dience, and who repairs it by his repentance: [therefore the happy is he who dies while he is repairing:] (TA in the present art.:) i. e., one who offends [and] who repents. (TA in art. 2.)

Also, the fem., applied to a ewe, or she-goat, thaving a whiteness in her side. (K, TA.) — And, applied to a woman, + Having no buttocks: (ISk, K:) or slender in the shanks. (TA.) = [Also + More, and most, stupid, foolish, or deficient in sense.] You say, مَا تَحْتُ الرَّقِيعُ الرَّقِعِ الْعِلَى الْعِلْمِي الْعِلْمِي الْعَلَى الْعَلَمِي الْعَلَ

ا مُرْفَعُ مَرْفَعًا [A place of patching; or a place to be patched; as also مَرْفَعًا السَّلَامِ [Hence,] مَرْفَعًا السَّلَامِ [Hence,] عَمَا رَفَعُ مَرْفَعًا إِلَّا السَّلَامِ [Hence,] لا أَجِدُ فِيكُ مَرْفَعًا النَّكَامِ [I do not, or shall not, find in thee anything requiring amendment, to speak of]. (TA.) — And فيه مُعَامِلُهُ إِلَيْنَ يُصَلَّحُهُ لِلْمَانُ يُصَلَّحُهُ لِلَمِنَ يُصَلَّحُهُ لِلْمَانُ يُصَلَّحُهُ اللَّهُ لِمَانُ يَصَلَّحُهُ لَمَانُ يُصَلَّحُهُ اللَّهُ ا

إلَّهُ عَامِرٌ مَرْفَعُ A poet who connects language [skilfully], and repairs (يَرْقَعُ) one part thereof by [inserting] another. (TA.)

in two places. وَقَيْعُ : fem. with ة: see

A garment, or piece of cloth, much patched, or having many patches. (Mgh.) — [And hence, as being likened to a garment much used,] † A man tried, or proved, by use, practice, or experience; expert, or experienced. (TA.)

A certain garment worn by the devout Soofees; so called because of the [many] patches that are in it. (TA.) [A garment of this kind, a gown, or long coat or cloak, is worn in the present day by many devotees, reputed saints, and darweeshes; and passing from one to another at the death of the former, at length consists almost entirely of patches; and therefore, the more it is patched, the more is it esteemed: it is also called or (now generally , دُلْقُ or , دَلْقُ and , دَلُقُ _ [.دَله from the Persian دلق , from the Persian Also thought by A'Obeyd to mean A quiver, or a pouch, much patched: whence the prov., Two pieces of stick for producing fire, in a quiver, or pouch, much patched:] an allusion to a poor and unprofitable man. (Meyd.)

t A camel having [patches,] traces, marks, or commencements, of mange, or scab. (TA.) _ I A man censured, reviled, or satirized. (TA.)

so in three copies of the Ş, and in the TA: in Freytag's Lex., مُرْفَعُ see مُرْفَعُ, in three places: i. q. مُمْرَقَعُ (T in art.).)

رقل

1: see the next paragraph.

4. ارقلت, said of a palm-tree (نَخْلَة), inf. n. [q. v.]. أَقُلَة It became such as is termed إرقال (Msb.) __ ارقل , (S, K,) said of a he-camel, (S,) or ارقلت, said of a she-camel, (JK, Msb, TA,) inf. n. as above, (JK, S, Msb,) He, or she, went quickly; (JK, K;) went a sort of quick pace; (Msb;) went a sort of pace of the kind termed [q. v.]: (S, TA:) or went a sort of run exceeding that termed .: (TA:) and \$ قلت + signifies the same as ارقل. (JK.) ارقلت is also said of a man, (S, K,) meaning + He went quickly. (TA.) And you say, ارقلوا في الحرب, (TA,) or إلى الحرب, (JK,) t They went quickly in, or to, war, or battle. (JK, TA.) And فكرن [Such a one is quick in affairs] + يُرقَلُ في الأُمُور (TA.) And أَرْقَلَتُ إِلَيْه is metaphorically said, by Aboo-Heiyeh En-Numeyree, of spears [as meaning 1 They had been quickly directed towards him]. (TA.) = Accord. to Lth and the K, ارقل also signifies He traversed, or crossed, a desert : and Lth cites the following verse of El-'Ajjáj [as his authority for this explanation]:

> لَاهُمَّر رَبِّ البَيْتِ وَالمُشَرَّقِ وَالمُرْقِلَاتِ كُلَّ سُهْبٍ سَهْلَقِ

but Az says that this is a mistake of Lth; that is here an adv. n.; and that the meaning is, [O God, by the Lord of the House (of Mekkeh) and of the Musharrak (the mosque of El-Kheyt) and] by the Lord of the swift she-camels in every even plain: and ISd also has notified the same. (TA.)

see the next paragraph, in two places.

