pedition, or promptness. (TA.) _ And + Ease: so in the saying, اِفْعَلْ ذَٰلِكَ فِي سَرَاحٍ وَرَوَاحٍ (TA) i. e. ! Do thou that in a state of ease (S and A and K in art. ((e-)) and rest. (A in that art.) [indecl.] like قطام, [app. as meaning The quich, or quick and easy in pace, like السُّرِّة,] the name of a certain horse. (K.)

، سُرْح 800 : سُرُوح

which is no deferring. (A.) You say also, أَ كُونُ ذُلِكُ إِلَّا فِي سَرِيحٍ That will not be save with quickness, expedition, or promptness. (TA.)

A thong with which one sews soles or sandals or the like: (S, O, K:) pl. سَرَائِحُ (S, O, K.) and سُرُعُ (TA) and [coll. gen. n.] اسْرُعُ : (S, TA:) or, as some say, the thong wherewith is fastened, or tied, the Loss, which is a [thick plaited] thong that is fastened upon the pastern [of a camel, encircling it like a ring, for the attachment of a leathern shoe, or sandal]: (TA:) نعال is also expl. as signifying the سُرِّح [or leathern shoes, or sandals,] of camels: or, as some say, the thongs, or straps, of their نعال; cach thong, or strap, being called : (L, TA:) Suh says, in the R, that تريخ signifies a kind of thing like the نعل with which camels' feet are clad. (TA.) The wife of an arrow are The sinews that are wound around it; sing. and also certain marks upon it, like those of fire. (TA.) _ Also A piece of a garment (K, TA) that has been much torn: (TA:) pl. مَوَائِثُ (K, TA) and [coll. gen. n.] * مَوَائِثُ بَالِثُ (TA.) _ And A conspicuous elongated strip of ground, (O, K,) even, (O,) narrow, and having more trees, or shrubs, (O, K,) or, as Az says, having more plants, or herbage, and trees, or shrubs, (TA,) than what is around it, (O, K, TA,) and rising above what surrounds it; (TA;) so that one sees it to be oblong, abounding with trees, or shrubs, what is around it having few trees, or shrubs: and sometimes it is what is termed a [app. as meaning a long mountain lying across the way, and over which one passes]: (O, TA:) pl. سَرَائِح (O, K, TA) and [coll. gen. n.] مَرْيَحُ (TA.) And An oblong, or enlongated, tract of blood, (K, TA,) when flowing: (TA:) pl. سَرَائِے (K, TA) and [coll. gen. n.] (TA.) .سَرِيحُ 🕈

عرياح: see سرح Also Tall; (S, K;) as an epithet applied to a man. (TA.) = And Locusts. or the locust. (S, O, K, TA. [In the CK, and in my MS. copy of the K, الجواد is erroneously put for The female locust : أمَّ سريًاج And (Aboo-'Amr Ez-Záhid, IB:) and the mame of A certain woman, (S, K,) in one instance only. (Aboo-'Amr Ez-Záhid, IB.) __ السَّرِيَاحُ (K,) or برياخ, (O,) is the name of A certain dog. (O, K.)

[probably meaning Quick, or quick and easy in pace, like ,,] the name of a horse of El-Mohallak Ibn-Hantam. (O, K.)

and مُرْحُ see سَارِحُ , second sentence, in three places. مَا لَهُ سَارِحَةٌ وَلَا رَائْحَةُ [lit. He has not any camels, &c., that go away to pasture, nor any that return from pasture,] means + he has not anything: (S, TA:) and sometimes it means the has not any people, or party. (Lh, TA.). A torrent running, or flowing, easily.

(Aboo-Sa'eed, A, TA.) نارخ is also used as a subst., signifying A pastor who sends forth, or sets free, camels, or cattle, to pasture, or to pasture where they please, by themselves, or who sends them forth in the morning to the pasturage: and a people, or party, having camels, or cattle pasturing, or pasturing where they please, by themselves, or sent forth in the morning to the pasturage. (TA.)

A place of pasturage: (K:) or a place into which beasts are sent forth, or sent forth in the morning, to pasture: (O:) pl. مسارح. (TA.) occurs in a trad., of Umm- لهُ إِبِلُ قَلِيلَاتُ المُسَارِح Zara, meaning [He has camels whose places of pasturage are few; i. e.] his camels do not go forth into distant pasturages, but lie down in his outer court, or yard, in order that they may be near by to supply the guests with their milk and their flesh. (TA.)

