used with the meaning of religion as in ix, 32-" But God determineth to perfect His religion though the unbelievers abhor it," it is undoubtedly under the influence of the Syr. use of isoa. So روح used in a theological sense has been influenced by hoi, and in particular روح القدس is obviously the Syriac أمّ So أمّ So in the sense of metropolis in vi, 92, etc., was doubtless influenced by the Syr. مار,3 and فسر, when used as a technical religious term may have come under the influence of the Christian use of laz. 4 Sometimes there is no doubt of the Qur'anic word being a translation of some technical term in one of the cognate languages. A clear instance is that of used of Jesus in iv, 169, etc., where it is obviously a translation of the Syr. محکمار of Jno. i, 1, etc.,5 which like the Eth. # and the Copt. Maze represents the Gk. λόγος. Similarly وسول is doubtless a translation of the Syr. عدم and عدم and عدم and in eschatological passages translate the $\dot{\eta}\mu\dot{\epsilon}\rho\alpha$ and $\ddot{\omega}\rho\alpha$ of the Judaeo-Christian eschatological writings.6 Casanova 7 claims that in such passages as ii, 140, 114; iii, 17, 54, 59, etc., has a technical meaning associated with علية and is opposed to the word علية,8 and is thus meant as a translation of $\gamma\nu\hat{\omega}\sigma\iota s$, and so of Christian or Gnostic origin. So one might go on enumerating words of undoubtedly

י Cf. the Mandaean רוחא in Lidzbarski's Mandaische Liturgien, Berlin, 1920.

² Mingana, Syriac Influence, 85; Pautz, Offenbarung, 36; Fraenkel, Vocab, 24.
³ Mingana, op. cit., 88; Horovitz, KU, 141, though no is used in precisely the same sense on Phoenician coins.

⁴ Mingana, op. cit., 85.

⁵ Margoliouth, ERE, x, 540.

[•] Doubtless through the Syr. Loa and As.

⁷ Mohammed et la fin du monde, 88 ff.

⁸ Which Wellhausen, Reste, 71, n. 1, considered to be a translation of ἄγνοια as in Acts xvii, 30. See also, Casanova, 90; Gerock, Christologie, 104; Noldeke-Schwally, i, 242, n. 10. Lidzbarski, ZS, i, 94, suggested Gnostic influence here.

[•] Again probably through the Syr. کموکک.