a land. (A.)

1. بَجْر, aor. - , (M, K,) inf. n. بَجْر, (S, M,) He (a man, S) had his navel, or the part remaining of the navel-string after it had been cut, protruding, (S, K,) elevated, and hard, (TA,) and thick at the base, (S, M,) and fleshy at the neck, or slender part, with wind remaining in the enlarged part. (M.) - He was, or became, large in the belly. (K.) \_ His (a man's, TA) belly became full of milk, (K,) or pure milk,

(TA,) and of water, and he was not satiated; (K;) as also مَحِرُ : (TA:) or he drank much milh, or mater, and was hardly, or not at all,

satiated. (Lh, TA.)

: see ,, in three places.

A swelling, or inflation, of the belly; as also \*: (Fr, TA:) or prominence in the belly. (Har p. 639.) Evil; mischief: a great, terrible, or momentous, thing or case; (AZ, S, K;) as also بُجْرِيُ \* and بُجْرِي (TA:) a monderful thing: (K:) a calamity, or misfortune;
(S;) as also بُجْرِيّ (TA) and بُجْرِيّ (S,K)
and بُجْرِيّ (K:) pl. of بُجْرِيّ [or pl. pl., being
app. pl. of the pl. of pauc. أَبْاجِرُ إِرْأَبْجُرُ ; and pl. pl. (as though pl. of the pl. أُبْجَارُ , T) أَبْاجِيرُ (K:) and pl. of \* بُجْرِيّة (S,K) and of \* بُجْرِيّة (S,K) (K) أَمْرُ بُجُرُ You say أَمْرُ بُجُرُ A great, terrible, or momentous, thing or case. (TA.) And [He said a foul and] a wonderful thing. (TA.) And إِنَّهُ لَيْجِيٌّ؛ بِالأَبَاجِر Verily he brings to pass calamities, or misfortunes. (A.) And لَيْتُ منهُ البَجَارِيُ I experienced from him calamities, or misfortunes. (AZ, S.) And It is only the daybreak البُجْرُ أو البَجْرُ أو البَجْرُ or misfirtune]: a saying of Aboo-Bekr; meaning, if thou wait until the daybreak shine, thou wilt see the way; but if thou journey without a guide in the darkness, it will lead thee to evil: but the saying is recited differently; with البحر in the place of البجر.]) \_\_[See also البجر.] inf. n. of 1 [q. v.]. (M.) \_ See also ; ... A man (TA) having his belly full of milk, (K,) or pure milk, (TA,) and of water, without being satiated: (K:) or drinking much milk, or water, and being hardly, or not at all, satiated. (Lh, TA.)

Prominence, or protrusion, in the navel : (Mgh:) or largeness of the belly : pl. بجرات (Yákoot, TA.) [See what next follows.]

A tumour, or swelling, or an inflation, in the navel; the like of which in the back is termed : (IAar, IAth :) or the part of the navelstring which remains after it has been cut, when it is thick at the base, and fleshy at the neck, or slender part, with mind remaining in the enlarged part ; as also بجرة : (ISd, L:) or the navel, (L, K,) of a man and of a camel, (L,) whether large or not: (L, K:) and a knot in the belly: (L, K:) or a knotted vein in the belly; the like Bk. I.

(as some say, L) a knot in the face, and in the neck: (L, K:) pl. بُحْرَة (L.) [See also أَبْحُرُ.] He mentioned ذكر عجرة وبجرة his vices, or faults, and his whole state or case: (K:) or all his affairs; those which were apparent and those which were hidden: or his secrets: or his vices, or faults. (TA.) And افضيت إليك I have reveuled to thee my vices, or faults; meaning, my whole state or case. (S.) And إلم إلم إلم المبرتة بعجري وبجري I acquainted him with my vices, or faults, which I conceal from others, by reason of my confidence in him. (As.) And أَشْكُو إِلَى ٱلله عُجَرى وَبُجَرى, said by 'Alee, t I complain unto God of my sorrows and my griefs; (IAar, IAth;) meaning, all my affairs or circumstances; those which are apparent and those which are hidden. (IAth.) [See, again, عَيْرَ بَجِيْرُ اللهِ reproach upon his vices, or faults: [Bujeyr forgot his own state or condition:] or, as some say, they were two men: [so that the meaning is, Bujeyr reproached Bujarah: &c.:] (S:) accord. to El-Mufaddal, Bujeyr and Bujarah were two brothers, in an ancient age : but accord. to the lexicologists, the meaning is, that one affected with what is termed a in his navel reproached another for that which was in him. (Az, TA.)

بُجْرَةُ sec : بَجَرَةُ

in three places.

in two places. بُجْريةُ

is an imitative sequent to يُجِيرُ. (Fr, Ş, K.) Accord. to AA, it signifies Abundant, or much, wealth: [or rather this seems to be the meaning of the phrase مال بجير: for it is added,] and in like manner [it is used in the phrase], [A place inhabited, peopled, well stocked with people and the like, or in a flourishing state, and large, or ample]. (TA.)

بُجُرُةً see what follows.

A man (S) having his navel, or the part remaining of the navel-string after its having been cut, protruding, (S, Mgh, K,) and elevated, and hard, (TA,) and thick at the base, (S, M,) and fleshy at the neck, or slender part, with wind remaining in the enlarged part: (M:) fem. بُجْران (S:) pl. بُجْر (S,K) and بُجْران. (K.) \_ Large in the belly : pl. as above : and signifies the same : (TA :) or this latter, having a swollen, or an inflated, belly: (IAar, K:) or having a large belly and a protruding navel: and its pl. is , occurring in a trad., in which the tribe of Kureysh are described as may here mean thoarders بجرة or بجرة and acquirers of wealth. (L.) - One says also † A full [receptacle of the kind called ; and مرر بجر † full purses; and

in a place; (L;) settled, or remaining fixed, in of which in the back is termed عُجْرَاءُ (L:) and عُجْرَاءُ [or عُجْرَاءُ or عُجْرَاءُ; though analogy does not disagree to it: it is from signifying "prominence in the belly." (Har p. 639.) \_\_ And أَرْضُ بَجُرانًا + Ground, or land, that is elevated, (K, TA,) and hard. (TA.) \_\_ also signifies + The rope of a ship; (K;) because of its greatness in relation to ropes in general. (TA.)

1. بَجْسَ الْهَاءَ, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K,) aor. ﴿ (Ṣ, Mṣh, K) and = , (A, K,) inf. n. , (Msb, TA,) He opened a way, passage, vent, or channel, for the water to flow forth; gave vent to it; made it to flow; syn. فجره, (S,) or فتحه, (Mab,) or : (A, K:) [all of which, in this case, signify the same: | and in like manner one says of a wound; (A, K;) but in this case, the phrase is tropical: (TA:) and بجس الماء, inf. n. He (namely, God, TA) made the water, بَبْجِيسْ to flow forth, or to flow forth copiously, syn. فجرة, (K, TA,) from the cloud or clouds, and from the spring. (TA.) = See also 7, in two places.

2 : see 1.

5: see 7, in three places.

7. انبجس It (water) had a way, passage, vent, or channel, opened for it to flow forth; it had vent; it poured forth; (S, A, Msb, K;) [it burst forth;] from a cloud or clouds, and from a spring; (A;) and from a rock; (Kur vii. 160;) as also , aor. 4; (S, TA;) and \*تبجس : (Ṣ, Ķ:) syn. of the first, (Ṣ, A, K, TA,) and last, (Ṣ,) : (Ṣ, A, TA:) or of the last, تَعْجر [properly signifying it poured forth copiously]: (A, TA:) انْبجَاسُ signifies particularly the welling forth [of water] from a spring: or it has a general application: (K:) and بجس signifies cracking in a water-skin, or stone, or earth, so that water issues from it. (TA.) You say, بِالْهَطَرِ (TA.) [The clouds pour with rain]. (TA.) And أَتَانَا بِثْرِيدِ لَّهُ (TA,) [He رَبَّنَجُسُ لَا أُدُمًا or الْمُعَالِقِينَ (TA,) [He brought us crumbled bread moistened with broth, which streamed with seasoning,] meaning, by reason of the abundance of grease [in it]. (A,

Water having a way, passage, vent, or channel, opened for it to flow forth; having a vent; or pouring forth: (K:) and in like manner, سَجَابُ إِرَاكُ [clouds pouring forth rain]; (TA;) and [so] سَجَابُ بُجُسُ [pl. of باجِسُ and مَا يَجْيِسُ (\$ :) and مَا مَا يَجْيِسُ flowing water : (Kr, TA:) and عَيْنُ بَحِيسُ a copious spring.

بَجِيسُ see بَجِيسُ, in two places. بُجْنُ see بُجْنَ ; pl. بُجْنَ

1. بَجُول and بَجَالَة , aor. 4 , inf. n. بَجَول and بَجَل , He (a أعْجَرُ [or عُدِلُ ?]: but they did not say, man) was, or became, such as is termed عُدِلُ and