is also used as meaning + The truth; and the clear, or plain, thing or case. (Ham p. 449.)

And is one of the names of Mekkch.
(K, TA.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

: see . _ Also The glistening of iron (K, TA) and of other things. (TA.)

: see the next paragraph, in three places.

— Also A watering of camels in the morning, or first part of day, before sunrise: which is not esteemed by the Arabs wholesome: the time approved by them for watering is when the sun is near the meridian. (TA.)

The early part of the forenoon, after sunrise; syn. وَصُعَىٰ ; as also * صَبَاء : (Mṣb:) or the period of one's entering upon the صَبَاح [which means both dawn and forenoon] : so in the saying, [I met him when he was entering upon the dawn or forenoon]. (TA.) - And A sleep in the morning, or first part of day, before sunrise; as also (S, K;) or both signify a sleep in the فحق [expl. above]; (A;) but the latter is by some disapproved: such sleep is forbidden in a trad., because it is in a time for the commemoration of the praises of God and then for seeking gain. (TA.) One says, فُلَانْ يَنَام and الصَّحَةُ [Such a one sleeps in the first part of day, before sunrise]. (S.) _ And Food with which one contents, or diverts, himself [so as to allay the craving of his stomach], in the morning or first part of day, before sunrise. (K.) — See also صبوح. = Also (Suh, K, TA,) and مبرح, (Lth, S, TA,) [each said in one place in the K to be an inf. n. of which the verb is Blackness inclining to redness: (K:) or intense redness in the hair: (Lth, TA:) or a colour inclining to that which is termed : (K, TA:) or nearly the same as a : (Lth, S, TA:) or a colour inclining to that termed : (K, TA:) or whiteness that is not clear, or pure; so the former is expl. by Suh. (TA. [See also

A man who has drunk a morning-draught, or what is termed a مبون; (TA;) or who has done so, and satisfied his thirst thereby: (Aboo-'Adnán, TA:) [in the S and K it is implied that it is syn. with مصطبح, q. v.:] fem.

(S, TA.) Hence the prov., مصطبح (Aboo-'Adnán, S, TA) More lying than the captive who had satisfied his thirst with a morning-draught: (Aboo-'Adnán, TA:) the person thus alluded to was a man who was among a people that gave him a morning-draught, after which he arose and quitted them, and was taken by another people, who said to him, "Guide us to the place where thou wast;" to which he replied, "I have passed the night in the bare desert:" but presently he sat down to make water, so they knew that he had passed the

night with a people near by; and by his means they found their way to them, and exterminated them: (IAar, TA:) or the prov. is More lying than the young unweaned camel that has satisfied its thirst with drinking [its mother's milk in the morning]; which [seems to be thirsty but] will not drink of its mother's milk when one desires it to do so: (IAar, Sh, TA:) or, accord. to Fr, than the young unweaned camel that is affected with indigestion, or heaviness of the stomach, from drinking much milk, and therefore craves for milk again. (Meyd. [See also Freytag's Arab. Prov.: he seems to have followed a faulty text.]) ___ Also the fem., A she-camel that has been milked [app. in the morning]. (Meyd, in his Proverbs, under the letter ن ; and TA.) = See also صبيح.

A man who hastens to take the morning-draught, or what is termed the مُبْحَانَ. (K.)

خباخ: see مُبَاخ. _ Also (Msb) Contr. of مَسَاءً (Ṣ, A, Msb,) and so مُسَاءً (Ṣ,) [and (as in a phrase following in this paragraph), and أصبوحة (see this last word,)] i. e. Morning, or forenoon, counted from sunrise to noon: (Msb and TA in art. or, accord. to some, from midnight to noon : (TA in art. :) or, accord. to the Arabs, from the beginning of the latter half of the night to the time when the sun declines from the meridian; then commences the ,extending to the end of the former half of the night; thus expl. by Th; so says El-Jawáleekee. (Msb.) The Arabs say, when they regard a man, &c., as ominous of evil, only [God's morning : not thy morning] الله لا صَبَاحُك and if you will, you may say, صَبَاحَ ٱللهِ لَا صَبَاحَكُ عِمُوا صَبَاحًا (S,) or عَمْ صَبَاحًا (Lh, TA.) And (K,) lit. imperative, but meaning a prayer, i. e. May thy life, or your life, be pleasant during the morning, (Har p. 32, and TA in arts. and وعمر,) is a salutation of the people of the Time of Ignorance. (TA.) One says also, القيته صباحا and مَبَاجٍ أَتُيْتُهُ . ذَا صَبَاجٍ (Ṣ,) or مَبَاجٍ (Ḳ,) which [i. e. زا صباح] is only used adverbially, (Sb, S, K,) except in the dial. of Khath'am, (Sb, S,) meaning [I met him, or I came to him,] in a morning, [or] between daybreak and sunrise: (K:) the following verse (S, TA) by Anas Ibn-Nuheyk, of Khath'am, (TA,) or, as some say, by Iyas Ibn-Mudrikeh El-Hanafee, (so in a marg. note in a copy of the S,) presents an exception to the adverbial usage:

