عقرب

Q. 1. He twisted, wreathed, curled, curved, or bent, a thing. (MA.) = [And, accord. to Freytag, He imitated the scorpion in acting: but for this he names no authority; and I doubt its correctness: see the next paragraph.]

Q. 2. تَعَفَّرُ [It was crisp and curved; said of a lock of hair hanging down upon the temple: so accord to Reiske, as mentioned by Freytag.

— And He acted like 'Akrab; a man notorious for putting off the fulfilment of his promises; as is said in the TA in the present art.]. (A and TA in art. عرقب: see Q. 2 in that art.)

[The scorpion;] a certain venomous reptile, (TA,) well known: (K, TA:) the word is masc. (TA) and it is fem., (S, O, K, TA,) generally the latter; (T, Mab, TA;) but is applied to the male and the female: (Lth, T, O, Mab, TA:) and the male is called عُقْرْبَانْ \* (T, S, O, Msb, K, TA,) accord. to some, (O,) when one desires to denote it in a corroborative manner, (Meb, TA,) and عَفْرْبَانُ \* also; (K;) or these two words are syn. with عَقْرَبُ : (K:) and the female is called مُقْرِبَةً (T, S, O, Msb, K,) sometimes, (T, Msb,) and عَفْرَبَاء , which is imperfectly decl.; (S, O, K;) or these two words and , accord. to the " Tahreer et-Tembeeh," all : عَقْرِبَانَ \* denote the female, and the male is called (TA:) or, as some say, the male and the female are called only : عَقْرَبُانْ \* (Mab, TA:) and of it is said by IB, on the authority of AHat, that it does not signify the male of عقارب, but [as expl. below] "a certain creeping thing, having long legs:" (TA:) IJ says that you may drop the i and ن in عُقْرُبُ \* and say \* عُقْرُبُان (L, TA:) and an instance occurs of عُقْرَابٌ , as a coll. gen. n., in the following verse:

أُعُودُ بِٱللّٰهِ مِنَ العَقْرَابِ اَلشَّائِلَاتِ عُقَدَ الأَّذْنَابِ

[I seek protection by God from the scorpions raising the joints of the tails]: but the I here is said to be inserted for the purpose of what is termed الاشباء: (MF, from the "Mukhtasar el-Bayán :") and الثاثلات is applied as an epithet to a sing. n. because this is used as a coll. gen. n.: (M voce : بَسُبُ:) the pl. of عُقْرَبُ is أَوْدُ. (Ṣ, O.) \_\_ And [hence] العَقْرُبُ is the name of † A certain sign of the Zodiac, (T, S, O, K,) [i. e. Scorpio,] to which belong the Mansions of the Moon and الشُّوْلَةُ and القُلْبُ and الشُّوْلَةُ الزَّبَانيَّان. (T, TA. [See these words, and see also مُنَازِلُ القَهَر and مُنَازِلُ القَهَر in art. نزل. It should also be observed that the Arabs extended the figure of this constellation (as they did that of Leo) far beyond the limits that we assign to it.]) \_\_ [Hence, likewise,] عَفْرَبُ signifies + A thong, or strap, of a sandal, (O, K, TA,) in the form of the reptile of this name. (TA.) [See also عقرية.] And + A thong, or strap, (O, K,) plaited, and having a buckle at its extremity, (0,) by which Bk. I.

the crupper of a horse, or the like, is bound to the saddle. (O, K.) — And the pl. عَقَارِتُ signifies also ! Malicious and mischievous misrepresentations, calumnies, or slanders. (O, K, TA.)

One says, إِنَّهُ لَتَدَبُ عَقَارِيهُ ! Verily his malicious and mischievous misrepresentations, &c., creep along: (TA:) or he traduces, or defames, people behind their backs, or otherwise. (O, K.) And the phrase رَبَّتُ عَقَارِيهُ is sometimes used to signify! His downy hair crept [along his cheeks]. (MF.) — And ! Reproaches for benefits conferred: so in the saying of En-Nábighah,

عَلَى لِعَبْرٍو نِعْمَةُ بَعْدَ نِعْمَةٍ لوَالدِه لَيْسَتْ بِذَاتِ عَقَارِبِ

‡ [I one unto 'Amr favour after favour, for his father, not accompanied by reproaches for benefits conferred]. (TA.)—And † Hardships, severities, difficulties, troubles, or distresses. (K.) عَمَّارِ السَّاءِ means † The hardships, severities, &c., of winter: (TA:) or the intense cold thereof: (O, K:) and عَمَّرُ السَّاءِ, accord. to IB, the assault, and intense cold, of winter. (TA.) And عَمَّرُ السَّاءِ means † An uneasy life: or a life in which is evil and roughness. (TA.)—See also the next paragraph.

iron thing like the عَقْرَبُ [or flesh-hook], which is suspended, or attached, to the horse's saddle. (O, K.) — And, of a sandal, + The knots of the [thong, or strap, called] شراك [q. v.]. (TA.) — And, (O, K.) thus in all the copies of the K, and in the handwriting of Ibn-Mektoom, but in the L عَقْرَبُ (TA.) + An intelligent female slave, who does much service, or work. (O, L, K, TA.)

i see عَقْرَبًا، first sentence.

