Flor. Aegypt. Arab., p. exiii.:) and, agreeably with what here follows, it is now often applied to the rubus Ideus, or raspberry :] accord to AHn, both of these appellations signify a thorny tree [or shrub], that does not grow large, such that when a thing catches to it, it can hardly become free, by reason of the numerousness of its thorns, which are curved and sharp; and it has a fruit resembling the فرضاد [or mulberry], (O, TA,) which, when it becomes ripe, blackens, and is eaten; (O;) [see also تُوتْ ;] and it is called in Pers. درکه [؟]; (O, TA;) they assert that it is the tree in which Moses beheld the fire; (O;) and the places of its growth are thickets, and tracts abounding with trees: (O, TA:) the chewing it hardens, or strengthens, the gum, and cures the [disease in the mouth called] قُلُاع; and a dressing, or poultice, thereof cures whiteness of the eye, and the swelling, or protrusion, thereof, and the piles; and its root, or stem, (in), crumbles stones in the hidney. (K.) عُلَيْقُ الجَبلِ [in the CK] is A certain plant : and عُلِّينُ الكَلْبِ [one of the appellations now applied to The eglantine, or sweet brier, more commonly called the إنسرين,] is another plant. (K.)

second sentence. عَلُوقٌ sec عُلَيْقُ see عُلَيْقًى.

Clinging, catching, cleaving, adhering, holding, or sticking fast : so in the phrase افْ به [He, or it, is clinging, &c., to him, or it]. (TA.) — Also A camel plucking from the [tree called] عضاء (S, O;) so termed because he is [as though he were] hanging from it, (S, O, K,*) by reason of his tallness : pl. عُوَالَقُ ; which is also applied to goats. (S.) And A camel pasturing upon the plant called . (S, O, K.)

The [kind of goblin, demon, devil, or jinnee, called] غُول ; (Ṣ, O, Ķ;) as also مُنُوقٌ (Ķ.) _ And A bitch vehemently desirous [of the male]. (S, K.) - And The wolf. (K. [But what here follows suggests that الذُّنْتُ in the copies of the K may be a mistranscription for الدُّنَتِ.]) __ The saying هَذَا حَدِيثُ طَوِيلُ العَوْلَيِ means [lit. This narrative, or story, is] long in the tail. (\$.) Kr mentions the phrase إِنَّهُ لَطُوِيلُ العَوْلَيِ without particularizing a narrative or story, or any other thing. (TA.) = Also | Hunger: (K, TA:) like (عوق . (O in art. عوق

معُلَاقٌ a pl. having no sing.: see أَعَالِيقُ

and v مُتَعَلَّقَاتُ are post-classical terms often used as meaning Dependencies, or apper tenances, of a thing or person: circumstances of a case: and concerns of a man.]

see the next paragraph.

a post-classical-term, sing. of تَعْلَيْقُة signifying Coins, and the like, suspended to women's ornaments. See also . _ Also An appendix to a book or writing: and hence, a tract, or

treatise; properly such as is intended by its author to serve as a supplement to what has been written by another or others on the same subject; as also : and, more commonly, a marginal note : تُعْلَيْقُ ا pl. تَعْليقَاتُ and تَعَاليقُ .]

see 1, in four places. (مُعَالَقُ) : see 1, in four places.

or milking-vessel]: (S, O, TA:) next is the جنبة, larger than it: then, the the largest of these: the معلق is the best of these, and is a drinking-cup, or bowl, which the rider upon a camel hangs with him [upon his saddle]: (TA:) pl. مَعَالَق. (S, O, TA.) [See an ex. voce

A man who attacks and plunders, (O,) who clings to everything that he finds, or attains, or obtains. (O, K.)

One of the implements, or utensils, of the pastor [probably a thing upon which he hangs his provision-bag &c.]. (Lh, TA.)

