(Mgh:) pl. \* , (\$, Mab, K) and \* , (K) [or rather these are coll. gen. ns. of which and and are the ns. un.] and [the pl. is] and رَحْبَاتُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ) and رَحْبَاتُ (Ķ.) Also, both words, An ample tract of land, that produces much herbage, and in which people alight, or abide, much, or often: (AHn, K:) pl. as above, accord. to the K; but accord. to IAar, signifies an ample tract of land; (TA;) and he says that its pl. is , like as is pl. of قُرْيَة ; Az says that this occurs as an anomalous pl. of words of the defective class, and that he had not heard a word of the perfect class of the measure kaving a pl. of the measure but that IAar is an authority worthy of رحبته and رحبة الوادي and رحبته The part of the valley in which its water flows into it from its two sides : (K, TA:) pl. رَحَابُ. (TA.) [Or the pl.] بعاب signifies Plain, smooth, or soft, places, in which water collects and stagnates: they are the places where vegetation is most rapid, and are at the extremity of a valley, and in its middle, and sometimes in an elevated place, where water collects and stagnates, surrounded by what is more elevated: if in a plain tract of land, people alight and sojourn there: if in the interior of water-courses, people do not alight and sojourn there: if in the interior of a valley, and retaining the water, not very deep, and in breadth equal to a bow-shot, people alight and sojourn by the side thereof: are not in sands; but they are in low and in elevated tracts of land. (L.) - The place of aggregation and growth of the plant called ثمام [i. e. panic grass]. (K, TA.) - The place of grapes, (K,) [where they are dried,] like the جرين for dates. (TA.)

The broadest rib (S, K) in the breast : (K:) and the رُحْبَيَان are the two ribs next to the armpits, among the upper ribs: (K:) or the place to which each elbow returns [when, after it has been removed from its usual place, it is brought back thereto; which place in a beast is next the armpit]: (S, K:) it is there only that the camel's elbow wounds the callous protuberance upon his breast: (Ṣ:) or the رحبى is the place where the heart beats, (Az, K, TA,) in a beast and in a man: (Az, TA:) or, as some say, the part from the place where the neck is set on to the place where end the cartilages of the ribs, or the extremities of the ribs projecting over the belly: or the part between the two ribs of the base of the neck and the place to which the shoulder-blade returns [when, after it has moved from its usual position, it is brought back thereto, i. e. its lower part, next the armpit]: and the رحبيان, also called the رُحْبَاياً وَان اللهِ perhaps a mistranscription for رُحْباوان, as though the sing. were the horse, are the upper parts of the Employer [or two flanks.] (TA.) \_ Also A certain brand, or mark made with a hot iron, upon the side of a camel. (8, K.)

أرُحْبَاوَانِ or perhaps رُحْبَاوَانِ]: see the next preceding paragraph.

بُحْبُ: see بُحْبُ, in three places.

رُحِيبُ; and its fem., with 5: see رُحْيبُ, in six places.

رَحَانَبُ التَّحُوم, (Ṣ, Ķ,) in some copies of the K, erroneously, النَّحُوم, (TA,) Ampleness [of the limits, or boundaries, and therefore] of the tracts, or regions, of the land, or earth. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

certain excellent she-camels, so called in relation to أُرْحَبُ أَنْ , the name of a tribe of Hemdán, (Ṣ, Mṣh, Ķ,) or of a certain stallion (Az, Ķ, TA) whence they originated, (Az, TA,) or of a place (Ķ, TA) of El-Yemen called after that tribe. (TA.)

