thing; i. e. he threw it, cast it, or shot it, at him: | (A in art. رَمَانِي القُومُ بِأَبْصَارِهِمْ لللهِ †The | [Before shooting arrows with another, or doing and, more commonly, he threw at him, or cast at him, and hit him, or he shot him, with such a thing: namely, with a stone, an arrow, &c. And He threw at him with stones, threw stones at him: and he pelted him with stones, i. e. threw at him and hit him with stones.] And رَمَى فِي الْأَغْرَاضِ [He shot, or cast, at the butts]. (ISk, T, S, M.) __ [Hence,] one says, in cursing a person, رَمَى ٱللهُ في يَده, and أَنْفه , † [May God aim at, and smite, with some bane, or malady, his hand, or arm, and his nose,] and in like manner in relation to other members. (M, K.*) [And رماه الله بكذا, sometimes meaning + God smote him, or afflicted him, with such a thing: but generally, may God smite him, or afflict him, with such a thing; as in the saying,] all olo + [May God smite him, or afflict him, with the disease of the wolf]; a prov., meaning may God destroy him, or cause him to perish; because [it is said that] the wolf has no disease but death: or, as some say, the meaning is, olo, [may God afflict him with hunger]; because the wolf is always hungry. (Meyd.) And # إداه بداهية | He (God) sent upon him, or against him, or smote him with, a calamity: and also] the (a man) made a very sagacious and crafty and politic man to be his assailant. (L in art. رَمِي فُلَانَ بِحَجْرِ ,See also, in that art. -He as رَمَاهُ بِكَذَا And [.بِحَجَرِهِ and الأَرْضِ sailed him with such a thing; as, for instance, reproach, and an argument, &c. Hence,] رماه بالقبيح (TA,) or بأمْرٍ قبيح, (IAar, T,) or بالقبيح, (Mab,) † He reproached him, or upbraided him, with a thing, or with that, which mas bad, evil, abominable, or foul: (IAar, T, Msb, TA:) whence the usage of the verb alone [in this sense, adultery being understood,] in the Kur xxiv. 4 and 6. (T, TA.) [And ; + He cast an evil imputation upon him; accused him, or suspected him, of evil: see مرمى. And رماه alone + He accused him, or suspected him.] And رماه بالحق +[He accused him with truth]. (L in art. قرح, in رَمَاهُ بِلسَانِهِ And] (.قَرْحُهُ بِالحَقِّيِ explanation of + He spoke against him.] ___ رَمَى اللهُ لكَ ___ means May God aid thee, or aid thee against thine enemy, and work [good] for thee: (AO, S, TA:*) and مَى الله له God aided him, or aided him against his enemy, (AAF, M, K, TA,) and wrought [good] for him: (AAF, M, TA:) and [it is said that] the verb has this meaning in the وَمَا رَمَيْتَ إِذْ رَمَيْتَ وَلَكِنَّ ٱللَّهُ رَمَى words of the Kur, وَمَا رَمَيْتَ إِذْ رَمَيْتَ [of which other explanations have been given above]; because, when God aids a person against his enemy, He aims at, and smites, (یرمی) that enemy. (M, TA.) [In like manner, also, فُلَان means + Such a one defends يَرْمَى مِنْ وَرَاءً فُلَانِ such a one.] _ رُمِيتُ بِكُذَا _ [I had such a thing offered, or presented, to me, the meeting with it being appointed, or prepared; [I had it as it were thrown to me, or thrown in my way; as . نُبُذُتُ به though I were thrown at therewith ;] like .

people, or party, [cast their eyes, on me: or] looked at me sideways, or did so with anger, or aversion: or looked at me hardly, or intently. (Mgh.) [And رَمَى بِبَصَرِهِ الأَرْضُ #He cast his eyes on the ground.] _____, + He, or it, caused, or made, the people, or party, to go forth; expelled them; [or cast them forth;] from one country, or the like, to another. (M, TA.) [See also 6.]) [And رَمَى بِنَاقَتِهِ الفَلاة He urged forth his she-camel, or went forth with her, or journeyed with her, or directed his course with her, into the desert; agreeably with what precedes or with what follows.] رمى signifies also + The going forth from one country, or the like, to another. (Th, M, TA.) And رَمَى الرَّجُلُ † The man jour-neyed. (IAar, T, TA.) And Az says, (TA,) I heard an Arab of the desert say to another, أين meaning + Whither dost thou direct thy course. (T, TA.) One says, رَأَيْتُ نَاسًا يَرْمُونَ † I saw men directing their course to, or towards, Et-Táif. (Har p. 54.) [See also an ex. in a verse of Dhu-r-Rummeh cited in p. 78.] __ أَوْبُ in a verse cited voce , رَمُوْهَا بِأَثْوَابٍ خَفَافِ [They cast upon them light, or agile, bodies,] means they mounted them with their [light, or agile,] bodies; referring to camels. (T and TA in art. رُمِی فی جِنَازته للe has been carried, or lifted, and put, into, or upon, his bier, means + he died, or has died: (TA:) it is said in giving information of a man's death. (TA in art. also app. means + He (a governor) مني] ___ (مين imposed an impost upon his subjects: see رَمِية.] - And رَمَى, aor. يرمى, means also + He mis conjectured; thought wrongly; or formed a wrong opinion: (IAar, T:) [and app. he threw out a conjecture: or he spoke conjecturally; for Az adds,] it is like the phrase رجم [or رجم] : رَمَى السَّحَابُ ـــ (.T.) .[قَالَ رَجْمًا بِالغَيْبِ or بِالغَيْبِ is a رَمُوَ = .4 see . رَمَى عَلَى الخَهْسينَ _ ... see verb of the same kind as قَضُو and هَيُو , [invariable as to person, time, and mood,] and means Excellent [or how excellent] is he in his throwing, or shooting! (IJ, TA voce مُبطُؤ, q. v. [See also بُطُؤ, ([.بطأن voce