A comb. (O, K.) __ And [the dual] Two wooden things, or two pieces of wood, [composing a yoke,] that are bound upon the neck of the bull with which one ploughs. (AHn, TA.)

An instrument with which hair and flax or the like are separated and combed. (TA.)

or mirage]: (K: [in some copies of which, الشَّرَابُ is put in the place of mentioned on the authority of Th ; but [: السراب he was not sure of its correctness: (TA:) a dial. var. of مَشْرُوحْ in this sense. (TA in art. مَشْرُوحْ)

and its fem., with ة: see منسرح, in two places. __ Also the former, (K, TA,) applied to a man, (TA,) Lying upon his back, or lying as though thrown down or extended, and parting his legs. (K, TA.) _ And Denuded, or divested, of his clothes; or making himself to be so: or having few clothes; lightly clad: (TA:) or coming, or going, forth from his clothes; (S, O, K;) or so هُو ,(A.) [Hence,] one says, مُنْسَرِحُ مِنْ ثِيَابِهِ با الكُرَم the is divested, or divesting himself, of the apparel of generosity. (A.) _ And [applied to a camel as meaning]

is also the name of A kind of verse; (S, O, K;) [namely, the tenth;] the [full] measure of which is

twice. (O.)

, applied to a mare, Long-bodied; (S, K;*) [said to be] applied only to a female: (S:) or, as some say, a mare that moves the fore legs quickly in running: and a horse of generous race, or excellent, and light, or active: said by Az to be mostly applied to the horse-kind, but restricted by some to the female. (TA.) And A she-camel swift, and long [in the body]. (TA.) It is also applied to a man, (K,) meaning Tall, and beautiful in body: and with 5, to a woman: but not known to the Kilábees as applied to a human being. (TA.) الشُرْهُوبُ The jackal; syn. ابن اوى (K.) _ And A certain blind devil, dwelling in the sea. (K.) = سُرْحُوبُ سُرْحُوبُ (K, TA,) with the - quiescent, (TA,) [in the CK with ,] A cry by which the ewe is called on the occasion of milking. (K.)

سرحل سرحان fem with ة: see سِرْحَالْ, in art. سِرْحَالْ

1. سرد, aor. 4, inf. n. سرد, He carried on a thing, or put it forward from one stage to another, in regular order, consecutively, or one part immediately after another, uninterruptedly; he made it consecutive, successive, or uninterrupted, in its progressions, or gradations, or the like: (M, L:) [and so سرد , inf. n. تسريد; or this may have an intensive signification.] ___ You say, رَّ الدَّرْعُ, (A,) [aor. and] inf. n. as above; (Ş, K,) He fubricated the coat of mail (Ş, A, K) by inserting the rings one into another: (S, A:) [and so (as appears from an explanation of its pass. part. n.) اسردها الله or this may have an intensive signification:] and زردها signifies the same. (K in art. زرد See also سرد below.] __ And سُودُ الشَّيُّ (M,) inf. n. as above; (M, K;) and أسرده (M,) inf. n. تَسْرِيدٌ; (K;) and أسرده (M,) inf. n. أسريدٌ; (TA;) He perforated the thing [as one does in fabricating a coat of mail, (see, again, سرد, below,) and in sewing leather]: (M, K:) some say that عَرْدُ signifies the act of perforating. (S.) __ And اَسُودُ النَّعْلُ وَغَيْرُهَا [inf. n. as above and سَرَدُ النَّعْلُ وَغَيْرُهَا [He sewed the sandal &c.; (A;) [as also مَرُدُ (Ş, K) and سُرُدُ (K) and تَسْرِيدُ (Ş, K) signify the sewing of leather. (Ş, K.) — And سَرُدُ حُفُّ البَعِيرِ , inf. n. مُرَدُّ , i. q. [app. meaning He covered the camel's foot with thongs interwoven]. (M.) _ And (M.) , And وَنَحُوهُ (M, A, Msb) مَرَدُ الحَدِيثُ (Ṣ, M, Mṣb,) inf. n. بَسْرة; (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ;) and (TA;) ! He carried on, or continued, uninterruptedly, (S,* M, A, Msb, K,*) and well, (S, K,) the narrative, or tradition, or discourse, Divested of his وبر [i. e. fur, or soft hair]. (TA.) (S, M, A, Msb, K,) and the like; (M;) and in