[properly so called], which satisfies the hunger of ten [men]; then, the ain, which satisfies five; then, the مَثْكُلُة, which satisfies two men, and three; then, the مُحْيَفَة, which satisfies one man: (Ks, S in art. عدف:) it is peculiarly applied to a receptacle for kinds of food: (Er-Rághib, TA:) pl. [of mult.] جفان (S, Msb, K) and جَفْنَات (Sb, TA) and (of pauc., TA) جَفْنَا (S, Msb, K.) [Hence,] مُنتُهُ يَعْنَتُ (His bowl was turned upside-down; meaning] the was slain; a phrase similar to هُرِيقَ رَفْدُهُ. (A in art. رفد.) - tA small well; (K;) as being likened to the for food. (Er-Raghib, TA.) \_\_ ! A generous man: (K:) جَفْنَةُ غُرّاءُ is an appellation applied to a generous man who entertains many guests and feeds many: (IAnr, TA:) he is called because people are fed in the -, and the epithet غراء is added because of the whiteness of the camel's hump in the - (TA.) \_ Also i. q. incaning Some wine, or a kind of mine: see also مَاءُ الجَفْن, voce جُفْن). (IAar,

## جفو

1. lie, (K,) aor. ', (TA,) inf. n. ?lie; and t did not keep, or cleave, to its place. ; Te did not keep, or cleave, to its place. (K.) You say, عَن الفراش (Mgh,) and عنه الجافي عنه (S, Mgh,) His side did not rest, or was restless, or uneasy, upon the bed; or shrank from it; (S, Mgh;) and heaved, or rose, from it : (Mgh :) or the former, his side did not keep, or cleave, to its place upon the bed : and the latter, it became withdrawn, or removed, from it. (TA.) And عَنْ ظَهْرِ الفَرَسِ , (Ş, M,sb, TA,) aor. and inf. n. as above; (Msb;) and ب تجافى ₹ ; (S, Msb;) The saddle heaved, or rose, from the back of the horse : (S, Msb:) or did not keep, or cleave, to its place upon his back. (TA.) \_ [Hence,] it is said in a trad. of 'Omar, إِنِّى أَجْفُو عَنْ أَشْيَاءٌ مِنَ العِلْمِ Verily I recoil, shrink, or am averse, from some matters of knowledge, or science, and ignore them, or neglect them. (Mgh.) \_ Also les, (Msb, TA,) aor. as above, (Msb,) [and so the inf. n.,] said of a garment, or piece of cloth, It was thick, coarse, or rough: (Msb, TA:) and in like manner said of a reed-pen, it mus thick, coarse, or rough, in its nib. (TA.) \_ [And hence, (see ?lie, below, and ,) He mas, or became, thick, gross, coarse, rough, or rude, of make: and, more commonly, coarse, rough, or rude, of nature or disposition, or in his intercourse and dealings with others; unkind, hard, churlish, uncivil, or surly. (See also 10.)] It is said in a trad., مُنْ بَدُا جَفًا i. e. [He who abides in the desert] becomes coarse, rough, or rude, of nature or disposition; [or unkind, hard, churlish, &c. ;] by reason of mixing little with men. (TA.) \_ اغليه كذا \_ Such a thing was, or became, heavy, onerous, burdensome, or oppressive, to him. (K.) = غَنِ عَنِ الْقَرْرُ مِنْ and : جَفَا السَّرْجَ and : الغَرَاشِ The cooking-pot cast forth its froth, or foam; as also + intition (TA;) [like and

اجفات;] originally without .. (Er-Rághib, TA.) And جفا السيل The torrent drove away [things in its course]. (Mab.) \_\_ أَجُفَا الرَّجُل aor. as above, He turned away from the man; avoided him; or shunned him: or he drove away the man; from جفا السَّيْل, explained above : sometimes meaning, with hatred. (Msb.) And ole He withdrew, or removed, far, or to a distance, from him: whence the saying of Mohammad Ibn-Sookah, لَمَّا قَلَّ مَالِي جَفَانِي إِخُوانِي When my property became little, my brethren withdrew far from me]. (TA.) \_ And alle le He did not keep, or cleave, or hold fast, to his property. (K.) \_ And مِفَاه , (S, K,) aor. 2 , (S,) inf. n. (S, K) and جُفُو, (K,) He treated him, or behaved towards him, coarsely, roughly, rudely, unkindly, hardly, churlishly, uncivilly, or surlily: (Ṣ, Ķ:) you should not say مُجْفُونُ. (Ṣ.) The pass. part. n. is مُجْفُونُ and لا مُجْفُونُ : (Ṣ, and Ķ in art. جغى:) the latter formed in accordance with رَجْفَى in which the و is changed into ر. (Fr,S.) \_\_ He did to him what displeased, grieved, or vexed, him; did to him what he disliked, or hated; did evil to him. (TA.) So in the trad., الله who performs مَنْ حَبَّ وَلَمْ يَزُرْنِي فَقَدْ جَفَا [He who performs i. e. does not visit my tomb afterwards, either on his homeward journey or by journeying to El-Medeeneh for that special purpose, does what displeases me]. (TA.) \_ المَوْأَةُ وَلَدُهَا \_ The woman neglected to take care of her child, or to pay frequent attention to it. (TA.)