عَزَمْتُ عَلَى إِقَامَةِ ذِي صَبَاجٍ لِأُمْرٍ مَّا يُسَوَّدُ مَنْ يَسُودُ

(S, TA:) the poet means, I determined to stay until the time of the أَعْنَ صُبُوحِ اللهِ [i. e. either dawn or forenoon]: for it is on account of some particular thing, i. e. some good quality, or some praiseworthy thing, that he is made a chief who becomes a chief: thus Ibn-Es-Seeráfee explains this verse.

(TA.) And one says,

(TA:) pl. صَبُائِ . (TA.) (

otherwise than adverbially, meaning the same as in ذَاتُ الصَّبُوحِ * expl. above ; (K;) and , ذَا صَبَاحٍ the morning, or first part of day, before sun-rise: (IAar, TA:) or \$\cdot\(\text{i}\) [properly means] in a time of drinking the [morning-draught called] [I] أَتَيْنُهُ صَبِيحَةً † يَوْمِ كَذَا TA.) And . صَبُوح came to him in the dawn, or in the morning, or forenoon, of such a day]: (A:) and أصبوحة [in the morning of every day]; and in أَيْتُهُ And أُمْسِيَّةً كُلِّ يَوْمِ (Ş.) And آر مَبَاحًا وَمُسَاءً for وَمُسَاءً (Sb, A, TA,) for مُبَاحً مُسَاءً to him morning and evening,] meaning every morning and evening: (Sharh esh-Shudhoor, p. 31:) the two nouns are thus constructed by some of the Arabs, after the manner of and: but some prefix the former noun to the other, putting the latter in the gen. case, except when the expression is used as a denotative of state, or adverbially : (TA :) [or, accord. to IHsh,] is allowable as [an adverbial expression] meaning صَبَاحَ ذَا مَسَاءِ [lit. in a morning having an evening, or in a forenoon having an afternoon]; and a similar instance occurs in the Kur, ch. lxxix. last verse. (Sharh esh-Shudhoor, ubi supra.) __ يُومُ الصّبَاح means ! The day of the hostile, or predatory, incursion. (S, A, K.) The Arabs, when suddenly attacked in the morning by a troop of horsemen, cry aloud, أيا صباحاه + [O! a hostile, or predatory, incursion!]; warning the whole tribe: (TA:) this is said by him who calls for aid: (JM:) for they generally made a hostile, or predatory, incursion in the morning: (TA, JM:) or, as some say, the two conflicting parties used, when night came, to abstain; and when day returned, they recommenced; so that the case is as though he who said thus meant, The time of the only [or morning] has come, therefore prepare yourselves for fighting. (JM.)

قنديل The عَلَة [or lighted wick] of a مَبَاحُ [or lamp]. (K.) [See also مُبَاحُ And I. q. مُبَاحُ , q. v. (Ks, S, K.)

A morning draught; i. e. a draught, drink, or potation, that is drunk in the morning, or first part of day, before sunrise, (S, A, Msb, TA,) and afterwards, before noon; (TA;) contr. of غبوق : (S, A:) and whatever is eaten, or drunk, in the morning, or first part of day, before sunrise; contr. of غَبُوقَ : (TA:) [and particularly] milk that is drunk at that time: (AHeyth, L:) milk, or wine, that is drunk at that time: or what is drunk at that time hot: (L:) milk that is milked at that time: (K:) and i. e. beverage, or wine, that people have, (K, TA,) and drink, (TA,) in the morning: (K, TA:) pl. مَبَائِح (TA.) أَعَنْ صَبُوحٍ لَرَقَى (TA.) أَعَنْ صَبُوحٍ لَرَقَى thou make a delicate allusion to a morningdraught?] is a prov., [the origin of which is expl. in art. رق, q. v.,] applied to him who speaks obscurely, not plainly; and to him who alludes ambiguously to some great thing or affair; and to