authority of J; but I do not find it in either of my copies of the S.]) _ And die, inf. n. طخى, He was, or became, foolish, stupid, or unsound [as though obscured] in intellect or understanding. (TA.)

4. أَطْخَت السَّمَا The sky became overspread with die, meaning clouds, and darkness. (TA.)

. طَخْيَاءَ see : طَخْيَ

: see the next paragraph.

طَخْيَةُ \ Darkness; as also \ مُخْيَةُ and \ مُخْيَةً (ISd, K:) and so اطنعة (TA.) _ And A portion of clouds; like desire : (K:) or a thin cloud; (M, K, TA: [see also :(طَخَا :]) but, (TA,) accord. to Lh, one says, vith damm, meaning There مَا فِي السَّمَا وَ طُخْيَةً * is not in the sky aught of clouds. (S, TA.) -Also Foolish; stupid, or unsound [as though obscured] in intellect or understanding : pl. طخيون. (Az, ISd, K.)

غنية: see the next paragraph above, in two places.

. طَخْيَة see طُخْيَة

: see the next following paragraph.

The darkness of clouds. (Lth, Mgh, TA.) _ And كَيْنَةُ طَحْيَاء (Ṣ,* ISd, Mgh, Ķ*) A dark night; (S, K;) as also لَيْلَةُ طُحُواً، (TA:) or a night intensely dark, (ISd, Mgh, TA,) in which the clouds have concealed the moon: (ISd, TA:) and أَخُنُ مُ and المجتى and أيْلُ طَاخٍ * as inf. n. used as an epithet,] dark night : and لَيَال كُلْمَةُ dark nights. (TA.) _ And طَاخَيَاتُ [A sentence, or an expression,] not understood. (S, K.*) __ And [hence, perhaps,] one says [of a he-goat], خَانَ ذٰلكَ في طَخْيَاتُه , meaning في هبابه [i. e. That was in his state of rattling at rutting-time]. (JK. [See a similar phrase in art. عصف and خصر; in which طحو is probably a mistranscription for die.])

: see طُخَاءً: - Also Clouds: (TA:) or high, or elevated, clouds; (A'Obeyd, Az, S, K;) as also : (TA:) or, accord. to the M, thin clouds : [see also غُنْهُ:] and Lth says that signifies any round portion of cloud that excludes the light of the moon. (TA.) - And Any covering, or envelope, of a thing : one says, طَخَاءَةُ للهِ and للهُ , Upon his heart is a covering : (M, TA:) the dib of the heart is said to be a covering thereof like that of the moon : (TA:) or طَخَاءً signifies رُجُرب, (K,) or the like thereof, (S,) [i. e. grief, or anxiety, that presses heavily,] upon the heart; (S, K;) as in the saying, وَجَدْتُ عَلَى قَلْبِي طَخَآءُ [I experienced, upon my heart, grief, or anxiety, that pressed heavily]: (S:) or it signifies heaviness: or rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite. (T, TA.)

مَانِج , and the fem. pl.: see مَانِج . You say also ظَلَام طَاخِ (Ṣ, Ķ) Intense darkness; (Ķ, TA;) [in like manner] expl. in some of the copies of the S as meaning ... (TA.)

دينٌ طَاد, (S, TA,) the latter word formed by alcة (M, TA;) and عَادَةً طادية, (S, K,) the latter word said to be formed by transposition from واطدة, (Ş,) A custom, or habit, that is constant, settled, or established; old, or inveterate. (S, K.) ماد and وَاطِدُ are also expl. as meaning Continuous; or constant and uninterrupted. (TA in art. وطد.)

