rah. (TA.) — Also † Goodness, and righteous conduct: so in the saying, إِيَّاكُمْ وَالْهُمَارَّةَ فَإِنَّهُمُ الْعُرَّةَ وَتُظْهِرُ الْعُرَّةَ وَتُظْهِرُ الْعُرَّةَ وَتُظْهِرُ الْعُرَّةَ وَتُظْهِرُ الْعُرَّةَ وَتُظْهِرُ الْعُرَّةَ (الْعُرَّةَ وَتُظْهِرُ الْعُرَّةَ وَتُطْهِرُ الْعُرَاءُ وَالْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرِدُ الْعُرَّةُ وَلِي الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَلِي الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُسْلَامُ الْعُرَاءُ الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ الْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْعُرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ الْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرِاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرِاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَلِيْمِ الْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْرِاءُ وَالْمُعْمِلُوا الْعِلَاءُ وَالْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْرَاءُ وَالْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلِي الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْرِقُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمِلْمُ الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلِمُ الْمُعْمِلُوا الْمُعْمِلِمُ الْمُعْمِلِمُ الْمُعْمِلِمُ الْمُعْمِلِعُلُوا الْمُعْمِلُولُ

Negligence; inattention; inadvertence, or inadvertency; inconsiderateness; heedlessness; or unpreparedness: (S, Mgh, Msb, K:) [pl. غرات and غرز see an ex. of the former in a verse cited voce مُفع, and exs. of both in a verse cited voce الغِرَّةُ تَجُلِبُ الدِّرَّةَ ,It is said in a prov. [.دَرَى Inadvertence brings the means of subsistence: (TA:) or paucity of milk causes to come abundance thereof: applied to him who gives little and from whom much is hoped for afterwards. (Meyd. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 179: and see also عَلَى غِرَة [Hence,] عَلَى غِرَة [On an occasion of negligence, &c.; unexpectedly]. (K in art. عرض ; &c.) [And عَنْ غَرَة In consequence of in-advertence : see an ex. in a verse cited voce زَلَقُ غُوارةً and غُرَارةً and غُرَارةً signify the same. (A'Obeyd.) [The latter is an inf. n.: see 1.] See also غرة, second sentence. means Boldness against God. (Mgh.) [See also غُرُ See.]

بق see أغرى , near the end.

Peril; danger; jeopardy; hazard; or risk. (S, Mgh, Msb, K.) It is said in a trad., risk. (S, Mgh, Msb, K.) It is said in a trad., he (Mohammad) forbade the sale of hazard, or risk; (S, Mgh, Msb;) of which it is unknown whether the thing will be or not; (Mgh;) such as the sale of fish in the water, and of birds in the air: (S, Mgh:) or, accord. to Alee, in which one is not secure from being deceived: (Mgh:) or of which the outward semblance deceives the buyer, and the intrinsic reality is unknown: (TA:) or that is without any written statement (غيرة), and without confidence. (As, Mgh.) مَوْرُونَ بِهُ means مَوْرُونَ بِهُ [i.e., app., A bond, or compact, in which trust, or confidence, is not placed]. (TA.) = See also عَرُونَ بِهُ See also

Paucity of milk of a camel: (K:) or deficiency thereof. (S.) [See 3.] It is said in a prov., respecting the hastening a thing before its time, سَبَقَ دَرْتُهُ غَرَارُهُ [lit., His abundant flow of milk preceded his paucity thereof] : (As :) or سَبُقَ (lit., his paucity of milk preceded his abundance thereof; agreeably with an explanation of Z, who says that it is applied to him who does evil before he does good: see Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 613: and see also غُرةً]. (So in my copies of the S.) - Hence, + Paucity of sleep. (As, A'Obeyd, S.) _ [Hence also,] in prayer, 1 A deficiency in, (K,) or an imperfect performance of, (S,) the bowing of the body, and the prostration, (\$, K,) and the purification. (K.) And in salu-(السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمُ tation, The saying (in reply to . (T, TA:) or the say: وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلَامُ not وَعَلَيْكُمُ

