(S, M, K, TA,) which latter is a post-classical word, originally فلْجَانَة : or the as some say, is a small فيالجة, an arabicized word from the Pers. پياله ; which is also called ; (TA;) and this is the same as the فلجان. (TA (.طرجهارة voce)

Slender, lean, or lank, in the belly; (M, K;) applied to a man. (TA.) - See also Also A certain bird. (K.)

نسَلَق An even plain; (K, TA;) like سَمْلَقْ mentioned by J in art. سلق; or a desert in which is no herbage: or an even tract of land destitute signifies [deserts سَهَالَقُ signifies [deserts such as are termed] صحارى: or, accord. to El-Wahidee, far-extending, long land. (TA.) [See an ex. in a verse cited voce اُرْفَلَ: and another voce رياغ, in art. رياغ.] — [Hence,] + A woman that bears no offspring: likened to land that does not give growth to anything. (TA.) -+ A woman bad in sexual intercourse; as also with 5. (TA.) And the latter, † A woman that has no [or labia majora of the vulva]: (TA:) [or] a woman having no buttocks. (ISk, TA in art. رقع.) \_ And + A clamorous old woman: or, accord. to AA, one of evil disposition. (TA.)

A sheer, unmixed, [سُهَاقُ Sike] كَذَبْ سَهَلَّقُ lie. (TA.)

1. سُهِنَ, (S, M, L, Mab, K,) aor. -; (L, Mab, K;) and , aor. 2; (Msb;) inf. n. of the former سَهَانَة (S, M, L, K) and سَهَانَة, (M, L, K,) or the former is a simple subst. (Msb) [and the latter by rule inf. n. of the latter verb]; He was, or became, fat, or plump; (S, M, L;) or in the condition of having much flesh and fat: (Msb:) and السين has a like meaning [i. e. he mas, or hecame, fattened, rendered plump, or made to have much flesh and fat]. (S, L.\*) A poet says,

رُكْبُنَاهَا سَهَانَتُهَا فَلَهَّا بِدَتُ مِنْهَا السُّنَاسِنُ وَالضُّلُوعُ

(IAar, M, L,) meaning We rode her during her state of fatness, or plumpness, [but when the edges of her vertebræ, and the ribs, became apparent, . . .] (M, L.) \_ [Hence,] سُمِنَ البُرُّ , inf. n. ب + The wheat became full in the grain. (A in art. سهنه = (.صفر , (S, M, L, K,) aor. ، inf. n. (S, M, L,) He made it, [or prepared it,] namely, food, with سَهْن [q.v. infrà]; (M, L, K ;) as also مستنه م and استنه : (K :) or the first signifies, (S,) or signifies also, and so the second and third, (M, L,) he moistened it, and stirred it about, (S, M, L,) namely, food, (S, L,) or bread, (M, L,) with لهم (S, M, L,) for them. (S.) (M, K,) رسَمَنَ القُومَ (L,) or رسَمَنَ القُومَ (M, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (M,) He fed him, or the people, or party, with ..... (M, L, K.) \_

سهن. (L.)

2. مُنْهُ , (S, M, L, Msb, K,) inf. n. ; (K;) He, or it, rendered him fat, or plump; (S, M, L, K; ) or caused him to have much flesh and fat : (Msb :) and اسنه signifies the same. (M, L, Msb.) It is said in a prov., عَبْنُ كُلْبُكَ يَأْكُلُكُ [Fatten thy dog, and he will eat thee]. (S, L, Msb. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov., i. 609.]) \_\_\_ (S, M, L,) inf. n. as above, (S, L,) He furnished them with for travelling-provision, &c. (S, M, L.) See also 1, in two places. also signifies The act of cooling, (Ş, M, L, K,) in the dial. of Et-Táif (S, M, L) and El-Yemen. (S.) A fish was brought to El-Ḥajjáj, (S, M, L,) broiled, (L,) and he said to the cook, (S,) or to the man who brought it, (M, L,) (S, M, L,) meaning Cool it: (S:) the man who brought it knew not what he meant; so 'Ambeseh Ibn-Sa'eed said to him, He says to thee Cool it (M, L) a little. (L.)