2. تَجْفَيْةُ [inf. n. of جَفِّى] signifies, in Persian, المجفية [app. as meaning The ordering one to act, or to treat another, coarsely, roughly, rudely, &c.]. (KL. [Accord. to Golius, as on this authority, "i. q. فَغْ, sign. injuria affecit; duriter et inique tractavit: seu transit. ejus."])

3. جُفَاهُ \* and بجافي جَنْبَهُ عَنِ الفِرَاشِ, He caused his side not to rest, or caused it to be restless, or uneasy, upon the bed; or caused it to shrink therefrom: and he heaved it, drew it up, or raised it, [making it to be separated by some space or interval] from the bed. (Mgh.) And عَنْ جَنْبَيْهِ (Mgh, TA) جافي عَضْدَيْه (Mgh, TA) (TA) He put, or set, his upper arms apart, or remote, from his sides. (Mgh, TA.) [Thus the Muslim is enjoined to do in prostrating himself in prayer.] And جافى السَّرْجَ عَنْ ظَهْرِ الفَرَسِ ,(Ṣ,\* Msb,) and Volia, (S, K,) and Volia, (K, [said in the TA to be a mistake, but a similar usage of this verb has been mentioned above on the authority of the Mgh,]) He raised the saddle from the back of the horse: (S, Msb, K:) and in like manner, أَجْفَيْتُ \* القَتَبَ عَنْ ظَهْرِ البَعير [I ruised the saddle from the back of the camel].

4. اجفاه He made, or caused, him, or it, to be, or become, distant, remote, far off, or aloof. (TA.) — See also 3, in two places. الماشية He fatigued the cattle, [in some copies of the S, اتّعباً is put for العاشية and did not let them

eat, (AZ, S, K, TA,) nor fed them previously, driving them vehemently. (TA.) اجفت الأرف ... : see 1. أجفت الأرف ... The land became like the for rubbish and scum cast forth by the torrent of a valley, or by a cooking-pot, in respect of the departure of the good thereof. (Er-Rághib, TA.)

6. تجافى : see 1, in three places. [Said of a person prostrating himself, or lying down, it means He drew up his body from that on which he rested. And تجانى عُنه generally signifies He, or it, receded, withdrew, removed, or became remote or aloof or separated by some space or interval, from him, or it : and he drew away, shrank, or flinched, from him, or it.] It is said, of the difference between القُتُل and القُتُل, that the former is by cutting the external jugular veins; and the latter, مِإِيقًاعِ الغُعْلِ فِي المُحَلِّ مَع By causing the act to take effect upon التَّجَافي the place thereof while standing aloof]; meaning strikes from a distance, not knowing فاتل strikes from a distance whether he will hit the place or not. (Mgh.) And [hence] you say, مَتَّ عُنُ حُقّه + [He relinquished, i. e.] he gave, to him, his right, or due. (TA in art. فهص He inclined, or declined, or turned, from side to side: and from right to wrong. (Har p. 125.) [See 6 in art.

8. احتفاه He removed him, or it, from his, or its, place. (K.)

10. أستجفاه التجفاه التحفاه التحفاه (namely, a bed, &c., K) بَافِ (S, K,) i. c. thick, coarse, or rough. (TA.) \_ "Itc demanded, or required, of him that he should do what was displeasing, grievous, vexatious, or evil. (TA.) = استجفى الموادة المو

جَفَاءُ see : جَفَا

A single act of coarse, rough, rude, unkind, hard, churlish, uncivil, or surly, treatment, or behaviour. (TA.) — See also in three places.

. جَفَاَّةُ sec : جِفُوةٌ

is in make ; [signifying Thickness, grossness, coarseness, roughness, or rudeness:] and in nature, or disposition; (TA;) signifying coarseness, roughness, or rudeness, (Mgh, Msb,) in one's intercourse and dealings with others; (Mgh;) unkindness, hardness, churlishness, incivility, or surliness; a predominant quality of the people of the desert; (Mgh, Msb;) from is said of a garment, or piece of cloth; (Msb;) contr. of ,, (S,) or of علة; (K;) as also الجفاء, (K,) accord. to Lth; but Az says that he knew not any one who allowed this latter: (TA:) so, too, ♥ مُفُودٌ and مُفُوة and فيه جفوة and جَفُوة and بَغُوة him is coarseness, roughness, or rudeness, &c.]: (K:) and فَلَانٌ ظَاهِرُ الجِفْوة Such a one is a person in whom coarseness, roughness, or rudeness, فدد., is apparent : (S:) but accord. to Lth, جفوة whether جفوة or جفوة is not shown] denotes a more constant quality than : (TA.) You