إِنَّا نَخَافُ أَنْ ,[Xx. 47] Hence, in the Kur [xx. 47] Verily we fear that he may act hastily and unjustly towards us: (S:) or that he may hastily do to us an evil action: (Ibn-'Arafeh, O:) or that he may hasten to punish us. (Fr, Bd, O, also signifies He did فرط عليه [See also 4.] to him what was disagreeable, or hateful, or evil; he annoyed him. (TA.) And فَرُوط , inf. n. فُرُوط , He reviled. (IKtt.) You say also فرط عليه في : see 2, near : فَرَطَ فِيهِ ... sec 4, latter half. ... القُوْلِ the middle. __ فَرْطَ فِي حَوْضِهِ see 4, last sentence but one. __ فَرَطَتِ النَّخْلَةُ The palm-tree was left without being fecundated until its spadix became dry and hard (اعشا, in the CK and in the O يعسو). (O, K, • TA.) _ And فَرَطُتِ The well was left until its water had collected again. (Sh, TA.) = فَرَطَ إِلَيْهُ رَسُولُهُ : see 2. _ . see 4 . فَرَطَ وَلَدُهُ and , وَلَدًا or , فَرَطَ وُلُدًا

2. فرطه , inf. n. تفريط , He, or it, made him to precede; to be, or become, before, beforehand, first, or foremost; to have, or get, priority, or precedence; (TA;) as also أفرطه أ (O, TA.) __ He emboldened him, in contention, or altercation; as also أورط إليه رَسُولًا (TA.) افرطه المراه (IDrd, O, K,) inf. n. as above, (IDrd,) He sent to him a messenger (IDrd, O, K) among his particular, or special, friends; sent him forward, or in advance, to him: (IDrd, O:) or he made him his deputy in a litigation : (O:) and أفرط أ رُسُولًا he sent a messenger specially and expressly respecting his needful affairs: (IAar, O, L, K : *) and فَرَطُ * إِلَيْهِ رَسُولُهُ he sent forward, or in advance, his messenger to him, and hastened him: (K, TA: [in the CK, instead of وَأَعْجَلُهُ , we find فَأَوْسَلُهُ but [SM says,] I do not find this last form mentioned by any of the leading authorities. (TA.) __ فرطه __ also signifies He sent it before, remaining behind it: or he quitted it, and sent it before: (TA:) he left it, and quitted it: (S:) he left him; (AA;) as also أفرطه * (Ks, S:) he left him, and became behind him; as also افرطه (TA:) he left him, and went before him: (S, O, K:) and Vieland [has a similar meaning,] he left him behind, and forgot him: (Fr:) and he forgot it, namely a thing, or an affair: (K:) فراط , also, [inf. n. of أرط ,] signifies the act of leaving: (TA:) and he left, forsook, or relinquished, him, or it; or he abstained, or desisted, from it: (TA:) and فرط فيه he neglected it; and preferred backwardness (قَدْمُ العَجْزَ) in it, or with respect to it; and failed, or fell short, of doing what he ought, or flagged, or was remiss, with respect to it; as also فرطه ; (K; [but accord. to the TA, only the former of these two phrases signifies "he failed of doing what he ought," &c. ;]) or simply he neglected it; (ISd, TA;) or he failed of doing what he ought, or flagged, or was remiss, with respect to it, and neglected it, (S, O, Msb,) so that it escaped him; (6, 0;) as also فرط * فيه, (5, O, K, fin the K, the words rendered "so that

inf. n. فرط alone, he flagged, or was remiss; was lazy, or indolent: (TA:) its second pers. sing. is used in cautioning a man against a thing before him, or in commanding him to go forward, or to advance; and is intransitive. (Sb, TA.) Sakhr-el-Gheí says,

دِٰلِكَ بَـزِّى فَـلَـنُ أُفَـرِّطَـهُ أَخَافُ أَنْ يُنْجِزُوا الَّذِى وَعَدُوا

That is my weapon, and I will not send it before, remaining behind it: [I fear lest they perform that which they have threatened:] or I will not quit it, nor send it before: or I will not be behind it: (TA:) or I will not neglect it. (ISd, TA.) And Sa'ideh Ibn-Ju-eiyeh says,

