ببر, and شغبهر,] aor. as above, (Ş, K,) inf. n. (Ṣ, TA ;) but this latter form of the verb, with kesr, is of weak authority; (S,* TA;) [whence it seems that * is correct as inf. n. of but disallowed by some who knew not this, شُغبُ form of the verb;] He excited, or stirred up, (S, A, Msb, K, TA,) [against them, or] among them, (Mab,) evil, or mischief, (S, A, Mab, K, TA,) and conflict, faction, sedition, or discord, and contention, or altercation, and opposition : (TA:) and [it is said that] تَشْغِيبُ is like شُغْبُ signifying the exciting, or stirring up, evil, &c.; (K, TA;) [but] stirred up, evil, &c., much, or often. (O.) A trad. mentioned in [the first paragraph of] art. نعب is مَا هَذِهِ الفُتْيَا الَّتِي شَغَبَتْ : quoted by IAth thus What is this judicial decision which في النَّاس has excited evil, &c., among the people?]. (TA.) _[See also غُغُبُ below.] _ The saying of 'Amr Ibn-Kamecah,

means \$ And if thou oppose, or contravene, me, and do that which is not agreeable to me, [know that opposition, &c., is a natural disposition of mine; عَلَىّ being understood after تشغبى, as appears from what here follows.] (TA. [See also 3, and 6.]) Accord. to El-Bahilee, ذَاتَ شُغْبِ [applied to a she-ass] means \$ Having the quality of opposing or contravening [the male]: so in the saying of El-'Ajjáj,

! [As though beneath me were a she-ass] such as opposes or contravenes [the male], long-bodied, long-necked, [that would not bear in her womb aught save a fartus imperfectly formed;] meaning, عَلَيْه وَتَشْغَبُ عَلَيْه [i. c. that she (the beast that he was riding) would not comply with his desire, and was contravening him]. (TA.) [Accord. to J,] ذَاتُ شَغْبِ وَضِغْنِ [, in the TA and so in a copy of the A, an evident mistranscription,] applied to a she-ass that has not conceived during a year or two years or some years, means ! Refractory, or incompliant, to the strong, or bulky, male. (S: there expl. by the which إِذَا وَحَمَتُ وَٱسْتَصْعَبَتْ عَلَى الجَأْبِ which have been misunderstood by Golius, and rendered by him, and by Freytag after him, as applied to a woman, and meaning respuens maris congressum, aut pica laborans].) _ And _ ... signifies also + He declined, or deviated, from the right way or course: (Sh, TA:) or شُغُبُ عَنِ , (TA,) + He الطّريق, (TA,) + He declined, or deviated, from the road or way. (K.)

2: see 1, end of the first sentence.

and مُشَاغَبَة , (Ş, A, K, TA,) inf. n. شَاغَبة and , (TA,) He acted with him in an evil manner; treated him with enmity, or hostility; contended in altercation with him; or did evil to him, obliging him to do the like in return: (A,

6. إِنْ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ كُذًا فَتَشَاغَبُ وَأَمْتَنَعَ £ اللَّهُ وَأَمْتَنَعَ عَنْهُ وَأَمْتَنَعَ عَن or demanded, of him such a thing, and he manifested incompliance (تَعَاضي), and refused. (A,

inf. n. of شُغُبُ [q. v. passim]. (Ş,* A,* K, TA.) _ Also Clamour, or a confusion of cries or shouts or noises: (Ham p. 505:) or much clamour and confused or indistinct speech, leading, or conducing, to evil, or mischief. (Har p. 311.) One says عُغْبُ الْجِنْد [The clamour, &c., of the army]. (S, and Ham ubi suprà.) __ [Hence, app., this word, or the next, is used by some postclassical writers as signifying The plaintive cry of the بلبل. (See De Sacy's Chrest. Ar., sec. ed., iii. 500-502.)1

inf. n. of شَغَبُ [q. v.]. (Ṣ, TA.)

(S, O, K, TA, [in the CK, erroneously, (, أَشِغُابُ \$, (O,) and \$ رَضَيْفُ, (Ş, O, K,) the latter in an intensive sense, (TA,) and المفتُّ بشغتُ بالله المادة (O, K,) [also in an intensive sense,] and ♦ مشغب (S, O, K,) [likewise] in an intensive sense, (O,) and أمشغب, [also in an intensive sense accord. to the explanation of its verb in the O,] (S,) and , (K,) One who excites, رُو مَشَاغِبٌ أ and مُشَاغِبٍ أ or stirs up, evil, or mischief, (S,* K, TA,) and conflict, faction, sedition, or discord, and contention, or altercation, and opposition. (TA.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

A she-camel نَاقَةُ شَغَّابَةً ... شَغَبُ sec ثُغَّابُ that does not pursue a direct course, but deviates [therefrom]. (A, TA.)

