stories of the ancients. (A.) And سطَّر فُلَانٌ فُلَانًا Such a one told falsehoods to such a one. (Msb.) -And Je made him to form wishes, or desires. (Sgh, TA.)

4. اسطر اسمى He passed over the line in which mas my name. (Az, K.) \_ And اسطر He committed a mistake, or an error, (Ibn-Buzurj, K, TA,) in his reading, or recitation. (K.)

8: see 1, first sentence.

اسطار , aor. يُسْطَار , [app. signifies It (beverage, or wine,) became what is termed or (TA.) (TA.) مسطار

Q. Q. 1. سَيْطُرَ عَلَيْنَا , (Ṣ, M, A, Ķ,) inf. n. بُسُوطُر (A;) and بُسُوطُر (Ķ;) or بَسُطُرَةٌ a copy of the M; [but see what is said below respecting the pass. form of نَسْيطُر ;]) and پُنسيطُر ; (A, K;) He had, or exercised, absolute authority over us: (M, A, K:) or he was set in absolute authority over us, to oversee us, and to pay frequent attention to our various states or conditions, and to write down our manner of action: (S:) or he acted as a watcher and guardian over us, (M, K, TA,) paying frequent attention to us: (TA:) also written with ص in the place of ; but originally it is with س, from السَّطُو and every wimmediately followed by b may be changed into : (TA:) the pass. form of is not used. (T.)

Q. Q. 2. تَسْيَطُرُ: see the next preceding paragraph.

(S, M, A, Msb, K,) originally an inf. n., [see 1,] (S,) and سطر (S, M, Msb, K,) A line (S, M, K) of a book or writing: (M, A, K:) and a writing: (S, K:) and ta line or row (S, M, A, Msb, K) of buildings, (S, A,) and of trees, (S, M, A, M,b, K,) &c., (M,b, K,) and [particularly] of palm-trees, and the like, (M,) [and so, app., , and , q. v.:] pl. (of the former, S, Msb) (S, M, A, Mab, K) and (of the latter, S) (Ş, M, A, M, D) and (of the latter, ك) أَسْطُارُ (Ş, M, A, Ķ) [both pls. of pauc.] and (of the former, S, Msb) سطور, (S, M, A, Msb, K,) and أَسَاطِيرُ (Lḥ, Ṣ, M, Ķ) is a pl. pl., (Ṣ, Ķ,) i. e. كَتَبَ سُطْرًا مِنْ كِتَابَةِ ,You say . أَسْطَارُ pl. of . أَسْطَارُ pl. of . أَسْطَارُ بني سَطُرًا He wrote a line of writing] : (A :) and [of his build] من بنائه [A Puilt a row (S, A) من بنائه ing]: (A:) and غُرس سَطُرًا He planted a row (S, A) من وديه [of his palm-shoots, or young palm-trees]. (A.) \_ [Hence the saying,] اجعل + Make thou the affair, or case, [uniform, or] one uniform thing. (Fr, TA in art. سُطُرُ) Also the former, (سُطُرُ) A yearling , T, M, K) of goats, (M,) or of sheep or goats: (T, K:) and صطر is a dial. var. thereof. (IDrd, M.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

أَسْطُورَةُ see : سُطُرُ

; and [app. a mis- عطرة An object of wish or desire. (K, TA.) صطرة

sulted such a one, and he did not aid in the accomplishment of the object of my wish or desire].

: see what next follows.

ناطر A butcher; (Fr, O, K, TA;) as also (Fr, O, TA.) سَطَّارُ ا

A butcher's cleaver; (MA, O, K; ) i. e. the great knife with which the butcher cuts [the slaughtered beast : pl. سواطير]. (O.)

[resembling the Greek ioropia] (S, M, إِسْطَارَةُ M, Msb, K) and أُسْطُورُ A, Msb, K) and أُسْطِيرٌ and إسْطِيرُةُ and إسْطَارُ and إسْطَارُ and (M, K) sings. of أساطير, (S, M, A, Msb, K,) which signifies Lies; or falsehoods; or fictions: (S. Msb, TA:) or stories having no foundation, or no right tendency or tenour: (إِذَ نَظَامُ لَهَا) [such as we commonly term legends:] (M, K:) or monderful stories of the ancients: (A:) or their written stories: (Bd in viii. 31:) or their written tales: (Jel in lxxxiii. 13:) or their written lies : (Bd in xxiii. 85, and Jel in xxvii. 70:) or stories embellished with lies; as also : "سُطُو : أَسْطَارُ is pl. of أُسَاطِيرُ (TA:) or, accord. to some which is pl. of . . . or, accord. to AO, اسطو is pl. of أَسْطُو which is pl. of أَسْطُو or, accord. to Abu-l-Hasan, اساطير has no sing. : (M:) or the pl. of أَسَاطرُ, accord. to AO, is أَسَاطرُ, i. e., without ن: or, as some say, اساطير is an irreg. pl. of (TA.) سَطُر

An instrument with which a book is ruled (يُسْطُرُ) [made of a piece of pasteboard with strings strained and glued across it, which is laid under the paper; the latter being ruled by being slightly pressed over each string]. (TA.)

