قرطف

كَنَا A red garment, of the kind called عُرْطَفًى. See كَذَب p. 2598c.

فرطل

An ass's pannier, one of a pair. See

قرع

1. فَرُعُ in the sense of ضَرَبُ has قُرْعُ for an inf. n. (Mgh, art. غمز .) __ . مقرعه __ .q. - (.ضرب . TA in art. ضَرَبَ فِي مُضَربِهِ He impugned his character; قرع صفاته blamed or censured him; spoke against him قَرَعَ بَيْنَ ظُفْرِ مَغْمَزُ See فَعَر (Mgh, art.) He fillipped with the nail of his thumb and that of his forefinger. (Lth, K, * TA, art. قدع and أَنْفُ see : هُوَ الفَحْلُ لَا يُقْرَعُ أَنْفُهُ ... (. زنجر _ قُرْعُ أَنْقُهُ بِ , inf. n. قُرْعُ أَنْقُهُ + He rejected him, repelled him, or turned him back; namely a suitor in a case of marriage. (TA, in art. بضع.) see : إِنَّ العَصَا قُرِعَتْ لِذِي الحِلْمِ بُضْعُ See Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 55; and Har, 656. __ sec Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 543, and Har, 655, in two places. __ : قُرْعُهُ بِعُضَا الْهَلَامَة see الله عَضا and عَضًا عَضًا : see : قَرْعَ لِأُمْرِهِ ظُنْبُوبَهُ and : قَرْعَ ظُنْبُوبَ بَعِيرِهِ فَرَعْتُ . سَاقٌ see : قَرْعَ لِلْأُمْرِ سَاقَهُ and : ظنب see قَرْعَ لِلْأُمْرِ سَاقَهُ

2. فَرَعُهُ He reproached him for his crime or the like, saying to him, Thou didst so and so. (TA, voce فَرَعُ لَهُ اللهُ He took, got, or won, a bet, wager, or stake. (L, in TA, voce نَدُبُ)

3. عَارَعُهُ : see its syn. عَارَعُهُ .

4. اقْرَعَ بَيْنُورُ He ordered, or commanded, them to cast, or draw, lots, or to practise sortilege, [among themselves,] for the thing (على الشيء) [see an ex. in the Mgh, in this art.:] or he prepared, or disposed, them, for doing so, for the thing (على الشيء): (Msb:) or he cast, or drew, lots, or practised sortilege, among them.

(K.) The first explanation is generally preferable.

See

. تَقَارَضَا see : هُمَا يَتَقَارَظَانِ الخَيْرَ وَالشَّرُّ .

But see دُودُ القَرْع. دُودُ القَرْع. وَدُ القَرْع.) But see القَرْع is not a mistake for القَرْع: القَرْع is a corruption, found in medical books: حب القرع is a name of the tape-worm, because each joint of it resembles a grain, or seed, of the gourd. (IbrD.)

Bare pieces of ground amid herbage. (TA in art. خفی, from a trad.)

[A lot used in sortilege: lots collectively: sortilege itself. Used in all these senses in the

present day, and app. in the classical times.] مُرَبُ القُرْعَةُ He shuffled, or cast, or drew, lots; performed a sortilege.

قَرْعَى ; pl. قَرْعَى : see an ex. of the pl. in a prov. cited voce : أُمْوَ قَرِيعُ وَحُدِهِ ... السُّنَّ : see ...

The higher, or highest, part of قارعةُ الطَّرِيقِ The road; the part that is trodden by the passengers; [the beaten way]. (Msb.) In law books expl. as meaning أَطْرَافُ الطَّرِيقِ; opposed to its مَادَّة

A sudden calamity. (K.) See also Bd, and Jel, in xiii. 31, and an ex. voce اِنْفُرَجَ

مُغْمَزُ see مُقْرَعُ مِضْرَبُ see مِقْرَعُ

A whip: or anything with which one beats: (K:) or a thing with which a beast is beaten: (Az, TA:) or a piece of wood with which mules and asses are beaten: (TA:) [a cudgel: often applied in the present day to a cudgel made of the thick part of a palm-stick; and this, when used in sport, has several splits made in the thicker end, to cause the blows to produce a loud sound:] pl. مقارع. (TA.)

