Unknown: (Ṣ, O, Ķ:) and so مُشُولُ. (O.) A poet says,

• وَأَنْتُمْ كُواكِبُ مَسْخُولَةً • ثُرَى فِي السَّمَا وَ وَلَا تُعْلَمُ • وَأَنْتُمْ كُواكِبُ مَسْخُولَةً • ثُرَى فِي السَّمَا وَ وَلَا تُعْلَمُ • [And ye are stars unknown, that are seen in the sky but not known]: or, as some relate it, مَنْسُولَةً (S, O.)

سخير

2. (inf. n.), He blackened his face (S, Mgh, Msb, K) with oin, i.e. crock of the cooking-pot, (Msb.) or it is from of the cooking-pot, (Msb.) or it is from oil; (Mgh;) like oil, (Z, TA,) which is from oil; (Mgh;) like oil, (Z, TA,) which is from oil, (Mgh.) 'Omar said of him who bears false witness, oil, i.e. May God blacken his face: (S:) [or + may God disgrace him:] or 1 may God hate him, or hate him in the utmost degree; and be angry with him. (Msb.) iil, He heated the water, (IAar, K, TA,) and made it to boil. (IAar, TA.) — And oil, inf. n. as above, + He angered him. (K.) iinf. n. as above, (TA,) The flesh-meat became stinking; (K, TA;) became altered [for the worse]. (TA.)

5. السقى عليه † He became affected with rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite, against him: (K:) or he became angered against him. (TA.)

: see what next follows.

رَبُ (Ṣ, TA, [so in both of my copies of the former, erroneously written by Golius and Freytag, in the first of the following senses, (٤, TA;) as also with damm, (TA,) Blackness; (Ṣ, TA;) as also بُنْدُنْ (K, TA,) and [مُنْدُنْ and]. (TA.)

And † Anger. (TA.) See also

Crock, or black matter, [that collects upon the outside] of a cooking-pot. (S, Mgh, Msb, K.) __ And Charcoal: (K:) heard in this sense from a man of Himyer. (As, TA.) _____ [Hence,] Black hair. (TA.) And لَيْلُ سُخَامُ and Islack night. (Ham p. 38.) Also Soft feathers beneath the upper feathers of a bird : (K, TA:) n. un. with 5. (TA.) __ And Soft to the feel, (K, TA,) and goodly; (TA;) applied to a garment, or piece of cloth; such as [the kind of cloth called] ; and cotton; and the like: (K, TA:) you say مُوْب سُخَامُ المَسِ garment soft to the feel; such as غز and ريش فُطُنْ سُمَام feathers soft to the feel : and [cotton soft to the feel]: it is not from the signification of "blackness." (8.) And hence, (8,) Wine that descends smoothly and easily [down the throat]; as also \$... (S. K) and * سُخَامِيّ , (K,) or, accord. to 'Alee Ibn-Hamzeh, only the former of these two: (TA:) and [in like manner] طُعَام سُخَام food that is soft, or smooth, and easy in descent. (IAar.)

as also مخين. (AA, L in art. مخين.)

(S, K) and Vicin (K) Rancour, hot] in its tears. (MA.)

One in whom is down, i. e. rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite. (K.)

, Of which what is smooth, or soft, or plain,

thereof, is intermixed with what is rugged. (K.)

سخن

1. سُخُنَ, (JK, Ṣ, MA, L, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. 2; (TA;) and سَخَنْ, (S, MA, L, Msb, K,) aor. 2; (TK;) and سُخَن, (L, Msb, K,) which is of the dial. of Benoo-'Amir, (L,) aor. =; (TK;) inf. n. رنخونة, (JK, S, MA, L, Msb, K,) which is of the first [agreeably with analogy] (JK, S, MA) and of the second also, (S,) and ..., (JK, L, K,) which is of the first, (JK,) and , (MA, L, K, [accord. to some copies of the K, in which after these three بِضَهِّينٌ is put instead of بِضَهَّيْن inf. ns., (,,,)) which is likewise of the first, (MA,) [or of the first and second,] and ail (L, Msb, K,) [also of the first accord. to general analogy,] and سخن, (K,) [which is of the third verb;] It was, or became, hot, or warm; (JK, S, MA, L, K;) said of water, (JK, S, L, Msb,) &c. (S, MA, L, Msb.) And سخنت النار, and and سُخُنَّ aor. 4, inf. n. (سُخُنَّ and , [The fire, and the cooking-pot, became and سُخَنَت and سُخُنَت الأَرْضُ and [The ground became hot]. (L.) And The sun became hot upon [The sun became hot upon him]: in the dial. of Benoo-'Amir ... (L.) And مُخُنَ الْيُومُ (L, Meb,) and مُخُنَ الْيُومُ, aor. -, and some say مُخُنَ , aor. -, inf. n. مُخُنُ and [The day was, or became, hot, or warm.] (L.) And سُخنت الدابة The beast, being made to run, became hot in its bones, and light, or agile, in its running; [or simply, became hot, or heated; (see EM pp. 172 and 173;)] as also (L.) And مُنْتُ عُنْدُ, with kesr, (JK, S, MA, L, K,) and بُخْتُ (JK, L,) or the former only, (L,) inf. n. مُنْتُ (JK, S, MA, L, K, [in the CK, erroneously, and (JK, L, K) and , (L, K, [accord. to the CK سُخُنْ, but this is a mistake,]) contr. of قرت (S, L, K.) [i, e.] His eye was, or became, hot, [or heated, or inflamed, by weeping, or by grief or sorrow; or 2: see the next paragraph.

