عُرَاقِيبُ الأُمُورِ [,tains. (Ş,O, K.) And [hence, app., + Great and difficult affairs: (S, O, K:) as also قراقيلها . (S, O.) \_ And A mountain always crowned with clouds, not rained upon. (TA.) -Also + Artifice, craft, or cunning; or a stratagem, or trick. (O, K. [See Q. 1, last signification.]) \_ And + Knowledge (عرفان) of an argument, a plea, an allegation, or a proof. (O, K.) = Also the name of a certain man of the Amalekites, (S, O, K, TA,) or, (so says Ibn-El-Kelbee, O,) of the Benoo-Abd-Shems-Ibn-Saad, (Jm, O, TA,) but this is said to be of no authority, (O,) or of El-Ows, (Jm, TA,) the greatest liar of his time, (K,) proverbial for breach of promises: (S, O:) El-Ashja'ee (whose name was Jubeyhà, O, K) says.

(Ṣ, O, Ķ, TA) i. e. ! Thou promisedst, but breach of promise was an inherent quality of thee, like the promises of 'Orkoob to his brother in Yetreb; which is in El-Yemámeh; or, as some relate it, بيثرب, i. e. El-Medeeneh, or, as some say, the land of the Benoo-Saad; but the former is the more correct. (TA. [See also Har p. 160.]) And one says, مُوْفِ يَتُربُ مَنْ عُرُوْبِ يَتْربُ [He is more mendacious than 'Orkoob of Yetreb]. (A, TA.)

## عرك

. عَرْكُهُ , (Ş, O, K,) aor. عُرْكُهُ , (Ş,) inf. n. عَرْكُهُ (S, O,) He rubbed it, or rubbed and pressed it, or did so well; syn. دَلْكَه; namely, a thing; (S, O;) such as a skin or hide, or a tanned skin or hide, and the like. (TA.) \_ And [He wore it away by scraping, &c.;] he scraped, rubbed, chafed, or fretted, it, until he erased, or effaced, غَرُكَ بِجَنْبِهِ مَا كَانَ مِنْ Hence, عَرَكَ بِجَنْبِهِ مَا كَانَ مِنْ , aor. and inf. n. as above, meaning + [He acted] as though he scraped, &c., [with his side,] what had proceeded from his companion, until he erased, or effaced, it: (TA;) [like as a camel allays an itching by rubbing with his side the trunk of a tree: i. e. he bore, or endured, what proceeded from his companion: for] يعوك الأذي means استنبه [i. e. + He bears, or endures, annoyance, or molestation; or forgives it, and feigns himself neglectful of it]. (O and K in عَرَكْتُ القَوْمَ فِي And \_ أَعْرَكُهُ explanation of inf. n. as above, + [I fretted, or ground, or crushed, the party in the war, or battle.] (Ş, O.) And دَارْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ i.q. غَرْكُتْهُمْ الْحَرْبُ lit., The war, or battle, revolved upon them like the mill or mill-stone; meaning fretted, or ground, or crushed, them]. (TA.) Zuheyr says,

(O) meaning † And it, i. e. war, will fret [or grind or crush] you, as the mill with its skin put beneath it, upon which the flour falls, frets [or grinds] the grain; and it, i. e. war, will conceive two Bk I.

years, one after the other; then bring forth, and give birth to twins: he makes war's destruction of them to be like the mill's grinding of the grain, and the various evils that are engendered from war to be like children. (EM pp. . (MA, عَرْكُ nf. n. عَرْكُ أَذْنَهُ ـــ (MA,) inf. n. عَرْكَ أَذْنَهُ ـــ (MA, KL,) He rubbed, or rubbed and pressed, [or generally, as now used, he wrung, or twisted,] his ear. (MA, KL.) \_ عَرَكَ ظَهُوهَا , aor. and inf. n. as above, He felt her back, namely, that of a she-camel, &c., doing so much or often, to know her state of fatness : (TA:) and عَرْكَ السَّنَامَ He felt the hump, to know if there were in it عَرَكَ البَعِيرُ جَنْبَهُ \_ (S, O, TA.) فَرَكَ البَعِيرُ جَنْبَهُ (S, K,\*) inf. n. as above, (TA,) The camel made an incision, or a cut, in his side with his elbow, (K, TA,) and rubbed it, or rubbed and pressed it, (TA,) so as to reach to the flesh, (K, TA,) cutting through the shin: (TA:) in which are applied عَرَكُونٌ \* and عَرَكُونٌ are applied to the camel. (K.) [See also عُرُكُ below, which indicates another meaning.] \_ عُرِكُه \_ (Lh, K, TA,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (Lh, TA,) also signifies + He put upon him evil (Lh, K, TA) and misfortune : (K, TA : [the CK has meaning evil and misfortune, عليه الشُّرُّ والدُّهُرُ assailed him, instead of وَالدَّهْرَ وَالدَّهْرَ as in other copies of the K and in the TA:]) and, as some say, عَرَكُهُ بِشَرِّ signifies he did evil to him, or brought evil upon him, repeatedly. (TA.) \_ عَرَكَ الدَّهْرُ فَلَانًا \_ (TA.) rendered such a one experienced; or trained, or disciplined, and reformed, or improved, him. (K, TA.) \_ عَرَكُ الإبِلَ فِي الحَمْضِ He left the camels amid the plants termed , to obtain thereof what they wanted. (Lh, K.) \_ عُركت The cattle ate the plants, or herbage. (K.) \_ عَرْكَتْ said of a woman, (S, O, K,) or of a girl, or young woman, (Lh, TA,) aor. 2, (S, O,) inf. n. عُرَاكُ (S, O, K) and عُرَاكُ (O,\* K) and عرك, (K,) She menstruated; (S, O, K;) as also أعركت الإ.) إغرك الإ.) إغرك الإ.) إغركت العركت الإ.) اعركت عُرَكُ, (TA,) He was, or became, such as is termed [q.v.]; strong, or vehement, in striving, contending, or conflicting, (K, TA,) and in might, courage, valour, or provess, (TA,) in war, or battle, (K, TA,) and in altercation. (TA.)