ing سَلَامْ عَلَيْكُ (K) or سَلَامْ عَلَيْكُ (M) [without ال prefixed to ال as though it were a deficient form; but it is the form specially sanctioned by the Kur-an]: or the replying by saying بَعَلَيْكُ, not عَلَيْكُ. (K.) This is said in explanation of a trad., لَا غِرَارَ فِي صَلَاةٍ وَلَا تَسْليمِ [There shall be no deficiency in prayer, nor in salutation]: but accord. to one relation, it is کنوار فی صلاة , meaning, that the person praying shall not salute nor be saluted: in the former case, is an adjunct to صلاة in the latter, it is an adjunct to غرار, so that the meaning is, There shall be no deficiency nor salutation in prayer. (TA.) _ Also ! Little sleep (S, K) &c. (K.) نَوْمُهُنَّ غَرَارُ El-Farezdak uses the expression Their sleep is little. (TA.) - And particularly + Littleness of consideration; denoting haste. (TA.) You say, أَثَانًا عَلَى غِرَادٍ + He came to us in haste. (S.) And القيتُه غرارًا + I met him in مَا أَقَهْتُ عنْدُهُ إِلَّا غِرَارًا And مِلْ (TA.) __ And † [I remained not at his abode save] a little while. (TA.) And بَثُ غِرَارَ شَهْر He (a man, S) tarried لَيْتُ اليُومُ the space of a month. (S, O, TA.) And i. e. [Would that the day were] of the length of a month. (So in some copies of the S, and in the O: in other copies of the S, لَبِثَ القُومُر [like the phrase immediately preceding].) _ And, accord. to As, غرار signifies A way, course, mode, or manner. (S, O, TA.) One says, [I shot three رَمَيْتُ ثَلَاثَةَ أَسْهُم عَلَى غِرَارٍ وَاحِدٍ arrows] in one course. (S, O, TA.) And وُلَدُتُ غُلَى غِرَارٍ وَاحِد $(\S,)$ or عَلَى غِرَارٍ وَاحِد (Ā,) i.e. [Such a woman brought forth three sons,] one after another, (S, TA,) without any girl among them. (TA.) And على among them. app. The people, or party, reared their غرار واحد tents, or, perhaps, their houses, in one line, or according to one manner]. (S, O.) _ Also The model, or pattern, according to which iron heads (S, K) of arrows (S) are fushioned, (S, K,) in order to their being made right. (K.) One says, (Ṣ, TA) i. e. [He] ضَرَبُ نِصَالَهُ عَلَى غِرَارٍ وَاحِدٍ fashioned his arrow-heads according to] one model, or pattern. (TA.) _ And The _ [app. meaning point, or perhaps the edge of the iron head or of the blade,] of a spear and of an arrow and of a sword : [see also ذُبَّابُ also signifies the عَد of a sword : (K, TA :) or الغراران signifies : معبلة [arrow-head called] معبلة: (AHn, TA:) or the two edges of the sword: [see, again, غَرَارُ and غَرَارُ, the مَّ of anything that has a عَد : (Ṣ, O:) and the pl. is أَعْرَة (Ṣ.)

افرور Very deceitful; applied in this sense as an epithet to the present world; (Msb;) or what deceives one; (K;) such as a man, and a devil, or other thing; (As, TA;) or such as property or wealth, and rank or station, and desire, and a devil: (B, TA:) and غُرُورُ signifies a thing by which one is deceived, of worldly goods or advantages: (S:) or the former signifies the devil, specially; (Yaakoob, S, K;) because he deceives

men by false promises and by inspiring hopes; or because he urges a man to do those things which are causes of his being loved but which are followed by that which grieves him: (TA:) and this last sense it has, accord to ISk, in the Kur xxxi. 33 and xxxv. 5: (S:) also the present world; (K;) as an epithet in which the quality of a subst. predominates: and this sense is assigned to it by some as used in the passages of the Kur-an to which reference has just been made. (TA.) [It is masc. and fem., agreeably with analogy.] — Also A medicine with which one gargles: (S, K:) a word similar to Lect (S) and Lect (TA.)

as though pl. of غُرُور, inf. n. of غُرُور (Zj:) or pl. of غُرُور (Zj:) or pl. of غُرُور (Zj:) or pl. of غُرُور ; (Zj, Ķ;) like as غُرُور is pl. of غُادُ ; (Zj:) or what is false, or vain; a deception; a thing by which one is deceived. (AZ.) See also غُرُور .

غرير Deceived; beguiled; made to desire what is vain, or false ; (A'Obeyd, K ;) and so مغرور الم (K.) And you say likewise, أَنَا غَرَرُ لَا مِنْك , in the sense of مغرور [I am deceived by thee]. (TA.) And مغرور signifies also A man who marries to a moman in the belief that she is free, and finds her to be a slave. (TA.) _ See also , in three أَنَا غَرِيرُكَ مِنْ هَذَا places. _ It is said in a prov., أَنَا غَرِيرُكَ مِنْ هَذَا الأمر, meaning I am one possessing knowledge in this affair so that when thou askest me of it I will inform thee respecting it without being prepared for it and without consideration: so says AZ: and Z says the like; i.e. I [am one who] will answer thee if thou ask me unexpectedly respecting this affair by reason of the soundness of my knowledge of the true state of the case: or [it means I am a deceived informant of thee respecting this affair; for] as As says, the meaning is, thou art not deceived by me, but I am the person deceived; the case being this, that false information came to me, and I acquainted thee with it, and it was not as I told thee; I having only related what I had heard. (TA.) And one says, أَنَا غَرِيرُكَ مِنْهُ i.e. I caution thee [or I am thy cautioner] against him; (K, " .) [i. e.,] مِنْ فُلَانِ [against such a one]; (S, O;) meaning, as Aboo-Nasr says in the "Kitáb el-Ajnás," [that] there shall not happen to thee, from him, that whereby thou shalt be deceived; (S, O, TA;) as though he said, I am thy surety, or sponsor, for that. (AM, TA.) ___ [Hence, app., it is said that] غُرِيرُ signifies also A surety, sponsor, or guarantee. (K, TA.) ___ And عَيْشٌ غَرير A life in which one is not made to be in fear : (S, K, TA :) like عَيْشُ أَبْلَهُ (TA :) pl. غران. (K.) - Hence, perhaps; or from [app. as meaning "inexperience"], which is sometimes approved; (Har p. 607;) or because it [sometimes] deceives; (TA;) غرير also signifies ! Good disposition or nature. (S, O, K, TA.) One says of a man when he has become old, and evil in disposition, هُرِيرُهُ مَأْقْبَلَ هَرِيرُهُ