also, لَقِيتُهُ فَتَبَشَّبَشَ لِي [app. meaning I met him and he became cheerful in countenance by reason of meeting with me]; originally † تَبَشَّشُ the middle ثب being changed into ب: (Yaakoob, Ş:) or ب significs he was, or became, sociable, or companionable, or cheerful, with him; and held loving communion with him : syn. انسه, and : (K:) but when said of God, it means 1 He regarded him with favour, and honoured him, (IAmb, K,) and received him graciously, and drew him near to Him. (IAmb.) \_ Also مُشَاشَةٌ (TK,) inf. n. بُشَاشَةٌ (IDrd, K) and أَبُشُ لُهُ (K,) He presented a favourable aspect to him; or met him kindly, namely, his brother; syn. اقْبُلُ عَلَيْه: (K:) he behaved laughingly towards him; without shyness, or aversion; or boldly; or in a free and easy manner; or cheerfully; syn. \_\_ (IDrd, K,) and انْبَسَطُ IDrd, K,) . (IDrd.) . And مَشُّ (IAnr, رَبُشُ لَهُ في الْهَسْأَلَة (IAnr, A, K) and بَشَاشَةُ (A, K,) He was courteous, or gracious, to him in asking. (IAar, A, K.) -And بِشَ لِي بِخَيْرِ IIe gave me [something good].

4. ابشّت الأرض the land had tangled, or luxuriant, plants, or herbage: (A, K:) or produced its first plants, or herbage. (K.)

5 : sec 1.

R. Q. 2: see 1, in two places.

مَجُلٌ هَثُّ بَثُّ A man [brisk, lively, or sprightly; or joyful; and] cheerful in countenance; pleasant [therein]; (S, TA;) as also بُشَّاشُ (TA.) [See also art. هثه.]

The face, or countenance. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) You say, فُلاَنْ مُضَىءُ البَشِيش Such a one is bright in countenance. (Ibn-'Abbad.)

. بَشَّ sec : بَشَّاشُ

أَبُشُ [More, and most, cheerful in countenance]. You say, مَا رَأَيْتُ أَبَشُ مِنْهُ بِاللَّرِقِي [I have not seen any one more cheerful in countenance than he to the meeter]. (A.)

## بشر

1. بَشْر , aor. ، , (Ṣ, Mṣb,) inf. n. بَشْر ; (Ṣ, Mṣb, K;) and ابشًار, (A,) inf. n. إبشًار; (K;) He pared (S, A, Msb, K) a hide, (S, A, Msb,) removing its بشرة, (S,) or face, or surface, (A, Msb,) or the skin upon which the hair grew: (TA:) or, as some say, removing its inner part with a large knife: or, accord. to Ibn-Buzurj, some of the Arabs say, بَشَرْتُ الأَدِيمَ, aor. -, meaning I removed from the hide its بشرة; and بشرة as meaning I exposed to view its أَبْشُرْتُهُ \* that was next to the flesh; and I exposed upon which the hair grew. (TA.) [But see أَدْمَةُ.] — Hence the saying in a trad., مَنْ أُحَبُّ القُرْآنَ قَلْيَبْشُرُ, accord. to him who recites it thus, with damm to the ; meaning + Whoso loveth the Kur-an, let him make himself light of flesh, [by not eating more than will be

sufficient, and so prepare himself] for [reading, or reciting,] it, [like as one prepares a horse for running,] because eating much causes one to forget it. (TA.) \_ Hence also, بَشُرَ الأُرْضُ, (TA,) inf. n. as above, (S, K,) + It (a swarm of locusts) stripped the ground; (TA;) ate what was upon the ground, (S, K,) i. e., upon its surface; as though the exterior of the ground were its بشرة. (TA.) \_\_And بشر, aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. as above, (K,) He clipped his mustache much, so that the (i. c. the exterior of the skin, TA) became apparent. (K, TA.) This the Muslim is com-بَشَرَنِي فُلَانٌ بِوَجْهِ حَسَنِ ــ (TA.) بشَرَنِي فُلَانٌ بِوَجْهِ حَسَنِ Such a one met me with a cheerful countenance. (S.) See also 2, in two places. \_\_ And see 3. = , ع aor. بَشُر aor. بَشُر (IAar, S, Mab, K;) and بَشْرَ, aor. بَشُرَ (IAar, K,) inf. n. بَشُورٌ and بَشُورٌ; (TA;) and which is the most common, though extr. in respect of analogy, as being quasi-pass. of بشر and اقشع and اعرض and احنج and احجم and صنج .mentioned by MF in art, انهج and اكب as the only other instances of the kind,) and (Ṣ,A, (added in the TA in art. اخلج)] (Ṣ,A, Mgh, Ķ,) inf. n. إِبْشَارٌ; (Ṣ;) and اخلج; (Ṣ, A, Msb, K;) and تبشّر (A;) [originally, He became changed in his بَشُرة (or complexion) by the annunciation of an event : see : and hence,] he rejoiced, or became rejoiced; (IAar, S, A, Msb, K;) بكذا [at, or by, such a thing; or at, or by, the annunciation of such a thing]. (IAar, S, K. ) You say, مَ أَمْرُ بَشُوتُ بِهِ An affair happened to me whereat I rejoiced, or whereby I became rejoiced. (S.) And أَبْشُر لَا بِمُولُود He rejoiced [at the annunciation of a new-born child]. (S.) And أَبْشُرُ لِ بِخَيْرِ Rejoice thou [at the annunciation of a good event]. (S, K.) And in the same sense أَبْشُرُوا لا is used in the Kur xli. 30.

