2. مَيَّاهُ, inf. n. تَحَيَّة, (Mgh, Msb, K,) in its primary sense, i. q. Vou sav. (Mgh.) You sav. مياك الله, (S, K,) meaning May God preserve thee alive; prolong thy life; or make thee to continue in life; syn. ابقاك; (Fr, Selemeh Ibn-'Aṣim, K;) as also احياك; (Selemeh Ibn-'Aṣim, TA;) or عَمْرَكُ : (Aboo-'Othman El-Mazinee, Mgh, TA:) or may God save thee; or make thee to be free from evil, or harm, or the like: (Fr, TA:) or may God make thee to have dominion: (Fr, S, K:) or may God honour thee, and benefit thee. (Ḥam. p. 489.) And حَيَاكَ ٱللهُ وَبَيَاكَ اللهُ وَبَيَاكَ اللهُ وَبَيَاكَ إِللهُ وَبَيَاكَ إِللهُ وَبَيَاكَ إِللهُ وَبِيَاكَ إِللهُ وَبِينَاكُ إِللهُ وَبِيَاكَ إِللهُ وَبِيالُكُ إِللهُ وَبِينَاكُ إِللهُ وَبِينَاكُ إِللهُ وَبِينَاكُ إِلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ وَبِينَاكُ إِللْهُ وَبِينَاكُ إِلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ الللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ plained in art. [بي]. (TA.) And حَيَّا ٱللهُ وَجُهَكَ [May God preserve thy face: see [...]. (Ham p. 23.) \_\_ Also He said to him حياك آلله , explained above: (Mgh:) originally, he prayed for his life: and then, he prayed for him, absolutely : (Msb :) he saluted him; (K, TA;) and so ale المؤمن: (Lh, TA:) as used in the language of the law, he said to him, سَلَامُ عَلَيْكُ (Msb.)\_\_\_ [See also مَتَّالِثُمُ below.] عيّا النَّهُ النَّلِي النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّلُولُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّالُ النَّهُ النَّالِي النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّهُ النَّالُ النَّالُ النَّالُ النَّالُ النَّالُ النَّالِي النَّالِي النَّالِي الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى النَّالِي النَّالِي النَّالِي الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِي النَّالِي النَّامُ اللَّالِي النَّالِي الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى النَّالِي النَّامُ الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِي الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعُلِّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِي الْمُعُلِي الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِّى الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِي الْمُعِلِّى الْم CK (erroneously) [حَيَّ الخَيْسِينُ [He approached [the age of ] fifty. (IAar, K, TA.) = " and " and " [I wrote a beautiful -]. (.باب الالف اللينة TA in

3. أَلْيَاتُ النَّارُ, (inf. n. مُحَايَاةً, TA,) i. q. النَّيْتُ النَّارُ, (i. e. + I gave life to, enlivened, or revived, the fire] by blowing. (K.) [See also 2 in art. رهب; where a similar meaning is assigned to the former verb; but perhaps it is there a mistranscription.] مُحَايَاةً [which is properly speaking a subst., but seems to be here used as an inf. n.,]) for, or of, a child, (K, TA,) with that whereby is his life, or, as in the M, because thereby is his life. (TA.)

4. إحياء (S, Mab, K, &c.,) inf. n. إحياء (TA,) said of God, (S, Msb.) He made him alive, to live, or be a living being; quickened, endued with life, vivified, [revivified, revived, or resuscitated,] him. (S, Mab, K.) Hence, in the Kur [lxxv. أَلْيُسَ ذَٰلِكَ بِقَادِرٍ عَلَى أَنْ يُحْيِيَ الْمَوْتَى ,[ast verse (S, TA,) i. e. Is not That Doer of these things (Jel) [able to quicken the dead?]. \_ See also 2, in two places. \_\_ + IIe (God) endued him with the intellectual faculty: as in the saying, in the Kur [vi. 122], أُوْمَنْ كَانَ مِيِّتًا فَأَحْيَيْنَاهُ + [And is he who was intellectually dead and whom we have endued with the intellectual faculty . . . ?]. (Er-Rághib.) \_ See also 3. - احما الأرض + He (God) revived the earth, or land, by the rain, so as to produce in it plants, or herbage. (TA.) And المرض † The land was tilled, and made productive. (AHn.) And إلموات He turned to use the unowned and unused and uncultivated land by walling it round or sowing it or building upon it and the like. (TA.) \_ Also + He (a man) found the land to be fruitful, or abundant in herbage, (S, K,) with fresh herbage. (K.) \_ احيا اللَّيلُ + He passed the night in religious service, worship, adoration, or devotion, abstaining from sleep: (TA:) or [simply] he remained awake during the night. (W p. 9.) And احيا للله He passed his night awake. (MA.) احيا الله The she-camel had living offspring; (S, K;) her offspring seldom, or never, died. (S.) احيا الله people, or company of men, had their cattle living: (K:) or had their cattle in good condition: (AA, S, K:) or had rain, so that their beasts obtained herbage to such a degree that they became fat: (AZ:) or they (themselves) became in a state of abundance of herbage, or plenty. (S, K. [See also 1.])

5. أحيا منه + He shrank from it: taken from it: ta

[6. בבוֹע as quasi-pass. of 3, He quichened, enlivened, or revived, himself. See an ex. voce (נכר).]

