حَنِقُ عود : مُحَنَقُ

Lean, or light of 'esh; or slender, and lean; or lean, and lank in the belly: (AHeyth, T, TA:) and so the pl. applied to camels: (S, K:) or the former, applied to an ass, (S,) or a camel, (ISd, TA,) lean, &c., as above, (S, ISd, TA,) in consequence of much covering, (S,) or from lust, or hunger: and so applied to horses; as though they imagined the sing. to be in the sing in

حنك

1. حَنْكَ الصَّبِيّ (Ş, Mşb, K,) aor. - and - , inf. n. غند ; (Mab;) and * منك, (8, Mab, K,) inf.n. تَحْنَيْك; (Mgh, Mab;) He chewed some dates, or some other thing (S, Mgh, Msb, K) of a similar kind, (Mab,) and rubbed therewith the Lie [i. e. palate, or soft palate,] of the child. (S, Mgh, Mab, K.) _ And حَنْكُ الفَرْسَ, aor. as above, (S, K,) and so the inf. n., (S,) He put a rope in the mouth of the horse; (S, K;) held by ISd to be derived from الحنك, though it is said that this is not the case; (TA;) as also احتنكه ; (S, K;) which signifies accord. to Yoo he put a rope in his mouth and led him: and thus Ibn-'Arafeh explains the saying of Iblees, in the Kur [xvii. 64], أَرُّحْتَنِكُنَّ لَا زُرِيَّتُهُ إِلَّا قَلْيلًا إِلَّا قَلْيلًا , i. e. + I will assuredly lead to obey me his progeny, except a few. (TA. [But see 8.]) _ And [hence,] inf. n. عُنْكُ and السَّنْ, (K,) ! Age rendered him firm, or sound, in judgment, by means of experience: (TK:) or experiences rendered him firm, or sound, in judgment; (K, TA;) as also * مُنكنة (Zj, S, K,) inf. n. تُحنيك (TA;) and * منكته المنكته (Xj, S, K,) and احتكته ا: (K:) this is said to be the case when the wisdom-tooth (سِنُّ العَقْل) grows forth: and accord. to Lth, أَسْنَانُ العَقْلِ signifies his teeth called حَنَكَتُهُ السِّنَّ [the wisdom-teeth] grew forth. (TA.) And Affairs did to him what is done to the horse by putting the rope in his mouth; i.e., rendered him experienced and submissive: or trained, or disciplined, and reformed, or improved, him; as also taxia. (TA.) And axia Time, or fortune, tried, or proved, him, and taught him, and rendered him expert, or experienced, and well informed, or firm, or sound, in judgment. (IAar, TA.) - And مَنْكَ الشَّيْءَ (S, K,) inf. n. Lin, (TA,) # He understood the thing, and knew it soundly, thoroughly, or well; syn. فهمه وأحكمه ; (Ṣ, K, TA ;) like مقله, inf. n. (TA.) . لَقُفْ

2. مَنْكُ, inf. n. لَحْنَيْكُ, He rubbed his كَنْدُ [i.e. palate, or soft palate,] (K, TA) so as to make it bleed: (TA:) or he stuck a piece of

nood, or stick, into his (a beast's) upper die, or the extremity of a horn, so as to make it bleed; because of something happening therein. (Az, TA.) — See also 1, in three places. — Also He turned the piece of cloth [forming part of the grave-clothing] beneath his (a corpse's) die, i. e., the part beneath his chin. (Mgh.) [See also died.]

4: see 1. __ Also احنكه عن الأمر He turned him back, or away, from the affair. (K, TA.)

5. کَنَّتُ i. q. کَنَّتُ ; (Ṣ;) i. e. He turned [a portion of] the turban beneath his صَنَكَ [here meaning the part beneath his chin and lower jaw]. (Ṣ, Ķ.) = See also 8.

8. احتنك الجراد الأرض The locusts ate what was upon the land; (S, K, TA;) and consumed, or made an end of, its herbage: (S:) or gained the mastery over the land with the die [here meaning the mouth], and ate [the produce of] it, and extirpated it : (Er-Rághib, TA:) derived from الحنك, by which is sometimes meant "the mouth," and "the beak." ('Inayeh, MF.) And The camel pulled up by احتنك البَعيرُ الصَّلِّيانَةُ the roots the [plant called] صلّيانة. (Az, TA.) And احتنك النبت | for احتنك النبث + He cropped the herbage] is said of a young gazelle. (K voce , q. v.) And احتنكه + He took his (a man's) property; (ISd, K;) as though he ate it with the Lie. (ISd, TA.) And + He took it entirely; took the whole of it; namely, what another possessed. (ISd, TA.) And # He gained the mustery over him, or it; got him, or it, in his power. (K, TA.) Accord. to Akh, زُحْتَنَكُنْ ذُرِيَّتُه , in the Kur [xvii. 64, cited, and explained on the authority of Ibn-'Arafeh, above], means I mill assuredly extirpate his progeny; and I will assuredly incline them [to obey me]: (TA:) or, accord. to Fr, † I will assuredly gain the mastery over his progeny. (S, TA.*) - See also 1, in three places. = Also احتنك [and محنك , the latter found by Reiske in this sense, as mentioned in Freytag's Lex.,] | He (a man) was, or became, firm, or sound, in judgment, [by means of experience:] (S, TA:) or experienced and submissive, like the horse in whose mouth the rope has been put. (TA.)

