[a pl. of which the sing. is not mentioned; app. pl. of زانمه ; like as رمير is supposed to be of رامة, originally زامة;] Good, or excellent, female singers. (IAar, T, K.)

رنهة, (M, and so in copies of the K.) thus it seems to be accord. to [a rule observed in] the K, but accord. to Z it seems to be vi, (TA, and thus it is written in the CK,) and أَرْنَهُوتَةً \* (M, and so in the K accord. to the TA,) or أَرْنَهُوتْ \* (S, [and so in my MS. copy of the K,]) or this last also, (M,) or تُرْنُومُهُ or تُرْنُومُهُ (accord. to other copies of the K,) i. q. تُرْنَد [i. e. A trilling, or quavering, &c.: see 5]. (S, M, K.) Thus in the phrases, تَنْهُ حَسَنَةُ (He heard a good, or pleasing, trilling, &c.]: (M:) .c. تُرْنَهُونَةً \* and رَنَهُةً \* or لَهُ رَنَّهُةً \* مُسْنَةً هُسَنَةً (accord. to different copies of the K) [i. e. He, or it, has a good, or pleasing, trilling, &c.]. ,ت and و is formed by the addition of تَرْنَمُوتُ ا like as is ملكوت: (S:) it is said to be the only instance in which is added at the beginning and end of a word: (MF:) and it is used in relation to a bow [as meaning A musical ringing sound on the occasion of twanging]. (S, M.) [رنيمراً] also, said in the TK to be an inf. n. of رنير, and in the M and K to be syn. with تُرْنيه, is used in a imilar manner:] you say, سَمِعْتُ لَهُ رَنيمًا [I heard] سَمِعْتُ لَهُ رَنيمًا him to have a trilling, or quavering, sound proceeding from him; or I heard it to have a musical ringing sound proceeding from it]; taken from of the bird in its cooing. (Msb.)

A certain slender plant, (T, K,) well known; (T;) said by As to be one of the plants growing in plain, or soft, ground: (A'Obeyd, T:) I Aar is related to have said that the رنهة, with ن, is a certain species of tree: Sh knew not this word, and supposed it to be a mistranscription for رُتُمة; but the رُتُم are [comparatively] large trees, [or rather shrubs, of the broom-kind,] having trunks; whereas the رنهة is of the slender kind of plants [as is said above]. (T.) = See also the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

رَنْهَةُ see : رَنيم

رُنْمِ see رَانِهَةً .

بَرُنَهُوت: see رَنْهُوت: see رَنْهُوت: see مَرْنَهُوت: see Also an epithet applied to a bow, meaning Having a plaintive sound (معنى, so in a copy of the M, or منين, K, TA) on the occasion of shooting. (M, K.)

see أَرْنَهُوتَةُ; in three places. رَنْهَة see : تُرْنُومَةُ or تُرْنُومَةً

1. إِنَّاهَا] (Lth, T,) or إِلَيْه (Ş, M,) and (رَنَا إِلَيْهَا) or] رَنَاهُ (M, TA,) aor. يَرْنُو, (Lth, T, S, Mab,) inf. n. رُنّ (Lth, T, S, M, Msb, K) and رُنّو, (Lth, T, M, K,) He gazed, i. e., looked continually, (Lth, T, S, M, K,) without any motion of the used as a subst. properly so termed. (M.)

eyes, (M, K,) at her, (Lth, T,) or at him, or it: (S, M:) or رنا إليه signifies [simply] he loohed at him, or it; as also U; but the former is said to be the original word. (TA in art. رنا.) [See also 5.] also signifies The being cheered, or delighted, and pleased, or being diverted, together with occupation of the heart and eyes, and with predominance of love and desire. (M, K.) You say, يرنو إلى حديثها [He is cheered, or delighted, &c., with her discourse]. (M, K.) And رنوت I was cheered, or delighted, and pleased, or was diverted, with his discourse. (T.) And استرنى له and رَنَا لِكُذَا IIe was cheered, &c., as above, by reason of such a thing: and so رنا And رنا , (K,) aor. as above, (TA,) is syn. with طُربُ [app. as meaning He was, or became, affected with a lively emotion of joy, moved with delight, mirthful, joyful, glad, or delighted]. (K.) [See 10, below, which is perhaps an inf. n.]

2. رَنَّاهُ: see 4. \_\_ Also, (TA,) inf. n. رَنَّاهُ (K,) i. q. طربه [app. as meaning He, or it, affected him with a lively emotion of joy; moved him with delight; rendered him mirthful, joyful, glad, or delighted: see also 4]. (K,\* TA.) = ترنية signifies also The act of singing. (K.) And i. q. [app. as meaning The uttering a plaintive sound, or plaintive sounds]. (K.) A woman's crying out loudly, or vehemently; and uttering a plaintive, or mournful, voice or sound or cry, in singing or in weeping ; like ترنين. (M in art.

