۱ اغترضه (TA;) or he bound the she-camel with the غُرْضَهَا \* (K,) or غُرْض ; (TA;) as also ; (K;) and in like manner, غُرضُ البَغِيرُ بِالغُرضِ (TA.)

2. غرض, inf. n. تُغريض, He ate fresh fleshmeat. (K.) \_ See also غُرض, in two places. = One says also, غُرِّضُ فِي سِقَائِكُ Fill not thy skin [completely; leave a portion unfilled in thy skin]. (S.) \_\_ And فُلَانْ بَحْرُ لَا يُغَرَّضُ i.e. [Such a one is a sea] that will not become exhausted. (S, A,TA.) = And غرض significs also غرض (K, TA,) [meaning He affected jesting, or joking, for it is] said in the L to be from الفكاهنة signifying (TA.) .المُزَاحُ

3. غارض إبله ! He brought his camels to the watering-place early in the morning; in the first part of the day. (A, O, K.)

4. غرضه IIe made him to be vexed, or disquieted by grief, and by distress of mind; to be grieved, and distressed in mind: he made him to be disgusted; to turn away with disgust. (S.) = Sec also 1, latter half, in two places. == أغرض النَّاقَةُ see 1, last sentence. = اغرض He (a man) hit, or uttuined, the غرض [i. e. the butt, or object of aim, &c.]. (IKtt.)

5. تغرض, (K, TA,) thus in the O, on the authority of Ibn-Abbad; but accord to the Tekmileh, انغرض ; (TA ;) said of a branch, It broke without breaking in pieces: (K, TA:) or, accord. to the L, the latter signifies It bent and broke mithout becoming separated. (TA.)

7: see what next precedes.

8. اغْتَرْضَ : (so in a copy of the A : [and if this be correct, the primary signification seems to be It (a thing) was plucked, or taken, while it was fresh, juicy, moist, or not flaccid: quasi-pass. of in the first of the senses assigned to it as a trans. v. above :]) or اُغْتُرِضُ (so in the JK and TA: [and if this be correct, it is app. formed hy transposition from إِنْ الْعُتُصُورُ :]) # He died in his fresh state; (JK;) [i.c.] he died a youth, or u young man: [the latter reading seems to be the right, for it is said to be] similar to [evidently a mistranscription for اُخْتُضُرُ]. (A, TA.) = اغترض الشَّى He made the thing his [i.e. butt, or object of aim, &c.]. (TA.) = اغترض البعير : see 1, last sentence.

The appertenance of a camel's عُرْضَةً \* and عُرْضًة saddle of the kind called , which is like the جزام of the بِطَان (S, K) and the بِطَان of the سُرْج (S; ) i. e. girth, or fore girth, (تُصدير), thereof; (١);) the مزام of the رُحْل (A:) pl. of the former, [also a أَغْرُضُ a pl. of pauc.] (Ş, K) and أَغْرَاضُ pl. of pauc.] (IB) and غُرُوض [a pl. of mult.]: and of the latter, مُرض, [or rather this is a coll. gen. n.,] (Ṣ, Ķ,) like as بُسْرُ is of بُسْرُة, (Ṣ,) and غرض. (S, K.) [Hence the saying of Mohammad,] غُرض shall not be bound [upon camels by

pilgrims] except to three mosques; the sacred mosque [of Mekkeh], and my mosque [of El-Medeeneh], and the mosque [El-Aksà] of Beytel-Makdis [or Jerusalem]. (TA.) = غرض also signifies (accord. to some, in the verse cited in the first paragraph, S, TA) The place of what thou hast left (مُوضِعُ مَا تُرَكَّتُهُ, not ale [i. c. not as written in the S [and K], TA,) and not put into it anything : (S, K, TA:) and is said by some to be like the fa. v.] in a skin. (TA.) \_ And A state of folding. (AHeyth, K.) And A man's having folds (غروض) in the hody when he has been fat and then has become lean. طَوَيْتُ الثَّوْبُ عَلَى غُرُوضه (Şgh, K.) And you say i. e. غروره [ I folded the garment, or piece of cloth, according to its first, or original, foldings.] (Ibn-'Abbad, Z, Sgh, K.)

sce the next preceding paragraph.

