also syn. with الصبيل : (TA:) or, [but probably only with the former of the two inf. ns. mentioned above,] ran a pace less quick than that which is termed : تَقْرِيب : (K, TA:) or i. q. صُبَعَت (AO, S, O, TA,) which means they stretched forth their arms, (AO, TA,) going along, (AO, S, O, TA,) or running: (AO, TA:) accord. to I'Ab, one does not say خَبَحْتُ دَابَةُ except in speaking of a dog or a horse: [he app. means that this verb is used thus only as denoting the uttering of a sound, or a manner of breathing:] some of the lexicologists say that those who use it in relation to a camel make خَبْتُ to have the meaning of مُبْتُ فَرِيرُ (TA.) فَبُنْ (L, TA,) inf. n. فُبُناحُ (Ş, A, O, L, K, TA,) as meaning He, or it, uttered a cry, or sound, is also said of the fox, (S,\* A,\* O,\* L, K, TA,) and of the hare, and of the serpent called , and of the owl, and of what is termed [which see, for it is variously explained]: (L, TA:) and is also expl. as meaning ihe barked, &c.]. (TA.) \_\_ And فَبُحَت القُوسُ, aor. as above, inf. n. خُبُدُ , + The bow [twanged, or] made a sound. (TA.) \_\_ And فَبُعَ is also used as meaning ! He cried out, and entered into an altercation for a person who had given him money. (IKt, O, TA, from a trad.) = فبحته , inf. n. الشَّهُ في (S, O, K, TA,) and السُّمُ aor. - , inf. n. , (TA,) The fire, and the sun, altered it : (TA:) or altered its colour: (T, TA:) or altered it, but not in a great degree; (S, O, K, TA;) namely, a thing, (K, TA,) such as a stick, and an arrow, and flesh-meat, &c. (TA.) And مُنْبُعُهُ, aor. 4, inf. n. بالنَّارِ, aor. 4, inf. n. بالنَّارِ by fire; namely, an arrow: and he burned it in a portion of its upper parts; namely, a stick, and flesh-meat, &c. (L, TA.) And is expl. by AHn as meaning The act of roasting, broiling, or frying. (TA.)

3. The act of mutual reviling, or vilifying, and encountering, (K, TA,) and contending, or striving, to repel. (TA.)

6. تضابح [It sent forth a sound]. (Ham p. 615 [q.v.: it is there said to be from الشبع meaning [الصوت].)

7. انضبح It became altered, (K, TA,) or altered in colour, (TA,) but not in a great degree, by fire, (K, TA,) and by the sun. (TA.) And انضبح لُونَه His, or its, colour became altered a little towards blackness. (S, TA.)

رُفْبُخ , (so in three copies of the Ş, and in the O,) or فبغ , with kesr, (so accord. to the K,) Ashes: (S, O, K:) so called because of the alteration of their colour. (TA.)

: see what next precedes.

A cry of a fox [&c.: an inf. n. un.].

A bow upon which fire has taken

An arrow altered in colour [by fire]; as also مُضبُوح (TA. [See an ex. of the latter in a verse of Tarafeh cited voce : and see also what here next precedes.]) It is also applied, (S, O,) in the same sense, (O,) to roasted flesh-meat. (S, O.) [And Freytag explains it as meaning, in the Deewan of Jcreer, "Cutis nigra, usta vul-

A man raising his voice in reading or reciting : pl. ضُوَابِحُ, which is anomalous, like خَيْلٌ ضَوَابِحُ And \_ (TA.) . [فَارِسٌ pl. of] فَوَارِسُ Horses stretching forth their arms in their going along: (A:) or running vehemently; like ضوابع. (TA in art. ضبع.)

in the [hind of ground called] مَوْنَوْنَ [q. v.]: because of its blackness. (TA.) And مُصْبُوحُة Stones from which one strikes fire, (S, O, K,) appearing as though burnt. (S, O.)

[a pl. of which the sing. is most probably [مضبع] Frying-pans. (AḤn, TA.)

