commenced a journey, or the like, in any direction : and انحدر signifies "he returned, from any town or country." (Ibn-'Arafeh.) And lose رضي البلاد (Akh, S, K,) or في الأرض (Akh accord. to the T,) He went away, and journeyed, through the land, (Akh, S, K,) or through the countries, (Akh, T,) in any direction. (L.) And ; صعدت ♦ (L;) or إصعَاد .inf. n. اصعدت السَّفينَةُ (A;) The ship spread her sail, and was borne along by the wind, (A, L,) upwards [app. meaning up a river or the like]. (L.) - اصعد في الوادي; (Akh, S, L, K;) and معد * فيه inf. n. تُصعيدٌ; (Akh, S, Msb, K;) and اصعد الله (Lth,) but this last is disapproved by Az; (TA;) He descended, or went down, into the valley, (Akh, S, L, Msb, K,) from the part whence the torrent comes; not going to the bottom of the valley: and in like manner, اصعد في الأرْضِ He descended, or went صعد الجُبُلِ and الجُبُلِ down, into the land : (L:) and He descended the mountain; as well as he ascended it. (IB, L.) Akh cites the following words of 'Abd-Allah Ibn-Hemmám Es-Saloolee,

أُصَعِّدُ * طَوْرًا فِي البِلَادِ وَأُفْرِعُ (S, L,) as meaning I descending, or going down, at one time, through the countries, and [another time] ascending, or going up: this, says IB, is what induced Akh to explain os he has done; but it presents no proof, because إفْرَاع has two contr. significations, that of jaid and that of the poet انحدار and accord. to AZ, by means I ascending, or going up, to high places; and by أفرع, the contrary. (L.) _ also signifies He advanced towards another. (L.) ___ And He went far; syn. أبعد (Ham p. 22.) __ And اصعد في العدو He exerted himself vehemently in running. (L.) == as trans.: see 2, in two places. = She (a camel) became such as is termed oxec [q. v.]. (S, L, K.) مُعَدُّتُهُا * And مُعَدُّتُهُا * (S, L, K,) and [probably imperfectly transcribed for ارمُعَدِّثُهَا اللهِ (L,) I made the she-camel to be, or become, such as is termed . (IAar, S, L, K.)

5. تصعد, and its var. اصعد : see 1, in two places : _ and see also 4. _ تصعد النفس The breath passed forth with difficulty. (L.) = (A, K) It (a تصاعده ۴ با (A, K) thing, S, K, or an affair, A) was, or became, difficult, or distressing, to him; it distressed, or afflicted, him : (A'Obeyd, S, A, K :) from osec as signifying "a mountain-road difficult of ascent:" (A'Obeyd :) or from الصَّعُودُ as the name of "a certain mountain in Hell." (TA.)

6. عاعد , and its var. اصّاعد: see 1: = and see also 5.

8. اصطعد, and its var. اصطعد: see 1, in two

He استصعد البرير ___ .sec 2. استصعده .He plucked or gathered, the fruit of the it to eat. (TA in art. بر.)

صعد عدد عدد

عَذَابٌ صَعِدُ ... see عَذَابٌ صَعِدُ , in two places. A vehement, severe, rigorous, or grievous, punishment; (S, A, K;) i. e. دُو صَعْد : (TA:) or a distressing, or an afflicting, punishment, (Bd and Jel in lxxii. 17,) that shall overcome the sufferer thereof, the latter word being an inf. n. used as an epithet. (TA.)

an inf. n. of صُعَدُ [q. v.]. (Ḥam p. 407.) [Hence,] زَهْبَ السَّهُو صُعْدًا [The arrow went هُذَا النَّبَاتُ يَنْمِي صُعُدًا And مُعُدًّا إِنَّبَاتُ يَنْمِي صُعُدًا تَنَقَّسَ This plant increases in height. (S.) And تَنَقَّسُ see الله عداً. And من صُعْد see الله عداً poetic license for من صعد], said of a thing falling, i. e. From above; from a higher place. (Ham p. 349.) = Also a pl. of صعود: and of . (S, L, K.) = معد, thus, with two dammelis, is also the name of A certain tree from which pitch is melted forth. (L.)