* غَلَانْ مشْغَبْ _ . شَغْبُ + Such a فَكُنْ مشْغَبْ one is a person who deviates from what is right, or from the truth. (O, TA.)

1. The inf. n. شُغْر, accord. to Ibn-Nubatch, primarily signifies The raising the leg or hind leg, without restriction; and then by a metaphorical usage, the doing so for the purpose of copulation, and for making water: but the explanations of J [and of Z in the A] and of Fei and of F are at variance with his assertion. (MF.) [Accord. to these authorities,] شُغُر, (S, A, Msb, K,) aor. 4, (S, Msb, K,) inf. n. as above, (Msb, TA,) signifies He (a dog) raised one of his hind legs (S, A, Msb, K) to make water, (S, Msb,) or and made water, or whether he made water or did not: (A, K:) and شُغَرُ برجله he (a dog) raised his hind leg, and made water. (TA.) And شُغَرَتُ She (a camel) raised her hind leg, and struck [with it, or kicked,] the young one. (A.) And, said of a woman, (Msb, K,) She raised her leg, (Msb, and so in some copies of the K,) or her legs, (so in other K, TA:) he opposed, or contravened, him. (TA.) copies of the K,) for the purpose of copulation.

(Msb, K.) And the verb is also trans.: you say, K, [but this, (K, [but this, n. شُغُور , (K, [but this is a strange form in the case of a trans. verb,]) He raised the woman's leg, (Msb, and so in some copies of the K,) or legs, (IDrd, O, and so in some copies of the K,) for the purpose of copulation; and so اشغرها ال (IDrd, O, Msb, K.) as the act of a stallion [camel] signifies ثُغُرُ as His striking with his head beneath the she-camel, at the part next the udder, and so raising her, and throwing her down [app. for the purpose of شَغَرَتَ بِرِجَلِي فِي الغَرِيبِ ... (K.) ... means + I overcame the people in guarding, or protecting, the stranger. (AA, O, K.) _ And signifies also + The being distant, or remote. (Fr, K.) One says, شُغُرُ البَلَدُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) aor. ², inf. n. مُغُور, (Msb, [accord. to the K, app., شَغْر,]) + The country, or town, was, or became, remote from him who should aid it against the enemy, and him who should exercise sovereign sway, (K, TA,) and from him who should manage its affairs with prudence, precaution, or sound judgment: (TA:) or destitute of a guardian, or protector, to defend it: (Msb:) or destitute of people: [and so, app., شغر البلد برجله; for it is immediately added,] one says meaning as expl. below : (\$:) and شُغَرَت الأرض the land had not remaining in it any one to defend it, and to manage its affairs with prudence, precaution, or sound judgment. (K.) = Also, i. e. مُغْر, The making [another, or others,] to go forth [from a place]. (K.) One says, شَغْرَتُهُ عَنِ الأَرْضِ I made him to go forth from the land : (AA, TA:) and شَغَرْتُ بَنِي فُلَانٍ I made the sons of such a one to go forth from such a place: (S:) or شَغُرُوا فُلَانًا They drove away, expelled, or banished. such a one from his country, or town; and the inf. n. is شُغُرُ and أ. (TA.) _ And i. q. تَغُرُقة . [The act of scattering, or dispersing]. (K.)

3. شغار (Mgh, Msh, K,) inf. n. شغار, (S, A, Mgh, Mab, K,) He gave him in marriage a woman on the condition of his giving him in marriage another, without dowry [from either]; concubitus with each of the said women being [in lieu of] the dowry for the other: or it applies peculiarly to female relations [of the men so contracting]; (K;) so that the meaning is only he gave him in marriage his female relation on the condition of his doing the like to him: (TA:) or he gave him in marriage a female under his guardianship, the other man doing to him the like, on the condition that concubitus with each one of the said females should be [in lieu of] the dowry for the other: (Mgh, Msb:) or he gave him in marriage his sister on the condition of receiving in marriage the other's sister, without any dowry beside this: (A:) or he said to him, Give me in marriage thy daughter, or thy sister, on the condition of my giving thee in marriage my daughter, or my sister, concubitus with each one of the said females being [in lieu of] the was شغار of the other. (S.) The practice of common in the Time of Ignorance, (Msb.) but is