intrans., and signifies] He (a man, Ibn-'Abbad) alighted, or alighted and abode, in a rough, or rugged, tract of land. (Ibn-Abbad, K.) __ اغلظ (Ṣ, Mgh, Msb, K) ‡ He was, or became, rough, harsh, coarse, rude, uncivil, or ungentle, to him in speech : (Mgh, Msb, K:) one should not say غلظ. (TA.)

5: see 1, near the end.

He استغلظه = : see 1, in three places. = استغلظ saw it to be, regarded it as, or esteemed it, thick, gross, big, bulky, or coarse. (Msb.) He abstained from purchasing it (namely a garment, or piece of cloth, S) because of its thickness, or coarseness. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

Rough, or rugged, land or ground; (ISd, K;) mentioned on the authority of Ibn-'Abbad; and by AHn, on the authority of En-Nadr; but it has been repudiated: and is said to be correctly : ISd says, of the former word, "I know not whether it be [properly] syn. with غليظ, or whether it be an inf. n. used as an epithet:" accord. to Kr, it signifies hard land without stones: Ks says that bie is syn. with \$ bie. (TA.)

غَلْظ: [see 1: __ and] see غُلْظ, in two places.

see what next follows.

and * غُلْظُةُ and * غُلْظُةُ : see 1 : these three forms are mentioned by Zj, (TA,) and in the Bári', (Msb, TA,) on the authority of IAar. (Msb,) and by Sgh; but the first of them [only] is commonly known: (TA:) they are substs. from it; and signify Thickness, grossness, bigness, bulkiness, or coarseness. (Msb.) [And Roughness, or ruggedness.] _ Also ! Contr. of i, in manners, disposition, action or conduct, speech, life, and the like; (TA;) i. e. roughness, coarseness, rudeness, unkindness, hardness, churlishness, incivility, surliness, roughness in manners, hardness to deal with, incompliance, unobsequiousness, evilness of disposition, illnature, or the like: (S, Msb:*) and in like manner, hardness, or difficulty, of an affair. (TA, as shown by an explanation of غُليظً) You say, أجُلُّ فيه غَلْظُهُ A man in whom is roughness, coarseness, rudeness, &c.; (S, Msb;*) as also عَلَاظَةً (S.) And it is said in the Kur [ix. 124], غَلْظَةُ (ix. 124), in which the last word is pronounced in the three different ways shown above, accord. to different readers; meaning \$ [And let them find in you] hardness, or strength, or vehemence, and superiority in fight: (TA:) or hardness, or strength, or vehemence, and patient endurance of fight: (Bd:) or hardness, or strength, or vehemence, in enmity and in fight and in making captives. (Mgh.) And you say, غَلْظُهُ \$ Between them two is enmity, or hostility ; as also الفلة (IDrd, K.)

see what next follows.

fem. of the former with 3: (TA:) and pl. غلاظ. (Msb, TA.) Applied [to a body, &c.; and, as meaning Thick, or coarse,] to a garment, or piece of cloth. (Mgh, K.) You say also, أُرْضُ غَليظَةً Rough, or rugged, land. (ISd, TA.) [And in is used in غليظ , is used in relation to various things.] - Applied to a colour [Dense, or deep : see غُضُبُ]. (K in art. .) _ Also, applied to a man, ‡ Character ized by غَلْظَة, the contr. of رَقَّة, in manners, dis position, action or conduct, speech, life, and the like; rough, coarse, rude, unkind, hard, churlish, uncivil, surly, rough in manners, hard to deal with incompliant, unobsequious, evil in disposition, illnatured, or the like: (Msb, * TA:) and so غَليظ (O and K in : لَيِّنُ الجَانِبِ (Contr. of : الجَانِبِ art. غليظ القلب and غليظ القلب hard-hearted ; (Bd in iii. 153;) evil in disposition, or illnatured. (TA.) Applied also to an affair, meaning \$ Hard, or difficult. (TA.) And to punishment, [in the Kur xi. 61, &c.,] meaning ! Vehement, or severe; (Mgh;) intensely painful. (Msb.) And [in like manner] to slaying and wounding. (TA.) And to a compact, or covenant, [in the Kur iv. 25, &c.,] meaning ! Strong, confirmed, or ratified. (Mgh, TA.) And to water, meaning \$ Bitter. (TA.)

غُلُظَة : see 1, first sentence; and غُلُظَة.

in غَلَيْظٌ comparative and superlative of أَغْلُظُ all its senses]. (IJ.)