1. مُبَر (S, A, Msb, K,) aor. - , inf. n. مُبَر (A, Msb, K) and ضَبَرَانٌ, (K,) He (a horse, S, Msb, K, and a person having his legs shackled, K, in running, TA, or a horse having his legs shackled, A) leaped with his legs put together; (S, M, A, Msb, K;) and so too, accord. to Zj, اضبر , said of a horse: (O:) or he ran: (TA:) or ضبو signifies a horse's leaping, and alighting with his fore legs put together. (As, TA.) - Also, (S, A, K,) aor. as above, (S,) inf. n. ضُبُر, (S, K,) He made books, or writings, into a bundle: (S, A, K:) and مُسْبِعْرُ (A, TA,) inf. n. رُضْبِيرٌ, (K,) signifies the same: (A:) or he collected together (K, TA) books, or writings, (A, TA,) &c. (TA.) And the former verb, He collected together an army for war. (S, TA.) And فَبُرُ عَلَيْهِ الصَّخُرِ (S, A, K, \*) aor. as above, (S, TA,) and so the inf. n., (K, TA,) He piled up the rocks, or great masses of stone, (S, K,) upon him, or it. (S.) also signifies The act of binding, or tying, firmly, fast, or strongly. (IAar, TA.) \_ And [hence, app., as inf. n. of ضُبِيرُ (TA), and so تُضْبِيرُ (as inf. n. of فبتر ال , (K, TA,) The being very compact and strong in the bones, and compact and full in flesh. (K, TA.) [See .])

2: see the preceding paragraph, in two places. 4: see 1, first sentence.

an inf. n. used as an epithet : see مُضْبُورُ Also + A company of men engaged in a warring, or warring and plundering, expedition, (S, O, K, TA,) on foot. (TA.) And Footmen [app. meaning foot-soldiers] ; syn. رَجَالُة [quasi-pl. n. of [راجل]. (TA.) \_ Also [The musculus, or testudo ; effect (K, TA) so as to alter its colour: (TA:) a machine made of ] shin covering wood, (Lth,

like ضبياً. (TA in art. ضبياً. [See also what next O, K,) within which are men, (K,) and which is brought near to fortresses, for the purpose of fighting, (Lth, O, K,) i. e. for fighting the people thereof: (Lth, O :) pl. ضبور, (Lth, O, K,) which means what are termed : دُبَّاباتُ (Lth, A, O : [see :]) [or it is a coll. gen. n.; for it is said that] one such thing is called . (TA.) = Also [The species of nut called] the wild بجوز البر), which is a hard sort of , not the wild pomegranate, for this is called the مُظّ : (S, O :) or the tree of what is called جُوزُ البرّ as also † ضبر (K:) or, accord. to [AHn] Ed-Deenawaree, each of these words, the latter being a dial. var. of the former, is applied to the tree of a sort of found in the mountains of the Saráh (السراة), which blossoms, but does not organize and compact any fruit (کُ یَعْقَدُ); and the n. un. is صبرة ال ن اضبرة (ضبرة): he says also that the ضبر him by an Arab of the desert, of Saráh, as a great tree, as big as the great walnut-tree, having round leaves, as big as the hand, and very numerous. (O.) And the ضُبُو is [also] What is called [i. e. the nutmeg] : (K :) IAar says that it is what the people of the towns and villages call [Poverty, &c.]. فَقُرْ . (O.) = And i. q. فَقُرْ (IAnr, TA.)

: ضبن The armpit : (O, K, TA :) and so ضبر thus says Ibn-El-Faraj. (TA.)

. ضَبْرُ and its n. un., with ة: sec

ضبر, applied to a horse, (S, O, K,) and to a lion, (O,) and to a man, (TA,) That leaps much: (S, O, K:) and so طمر . (O.) \_ See also ...

and صُبَار Books, or writings : [each a pl.] without a singular. (K.) [See also إِنْسَارَةُ

مُنْبُورْ A lion ; as also فببور, and فببور : (K:) or a lion that leaps much to the animals upon which he preys. (O.)

ضبير Hard, firm, or strong; syn. ثديد; (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K;) and so فنبر (TA.) \_\_\_ And (hence, TA) The penis. (Ibn-'Abbad,

رَدُو ضَبَارَة فِي خُلْقِهِ S, O, K,) or رُو ضَبَارَة (TA,) A man having firmness of make: (S, O:) or having compactness and firmness of make: (K:) and so فُبَارِمَةٌ \* and فُبَارِمْ applied to a lion; (K in this art.;) the in these being augmentative, accord. to Kh; (TA;) or the former of them, thus applied, strong in make; (S in art. ) or the former of them signifies a lion, (ISk, K and TA in that art.,) as also ضَبَارِكُ (ISk, TA ibid.,) and so the latter of them; (K ibid.:) and the former of them, applied to a man, courageous; (ISk, TA ibid.;) or each, (K ibid.,) or the latter of them, (TA ibid.,) thus applied, bold against the enemies. (K and TA ibid.)

in four places. -- إضْبَارَةٌ see ضَبَارَةٌ and ضَبَارَةٌ is pl. of the former [or of each]: (Mgh, Mab:) and, as though pl. of the former, signifies Companies of men in a state of dispersion. (TA.)

(.امر.T in art, الحَرَّةُ . q. أَمْرُضَبَّارٍ