eeks, and devises or plans or plots, such and such things. (T, TA.)

5. تروغ He (a beast) rolled, or turned himself over. (JK, IDrd, K.) And تروغ في الطّين He became befouled, or bedaubed, in the mud. (JK.)

6: see 3, last two sentences.

8: see 4, second sentence.

رَيَاغَةُ عود : رَاغَةُ

[The act, or quality, of turning aside or away from a thing: or of going this way and that, or to the right and left, quickly, and deceitfully, or quilefully: or of turning aside to deceive him who is behind one: or of eluding, or dodying:] a subst. from رواغ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K.) = مُورُ رواغ (ṣo in the TA, the vowel of the in رواغ in the TA, the vowel of the in رواغ (so in the JK.) Abundant [wealth, or good of any kind]. (JK, TA.)

رِيَاغُ [originally رِيَاغُ] A state of plenty; or of abundance of herbage, or of the goods or conveniences or comforts of life. (JK, lbn-'Abbad, K.)

You say, فَلَانُ فِي الرِّيَاغِ Such a one is in a state of plenty, &c. (JK.) = See also art. ريخ.

sce what next follows.

The wrestling-place of a people; (Yz, JK, S, K;) as also \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ing-place}\$, (K,) which is the original form, the being afterwards changed into \$\text{c}\$ because of the kesrch before it, though this, as \$\text{Sgh says}\$, is not a necessary sort of conversion; (TA;) or \$\text{id}\text{id}\$. (So in the JK.)

أوْفِغة [meaning An evasion or elusion, a shift, a wile, an artifice, an artful contrivance or device, a plot, or a stratagem]: (Ibn-'Abbad, K:) from الْوَفِعُة [Thou tookest me by an artifice, &c.]. (JK, Ibn-'Abbad, K.) [It has a similar meaning also in a saying cited voce بحوجانة, q.v.]

رُوَاغْ see : رُوَاغَامُ and رُوَاغَاءُ

[Wont to turn aside or away from a thing: or to go this way and that, or to the right and left, quichly, and deceitfully, or guilefully: or to turn aside for the purpose of deceiving him who is behind: or to elude, or dodge]. Mo'awiyeh said to 'Abd-Allah Ibn-Ez-Zubeyr, أَنُّهُ الْمُواعُ عُلَّمًا عُرْجَتُ مِنْ جُحْرِ الْمُحَرِّتُ فِي [Thou art only a fox wont to elude: whenever thou comest forth from a burrom, thou enterest into a burrow]. (TA.) [Hence,] الرواعُ المُواعُ عُلِي المُواعِ عُلِي المُعْلَى المُواعِ عُلِي المُعْلَى المُواعِ عُلِي المُعْلَى المُعْلِي المُعْلَى المُعْلِي المُعْلَى المُعْلِي المُعْلَى المُعْلَى

A deviating road. (Ṣ, TA.) Hence مُطْرِيقُ رَائِعُ وَالْغُو ُ الْغُوْدُ (as a subst.] A road deviating from the main road: pl. رُوَائِعُ (TA, from a trad.)

: see what next precedes.

[More, and most, wont to turn aside or away from a thing: to go this way and that, or to the right and left, quickly, and deceitfully, or guilefully: to turn aside for the purpose of deceiving him who is behind: or to elude, or dodge]. Tarafeh Ibn-El-'Abd said to 'Amr Ibn-Hind, censuring his companions,

كُلُّهُمُ أَرْفَعُ مِنْ ثَعْلَبٍ مَا أَشْبَهُ اللَّيْلَةَ بِالبَارِحَهُ

[Every one of them is more wont to elude than a fox: how like is this night to yesternight! meaning, how like are they, one to another! see art. ارْوَغُ مِنْ تُعْلَبٍ: [برح]:

روف

1. رَافَ, (IDrd, K,) aor. رَافَ, (K,) or يُرَوفُ, inf. n. رَافَ, (IDrd,) is a dial. var. of رَافُ, (IDrd, K,) aor. رَوْفُ: (K:) or, as some say, (IDrd,) signifies The being still; and is not from رَوْفُ: (IDrd, K:) [ISd says,] الرَّافُةُ (IDrd, K:) [ISd says,] الرَّافُةُ (inf. n. رَفْفُ [he, or it, mas, or became, still, &c.] and مَا رَافُ [q. v.] is a dial. var. thereof [signifying thus]; and is not from رَوُوفُ syn. with رَوْفُ. (M.)

3. راوف: see رَأَفَ Wine; a dial. var. of رَأَفُ (TA.)

Mercy, or compassion: (O, K:) so accord. to IAar. (O.)

