j: you say, أَرَيْدُ وَعَبْرُ , using وَ as a conjunction; rather than وَعَبْرُ and وَرُيْدُ الله وَالله و

generally means Alas! see وَا حَرِبًا , and the last verse voce وَا زَيْدُاهُ \_\_. حَتَّى Alas, Zeyd! \_\_ وَا زَيْدُاهُ \_\_. مَا مَا وَا دَخُراهُ مَا مِهُ مِلَا مُعَلَّمُ , and وَا دَخُراهُ , and وَا دَخُراهُ , and مَا نَتْنَاهُ , Alas, stench! meaning Alas, what an abominable thing! See

i.

- 1. The verse of Lebeed,
- تَسْلُبُ النَّانِسَ لَمْ يُوأَرُّ بِهَا
- شُعْبَةَ السَّاقِ إِذَا الظِّلُّ عَفَلْ

means She carries off from the gazelle entering his covert, he not being frightened by her, the branch of the trunk of the tree above him, when the shade contracts, or decreases, or goes away, at midday: he is describing his swift shecamel.

10. اسْتَوْعَرُ He hasted in the darkness; as also اسْتَوْعَرُ (K, art. أور).)

. 11

1 رَأَنُ : see رَأَل , in art. اول, in two places.

and preceding another. See art. اَوَائُلُ السَّورِ الْوَلِي السَّورِ الْوَلِي السَّورِ الْوَلِي السَّورِ الْوَائُلُ السَّورِ الْوَائُلُ السَّورِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

وأمر

3. See art. i.

وَكَامُ The being mutually near; mutually agreeing. (T, voce تُوْمُو.)

. تأمر .The herb so called : see art التَّوْءَمَانِ

وأي

1. وَعُدُ as syn. with وَعُدُ ; imperative وَاعَى , with the o of silence added; fem. corroborated form of the imperative إِنَّ ; of which last, see a curious ex. in the end of article عُرُفُ الرَّلِفِ, in the Mughnee.

وبر

1. وَبَرْتِ النَّحْلَةُ [The palm-tree was fecundated:] i.q. أَبْرَتْ L, art. أبر .) See art. أبر

4. رُوْس عَلَى مَّى أُوْبَرُوا عَلَى شَيْء , q.v. (TA, art. وصبوا عليه .)

َهُ مُورُورَةٌ نَخْلَةٌ مُوبُورَةٌ . q. مُأْبُورَةٌ . (Aboo-'Amr Ibn-El-'Alà, l. c.)

وبش

A whiteness on the nails : see وَيْشُ

وبل

1. وَبُلُ He (a horse) ran vehemently: see an ex. in a verse cited voce .c., in art. .c.

وَبُلُ Violent rain, consisting of large drops; as also \* وَابِلُ (K;) a heavy rain.

أِبَالَةُ see اللهُ إِبَالَةُ

. أَبَلَةُ see وَبَلَةً

آر An evil result. (Msb.)

. إِبَالَةُ see : وَبِيلَةُ

. وَبُلُ see : وَابِلُ

cavity] of the scapula: and the portion of flesh [or muscle] of the scapula. (IAar, T.) See مُرْدَغَة, and also ضَدَف; and more particularly

وبه

مَا أَبَهْتُ له see : وَبَهْتُ and وَبَهْتُ لَهُ 1.

وبي

. وبثَّت see : وَبِيتِ الأَرْضُ and وَبُوتِ الأَرْضُ 1.

. وبأ عدد: مَاءُ لَا يُوبي .

وتر

The vein (عَرْقَ [meaning the frenum]) that is in the inner side (باطن) of the glans of the penis. (S, K, and Zj, in his "Khalk ellnsán.")

. ثَأْرِ see voce : مُوتُور

تن

[The aorta: or the aorta descendens:] a certain vein [or artery] adhering to the inner