quality of a subst. predominates,] Grief, mourning, lamentation, sorrow, sadness, or unhappiness; syn. خزن; (Msb, K;) so called because it covers happiness and forbearance; (Msb;) or in the heart is thus called because it veils, or precludes, happiness: (Ham p. 21:) [it may therefore be rendered gloominess of mind :] or i. q. كُرب , (K,) which signifies مُعْرِ, (K in art. , ڪُرْب, (Ş, in that art.,) [that affects the breath or respiration, lit.] that takes away the breath; (S and K in that art. ;) as also * اغْمَةُ (K) and * غُمْةُ , (S, K,) the last [expl. in the S as syn. with خُرْبَةُ, which is syn. with ڪُرْب, and] mentioned by Lh: (TA:) [see also كُرْب it is كُرْب [or grief, &c.,] that befalls the heart because of what has happened; differing from مر, which is كرب that befalls because of annoyance, or harm, that is expected to happen: or, as some say, both are one [in meaning]: the differing is asserted by 'Iyad and [many] others : (TA :) [see also غُضُبُ :] the pl. of عُمُومُ is عُمُومُ. (Ṣ, Ķ.) _ It is also an inf. n. used as an epithet in the phrase يُومْ غُمْ (S, TA) i.e. A day that is [sultry, or] intensely hot, so that it [almost] takes away the breath; and لَيْنَةُ غَرُّ [such a night], i. e. الْ غَامَّةُ : (Ṣ:) or one says عَمْرُ and عَامَّةُ and مُعَمِّرُ and عَامَّةً and مُعَمِّرُ with kesr to the , (TA,) [in the CK *, meaning a day of heat, (K,) or of intense heat: (TA:) or a day of se [i. e. grief, &c.]: and [in a similar sense, as is implied by the context imme-: غَمَّى * and عُمَّةُ and لَيْلَةٌ غَمُّ [and عُمَّةً and (K:) [but] A'Obeyd mentions, on the authority of AZ, اللُّهُ عُبُّهُ and لَيْلَةٌ عُبُّهُ as meaning a night in which there is over the shy [a covering of clouds, or] what is termed عُمَى [a word belonging to art. غمی, being in measure] like غمی; (Ş;) and [in the like sense] يُوْمُ غُمَّ (So in one of my copies of the Ṣ.) — And one says, خَانَ عَلَى app. غُمّ, but this, I think, requires confirmation, for which I have searched in vain,] and غمى [app. *غَمَّى, or perhaps غمى a word mentioned above,] meaning There was over the sky a collection [or an expanse] of thin clouds, or مُعَالَ دُونَ الهِلَالِ (i.e. mist, or the like) ضَبَابُة م [and it intercepted the new moon] : and هذه لَيْلَةُ مُعَى * and some say بغنى, This is a night [of a covering of clouds, or] of a فَبَابَة [or mist, or the like], intervening between the new moon and men; so that the new moon is not seen: (Msb:) and [hence] * رُسُعُتَى * and أَصُهُنَا لِلْغَبَّى * (S, Msb, K,) both mentioned by ISk on the authority of Fr, (S,) and الْغُمِيَّة اللهِ (Ş, K,) and اللغُمَّة اللهِ (K, TA, but omitted in the CK,) and أَنْفُيُّة (TA,) [i.e. We fasted after, or from the time of, the covering of clouds, or the mist, or the like, that concealed the new moon; (the prep. J being here used in the sense of بعد, or من وقت, as in the

a rájiz says,

لَيْلَةَ غُمَّى ﴿ طَامِسٍ هِلَالُهَا أَوْغَلْتُهَا وَمُكْرَةً إِيْغَالُهَا

[In a night of a covering of clouds, or of a mist, or the like, having its new moon effaced: I journeyed quickly and far in it, (وَعُلْتُهَا being used, app. by poetic license, for أَوْغَلْتُ فيهَا ,) and disliked was the journeying so therein]: (S, TA:) month; being so called because the case thereof is veiled to people so that it is not known whether it be of the coming [month] or of the past. (TA.)

fem. of غَدُّة, q. v., used as an epithet.

