(K:) pl. خُرَاف. (TA.)

and see 1, last signifi-

The place of the gathering, or plucking, or cutting off, of fruit. (Msb.) A place of abode of a people, or party, during their خريف. (TA. [It is there added, "as though formed from أَخُرُفُوا, by the rejection of the augmentative letter:" but it is rather to be regarded as regularly formed, from : see 1.]) \_ Also A garden; (Mgh, TA;) and so نصرفه : (S, K:) or a garden of palm-trees; as also \$ 0.00 and مضرفة : (TA:) a single palm-tree : or a few palm-trees, up to ten; more than these being termed a بُستَان or a عَدِيقَة (El-Ḥarbee, TA:) see also خريفة: or a small collection of palmtrees, six or seven, which a man purchases for the fruit that is [to be] gathered, or plucked: or any collection of palm-trees: (L, TA:) or a walled garden of palm-trees: (IAth, TA:) or palm-trees [absolutely]: (Mgh:) and an avenue between two rows of palm-trees, such that one may gather, or pluck, the fruit from whichever of them he will; (K;) as also مُعْرِفَة (Sh, K:) and, (S, Mgh, K,) as also مخرفة بر (S, K,) a road, (S, Mgh, K,) such as is conspicuous, clear, or open: (K:) pl. مُخَارِف. (Mgh, TA.) It is said in a trad., عَائِدُ الْمَرِيضِ عَلَى مَخَارِفِ الجُنَّة, i. e. The visitor of the sich is as though he were in the gardens of Paradise until he returns : or upon the palm-trees of Paradise; gathering, or plucking, their fruits: or upon the roads of Paradise: (Mgh, TA:) or, as some relate it, على مُخْرَفَة الجنّة (TA. [See also another explanation, and other readings, in what follows.]) And it is said in a trad. of 'Omar, رَتُرِكْتُمْ or (,\$) , تَرَكْتُكُمْ عَلَى مَخْزَفَةً أَ النَّعَم (TA,) i. e. [I have left you, or ye have been left,] upon a conspicuous road, like the road of the camels, (As, S,\* TA,) which they have trodden with their feet so that it has become plainly apparent. (As, TA.) \_ Also Gathered, or pluched, fruit of palm-trees : (As, A'Obeyd, IAmb, K :) a correct meaning, though IKt says that the it is : مخروف proper word in this sense is only as meaning مَرْكُبُ and مَطْعَمُ as meaning مَرْكُبُ and مَشُوبُ and مَشْرُوبُ may signify fresh ripe dates gathered or plucked: (IAmb, TA:) pl. as above. (As, &c.) So in the former of the two trads. mentioned above accord. to As and A'Obeyd: (TA:) and this interpretation is corroborated by another reading, i. e., على في : (Mgh:) another reading is خُرْفَة المعنّة لَهُ ,see : خَرَاف الجنّة and another, لَهُ i. e. [The visitor of the sick مُريفٌ ♦ في الجَنَّة shall have] gathered fruits in Paradise. (TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

: see 4.

The thing in which fruits are gathered;

A heeper, or watcher, of palm-trees: (S, Har p. 374;) called by the Arabs غارف: (Har ib. :) a [bashet of the kind called] مكتل (Msb,) or زنبيل, of small size, in which the best fresh ripe dates are gathered: (O, K:) pl. خَرْجُوا إِلَى الْمُخَارِفِ (A,TA.) One says, . مُخَارِفُ i. e. They went forth to the gardens with the baskets (زبل) [for gathering fruit]. (A, TA.) \_\_ And hence, + The basket (زنبيل) in which the importunate beggar puts his food. (Har ubi

in six places. مُخْرُفُ see مُخْرُفُ

: see خُروفْ. = Also Rained upon by the rain called خريف; pl., applied to men, : (TA:) [so, too, applied to a beast:] and so, with 5, applied to land (ارض). (As, Ş.)

Denied, or refused, good, or prosperity ; prevented, or withheld, from obtaining good, good fortune, or sustenance; (K;) i. q. فحارف; (JK, TA;) as also مُجَارِفُ. (TA.)

Q. 1. مُعْرَفَجَة , (L, K,) inf. n. مُعْرَفَجَة , (TA,) He took it plentifully, or largely. (L, K.) -He made it to be of the best kind; namely, food, or meat and drink. (Er-Riyáshee.)

خرفيج and : مُخْرَفَج see خُرْفَج مُرَافِع and خُرْفُجْ [app. خُرُافِج \* and خُرُفج but in the CK خُرْفَاجٌ and أَخُرُافَج and أَخُرُفَج but in the CK and مزفية A plentiful and pleasant state of

Fat, as an epithet, (L, K,) applied to a lamb; as also مُرَافِح (L.) \_ See also خُرفيج.

