as in the TA,) by reason of anger. (K.) -نَفُتُ, (aor. - , L,) inf. n. نَفُتُ, It (flour or the like) had water poured upon it, and swelled, or became inflated, (تَنفُخ) in consequence. (L, K.) 6 : see 1.

A cooking-pot throwing forth what resembles arrows, by reason of [its vehement] boiling : &c. (S, L.)

A certain kind of food, thicher than what is called مُريقَةً ; (K;) i.q. عُريقةً ; made by sprinkling flour upon water or milk, (fresh milk, L,) until it becomes swollen or inflated, (يَنْفت) (S, L,) when it is supped, or sipped (يتحسى); (L;) it is thicker than نسخينة; the master of a family uses it plentifully for his household in times of scarcity: (S, L:) they only eat نفيتة and سخينة in a time of straitness, and dearness, and leanness of the cattle : Az says, in art. سخينة ,حذرق is flour thrown upon water or milk, and cooked, and then caten with dates or [here a word in the L is illegible; after which we read] and it is [what is called] مساء; and it and حَريقَةٌ and نَفيتَةٌ and: سَخُونَةٌ and are a kind of حسا, between thick and thin. (L.) [See also خزير, and خريقة , and

1. نَفْتُ , aor. - and ، inf. n. نَفْتُ (S, K) and نَفْتَانْ, (TA,) [He puffed; or blew, without spitting: or he sputtered, or blew forth a little spittle in minute scattered particles: or] he spat: or he [did as though he] spat without ejecting spittle: and نَفَتُ في العُقْدَة significs he spat, ejecting a little spittle, upon the knot, in enchantment: (Msb:) or النَّفْخُ is like النَّفْخُ, or blowing, and less than التَّفْل, or spitting, or ejecting spittle from the mouth: (S, K:) or like blowing, with [the emission of] spittle: (Keshsháf;) or like blowing, as done in enchantment, without spittle: the action, if accompanied by spittle, being termed التفل: this is the most correct explanation: ('Inayeh:) or gentle blowing without spittle: (וענטון:) or more than blowing; or like blowing; but less than spitting: sometimes without spittle, thus differing from التفل; and sometimes with a little spittle, thus differing from or the emitting wind from the mouth, together with a little spittle. (MF.) _ يُر بدُ He mho has a disease in his اللَّهَصْدُورِ أَنْ يَنْفَثَ chest must spit]. A proverb. (S.) _ بنفته من فيه _ aor. -, inf. n. نَفْتُ, He ejected it from his نَفَتُ اللهُ الشَّيْءِ فِي [Hence,] فَفَتُ اللهُ الشَّيْءِ فِي God cast, or put, the thing into the القلب heart. (Mab) _ نُغِثَ فِي رُوعِي كَذَا _ Such a thing was inspired, or put, into my mind. (A.) (S, K, Jel.) [See a verse cited voce عاضه]

He (the Holy Spirit نَفَتُ فِي رُوعي -[Gabriel]) inspired, or cast, or put, into my mind, or heart. (Nh, from a trad.) - [You say,] [If such a one blew.] لَوْ نَفَتُ عَلَيْكَ فَلَانْ قَطْرِكَ or spat, upon thee, he would throw thee down upon thy side.]. Said to one who tries his strength نَفَتُ عَلَى __ (A.) with one superior to him. as though meaning He blew at me by غَضَبًا reason of the violence of his anger. (L.) [See also الْحَيَّةُ تَنْفَثُ السَّرَّ إِذَا نَكَرَتُ _ [The scrpent ejects venom from its mouth when it inflicts a wound with its nose]. (S.) _ نَفْتُ It (a wound) emitted blood. (TA.) _ [From the hlowing or spitting upon the knots :] نفشه, inf. n. , IIe enchanted him. (Msh.) __ ,نَفَتُ القِدْرِ __ aor. -, inf. n. نُفِتُ and نُفِينُ, The cooking-pot boiled : or, boiled, and threw forth what resembled arrows, by reason of the vehemence of its boiling. (Msb.) [See also نَفَتُت.] It is when it begins to boil. (TA.)