10. استحنك + He (a man, TA) ate vehemently, (Sgh, K,) or strongly and vehemently, (T, TA,) after eating little, (Sgh, K,) or after eating feebly and little. (T, TA.) استحنكت العضاء + The [trees called] عضاء were, or became, pulled up by the roots. (K.)

: see مُنْكُة , in two places.

خُنْكَةُ see عَنْكُ.

The part beneath the chin [and lower jaw], (S, Mgh,) of a man &c.: (S:) or [the palate, or soft palate;] the interior of the upper part of the inside of the mouth, (K, TA,) of a man and of a beast: (TA:) and the lower part, from the extremity of the fore part of the two jaws, (K,) below these: (TA:) or the roof of the upper part of the mouth, (Zj in his "Khalk el-Insán," El-Ghooree, Mgh, TA,) from which depends the SU [or uvula]:

(Zj ubi suprà:) and also applied to the two jaws: (TA:) or, accord. to IAar, the die is the lower part of the mouth, [beneath the lower jaw,] and is the upper part : and the فقم are the upper and the lower: (Th, Az, Mgh, TA:) but is scarcely ever applied to the upper alone: [this art., however, shows instances in which it is thus applied :] (Az, TA:) it is masc.: (Msb:) pl. أَعْنَاكُ , (Mab, K,) which is its only pl. form. (TA.) Sometimes, [as is often the case in modern Arabic,] The mouth is meant thereby. ('Ináyeh. MF.) And The beak: (S, 'Inayeh:) حنك الغراب signifying the beak of the crow, or raven: or the blackness thereof: (K:) or the blackness of its feathers: (Er-Rághib, TA:) [whence the say-مِنْ حَنَكِ or إِأْسُودُ مِثْلُ حَنَكِ الغُرَابِ (\$,) or respecting which see الغُراب, (TA.) __ And A party of men seeking after herbage in a district, or country, to pasture [their animals] upon it: (K,TA:) pl. أَحْنَاكُ (TA.) You say, أ meaning : The parties , تَرَكَ الأُحْنَاكُ فِي أَرْضِنَا شَيْئًا of men passing [in search of herbage left not in our land anything]. (TA.)

also غنف: see غنف, in two places: and see also عنب . — Also + Intelligent; applied to a woman; (K;) and, as some say, with 5: (TA:) and to a man: (K:) so says Fr: (TA:) and pl. of منب , which signifies the same; (TA;) as does also منبوك . (IAar, TA.) — Eaters: applied to men, (TA.)

(Lth, S, K) and Lth, K,) or * عنك , (K,) and احنك , (Lth, TA,) ; Firmness, or soundness, of judgment, (S, K, TA,) produced by experience: (K, TA:) or age and experience, (Lth, TA,) and knowledge, or skill, in affairs: (TA:) or experience, and good judgment: (W p. 176:) or mature, sound, or right, judgment. and الحُنُك م and هُمْ أَهْلُ الحُنْك ب (MA.) They say, !They are people of age and experience [&c.]. (Lth, TA.) = Also the first, (S, K,) and مناك * (K,) [or] the latter is pl. of the former, (A'Obeyd, S,) [or is also pl. of the former,] A thong, (قَدُة). A'Obeyd, S, K, [in the CK, أَثُنَّةُ,]) or a piece of wood, (K,) which conjoins the [pieces of wood called] عراصيف, (so in two copies of the S,) or of the (K, TA, [in the CK, غراضيف,]) of the [saddle called] : so in the T. (TA.)

is bound : whenever it is pulled, it goes against, or hurts, his عَنْ [i. e., the part beneath the chin and lower jaw]. (TA.) — You say also عَنْ [or part beneath the chin and lower jaw], meaning He laid hold upon the عَنْ [or part beneath the chin and lower jaw], and the بَنْ [or part between the collar-bones], of his companion, and then dragged him to him. (TA.) — See also البحنة and see also

غنی † A man rendered firm, or sound, in judgment, by means of experience; (K, TA;) as also أَحْتُنُكُ أَمْ and أَحْتُنُكُ (K) and أَحْتُنُكُ (TA) and أَحْتُنُكُ , q. v.: (Fr, K:) or حُنْكُ أَدْ . e. either أَحْتُكُ أَمْ or أَمْتُكُ أَمْ , accord.