مَعَهُ سِقَاءُ لَا يُفَرِّطُ حَبْلَهُ

With him is a skin, the carrying of which he will not leave, nor quit. (Ş.) You say also, قَرَّطْتُكَ في I left thee in such and such [a state, مًا أَفْرَطْتُ * مِنَ القَوْمِ أُحَدًا AA, O:) and المُومِ أُحَدًا I did not leave, of the people, or company of men, any one. (Ks, S, O.) And مَثْبُ ٱلله He neglected the things of God, and did them not: (TA:) or the command of God. (O, TA.) [See also art. جنب.] And it is said in a trad., فِي النُّوْمِ تَقْرِيطُ إِنَّهَا النَّـَقْرِيطُ أَنْ لَا يَصْحَى حَتَّى There is no falling short of يَدْعُلُ وَقْتُ الْأَخْرَى one's duty in sleeping: the falling short of one's duty is only the not awaking until the time of the other (prayer) commences]. (TA.) _ Also He let him alone, or left him, for a while; or granted him a delay, or respite; [and so فارطه ; for] means I long let them alone, or left أطَلْتُ فراطَهُمْ them, or granted them delay or respite. (TA.) You say also, فرط الله عنه مَا يَثْرُهُ God put away, or removed, or averted, from him what he dislikes, or hates: (Kh, S, O, K:) but this expression is seldom used except in poetry. (S, O.) = فرطه (O, K,) inf. n. تَغْرِيطُ, (TA,) also signifies He praised him immoderately; (O, K, TA;) like : (O, TA:) Şgh has expressed, in the TŞ, his fear that the former may be a mistranscription for the latter; but seems to have afterwards conceded the correctness of the former, from his mention of it in the O. (TA.)

3. فَارَطُهُ, (Ṣ, O, • K, • in the O and K فَارِطُهُ, inf. n. فَارَطُهُ and فَارَطُهُ (Ṣ,) He vied, or strove, with them, to precede them; to outgo, or outstrip, them; to get before them. (Ṣ, O, • K. •) فَرَاطُهُ, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K,) the latter word being an inf. n. of فارطُهُ, (TA,) He spoke hastily; without premeditation; expl. by مَا مُنَاهُ مَنْهُ صَالَةُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَ

O, K, [in the K, the words rendered "so that 4: see 2, in seven places. __ أَفْرَطُتُ أُوْلَادًا (Ṣ, other horses. (Ṣ, TA.) it escaped him" are omitted,]) aor. - , (Ṣ, O,) O,) or افترطت الولادا (ṬA,) said of a woman, also the next paragraph.

She sent children before her [to Paradise, by their dying in infancy] ; syn. تَدْمَتُهُم : (S, O, TA :) and , said of a man, in like manner signifies قَرُطُ (TA.) And you say also, الله فَرُطُ اللهِ He was preceded by his child to Paradise. (CK,) , وَلَدُا And , فَرَطُ * وُلُدًا (K, TA,) or , وَلَدُا (CK,) He lost children by their dying young: (K, TA;) as though they preceded him to Paradise; (TA;) وَ اَفْتُرِطُ ۗ وُلَدًا Msb;) and (اَفْتُرِطُ ۗ فَرَطًا and so which also signifies he lost a young child by death: (TA:) or the last of these phrases, (K,) or the last but one, (S, O,) signifies he lost his child, or children, (K,) or a young child, (S,O,) by death before attaining to puberty. (S, O, K.) [See الْعُسَبُ And الْعُسُرُطُ الولَدُ The child's death was hastened; or was made to happen early. (Th.) _ افرطه He hastened him; or made him to hasten. (S, O.) And you say also, السَّعَابُة The cloud hastens and forwards the تَعْرِطُ الهَاء water in the beginning of the [autumnal rain افرطت السَّمَايَةُ TA.) And . وَسُجِيّ The cloud hastened with the [rain بالوسعى called] . (S, O, and the like is said in the K.) And افرط بيده إلى سيغه ليستله He put his hand hastily to his sword to draw it forth. (IAar, O, K.) And افرط [alone] He hastened with an affair. (K, TA.) And He advanced, or went forward, before tarrying, or waiting, or pausing, also [very افرط __ in the affair. (TA.) في الأمر frequently] signifies He exceeded the due bounds. or just limits; or acted extravagantly, or immoderately; (Ş,O, Mab, K, TA;) في الأمر in the affair; (S, O, TA;) and in loving him; and في نعضه in hating him; (O, TA;) and في in praising him: (K:) it is likewise said of anything exceeding the due bounds; [meaning it was, or became, excessive, or immoderate :] and also signifies he did more than he was commanded. He فَرَطُ * عَلَيْه فِي القُولِ ,TA.) You say also, فَرَطُ * عَلَيْه فِي القُولِ He exceeded the due bounds, or just limits, towards him in speech. (K, TA.) And افرط في القُول He talked [excessively, exceedingly, immoderately, or] much. (TA.) [And, افرط عُلْيه He acted insolently, or presumptuously, towards him.] _ Also افرط He loaded him (namely a camel, IKtt) with that which he was unable to bear. (IKtt, K.) And افرط He filled (S, O, K) a مزادة (S) or a (O) so that he made the water to flow: (O, K:) or a watering-trough or vessel (TA) so that it overflowed : (K, TA :) and فَرُطُ * في حُوضِهِ (O, TA,) aor. -, (O,) inf. n. فَرْط , (TA,) he filled his watering-trough: (O, TA:) or poured much water into it. (TA.) _ And افرط النَّحْلَة He left the palm-tree without fecundation until its spadix became dry and hard. (O, L, K. [See 1, near the

5. تفرط He (a horse) outwent, or got before, other horses. (Ṣ, TA.) [See also 1.] — See also the next paragraph.