غَرْبَانَ: see عَقْرَبَانَ, first sentence, in three places. — Also, [or it has this meaning only, as stated above, voce عَقْرَبَ ]. A certain creeping thing, having long legs, and the tail of which is not like that of the عَقْرَبُ [or scorpion]: (Ṣ, IB, O, TA:) or a small creeping thing that enters the ear; long, yellow, and having many legs: (TA:) i.q. عَقْرِبَانَ الْأَذُنِ [an appellation now applied to the earwig]; (Az, K;) and (K) so عَقْرِبَانَ لَا الْمُوْنِ (O, K.)

مُعَقَّرَبُ see عُقْرُبَانَة.

غَرْبُ see عُرْبُ, first sentence.

غَفْرُبُّانُ, first sentence: \_\_ and

. see عَقْرَابُ, first sentence.

أمغفرب [Twisted, wreathed, curled,] curved, or bent. (K.) A مدنع [or lock of hair hanging down upon the temple curled, or] curved, or having one part turned upon another. (S, O.)—And Strong and compact in make: (K:) or معقرب النعاق, applied to a wild ass, compact and

strong in make. (O.) \_\_ Also, and \$ رُو عَقْرِبَانَة \$.

One who aids, or assists, much, or well, (O, \* K, \* TA,) and resists attack: (K:) or an aider who resists attack with energy. (MF.)

بَعْقُرِبُ (Ṣ, O.) And أَرْضُ مُعَقَّرِبُةُ (Ṣ, O.) Mṣb, (Ṣ, O.) And أَرْضُ مُعَقَّرِبُةُ (Ṣ, O.) Mṣb, (Ṣ, O.) And أَرْضُ مُعَقَّرِبُةُ (Ṣ, O.) K, the latter as though formed from عَقْرَبُ after reducing it to three letters, (Ṣ,) A land in which are scorpions: (Ṣ, O, Mṣb:) or a land abounding with scorpions. (Ķ.)

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1. مُقْصَدُ , aor. - , (Msb,) inf. n. مُقْصَتْ شُعْرَهَا (Lth, S, Mgh, IAth, Msb,) She (a woman, Lth, Msb) twisted her hair, and inserted the ends thereof into the parts next the roots: (Mgh, IAth, Msb:) this is the primary signification: (IAth:) or she took each lock of her hair, and twisted it, then tied it, so that there remained in it a twisting, and then let it hang down; (Lth, O;\*) each of the said locks is termed عُقيصة : (Lth :) and she tied her hair upon the back of her neck: (TA:) and she plaited her hair : (Msb :) or عَقْصُ الشَّعُر signifies the gathering of the hair together upon the head: (Mgh:) or the plaiting of the hair: and the twisting it upon the head: (S:) and you say, عَقَصَ شَعْرَهُ, aor. as above, (and so the inf. n., O,) meaning, he plaited his hair: and he twisted it. (A, O, K.) = عَقْصُ (S, TA,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. عقص, [q. v.], (S, O, TA,) ; He was, or became, niggardly, or close-handed, (S, O, TA,) and evil in disposition. (S.) \_ And عَقَصَتْ عَلَى [as also عُصَتُ [as also الدَّابة] [The beast became restive, or refractory, to me, and stopped. (TA.)

غَمْن أَمْرَهُ ! He rendered his affair difficult, or intricate, and involved in confusion, or doubt.
 (TA.)

3. أَخُذُتُهُ مُعَاقَصَةً + I took it striving to overcome; (O, Ķ;\*) as also مُقَاصَةً (O.)

[app. an inf. n. of which the verb is عَفَصُ [app. an inf. n. of which the verb is عَفَصُ A twisting, or contortion, in the horn of a sheep or goat: (A:) or a twisting, or contortion, of the horns of a goat, upon his ears, backwards. (Ş.)

غَدْد Sand accumulated, or congested, in which there is no way: (Ṣ, O, K:) said to be syn. with there is no way: (Ṣ, O, K:) said to be syn. with غَدْ: and عُمْدُة signifies sand like such as is termed عُمْدَة (q. v.]; or عُمْدَة and عُمْدَة, as expl. by Aboo-'Alee, signify sand contorted, one part upon another, and extended; like عَمْدَة and عُمْدَة. (TA.) — And The neck of the عُمْدَة (or stomach of a ruminant animal]. (IF, O, K. [In the CK, for وَحُمْنَةُ الْكُرِشُ is erroneously put وَحُمُنَةُ الْكُرِشُ ; after which a should have been inserted.]) — Also, (Ṣ, O, K,) and وَاللَّهُ وَالل