sultry] heat. (TA.) _ is applied to a man, (S, O,) Tough, strong, (AZ, S, O, TA,) and compact. (AZ, TA.) = وَلَّا عَكُ وَلَّا إِزْرَةً عَكُ وَلَّا عَلَى الْمُرَارِ إِزْرَةً عَكْ وَلَّا عِلْمُ الْمُرْدِ (X,) and أَرُوَةُ عَكَّى وَكَّى or رَقَّى (O, K,) He wore a waist-wrapper so that he made its two ends to hang down and drew together the rest of it [round his waist]. (S, O, K.)

(Lth, S, O, K) and عُمَّةُ (Lth, S, K) and مِكَاكُ * and * عُكِكُ * (K) and مَكُكُ * and مَكُكُ * and (S, O, K,) which last is also a pl., (K,) said to be pl. of ac, (O,) [Sultriness; i. e.] vehemence of heat (Lth, S, O, K) in summer (Lth) [with moisture (see the first sentence of this art.) and] with stillness of the wind: (K:) it may be with the south or southerly wind (الجنوب) and the east or easterly wind (الصبا). (TA.) Hence the saying of the rhyming-proser, إِذَا طُلُعُ الْسَيَاكُ زُهُبُ rises aurorally, السهاك When العكَاكُ أُ وَقُلُّ اللَّكَاكُ and another ex. of العكال there cited,) and the pressing, or crowding, at, or to, the water becomes little]. (O.) _ See also عُدُ. _ And see عُدُّة in two places.

ic: see ic. _ Also A sand heated by the sun; (T, S, O, K;) and so vace: (K:) pl. of the former عكاك. (TA.) __ And The access of a fever, on the occasion of the first tremour, or shivering, thereof; as also vac. (K.) _ And العُكُةُ العِشَارِ (K,) or عُكَةُ العِشَارِ (S, O,) A colour that overspreads she-camels when they have conceived, (S,O, K,) like the Eis of the woman. (K.) And The receptacles, (S, K,) or [correctly] one of the receptacles, (O,) for clarified butter, (S, O, K,) smaller than the قرية; (K;) said by ISk to be like the مَكُون, [i. e. it is a skin of a sucking kid, (see مُثُنُّوة, and وُعُنُّ, in which clarified butter is put: (S, O:) or, accord. to IAth, a round receptacle of skins, for clarified butter and honey, but more particularly for clarified butter : (TA :) pl, عُكَاكُ and عُكَاكُ . (S, O, K.) One says of a woman, عُارُتُ مَارُتُ She became fat so that she was like the skin of clarified butter]. (El-Jurjánee, TA.)

غَنْد : see عُنْد.

, عُدُّ: see عُدُّ, last sentence.

or meal of what has been سُويق The عُكَّى parched, or perhaps of what has been dried in the sun,] of the Jan [or fruit of the Theban palm]. (0, K.)

عَكُفْ: عُود عُكُفْ.

see عَكَاكُ ; in two places.

: see عُكِيْث : see عُكِيث , in three places : and also

inadvertently said by J [and in the O] , عَكُولُا to be of the measure فعلع, whereas it is of the measure عُمُون, like عُمُون, (IB, TA,) Fat and short, with toughness: (S, O:) or short, compact with 5, (S, O, L, K,) applied to a she-camel. (S, and strong, (K, TA,) of middling make: (TA:) or fat: (K, TA:) or tough and strong. (TA.) And A place rugged and hard: (S, O:) or [simply] hard: or soft, or plain. (K.)

Plump, fat, and short. (Ibn-Abbad, O.)

A horse that runs a little and then requires to be struck (S, O, K, TA) with the whip. (TA.) - And A man contentious, disputatious, or litigious; (O, K;) difficult to be managed. (O.)

Camels confined, or hept within bounds. (\$, 0.)

مُكُنُ and مُكُابُ and مُكُنُبُ quasi-pl. ns. of J and IM and others. (TA.) See art. منك.

عكد

1. عَكُدُ (O, K,) aor. ج, (K,) inf. n. عَكُدُني [q. v. infra], (TK,) It (an affair) was, or became, possible, or practicable, to me. (O, K.) __ 22 He had recourse, betook himself, or repaired, to him for refuge, or protection; (O, K;) as also عَكُدُ (O, K; omitted in the TA;) and عَكُدُ likewise; (TA;) so عَنْقُهُ إِلَيْهِ too عكد ; (TA;) which last signifies (O, K) also (TA) he stuck to him, or it. (O, K, TA.) See also 8. [And see 10.] = عَكَدُ (Ṣ, O, L, K,) aor. -, (L, K,) inf. n. عَكَدُ ; (L;) said of a [lizard of the species termed] نَتُ ; (S, O, L, K;) and in like manner said of a camel; as also said (قكدت) said; (K;) or in like manner (عكدت) of a she-camel; and استعكد said of a boy; (O;) He became fat, (S, O, L, K,) and hard in his flesh. (L.)

