thereof, and of the largeness of her udder, waddling,] as though she were mad, or possessed.

a pl. of رُخُهُ q. v. [n. un. of رُخُهُ ; like , but anomalous]. (JK.)

Lumps of biestings. (IAar, K.)

, with damm, (TA, [analogously with the generality of words of similar meaning, but this fact may have occasioned some writer's adding "with damm,"] or Vaso, (so in the JK, [if correct, app., as being likened to a white vulture,]) A whiteness in the head of a ewe or she-goat: (JK, TA:) and a dust-colour in her face, the rest of her being of any colour. (TA.)

: see رخمة, in nine places : __ and see also

(TA.) رَحْمَانُ i. q. رُحْمَانُ

[commonly applied to Marble: and sometimes to alabaster: the latter application is the more agreeable with the following explanation:] a certain white, soft stone: (JK, S, Mgh, K, TA:) what is of the colour of wine, or yellow, or dappled, is of the kinds of stones, (K, TA,) i. e., not [a sort] of رخام: (TA:) a well-known kind of stone : (Msb:) n. un. with & [meaning a piece, or slab, &c., thereof]. (Mgh, Msb.) [See also [.مرمر

, applied to speech, (S, Msb, K,) &c., (Msb,) Soft, or gentle, and easy: (S,* K:) or [simply] easy: (Msb:) and, applied to the voice, soft, or gentle, plaintive, and melodious. (TA.) - Also, applied to a girl, (K,) and so distinction, (As, JK, K,) Easy [and soft or gentle] in speech: مَرْخُومَةُ * الصُّوت , (As, K:) and in like manner [a girl soft, or gentle, &c., in voice] : (JK :) and in like manner also the first and second are applied to a [young gazelle such as is termed] , Gentle, gracious رخيم الحواشي _ (TA.) . خشف or courteous, to his associates. (TA.)

__ (n. an. of رُخَامَةُ (q. v.]. (Mgh, Msb.) رُخَامَةُ Also A certain plant. (AHn, K.)

A certain plant, (AḤn, K,) different from the مضرة [app. مضرة, with which some probably identify it], having a blossom of a pure white, and a white root, which the [wild] asses dig up with their hoofs, and all the wild animals eat because of its sweetness and pleasantness; and its places of growth are the sands: (AHn, TA:) or, as some say, (TA,) a kind of tree like the أربِّحَةُ (q. v.]. (Ṣ, TA.) [See also ضَالَ, in art. Also [or إربِّحَ رُخَامَى] = Also [or [ربِحْ رُخَامَى]

Verily he is إِنَّهُ لَوَاحِمْ لَهُ مُرْحُمْ Sec : وَاحْمَ inclined to favour him; or is affectionate to him. (Lh, TA.)

أرخما, applied to a horse, and the fem. أرخم applied to a ewe or she-goat, Whose head is white, the rest being black: (Ṣ, Ķ:) the latter like مُرَحُّمُةُ : one should not say former, a horse whose face is white: (Mgh:) and

on her head. (JK.)

تُرْخَمَ أَيُّ تُرْخَمِ أَي كَرْخَمِ هُوَ (JK, Ş, K) and مَا أَدْرِي أَيُّ تُرْخَمِ هُوَ (JK, K, TA, but not in the CK) and تُرْخُمِ (Ş, K) and تُرخُمُ (K, TA, but not in the CK) and, accord. to the M, تُرخُهُ (TA,) and أَرْخُهُ (accord. to the JK,) or تُرْخُهَة and تُرْخُهَة, (K,) I know not who of mankind he is. (JK, S, K.)

(Ş, TA) and مُرْخَمُة (Ş, TA) and (K) A domestic hen, (JK, S, K,) and an ostrich, (JK,) Brooding upon eggs, for the purpose of hatching. (JK, S, K.)

: see رَخُم in the latter part of the para

and تُرْخَيْر [or تُرْخَيَةُ and تُرْخَيَةُ i. q. تُرْخَيَةُ and تُرْخَيْدُ [&c.]. (JK.)

: see رَخُوم, in the latter part of the para-

، in the former half of the para-رَخيم see : مَرْخُومَةُ الصَّوْت ... see ...