10. استحیاه He spared him; let him live; or left him alive; (S, Msb, K, TA;) did not slay him; (Msb;) in which sense the verb has but one form: (Msb, TA:) or he left him; let him alone; or forbore from him. (Mgh.) \_ Hence, أِنَّ ٱللهَ لاَ يَشْتَحْيِي أَنْ يَضْرِبَ (K,) إِنَّ ٱللهَ لاَ يَشْتَحْيِي أَنْ يَضْرِبَ لَا يَسْتَبْقى . (Ş, K,) in the Kur [ii. 24], i.e. مَثَلًا [meaning Verily God will not spare to propound, or refrain from propounding, a parable, or as a parable]. (S.) [Hence, also,] إِنَّ ٱللهَ يَسْتَحْيِي i.e. [Verily مِنْ ذِي الشَّيْبَةِ الْمُسْلِمِ أَنْ يُعَذِّبَهُ God] forbears from punishing [the hoary Muslim]. (Er-Rághib.) \_\_[استَحْيَا, or استَحْيَا, which latter is the more proper mode of writing it, also signifies He felt, or had a sense of, or he was, or became, moved or affected with, shame, shyness, or bashfulness; and particularly, but not always, honest shame, or pudency, or modesty; or his soul shrank from foul things; as also is استحیی [.حَيَّاً: and مُعِییٰ به inf. n. استَحَی of the dial. of El-Hijáz; and استحى, with a single , is of the dial. of Temeem; (Akh, S, Msb;) the former being the original, (Akh, S,) and that which is used in the Kur: (Msb:) in the latter, the first & [of the original] is suppressed, [and its vowel is transferred to the -,] to facilitate the pronunciation, because of the occurrence of the two cs together: this is the opinion of Sb; and with it agrees that of Aboo-'Othman [El-Mázinee]: the opinion ascribed to Sb in the S, namely, that التحقيق is changed from التحقيقة in like manner as is changed from , is that of Kh, and is disallowed by El-Mázinee. (IB.) You say, منه (Ş, K, [in the CK, erroneously, عنه ,]) or منه إستحيا منه (Mgh, Mab,) and استحى منه, (S, Mab, K, TA,) and استحاه; (TA, [and so in the رَحْيَى لا منه also منه (; استحیاهٔ CK in the place of (S, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. (S,) inf. n. : -; (S,\* Mgh, Msh, K;) He was ashamed of it or on account of it, or ashamed to do it, or shy of doing it; [generally meaning a foul thing;] he was ashamed for himself, or of himself, or was bashful, or shy, with respect to it, or him; he was abashed at, or shy of, it, or him; (K;) he shrank from it, or him: (Msb, K:) and المتعلق [or المتعلق ] He disdained, or scorned, such a thing; abstained from it, or refused to do it, by reason of disdain and pride; he disliked, or hated, it, and his soul was above it; he shunned it, avoided it, or hept himself far from it; syn.

a verbal noun, (S, M, Mgh, TA,) and therefore immediately followed by عُلَى, (M, TA,) used as an imperative [addressed to a single person, male or female, and to more than one]; (\$;) used in calling, or summoning, or inviting, and urging; (Lth, T, TA;) and having no verb derived from it [alone, for حيعل is derived from and عَلَى together]; (Lth, T, Msb, TA;) meaning Come: (S, M, Mgh, Msb, K, TA, &c.:) or come quickly: or hasten. (Mgh, TA.) Hence, in the أَذَان TA) Come to المُرَان TA) Come to prayer: (IKt, S, M, Msh, K:) or come ye to prayer: or come ye quickly: or hasten ye. (TA.) And عَلَى الفَلَاحُ [in the same: see art. [Come حَى عَلَى الغَدَآءِ Mgh, TA.) And إَخْلَقَ عَلَى الغَدَآءِ Come to the morning-meal]: and على الغَشَاءِ [to the evening-meal]: (Msb:) and على التّريد [to the crumbled bread moistened with broth]: (S:) and على الخير [to good, good fortune, prosperity, &c.]. (Lth, T, TA.) The saying of Ibn-Ahmar,

حَى الحُمُولَ فَإِنَّ الرَّكُبَ قَدْ ذَهَبَا means Keep thou to the loads [ for the riders upon the camels have gone]. (TA.) - In the phrase عَلَى, and كُمَّى هَلًا, followed by عَلَى and إِلَى كَذَا , and مَى مَلًا , and كَذَا last is used in a case of pausation, but is bad in other cases, (S in art. هل,) and مُعَى هَلْ, and , [so in the copies of the K,] with the quiescent, (K,) and حَى هلن [app. حَى هَلَنْ for the can, or perhaps a mistranscription for مَّلُكُ (TA,) [the most common rendering of حَى هُلَ &c. is like that of حَى هُلَ alone, namely, هل] signifies hasten thou; and حى or] Is, come to it, or reach it; [so that the meaning is hasten thou: come to such a thing:] or] ملا (or] signifies come; and مدل or] معلا ومنافعة مُثَيثًا), or be thou quick; [so that the meaning is come quickly to such a thing:] or [مل or] signifies be thou quiet; and the meaning Speed] أَسْرِعُ عِنْدَ دِكْرِهِ وَٱسْكُنْ حَتَّى يَنْقَضِى is thou at the mention thereof, and be quiet until it is finished]. (K.) Accord. to Abu-l-Khattáb, the Arabs used to say, حَى هَلَ السَّارَة , meaning Come thou to prayer. (TA.) And one says, حَى هَلُ بِفُلَانٍ, (IAar, and so in the CK,) and مَى هُلاً بِفلان (IAar, and so in MS. copies of the K,) and حَى هَلُ بِغَلان, meaning Hasten thou with such a one: (IAar:) or keep thou to such a one, and call him. (K.) It is said in a trad.,