You say, وَرَدُنَا أَرْضًا قَاطًا سَعْرَهَا You say, وَرَدُنَا أَرْضًا قَاطًا سَعْرَهَا We arrived at a seems, to insert a stick, so that the middle of one land of dear prices. (S, TA.)

. قَاطُّ see قَاطِطُ

fin the CK erroneously مَقَطُ [in the CK erroneously مَقَطُ of ending of the extremities of the ribs of a horse: (M, K:) or the extremity of the rib, projecting over the belly: (K in art. شرف) or the place of ending of the ribs of a horse: (TA:) مَقَاطُ [is the pl., signifying, as explained in the S, in art. شرف, the extremities of the ribs, projecting over the belly: or it] signifies the two extremities of the belly of a horse, whereof one is at the sternum (القَص), and the other at the pubes. (En-Nadr.)

The thing upon which the reed for writing is nibbed; (S;) [generally made of bone or ivory;] a small bone upon which the writer nibs his reeds for writing; (K;) a small bone which is found with the sellers of paper, upon which they cut the extremities of the reeds for writing. (Lth.)

قَاطُ see مُقْطُوطُ .

مَعَطَعُطُهُ مَعَطَعُطُهُ A sky letting fall rain such as is called قطقط (AZ, Ş.)

قطب

1. قُطْبُ , (K, TA,) aor. -, inf. n. قُطْبُ , (TA,) He collected a thing, brought it, gathered it, or drew it, together: (K, TA:) this is the primary signification. (O.) _ [Hence] one says, قطب i. e. 1[The wild ass] collected [his herd of wild she-asses]. (A: there distinguished as tropical.) - And أَنْفُسَهُمْ , [قَطَبُ القَوْمُ being app. understood,] and + , + The people, or party, assembled themselves together, or congregated, (O, K, TA,) and were guests, and mixed together. (TA.) — And بُقُطُبُ, (A, K,) aor. -, inf. n. بُطُبُ and وَطُبُ (K, TA;) and أَقُطُبُ (K,) inf. n. تُقطيب ; (TA;) He contracted the part between his eyes; (A, K;) and grinned, or displayed his teeth, frowning, or contracting his face, and looking sternly, austerely, or morosely; (K, TA;) by reason of drink, &c.: (TA:) or , قَطْبُ , (S, O, Msb,) aor. -, inf. n. , قَطْبُ بَيْنَ عَيْنَيْه (Msb,) he contracted the part between his eyes: (S, O, Mab:) and وَهُب اللهِ , inf. n. بَنْقُطيبُ , inf. n. he contracted his face; (S, O;) or did so much. (So accord. to a copy of the S.) _ And ___ , فَطْبُ , (Ş, A, O, Mşb, K,) aor. -, inf. n. الشَّرَابُ (Msb,) He mixed the wine, or beverage; (S, A, O, Msb, K;) as also اقطبه (S, O, K;) and __ (TA.) . تُقْطيبُ , (O, K, TA,) inf. n. وَطَّبهُ ا And قطب الاناء He filled the vessel. (K.) __ (S, O.) قَطْبُ M, TA,) inf. n. قُطُبُ الجُوَالِقَ He inserted one of the two loops of the [sack called] into the other, (S, O, K, TA,) on the occasion of making up a load, (TA,) then bent it (Ṣ, O, Ķ.) again, (Ṣ, O,) [this time, app., back and down,] and put them together [in order, it Bk. I.

seems, to insert a stick, so that the middle of one loop should be above the stick and the middle of the other should be beneath it]: (K, TA:) when he does not bend the loop, [app. meaning through the other and then a second time as described above,] the action is termed مُنْفُ (Ṣ, O. [See عَطَبَهُ عَلَيْهُ الْمُجَالِيُّ signifies also He angered him; (O, K;) aor. as above [and so, app., the inf. n.]. (O.) — And also, (K, TA,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. عَطُبُ (Ṣ, O,) He cut it, or cut it off: (Ṣ, O, K:) but in this instance the b is substituted for ... (O.)

2: see above, in three places.

4: see the first paragraph, in two places.

: see the next paragraph, in two places.