3. مُوانَاةً, (K,) inf. n. مُوانَاةً, (TA,) He treated him with gentleness, or blandishment; soothed, coaxed, wheedled, or cajoled, him: (K, TA:) he treated him in an easy and a gentle manner.

4. رَنَّهُ † (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ;) and أَرْنَاهُ , (M, Ķ,) inf. n. of the latter تُرْنية; (TA;) It (beauty, K, or beauty of aspect, M, or the beauty of a thing that he saw, S, Msb) made him to gaze, i. e., to look continually, (S, M, K,) without any motion of the eyes: (M, K:) or pleased him: (Msb:) or pleased him, and made him to gaze, &c. (TA.) And the former, It (a thing) cheered, or delighted, him, and pleased him; or diverted him. (T in art. ارناهُ إِلَى الطَّاعَة \_ [See also 2.] ررن He (God, T) reduced him to obedience, so that he became still, and continued obedient: (T, TA:) from a trad. (T.)

5. ترتّی He continued looking at the thing that he loved. (IAar, T, K.) [See also 1.]

6. ترانوت عنه I feigned myself unmindful of, or inadvertent to, him, or it. (A, TA.) [The primary meaning seems to be, I feigned myself looking steadily away from him, or it.]

U, A thing at which one looks (S, M, K) continually, [or gazes,] without any motion of the eyes, by reason of its beauty: (M, K:) an inf. n.

, or الْرِنَة, a name of The month Jumaila-'lin art. رونة in art. رن, and أرثنى in art.

, رَنُوات . A piece of flesh or flesh-meat : pl. رَنُوات .شهوة is pl. of شهوات is pl. of شهوة. (TA. [In the CK, the pl. is erroneously written ([.رنوات

أَنَّ, with fet-ḥ, (T,) like بُنَّاب, (TA,) i. q. [Beauty, goodliness, comeliness, &c.]: (T, K:) so says AZ. (T.)

app. as meaning طَرَبُ, with damm, i.q. طُرُبُ A lively emotion of joy; mirth, joy, gladness, or delight]. (K. [See also زن in art. رن: and see the last signification of 1 in the present art.]) -Also A sound, voice, or cry: (El-Umawee, T, K:) [like is as expl. in the S and K:] pl. (T.) أَرْنَيْةُ

in the following phrase is like رُنُو (K:) you say, هُوَ رَنُو فَلَانَة He is one who gazes, or looks continually, at such a woman or girl: (Lth, T, S: [see also : [;]) or he is one who is cheered, or delighted, or diverted, and pleased, with the discourse of such a woman or girl. (M, K. ) And فُلَانٌ رَنُوُّ الْأَمَانِي Such a one is a person who expects things for which he wishes. (Lth, T, M.\*)

A man who gazes, or looks continually, at women. (S. [See also .])

[A cup of wine] lasting, or continuing, syn. دَائمة, (IAar, T, S, M, Msh, K,) to the drinkers; (عَلَى الشَّرْب; IAar, T, K; الشرب being with fet-h to the , pl. [or rather quasipl. n.] of شَارِبُ; TA; [in the CK, and in one copy of the T, erroneously, على الشُرْبِ;]) still, or motionless; syn. اَعَادَتْ: (Ṣ, Msb:) [were it not for this addition, the meaning might be thought to be, a cup of wine circling to the drinkers:] or pleasing : (Msb:) pl. رُنُونْيَاتْ : (IAar, T, K:) the word زنوناة is of the measure زنوناة; (Ş;) [originally ;] and it occurs in the poetry of Ibn-Ahmar, (T, S, M,) but (as some say, S) has not been heard except in that poetry. (S, M.)

A fornicatress, or an adulteress: (M, K:) [accord. to ISd,] of the measure تُفَعَلُ, from ; i. e., that is gazed at, or looked at continually; because she is made an object of suspicion, or evil opinion : (M:) [whence,] ابن تُرني One that is base-born. (S.) [See more in art,

مرن A singer. (AA, K.)

1. رَهْبُ, sor. -, inf. n. رُهْبُ (Ṣ, A,\* Mạb, Ķ) and رُهُبُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and رُهُبُ (Ksh and Bd in xxviii. 32) and رُهُبُ (Ķ) and مُرْهُبُة, (Ṣ, A, K,) or this is a simple subst., (Meb,) and رُهْبَانُ and رهبان, (K,) He feared: (Ş, A, Msb, K:) or he