2. بشره, (S, A, Msb, &c.,) the form used by the Arabs in general, (Msb,) inf. n. تَبْشير; (Ş, Msb, K, &c. ;) and بُشُرُهُ , aor. ٤, (S, Mgh, Msb,) of the dial. of Tihameh and the adjacent parts, (Mab,) inf. n. بَشُورٌ and بُشُورٌ (Ş, K) and بُشُرٌ (TA,) or this last is a simple subst.; (Msb;) and ابشره الله (Ş, A, Mgh, K;) and ابشره الله ; (K, TA;) are syn.; (S, K, &c.;) originally signifying He announced to him an event which produced a change in his بشرة [or complexion]: and hence, (El-Fakhr Er-Rázee,) he announced to him an event which rejoiced him: (A, El-Fakhr Er-Rázee:) so in common acceptation [when not restricted by an adjunct that denotes its having a different meaning : see بُشْرَى, and an ex. below in this paragraph]: (El-Fakhr Er-Rázee:) or he rejoiced him [by an annunciation]: (Msb:) and he announced to him an event which grieved him: [or he grieved him by an annunciation:] both these significations are proper. (El-Fakhr Er-Rázce.) You say, بشره بالأمر [generally meaning He rejoiced him by the annunciation of the event]; and بَشُرُهُ لا به aor. and inf. ns. as above; &c. (TA.) And بَشْرتُه بِمُولُود [I rejoiced him by the annunciation of a new-born child]. (S.) And it

is said in the Kur [iii. 20, &c.], بَشْرُهُمْ بِعَذَابِ أَلِيمِ [Grieve thou them by the annunciation, or denunciation, of a painful punishment]. (§.) You say also, of a she-camel, بَشْرَتْ بِاللَّفَاحِ, meaning + She made it known that she had begun to be pregnant. (TA. [See also 4.])

(Ṣ, Mgh, مَبَاشَرَة ، (Ṣ, Mgh, باشر المَرْأَة ، TA) and بشار, (TA,) He was, or became, in contact with the woman, skin to skin: (TA:) he enjoyed [contact with] her skin: (Msb:) he became in contact with her, skin to skin, both being within one garment or piece of cloth: (K:) he lay with her, [skin to skin; or in the sense of] inivit eam : (Ṣ, Ķ :) i. q. وَطِئُّهَا both فِي الفَرْجِ and منه (TA:) [and so بشرها به inf. n. are syn. [in the sense مُبَاشَرَةٌ and بُشُرْ are syn. of congressus venereus, as is shown by an ex. in the S.]. (S, K.) باشره النَّعيم إلى إ [Enjoyment attended him; as though it clave to his skin]. (A.) -is a meta ,رُوحَ اليقين or ,فَبَاشَرُوا رَوْحَ اليَقِينِ \_\_ phorical expression, [app. meaning \$\pm\$ And they felt the joy and happiness that arise from certainty,] occurring in a trad. of 'Alec. (TA.) \_\_\_ رَّمُ الْأُمْرُ (S, A, &c.,) inf. n. باشر الأمر الأمر الأمر superintended, managed, or conducted, the affair himself, or in his own person: (S, K, TA:) or the was present, himself, at the affair : (A,TA:) or, [properly,] he managed, or conducted, the affair with his بَشُرة, i. e., his own hand : (Mgh, Msb:) and hence a later application of the verb in the sense of j + [He regarded, or attended to, the thing, or affair, &c.]. (Meb.)

4. ابشر: see 1, first sentence, in two places. — [Hence,] ابشر الأمر وَجَهُ The affair made his countenance beautiful and bright: in the K we read, أَبْشَرَ الأَمْرَ حَسَنَهُ وَنَصْرَهُ; but this is a mistake. (TA.) Agreeably with this explanation, AA renders a reading in the Kur [xlii. 22], ذلك الذي meaning That is it with which God will make beautiful and bright the faces of his servants: so in the L. (TA.) — See also 2. — [Hence,] الشَّوَةُ † The she-camel conceived, or became pregnant: (K:) as though she rejoiced [her owner] by announcing her conception. (TA. [See 2, last sentence.]) — And الشَّرَتُ The earth put forth its herbage appearing upon its surface. (S, K.) — See also 1, latter part, in four places.

5: see , latter part.

6. تباشر القَوْمُ The people, or company of men, announced, one to another, a joyful event, or joyful events. (S.) And هُمْ يَتَبَاشُرُونَ بِذُلكَ الأُمْرِ They rejoice one another by the annunciation of that event. (TA.)

10. استبشره : see 1, latter part. استبشر He demanded of him a reward for an annunciation of joyful tidings. (M.) — See also 2.

يُشْرَى see بُشْرَى It is also a contraction of بُشُرَى, which is pl. of بَشُورٌ (TA) or بَشُيرٌ. (TA in art. ).

Cheerfulness, or openness and pleasantness,