4. منفان (L, Msb, K;) inf. n. المنفان (Ṣ, L,) He heated it, or warmed it; made it hot, or warm; (Ṣ, L, Msb, K;) namely, water, (Ṣ, L, Msb,) &c.; (L, Msb;) as also منفذ (L, Msb, K,) inf. n. المنفن (Ṣ, L.) And منفذ (Ṣ, L.) And ألمنفن (Ṣ, L, K,) and منفذ (L, K,) [God made his eye to become hot, or heated, or inflamed, by weeping, or by grief or sorrow; or, simply,] made him to weep. (Ṣ, L, K.)

: see المنتذ : see المنتذ : see المنتذ : [The signification of "calor aquæ aliarumve rerum," assigned to it by Freytag as on the authority of J, is a mistake, probably occasioned by a fault in his copy of the S.]

an inf. n. of 1 [q. v.]. (MA, L, K.)___ Also Hot, or warm; (MA, PS;) i. q. ; (S, MA, Mgh, L, K;) contr. of بارد; (JK, L;) an epithet applied to water, (JK, MA, Mgh, L,) &c.; (Msb;) as is also (in the same sense, JK, MA, Mgh, L) سخين (JK, S, MA, Mgh, L, Mab, K,) and المَانِّ (Mab,) and المَانِّ (Mab,) syn. with مُبْرَمُ like as مُبْرَمُ is with شخين &c., (IAar, S, L,) or مُسَتَّنْ, [which is syn. with as meaning heated, or warmed,] like مُسَخَنُّ (in measure], (K,) and أَمُعَظَّرُ (L, K,) and استاخين which is the only instance of the measure, (S, L, K, [which measure is said in the S to be , فُعَالِيلٌ , but in the K (بُعَالِيلٌ) and which is also applied to food; (L;) syn. (L, K:) or, accord. to AA, سخين, applied to water, means neither hot nor cold; as also (L.) And يُوْمُ سُخُنُ (Ş, L, Msb, كَوْمُ سُخُنُ (Ş, L, Msb, K) and أَخُنَانُ أَنْ or أَخُنَانُ أَنْ (accord. to different copies of the S,) or both these, (K,) and (L, K, • [in the CK and in my MS. copy of the K written , which is incorrect, and in like manner is there written but this, as well as سُنَانُ, may be correct, for it appears that سُنَانُ has أَنْ for its fem. as well as مُخَاخِينٌ † and (رسَخْنَانَةُ signifies the same, [i.e. A hot, or warm, day,] or, accord. to IAar, أيوم سُمَاحِينُ signifies a day that is [so hot as to be] hurtful, and painful: (L:) and مُنْفُةُ (Ṣ, L, Msb, K) and اللَّهُ سُنْفُةُ (L, Mab, K) and المُغْنَانَةُ or الله والله والله (S, accord. to different copies,) or both, (K,) and المُعْنَانَةُ , (L, K,) [i. e. a hot, or warm, night,] or visignifies a day intensely hot, and [سُخْنَانُ the latter word being fem. of لَيْلَةُ سُخْنَاءُ ا a sultry night, or intensely hot so that it takes away the breath: (JK:) and it is said in a trad. of Mo'awiyeh Ibn-Kurrah, أشر الشَّمَاءِ السَّحَينُ أ meaning [The worst of winter is] the hot in which is no cold; in the "Gharech" of El-Harbee, السُغَيْمَانُ , expl. as meaning the same, but this is probably a mistranscription. (L.)

an inf. n. of 1 [q. v., last sentence]. See