(is an inf. n., like أرحب ; or a n. of place]. You say مُرْحَبًا (T, S, Msb, TA) and meaning (مُعبًا لا بك (A, Mab) [and رُحبًا لا Thou hast come to, (T, S, TA,) or found, (T, A, TA,) ampleness, spaciousness, or roominess; (T, S, A, TA;) not straitness: (T, TA:) or alight thou, (Kh, Lth, TA,) or abide thou, (Kh, TA,) in ampleness, &c.; (Kh, Lth, TA;) for such we have for thee; (Lth, TA;) the word being put in the accus. case because of a verb understood: (Kh, TA:) or thou hast alighted in an ample, a spacious, or a roomy, place: (Msb:) [or welcome to ampleness, &c.; or to an ample, a spacious, or a roomy, place: or simply relcome:] and Thou hast come to [or found, &c.,] ampleness, spaciousness, or roominess, and [such as thine own] kinsfolk; therefore be cheerful, and be not sad: (إن and مُرْحَبًا وَسَهُلًا Thou hast found ampleness [and ease]: (K:) or imeans thou hast alighted in a plain, smooth, not rugged, district : (T, TA :) and مُرْحَبُكُ ٱلله ومُسْهَلُكُ and May God grant ampleness مَرْحَبًا بِكَ ٱللهُ وَمُسْهَلَّا to thee, and ease]: (K:) Sh says, thus I heard IAar say: and the Arabs also say, غرصبا بك , meaning May it [the land or country] not be ample, or spacious, to thee: مُرْحَبًا, he says, is one of the inf. ns. that are used in calling down رُعيًا and سَقْيًا blessings or curses on a man; as رَعَاكَ ٱللهُ and سَقَاكَ ٱللهُ for عَقْرًا and جَدُعًا &c.: and Fr says that the meaning [of مرحبا or [May God رَحَّبُ اللهُ بِكَ مَرْحَبًا is أَمْرَجُبًا بِكَ invite thee to ampleness, &c.]; as though the last word were put in the place of ترحيبًا. (TA.) \_\_ means + The shade : so in the saying of a poet, (S,) namely, En-Nábighah El-Jaadee,

وَكَيْفَ تُوَاصِلُ مَنْ أَصْبَحَتْ خُلَالَتُهُ كَأْبِي مَرْحَبِ

[And how wilt thou hold loving communion with him whose friendship has become like the shade?]. (S, TA.) It is also a surname of 'Orkoob, the man notorious for lying promises. (TA.) — And is the name of An idol that was in Hadramowt. (K.)

رحض

1. رحض, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (A, Mṣb, Ķ,) or ², (so in two copies of the Ṣ,) or both,

(L, TA,) inf. n. رَحَانَ (Ṣ, Mṣb) and رَحَانَ (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K) a thing, (A, K,) or garment, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb,) and his hand; (Ṣ;) as also ارحَفَّ، (IDrd, K,) which latter is of the dial. of El-Hijáz. (IDrd.) You say also, أَوَّ مَنْ مُنْ مُنْ اللهُ الله

4: see above, in two places.

8. ارتحض He became disgraced, or put to shame. (AA, O, K.)

A garment, or piece of cloth, washed until it has become worn out. (IAar.) \_ A small worn-out skin: a worn-out وَزَادَةَ [or leathern water-bag]. (Ṣgh, Ķ.)

† Sweat; absolutely: (TA:) or the sweat of fever: (Lth, A, TA:) or sweat following fever: (S, K:) or fever with sweating: (TA:) or sweat that washes the skin by reason of its abundance: (K:) often used to signify the sweat of fever and of disease. (TA.)

رُحَاضً t[The state of being affected with what is termed زُرُحُضًا a subst. from رُحِضًا (K,) or from رُحُضًا (IDrd.)

رَحِيثُ Washed; (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K;) applied to a garment [&c.]; (Ṣ, A;) as also أَمُرْحُوثُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and أَمُرْحُثُ (TA.)

(Lh.) Washings.

رَحِيضٌ see : مُرْحَضُ

A place [or tank] in which one washes his limbs, performing the ablution termed : وُضُوْء (A, TA:\*) or a thing in which one performs that ablution, like the خَنف (Lth, K:) and مرحاضة thing with which one performs that ablution, like the [kind of vessel called] . ([Anr.) — See also مرحاض.

or piece of cloth, is beaten (S, A, K) when it is washed. (S, A.\*) — A vessel of the kind called عَالَى , or of the kind called مُرْحَفَّةً , or of the kind called مُرْحَفَّةً , or of the kind called مُرْحَفَّةً , in which clothes are washed: (A:) and مُرْحَفَّةً ; because clothes are washed in it. (Lh.) — A place of washing: (Mgh, Msb:) or a place in which one washes himself. (S, K.) — And hence, ! A privy: (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K:) pl. مُرَاحِفُ (S, Mgh) and

رُحِضُ see رُحِيْن. \_\_ Also part. n. of رُحِيْن [q. v.]. (AZ, AAF, Ş.)

مرْحَضَةً see : مرحَاضَةً