, a place whence people drink. (TA.) _ See also ـثرب.

A man whose complexion is tinged over [or intermixed] with redness. (TA.) [See 4: and see also مُشَرَّبُ.]

A man whose camels have drunk [until satisfied with drinking : see أَشُرِبُ near the end of the first paragraph]. (TA.) And A man whose camels are thirsty, or who is himself thirsty. (TA.) اِسْقِنِي فَإِنَّنِي مُشْرِبُ is a saying mentioned by IAar, and expl. by him as meaning it means [Give thou me to drink, for] I am thirsty or my camels are thirsty. (TA.)

شُرُوبُ and see also : شُرْبُ see مُشْرَبُ

in three places. _ Hence, (A, TA,) An upper chamber; syn. غرفة; (S, A, Mah, K, TA;) and عُلَيْة ; (S,* K;) both of which signify the same; (MF, TA;) because people drink therein; (A, TA;) as also ومُشْرِيَّة (S, مَكُلالي Mab, K, TA:) pl. مُشَارِبُ (TA,) syn. with (S,) and مُشْرَبَاتُ. (TA.) _ And the former, (K, TA,) not, as is implied in the K, the latter also, (TA,) A out [i. c. roofed restibule or the like] : (K, TA :) or the like of a on the front of a غرفة [expl. above]. (TA.) _ Also the former, (K, TA,) not, as is implied in the K, both words, (TA,) Soft, or plain, land, in which is always herbage, (K, TA,) i. c. green and juicy herbage. (TA.) _ See also مشربة . = [Also A cause of drinking: a word of the class of &c.] One says طُعَام مَشْرِبَة Food [that is a cause of drinking, or] upon which one drinks much water: (T, TA:) or طَعَامُ ذُو مَشْرَبَة food upon which the eater drinks. (A.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

is مَشْرَبَةُ * , (S, A, K,) and MF says that allowable in the same sense, mentioning it as on the authority of Fei, [in my copy of whose lexicon, the Msb, I do not find it,] (TA,) A drinkingvessel. (S, A, K.)

A man whose complexion is much tinged over [or much intermixed] with redness. (TA.) [See also مُشْرَبة __ is an epithet applied to Certain letters the utterance of which, in pausing, is accompanied with a sort of blowing, but not with the same stress as the [generality of they are زاى and : مُجْهُورة [they are والى and and Lumsden (in his Ar. فاه ظاء Gr. p. 47) states that is belongs to the same class, likewise: and, as some say, نُون when movent:] Sb says that some of the Arabs utter with more vehemence of voice than others. (TA.)

1. : sec 4. __Also, (S, A, O, TA,) [aor. 2,] inf. n. مُرْج , (S,O,K,TA,) He put, or set, together bricks (لَبن), in order, side by side, or one upon another, compactly; (S, A, O, K, TA;) and (O) so مُرْج , (O, Mgh, Msb,) with teshdeed, (Msb,) inf. n. تَشْرِيخ. (O, Mgh.) _ And He collected together, (O, K,) or put together, or joined, (L,) any thing or things, one part to another, or one thing to another; (O, L;) as also (L.) _ [And app. He wore palm-leaves : sce مُريجة , below ; and see also شريجة ___ And He mixed (A, O, K) beverage, or wine: and in like manner مرج he mixed honey &c. with water. (O.) __ And شُرَجَهُ في الأَمْر aor. 2, (TK,) inf. n. as above, (K, TK,) He was, or became, a partner, or sharer, (K, TK,) with him in the affair. (TK.) = Also, (O,) inf. n. as above, (O.) He lied; (O, K;) like - and and . (O.) = مُرِيخ , (O, TA,) with kesr to the , (O,) He

2. شریع : see above, in three places. __ Also, said of pasture, or herbage, It caused the flesh of an animal to be intermixed with fut. (L.) And شَرِّعُ, said of the flesh of an animal, It was intermixed with fat: (S, O:) or was made to be of two colours by reason of the fat and the flesh : (TA:) and بالشَّمْرِ it (the flesh) became intermixed with fat. (S, O, K.) = And تَشْرِيخ also signifies The sewing with stitches far apart. (S, O, K.) _ See also 4.

was, or became, beautifully fut. (O, TA.)

3. مشارجة The being like, one to another. (O, K.) One says, شارجه He was like to him; or it, to it : and Life They two were like, each to the other. (TK.)