3. عَارِكُهُ (TA,) inf. n. عَارِكُهُ (Ṣ, O, K, TA) and عَارِكُهُ (ṬA,) He fought him; contended with him in fight, or battle: (Ṣ, O, K, TA:) مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ (Ṣ, O, K, TA:) مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ (Ṣ, O, K, TA:) مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ (Ṣ, O, K, TA:) مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ مَعَارِكُهُ (Ṣ, O, K, TA:) signifies the act of fighting; and thrusting at and wounding, one another, in fight, or battle. (KL.) — And عَرَاكُ signifies also, in relation to camels, The pressing, or crowding, one another, at, or to get to, the water. (TA.) [See also this word below. And see 8.]

4: see 1, last sentence but one.

6: see the next paragraph.

8. اعتركوا في الهُعْرُكَة (Ş, O,) or اعتركوا (K, TA,) [and † يعاركوا (K, TA,) [and المعاركوا ألا المعاركوا ألا المعاركوا ألا المعاركوا المعاركوا ألا المعاركوا المعاركوا المعاركوا المعاركوا ألا المعاركوا ال

and agreeable with analogy, but I do not find any authority for it,] They pressed, straitened, or crowded, one another, (Ṣ, O, TA,) and rubbed, or rubbed and pressed, one another, (TA,) or strove together, and fought one another, (K, TA,) in the place of fight, or battle; (Ṣ, O, K, TA;) and ما في الخصوصة [in altercation]. (TA.)—And اعترات الإبل في الورد The camels pressed, or crowded, one another, in the coming to water. (K.) [See also 3.] اعترات معراكة (K.) [See also 3.] بعمراكة (K.) said of a woman [menstruating] She stuffed her vulva with a piece of rag. (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K.)

Adebbes El-Kinánee, i. q. غرف, i. e. An incision, or a cut, made by the elbow [of a camel], in the arm, [probably a mistake for in the side, (see 1, near the middle of the paragraph,)] so as to reach to the ficsh, cutting through the skin, by the side of the callous protuberance upon the breast. (O.) [See also غرض, in art. عرض, as used by a poet, [the dual, it seems, being put for the sing. for the sake of the rhyme, as it ends a verse,] is a metaphorical term for The vulva of a woman; the غرف in its primary sense being in the camel. (TA.) = Also The dung of beasts or birds of prey. (O, K.) = And Herbage trodden and eaten. (TA.)

عَرُفُ Fishermen; (AA, Ṣ, MA, O, Ķ;) as also أَعْرَفُ (MA; [but this I do not find elsewhere;]) and غُرُفُ: (O, Ķ:) one of whom is called عُرُفُ. (AA, Ṣ, MA, O, Ķ.) meaning a fisherman who holds in his hand an iron implement having fice prongs: (MA:) عَرَفُ being like عَرُفُ is the n. un.:] accord. to the Ķ, عَرَفُ and عُرُونُ is pl. of عَرَفُ (TA:) hence عَرُفُ is used as meaning sailors, or mariners, (AA, Ṣ, O, Ķ.) because they fish, not as being [properly] a name for them: (AA, Ṣ, O:) Zuheyr says,

The camel-drivers cover with them the middle of the elevated expanse of sand like as the seamen cause the waves of the deep to cover the ships]: but AO related this verse otherwise, saying in the nom. case, and making العرك to be an epias signifying المَتَلَاطِم as signifying موج though the meaning were, like as the colliding waves of the deep cover the ships with their surf ]. (S, O.) = Also i. q. مُوت [A sound, noise, voice, &c.]; and so \*عُرِكُ \* (Ṣ, O, Ķ.) = It is also the عَرَكَ الإبلَ فِي الحَبْضِ subst. denoted by the phrase [q. v., app. as meaning The act of leaving camels amid the pasturage termed , to obtain thereof what they want; a meaning given in the O as an explanation of عركرك , which is perhaps in this instance a mistranscription]. (K.)