To shake, shake to and fro. رِلْزَالُ n.a. The act of shaking; إِذَا زُلْزِلَتِ اللَّرْضُ زِلْزَالُهَا 99 v. 1, "When the earth is shaken by an earthquake;" literally, "by its shaking." مَرُلْزُلُةً A shock—of an earthquake.

الَفَ الْفَا الْفَالْمُ الْفَا الْفَا الْفَا الْفَا الْفَا الْفَا الْفَا الْفَالْمُ الْمَالِمُ الْفَالِمُ الْمَالِمُ الْفَالْمُ الْمَالِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمَالِمُ الْمَالِمُ ا

aor. o. To slip. زَلَقَ A place in which the feet are liable to slip.— آزَلَتَي IV. To cause to slip or fall (with acc. of pers. and ب).

plur. of زَمَرُ A crowd of men; زَمَرُ In crowds. plur. of زَمَرُ A crowd of men; أَرْمَرُ In crowds. يَرْمَلُ A crowd of men; إَرْمَلُ In crowds. مَرْمَلُ aor. i. and o. To limp.— وَمَلُ part. act. of إِزَّمَلُ for يَرْمَلُ V. f. D. S. Gr. T. 1, p. 220, To wrap one's-self in a garment. The epithet المُؤْمَلُ is applied to Mohammad in the 73rd ch. because at the moment it was communicated to him he was wrapped in a mantle either asleep or at prayers; so say the commentators.

j To flash with anger (an eye). زَمْهُورِيرُ Excessive cold, by some interpreted to mean the Moon; original root زَمِهُ To be violent.

Ginger, with which the water of Salsabeel, a fountain in Paradise, is to be flavoured.

no verbal root, An excrescence behind the hoofs وَنَمَّ of goats. زَنِيمٌ

n.a. زِنَا nor. i. To be guilty of fornication. زَنَى n.a. Fornication. آَلزَّانِيَ and with the article أَلزَّانِيَ and and أَلزَّانِيَةُ part. act. One who is guilty of fornication.

aor. a. To abstain; aor. i. To have in low estimation. اُهِدُ part. act. One who esteems lightly, or holds in low estimation (with في of thing).

هُرَ aor. a. To be resplendent. وَهْرَةٌ A flower, splendour.

هُوَ aor. a. To be full of marrow (a bone); to vanish, disappear, perish. زَاهِتْ part. act. That which vanishes away. زَهُونَّ Vain, perishable. A أَزُواج aor. o. To stir up strife. زُوج A companion, mate, spouse, husband or wife, an individual when consorting with another; that in which individuals are united, as a kind, species, class, or sex, also a pair, a couple; ,8 .v. 9 فَأَنْبَتْنَا فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ £ Examples, "And we have caused (vegetables) to spring نِيهِمَا مِنْ " ; up in it of every generous species (gar-len) 55 v. 52, "In each there shall be two kinds of every fruit," or it may be "Two pairs of every kind;" thus at may مِنْ كُلُّ زَوْجَيْنِ آثْنَيْنِ the words مِنْ كُلُّ زَوْجَيْنِ آثْنَيْنِ either be rendered two, or two pair, of every kind, so also at 13 v. 3, 6 v. 144 and elsewhere; for the use of إِنْنَيْنِ with the dual see D. S. Gr.