Goodness of food, aliment, or nutriment, or of meat and drink, with plenty. (TA.) Also inf. n. of the verb above. (TA.)

خرفيج : see : خرفيج and see also

A flourishing and fresh condition, or softness, or tenderness, of a plant, or of herbage. (L.) - See also what next follows.

: see خُرُفيج . — Also Fresh, or juicy ; flourishing and fresh, or soft, or tender; (L, K;) applied to a plant, or to herbage; and so مخرفاج \* and \* مُرْفَنْعُ \* and مُرَفْعُ عَلَمُ and مُرَافِعُ \* (L.) [And مُوْفَجُ \* seems to have a similar meaning.] The rájiz [El-'Ajjáj (so in a copy of the S)] says,

جَارِيَةٌ شَبَّتْ شَبَابًا خُرْفَجَا

[app. meaning A girl that had attained to flourishing, or soft, or tender, youthfulness]. (S.)

and : خُرُافِجْ and : خُرُافِجْ and and what here follows.

Ample: (K:) applied to anything. كرة السراويل المخرفجة, (TA.) It is said in a trad He disliked, or disapproved of, ample trousers:

(A'Obeyd:) or they say it means trousers reaching down to the upper part of the foot. (S.) And you say, عَيْثُ مُخْرُفَجٍ A plentiful life. (S.) \_\_ Also The best of food, or of meat and drink; and so مُرَافِعُ and مُرَافِعُ (Er-Riyashee.)

خرق

1. عرقه, (JK, S, Mgh, Mab, K,) aor. - (Mgh, Msb, K) and 2, (K,) the former of which is the more chaste, (TA,) inf. n. خرق, (Ş, Mgh, Msb, KL,) He made a hole in it, perforated it, pierced it, or bored it; (Msb, KL;) syn. ale [in this sense, as well as in another to be explained below], (K, [in the CK, erroneously, جاء به ,]) and ثقبه: (TA:) and he cut it [so as to make a hole or a slit in it]: (Meb:) and he rent it, or tore it. (JK, K, KL.) You say, خُرِقَ الثُوبِ, (JK, Ṣ, Mgh, K,) aor. - [and 2], inf. n. as above, (Mgh,) He [made a hole in, or] rent, or tore, the garment, or piece of cloth; (JK, K;) and [the boot]; and the like. (Mgh.) And الصخرة He made a hole in the rock; syn. حابه. (A in art. جوب.) [And خرق الحائط He made a hole in, or through, the wall : see خرق, below.] And عَرَقَهُ بِالمِثْقَب He made a hole in it or through it, perforated it, pierced it, or bored it, with a drill or the like ; syn. ثقبه. (Msb in art. (ثقب [He made a hole in the ship] خَرِقَ السَّفِينَةَ in the Kur xviii. 70, means that he did so by taking out, from the ship, with an axe, (Ksh, Bd, Jel,) a plank, (Jel,) or two planks. (Ksh, Bd.) \_ [Hence,] خُرِقُ الأَرْضُ (JK, S, Mab,) or المفازة, (Mgh, K,\*) He traversed, crossed, or cut through by journeying, (JK, S, Mgh, Mab, K,) the earth, or land, (JK, S, Mab,) or the desert; (Mgh, K;) syn. قطعها ; (JK, Mgh, K;\*) or i, (S, Msb;) so as to reach the furthest part thereof. (Mgh, TA.) [See also 8.] It is said in the Kur [xvii. 39], إِنَّكَ لَنْ تَخْرِقَ الأَرْضَ meaning, For thou shalt not reach the extremities of the earth: or, accord to Az, thou shalt not traverse the earth in length and breadth: (TA:) or it means thou shalt not bore through the earth, (Jel, TA,) so as to reach the end thereof: (Jel:) or thou shalt not make a hole in the earth by thy vehement treading: (Ksh, Bd:) accord. to one reading, لن تَخْرَقُ. (Ksh, TA.) \_ [And + The wind passed along : and + blew : signifies + the passing of the wind: and the blowing thereof. (KL.) [See also 7 and 8.] \_ خَرْقُ الكَذَبَ He forged, or feigned, the lie; as also اخترقه (K, TA.) It is said in the Kur vi. 100, وَخُرَقُوا لَهُ بُنينَ وَبُنَاتِ i. e. \$ And they have feigned Him to have, or falsely attributed to Him, sons and daughters. (Ksh, Bd, Jel. [See also 2.]) And خرق [alone, the object being understood], (K,) inf. n. as above, (KL,) signifies ; He lied; told a lie: (K, KL, TA:) and تخرق the forged, or feigned, a lie. (S, K, TA.) = مُوقَتِ الشَّاة , aor. -, inf. n. The sheep had in its ear a غرق, i. c. a round hole or perforation. (Msb.) = خرق في , (JK,) or البَيْتِ , (JK, K,) inf. n. البَيْتِ