: see غَدْ, first sentence: __ and also in the latter half. _ Also, + Perplexity, and dubiousness, or confusedness : pl. غُمُو في غُمَّة : one says, مُو في غُمَّة + He is in a state of perplexity, and dubiousness, or confusedness : (Msb :) and مُو في غُمَّة مِنْ أُمْرِه + He is in a state of perplexity and darkness [in respect of his case or affair]; from الغُرِّ signifying "the act of covering" [a thing]. (Ham p. 320.) [See also غُمَّةُ and أَعُمَّا And one says † A dubious, confused, or vague, case or affair. (Ṣ, Ķ...) [See also غُمَّةً.] It is said in i. e. ثُمَّ لَا يَكُنْ أَمْرُكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ غُهَّةً ,[x. 72] [[Then let not your case be to you one of] darkness, and straitness, and anxiety: (A'Obeyd, S, TA:) or, as some say, covered, veiled, or concealed. (TA.) And ich imeans + A strait, or narrow, land. (TA.) _ Also The bottom of the interior of a skin for clarified butter (S, K) &c. (S.) [See also the first sentence in art.

i. q. لبُسَةُ (app. أبُسَةُ, meaning + Obscure ness, confusedness, or dubiousness : see also aic].

is the inf. n. of 1 in the last of the senses expl. above: (Msb:) or it signifies The flowing down of the hair so that the forehead, (S, K, TA,) or, as in the M, the face, (TA,) and the back of the neck, are narrowed: (S, K, TA:) or the hair that veils, or conceals, the جبين [generally meaning the part above the temple, but sometimes it means the forehead,] and the back of the neck. (Har p. 21.) Z says that they dislike what is thus termed, and like what is termed نَزُعُ [i. e. baldness of the two sides of the forehead]. (TA.)

Clouds: (S, Msb, K:) or white clouds: غَهَامَة † and نَعَامَة (K:) or thin clouds: (Jel in ii. 54:) and signifies one thereof: (S, Msb, K:) the former being pl. of the latter, as also is غَمَاتُمُ (K:) [or rather غَمَامُة is a coll. gen. n., of which غَمَامُ is the n. un.:] they are so called because they veil the sky, or because they veil the light of the sun. Kur xvii. 80;) virtually] meaning [we fasted] (TA.) _ [Hence,] مُثُ signifies Hail-

without a sight [of the new moon]: (Msb, TA:) | stones, or hail. (TA.) [See an ex. in a verse cited in art. ان, p. 109.]

> [A rheum, such as is termed] زُكَامُ i. q. غُمَامُ coryza]. (K.)

> [a pl. of which no sing. is mentioned.] Small stars, such as are faint, or indistinct. (K.)

i. q. غَمِيس, (Ṣ, Ķ,) i. e. Fresh herbage (كُافُ) beneath such as is dried up; (S, TA;) or green herbage beneath such as is dry. (TA.) ___ And Milk heated until it thickens: (S, K:) because it becomes covered over. (TA.)

غَمَامَةُ: see غَمَامُ . _ Also ! Herbage: so in the saying, أَحْمَى فُلَانٌ غَمَامَةً وَادِي كَذَا i.e. t Such a one made to be prohibited to the public the herbage that was the growth of such a valley: thus called [because produced by the water of the clouds,] in like manner as it is called (TA.)

غَمَامَة: see the next paragraph.

see 1, near the middle, in three places. _ Also A thing with which the eyes of a shecamel are bound, or with which her muzzle is bound: (K:) or a piece of cloth with which the nose of a she-camel is stopped (یَسْدُ) [or bound when she is made to incline to the young (یُشَدُّ)] one of another : pl. غَمَاثُو . (A'Obeyd, TA.) [See also دُرْجَةُ: and أ. __ And (by way of comparison [thereto], TA) † The prepuce of a boy; as also اغمامة (K, TA.)

غُمَّى: see غُمَّى, in six places. __ Also Dust; syn. عُبْرَةً. (K.) _ And Darkness. (K.) _ And + Hardship, or difficulty, or distress, [as though] covering [or overwhelming] a party in war, or battle. (K.) See also the next paragraph.

غُمَّى: see غُمَّى, latter half, in four places. ___ Also + A calamity, or misfortune; and so * 115; (K, TA;) and ville, likewise, is said to be allowable. (TA. [But this last I think doubtful.]) And + A hard, or difficult, affair or case, in relation to which one knows not the right course to pursue; as also أغَمَّى (K, TA,) and أغَمَّى pursue; (TA.)

fem. of عُمَّان , q. v. : _ and also used as a subst.]: see غُمّ , first sentence: __ and also in the latter half: __ and see also غُقى, in two places. _ إِنَّهُمْ لَفِي غَمَّاءَ مِنَ الرُّمْرِ means [Verily they are in a state of dubiousness, or confusedness, in respect of the case, or affair; or] in a dubious, or confused, case or affair. (TA.) [See also and غَمَّة.]

غَمَّة: see غُمَّة.

غَمَّةُ: see عُمِّة, latter half.

, and its fem. غَامَةُ: see غُامَة, former half.

mentioned above as an inf. n. (see