قرف

3. قَارَفُهُ He was, or became, near to it; meaning some base thing, or the like. (TA.) See قَرَفُ .

with others who are diseased or the like]; a subst. from أَفُونُ (K:) the being near to [a person, or persons, or a place, infected with] disease: (S, TA:) the being near to pestilence, or epidemic disease. (T in art. تَلُفُ See

(:عرض .: TA, art. التَّسَعَتْ signifies أَعْرَضَتِ القَرْفَةُ and مَثْرَ مَنْ يَتَّهِمُهُ signifies اتَّسَعَتْ قَرْفَتُهُ (TA, art. مَدُرَض See voce (..لبس ...)

A place of paring off: see an ex. voce

قرق قرقع : see قَرْقُ قرقع ترقع (TA, art. قرقُعَةُ properly قُرْقُعَةً قرم قرم

قرم .

1. مُثِلَّةُ It gmawed : see قُرْمُ .

مُثُلِّعَبُ see بُقُرْمُ .

مُثُلِّعَبُ see .

مُثُلِّمُ : see .

ا مقرمة (A Aid. (IAar; in AA, art. عدا) _ See

مِقْرُمَةُ 800 : مِقْرُمُ

and عَرْمُهُ: (Id, in art. عَدْسِنَ) also called عَدْمُ: (Id, in art. عَدْبُنِينَ) or a thin curtain, accord. to some, figured; as also عَرُمُ and قَرَامُ (Msb:) or this last, a figured curtain. (Msb.)

قرمص

A hollow which a man digs wherein to sit to protect himself from the cold. (Mgh, art. رَبُضُ.) See an ex. voce

نرمل

. سُقَّةً see : قَرَامِلُ pl. قِرْمِلُ

رن

1. قَرْنَ شَيْتًا بِشَيْء He connected, coupled, or conjoined, a thing with a thing. (Ş.)

3. قَارَنَهُ (Ṣ,) inf. n. قَرَانُ , (Ṣ, K,) and مُقَارَنَهُ , (Ṣ,) He associated with him; became his companion. (Ṣ, K.)

4. أَدُّونَ He gave of a thing two by two. (A'Obeyd in T, in art. به , voce أَبُدُ .) See أَبُدُ الشَّيْءِ لِلْ اللَّهِ فَي اللَّهُ اللَّ

One who opposes, or contends with, another, in science, or in fight, &c.; (Msb;) an opponent; a competitor; an adversary; an antagonist: or one's equal, or match, in courage, (S, K,) or generally, one's equal, match, or fellow. (K.)

تَرْبُ One's equal in age; syn. قُرْنُ (K,) or قُرْنُ: with fet-h when relating to age, and with kesr when relating to fighting and the like. (Har, pp. 572, 64.) A , (Ş,) (قُرْنُ مِنَ النَّاسِ JK, Mab,) or , قَرْنُ __ generation of men;] people of one time (JK,* S, Ez-Zejjájee, Mab,) succeeding another قُرن, (JK,) among whom is a prophet, or class of learned men, whether its years be many or few. (Ez-Zejjájee, Mso.) _ قُرْنْ _ The part of the head of a human being which in an animal is the place whence the horn grows: (K:) or the side, (S,) or upper side, (K,) of the head: (S, K:) or [more exactly the temporal ridge (see صدغ i.e.] the edge of the alos (which is the middle and main part of the head [i.e. of the cranium]), on the right and on the left. (Zj, in his "Khalk el-Insán.") — قرون of the head: see a verse cited voce فُرُونْ . خَيْطَ of horses: see أَجَمْر . ـــ of a solid hoof : see قُرْنُ . . بُبَّةُ of a desert, أُعْفُرُ as meaning A spear-head, see , قُرْنُ أُعْفَرُ . قُرُنْ A pod, like that of the locust tree : pl. قُرْنْ Occurring often in the work of AHn on plants, and in the TA, &c. See غَافَ [A thing] in a she-camel, which is like the air a woman;