Written. (S, M.)

، مُسَيِّطر see : مُسَطِّر

: Bee سُطُار . \_\_ + Dust rising into the sky : (K, TA;) as being likened to a row of palm-trees or other things. (TA.) = Also, (thus in some copies of the K, and so correctly written accord. to Sgh, with damm, TA,) or مسطار, (thus in the S, and in some copies of the K,) with kesr to the مر (Ş,) or with teshdeed, [مُسْطَارً,] as written by Ks, and this also shows it to be with damm, being in this case from إِسْطَارٌ, aor. إِسْطَارٌ, (Ṣgh, TA,) A kind of wine in which is acidity; (S;) an acid kind of wine: (A'Obeyd, K:) or a kind of wine which prostrates its drinker: (K:) or new, or recently-made, wine, (K,) of which the taste and odour are altered: (TA:) or wine made of the earliest of grapes, recently: (T, TA:) or a wine in which is a taste between sweet and sour; also termed المُعْمَارَةُ (Ḥar p. 618:) Az says, it is of the dial. of the people of Syria; and I think that it is Greek, [or perhaps it is from the Latin "mustarius," which is from "mustum,"] because it does not resemble an Arabic form: it is with

.ط changed into ت changed into مُفتَعَلَّ

see the next preceding paragraph,

(Ş, M, A, Msb, K) and أمسطر , (Ş, K,) as also مُصَيْطر, (S, A,) One who has, or exercises, absolute authority (M, A, K) over others: (M:) one who is set in absolute authority over a thing [or people], to oversee it, and to pay frequent attention to its various states or conditions, and to write down its manner of action : from السطر: (S:) or a watcher and guardian; (M, K;) one who pays frequent attention to a thing. (Msb.

يطُرَنُج [commonly pronounced سِطْرَنُج] a dial. var. of شِطْرَنُجُ. (K in art. شِطْرَنُجُ q. v.)

1. مطع , aor. -, (Ṣ, Mgh, Msb, K,) inf. n. (S, K) and مطيع (TA) and سطيع, which last is rare, (K,) It rose: (S, Mgh, Msb, K, TA:) or it spread, or diffused itself: (Mgh, TA:) said of dust, and of the dawn, (S, Msb, K,) [meaning as above, and it radiated, gleamed, or shone, (see بساطع,)] and of light, (TA,) and of lightning, and of the rays of the sun, (K,) and t of odour, (S, Mgh, Msb, K,) in relation to which last it is tropical, and signifies it diffused itself, and rose: or it was originally said only of light; and was then used absolutely, as meaning it appeared, or became apparent. (TA.) You say also سَطَعُ السَّبَهُ The arrow, being shot, rose into the shy, glistening. (TA.) And , the aor. of سطع, is used by Dhu-r-Rummeh, in describing an ostrich, as meaning He raises his head, and stretches his neck. (TA.) And you say, Thine affair became, or has سَطَعَ لِي أَمْرُكَ become, apparent, or manifest, to me. (Lh.) \_\_\_\_\_\_ ! The odour of the musk rose to my nose. (K, TA.) = نَطَعْتُ الشَّيْ laid hold of the thing with the palm of the hand, or with the hand, striking [the thing]. (Msb.) And سُطْع بيديه, inf. n. سُطْع , IIe clapped with his hands: whence the subst. سُطْع [q. v.]. (IDrd, K.) = سُطُعُ, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. سُطُعُ, (TK,) He was long-necked; he had a long neck. (K.) [See أُسْطَعُ

2. مُطّعه , inf. n. تَسْطيع , He marked him (namely a camel) with the mark called . (K.)

(أَسْتَطِيعُهُ for مُتَّطِيعُهُ), aor. مُعْتَلُهُ)) اسْطَعْتُهُ) اسْطُعْتُهُ or مُتُعُهُ (for مُتُعُهُ , aor. مُعْيَعُهُ (for مُتُعُبُهُ): see in art. طوع. (TA.)

Length of neck. (S.) It is said of Mo-hammad, في عُنقه سَطْع In his nech was length. hands, or striking with one hand upon the other,