4. اشرج (AZ, S, A, O, Msb,) inf. n. إشرج; (K;) and أَشْرِيخ (AZ, O,) inf. n. تُشْرِيخ; (K;) and مُرْجَ (AZ, O,) inf. n. ثُرُجَ (K;) He closed, or made fast, the [leathern receptacle called] خريطة (AZ, O, K) or عيبة, (S, A, O, Mab,) by inserting its أشراج [or loops] one into another. (S, A, O, Msb.) _ [Hence,] اشرج [He closed his bosom upon it]. (A,

5 : see 2.

7. انشرج , (K,) or انشرج, said of a bow, (ISk, S, O,) It split. (ISk, S, O, K.)

A place in which water flows from a [stony tract such as is termed] to a soft, or plain, tract; (S, K;) as also * شرجة (TA:) or the latter signifies [simply] a place in which water flows; and some clide the s, saying : (Msb:) pl. شَرَاج (Ṣ, Mgh, Msh, K, expl. in the Mgh agreeably with the former explanation above, and said in the Msb to be pl. of شُرْجَةٌ,) and شُرُوجٌ . (S, K.) = Also A party, or distinct body or in two halces; also called فأت : accord. to Lh, u

class [of men]. (S, K.) One says, أُصَحُوا فِي i. e. [They became, in this affair,] two parties. (S.) And it is said in a trad., أُصْبَحَ النَّاسُ شُرْجَيْنِ فِي السَّفَرِ [The people, or men, became two parties in the journey]; meaning, half of them fasting, and half of them breaking the fast. (TA.) __ And The like of another; (S, K;) as also * تُرِيخُ: (O, K:) the latter from the same word as meaning "a piece of wood [or a branch] that is split into two halves;" cach of which is the شريح of the other. (O.) One says, الْهُ مُذَا شُرْجُ هُذَا This is the like of this. (S.) _ And A sort, or species. (S, K.) One says, عَمَا مُرْجَ وَاحِدُ They two are one sort, or species. (S.) _ And شرجان Any two different colours: (S:) [and] * غريجان significs [the same, i. c.] two different colours (K, TA) of anything; or, accord. to IAar, two mixed colours, not black and white: (TA:) and this latter, also, the two [or two ornamental borders] of نيران lines of the نيران a [garment of the kind called] , , (O, K,) one of which is اُخْضَر [here meaning of a dark, or an ashy, dust-colour], and the other white or red. (O.) __ And الشَّرْجُ [in measure, not to be confounded with [الشَّرْجُ], signifies The [perinaum, or] part between the anus and the testicles. (IĶtt, TA.)

The loops (S, Mgh, O, Msh, K) of the [leathern receptacle called] and, (S, Mgh, O, Msh,) and of the [tent called] مُعْمَة , (O, TA,) and the like, and of the copy of the Kur-án, &c.]: (TA:) [the loops here meant being such as are inserted one into another, to close a bag &c. : sec 4 :] pl. أَشْرَاجُ (S, Msb.) [And it seems also, from what here follows, to signify A single loop.] _ + The anus: (Msb, TA:) or hence شَرَّجُ الدُّبُرِ signifies + the anus. (Mgh.) - And + The rulva of a woman: (O, K:) pl. as above. (TA.) _ And شَرْجُ الدَّرَاهِير [The purse for money]. (M and K in art. : in the CK, شرح Also A place of expanding of a valley: (S, O, K:) pl. as above. (S.) - And The Milhy Way in the shy: (S:) or so الشَّرَجُ. (K.) = Also A splitting, or cracking, (انْشقَاقَ) S, and so in some copies of the K, or شَقَاق, so in other copies of the K and in the O,) in a bow. (S, O, K.) - And in a beast, The having one of the two testicles larger than the other. (S, O, K.)

: see شُرْجَة . _ Also A hollow dug in the ground, in which a piece of skin is spread, and from which camels are watered, (O, K,) water being poured upon the skin. (O.)

A branch, or rod, that is split into two عُرِيح halves : and أريجة , a bow that is made thereof : (S, O, K:) or the former, a branch, or rod, from which are split two bows: and either of the bows thus made: or a split bow : pl. شُوَائِمُ : accord. to AA, a bow that is split from a branch, or rul,