وق

1. رَاقَ , (Ṣ, Msb, TA,) aor. رَاقَ , (Ṣ, Msb,) inf. n. روق, (S,) It (wine, or beverage, S, or water, Msb, TA, and a thing, TA) was, or became, clear. (Ş, Msb, TA.) = راق عليه, (JK, K.) aor. as above, (JK,) and so the inf. n., (K,) He, or it, exceeded him, or it: (JK:) [and] he, or it, exceeded him, or it, in excellence. (K.) You say, راق فِي يَدِي كَذَا Such a thing was redundant, or remained over and above, in my hand; like زاد, syn. زاد (L in art. ريع) And Such a one was, or became, وأق فُلَانَ عَلَى أَهْله above, or superior to, his family; surpassed, or excelled, his family. (JK.) = راقنى, (JK, S, MA,) or راق لي, (so in my copy of the Msb, [perhaps a mistranscription, for only the former is commonly known,]) and راقه, (K,) aor. as above, (JK, S,) and so the inf. n., (JK, K,) It (a thing) induced in me, and him, wonder, or admiration, and pleasure, or joy; excited my, and his, admiration and approval; pleased, or rejoiced, me, and him. (JK, S, MA, Msb, K.) = روق, [aor. يروق, He was, or be came, long-toothed : (MA:) [or he had long teeth, the upper of which projected over the lower : or his upper central incisors were longer than the lower, and projecting over them : see , below.]

2. روق, (JK, Ṣ, Mṣb,) inf. n. ترويق, (Ṣ, Ḳ,) He cleared, or clarified, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ,) wine, or

beverage, (S,) or water; (Msb;) he cleared, or clarified, wine, or beverage, with the راووق. (JK, TA.) __ ! He (a drunken man) made water in his clothes. (AḤn, Ķ, TA.) = روق البيت, (JK, TA,) inf. n. as above, (JK,) He made, or put, to the tent, a رواق, (JK, TA,) meaning a curtain extended below the roof. (TA. [See رواق]) ___ Hence, (Har p. 50,) رُوق اللَّيْلُ † The night extended the celo [or curtain] of its darkness; (\$, Msb, Har ubi supra, TA;) became dark; (Har, TA;) as also أَرُونَى اللهِ also signifies The selling a commodity and buying one hetter than it, (IAar, K, TA,) or longer than it, and better: (TA:) or the selling an old and wornout thing and buying a new one: (Th, TA:) or the selling one's garment, and adding something to it, and buying [with that garment and the thing added to it] another garment better than it: (JK:) [or the buying, with a thing and something added thereto, a better thing: for] one says, باع سَلْعَتُهُ فَرُوَّقَ [He sold his commodity, and bought with it and something added thereto a better commodity]. (TA.) - One says also, Ile named a high price to رُوِّقَ لِفُلَانٍ فِي سِلْعَتِهِ such a one for his commodity, not desiring it [himself, but app. desiring to induce another to give a high price for it]. (JK, K: expl. in the former by رَفَعَ لَهُ فِي سُومِهَا وَلَا يُويدُهَا and in the (رَفَعَ لَهُ فِي ثُمَنهَا وَهُو لَا يُرِيدُهَا إلى الما latter by

4. ريق . Msb in art راقه = . see 2. اروق , (Msb in art K in that and the present art.,) inf. n. إراقة, (Ş in the present art, and so in the K accord. to the TA,) He poured it out, or forth; (S, Msh, K;) namely, water and the like, (S,) or water and blood: (Msh:) and one says also هراقه, (Msh, TA,) changing the l into o, originally هريقه, like in measure, (Msh,) said by Lh to be of the dial. of El-Yemen, and afterwards to have spread among Mudar, (TA in art. ريق,) aor. يهويقه, (Msb, TA,) with fet-h to the o, imperative , originally , مُرْبِقْ , like , مُرْبِقْ , (Msb,) inf. n. , aor. أَهْرَاقَهُ and K in art ; هراقةً (Msb, TA,) with the o quiescent, like أَهْرَقْتُ aor. of إِسْطَاعَ or, accord. to the T, يُسْطِيعُ is wrong as being anomalous; and some say, , aor. -, inf. n. هُرَقْ، as though the o were radical. (Msb.) It is said in a trad., إن آمراة the verb being in رُتُهْرَاقُ or كَانَتْ تُهَرَاقُ الدَّمَاءَ the pass. form, and the either meftoohah or duiescent, and الدماء being in the accus. case as a specificative; [so that the meaning is, Verily a moman used to pour forth with blood; for בקום is equivalent to تَرِيقَ; but by rule the specificative should be without the article إزال may be in the nom. case, ileal being for lail. e. her blood used to pour forth]. (Msb.) ISd says hecause أَرُوقَ is judged to be originally أَرَاقَ because the medial radical letter of a verb is more commonly than ¿; and because, when water is poured forth, its clearness appears, and it excites the admiration and approval of its beholder; [to which may be