thus called unless having upon it a turban. (K, TA.) \_ And A turn, or twist, of a turban. (S, K.) [See 2, second sentence.] \_\_ And A quantity of reaped corn put, or placed, in handfuls: pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] Joe. (S, K.)

A certain insect (دُويْبَة, Ş, K) that swims in the water, resembling a black فص [or stone of a ring], smooth and round : (S:) pl. عوم. (S, K.) \_ And A species of serpents, in 'Omán. (TA.)

a rel. n., from عامى; (Msb, TA;) A year old. (TA in arts. حول and دول And applied to a plant as meaning A year old, and therefore dry. (Msb, TA.\*) It is also applied to a [vestige, or relic, of a dwelling, such as is termed] مطلل, as meaning Over which a year has passed. (TA.) And it is applied, in a trad., as an epithet to the منظل [or colocynth, meaning That is of service in the year of drought, or barrenness]; because it is procured, or prepared [as an article of food], in the year of drought, or barrenness. (TA.)

see عَوْيَمْ [of which it is the dim.], last quarter.

; عام في الماء an intensive epithet from عوام (Msb;) A man shilful in swimming. (TA.). And + A horse that stretches forth his fore legs well in running [like as one does the arms in swimming]; (S, Z, K, TA;) fleet, or excellent, in his running. (TA.)

in the phrase عامر [Swimming ;] part. n. of عائد سَفِينَ عُومَ [Hence,] \_ . أَمَّ فِي الهَاهِ means عَوْدُ [of which عُوْدُ is pl.; i. e. Ships coursing along]. (TA.) = One says سنون عوم in which the latter word is a corroborative to the former; (S, K;\*) [app. meaning Tedious, because severe, years ;] like as one says الشُغْلُ شَاغْلُ شَاغْلُ عَالِمَةً : as though pl. of alic; but it is not used alone, because it is not a subst., being only a corroborative: (S:) or, as is said in the M, it should by rule be عوم; for [it is pl. of اعوم, and] the pl. of فَعُلْ is فَعُلْ; but they pronounce it as above, as though the sing. were عَامْرُ عَامْرُ ISd says, عَامْرُ ISd says, is an intensive expression, and I think that the meaning is, [A year] that seems long to people because of its drought, or barrenness; and similar to it is عام معيم , mentioned by Lh. (TA.) = is also [the name of ] A certain idol (S, K) of the Arabs. (S.)

see the next preceding paragraph, in

[perhaps a mistranscription for see 3, near the end,] means, as mentioned by Az, on the authority of En-Nadr, [A grapevine] that bears one year and does not bear another year. (TA.)

ast sentence but one. عَامَر مُعيم 

(TA.) - See also معوم.

A ship upon the sea. (K.)

1. عُوْن ، inf. n. رَتُعُونُ , (Ṣ, Ķ.) aor. مَانَتْ , inf. n. TA, [but see what follows,]) said of a woman, She was, or became, such as is termed عوان [q. v.]; as also \* عَوْنَتْ ( inf. n. تَعُوينْ: (Ṣ, Ķ:) and in like manner, عانت, aor. as above, inf. n. ون, [or عُون, (Ḥam p. 630,)] is said of a cow, accord. to AZ. (TA.)

2: see 1: and see also 10. تُعُوينُ signifies also The he-ass's leaping his she-ass much, or often. (IAar, K.) = And The invading another in respect of his share, or portion. (K.)

3. مُوَانُ and مُعَاوَنَةٌ (K,) [He aided, helped, or assisted, him, being aided, &c., by him: ] see 6: \_\_ and i. q. أعانه: see the latter, and see also 10.

4. عَاوَنَهُ \* signify the إِعَانَةُ . inf. n. عَاوَنَهُ \* same, (S, MA, K,) i.e. He aided, helped, or assisted, him. (MA.) قَلْ عُنْ عَلَى وَلَا تُعِنْ عَلَى [O my Lord, aid me, and aid not against me,] is said in a form of prayer. (S.) [And you say, lit. He aided him against, meaning, to accomplish, or perform, the affair]. See also 6 and 10, the latter in two places.

5. تَعَيَّنُ, originally تَعَوِّنُ see 10, last sentence.

6. أُعَانَ † بَعْضُهُمْ بَعْضًا signifies تَعَاوُنُوا .6 Mab, K,) They aided, helped, or assisted, one another; (MA;) as also اونوا (Msb;) and is preserved و is preserved و Ş, K,) in which the اعْتُونُوا ا with which it is تعاونوا because it is preserved in syn.; (Sb, S;) and also أعتانوا , accord. to IB, who cites as an ex. a verse in which نَعْتَانُ occurs; but this correctly means نَأْهُدُ العِينَة [belonging تعاونوا عَلَى الأُمْر, TA.) One says, [عين to art. They aided, helped, or assisted, one another [lit. against, meaning, to accomplish, the affair].

