side of the back-bone]. (S, O. [See also 1.]) =

3. المَحَالِ I had my tent-ropes طَانَبْتُهُمْ فِي المَحَالِ I had my tent-ropes (طُنْبِي) next to theirs in the places of alighting. (A.)

4. إِطْنَابُ, (inf. n. إِطْنَابُ, Msb,) The wind blew violently, and was accompanied with dust. (S, O, Msb, K.) _ And hence, said of a man, (Msb,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) + He exerted himself much, or beyond measure, or to the utmost, or was extravagant, or immoderate, (Msb, TA,) and profuse, (TA,) in praising or blaming: (Msb, TA:) or اطنب في he so exerted himself, or was extravagant الكلام or immoderate, in speech: (S, O, TA:) or he was eloquent in description, whether praising or blaming; (K, TA;) and so in speech: (TA:) and اطنب في الوصف he exerted himself much, or beyond measure, or to the utmost, in description. (IAmb, TA.) And خي عدوه + He exerted himself much, or beyond measure, or to the utmost, in his running. (IAmb, TA.) ___ The camels followed one another in اطنبت الإبل journeying. (S, O, K.) _ And † The river went [or flowed] far away. (K.)

. فُنْبُ: see مُنْبُ.

inf. n. of 1 [q.v.]. (O, Msb, TK.)

Length in the back of a horse; (A, O, Msb, K;)

which is a fault (A, O, Msb, K, TA) in the male,
but not in the female: (TA:) one says,

فيه طنب (TA) In him is length in

the back (A) or in his back is length. (TA.)

And Length in the hind legs [of a horse], together

with laxness. (K, TA.) — And Crookedness in a

spear. (S, O, K.)

(E, dit (S, A, O, L, Msb, K) and المنت (L, TA) A tent-rope: (Ham p. 687:) a rope with which the and the like are tied, or made fast : (Msb :) a rope of the ... (S, O, L, TA) and of the سُوادق [q.v.] and the like: (L, TA:) a long rope with which the سوادق of the tent is tied, or made fast; (A, K, TA;) or, as in the M, with which the tent and the wells are tied, or made fast, [extending] between the ground and the طَرَائِق [pl. of طَرِيقَة [pl. of طَرَائِق (TA:) and also app. meaning a tent-peg]; thus in the K, and the like is said in the M; those who make as] سرادق in the K to be conjoined with الوَتَدُ though the author meant that disgnifies a of the tent, and سرادق of the tent, and the peg, are tied, or made fast,] being in error: (TA: [but in my opinion, this reading which is disallowed in the TA is more probably correct than the other: in the CK, and in my MS. copy of the K, instead of والوتد, we find او الوتد in a copy of the A, او الوتر, an obvious mistranscription :]) the pl. is أَطْنَابُ (Ş, O, Mşb, K) and ز (K;) and some of the lexicologists assert

pl. like : (MF, TA;) and Ibn-es-Sarráj says, in one place of his book, that it has no other pl. than أَطْنَابُ; but in another place he says that it has this pl. accord. to those who give it a pl., thus giving to understand that there is a difference of opinion as to the plural's being allowable, and that it is used in one form as sing. and pl., which is the case: (Msb, TA:) the أَخْيَةُ are the أُواخِي [pl. of أَطْنَاب , i. e. the long ropes of the أَخْبِية [pl. of خُبِاء]; the short ropes being called أصر, sing. إضار: the former are the ropes with which the tent is tied, or made fast, between the ground and the طَرَائق. (TA.) As an instance of a tropical usage, (A, TA,) it is related that when El-Ash'ath contracted marriage with a woman, (A, Nh, O, Msb, L,) namely, Meleekeh Bint-Zurárah, (Nh, Msb, L,) on the terms upon which she should decide, (A, Nh, O, &c.,) and she decided upon a hundred thousand رَدَّهَا عُمِرُ إِلَى أَطْنَابِ (A, Nh, Mab, L,) وَدَّهَا عُمِرُ إِلَى أَطْنَابِ , meaning t'Omar reduced her to the dowry of the like of her among the women of her family; (A, Nh, O, Msb, L;) [lit., to the ropes of her tent, or to the tent-ropes of her family;] i.e., to the ground whereon was built the condition of her family, and over which their tent-ropes extended. (Nh, L.) And another tropical usage occurs in the saying, جُونُ الْمَدِينَةِ أَحُوبُ مَا بَيْنَ طُنْبَي الْمَدِينَةِ أَحُوبُ رمنى إليها, (TA,) a saying ascribed to the Prophet, (O,) meaning ! What is between the two extremities, (O, TA,) and the two sides, (TA,) of the city is more in need of it than I. (O, TA.) -[Hence,] ‡ A sinew, or tendon, (S, O, K,) or ligament, (M, A,) of the body, (S, M, O, K,) that ties the joints and bones : (M :) pl. أطناب. (M, A.) أَطْنَابُ الأَصَابِع means : The tendons of the fingers, [or the interossei,] on the outer side of the hand, extended above the , from the wrist to the lowest parts of the fingers. (A,* and TA voce , q. v.) _ And + A certain tendon in the uppermost part of the chest: (K, TA:) [or,] accord. to the L, the صنبتان [or are two tendons [or the sterno-mastoides] طنبان next the pit of the throat, that extend, or stretch, when a man turns his head aside. (TA.) __ And : أَطْنَاتُ The root of a tree : (S, A, O, K :) pl. أَطْنَاتُ: (A:) or this (the pl.) signifies the minor roots that branch off from the root-stock or main body of the root. (TA.) You say, الطُنَابُهَا [Its roots contracted;] meaning it was planted. (A.) _ And أَطْنَابُ الشَّهُس The rays, or beams, of the sun, that extend like sinews, or tendons, at the time of its rising. (TA.) You say, مُدّت [The sun : [امْتَدَّتْ أَطْنَابُهَا [and الشَّبْسُ أَطْنَابُهَا extended its beams and its beams became extended], meaning the sun rose. (A.) _ See also إطنابة.

مُطَانبُ see طُنيبُ

tion:]) the pl. is أَطْنَابُ (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, Ķ) and أَطْنَابُ ; (K;) and some of the lexicologists assert that فَنْتُ is used as a sing. like عُنْتُ, and as a horse: (A, O, Mṣb, ;) fem. الْخَبُالُة. (Mṣb, Ķ.)

(S, O, K, TA; [in one of my copies of the S مظلة, and in the CK مظلة, but, as is said in the TA, it is with kesr;]) meaning a large tent of [goats'] hair. (KL.) = And A thong at the head of the bow-string; (As, TA;) a thong that is bound to the end of the string of the Arabian bow: (S, O:) or the thong that is at the lower curved extremity of the bow and that binds the string to the notch: (TA:) or, as also dib, a thong that is connected with the bowstring, and then wound round the عُظر, (K, TA,) which is the notch of the bow, into which the ring of the bow-string goes. (TA.) - And A thong, or strap, that is bound to the end of the girth, as an aid to its [main] strap when it becomes loose, or unsteady: (TA:) or a thong, or strap, of the girth, that is tied in a knot to the buckle: pl. أطانيبُ. (O, TA.) En-Nábighah [Edh-Dhubyánee (O)] says, (O, TA,) describing horses, and the same words occur in a verse of Sclameh,

يَرْكُضْنَ قَدْ قَلِقَتْ عُقْدُ الأَطَانِيبِ

which is said to mean, [Striking the ground with their hoofs,] the knots of the breast-girths (الحزم and الحزم) having become loose. (O, TA. [عَدُّ is here put for عَدُ for the sake of the metre.])—
One says also عَدُرات (O,) and عَارات (A, O,) meaning : [Horses or horsemen, and horsemen making a raid,] following one another (A, O) continuously, without [visible] end.
(A.) And مَنْ طَيْر أَيْتُ إطْنَابَةُ مِنْ خَيْل for the sake of the metre.])

(A.) And مَنْ طَيْر for the sake of the metre.]

(A.) And أَيْتُ إِنْ الْمَابَةُ مِنْ خَيْل for the sake of the metre.]

(A.) And مَنْ طَيْر following one another of horses or horsemen and of birds]. (O.)

مُعْنَبُ ; and the part between the shoulder, syn. مَعْنَبُ ; and the part between the shoulder-joint and the neck, syn. عَاتَى : (Ṣ, O, Ķ:) and accord to a marginal note in a copy of the L, مُطْنَبُ signifies the same: (TA:) pl. مُطْانَبُ . (Ṣ, O.) — Also, with the article, i. q. مُطْانَبُ : [see عَبْلُ عَبْلُ الْعَانَى] pl. as above. (TA.)

أمطنت [part. n. of 4, q. v. As such signifying] † A great praiser of every one. (TA.) — And بَهُوْ مُطنت † A river that goes [or flows] far away. (A, O.) [See also مطنب]

مُطْنَبُ see : مِطْنَبُ

[perhaps correctly عُسْكُرْ مُطَنَّبْ [perhaps correctly عُسْكُرْ مُطَّنَّبُ