3. رَامَيْتُهُ بِالسَّهَامِ (Ş, K,) and رَامَيْتُهُ (TA,) inf. n. مُرَمَانُهُ and مُرَامَاةً (T, S, K) and مُرَامَاةً or this last is like the two preceding ns. [in meaning, but is a quasi-inf. n.], (T,) [I threw, or shot, (generally the latter,) and I shot arrows, with him, or at him; (see 6;) mostly meaning in competition, or contention; i. e. I competed, or contended, with him, in throwing, or shooting, and in shooting arrows: and clone often means بالسّهام or ,رَامَيْتُهُ بالحَجَارَة , whence it is said that] مراماة signifies the shooting arrows, and throwing stones, with any one. (KL.) It is said in a prov., respecting an affair in which one

قَبْلَ الرَّمَآءِ تُهُلَأُ الْكَنَائِنُ

is forward before doing it,

so in competition or contention, the quivers are to be filled]. (A'Obeyd, T.)

4: see 1, first sentence, in seven places: __ and see also 6. = رمان, (M, Mgh,) inf. n. إرمان, (Mgh,) also signifies It (a thing, Mgh) exceeded. (M, Mgh.) You say, ارمى عليه It (anything) exceeded it, namely, another thing. (M.) Hátim-

وَأَسْمَرُ خَطَّيًّا كَأَنَّ كُعُوبَهُ نُوَى القَسْبِ قَدْ أَرْمَى ذِرَاعًا عَلَى العَشْر

[And a tawny spear of El-Khatt, as though its knots, or joints, were hard date-stones; one that exceeded a cubit over the ten]: (T, S:) i. e., قد زاد عليها. (T.) And hence, (T,) you say, i. c. He exceeded [the age of أرمى عَلَى الخَمْسينَ fifty]; (AZ, A'Obeyd, T, S, M, K;) [like زاربي] as also أرمى (AZ, T, S, M, K;) [for] رمى signifies the exceeding in age: and one says also in the same sense. (IAar, T.) And رَمَا and أَرْمَا in the same sense. (IAar, T.) And أَرْبَى فَلَانْ Such a one took usury or the like]. (S.) See also i. e. سَابَّهُ فَأَرْمَى عَلَيْهِ , below. You say also, رَمَا [He reciprocated reviling, or vilifying, with him, and] he exceeded him. (S.)

5. ترمّی He shot, or cast, at the butts, and at the trunks of trees. (ISk, T, S, M.)

6. ارتمینا الand ارتمینا (IVe cast, or shot, (generally the latter,) one with another, or one at another; mostly meaning in competition, or contention; i.e. we competed, or contended, together in throwing, or shooting]: (S, K:) and ترامى القوم and I lord People, or party, shot arrows, [one with another, or] one at another. (T.) _ [Hence,] ترامت به البلاد The countries cast him forth, or expelled him; (M, K, TA;) [as though they bandied him, one to another;] as also أرتمت , (so in a copy of the M, [which I † The clouds became drawn, or joined, together, (M, K, TA,) [as though thrown, one at another,] and heaped, or piled, up; (TA;) as ترامى أمره إلى And __ (M, TA.) .. رمى المام also i.e. † [His affair, or إلى الخِذْلَانِ; i.e. † case,] came eventually [to the attainment of what was desired, or sought; or to abandonment by God]. (T, K, TA.) Hence, (TA,) it is said in a mirad., of Zeyd Ibn-Haritheh, أسبى في الجاهلية T, TA,) i. e. +[He) , فَتَرَامَى الأَمْرُ أَنْ صَارَ لَخَديجَةَ was made a captive in the Time of Ignorance, and the case] came eventually, and led, [to his becoming the property of Khadeejeh, (إلى being understood before أن صار,)] as though the decrees [of God] cast him thereto. (IAth, TA.) One i. e. + The تراخى says also, ترامى الأمر , meaning affair was sluggish, or backward]: (K:) [or] one says of a [purulent swelling such as is termed] رترامي إلى فساد (,Ş,) or of a wound, (Ş,) حبن (T,) or الى الفساد, (Ṣ,) i. e. + It was in a sluggish, or backward, state, (تراخى) and became putrid and corrupt. (T.) And النَّب النَّب النَّال + The