4: see the preceding paragraph.

8. اعتكده He (a man, O) kept, or clave, to it, (O, K,) namely, a thing; (O;) like مُكُدُهُ عُدُهُ اللهِ عُدُهُ اللهِ عُدُهُ اللهِ عُدُهُ اللهِ عَدُهُ اللهِ ع

10. He (a bird) drew close, or betook himself, to a thing, in fear of the birds of prey. (O, K.) And استعكد بحجر, or بشجر, He (a [lizard of the species termed] فنت betook himself, or repaired, for refuge, or protection, to a stone, or to trees, in fear of the eagle or the hawk. (T, M, O, TA.) _ And, said of water, It collected. (TA.) _ See also 1, in two places.

: see عُكُود = and see also what here follows.

, (so accord. to the O and my MS. copy of the K,) or عُكْد , (so accord. to the L and the copy of the K followed in the TA,) [in the CK جُكُو,] The middle of a thing. (O, L. K.) _ See also عَكْدَة.

Fat, (S, O, L, K,) and hard in his flesh; (L;) applied to a [lizard of the species termed] , (S, O, L, K,) and to a camel: (K:) fem.

O, L.)

The [rump-bone called] عُكْدَةُ (IAar, O, K) and is both of which signify the same thing. (IAar, O. [But they are differently expl. by different authors.]) See also عكدة, in two places. The pl. is عُكْد (L.) = And The hole, or burrow, of the [lizard called] مُن (O, K.) = And Power, or strength. (O, K.)

The root of the tongue; (S, O, L, K;) as also عُكْنَةُ and عُكْنَةُ (L;) i. e. the thick part thereof: (TA in art. sie:) or the main part thereof: or the middle thereof. (L.) _ And The root of the tail; (O, L;) as also \$ 320 [q. v.]. (L.) The pl. is * عُكُد [or rather this is a coll. gen. n. of which عَكْنَة is the n. un.]. (L.) Also The base of the heart, (O, L, K, TA,) between the two lungs. (L, TA.) = And A feather with which bread is marked with points, like dots. (O, K.)

A place to which one has recourse, or betakes himself, for refuge, or protection. (O, K.)

Possible, or practicable. (K. [Omitted in the O and in the TA, except in as far as it is implied by what here follows.]) One says, ,أُمُّ مَعْتُودِكَ And (O, TA,) مَعْتُودُكَ أَنْ تَغْعَلَ كَذَا (O,) meaning The utmost that is possible, or practicable, to thee is thy doing such a thing: (O, TA:) and عَكْدُكُ * هَذَا الزُّمْرِ The utmost that is possible, or practicable, to thee is this affair. (TA.) = Also Remaining, staying, dwelling, or abiding, and keeping close. (O, K.) And Imprisoned, or confined. (Yaakoob, O, K.) __ And, applied to food, Unfailing, constant, or permanent; (O, K, TA;) and prepared. (TA.)

[A place in which water collects: see 10]. (TA.)

1. عَكُرُ , aor. - (Ṣ, O, Mṣb) and -, (Mgh, Mṣb,) inf. n. عُكُرُ (Ṣ, O) and عُكُورُ (O) [and مُعْكَرُ , occurring in the Ham p. 200], He, or it, (a thing, Msb,) turned, or inclined; (S, O, Msb;) turned back; returned : (Mgh, Msb :) and انعكر الها [likewise] signifies he, or it, turned or inclined; or became turned or inclined. (0.) _ 324, 4 His camel turned with him towards his family. and overcame him; like عجر به [q. v.]; (Ṣ, O;) overcame him, and turned back. (Msb.) _____ and عُكُور and عَكْر and عَكْر and عَلَى الشَّي and He turned back, or returned, against the فَرَّمِنْ قَرْنِهِ لَيَّرَ عَكُرَ عَلَيْهِ بِالرَّمْحِ You say [He fled from his adversary, or wheeled about widely from him, then] turned back against him with the spear : (A, TA :) and | [likewise] signifies he turned back [against his adversary] after fleeing, or wheeling about widely [from him]. (IDrd, O.) [Hence, عَكُرُ عَلَيْه † It (a saying) contradicted it, namely, another saying; it was contradictory, or repugnant, to it. See an