A high, or an elevated, piece of land or ground; contr. of هُبطة. (Mgh in art. مبطة) is said to be a proper name for The earth. (Ham p. 22.) - And A she-ass: (L, K:) or a long-backed she-ass: (L:) or long [in the back], applied to a she-ass as an epithet, and therefore the pl. is رُمُعُدُاتُ, with the و quiescent. (Ham p. 385.) And بَنَاتُ صَعْدَة Wild asses: (S, K:) said to be so called from ose meaning as expl. above; and if this be correct, it is like the appellation بَنَاتُ البَرِّ: (Ḥam p. 22:) or as being likened to the women [or rather woman (as will be shown in what follows)] termed صعدة; and in like manner, أُولَادُ صَعْدَةُ : (Har p. 471:) the rel. n. [applied to a single wild ass] is أصاعدي * (S, L, K,) irregularly formed: thus in the saying of Aboo-Dhu-eyb,

> فَرَمَى فَأَلْحَقَ صَاعديًّا مطُحَرًا بِالْكَشْمِ فَٱثْنَتَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ الْأَضْلُعُ

[And he shot, and made a far-flying arrow to reach a wild ass in the flank, and the ribs enclosed it]. (S, L.) _ And A spear, or spear-shaft; syn. قَنَاة : (L :) a spear-shaft (قَنَاة) straight by its growth, (S, L, K,) not requiring to be straightened : (S, L :) and a kind of all [or broad-headed dart], which is smaller than a عُرْبَة : (L:) or [simply] an الله (K, TA:) [in the CK الله: and] in some copies of the K أُخُمَة, which is a mistranscription : (TA :) pl. معدات and عدات ; (L ;) the latter with fet-h to the & because it is a تَطَاعَنُوا بِالصَّعَادِ ,Subst. (Ham p. 385.) One says i. c. [They thrust, or pierced, one another] with the spears. (A.) - [Hence,] مُعْدَةُ A girl, or young woman, straight in figure, (A, L,) like a spear, or spear-shaft : (L :) pl. جُوارٍ صَعْدَاتُ the latter word with the e quiescent, (A, L,) because it is an epithet. (L.)

: see صُعَدَة, last sentence but one.

in two places. صُعْدَانَ

expression of pain, grief, or sorrow: or with difficulty: (L:) a long breathing: (K:) or a prolonged breathing: (S:) or a loud breathing: (A:) accord. to some, a breathing emitted upwards. (L.) You say, اتَنَقَس الصَّعَدَاء (L.) or اِتنفَس صُعُدًا * (A,) and النفس صُعُدًاء, (L,) He sighed; uttered a sigh or sighing; or breathed with an expression of pain, grief, or sorrow: (L:) [or uttered a prolonged breathing:] or breathed loudly. (A.) — [Hence,] وَقُلَانُ يَتَبُعُ صُعَدَاءُهُ (A,) or يَتَبَعُ صُعَدَاءُهُ, (L, [in which the noun is evidently mistranscribed,]) ‡ Such a one raises his head, and does not stoop it, by reason of pride: (A:) or does not raise his head nor stoop it. (L. [The former explanation seems to be the right.]) - See also صعود, in four places.

: see the next paragraph.

An acclivity ; contr. of مُعُودُ , (S, L, K,) or of عدوز (Msb;) and معد is [syn. therewith, being] contr. of .: (L:) pl. and . (S, K.) An ascending road: of the fem. gender : pl. [of pauc.] أُصِعَدُةُ and [of mult.] . (L.) A mountain-road difficult of ascent; (S, A, L, K;) as also أصعوداً (L, K,) and أعداً : (L in art. كاد:) a difficult place of ascent. (L in that art.) [Hence,] الصغود A certain mountain in Hell, (L, K, MF,) consisting of fire, which the unbeliever will ascend during a period of seventy years, after which he will full down it, and thus he will do for ever : (MF:) it is of one live coal; the unbeliever will be compelled to ascend it, and will be beaten with عَقَامِع [pl. of عُقْمَعة, q. v.]; and whenever he puts his leg upon it, it will dissolve as high as the lower part of his hip, and will then become replaced whole and sound. (L.) _ [Hence also,] \ Difficulty, griccousness, distress, affliction, or trouble; (A, L, Msb;) as also معداً، (L) and المعدانة (K,) or المعدانة (L,) and * مُعْدُدُ (K.) You say, أَرْهَقْتُهُ صَعُودًا I made him, or constrained him, to do a difficult, grievous, distressing, afflicting, or troublesome, thing: (A:) or I imposed upon him such a punishment. (L.) And * السيادة صعداً إلى [or * السيادة (see above)] ! There is a difficult, or distressing, ascent to lordship, or mastery. (A.) And * ذات صعداء + A hill difficult to ascend. (L.) Also A she-camel that brings forth a young one imperfectly formed, (As, S, K;) after six or seven months, (As,) and is made to take an affection to the young one of the preceding year, (As, S,) or and takes an affection to the young one of the preceding year : (K:) or a she-camel whose young one dies, and which returns to her former young one, and yields it milk: when she does this, her milk is the sweeter: (Lth:) or a she-camel that brings forth her young one after its hair has grown, and then takes an affection to her former young one, or to the young one of another: pl. and صعائدُ; but this latter pl. is disapproved by Sb. (L.)

High, or elevated, land or ground : or high, or elevated, land or ground, above such as A sigh, or sighing; a breathing with an is low, or depressed; or even land or ground: