from thy hand, or hands, and cast it upon the earth, or dust]. (S. [There said to be from the ارغم ,phrase here next following.]) You say also, ارغم IIe, (i. e. God, JK, S,) or it, (i. e. abasement, or humility, or submissiveness, K,\* TA,\*) made his nose to cleave to the ,i.e. earth, or dust; (JK, S, TA;) [or may He (i. e. God) make his nose to cleave to the earth, or dust; ] and vis signifies the same [app. in this (the proper) sense, as well as in that next following]. (Mgh, TA.) \_ And [hence] the former of these two phrases means ! He (i. e. God, Msb) abased him, humbled him, or rendered him submissive, (Msb, TA,) against his will; (TA;) [or may He abase him, &c.;] and so the latter of the same two phrases: and the former, + He angered him; likewise said of God; (Ham p. 551;) and so alone; (K, TA;) like ارغمه (TA;) or both signify the did evil to him, and angered him : (TA in art. عنم and أرْغير + He mas abased, or humbled, or rendered submissive: (Ham p. 617:) and رَغُمُ اللهُ بِهِ الْأُنُوفَ, inf. n. رغم, † God abased, or may God abase, the noscs by means of him, or it. (Har p. 369.) [ \* , also, signifies + He abased him, humbled him, or مَذَا تَرْغِيمِ \* لَهُ [,rendered him submissive: you say + This is an abasing, or a humbling, to him: (Mṣb:) and تُرْفيعًا ♥ للشَّيْطَان (occurring in a trad., TA) means + For the abasing, or humbling, of the devil. (Mgh.) \_ And ارغمه + He urged him, or made him, to do that from which he was not able to hold back, or that which he could not refuse to do, or that which he could not resist doing. (JK, TA, and Ham p. 97, from Kh.) \_\_ See also 3.

5. ترغير + He became angered, or angry, (S, K TA,) with speech, and otherwise: (TA:) and sometimes it occurs with j [i.e. تزغّر]. (Ş, TA.) Hence the saying of El-Hotei-ah, [app. describing a she-camel,]

[Thou seest between her two jaws, when she is angered, foam like the web of the spider stretched out]. (TA.) = See also 1.

and مُغْمِرٌ and مُغْمِرٌ are inf. ns. of مُغْمِرٌ and مُغْمِرٌ and مُغْمِرٌ and مُغْمِدٌ and مُغْمِدُ said of the nose; and with; (S;) as is also مُرْغُمْ (TA.) One says to another, [by way of imprecation,] رُغُمًا [for May thy nose cleave fast to the earth, or dust; meant to be understood in the proper sense, or in a tropical sense explained by what follows]; (JK, M, K;) and [sometimes] is added, (M,) which is an imitative sequent and لأَنْفه الرَّغْمُ And (دغم . K in art) . رَغْمًا to May cleaving to the earth, or dust, befall his nose; which may likewise be meant to be understood properly, or tropically]. (TA.) \_\_ [Hence,] the first also signifies, (IAar, K, TA,) and so the second, (Mgh,) and مُرْغُمَةُ also, (TA,) ! Abasement. (IAar, Mgh, K, TA.) The 

sent for abasement to the believers in a plurality of gods, [or] by reason of dislike or disapproval [of their state; agreeably with the explanation next following]. (TA.) \_\_ رُغُورُ and أُونُونُ (K, TA) مُرْغُونُ (K, TA) also signify ! Dislike, disapproval, or hatred. or رُغُمًا ♦ or فَعَلَهُ رُغُمًا و or وَعُمَّا وَعُمَّا وَعُمَّا وَعُمَّا وَعُمَّا وَاللَّهُ وَعُمَّا على (TA,) and عَلَى رَغْمِ (TA,) and رغْمًا \* على رَغْمِ أَنْفه TA,) and على الرَّغْمِ منْهُ and رُغْمِه ,على الرَّغْير منْ أَنْفه Meb,) and رُغْم أَنْفه (S,) i. c. \$ [He did it against his wish; in spite of him; or] notwithstanding his dislike, or disapproval, or hatred. (Mab, TA.) \_\_ جَنَّى يَخْرُجُ in the TA without the vowel, الرَّغُيرُ or , [or منْهُ الرَّغُيرُ sign,] occurring in a trad., means + In order that he may become humble and abased, and the pride of the Devil may go forth from him. (Mgh, TA.) \_ See also رغام .

: see the next paragraph above, in six

زغر: see رغر, in three places.

A sheep, or goat, having upon the extremity of its nose a whiteness, (JK, K,) or a colour different from that of the rest of its body. (K.)

: see the next following paragraph.

غام Earth, or dust; (S, Msb, K;) as also زغر (IAar, K:) [or] soft earth or dust, (K, TA,) but not fine: (TA:) or fine earth or dust: (AA, TA:) or sand mixed with earth or dust: (K:) or sand such as does not flow from the hand: (As, TA:) or, as IB says on the authority of AA, sand that dazzles the sight; as also vhich latter, accord. to the K, is the name of a certain tract of sands. (TA.)

A thing that one desires, or secks; (JK, K;) as also أَمْغُمَةُ (TA:) so in the saying, مَرْغُمَةُ (TA) مَرْغُمَةُ (TA) إلى عنْدَهُ رُغُامَةً have a thing that I desire, or seek, to obtain from

مَرْغُمْ \* The nose; as also مُرْغُمْ and مُرْغُمْ (K,) of which the pl. is مُراغم : (TA:) or رُغَامي signifies the nose with what is around it: (IKoot, TA:) and in this sense also the pl. above mentioned is used; as in the saying, وطان مراغمك [ I will assuredly trample upon thy nose with the parts around it]. (TA.) - And The [appertenance called the] زيادة [q. v.] of the liver; as also زعامي; (S, K;) but the former is the more approved. (TA.) - And, (K,) some say, (S, TA,) [The bronchi, or the windpipe; i.e.] the tubes, (قصبة, S,) or the tube, (قصبة, K,) of the lungs. (S, K.) = Also A certain plant: a dial. var. of رخامی [q. v.]. (K.)

رَاغَمُ الأَنْف and هُوَ رَاغَمٌ ,see 1. You say : رَاغَمُّ [He has the nose cleaving to the dust: and hence,] the is abased, or humble, or submissive: and the its pl. :] you say, هُمْ رُغُمُ الأُنُوف. (Ḥar p. 369.) And داغم is used as an imitative sequent thereto. (K.) \_ Also + Angry. (TA.) \_ And + Disliking, disapproving, or hating. (TA.) - And + Fleeing. (TA.)

مُوْغَمُّم: see رُغُمُّم first sentence: = and see also مُواَغُمُّر and مُواَغُمُّر.

, first sentence رُغَامَى see مَرْغَمْ

in five places : = and see also يْغَامَةُ. = Also A certain game of the Arabs. (K.)

: see the next paragraph but one.

A woman who angers her husband. (K, TA.)

(JK, TA) مُتَرَغَّمْ (Ş, Mgh, K, TA) and مُرَاغَمْ and مُرْغُمُّرٌ, (JK,) thus accord. to one reading in the Kur iv. 101, (Ksh,) or مُرغُهُ (TA, [perhaps a mistranscription,]) + A road by the travelling of which one leaves, or separates himself from, his people, against their wish, or so as to displease them: (Ksh and Bd in iv. 101:) and a place to which one emigrates: (Zj and Ksh and Jel ibid.:) or a place to which one shifts, removes, or becomes transferred: (Bd ibid.:) or a way by which one goes or goes away: (Fr, JK, S, K:) and a place to which one flees; a place of refuge: (Fr, S, Mgh, K:) and i. q. مُضْطَرَبُ [meaning a place in which one goes to and fro seeking the means of subsistence : see art. ضرب]: (Fr, JK, S, K :) and a fortress, or fortified place; syn. حصن. (IAar, K.) It is said in the Kur, [iv. 101, of him who emigrates for the cause of God's religion], يَجِدُ He shall find in the فِي الأَرْضِ مُواغَمًا كَثِيرًا earth many a road &c.]. (S, TA.) And a poet

> إِلَى بُلَدِ غَيْرِ دَانِي المَحَلِّ بعيد الهُرَاغُم وَالمُضْطَرَبُ

[To a country not near in respect of the place of alighting, remote in respect of the road &c. and of the region in which people go to and fro seeking the means of subsistence]. (Zj, TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

1. رُغًا , (Ṣ, Mgh, K,) aor. يَرْغُو , (Ṣ,) said of a camel, (Ṣ, Mgh, K,) and of a hyena, and of an ostrich; (K;) or رُغُتُ , aor. يَرْغُو , said of a shecamel; (JK, Mab;) inf. n. رُغَاءٌ, (JK, S, Mgh, Msb,\* K,) with which أغية syn. [cither as an inf. n. or as a simple subst.]; (JK;) He grumbled, or uttered a grumbling cry; syn. خُنج; (Ş;) or uttered a cry, (Mgh, K,) and grumbled; syn. : (K:) or she uttered a cry [&c.]: (Msb:) so camels are wont to do when the loads are lifted upon them; and youthful camels do so much : (TA :) فاذ signifies the cry or crying [or grumbling, which is a kind of gurgling growl,] (S, Msb) of the camel [when he is being laden, and on some other occasions of discontent], (Msb,)