spear. (S, L, K.*)

. مَلَّاذُ see : مَلَاذَانِي and مَلَذَانِي and مَلَذَانْ مَلْدُ: see عُلُهُ.

A man who says but does not act, or perform; (S, L, K;) a liar; (S, L;) who behaves in an artificial manner, and is not true in his affection; (M, L, K;) as also مُلُوذُ (M, L [in the K مُلُودٌ, and said to be of the same measure as منبر; but this seems to be a mistake]) and : مَلَاذَانِيٌ * M, L, K) and) مَلَدَانِي * and مَلَذَانْ (M, K:) [in some copies of the K, by a mistake in the last vowel-sign, each of the last three of these epithets is as though it were syn. with the inf. n of مُلْدُ, "he lied" &c.:] or a liar, who, if asked, will not tell truly whence he comes; as also all the above epithets: (M, L:) and one who makes a show of sincerity, faithfulness, or honesty, concealing, or meditating, what is different therefrom. (S, L.) - Also Stealthy, (M, L,) and light, or active; applied to a wolf. (M, L, K.)

See art. ملص and Supplement.

ملس

1. مُلْسَ , aor. عْ; (M, A, Mab, K;) and مُلْسَ , aor. :; (Mab;) or the second form is مُلَسَى, aor. :; (K;) [but the last of the inf. ns. here following seems to indicate that مُلْسَ is correct;] inf. n. (S, M, A, Meb, K) and مُلُوسَة (M, K,) [accord. to rule, both of the first,] and مُلُس, (M, TA,) [accord. to rule, of the second;] It was, or became, smooth, sleek, or free from asperities; the inf. n. being the contr. of خُدُونَة ; (Ş, M, K;) it had in it nothing upon which to lay hold; it was, or became, smooth to the feel; (Msb;) and املات ا signifies the same, (S, M,) inf. n. إمليساس; (S;) and املس * (so in a copy of the A) and [in like manner] اِمُّلُسُ * (Ş, A) and إمَّلُسُ * of the mea-, o being incorporated into the اِنْفَعَلَ sure إِنْفَعَلَ , the both signify it was, or became, made, or rendered, smooth, &c. (S.) See also 4. = مُلُس , aor. 4, inf. n. مُدُس, He (a man) went away quickly, or swiftly: (TA:) and مُلَسَت النَّاقَة (M,) and الإبل , (M) (A,) aor. and inf. n. as before, (M,) the shecamel, (M,) and the camels, (A,) went quickly, or swiftly: (M, A:) or مُلْسُ signifies the going easily, or gently: and also, contr., the going vehemently: (M:) or a gentle mode of going or journeying: (IAar:) and the being light, or active, and quick. (TA.) It is said in a trad., اسر قُلَاتًا

(Ṣ, L, Ķ,) He smote him and pierced him with a مُنْسًا مَنْسًا وَوَاتِ مَنْسٍ، i.e., مُنْسًا ; or ثُلَاثًا سَيْرًا مَنْسًا; is when the blackness has become intense, so that : [Journey thou three nights of quick, or of easy, journeying; or with a quick, or an easy, journeying;] or ملسا signifies a certain mode of going or journeying; and is in the accus. case as an inf. n. (TA.) مُلَسَى, aor. and inf. n. as above, also signifies + It (a thing) ment back, or retired, (M, إِمْلُسُ * quickly; (M;) and so إِنْخُنْسُ). (M, مُلْس . (TK,) inf. n. مُلْسَ الظَّلَامُ فَ (TA.) مُلْسَ الظَّلَامُ (A, K,) or مُلَسْ, (S, M,) The darkness became confused; (S, M, A, K;) as also أُمْلُسُ * (TK,) inf. n. إملاس: (K:) or became in the state after that which is termed alia, (M,) or alia. (TA.) See مُلْس below.

> 2. مُلْسَهُ, inf. n. تَهْلِيسَ, He rendered it smooth, sleek, or free from asperities. (S.) You say, (A,) inf. n. as above, بالْهَلَّاسَةِ (TA,) مِلْس الأَرْضَ (TA,) [He smoothed the land with the aux ;] he drew the aalo [or a over the land, [and so made it smooth, or even, after the ploughing and sowing thereof. (TA.) = Also, (S, A,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) ! He made him to escape; or to be, or become, or get, clear, quit, free, or at liberty; من الأمر from the thing, or affair; (S, K;) and مِنْ يَدِ غَيْره from the hand of another.

