one who concealed herself from public view, (L, K,) and did not remain long in her parents house, or tent, unmarried, after having attained the usual proper age for marriage. (L.) _ And He was, or became, affected with shame, bashfulness, or pudency; (IAar;) as also أخرد الخرد الم (K.) - He was, or became, abject. (IAar.) -Also, inf. n. as above ; and اخرد ; He kept long silence: (L, K:) and the latter signifies also he kept silence by reason of abjectness; not by reason of bashfulness: so accord. to the K: but accord. to the A. he kept silence by reason of bashfulness; and اقرد signifies "he kept silence by reason of abjectness:" (TA:) and so says IAar: (TA in art. اخرد or اخرد accord. to IAar signifies he spoke little. (Har p. 250.) [See also خارد.]

4: see 1, in three places. — اخرد إلى اللَّهُو He inclined to play, sport, or diversion. (K.)

5: see 1.

in two places. خُرُود.

عُويدُ : see the next paragraph. __ عُويدُ ... A gentle voice, characterized by bashfulness, or modesty. (IAar, K.)

reason of abjectness: and مُشَوْدُ silent by reason of abjectness; not by reason of abjectness; not by reason of bashfulness: so accord. to AA: and the latter, simply, silent.

(L.) [See also 1.]

: see the next preceding paragraph.

خردل

[Mustard-seed ;] the grain of a certain tree, (K,) well known; (S, K;) a species of [q. v.]; (JK;) heating; emollient; drawing; a phlogmagogue; lenitive; digestive; used as a [or gout], and [especially] the Li [or sciatica], and the [malignant species of leprosy termed] , (K,) and the [mild species thereof termed] ; clearing to the face; good for the alopecia, especially the wild sort thereof; (TA;) its smoke drives away serpents, or, as in the Kanoon, venomous or noxious reptiles or the like; (TA;) its juice, dropped, allays earache, (K,) and in like manner its oil; (TA;) and its powder, upon the aching tooth, is extremely efficacious, (K,) especially when [or assa] has been cooked with it: (TA: [in which many other properties assigned to it are, Bk. I.

mentioned:]) n. un. with ة. (كِذَا الْعُرْدُلُ لِلْ اللهُ ا

خرز

1. غرز , aor. - and -, inf. n. غرز , He sewed (Mṣb, K, TA) a skin, or hide, (Mṣb, TA,) or a boot, &c. (Ṣ, A, K.) You say, كُنْرُ فُلُان [The language of such a one is like the female slaves' sewing of skins]; i. e., [its ornaments, lit.] its pearls, and its cowries, are far apart. (A, TA.)

[a coll. gen. n.,] a word of well-known meaning, (Msb,) [i. e., Beads;] what are strung: (S:) a thing that is hung [or rather things that are hung | upon the neck, made of coloured stone, red and green: (Har p. 431:) or gems, or similar stones, both good and bad: (JK:) [also factitious gems, and the like: (see فُسَيْفْسَاءُ as explained in the K &c. :)] n. un. خرزة: (S, Msb :) the latter signifying [a single bead;] what is strung: (K:) and also, (i. e. the latter,) a gem, or precious stone, (K, TA,) such [for instance] as is set in a ring, whether good or bad: (TA:) pl. of the (\$, خُرزَاتُ المَلك , (TA.) Hence K,) and الملك, (S, A,) The gems of the king's crown: when the king had reigned a year, a was added to his crown, in order that the number of the years of his reign might be known: (S, K:) such is said to have been the case. (S.) t[mean- أُوتي خَرَزَات المُلْك ستينَ حجَّةً ing He reigned sixty years : lit., he received the gems of the crown sixty years]. (A.) __ = [or lens] of the eye. is also applied خرز TA in art. حدق) __ And to The small shells called . (S* and K* and TA in art. ودع .) _ It also signifies ! The vertebræ of the back, (S, A, TA,) and of the neck: each one is called غُزُوَّة : which latter is also explained as meaning I what is between two vertebræ. (TA.)

