, or of a [tent such as is called] ..., woven

1. مَثْنَ فيه , (Ṣ, Ķ,) aor. عَرِيْنَ فيه , (Ṣ, Ķ,) and irregularly, ',] inf. n. ..., (TA,) He (a man) entered into it; (S, K;) namely, a thing; (Ṣ;) as also انخش ; (K, A, TA;) and أَخُمُنُهُ (TA,) inf. n. خَمُنُمُنُهُ ; (K, TA;) and in like manner, into a collection of trees, and a company of people : (A, TA :) or فيه (IDrd,) and مَشْنَشُ\$ فيه (IDrd, K̄,) he entered into it, (namely, a thing, IDrd, or a collection of trees, K, and in like manner a company of men, TA,) so as to become hidden, or concealed: (1Drd, K:) and خُشٌ, he (a man) went, or went away, or advanced, [into a thing,] and penetrated. (TA.) = Hence, (TA,) مُشَّ البَعيرُ (Ş, K,) aor. ء , [agreeably with general rule in this case,] inf. n. , (Ṣ,) He put into the camel's nose the thing termed غشاش; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also أُخَشَّ (Zj, Ķ.) _ And hence the saying in a trad., خُشُوا بَيْنَ meaning, +Introduce ye, or كَلَامِكُمْ لَا إِلَهُ إِلَّا ٱللهُ insert ye, in your speech the words There is no deity but God. (TA.) And Vand likewise signifies He introduced, or inserted, him or it. (TA.) _ Also and inf. n. as above, He pierced him, or stabbed him. (TA.)

4: seo البعير 4: seo.

7: see مَثُنَّى فيه

8. اختش مِنَ الأَرْضِ He ate of the خِشَاش مِنَ الأَرْضِ of the earth. (TA.)

R. Q. 1. غَثُنُ فيه see : غَدُخُتُهُ, in two places. Also He caused it to make a sound such as is described below, voce 2 (S, TA.*) See an ex. in the next paragraph.

R. Q. 2. تَخَشُّخُشُ : see مَثُن فِيهِ Also It made a sound (S, K) such as is described below. roce 1111. (S.) 'Alkameh Ibn-'Abadeh says,

تَخَشُخُشَ أَيْدَانُ الصَديد عَلَيْهِمُ كُمَّا خَلْخُشُتُ لا يَئِسُ الحَصَاد جَنُوبُ

[The short coats of mail of iron rustled upon them, like as when a south wind has caused to rustle the dry reaped corn]. (S.)

مَخْشُوشِ see خَشْ

see خَشَاشْ ; for the former, in three places.

The wooden thing that is inserted in the bone of the nose of the camel, (S, A, K,) to which the nose-rein is tied, in order that he may he quickly submissive : (TA:) the is of brass, (S, TA,) or of silver; (TA;) and the silver is of hair: (\$:) or the thing that is put in the nose; and the is the thing that is put in the flesh :

a stick; and the عران is what is in the flesh, above the nose: (As:) a wooden thing, or stick, that is put in the bone of the nose of the camel: (Msb:) n. un. with ة: (S, Msb:) pl. أَخَمُهُ (A, Msb.) [Hence the saying,] جَعَلَ الخِشَاشَ فِي خشاش He put the أنْفه وقَادَهُ إِلَى الطَّاعَة بعُنْفه in his nose, and drew him to obedience by his violence]. (A, TA.) [And hence, also,] it signifies غُضَتْ, (IAar, K,) as used in the saying, : خشاش lit., He put in motion his حَرَّكَ خَشَاشُهُ meaning, the roused, or excited, his anger; or] he made him anyry. (IAar.) = الخشَّاش, and النَّمَالُي (S, K,) the latter form being sometimes used, (S,) which indicates that the former is the more chaste, but, accord to MF, several authorities say the contrary, (TA,) and النَّشَاشُ اللهُ (K,) or مُشَاشُ الأُرْض (A'Obeyd, Meb,) and (Msb,) The creeping things of the earth : n. un. with 5, which is syn. with الحشرة and حَشَرات (Msb:) the حَشَرات (A'Obeyd, S, K) of the earth, (A'Obeyd, K,) and its and, and [other] creeping things, (A'Obeyd,) such as sparrows and the like: (A'Obeyd, K:*) or signify the small ones of beasts, الطُّيْر and الأُرْض or creeping things [of the earth], and of birds: (A:) IAar is related to have said that it is , contr. to what is said by the lexicologists in general: and these things are said to have their appellation from their entering into the earth and concealing themselves; but this assertion is not valid: (ISd:) in a trad., for من خشاش مِنْ خَشِيشُهَا † one relation substitutes الارض which has the same meaning: and some say that it is مُشَيّْشُ , a contracted dim. of وَمُشَيِّشُ ; or المُعَالَّسُ , without contraction: (TA:) and signifies the bad [meaning ignoble] النَشَاشُ kinds of birds; this being with fet-h only: (As:) or birds that do not prey: (IAar, TA voce بُفَاتُ (: عُفَانُ, with kesr, also signifies the serpent of the mountain; which does not suffer one to survive; and the is the serpent of the plain; (El-Fak'asee, K;) which likewise does not suffer one to survive: (K:) or a great and abominable : ثُعبان: or a serpent like the but smaller: or a small, tanny serpent, smaller than the ارقم: (TA:) or a white serpent, which seldom hurts, between the حقات and the ارقم (Aboo-Kheyreh:) or such as is light, or active, and small in the head, of serpents: explained also as signifying the serpent, without restriction: (TA:) and, (K,) or as some say, (TA,) such as has no power of defence, [مَا لَا دِفَاعَ لَهُ, as in the CK and a MS copy of the K, for which we find in ما لا دِمَاغ له ,some copies of the K, and in the TA such as has no brains, which is doubtless a mistake,] of beasts or creeping things of the earth, and of birds, (K,) such as the ostrich, and the [bustard called] كروان and the حباري [bustard called] curlew], and [the bird called] مُلَاعبُ ظلّه, and the [harmless kinds of] serpent : (TA:) or what is small in the head, and slender, of beasts or creeping things: and the kite; and [the bird (Lh:) or what is in the bone, when it is wood, or called] مُلاعب ظلّه: (Aboo-Muslim:) the pl. is