8. اعْتَانُوا and اعْتَوْنُوا : see 6, in two places.

10. استعان به and استعانه He sought, desired, demanded, or begged, of him, aid, help, or assistance. (MA.) You say, استَعَنْتُه, (Mgh,) or (Ṣ, كَأْعَانَنِي \* (Ṣ, Mạb,) or both, (Ḳ,) ,اسْتَعَنْتُ بِهِ Mgh, Mab, \* K) and \* عَاوَنَنِي , (Ş, TA,) for which last, عُوننيي is erroneously put in the copies of the K; (TA;) [i. e. I sought, &c., of him, aid, &c., and he aided me.] The alteration استعان into 1] is made in و of the infirm letter and اعان in imitation of a general rule [which requires it when that alteration is made in the unaugmented triliteral verb], though عَانَ, aor. as their source of derivation,] is not used. [A مَرْفُ ٱسْتَعَانَة is called إب [i. e. ب] ب particle denotative of seeking aid, &c.,] because

خَتْبُتُ بِالْقَلَمِ Fat of a year after another year. when you say شَحْر مُعَوِّمُ and عَنْتُ it is as though you said بَرْيَتُ بِالْهُدْيَة meaning I sought] بهذه الأُدَوَات عَلَى هذه الأُفْعَال aid of these instruments, or made use of them as means, against, i. e. to perform, these actions of smiting &c.]. (TA.) [And you say, استعان meaning He sought self-help, or exerted, in an affair, and عليه against it, or him.] استعان signifies also He shaved his مَانَة, or pubes; (Ş, Msb, K;) and so أَعَيُّنَ \* originally تَعُون, on the authority of ISd. (TA.)

> (S, Mgh, K) and معونة (S, Mgh, Msb, K) and ۴ مُعُونَةً (K, TA,) with damm to the و, agreeably, with analogy, (TA, [in the CK written مُعَانَةً (Ş, Mab, K) and (S, K,) [respecting the second and last of which see what follows,] are simply substs., (Mgh, Msb, K,) and signify Aid, help, or assistance: (Ṣ, Mgh, \* Mṣb, \* Ķ: \*) عُونْ is one of those quasi-inf. ns. that govern like the inf. n., i. e. like the verb; as in the saying,

إِذَا صَحَّ عَوْنُ الخَالِقِ ٱلْمُرْءُ لَمْ يَجِدُ عَسيرًا مِنَ الأَمَالِ إِلَّا مُيسَرًا

[ When the Creator's aiding the man is true, he will not find such as is difficult, of hopes, otherwise than facilitated]: (I'Ak, ﴿ اِعْمَالُ الْمُصَدّر }) or, accord. to AHei, it is an inf. n. [having no verb]: (TA:) is of the measure مُعُونَةُ (Az, Mab, TA,) from العون; (Az, TA;) or, as some say, of the measure فَعُولُةٌ, from الهَاعُونُ (Az, Msb, TA:) عَوْنُ and مُعَانَةً \* and مَا عِنْدَكَ مُعُونَةٌ ,one says [i. e. There is not with thee any aid]: (S:) and Such a one did not] مَا أَخُلَانِي فُلَانٌ مِنْ مَعَاوِنِهِ \* make me to be destitute of his aids]; معاون being pl. of مُعُونُ \$ (S, TA:) : مُعُونُة is said by Ks to be syn. with ase; (S;) and he says that it is : مَكُرُمُ except مَفْعَلُ except : (TA:) an ex. of it occurs in a verse of Jemeel cited voce أى: Fr says that it is pl. [virtually, though not in the language of the grammarians,] of معونة ; (Ṣ, TA;) and that there is no sing. of the measure مُثْعُلُ. (Ş. [On this point, see أَلُوكُ voce , مَأَلُكُ aider, a helper, or an assistant, (S, Msb, K,) to perform, or accomplish, an affair; (S, Msb;) applied to a single person, (K, TA,) and also to two, (TA,) and to a pl. number, (K, TA,) and to a male, (TA,) and to a female: (K, TA:) and [particularly] a servant: (Har p. 95:) [and an armed attendant, a guard, or an officer, of a king, and of a prefect of the police, and the like:] عَوْن is an appellation applied to an عُواني \* and [or armed attendant, or a guard,] who accompanies a Sultán, without pay, or allowance: (TA in art. عُونُ is pl. of عُونُ; (Lth, S, Mab, K;) and غوين is a quasi-pl. n., (K,) said by AA to be syn. with أُعُوان, and Fr says the like. إِذَا جَاءَت السُّنَةُ جَاءَتُ مَعَهَا ,(TA.) The Arabs say , meaning When drought comes, [its aiders]