مُوْزَةٌ, with fet-h, A single puncture [or stitch-hole, made in sewing a skin or a boot; and so غُرْزَةٌ. (TA.)

i. q. خُرْزَة ;(S, K;) A seam, or suture, in a skin, or hide, (KL, PS, TK,*) or in a boot, &c.; (PS;) [app. made by sewing together two edges so that one laps over the other: and app. also a single stitch in such a seam;] what is between two punctures; i.e., every puncture with its thread: (TA:) also, a puncture, or stitch-hole, in a skin [&c.]: (TA voce وذاب: [its pl. being there said to be syn. with جُرْبُة, pl. of عُرْبُ and this last meaning, (for evidences of the correctness of which see أَتُومُ and مُصْفَةُ and أَتُومُ &c.,) common to it and to خُوزة, it perhaps bears in exs. here following :]) and any round perforation : (JM :) pl. غرز (S, K) [and app. مروز, which see below]. [lit., Conjoin thou two thongs in a single seam, or stitch, or puncture,] is a prov., meaning : accomplish thou two wants at once. (TA.) And you say to him who seeks

to attain two wants together, with thou conjoin two thongs in a single seam, or stitch, or puncture? the first word being in the accus. case because is understood]. (A, TA.) — Also † The foramen podicis: and † the foramen vaginæ. (TA voce

َوْرُوْتُ ; pl. عُرَزُاتٌ : n. un. of عُرَزَاتٌ [q. v.]. (٩, Mgb, TA.)

خُرُوزُ السَّفِينَةِ [The seams of the ship: خُرُوزُ السَّفِينَةِ being app. a pl. of خُرُزَةُ like as خُرُوبُ is a pl. of خُرُدُهُ . (K voce جُمَّةُ q. v.)

The art, or occupation, of sewing [skins, or hides, or] boots, &c. (A, K.)

مُوَّازِ A sewer of [skins, or hides, or] boots, fc.

[and vulg. أَخُورُاوُ The instrument [i. e. the needle, or and,] with which one sems [skins, or hides, or] boots, &c. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

مُحُرَّزُ Any bird, (A, K,) as a pigeon &c., (TA,) having upon its wings marks resembling عُرُزُ [or beads]. (A, K, TA.)

مِخْرَزُ عود : مِخْرَازُ

غرس

1. خرس (Msb, K,) aor. -, (K,) inf. n. خرس, (S, A, Msb, K,) He (a man) was dumb; was naturally, by conformation, prevented from speaking; (Msb;) [he was destitute of the faculty of speech, by natural conformation, like the beast: see أخرس:] or he was, or became, tonguetied, or withheld from speech, (A, K,) either from inability to find words to express what he would say, or by natural conformation [of the organs of speech]. (TA.) You say also خرس المجلس The assembly was, or became, mute, or speechless. (A.) ... (Lh, IAth,) aor. عُرَسَ المَوْأَةُ عِيدِ (Lh, IAth,) إغَرَسَ المَوْأَةُ app., خُرْسُ,] He fed the woman with what is termed غُرْسَة (Lh, IAth;) he fed her on the occasion of child-birth; (Lh;) as also خُرْس فرسة, inf. n. تَخْرِسَة (Ş, K) and تَخْرِيس (TA.) inf. n. پُنُـوْرِيس, inf. n. خرسها ; and خرس عنها; [so in the TA, without any syll. signs to the verb;] He made for her what is termed مُوسَتُّ (TA.) And مُوسَتُّ, (S, L,) or خرست, (so in a copy of the A,) She was fed with what is so termed: (A:) or a feast on the occasion of her having given birth to a child was made for her. (S, L.) خرس aor. -, He drank from the [kind of wine-jar called] خرس, (Sgh, K,) i. e. the دن. (TA.)

2: see خَرْسَ, in three places.

4. غُرِسُ [God made him to be dumb: see أخْرِسُ [\$:) God made him to be tonguetied, or speechless, (A, K,) either from inability to find words to express what he would say, or by natural conformation [of the organs of speech]. (TA.)

5. تخرّست She made for herself the food for the occasion of child-birth, (A,* K,) i. e., what is