> 4: see 1. _ غَاتُك مُ The wool of thy sheep, or ewe, fell off: (K:) from Ibn-'Abbad. (TA.)

> 5. تملّس: see مُلُسَ = It (a smooth thing) slipped forth from the hand [&c.]. (Har, p. 119.) _ And hence, (Har, ubi supra,) ! He escaped ; got away; or was, or became, or got, clear, quit, free, or at liberty; (S,* M, A, Msb,* K,) as also اَمْلُسُ * (Ṣ, A, K,) and إمْلُسُ *, of the measure إِنْفَعَلَ or rather إِنْفَعَلَ and ; (K;) من الأمر from the thing or affair; (S, A, TA;) and من يدى from my hand. (A.) _ He recovered from † تملّس من الشّرَاب [Hence,] the rine. (AHn, M.)

مَلْسُ and الْمُلْسِ: see مُلْسُ: = and المُلْسِ and

8: see 5. = أُمْتُلَسَ بِصَرُهُ # His sight was suddenly taken array. (M, A, K.)

9 : see مُلْسَ

11: see مَلْسَ: = and 5.

مُلْسُ: see أَمُلُسُ. — Also, مُلْسُ, (A, Ķ,) or (Ş, M,) The confusedness of the darkness مُكُسُّن (S, M, A, K:) or it is after the ale, (M,) or is the first, or commence ملث: (TA:) the ملث ment, of the blackness of the west; and the the time of the last and comes; then the becomes confounded with the one, and the one is not distinguished from the other. (IAar.) مَلْسُ الظّلام You say, مَلْسُ الظّلام (Ş, M,) or أَتُيتُهُ مَلَسَ الظُّلَام , (TA,) I came to him when the darkness had become confused; (S, TA;) when the night had become confused with the earth. (TA.) The word is used adverbially and otherwise. (M.) .مُلَسَ الظَّلَامُ See

مُنْسُ see امْليسْ, in two places : = and مُنْسُ

: see امْلِيسْ: A she-camel that escapes and goes away so quickly that nothing attaches, or clings, to her: (S:) or quick, or swift, in the utmost degree: (Z, K:) or quick, or swift; as also * مَدُوسٌ: (M:) or the latter signifies a she-camel excellent, or good, in the pare termed so I render معنّاق, [so I render عَنَق,] that outstrips, and is seen to be first among the camels in the place of pasturage and the matering-place and every journeying. (AZ, K.) _ Also, + A man who will not remain firm to a compact, covenant, engagement, or promise; like as the smooth thing will not remain firm. (M.) It is said in a proverb, (El-Ahmar, M,) alluding to dislike, or hatred, of faults or the like, (El-Ahmar, TA,) He who will not remain firm + المُلْسَى لَا عَهِدُ لَهُ to a compact, &c., for him there is no compact, &c.]; (El-Ahmar, M;) meaning, that he has got out of the affair in safety, there being nothing due to him, nor anything to be demanded of him. (El-Ahmar, TA.) [But see what here follows.] _ It is said in a proverb, applied to him in whose fidelity one does not trust, (TA,) المُنسى (Az, L, Msb, زُو الهَلْسَى meaning إِلَّا عُهْدَةً لَهُ TA;) i.e., + He who steals a commodity, and sells it for less than its price, and escapes immediately and hides himself, so that if he who has a just claim to it come, he finds his property in the hand of him who purchased it, he takes it, and the price which the thief gained goes for nought, and the purchaser cannot return to him to recover the price: (Az, TA:) or it means, + he mho goes away privily, gets out of the affair in safety, there being nothing due to him, nor anything to be demanded of him : or الهلسي means, a + man's selling a commodity which he has stolen, and abating the price, and then absenting himself; so that when it is plucked from the hand of the mirchaser, he cannot sue the seller as responsible for the loss thereof: (Msb:) or I the sale to which attaches no claim upon the seller for having acted unjustly: (A, TA:) or + the selling a thing without making one's self responsible for any loss or the like that may be occasioned by it. (TA.) One says, also, in selling, مَلْتَى لَا عَبْدَة , meaning, that he has escaped from the affair, or become quit of it; that there is nothing due to him, nor