i.e.] a small قارب; (K;) or a small نفينة: pl. زوارق. (TA.) Dhu-r-Rummeh says, [referring to a she-camel,] نَعْمَتُ زُوْرَقُ البَلَد [making it fem., because] meaning وَالْهُ الْهُ الْهُ الْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّ اللَّاللَّا اللَّاللَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ or most excellent, is the boat, or skiff, of the desert, or waterless desert.] (S, TA.)

[q. v.]; (Mşb, زُوْقَة of the colour termed أَزْرَقَى [q. v.]; (Mşb, TA;) and أُزْرُقَى * signifies the same: (TA:) an epithet applied to a man, signifying having what is termed زُوقة of the eye: (S:) blue, (Kl.,) [whether light or dark or of a middling tint, but generally the first ;] sky-coloured, or azure ; (TK;) blue-eyed; (MA, KL;) gray-eyed; (MA;) [or having a greenish hue in the eye : &c. : (see زرقة :)] fem. زُرْق (Ṣ, Mṣb:) pl. زُرُق (Mṣb.) [In the present day it is often improperly used as meaning Black: and is applied to a horse, an ass, a mule, a bird, and any animal, and sometimes to other things, as meaning gray, or ash-coloured.] -[And Blind; properly by reason of a bluish, or grayish, opacity of the crystalline lens; i.e., by what is commonly termed a cataract in the eye.] in the Kur [xx. 102], وَنَحْشُرُ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ يَوْمَثُدُ زُرُقًا means [And we will congregate, or raise to life, on that day, the sinners, or unbelievers,] blind; (Bd, K,* TA;) because the black of the eye of the blind becomes blue, or gray: (Bd:) Zj says that they will come forth from their graves seeing, as they were created at the first, and will become blind when congregated: (TA:) or the meaning is, thirsty: (Th, TA:) or with their eyes become blue, or gray, by reason of intense thirst: (18d, TA:) or blue-eyed, or gray-eyed, (زُرُقُ العَيُون), because الزَّرْقَة is the worst of the colours of the eye, and the most hateful thereof to the Arabs, for the Greeks were their greatest enemies, and are زرق. (Bd.) - Applied to the iron head or blade of an arrow &c., Very clear or bright: (ISk, S, K:) and زُرُقُ [used as a subst.] means spearheads (S, K) or the like; (K;) because of their colour; (S, TA;) or because of their clearness, or brightness; (TA;) or polished iron heads or blades of arrows Sc. (Ham p. 313.) And Clear water: (IAar, S, Msb:) pl. as above. (TA.) -Hence, العدو الأزرق The sheer enemy : or [the fierce enemy;] the enemy that is vehement in hostility; because زُوقة of the eyes is predominant in the Greeks and the Deylem, between whom and the Arabs is a confirmed enmity. (Har p. 148.) i. e. hawk, or falcon : because بازى The الأزرق of his colour]: pl. as above. (TA. [See also الزُرْفَاءُ ــ And The leopard. (TA.) ــ ازْرُقَا Wine: (K:) [app. because of its clearness:] so says AA. (TA.) _ And the name of A horse of Nafi' Ibn-'Abd-El-'Ozzà. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.)

see the next preceding paragraph, first أُزْرَقَيّ sentence. = Also sing. of الأزارقة, (TA,) which is the appellation of A certain sect of the [heretics, or schismatics, called] مُوَارِج (Ş, K,) or (TA;) so called in relation to Nafi' Ibn-El-Azrak, (S, K,) who was [of the family] of Ed-Dool Ibn-Haneefeh: (S:) they asserted that 'Alee committed an act of infidelity by submitting

slaughter of him was just; and they pronounced the Companions [of the Prophet] to have been guilty of infidelity. (TA.)

مَزْرَاقُ A javelin; i.e. a short spear, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, Ķ,) lighter than the عَنْزَة (Mgh, Mṣb.) Also A camel that makes his load to shift backwards. (Az, K.)

Quasi زرقم.

in art. زَرْقِ are expl. in art. زُرْقَمْ and

1. زُرِمُ (Ş, Ķ,) aor. - , (Ķ,) inf. n. رُرُمُ (TA,) said of one's urine, (S, K,) and of his flow of tears, and of his speech, (K,) and of his oath, (TA,) and of anything that had gone back, (S,) It became interrupted, or stopped; or it stopped; or ceased; (S, K;) as also ازرامهٔ. (K.) And so the former verb said of a sale. (TA.) - And, said of a dog, (S, K,) and of a cat, (K,) His dung, (S, K,) or dry dung, (K,) stopped in his rectum. (Ṣ, Ķ.) = زرمه see 4. _ . She (his mother, S) brought him forth. (S, K.)

2: see 4. __ , زُرِيرُ (Ṣ, TA,) inf. n. تُزْرِيرُ, (TA,) He, or it, rendered him , i.e. niggardly, or avaricious: (S:) or it (time, or fortune,) cut off from him good, good things, or prosperity. (TA.)