4. اسمن He (a man, M, L) was fat, or plump, by nature. (M, L, K.) - He (a man, S, M, L) possessed a thing that was fat, or plump: (S, M, L, K:) or bought such: (M, L, K:) or gave such (S, M, L, K) to another. (S.) And اسمن القوم The people, or party, became in the state of those whose cattle had become fat, or plump. (M, L, K. \*) \_ Also He bought ... (L.) \_ And They became in the condition of having much ..... (M, L, K.) = اسهنه : see 2: \_\_ and see also 1, in three places.

also signifies + He prided himself in the abundance of his wealth, and collected it but did not expend it: (TA in art. La:) or he made a boast of abundance of goodness, or goods, which he did not possess; and laid claim to nobility that was not in him: or collected wealth for the purpose of attaining to the condition of the noble: or loved to indulge himself largely in eatables and drinkables that are the causes of fatness, or plumpness. (L.)

10. استسهنه He deemed, or rechoned, (S, L, Msh, K,) or he found, (M, L, K,) it, or him, (namely, a thing, M, L, and flesh-meat, L, or a man, K,) to be fat, or plump, (S, M, L, K,) or to have much flesh and fat: (Msb:) or he sought it, or demanded it, fut, or plump. (M, L.) - And They came seeking, or demanding, in the CK السَّمين i. e. that which was fat or plump] should be given to them. (S, M, L, K.\*)

of fresh سلاء . Clarified butter; ghee; i. e. سلاء butter, (M, L, K,) or of milk; (L;) it is of the cow, and sometimes of the goat: (S, L:) what comes forth, (Mgh,) or is made, (Msb,) [or clarified, by cooking it, or boiling it, sometimes with an admixture of سُوِيق (or meal of parched barley or wheat), or dates, or globules of gazelles' dung, (see قُشْدَة and قَشْدَة, and أَرْصَة, and أَرْصَة,)] from the milh of cores, and of goats, (Mgh, Msb,) or sheep : (Msb:) [n. un. with ة:] pl. [of mult.] سُهُنَانُ (Ş, M, L, Msb, K, in the CK [erroneously] (سهنان

and [of pauc.] أَسْهُنْ [. (M, L, K:) it مَوْمَلُةُ A small [cup of the kind called] مَوْمَلُةُ counteracts all poisons, clears away the filth from foul ulcers, matures all tumours, and removes the [discoloration and spots termed] خُلف and from the face, applied as a liniment. (K.) \_ سَمِنُ الْبِيدِ Decocted juice of the colocynth, or of its pulp, or seed ]. (TA voce , q. v.)

> Fatness, or plumpness; contr. of .; (M, L;) or the condition of having much flesh and fat. (Msb.) [See 1, first sentence.]

> , (M, L,) or Vais, with damm, (K,) A certain herb, (M, L, K,) having leaves, and slender twigs, and a white flower: said by AHn to be of the [kind called] ., (M, L,) which graves forth بنجوم الصيف [which may mean either by the influence of the stars of the season called i. c., of its rains, or with the herbs of that. season, in either case in spring or summer,] and is evergreen. (M, L, K.)

A medicine for fattening, or rendering plump: (M, L, K:) or a medicine by which women are fattened, or rendered plump. (T, S, L.) \_ See also ......

A certain sect of idolaters, who assert السَّهَنيَّةُ the doctrine of metempsychosis, and deny that knowledge comes from informations; (S, Mab;) a certain people, of the Indians, who hold that the duration of the present world is from eternity, or that it is everlasting, (M, L, K,) and assert the doctrine of metempsychosis: (K:) the word is said to be an irregular rel. n. from a town of India. (Msb.)

Fat, or plump; (S, M, L, K; ) contr. of مَرْوُلْ; (S, L;) or having much flesh and fut; (Msb;) and المن significs the same : (M, L, K:) fem. with ā: (M, L, Msb:) [see ناح :] pl. (of the first, and of its fem., Msb) ناد (Sb, M, L, Msb, K,) used instead of , which they did not say: (Sb, M, L:) accord. to Lh, (M, L,) signifies fat, or plump, by nature; (M, L, K;) applied to a man: and some say أَمُواَةً اللهُ measure], meaning [a moman rendered fat, or plump,] by nature; (K;) and مُنَةُ \* بالأدوية [rendered fat, or plump, by medicines]; (M, L, K;) and woe, on the day of resurrection, by reason of languor in the bones, is denounced in a trad. against women who make use of medicine to render themselves thus. (L.) \_\_[Hence,] أرض +[Fat land; i.e.] land of good soil, with few stones, strong to foster plants or herbage: (M, L:) or land consisting of soil in which is no stone. (K.) \_ And كلام سهين † Chaste, eloquent, or excellent, language. (L in art. عصون)\_\_\_\_.

[accord. to those who make the alif to be a sign of the fem. gender] or [accord. to those who make that letter to be one of quasicoordination] A certain bird, (S, M, L, Meb, K,)