has an intensive signification. (Msb.) He separated what was good نَفْحَ ثَيْنًا \_ from what was bad of the thing. (Msb.)

2. إِنَّ عَرِي (Ş, K;) and انقاح , inf. n. انقاع ; (K;) † He trimmed, pruned, or put into a right or proper state, poetry, or verses. (Ṣ, Ķ.) \_\_ الكُلَامُ He scrutinized the language, and examined it well: or he put it to rights, or trimmed it, and removed its faults, or defects. (TA.) - See 1.

4: see 1 and 2.

5. مُحْمُر النَّاقَةِ (Ķ,) or مَحْمُر النَّاقَةِ, (Ş,) or شَحْمُ نَاقَتُه , (TA, &c.,) إِ His fat, (K,) or the fat of the she-camel, (S,) or the fat of his she-camel, (TA, &c.,) became little in quantity, or diminished, (S, K, &c.,) or partially went away. (A.)

8 : see 1.

The best of poetry إ خَيْرُ الشِّعْرِ الحَوْلِيِّ الْهُنَقَّحُ is that which is a year old, and trimmed, or pruned]. (S.)

1. نَقْنُغ , aor. ٤ , (Ş, L, K,) inf. n. نَقْنُغ (Ş, L) and نقاخ, (L,) He struck, smote, or beat. (K.) He struck his head with a staff, or sword, or some other hard thing: or he struck his head so that the brain came forth: (L:) or he broke his head so as to disclose the brain; as also نَقْنَ (S, L.) نَقْنَ He broke his انتقخ † L) and أنقَنُع (L) and انتقخ † (L, K) He extracted marrow (L, K) from a bone. (L.) \_\_ بَعْرُده \_\_ + It (sweet water) broke, [or abated, or allayed,] thirst, by its coolness, or coldness. (L, from a trad.)

## 8: see 1.

Sweet nater; that has no saltness; (AO, Th, Ş;) that strikes ( يَنْقَنْ ) the heart (or almost does so, L) by its coldness: (S:) or cold, or cool, and sweet, and clear, water: (K:) or sweet water, that breaks [or abates or allays] (ينقنع, i. e. بكسر,) thirst by its coolness, or coldness: (L, from a trad .: ) or abundant water which a man makes to well forth in a place where was no water. (ISh.) \_ Also, Pure, mere, unadulte-مَذَا نُقَاخُ العَربِيَّةِ \_ (T, K.) \_ (Fr) I This is pure Arabic; or the purest, choicest, best, or most excellent, of Arabic. (Fr, A.) \_ Also نقاخ Sleep in health and safety. (Abu-l-Abbás, K.)

1. نَقَدَ الدَّرَاهُمَ (Ş, A, L, Mşb) aor. -, (L, Mşb,) inf. n. نَقْدُ (L, Mşb, K) and نَقْدُ (L, ; تنقدها ♦ (S, L, Mgb, K) and انتقدها ♦ K;) and (L, K;) He picked, or separated, the money, or pieces of money, (Lth, L, K,) and put forth the bad; (S, L, K;) he picked, or separated, the good money from the bad: (A:) he examined the money, or pieces of money, to pick, or separate, the good from the bad: (Msb:) and the verbs are used in the same sense with respect to other things than pieces of money. (K.) \_ [نقد], aor. -, inf. n. , q. v. infra, He gave cash, or ready money ; paid in cash, or ready money. Often used in this ; نَقُدُ , aor. 4, inf. n. نَقَدُهُ الثَّمَنَ \_ (sense. He gave him the price in cash, or ready money: (L:) or simply he gave him the price; as also and , نَقَدَهُ الدَّرَاهِمَ A:) and : نَقَدَ لَهُ الثَّهَنَ he gave him the money, or pieces, نَقَدُ لَهُ الدَّرَاهِمَ of money. (S, L, Msb.) - [Hence, from the first meaning,] , نَقَدُ الكَلاَم [and so He picked out the faults of the language, [and of the poetry ;] syn. نَاقَشُهُ (TA.) \_ انْتَقَدُ \* He picked out the faults of! الشعر على قائله the poetry and urged them against its author.] (A.) ... , aor. '. , (L,) , نَقَدُهُ بِنَظُرِهِ ... (A.) inf. n. نقد (L, K) ! He looked furtively at, or towards it : (L, K : \*) and so نقده بعينه : (L :) he continued looking furtively نقد بعينه اليه at, or towards, it : you say also, ما زال بصره his gaze ceased not to be fur- يَنْقُدُ إِلَى ذَلكَ tively directed at, or towards, that]: as though likened to the look of a man picking, or separating, what is good from what is bad: (A:) he ceased not مَا زَالَ يَنْقُدُ بَصَرَهُ إِلَى الشَّيِّءِ and to look at, or towards, the thing. (S, L.) = نَقَدُ (Ṣ, L,) [aor. :,] inf. n. نَقَدْ; (Ṣ, L, Ķ;) and, as some say, نَقَدُ ; (S, L;) It (a tooth, S, L, K, and a horn, T, L, and a hoof of a horse or the like, L,) became eroded, (T, S, L, K,) and much broken: (L, K:) and it (the hoof of a horse or the like) scaled off, part after part: (S, L:) it (the trunk of a tree) became wormeaten. (L.)