app. خُشَّة, originally خُشَّة, unless a mistake for أَخْشَاءُ, originally أَخْشَاءُ (TA.)

خَشَاش and خُشَيْش and خُشَيْش see خُشَيْش.

The bone which is protuberant behind the ear, (S, Msb, K,) and which is thin, and bare of hair : (TA :) originally مُشَمَّة, (Ş, Mşb, K,) of the measure فعلاء; (S;) [but masc., and perfectly decl., as being quasi-coordinate to قُرْطَاسُ, whereas the original is fem., and imperfectly decl.; (see (S, قوباءُ like ; قوباءُ, which is originally Msb;) and these two words are the only instances of their kind: (ISk, Meb:) dual مُشَمَّاوَان.

The [clashing, clattering, chinking, jingling, rattling, or rustling,] sound of arms, or weapons, (S, A, K,) and the like; (S;) as also , but this latter is a dial. var. of weak authority: (TA:) and of any dry or hard thing rubbing against another such thing: (K:) accord. to IDrd, such [sound or thing (for his words are ambiguous)] is termed * عُشْخَاشْن : (TA:) and the [rustling] sound of a new garment or piece of cloth, when it is put in motion; as also :: :: (IAar:) and [a confused sound] such as is heard to proceed from the inside of an animal on its being hit by an arrow: (JK in art. :) and a motion having a sound like the sound of arms, or weapons; (TA;) or an audible motion. (Mgh in art. ...)

A company: (ISd, TA:) or a numerous company of men: (Az, TA:) or a company (S, K) in, (K,) or having upon them, (S,) arms, or weapons, and coats of mail. (S, K.) = See also A certain plant, (S, Msb,) well known; (S, Msb, K;) [namely, the poppy;] which is of several species; (K;) i. e., four; (TA;) يُسْتَانِي, [or garden-poppy,] (K,) which is the white, and this is the most fit for eating, and the best thereof is the fresh and heavy; (TA;) and منثور, (K,) which is the wild Egyptian; (TA ;) and مَقْرَن, [app. the horned poppy,] (K,) the produce of which has an elongated extremity like the horn of the bull; (TA;) and زبدى, [app. the spattling poppy,] (K,) which is known by the name of بلبس [a word which I have not been able to find elsewhere]: (TA:) every one of these is soporiferous, and produces torpidness, and cools: (K:) used as a suppository, it produces sleep: and the integument [of the capsule] has a stronger power of producing sleep than the seeds: (TA:) [or rather the seeds have no nurcotic power:] from half a drachm of the integument, with cold water, as a draught, taken early in the morning, and the like at sleep, has a wonderful effect in stopping a looseness characterized by a mixture of humours and by blood, when accompanied by heat and inflammation: (K:) it is wonderful also that its solid part confines, and its juice relaxes: and when the root, or lower part, is taken with water, [and boiled] so that the water is reduced to half its quantity, it is beneficial as a remedy for diseases of the liver arising from thich humour: so says the author of the Minháj: (TA:) the n. un. is with