4. lique or it, interrupted it, stopped it, or caused it to cease; namely, one's urine, and his flow of tears, and his speech; as also \$,i, aor. - , (K,) inf. n. زُرُمُهُ (TA;) and رُمُهُ (K,) inf. n. تزريع. (TA.) _ And He interrupted, or stopped, his (another's) urine. (As, S, K.) = She (a camel) interrupted her flow of urine by little and little. (AA, TA.)

8. ازدرام The act of swallowing [a thing]: (S, (ردم or زدرم or زدرم or زدرم or زدرم [accord. to different copies]; (TA;) and in the K, as an art. by itself; the reason whereof is not apparent; for it appears to be of the measure (MF, TA.) .افْعلَالْ not افْتعَالْ

Q. Q. 4. ازْرنُهَامْر ، (Ş, Ķ,) inf. n. ازْرنُهَامْر : (Ş:) see 1. _ [Also] He shrank, or drew himself together: (A'Obeyd, S:) or he shuddered and shrank. (TA.) __ And He was angry. (AZ, TA.)

زرم [app. زرم] Dung, or dry dung, stopping in the rectum of a dog or cat. (TA. [See 1, third sentence.]) = Caution. (K.)

Anything becoming interrupted, or stopped ; stopping, or ceasing ; as also أزرم (TA.) Scanty, or little in quantity, and becoming interrupted, or stopped: so in the phrase رُجُلُ زُرِمُ الدَّمْع or this signifies [simply] a man whose tears are becoming interrupted, or stopped. (TA.) _ A she-camel that interrupts her flow of urine by little and little. (AA, TA. [Thus used as a fem. epithet without 5.]) _ A dog, and a cat, whose dung, or dry dung, has stopped in his rectum. (TA.) -Straitened [app. in his means of subsistence]. his case to arbitration, and that Ibn-Muljam's (S.) _ Niggardly, or avaricious. (S.) _ Low,

abject, mean, or ignominious, whose near kinsfolk are few; (IAar, K;) as also أريير (TA.) ___ One who does not remain fixed, or settled, in any place. (As, K.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

.مُزْرَئِرُ see : زُرَأُميرُ

: see زُرُم Also The cat. (ISd, K.)

Shrinking, or drawing himself together; (A'Obeyd, S, K;) as also زُرْأُميرُ ; (Th, K, TA; [in the CK ورامير;]) each with damm: (TA:) or, accord. to A'Obeyd, مُوزِيْتُرُ signifies shuddering and shrinking; with the , before the j; and AZ doubted whether the word having this meaning were مُرْزِئْم or مُرْزِئْم ; but Az says that the former is the right, with the j before the j, and that it is thus accord. to Ibn-Jebeleh. (TA.) _ Also Angry. (AZ, TA.) _ And Silent. (IB, TA.)

A certain perfume : or certain smeetsmelling trees: (K:) or a species of sweet-smelling plant: (S:) it consists of slender round twigs, the thickness ,ما بين misprinted ما بين of the large needle and the thickness of writingreeds, black inclining to yellowness, not having much taste nor odour, its little odour being of a fragrant kind like that of the citron: (Ibn-Seena, book ii. p. 168:) [Freytag says, as on the authority of the K, but he seems to have taken it from the TK, that, "accord. to some, it signifies the leaves of a sweet-smelling plant, which has the name of رجل الجراد, locusts' foot :" and he adds, as though on the authority of Ibn-Seenà ubi suprà, "salix Aegyptiaca:" referring also to Sprengel, Hist. rei. herb., t. i. p. 270:] also saffron: (K:) it is of the measure فَعُلَلْ; (Ş, TA;) and is a genuine Arabic word, though asserted by Ibn-El-Kutbee to be arabicized. (TA.) A rájiz says,

يَا بِأْبِي أَنْت وَفُوك الرُّشْنَبُ كَأُنَّهَا ذُرٌّ عَلَيْهِ الزُّرْنَبُ

[O, with my father thou shouldst be ransomed, and thy mouth that is cool and sweet, as though were sprinkled upon it]. (S.) In the trad. of Umm-Zara, where it is said, الْهُسُّ مُسُّ أَرْنَبِ السَّعِينِ مَسُّ أَرْنَبِ (The feel is the feel of a hare, and the odour is the odour of زرنب], IAth says that it signifies saffron; and she may mean the sweetness of his odour, or the perfume of his garments among the people. (TA.) - Also The [dung such as is termed] , of wild animals. (K.) = Also, [and, as appears from what follows, [زنبة الkewise, if this be not a mistranscription,] The vulva of a woman': (K, * TA:) or such as is large: or the external portion thereof: (K:) or a piece of flesh (K, TA) within the زروان [a mistranscription for زردان, a name for the vulva], (TA,) behind the كَيْن [or كَيْن, q. v.]: (K, TA:) behind the وَرُنْيَة is another piece of flesh : so says IAar. (TA.)