A butt, a mark, or an object of aim, at which one shoots, or throws; (S, O, Msh, K;) a thing that thou settest up (all la) to shoot or throw at : (IDrd :) pl. أَغُرَاضُ (Msb, K.) It is said in a trad., الرُّوحُ غَرَضًا إللهُ عَلَيْ الرُّوحُ عَرَضًا (Ye shall not take a thing in which is the vital principle as a butt]. (TA.) And hence one says, Men are the butts of destiny, النَّاسُ أَغْرَاضُ الْمِنْيَّةِ or of death]: and فَرَضًا لِشَيْهِ + [Thou madest me, or hast made me, a butt for thy reviling]. (TA.) \_ And hence, I An object of aim or endeavour or pursuit, of desire or wish, or of intention or purpose: (Meb:) a scope; or any end which one endeavours, or seeks, or intends, or purposes, to attain: (B:) an object of want, and of desire: (TA:) the advantage, or good, which one seeks, or endearours, or purposes, to attain, or obtain, from a thing: so much used in this tropical sense as to be, in this sense, conventionally regarded as proper. (MF.) You say, غُرَضُهُ كُذًا ! His object of aim or endeavour or pursuit, &c., is such a thing: (Msb:) or his object of want, and of desire, is such a thing. (TA.) And فعل Ile did, or acted, for a just, or right, object of aim &c. (Msb.) And + I understood, or have understood, thine object of aim &c., or thine intention ; syn. قصدك. (S.) [See another ex. voce غُرضٌ, of which it is also the inf. n.]

, when followed by منْ, Vexed, or disquieted by grief, and by distress of mind; grieved, and distressed in mind: disgusted; or turning away with disgust. (TA.) \_ Also, when followed by إلى, Yearning, or longing: (S, TA:) or yearning, or longing, vehemently, or intensely. (TA.)

غُرْضُ see غُرْضُةً.

A thing that is fresh, juicy, moist, or not flaccid: (S, A, K:) also applied to flesh-meat. (S.) [See also 1, in three places, in the latter half of the paragraph.] \_ Fresh, or juicy, dates. (TA.) cause of its freshness. (S, TA.) - Water to called. (O.) And [Any one of ] the heads of the

which one comes early in the morning; in the first part of the day. (TA.) \_ See also إغريض, in two places. \_ Also Any new, or novel, song. (IB, TA.) \_ And hence, A singer; because of his performing new, or novel, singing : (IB, TA:) or a singer who performs well, (K, TA,) and is of those who are well known; and so called because of his gentleness, or softness. (TA.)

He came to the water early in ورد الماء غارضا the morning; in the first part of the day. (S, K. ) And أُوْرَدُ إِبِلَهُ غَارِضًا He brought his camels to the watering-place early in the morning; in the first part of the day. (TA.) And I came to him in the first part of the day.

; طَلْع The spadix of a palm-tree; syn. إغْريض (S, K;) which some call إغريضة; (TA;) as also غُريضٌ \* (Ş, K:) or the spadix of a palm-tree (طَلْع) when it bursts from its كَافُور [i.e. spathe, or envelope]: (IAar:) or what is in the interior of the dus [or spathe of a palm-tree]: (Th:) or the thing [i. e. the spathe] from which the spadix of the palm-tree (طُلُع) bursts : (Ks, A :) to which a woman's garment is likened. (A, TA.) -+ Anything white and fresh or juicy or moist; as also ♦ غَريضٌ: (S, K:) or anything white like milk. (Ks.) \_ I Hail: (Lth, Th:) as being likened to what is in the interior of the dist. (Th.) - + Large rain, or large drops of rain, appearing, when falling, as though it, or they, were arrow-heads, from a dissundered cloud: or the first of what fulls thereof. (TA.)

The part of a camel which is like the (S, O, K) of a acia, (S,) [i.e.] of a horse (O, K) and mule and ass; (O;) which is the sides of the belly, at the lower part of the ribs; for these are the places of the مُغَرِّضٌ \* in the bellies of camels : (S:) and غُرْض significs [the same ; i. e.] the place of the غرضة, (IKh, TA,) or غُرْض; (TA;) and also the belly : (IKh, TA:) or the former signifies the head of or pro- مُشَاش or prominent part], beneath the cartilage: or the inner part of what is between the arm [and] the place where the شُرَاسِيف [or cartilages of the ribs] end : (TA:) pl. مُغَارِضُ. (Ṣ, TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph. غَريضُ 800 : مَغُرُوضٌ

and غُضُوفُ [A cartilage;] any soft bone, (T, S, O, K, TA,) such as is, or may be, eaten : (T, O, K, TA :) pl. غُراضيف (O, K, TA) (O, K, TA) مَارِن and غَضَارِيفُ (O, TA.) مَارِن i. c. [the soft, or cartilaginous, part,] the firm part that is harder than flesh and softer than \_ Rain-water; as also مغروض (S, K:) be- bone, (TA,) of the nose, (O, K, TA,) is thus