الشَّيْطَانِ Poetry: (K, from a trad .:) called نفث because it is like a thing which a man spits, or blows, (پَنْفْتُ) from his mouth, like incantation. (A'Obeyd.) ___ زَا مِنْ نَفَتَاتِ This is of the poetry of such a one. (TA.) Blood emitted by a wound (S, K) or

A plain land that produces مثنَّاتٌ كَأَنَّهَا نُفَاتُ many plants, or herbs, or much herbage,] as though blowing forth, or spitting forth, the plants, or herbs. (L, from a trad.) [The correctness of نَفَاتُ is questioned by El-Khattabee. May it not be a mistake for عُنَاتُ ?]

vein. (TA.)

What one blows, or spits, (يُنْفُثُ) from his mouth. (S.) - What a person having a disease in his chest blows forth or spits out, (K.) _ What remains in one's mouth, of a سَوَاك , or tooth-stick, and is spit out : (Ş:) a particle broken off (شُظية : so in the L &c. : in the K, سواك from a سواك, or tooth-stick, remaining in the mouth, and spit out. (L, K.) One says, مُثَلِّنُهِ نَفَاثَةَ سَوَاكَ مَا أَعْطَيْتُهُ 1f he ashed me for a particle of a tooth-stick, remaining in my mouth, I would not give him (it). (S.)

and نَفِيتُة A certain kind of food, (See نَفِيتُة (.وَطيُّحَة

An enchanter ; one who is in the habit of enchanting: fem. with ة. (Msb.) __ تَلْقَاتُاتَ [Kur, exiii. 4,] The women who blow, without spitting, saying something at the same time, upon the knots which they tie in a thread, or string: (Jel:) meaning the enchantresses.

Enchanting. (Msb.) A man enchanted. (A.)

1. نَفُوجُ ; (Msb;) نَفُوجُ ; (Msb;) and انتفج ; (TA;) It (a hare, S, K, or other animal, Msb) sprang up (S, K) from its hole; or leaped. (TA.) _ ; نَفَحَ (TA;) and أَنْفَجُ (Ṣ,) inf. n. إِنْفَاجُ ; (Mṣb;) and أَنْفَاجُ (TA;) He made a hare to spring up (S, &c.) from its hole; or to leap. (TA.) __ زُفُخ , aor. - and 4, inf. n. ; and † انتفج; It (a jerboa) ran : (M :) or slachened his run. (A.) _ نَفُخ , and أَنْفُخ , and بنفج , It (anything) rose; or became elevated, or exalted. (TA.) _ ; aor. -, inf. n. نفج, He made anything to rise; or to The chicken came forth from its egg. (Ṣ, Ķ.) __ نَفْحُ , (arr. -, inf. n. نَفْحُ , Ṣ,) It (a weinan's breast) heaved up her shift. (Ṣ, Ķ.) __ The wind came with force: (S, K :) or, suddenly. (TA.) __ , inf. n. , نفج , inf. n. He magnified, or made great, him, or it. (Mish, TA.) [And so,] انتفج الله became great. (TA.) __ ; نَفْعَ , aor. - , inf. n. ; نَفْعَ ; (Mşb;) and † تنفّج; (K;) He boasted; زتنفّج; (K;) of that which he did not possess, (Msb,) and which was not in him: (TA:) or, of more than he possessed. (K.)

4: see 1, and 10.

5: see 1, in two places.

8. انْتَفْجَا حُنْبًا البَعير The sides of the camel became elevated, (S, K,) [or bulging,] and great, naturally. (TA.) _ Hence the expression إِنْتَفَاجِ الأهلة † [The swelling out of the new moons], in a trad. respecting the signs [of the last day]. (TA.) __ See 1 throughout.

10. انفج ال (IAar, M) and استنفج (M,) He (a sportsman) drew forth a jerboa [&c. from its hole]. (M.) - Hence, (TA,) + He drew forth, and caused to appear, the anger of a person. (K.)

and المُغْجُةُ \$ [A boasting of that which one does not possess, or the like : see 1, and يُقْاجُ]. (A.) [See also نَفْتُهُ.]

A woman, (K,) and a man, (TA,) large in the buttochs: (K, TA:) or prominent therein. (TA in art. ____.)

A single leap of a hare from the place where it has been lying. In a trad., a sedition, or disturbance, is likened to this in regard of the shortness of its duration. (TA.)