strands; as also مُجْرَعُ (K:) or, accord. to IAar, a bow-string that is even, except that there is a prominence in one part of it, wherefore it is rubbed and pulled with a piece of a . [q. v.] until that prominence disappears: and the latter, accord. to ISh, a bow-string not uniformly nor well twisted, having in it prominences, so that one of its strands appears above the others, or some appear above others. (TA.)

see what next follows, in three places : جرعة and see ac,, in two places.

A gulp, or as much as is swallowed at once, of water; a جرعة of water being like a القبة of food: (Msb:) or a sup, or sip; or as much as is supped, or sipped, at once; or a mouthful of what is supped, or sipped; (syn. مُسُوة;) of water; (S, K;) as also مُرْعَةً مُ and مُرْعَةً وَ or مُرْعَةً بُ and vare substs. [signifying the act of smallowing water] from جرع الماء " he swallowed the water:" (K:) or * signifies a single act of swallowing water: (IAth, L:) and جرعة, what one swallows: (L, K:) or a mouthful which one smallows: (TA:) or a small draught: (IAth:) and its pl. is جرع (Mab, TA.) The dim. is أَفْلَتَ , (S, K.) And hence the prov., جَرِيْعَةُ ا (Ṣgh, Ķ,) the verb being , فُلَانْ جُرِيْعَةَ الدُّقَن intrans., and جريعة being in the accus. case as a denotative of state, as though the speaker said, بِجُرِيْعَةِ or (Ṣgh;) وَأَفْلَتُ قَالِفًا جُرِيْعَةَ الدُّقَن الدُّقَن; (S, K;) or بَجْرِيْعَالُهَا (K;) Such a one escaped [from destruction] when his spirit, or the remains thereof, had become in his mouth; (L, K;) or near thereto, (K,) as a sup [or little sup] of mater to the chin [of a person drinking]; (TA;) or when death was as near to him as a little sup of water to the chin; (L;) or when at his last gasp: (Fr, S:)' applied to one who has been at the point of destruction, and then escaped: (S:) or, accord. to AZ, it is thus; أَفْلُتَني جُرِيْعَةُ الذَّقَنِ which may mean he made me to escape &c., or he escaped from me &c. ; in the latter case, افلتني being for أَفْلَتَ مِنَّى; and [it is said that] جريعة is prefixed to الذقن because the motion of the chin indicates the nearness of the departure of the soul: or the meaning of the words related by AZ may be, he made me, i. e. the remains of my soul, to escape; the last two words being a substitute for the pronoun affixed to the verb. (Ṣgh.) One says also, أَفْلَتَنى جُرِيْعَةَ الرِّيقِ, meaning He outwent me, [or escaped me,] and I swallowed my spittle in wrath, or rage, against him. (TA.) And مَنْ جُرْعَة أَحْمَدُ عُقْبَانًا مِنْ جُرْعة أَحْمَدُ عُقْبَانًا مِنْ جُرْعة أَخْمَدُ عُقْبَانًا مِنْ جُرْعة أَخْمَدُ أَخْمَهُمُ إِلَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّالِي اللّ more praiseworthy in its result than what is smallowed of wrath, or rage, which we repress, or restrain]. (TA.)

. جرعة عود عة

(Ṣ, Ķ) and † جُرِعَةُ (Ṣ) and أَجْرَعُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and أَجْرَعُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and أَجْرَعُ (Ṣ) and أَجْرَعُ (Ṣ) and round piece, or hill, or hillock, (K,) of sand, that produces no plants, or herbage; (S, K;) and, as some add, that retains no water: (TA:) or a

piece, or tract, of sand, good for producing plants, or herbage, in which is no softness, or looseness: (Sgh, L, K:) or land in which is ruggedness, resembling sand : (L, K:) or a hill of which one side consists of sand, and one side of stones: (K:) or what is termed مرعاء and اجرع is larger than what is termed جرعاء: " is also explained as signifying sand of which the middle is elevated, and of which the sides are thin: and, accord. to IAth, اجرع signifies a wide place, in which is ruggedness: (TA:) or this last, a plain, or soft, place, intermixed with sand: (Ham p. 574 :) جرع * is sing., or n. un., of * جرعة (\$, K:*) or, accord. to some, this last word is a sing., like اجرع; and its pl. [of pauc.] is and [of mult.] جِرْعَانْ the pl. of جَرَعُة the pl. of and the pl. of * is جراع and the pl. of * أَجَارِعُ and the pl. of ♥ أَجَارِعُ is جُرْعَاوَاتُ

in four places. جُرْعَاتُه

.q. v. جُرْعَةً dim. of جُرِيعَةً

جرعة see جريعاة

in four places. أَجْرَعُ

A she-camel in which is not as much [milk] as will satisfy thirst, but only some sups: (K:) pl. مجاريع (L, K) and مجاريع: (L:) J explains the former pl. as signifying she-camels having little milk; as though there were not in their udders more than some sups; and the sing. he does not mention. (TA.)

see جُرِعُ, in two places.