قطْبُ and عُطْبُ and عُطْبُ and عُطْبُ and فَطْبُ (S, A, O, K, but some reject the second and third of these, TA) and مُطُبُهُ (A, K) and مُطُبُهُ (so in some copies of the K,) or عُطْبَةً , (so in other copies of the K, and thus accord. to the TA, as on the authority of Th,) The axis, or pivot, (T, A, Msb, K,) of iron, (A, K,) of a mill; (T, S, A, O, Mab, K;) the iron thing that is fixed in the middle of the nether stone of a mill; (IAth, TA;) the iron in the nether stone, around which revolves the upper stone, of a mill: (Ham p. 54:) pl. أَقْطَابُ (A, IAth, O, TA) and فُطُوبُ (IAth, TA) and قَطْبُهُ. (O.) _ Hence, (TA,) القُطْبُ (S, O, Msb, K,) and accord. to some القَطْتُ الْعُطْتُ and القطب (MF,) \$[The pole-star : or the pole of the celestial sphere:] a certain star, (K,) a small star, (ISd, TA,) according to which the kibleh is constructed: (ISd, K, TA:) a star between the مَرْقَدَانِ and the مَدْى, around which the celestial sphere, or firmament, revolves, (S, O, TA,) small and white, and never moving from its place: [but it seems that nebula should be here substituted for star :] Aboo-'Adnan says that the is a small star always in the midst of the four [stars] of بُنَاتُ نَعْش, [which is evidently a mistake,] never quitting its place, around which revolve the جدى and the فرقدان: but accord. to Ibn-Eş-Şaláh El-Mohaddith, it is not a star, but a مُعَدِّد [meaning a spot, or a nebula,] in the sky, near the جدى, which latter is the [pole-] star whereby the kibleh is known in the northern countries. (TA.) __ And [hence likewise,] القطب signifies also ! The cause, or means, of the subsistence of a thing: and the thing, or point, [or person,] upon which [or upon whom] a thing [such as an affair, and a question,] turns: pl. [as above, i. e.] قَطُبُةُ and قُطُوبُ and قُطُوبُ (K, TA.) _ And ! The chief, or lord, of a people or tribe; (Ṣ, A, O, Ķ;) تُطُبُ بَنِي فُلَانِ meaning \$the chief, or lord, of the sons of such a one, upon whom their state of affairs turns [i. e. depends, and by whose government their affairs are regulated]. (\$, O, TA.) And قطب رحى الحرب [lit. The axis, or pivot, of the mill of war, or of the mill of the war,] means I the commander of the army. (S, O, TA.) _ [In the conventional language of (TA.)

the mystics, it is applied to + The hierarch of the saints of his generation, who is also called الغُوتُ and is supposed to be pre-eminently endued with sanctity, and with thaumaturgic forulties, and to be known as the . to none but his agents unless he make himself known: at his death, his place is believed to be filled by another.] = [غطُف also signifies A species of plant:] accord. to AHn, the قطب [is a species of plant that] extends upon the ground like ropes, and has a yellow, thorny, or prickly, blossom; when fit to be reaped, and dry, it hurts men to tread upon it; and is round like a pebble: n. un. * قطبة : (O:) [it is said in the K that القطية is said to signify a certain plant : and the pl. is the or this: (thus accord. to different copies: in my MS. copy, the former; and in the CK, the latter, and there said to be if the former be right, it is a coll. gen. n. :)] or غُطْتُهُ and أَعْلَتُهُ signify two species of plants: and the latter is said to be a certain herb, having a fruit, or produce, and berries (عُبّ) like those of the هُرَاس [a tree that bears a kind of drupe]: Lh says that it [app. the قطب, the pronoun being masc.,] is a species of thorn, from which diverge three thorns, resembling a [here meaning caltrop: the leaves of its stem resemble those of the [species of trefoil is the name of قطب and ذُرَق and نَفُل is the the fruit: and أَرْضُ قطبة [i. e., accord. to general analogy, * قُطبة , like قُصبة &c.,] signifies Land in which this kind of plant grows. (TA.) = See also قُطْبَةُ

: see , first and second sentences.

قطب , [app. an inf. n. of which the verb is not mentioned, (in the CK عُطُب , but, as is said in the TA, it is مُحَرَّف,)] which is forbidden, is One's taking a thing [by measure or weight], and then taking the rest of the commodity by comparing it with the former portion, without measure or weight. (Kr, K, TA.)

عطبة : see : قَطبة : = and عُطبة : see

in the last quarter of the paragraph, in three places. = Also An arrow-head (S, O, K) of small size (O) with which one shoots at a butt: (S, O, K:) accord to ISd, a small, short, four-sided head at the end of an arrow with which one shoots, to the utmost possible distance, at the butts: accord to Th, the end of an arrow with which one shoots at the butt: accord to AHn, it is of what are called locally in shooting: (A:) [but] accord to En-Nadr, it is not accounted an arrow: and signifies an arrow-head; occurring in a trad in this sense. (TA.)