and أكل (O, K, TA,) [likewise] meaning (TK:) and مُشَابَهَة (TK:) and v عُكُلُ also is syn. with عُكُلُ [in the sense of هَٰذَا عَلَى شَاكِلَةِ (K, TA;) [for] one says, [شَبُهُ as meaning a i. e. This is accordant to the liheness of his father]. (TA.) - And I. q. على meaning ,هٰذَا عَلَى شَكُلِ هُذَا , meaning على [i. e. This is according to the model, or pattern, or the mode, or manner, of this]. (TA.) _ And The shape, form, or figure, (مورة) of a thing; such as is perceived by the senses; and such as is imagined: (K:) the form (a.s.), of a body, caused by the entire contents' being included by one houndary, as in the case of a sphere; or by several boundaries, as in those bodies that have several angles or sides, such as have four and such as have six [&c.]: so says Ibn-El-Kemál: (TA:) pl. [of pauc., in this and in other senses,] أَشْكَالُ and [of mult.] فَكُولُ (K.) _ [It often means A kind, sort, or variety, of animals, plants, food, &c.] - [And The likeness, or the way or manner, of the actions of a person:] it is said in a trad. respecting the description of the Prophet, meaning [I asked my father, أبي عَنْ شَكْلهِ respecting the likeness of his actions, or respecting what was like his actions; accord. to IAmb: or, accord. to Az, respecting his particular way, course, mode, or manner, of acting, or conduct: (O:) and الكاكلة (likewise, and more commonly,] signifies a particular way, course, mode, or manner, of acting, or conduct; (S, O, K, TA;) as in the saying, مُثُلُّ يَعْمَلُ عَلَى شَاكِلَتِهِ, (جَ, O, TA.) in the Kur [xvii. 86], (O, TA,) i. e. Every one does according to his particular way, &c., (Ibn-'Arafeh, S, O, Bd, Jel, TA,) that is suitable to his state in respect of right direction and of error, or to the essential nature of his soul, and to his circumstances that are consequent to the constitution, or temperament, of his body: (Bd:) and according to his nature, or natural disposition, (Ibn-'Arafeh, Er-Rághib, O, TA,) by which he is restricted [as with a شكال]: (Er-Rághib, TA:) and his direction towards which he would go: (Akh, S, O, K, TA:) and his side [that he takes]: (Katádeh, O, K, TA:) and his aim, intention, or purpose: (Katadeh, O, K, TA:) and مُكُلّ [likewise] signifies aim, intention, or purpose; syn. قَصْدُ. (TA.) __ Also A thing that is suitable to one; or fit, or proper, for one: you say, هٰذَا مِنْ هَوَايَ وَمِنْ شَكْلِي This is of what is loved by me and of what is suitable to me]: (K, TA:) and لَيْسَ شَكْلُهُ مِنْ شَكْلِي [What is suitable to him is not of what is suitable to me]. رمًا شُكْلي وَشُكْلُهُ, [And hence, app.,]one says, meaning What is my case and [what is] his, or its, case? because of his, or its, remoteness from me. (T and TA voce أَشْكَالُ And sing. of أَلْمُ (L, K, TA) signifying Discordant affairs and objects of want, concerning things on account of which one imposes upon himself difficulty and for which one is anxious: (Lth, TA:) and dubious, or confused, affairs: (TA:) or discordant, and

is erroneously put for المُشْكَلَة المُشْكَلَة Also A like; syn. مثر ; (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K;) and so * شكْلُ : (O, K:) or, as some say, the like of another in nature or constitution: (Msb: [and accord, to Er-Rághib, it seems that the attribute properly denoted by it is congruity between two persons in respect of the way or manner of acting or conduct: but in the passage in which this is expressed in the TA, I find erasures and alterations which render it doubtful :]) pl. أَشْكَالُ (Ş, Mgh, O, Msb, K. and شُكُولُ [as above]. (S, O, Msb, K. •) One says, مَذَا شَكُلُ هَذَا This is the like of this. (Msb.) And فُلَانْ شَكُلُ فُلَان Such a one is the like of such a one in his several states or conditions [&c.]. (TA.) In the saying in the Kur [xxxviii. 58], وَأَخُرُ مِنْ شَكْلِهِ (0, TA,) meaning And other punishment of the like thereof, (Zj, TA,) Mujáhid read أمن شكله (O, TA.) = Also sing. of اَشْكَالُ signifying, (O, K,) accord. to IAar, (O,) Certain ornaments (O, K) consisting of pearls or of silver, (K,) resembling one another, worn as ear-drops by women: (O, K:) or, as some say, the sing. signifies a certain thing which girls, or young women, used to append to their hair, of pearls or of silver. (O.) = And A species of plant, (IAar, O, K,) diversified in colour, (K,) yellow and red. (IAar, O, K.) = [And The various syllabical signs, or vowel-points &c., by which the pronunciation of words is indicated and restricted: originally an inf. n., and therefore thus used in a pl. sense.] = See also the next paragraph.

