لَّ Eminent; or noble: (L, K :) applied to a man: pl. أنضار (L.) _ Also, (A, L,) and the pl., (S, A, L,) A man's paternal and maternal uncles (S, A, L) preëminent in nobility. (S, L.) - Also, the pl., The party, or company, (L, K,) and number, (A, L, K,) and auxiliaries, or assistants, (A,) of a people, (L, K.) or of a man: (A:) and the sing. and pl., companies, or congregated bodies, of men. (A.) لَّفُدُ + A fat she-camel; (K;) likened to a couch-frame, or a raised couch, upon which are (K.) _ أَنْضَاد , of mountains, Stones, such as are called جَنَادل, one upon another. (S, L, K.) Also, of clouds, Portions piled up, one above another : (S, L, K :) sing. نَضُد . (L.)

. نَضِيدٌ and نَضُودٌ

and * مُنَضَّدُ * (Mab, K,) and مُنْضُودُ * or the last has an intensive signification, as is shewn above,] Goods, household-goods, or commodities, (K,) put one upon another: (Msb, K:) [or put, or set, together, in regular order, or piled up: and the last, put one upon another, or side by side, compactly : see 1]. __ , in the Kur, [l. 10,] Spadices of palm-trees [having their flowers] compacted, or compactly disposed; (L;) yet in their envelopes; (Fr, L;) for when they have come forth therefrom they cease to be in the Kur, طَلُحْ مَنْضُودٌ * _ (L.) [lvi. 28,] Gum-acacias having fruit or leaves closely set, one above another, from bottom to top, without their trunks being apparent below. شُجُرُ الخَنَّةِ نَضِيدٌ مِنْ أَصْلِهَا إِلَى فَرْعِهَا _ (I.) The trees of paradise are closely set with leaves and fruit, one above another, from bottom to top, without having trunks apparent: (L, from a (Jel, lvi. 20.) نَضُودُ * trad. :) and similarly

A pillow: and any stuffed article of household furniture : (L, K :) pl. نَضَائد and is used as a coll. n. (L.)

. نَضِيدُ 800 : مَنْضُودُ

Pearls arranged, or put together, in regular order. (A.) _ See . نُضِيدُ

نضر

1. نَضْرَ , aor. -; (IAar, S, A, Mab, K;) and , aor. -; and نَضْرَ , aor. -; (IAar, S, A. K;) the last [also] mentioned by A'Obeyd; (S;) inf. n. نَضَارَة , (S, A, Msb, K,) of the first; (S, Msb ;) and نُضُورُ (K) and نُضُورُ , (S, A, K,) of the second, (S,) or this is a simple subst., (Msb,) and نُضْر (TA,) [also of the second ;] and , نُضْر (K;) [of the third;] and أَنْضُرُ † (IAar, L, K, TA:) It (a tree, A, K, and a plant, A, and foliage, TA, and a colour, K, and a face, IAar, keeps it in mind, then conveys it to him who

S, Mab, K, and anything, TA,) was, or became, beautiful (S, Msb, K,) and bright: (S. [see below] or, when said of a face, tropically used, (A,) signifying as above: (TA:) or ; it was, or became, beautiful and fresh: or beautiful and fine-skinned, so that the blood appeared [through the shin]: syn. عُشُن وَعُضٌ : (A:) or pleasant : (Fr:) and انضر , said of a tree, its foliage became green. (TA.) - [When said of a man, sometimes signifying He was, or became, in a state of enjoyment, or in a plentiful and pleasant and easy state of life; agreeably with a usage of نُضُرُ * and نُضُرُ * and أُنْضُرُ * to be mentioned below. And in like manner, when said of life, it signifies It was, or became plentiful and pleasant and easy.] = مُنْضَرَهُ الله (I Aar, S, A, Msb, K,) aor. -, (Msb,) inf. n. نَصْر (TA;) and tion, (S, A, K,) or this has an intensive signification; (Msb;) and أنضره المانية (IAar, S, A, K;) when the pronoun relates to the face, (IAar, S, A,) in which case it is tropical, (A,) [or to a tree, or colour, as is implied in the K, God made it beautiful (S, A, K,) and bright. (S. TA.) _ When the pronoun relates to a man, the meaning (of the first of these three forms, as mentioned by En-Nadr and Sh and in the Mgh and TA, and of the * second, as mentioned by As, and En-Nadr and Sh, &c., and of the * third, as mentioned in the TA,) is God made him to have enjoyment, or plentiful and pleasant and easy life; syn. is; (S, Mgh, Mab, TA;) or جَعْلُهُ نَاضَرًا [which signifies the same]: (A'Obeyd:) or نَضُرهُ الله, (El-Azdee, Mgh,) and الله (El-Ḥasan El-Muäddib, TA.) signifies + God made his rank, or station, good (El-Azdee, El-Hasan El-Muäddib, Mgh, TA,) among mankind: (El-Hasan El-Muäddib, TA:) not relating to beauty of the face; (El-Azdee, El-Hasan El-Muäddib, Mgh, TA:) but is similar to the saying, إِلَى [وجه . which see explained in art حسان الوجوه (El-Hasan El-Muäddib, TA.) As cites this verse:

نَضْرَ اللهُ أَعْظَمًا دُفَنُوهَا

بسجستان طلحة الطَّلَحَات

May God grant enjoyment to bones which they have buried in Sijistan: (I mean) Talhat-et-Talahut]. (TA.) And it is said in a trad., نَضَر ٱلله عَبْدًا سَمِعَ مَقَالَتِي فَوَعَاهَا ثُمَّ أَدَّاهَا , نَضُرُ * (Sh, Ṣ, * A, * Mgh, * TA,) or , نَضُرُ * (Sh, S, in which latter we read أَمُوا in the place in the مَنْ and A, in which we find عبدا place of عبدا, and Mgh; the reading *نضّر alone being given in the copies which I have of the S and A;) May God cause to have enjoyment, or a plentiful and pleasant and easy life, [the servant, or man, who hears what I say, and

hears it :] (S, Mgh, in explanation of the latter reading, and TA, in explanation of both readings:) or + may God make to have a good rank or station &c. (Mgh, in explanation of the former reading.)

2. نَضْرَهُ see نَضْرَهُ, throughout.

4. انضرهٔ sec انضر in two places. = انضر throughout. نَضُرُهُ see الله

(Ş, A, K, [in نُضَارُ * Ş, A, Mşb, K) عَضْرٌ the CK نَضَار and TA) and * نُضِيرٌ (Ş, Mşb, K) and أنْضُرُ (K [without tenween, though this is not shown in the K, as it is originally an epithet, though it may be obsolete as an epithet,]) Gold; (Ş, A, Mşb, K;) as also * نَضَارُ * (Es-Sukkaree:) or silver; (K;) as also *نضار (Es-Sukkaree:) or generally the former: (TA:) pl. [of pauc.] (of the first, S.) أَنْضُر (S, K,) and [of mult.] نضار: (K:) or (so accord. to the S and A, but in the K, and) نُضَارُ * signifies what is pure, (S, A, K,) of gold &c., (A,) or of native or unwrought gold or silver, (Lth, K,) and of wood, (Lth,) or of anything: (S:) and is used as an epithet, applied to gold: (TA:) and أَضْرَةُ * [n. un. of نَضْر signifies a molten piece of gold.

. نَـاضرُ sec : نَضرُ

Beauty (S, Msb, K,) and brightness : (S, TA:) so in the Kur, lxxvi. 11. (Jel.) [The above explanation in the Msb and K, "beauty," is evidently imperfect. Accord. to the Mab, the word is a simple subst., not an inf. n.] + Pleasantness of countenance. — نَضْرَهُ لنَّعِيمِ + The beauty and brightness of aspect characteristic of enjoyment, or of a plentiful and pleasant and easy state of existence: so in the Kur, Ixxxiii. 24: (Bd, Jel:) or the brightness, or glistening, and moisture (ندا) [upon the skin] characteristic thereof. (Fr.) - Enjoyment; or a plentiful and pleasant and easy life; syn. in the CK isas]. (A, K.) _ Richness; or competence or sufficiency. (A, K.) _ Life. (A, K.) = See

يُضَارُ :) see نَضُرُ; each in two places. See

نَاضِرٌ : see نَضِيرُ , in two places : = and see

(A, L, K) and نضير (A, L, Msb, K) and مُضَرُ (A, L,) [being epithets from , نَضْرُ and and مُنْضُرُ , respectively,] and أَنْضُرُ , accord. to the K, but in the place of this we find in the corresponding passage in the L the verb أَنْضَرُ with the addition " is like نضر," (TA,) Beautiful