3. ناقده He reckoned with him to the utmost, syn. فِي أَمْرِ (S, A, L, K,) نَاقَشُهُ in, or respecting, an affair, (S, L,) [ picking out his faults].

4. انقد It (a tree) put forth its leaves. (L, K.)

5 : see 1.

(a worm) ate the trunk of a tree, and rendered it hollow. (L.) = He (a boy) grew up into manhood. (K.)

[properly an inf. n. used in the sense of a pass. part. n., and thus signifying "paid," Cash, or ready money: or simply money]. You say [Good cash, or ready money : or good نقد جيد signifies النَّقْدَان (A.) .نُقُودُ جِيَادُ signifies Silver and gold money; dirhems and deenars. (TA in art. نَقْدُ \_ Payment in cash, or ready money; contr. of : نَسْيُعُةُ (L, K:) the giving of نَقُد [i. e., cash, or ready money] : (K:) [an inf. n. : see 1]. \_\_ الدّرهُم نَقْدُ \_\_ . The piece of money is of full weight, (S, L, K,\*) and good. (Ş, L.) \_ هٰذه مائةٌ نَقْدُ النَّاسِ \_ [This is a hundred, ready money of the people] is a phrase used by the Arabs, in which J is meant to be understood [before النَّاس: i.e. النَّاس is for : مائة for نَقْدُ as an epithet of نَقْدُ a نقد making ,نَقْدَ الناس you may also say denotative of state; but] the epithetic mode of construction is that which prevails in this case. (Sb, L.) \_\_ نَقْدُ \_\_ The saying of the poet,

## لَتُنْتَحَنُّ وَلَدًا أَوْ نَقْدَا

means She will certainly bring forth a she-camel, which shall be a permanent acquisition for breeding, or a male, which shall be sold: for they seldom kept the male camels. (Th, L.)

, نُقُدُ † K) and ) نُقُدُ † Lḥ, L, K̩,) and ) نُقُدُ (Lh, Az, L,) the form most frequently heard by Az from the Arabs, (L,) or بنقد ال , (K,) [coll. gen. n.] A certain kind of tree, (Lh, L, K,) accord. to AA, of the description termed accord. having a blossom resembling the بهرمان, i. e., the or bastard-saffron]; (AḤn, L;) its blossom is yellow, and it grows in plain, or soft, grounds: (Az, L:) n. un. with ة; (K;) نَقْدَةُ (Lh, L) نُقُدُة (TA) and نُقُدُة (Lh, L) and نُقُدُةً (TA.) \_ Also أنقَدُةً (L,) or [or caraway] كَرُوْيَاء (IAar, L, K,) The بنقْدَة ا . نَقَدْ IAar, L, K.) \_ See

. نَقَدُ see : نَقُدُ

[a coll. gen. n.] A kind of sheep, of ugly form; (K;) a kind of sheep of El-Bahreyn, having short legs and ugly faces: (S, L:) or a kind of small sheep of El-Hijaz: (L:) or, simply, lambs: (A, L:) [see an ex. in a prov. cited voce شَامَ in art. شير:] n. un. with ة: (Ş, L:) applied alike to the male and female: (L:) pl. 8. نقَادَةُ He received the money, or نقَادةُ, and [quasi-pl. n.] انتقد الدّراهم. (L, K.) As says, pieces of money; (Lth, S, L, Msb, K;) and that the best of wool is that of نَقُد And one the price. (A.) \_ See 1. = انسقد It says, أَذَلُ مِنَ النَّقَدِ [More abject, or vile, than