see the next preceding paragraph, latter part, in two places. — Also, as an attribute of a woman, Amorous gesture or behaviour; or such gesture, or behaviour, combined with coquettish boldness, and feigned coyness or opposition; syn, أَفَرُ , (S, O, Mṣb, K,) and عُفْرُ, and عُفْرُ ; (K; [in the CK, عُفْرُ, which is a mistranscription;]) or her عُفْرُ, and comely or pleasing , whereby a moman renders herself comely or pleasing; (TA;) and عُمُونُ signifies the same. (K.) One says عُمْرُ اللهُ الْمُوادُّ وَاتَ مُمُكُلُ [A moman having amorous gesture or behaviour; &c.]. (S, O, Mṣb.)

white in the عَنَاتُ. (Ṣ, O. [See الْمُثْكُلُ.]) [In this sense, accord. to the TK, an inf. n., of which the verb is مُثَكَلُ , said of a ram &c.]. — And in an eye, The quality of having what is termed مُثَكُلُ [q. v.]. (Ṣ, O.) [Accord. to the TK, in this sense also an inf. n., of which the verb is مُثَكُلُ , said of a thing, as meaning It had a redness in its whiteness.]

blackness and an ugly yellowness: (TA:) in the eye, a redness in the white: (Mgh:) or, in the eye, i. q. شَهُلَةُ [q. v.]: (K:) or, accord. to AO, (TA,) the like of a redness in the white of the eye; (Ş, O, TA;) and such was in the eyes of the Prophet; (O;) but if in the black of the eye, it is termed مُنْهُ: (Ṣ, O, TA:) and the like is in the eyes of the [hawks, or falcons, termed] مُنْهُ: accord. to some, it is yellowness mixing with the white of the eye, around the black, as in the eye of the hawk (الصَّفُر); but he [i. e. AO] says, I have not heard it used except in relation to redness, not in relation to yellowness. (TA.) in a means In him, or it, is a little [or a small admixture] of blood. (TA.)

غَلَثُ A woman using, or displaying, what is termed غُزُل i. e. غُنُّتِ and غُزُل and غُنُّل [meaning amorous gesture or behaviour, &c.], (K, TA,) in a comely, or pleasing, manner. (TA.)

اشْكُلُوْ fem. of اَشْكُلُوْ [q.v.]. (Ṣ, O.) = Also A want; syn. عَاجَهُ; and so الله أَرْبُونَ أَرُهُ أَلَى أَلَهُ أَنْ إِلَى أَلَهُ أَنْ أَلَهُ أَنْ إِلَى أَلَهُ أَنْ أَلَهُ أَنْ أَلَهُ أَنْ أَلُكُ أَنْ أَلُكُ أَنْ أَلُكُ أَنْ أَلُكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُ أَلْكُلُكُ أَلْكُلُكُ

of which the pl. is شُكُلُّ (S, O, Mab, K,), شُكُالُ عَقَالُ . (TA,) i. q. مُثَكِّلُ the latter also pronounced [A cord, or rope, with which a camel's fore shank and arm are bound together]: (\$, O:) [or, accord. to the TA, by عقال is here meant what next follows:] a rope with which the legs of a beast (دَابة) are bound: (K:) a bond that is attached upon the fore and hind foot [or feet] of a horse [or the like] and of a camel: (KL:) [hobbles for a horse or the like, having a rope extending from the shackles of the fore feet to those of the hind feet: so accord to present usage; and so accord. to the TK, in Turkish ef the beast كوستك : Fei says only,] the (داية) is well known; and the pl. is as above. (Msb.) In relation to the [camel's saddle called] رحل, (K, TA,) accord. to As, (S, O, TA,) A string, or cord, that is put [or extended and tied] between the تُصدير [or fore girth] and the [or hind girth], (S, O, K, TA,) in order that the latter may not become [too] near to the sheath of the penis; also called the jej, on the authority of AA: (S, O, TA:) and [in relation to the saddle called قَمْب,] a bond [in like manner extended and tied, for the same purpose,] between the ____ [or hind girth] and the بطان [by which is meant the fore girth, answering to the تُصدير of the رَحْل ;]: and a bond [probably meaning the rope men-