1. جرفه , (S, Msb, K,) aor. ع, (S, Msb,) inf. n. (S, Msb, K) and جُرْفة, (Lh, K,) He took away, carried away, or removed, the whole of it, (S, Msb, K,) or the greater part of it, (S,) or much of it: (S, K:) and [in like manner + جرفه ; signifies the act of carrying تَجْرِيفُ signifies away wholly : (KL:) and اجترفه he took the whole of it. (TA in art. - Also, (inf. n. , TA,) He swept it away, namely, mud, (Ṣ, Ķ,) from the surface of the earth; (TA;) and so بحرفه (K,) inf. n. تحريف; (TA;) and * signifies the act of تَجْرِيفٌ * signifies the act of clearing away mud or the like well; in Persian, نيك رنديدن: (KL: [Golius, app. misled by a mistranscription, has explained the verb, جرف, as on the authority of the KL, by "bene effudit:"]) and اجترف الشَّيُّ he snept away the thing from the surface of the earth. (TA.) You say also, جَرْفَتُهُ السَّيُولُ , (Msb,) or مُرَفَتُهُ السُّيُولُ , inf. n. : جَرِيْف ; (Ṣ;) and تجرَّفتهُ † (Ṣ, Ķ;) The tor; تُجْرِيفْ rents swept it away; (TA;) [or swept it partially amay; or more it away;] namely, a portion of land. (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ. See جُرُفُ) And, of a death commonly prevailing, السَّيْلِ [It swept away, or destroyed, men, like the sweeping away of the torrent] : (TA :) and all the food: (S:) one who eats vehemently, مال القوم

cattle of the people]. (S, TA.) - [He shovelled it, or scooped it, away, or up, or out.] You say, He scooped it up, or out, with both his hands]; i. e. something dry, as flour, and sand, and the like. (S in art. حفن.) -It (herbage) was eaten up utterly. (TA.)

2. جَرْفُهُ : see 1, in four places. بَجْرِيفُ : finf. n. جَرْفُهُ : see 1, in four places. بَرْفُهُ الدَّهْرُ الدَّهْرُ destroyed, or exterminated, his property, or cattle, and reduced him to poverty. (TA.) A poet (of the Benoo-Teiyi, TA) says,

> ﴿ كَانَ تُكُن الحَوَادِثُ جَرَّفَتْني فَلَمْ أَرْ هَالِكًا كَانْنَى زِيَادٍ

+[And if misfortunes have destroyed my property. or cattle, and reduced me to poverty, I have not seen any one in a state of perdition like the two sons of Ziyád]. (S, TA.)

4. اجرف It (a place) mas invaded by a torrent such as is termed . (K.)

5: see 1, in two places; and see -جُرُف.

8: see 1, in three places.

Also A smooth side of a mountain. (Aboo-Kheyrch, K.)

see the next paragraph.

and مُرْفُ * (S, Msb, K, &c.,) the latter a contraction of the former, (Msb.) [An abrupt, water-worn, bank or ridge ;] a bank (جانب Ksh and Jel in ix. 110) of a valley, the lower part of which is excavated by the water, and hollowed out by the torrents, so that it remains uncompact, unsound, or weak; (Ksh ib.;) a bank, or an acclivity, of a water-course of a valley and the like, when the water has carried away from its lower part, and undermined it, so that it has become like what is termed a , with its upper part overhanging; (L;) a portion of land (or sand, S in art. تهر) which the torrents have partially swept away, or worn away, (مُجَوِّنَتُهُ \$, K, or ۱ مرفته , Msb,) and eaten ; (S, Msb, K;) a portion of the lower part of the side of a valley, and of a river, eaten by the torrent; (M, TA;) the side of the bank of a river, that has been eaten by the water, so that some part of it every little while falls: (Har p. 47:) and the latter, [or each,] a place which the torrent does not take away; as also جرف; (K;) [i. e. a bank, or ridge, that remains rising abruptly by the bed of a torrent or stream :] pl. [of pauc.] (of جرف, TA) أَجْرَاكُ (K,) like أَطْنَابُ pl. of طُنُبُ, (TA,) and [of mult.] (of جُرُكُ, though it is implied in the K that it is of جُرُكُ, TA) إِجْرَاقُةً (S, K) pl. of , (S,) and بخروف. (ISd, TA.)

A torrent that carries away everything ; (Ṣ, Msb;) i. q. جَمَاف applied to a torrent; as also † جُورُف ; (K;) and جارُوف † a torrent that sweeps away that by which it passes, by reason of its copiousness, carrying away everything, and so مارف applied to rain. (TA.) _ ; A very voracious man: (K, TA:) a man who devours