1. مُلَّر , aor. 2 , (A, Msb, TA,) inf. n. مُلَّر , (Ş, A, Msb, K,) He cut, or divided, lengthwise; slit; or rent; (S, A, Msb, K;) a garment or piece of cloth: (TA:) and he cut [in any manner] (S, A, K) the same, (A, TA,) or some other thing. (A.) - He cut off a man's arm or hand, by a blow, or stroke ; (A ;) as also إطر (S, A, K ;*) and so Ji. (TA.) He cut, or clipped, his mustache. (TA.) And one says of a woman, تُطُرّ She cuts her hair short. (A.) [And app. She cuts her hair over the forehead so as to form what is termed a عُرة : see also 2.] _ And The camels traversed \$ طَوَّتِ الإِيلُ الجِبَالَ والرَّكَامَ de mountains and the hills. (A.) And طررت † I passed by the people, all of them. (Yoo, TA.) = Also, طُرٌ, (S, A,) aor. as above, (TA,) inf. n. عُرُور (A, K) and طُرُور, (K,) He sharpened (S, A, K, TA) a spear-head, (S,) or a knife (A, K) &c., (K,) or an iron implement. (TA.) _ And طُرُ He polished a sword. (O.) And, (TA,) inf. n. , de, (K,) He renovated a building. (K, TA. [In the CK, تُحْدِيد is put for تَجْديد as the explanation of the inf. n.]) And He plastered with clay his wateringtrough, or tank: (S, TA:) and likewise his mosque, or oratory, and decorated it. (TA.) -And رَضَّ بِثَنَاءً حَسَنِ And رَضُّ بِثَنَاءً حَسَنِ And above, (TA,) inf. n. مُلَّر, (S, A, K,) He drove away; syn. شُلّ ; (Ṣ, A, K, TA;) and أطر الطر المراب إلى المراب inf. n. إطْرَار, signifies [the same, i. e.] مُطْرَار, (Aş, TA.) In some copies of the K, [and in a copy of the A,] الشَّدُ is erroncously put for الشُّدُ as an explanation of الطُّرُّ (TA.) __ And you say رَبُ الإبلَ (Ṣ,) inf. n. طُرُّ (Ķ,) I drove, or brought, or gathered, the camels together, from their several quarters ; (ك, K;*) like طُرُدتُها : (S:) or, accord. to Yaakoob, I walked on one side of the camels, and then on the other side, to ness of the skin of her feet: (S, K:*) or it means

see the next paragraph above, in two put them in right order. (S.) _ And طَحْاً، signifies also The act of seizing, or carrying-off, by force; or snatching at unawares. (Kr, K.) ___ And The act of slapping with the palm of the hand. (Kr, K.) = As an intrans. v., مُعرّ, aor. (S, A, Msb, K) and , (Msb, K,) the latter agreeable with analogy, (TA,) [but the former the more common,] inf. n. طرور, (S, Msb,) or رُفُرُ (K,) or both, (TA,) ! It (a plant) clave the earth: (A:) or grew forth, or sprouted: (S, Msb:) or came up, or forth. (K.) And it is likewise said of the mustache (S, A, Msb, K) of a boy, (S, A, Msb,) and of hair in general; meaning | It burst through the skin: (A:) some say, طُرِّ شَارِبُهُ [meaning his mustache grew forth]; is more chaste. (Az, TA.) occurring in a trad., means, مُوَّتِ النَّجُومُ الْمُ + The stars rose; (O, TA;) from مُر said of a plant: (TA:) or the phrase, as some relate it, is , which means + the stars shone; (O, TA;) from طُر meaning "he polished" a sword. (O.) — And مُرَتُ يَدُهُ, (Ṣ, Ķ, • TA,) aor. ; and ٤ (Ķ, TA) by common consent of the authorities on inflection, (TA,) + His arm, or hand, fell off; (S, K, TA;) [being severed by a blow, or stroke ;] like تَرْتُ (Ṣ, TA.) = See also said of a man, [app. of the measure طُرُ == , originally طُرَارةً, inf. n. مُعْرَارةً, He was, or became, beautiful, goodly, or comely. (ISh, TA.) , فَعَلَتُ app. of the measure , طَرَّتُ نَاقَتِي And ___ originally طُورً , aor. أَطُرُ, inf. n. مُطررً , My shocamel was, or became, clear in colour. (O, TA.)

رَبُطْرِيرٌ .inf. n. طُرَّرت شَعْرَهَا and أَرْرَت أَعْرَهُا , [and مُرَّرَتُ She (a girl) made to herself a طُرة [q. v.]. (TA.) [See also 1.]

4: see 1, second sentence. __ اطره signifies also He made it to fall off. (K, TA.) One says, اطرّ God made, or may God make, the arm, or hand, of such a one to fall off; as also (AZ, إطرار . (TA.) = And اطر (K,) inf. n. اترة S,) He excited, or incited; syn. اغرى. (AZ, Ş. K.) _ See, again, 1. _ is also syn. with as meaning He acted with boldness, or he emboldened himself: in the CK, erroneously, أَطْرَى [Ş, K.) Hence, [accord. to ISk,] أَذَلُ لَّهُ (K,) both طَرَى * (ISk, Ṣ, K,) or وَإِنَّكَ نَاعِلَةُ mentioned by Aboo-Sa'eed, (TA,) a prov., (S, TA,) meaning Act thou with boldness, or embolden thyself, (أُدِلِّي,) for thou art wearing sandals: (ISk, S, K:) applied alike to a male and to a female and to two and to a pl. number, for it was originally said to a woman, and is therefore used as thus said: (S:) or, (S, K,) accord. to AO, (S,) it means + venture thou upon the affair that is difficult, for thou hast strength for it; and was originally said by a man to a woman who was pasturing his cattle in the soft, or plain, land, and leaving the rugged; [lit.] meaning take thou to the , i. e. sides, of the valley; and he says, I think that by the sandals he meant the rough-