[A bloodwit, or fine for bloodshed, made hard, rigorous, or severe; one which is incumbent for what is like an intentional homicide; (S;) or for a homicide purely intentional, and for that which is intentional but committed in mistake, and for that which is committed in the sacred territory, and for the slaughter of a hinsman; (Esh-Sháfi'ee;) consisting of thirty camels of the description termed and thirty of that termed بَازِل and the ثُنيَّة and forty between the جَذَعَة all pregnant. (Esh-Sháfi'ee, K.) And يُمين †[An oath made strong or forcible, or : العَوْرَةُ المُغَلَّظُةُ _ (S.) _ : العَوْرَةُ المُغَلَّظُةُ _

[The thick part of the fore arm]. مُسْتَغْلُظُ الدِّرَاعِ

1. غُلُفَ, (S, O, Msb, K,) aor. - , (Msb,) inf. n. (O, Msb, TA,) He put a bottle, or flask, (S, O, K, TA,) or a knife, (Msb,) &c., (TA,) into a غُلُاف [q. v.]; (S, O, Msb, K, TA;) as also أَعْلَافٌ (Ṣ, Mṣb,) inf. n. إغْلَافٌ; (Mṣb;) or inf. n. غُلُفُ : (K, TA :) or ♦ the second عُلَّفُ signifies, (Msb,) or signifies also, (S,) he furnished it with a غلّف; (Ṣ, Mṣb;) or مغلّف signifies thus: (TA:) أَغْلَقْتُ * القَارُورَةَ is said by Lth to . تَغُليفٌ , inf. n. غَلَّفْتُهَا * and so غَلْفَ (S, &c.) Thick, gross, big, bulky, or (O.) _ And accord. to Lth, (O,) one says, غُلْيَظُ coarse; (Mgh, Msb, K;) as also المُعَيِّمُهُ بِالغَالِيَةُ (K:) مُعَيِّمُهُ بِالغَالِية (Ş, Mgh, O, Msb,) aor. -, (Msb,) (TA.)

inf. n. غلف, (S,) meaning He daubed, or smeared, his beard with [the perfume called] غَالية [q. v.], (Mgh, TA,) and likewise with other perfume, and with غَلْفُهُ (TA;) and اعْلَفُهُ: (Mgh, TA:) but accord. to IDrd, the vulgar say so: (O, Msb, TA:) he says that the correct phrase is غلاها (Mgh, O, Mab, TA) بالغالية, (O,) and غَلْلُهَا: (Mgh, O, Msb:) in a trad. of 'Aisheh, however, occurs as meaning I كُنْتُ أُغَلِّفُ لا لَحْيَةَ رَسُولِ ٱلله used to daub, or smear, the beard of the Apostle of God with غالية, doing so abundantly : (TA :) and one says, of a man, تغلّف (Lth, Th, S, O, TA) (Th, TA) [i. e. وَسَائِرِ الطَّيبِ (Th, S, TA) بالغَاليَة He daubed, or smeared, himself, or his beard, with ailie and the other sorts of perfume]; and من (Lth, O, TA) اغتلف ال (Lth, O, TA) . (TA:) but accord : مِنَ الطِّيبِ (Lth, O) or الغَالِيَة to the saying of IDrd [mentioned above], these are wrong, and should be only تَغَلَّلُ and يَعُلَّلُ are wrong, and should be only and اغْتَلَى and اغْتَلَى: (O:) or, accord. to Ibn-El-Faraj, one says تغلّف * بالغالية when it is external; and تغلّل بها when it is internal, at the roots of the hair. (O, TA. [See also 2 in art. ال غَلْف , aor. -, inf. n. غَلْف , He was uncircumcised. (Msb.)

2: see 1, first sentence, in three places. You say also, غَلَّفْتُ السَّرْءِ upon, or to, the horse's saddle] and الرَّحْل [the camel's saddle : see also its pass. part. n., below]. (O.) _ And [q.v.] covers the head. الحنَّاء يُغَلِّف الرَّأْسَ (Mgh.) See also 1, second sentence, in two

4: see 1, first sentence, in three places.

5. تغلّف, said of a رَحْل [or camel's saddle, (in some copies of the K erroneously رُجُل,) and in غلاف manner of other things], It had a غلاف [q. v.], (K, TA,) of leather or the like; (TA;) as also اغتلف ال K, TA. [See 2, of which the former is quasi-pass.]) _ See also 1, latter half, in two places.

8: see 5: __ and see also 1, last quarter.

A species of trees, (S, O, K, TA,) with which one tans, (TA,) like [accord. to some meaning the same as] the غرف [q. v.]: (S, O, K, TA:) some say that one does not tan therewith unless together with the . (TA.)

inf. n. of غَلْفُ [q. v.]: (Msb:) [as a simple subst.,] The state of being uncircumcised. (S, O, K.) _ [Also, of the heart, + The state of being اُغْلُف: so, app., accord. to the TA: in the L written .] _ And + Ample abundance of herbage, or of the goods, conveniences, or comforts, of life. (TA.)

A certain plant, which is eaten, peculiarly, by the apes, or monkeys: mentioned by AHn.