[pass. part. n. of 2, Hung, or suspended, &c.: see its verb. _ Hence, السَّبْعُ or المُعَلَّقَاتُ السَّبْعُ The seven suspended odes; accord. to several writers: two reasons for their being thus called are mentioned in the Mz (49th نوم); one, that "they were selected from all the poetry, and written upon قَبَاطِيّ (picces of fine white cloth of Egypt) with water-gold, and suspended upon the Kaabeh;" the other, that "when an ode was deemed excellent, the King used to say, 'Suspend ye for us this,' that it might be in his repository:" that these odes were selected from all the poetry, and that any copies of them were suspended collectively upon the Kaabeh, has been sufficiently confuted in Nöldeke's "Beiträge zur Kenntniss der Poesie der alten Araber," pp. xvii.-xxiii. it is not so unreasonable to suppose that they may have been suspended upon the Kaabeh singly, at different times, by their own authors or by admiring friends, and suffered to remain thus placarded for some days, perhaps during the period when the city was most thronged by pilgrims; but the latter of the two assertions in the Mz seems to be more probable. __ Hence also The appendage of the bow, by which it is suspended : see نياط and see also applied to a woman means One whose husband has been lost [to her]: (S, TA:) or [left in suspense;] neither husbandless nor having a husband; (O;) [i.e.] whose husband does not act equitably with her nor release her, so that she is neither husbandless nor having a husband; (Az, TA;) or neither having a husband nor divorced. (Msb.) It occurs in the Kur iv. 128. (S, TA.) And one says of a man when he does not decide, or determine upon, his affair, nor relinquish it, أمرة معلق [His affair is left in suspense]. (Z, TA.)

The thing by means of which flesh-meat, (S, Mgh, O, Msb,) and other things, (Mgh, Msh,) or grapes, and the like, (S, O,) are suspended; (S,

anything by means of which a thing is suspended (S, O, K) is called its معلاق, (S, O,) or is called and معلوق (K,) which latter is a word of a rare form : (TA:) and عُلاَقَةُ اللهِ likewise signifies the معارى by means of which a vessel is suspended: (TA:) pl. of the first [and of the second] مُعَالِيقُ (Mgh, Msb.) Also A stirrupleather : pl. as above. (MA.) And المعارقان signifies معْلاقًا الدُّلُو وَشْبِهَا app. meaning The two suspensory cords of the leathern bucket and of the like thereof]. (IDrd, O, K: but the CK, for in وَمَا أَشْبَهُم has وَمَا أَشْبَهُم and the O has the place of (which means the same].) -Also A thing suspended to a beast of burden; such as the قرية and the and the : pl. as above. (Mgh, Msb: but in the former, only the pl. of معلاق in this sense is mentioned.) _ [And A pendant of a necklace and of an earring and the like; in which sense its pl. is expl. as follows:] the معاليق of necklaces (O, TA) and of [the ear-rings or ear-drops called] شُنُوف (TA) are what are put therein or thereto, [meaning suspended thereto,] of anything that is beautiful; (O, TA;) and الأعَالِينَ لا , which has no sing., is like المُعَاليق, each of them signifying what are suspended. (TA.) [See also معْلاَقُ ــ [. شَنْفُ [means A kind of latch, or sliding bolt ;] a thing that is suspended, or attached, to the door, and is then pushed, whereupon it [i.e. the door] opens; different from the مغلاق, with the pointed مَا لِبَابِهِ مِغْلَاقٌ وَلَا مِعْلَاقٌ وَلَا مِعْلَاقٌ (TA.) One says, مَا لِبَابِهِ مِغْلَاقٌ i.e. [There is not to his door] a thing that is opened with a key nor [a thing that is opened] also signifies The معكرة معكرة على المرابع tongue (O, K) of a man: (O:) or an eloquent tongue. (TA.) _ And رَجُلُ ذُو مِعْلَاقِ A man whose antagonist, when he clings to him, will not [be able to] free himself from him: (Mbr, Z, TA:) or a man vehement in altercation or dispute or litigation, (IDrd, S, O, K,) who clings to arguments, or pleas, (IDrd, O, K,) and supplies signifies the رَجُلُ معْلاَقُ and رَجُلُ معْلاَقُ signifies same. (IDrd, O, K.) - And [the pl.] معاليق signifies A sort [or variety] of palm-trees. (IDrd,

One to whose fauces leeches have clung (Lth, O, K) on the occasion of his drinking water; (Lth, O;) applied to a man and to a beast. (TA.) - And A suspended cluster, or bunch, of grapes or dates. (MA.)

أَمْعُلُوقٌ see مَعْلُوقٌ, first sentence, in two places. , latter half. عُلُوقٌ see مُعَالِقٌ

see عُلْقَةُ see عُلْقَةً, in two places: __ and see

لَيْسَ الْمُتَعَلِّقُ كَالْمُتَأَنِّقِ تَعَلَّقَاتُ see : مُتَعَلِّقَاتُ means He who is content with what is little is not like him who seeks, pursues, or desires, the Mgh, O, Msb;) as also مُعْلُونٌ : (S, O:) and most pleasing of things, or who is dainty,