A tall palm-tree: (Ṣ, Mṣb:) or a palm-tree exceeding the reach of the hand; (Ḳ, ° TA;) above such as is termed عَبَارَة: or this latter word, accord. to Aṣ, has this meaning; and the former word, a palm-tree higher than such as [just] exceeds the reach of the hand: (TA:) or a palm-tree of which the trunk has become such as that one may reach [the fruit] from [the top of] it: (JK:) pl. وَقُلُونُ (JK, Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ) and وَقُلُونُ (Ḳ,) or [rather] of this last it is a n. un. (Mṣb.) Hence the prov.,

تَرَى الفِتْيَانَ كَالرَّقْلِ * * وَمَا يُدْرِيكَ بِالدَّخْلِ *

رُوَاقِلُ ; pl. رُوَاقِلُ: see what next precedes.

مَاقُولٌ A rope by means of which pulm-trees are ascended; (Ṣ, TA;) so in one of the dials.; (TA;) i. q. عَابُولٌ [q. v.] (Ṣ, Ķ) and عَابُولٌ . (Ṣ.)

مرقال (Ṣ, Ķ) and مُرقَلَهُ (ISd, Ķ) and مُرقَالُ (Ṣ, Ķ) applied to a she-camel, (Ṣ, ISd, Ķ,) That goes quickly: (Ķ:) or that goes in the manner termed أَوْقَالُ أَسْمَالُهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰلّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ

مُوْقَالٌ ; pl. مُرَاقِيلُ see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

قمر

1. رقمر, (Msb, K,) aor. -, (Msb, TA,) inf. n. رُقْمِ (Ş, Mşb, TA,) He wrote (Ş, Mşb, K) a writing, book, or letter. (Msb.) And IIe scaled, stamped, imprinted, or impressed. (S, TA.) And رقم الكتاب, (K,) inf. n. as above, (JK,) He marked the writing with the dots, or points, (JK, K, TA,) and made its letters distinct, or plain. (K,* TA.) One says, أهُو يَرْقُمُ الْهَاءُ (Ṣ,) or مُو يَرْقُمُ فِي الْهَا إِنْ JK, TA,) [He writes, &c., upon the water,] a prov., applied to the skilful and intelligent, (JK, TA,) meaning he is so skilful that he writes, &c., (يوقير) where the writing, &c., (الرَّقْم) will not remain fixed. (JK, S, TA.) And one says of a skilful workwoman, clever in sewing skins and the like, And _ (.TA.) . تَرْقُيرُ فِي الهَاءُ and هِي تَرْقُيرُ الهَاءُ رَقَمَ الثُّوْبَ, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mạb, Ḳ,) aor. as above, (JK, Mṣb,) and so the inf. n.; (Mạb, TA;) and , (Ṣ, ṬA;) He figured, تَرْقيم (Ṣ, ṬĀ;) , وقَّمهُ 🕈 variegated, or decorated, the garment, or piece of cloth; (Mgh, Msb, TA;) and (TA) made it striped, or marked it with stripes: (K, TA:) or, accord. to IF, he figured it, variegated it, or decorated it, with a certain, or known, figuring or variegation or decoration, such as became a mark [thereof]. (Msb.) Also the former phrase, (JK, Mgh, TA,) and the latter likewise, (TA,) said of a trader, or dealer, (JK, Mgh,) He marked, or put a mark on, the garment, or piece of cloth, (JK, Mgh, TA,) specifying its price; he put a price-mark upon it : (Mgh :) whence, The sale of the thing إِذَ يَجُوزُ بَيْعُ الشَّيْءِ بِرَقْمِهِ by the putting a price-mark upon it shall not be allowable, because the express consent of the seller as well as that of the purchaser is necessary to the ratification of the sale]: (Mgh:) [or] signifies I marked the thing so as to رَقَعْتُ الشَّيَّ distinguish it from other things, as, for instance, by writing and the like: and hence, يُبَاعُ النُّوبُ The garment, or piece of cloth, ورَقْمِه وَلا بِلَمْسِه shall not be sold by the putting a price-mark upon it, for the reason explained above, nor by the feeling it, or touching it : see 3 in art. المس]. is a phrase هُوَ يَزِيدُ فِي الرَّقْمِر [Hence,] ___ (Mṣb.) used by the relaters of traditions as meaning † He adds to his tradition, and lies: from الرقم signifying the writing upon a garment, or piece of cloth. (TA.) _ You say also, ارقم البعير + He cauterized the camel. (TA.) [And رُقَدُ الفُرس + He (a farrier) marked the horse, making lines upon him, with a hot iron: see مرقوم, and see also أجاعرة