: see رُخُوم, in the latter part of the para-

1. رَخُو , aor. رَخُو , and رَخُو , aor. رَخُو ; (Ş, M, Mşb, Ķ;) inf. n. رَخَاتُهُ (M, Mşb, Ķ) and (M, K, but in several copies of the latter رخا) or this is a simple subst., (Msb,) and رخوة, with kesr, (M, K,) which is extr., (M,) and some add and رخوة (MF, TA;) It (a thing, S) was, or became, soft, yielding, flaccid, flabby, lax, slack, uncompact, crummy, fragile, frangible, brittle, friable, easily or quickly broken; i.q. زُلَانَ TA;) or (هُمُمُّا i.e. (مُمُّا , (Ş, K, TA,) وَمَارُ رِخُوا (Msb;) and استرخى signifies the same. (Ṣ,* Ķ.) And [رَخُو , and رَخُو , (Msb, K,) and [رَخُو Like [of which the aor. is يَدْعُو], and [أَخَا] like [رَخَا] of which the aor. is يَرْعُى neously, like رُعى; (K, TA;) the aor. [of the first and third] being يرخو and [that of the second and fourth being] يرخى; (TA;) said of life (عُيش), + It was, or became, ample, unstraitened, or plentiful, in its means, or circumstances: (Msb, K:*) or said of a man, inf. n. ارخاء, the was, or became, in an ample, an unstraitened, or a plentiful, state of life. (TK.)

The mixing of the thing تَرْخيَةُ الشَّيْءِ بِالشَّيْءِ with the thing. (TA.) [The verb is , He mixed; like رخ, which is mentioned in this sense in the present art. in the JK, app. for رخى.]

3. اخاه: sec 4, in three places. __ Also, inf. n. i.q. باعده, i.q. مراخاة [He was, or became, distant, remote, &c., from him: or he made, or caused, him, or it, to be, or become, distant, remote, &c.]. (K.) = And راخت She (a woman, TA) was, or became, near to bringing forth. (K, TA.)

4. ارخاه He made it, or rendered it, soft, yield-

[Book I. the latter, a ewe, or she-goat, having a whiteness | ing, flaccid, flabby, lax, slack, uncompact, crummy, fragile, frangible, brittle, friable, easily or quickly broken; i.q. أخاهُ لا as also بعَعَلَهُ رخُواً (K.) You say, ارخى الرباط [He relaxed, or slachened, the tie, or bond]; (M, TA;) and fifth inf. n. .lit رَاخِ * لَهُ منْ خَنَاقه JK, TA.) And .مُوَاخَاةً Relax thou, or slacken thou, his cord with which he is being strangled]; meaning + make thou his circumstances ample and easy to him; ease him; relieve him; or grant him a delay. (TA. [See a similar phrase in art. ربو, conj. 2.]) And أَرْخِ لَهُ Make thou his shackle, or shackles, wide, or ample, not strait, to him. (TA.) And ارخ له [lit. Relax thou, or slacken thou, to him the rope]; meaning ! give thou to him ample scope for using his own judgment, or discretion, in the disposal, or management, of his affairs, so that he may go whither he pleases. (TA.) And He lengthened the horse's ارخى الفرس and ارخى الفرس rope. (K.) And ارخى له الطَّوَل lit. He relaxed, or slackened, his tether]; meaning the left him to his own affair. (A, TA.) And ارخى [lit. He slackened, or loosened, his turban]; meaning the became, or felt, in a state of security or safety, tranquil, or at ease; (K, TA;) because the turbans are not slackened, or loosened, (رَّدُ تُرْخَى), in difficulty, or hardship. (TA.) And (بَرُ تُرْخَى) (Ş, Mşb, K) وَغَيْرُهُ (Ş) He let loose, let down, or lowered, the reil, or curtain, &c. (Ṣ, Ķ.) And ارخى ثِيَابَهُ عَلَى رِجْلَيْهِ [He let, or made, his clothes hang down loosely upon his legs] in riding and in sitting [&c.]. (TA in art. رسل).) [And ارخاه + IIc shed tears.] And ارخاه illis state, or condition, made him to

> of a she-camel, [app. for ارخت صلاها, i.e. She relaxed the part on either side of her tail, virtually] means مُ صَلَاهَا (S, K, TA,) i. e. [the part on either side of her tail became relaxed; or] her صلوان [or parts on the right and left of her tail] gaped, [or receded from each other,] on the occasion of bringing forth. (T, TA.) __ إرخا! also signifies A sort of running: (S:) or vehement running: (K:) or running exceeding what is termed : تَقْرِيبُ : (JK, K: [see 2 in art. : قرب) or running (عُضْرٌ) that is not ardent, or not impetuous: (A, TA:) or gentleness in running: (Ham p. 158:) accord. to Az, الإرْخَاءُ الأُعْلَى means The most vehement [running termed] مُصْر; and ارخى فِي is less than that: and الإرْخَانَهُ الأُدْنَى app. as أحضر said of a horse, signifies ,عدوه meaning He rose in his running]; and is from as an epithet applied to wind. (TA.) _ You say also, ارخى دابته, meaning He made his beast explained above: (Lth, K :) [or,] accord. to A'Obeyd, الإرضاء signifies the leaving a horse to

> enjoy an easy, ample, or unstraitened, life, or a

life of ease and plenty. (T, TA.) __ ارخت __ , said

6. تراخى He (a horse) remitted, or flagged, in his running; or was, or became, remiss, or

follow his own eager desire in running, without

fatiguing him. (S.)