the saying of 'Antarah, [describing showers of copious rain,]

[So that they left every ridged-round spot of ground like the درهم]. (TA.) [But accord. to one reading, he said, قُرَارة, 'meaning, as is said in the EM, p. 227, "every round hollow;" and likening such a hollow to the درهم because of its roundness, and the clearness and whiteness of its water.]

دراهم A man possessing many دراهم : (AZ, K:) it has no verb: (TA:) you should not say . (AZ, K.)

مُدُرهِمُ An old man tottering (سَاقطُ) by reason of age. (S, K.)

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1. وَرَى الشَّيْءَ IIe hnew the thing; syn. عَلَمُهُ دَرْيَتُهُ ,for] you say ; دَرَى بِالشَّى ِ and so (Ş, Mşb, K) and رَرْثُتُ بِهِ (Ş, K,) aor. أُدْرِي, (Mşb, K,) inf. n. دری (S, M, Msb, K) and دری (Lh, M, K) and درية (S, M, M, b, K) and درية (M,\* K,) which last is said by Sb to be not used as an inf. n. of un., but as denoting a state, or condition, (M,) and, accord to some copies of the S, درية, (TA, [so in one of my copies of the S,]) دِرْيَانُ and دَرْيَانُ (Ş, M, Mşb, K) and دَرْيَانُ and (M, K) and ¿, (TS, K,) I knew it; (S, Msb, K ;) syn. عُلَمْتُ به (Meb, K) or مِ عُلَمْتُ : (Ş:) or it has a more special meaning than عُلُمتُه : it is said to signify I knew it after doubting: so says Aboo-'Alee: (TA:) or I knew it by a sort of artifice, or cunning, or shill; (K, TA;) or with painstaking, and artifice or cunning or skill; (Har p. 24;) and therefore c, is not said of God: (TA:) a rajiz says, (S, TA,) but this is an instance of the rude speech of the Arabs of the descrt, (TA,)

## لَاهُمَّ لَا أُدْرِي وَأَنْتَ الدَّارِي \*

## ڪَيْفَ تَرَانِي أَدَّرِي وَأَدَّرِي \* غِرَّاتِ جُمْلِ وَتَدَرَّي \* غِرَرِي

2: see above, last sentence. — زُرِّتُ تُرَابُ, inf. n. تُدْرِيَةٌ, [I winnowed the dust of the mine to separate its gold: a dial. var. of ذُرِّتُ or perhaps a mistake for the latter.] (Msb.)

3. مداراة (T, M, Msb,) inf. n. مداراة, (T, S, Mgh, Msb,) He treated him with gentleness, or blandishment; soothed, coaxed, wheedled, or cajoled, him: (S,\* M, Msb:) or deceived, deluded, beguiled, circumvented, or outwitted, him; or strove, endeavoured, or desired, to do so: (T, -both sig مُدَارَأَةُ النَّاسِ and مُدَارَأَةُ النَّاسِ (: Mgh nify المُدَاجَاةُ and المُدَاجَاةُ: (Ş in the present art :) and دَارِيْتُهُ and دَارِيْتُهُ both signify I was fearful, or cautious, of him; and treated him with gentleness or blandishment, or soothed him, coaxed him, wheedled him, or cajoled him: (§ in art. درأته or داراته means "I was fearful, or cautious, of him," as says AZ; or "of his evil, or mischief:" and دَارِيْتُ signifies I deceived, deluded, beguiled, circumvented, or outwitted; as also sig- مداراة also : دريت \* T in art. دريت \* nifies [the acting with] good nature or disposition; and the holding familiar intercourse with others. (T in the present art.) You say also, and عَلَيْه, He endeavoured to turn him, or entice him, by blandishment, or by deceit-(L in art. داری عنه And داری He defended him; or spoke, or pleaded, or contended, in defence of him; like راجم عنه. (TA in art. راجم).

4. ادراه به ITe made him to hnow, or have hnowledge of, it; acquainted him with it. (S,

5: see 1, latter part, in two places, = and also in the last sentence: = and see also 4. غَنْدُرَى [as though for يَتَدُرَى An army of which one part presses upon another; like يَتَجُعْبَى. (TA in art. جعب.)

7. وراً for أنْدَرًا is vulgar. (TA in art. أَدُرَى)

8: see 1, latter part, in two places. "

means They directed their course to, or towards, a place, making an inroad, or incursion, upon an enemy, and going to fight and plunder: (M, TA:) or as though they did so. (S.)

مُرْيَةٌ, accord. to some copies of the S, is an inf. n. of مُرْيَتُهُ meaning عُلَمْتُهُ, like مُرْيَتُهُ &c. (TA.) هُدُر اللّهُ مُنْ عَيْرِ دُرْيَة means This thing, or event, came without any act, or deed. (T, TA.)

رَيْدُ , without , A beast, (Aṣ,T,Ṣ,) or a camel, (ISk, T,) or a she-camel, or a cow, (M,) by means of which one conceals himself from the objects of the chase, or wild animals, (Aṣ, ISk, T,Ṣ, M,) so deceiving them, (ISk, T, M,) shooting, or casting, when he is able to do so: (Aṣ, ISk, T,Ṣ:) or, accord. to AZ, it is with , [قَرْدُنُعُ ,] because the عريث is driven (بَرْدُنُعُ , i. c. بُنْرُا) towards the objects of the chase. (Ṣ, M.) — Also A wild animal, or wild animals, (بُرُثُ مَنْ ), specially of such as are objects of the chase. (M, TA.) — And A thing, (K,) or ring, (Ham p. 75,) by aiming at which one learns to pierce or thrust [with the spear]. (Ham, K.) So in a verse cited voce , in art. , (Ham ubi suprà.)

الدّارى, as an epithet applied to God: see 1.

,مَدْرِيَةُ \* T, Ş, M, K) and مَدْرَاةً \* and مَدْرَى (T, M, K,) the last with fet-h to the and with kesr to the , (TA, [in the CK, erroneously, مدرية,]) An iron instrument with which the head is scratched, called [in Pers.] بر خاره ; (T;) a thing like a large needle, with which the female hair-dresser adjusts, or puts in order, the locks of a woman's hair; (S;) a thing with which the head is scratched: (W p. 125, in explanation of the first:) or a wooden instrument which a noman puts into her hair : (TA voce مُشَقَاة, in explanation of the second :) and, (T, S,) as being likened to the iron instrument thus called, (T,) a horn (T, S, M, K) of a [wild] bull [and of a gazelle], (T, S,) with which the female hairdresser sometimes adjusts, or puts in order, the locks of a noman's hair, (S,) or with which one scratches his head: (K:) and, accord to some copies of the K, a comb: (TA:) the pl. is مدار and مدارى, (M, K, TA,) in the latter of which, the alif [written &] is a substitute for & [properly so called]. (M, TA.) [Hence,] جأب الهدري or جاب الهدرى, (accord. to different copies of