

II.—Table of Lexicological and Grammatical Terms &c. used in the following work.

Accord., for according.	Fem., for feminine, مؤنث .	Prep., for preposition, حرف جر , and sometimes صفة .
Accus. case, for accusative case, نصب .	Fut., for future, مستقبل .	Pret., for preterite, ماضي .
Act., for active, للمعلوم or مبنى للفاعل .	Gen. case, for genitive case, جر and جفع .	Prov., for proverb, مثل .
Act. part. n., for active participial noun, اسم فاعل .	Gen. n., for generic noun, اسم جنس .	Q., for quadrilateral-radical verb, فعل رباعي .
Adv. n., for adverbial noun, ظرف , and sometimes صفة ; of place, ظرف مكان ; and of time, ظرف زمان .	Hollow verb, فعل أجوف .	Q. Q., for quasi-quadrilateral-radical verb, فعل ملحق بالرباعي .
Agent, فاعل .	Homonym, مشترك فيه , for مشترك .	Q. v., for quod vide.
Analogous, or regular, مقيس and قياسي .	I. q., for idem quod.	Quasi-coordinate, ملحق : see art. لحق .
Analogy, قياس .	Ideal (as opposed to real) subst., اسم معننى , or simply معننى .	Quasi-inf. n., for quasi-infinitive noun, اسم مصدر and اسم للمصدر .
Anomalous, or irregular, غير مقيس and غير قياسي , or شاذ (see "Dev.") or نادر (see "Extr.>").	Imitative sequent, اتباع .	Quasi-pass., for quasi-passive, مطاوع .
Aor., for aorist, مضارع .	Imperative, أمر .	Quasi-pl. n., for quasi-plural noun, اسم جمع .
Aplastic, applied to a noun and to a verb, جامد .	Inchoative, مبتدا .	Quasi-sound verb, i. e. one having و or ي for its first radical letter, فعل مثال .
App., for apparently.	Incomplete, i. e. non-attributive, verb, فعل ناقص , or فعل غير تامر .	R. Q., for reduplicative quadrilateral-radical verb, فعل رباعي مضاعف .
Appositive, تابع .	Indecl., for indeclinable, مبنى .	Real (as opposed to ideal) subst., اسم عين or simply عين , and اسم ذات or simply ذات .
Attribute, or predicate, مُسند and خبر .	Inf. n., for infinitive noun, مصدر . Inf. n. of unity, مصدر للوحد . Inf. n. of modality, مصدر للتوعد .	Receptacular noun, اسم وعاء .
Broken pl., for broken plural, جمع مكسر .	Instrumental noun, اسم آلة .	Reg., for regular: see "Analogous."
Coll. gen. n., for collective generic noun, اسم جمع ; also called a lexicological plural, جمع لغوى .	Intrans., for intransitive, لازم and غير متعد .	Rel. n., for relative noun, اسم منسوب , or نسبة .
Complement of a prefixed noun, مضاف إليه .	Irreg., for irregular: see "Anomalous."	Simple subst. (as opposed to inf. n.), اسم .
Complete, i. e. attributive, verb, فعل تامر .	Lit., for literally.	Sing., for singular, مفرد and واحد .
Conj., for conjugation, باب .	Mahmooz verb, فعل مهموز .	Sound pl., for sound plural: see "Perfect pl."
Conjunct, موصول : conjunct noun, موصول اسمى ; conjunct particle, موصول حرفى .	Mansoob aor., for mansoob aorist, مضارع منصوب .	Sound verb, i. e. one which is not of the class termed "perfect," but which has not و nor ي for one of its radical letters: or, as used in the 'Eyn and several other lexicons, one that has not و nor ي for one of its radical letters: فعل صحيح . (See "Perfect verb.")
Conjunction, حرف عطف and حرف عطف .	Masc., for masculine, مذكر .	Specificative, or discriminative, تمييز .
Contr., for contrary.	Measure, وزن .	State, denotative of, حال .
Conventional term, اصطلاح . — Conventional language, عرف .	Mejzoom aor., for mejzoom aorist, مضارع مجزوم .	Subject (as correlative of attribute or predicate), مُسند إليه .
Corroborative, توكيد and تأكيد .	Metaphor, استعارة .	Subst., for substantive, اسم .
Decl., for declinable, معرب : perfectly decl., غير منصرف ; imperfectly decl., غير منصرف and منصرف .	Metaphorical, استعاري .	Substitute, بدل .
Defective verb, i. e. having و or ي for the last radical letter, فعل ناقص .	Metonymy, كناية .	Syll. signs, for syllabical signs, شكل .
Dev., for deviating; as in the phrase, Deviating from the constant course of speech (with respect to analogy, or rule, or with respect to usage); شاذ . This term and نادر (see "Extr.") are often used in the lexicons indiscriminately.	N., for noun, اسم .	Syn., for synonym and synonymous, مرادف and مترادف . Syn. with, for synonymous with, لغة في .
Dial., for dialect, لغة .	N. un., for noun of unity, واحد and واحدة .	Trad., for tradition, حديث .
Dial. var. of, for dialectic variant of, لغة في .	Nom. case, for nominative case, رفع .	Trans., for transitive, متعد and واقع .
Dim., for diminutive, مُصغر .	Objective complement of a verb, مفعول or مفعول به .	Transposition, قلب . Formed by transposition, مقلوب .
Enunciative, خبر .	Part. n.: see "act. part. n." and "pass. part. n."	Tropical, مجازي and مجاز .
Epithet, and epithetic phrase, وصف and نعت and صفة .	Particle, حرف .	Unsound verb, i. e. one having و or ي for one of its radical letters: or, as used in the 'Eyn and several other lexicons, one having و or ي or ع for one of its radical letters: فعل معتل .
Ex., for example.	Pass., for passive, للمفعول or للمجبول .	V., for verb, فعل .
Expl., for explained.	Pass. part. n., for passive participial noun, اسم مفعول .	Verbal noun, اسم فعل .
Expos., for exposition, شرح and تفسير : the latter particularly applied to an exposition of the Kur-án .	Perfect pl., for perfect plural, جمع سالم ; also called a sound pl., جمع صحيح .	
Extr., for extraordinary (with respect to analogy, or rule, or with respect to usage), نادر . (See "Dev.")	Perfect verb, i. e. one which has not two radical letters alike, nor has و nor ي for one of its radical letters, فعل سالم . (See also "Sound verb.")	
Bk. I.	Pers., for person (of a verb).	
	Pl., for plural, جمع . Pl. of pauc., for plural of paucity, جمع قلة . Pl. of mult., for plural of multitude, جمع كثرة . Pl. pl., for plural of a plural, جمع جمع .	
	Possessive noun or epithet (such as تأمر and لا ين &c.), اسم على التَّسب (a kind of relative noun).	
	Post-classical, محدث and مؤد .	
	Predicate: see "Attribute."	
	Prefixed noun, مضاف .	

† means asserted to be tropical.

†† „ asserted to be doubly tropical.

† „ supposed by me to be tropical.