2. روّی, inf. n. تُرويَة : see 4, in two places : ___ and 5. [Hence,] يُومُ التَّرُويَة [The day of providing oneself with water;] the eighth day of Dhu-l-Hijjeh; (T, Msb;) the day before that of 'Arafeh: (M:) so called because they (the pilgrims, T) used to provide themselves (يتزودون, T, M, or پَتْرُوُونَ * M, or پَتْرُوُونَ * M, or پَتْرُوُونَ T, or پرتوون , S, K) on that day with water (T, S, M, Msh, K) for the aftertime, (S, Msh, K,) and to rise and go, or when rising to go, to Minè, where is no water, [or, accord. to the Msb, where was little water,] therefore they provided themselves fully with water, or therefore they provided themselves with water from Mekkeh for the alighting and abiding at Mine: (T, accord. to two different copies:) or [it means the day of consideration, or thought; (from another signification of the verb, as will be seen from what follows;) and is so called] because Abraham was considering, or thinking upon, his dream (كَانُ يَتَرُوَّى * وَيَتَفَكَّرُ فِي رُؤْيَاهُ) [on that day], and on the ninth he knew [that his dream was from God], and on the tenth he desired to act [according to his dream] (استَعَمَلُ). (K. [And in a similar manner it is explained in the Ksh and by Bd in xxxvii. 101. See also 2 in art. [...]) T, الشِّرِيدَ بِالدَّسَمِ and ,روّى زَأْسَهُ بِالدُّهُنِ ___ TA,) He moistened [his head, app. much, or saturated it, i. e. its hair, with oil, or grease, and the broken, or crumbled, bread with grease, or gravy]. (TA.) روّاهُ الشّعْرَ (T, Ṣ, M, Mgh, Ķ,) and الحديث, (M, Mgh, Msh,) inf. n. as above; (S;) and ارواه الا إلاه (S, K;) He made him to relate by heart the poetry, (S, M, Mgh, K, TA,) and the tradition, narrative, or story; (M, Mgh, TA;) he made him to bear in his memory, knowing by heart, and to transmit, relate, recite, or rehearse, (Msh, TA,) the poetry, (TA,) and the tradition, narrative, or story; (Msb, TA;) [or he taught him to do so; i. e.] he related to him by heart (d) the poetry, (T, TA,) and the tradition, narrative, or story, (TA,) until he retained it in his memory, for the purpose of relating it by heart [as learned, or heard, or received,] from him. (T, TA.*) And (وينا الحديث [We had the tradition, narrative, or story, related to us by heart; and in like manner, الشَّعر the poetry]. (Msb, TA.) = رويتُ في الأمر, (S, K, [though Freytag represents the verb as being in the K without teshdeed, and Golius explains the verb nearly in the same manner with and without teshdeed,]) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He looked into the thing, or affair, or case; inspected it; examined it; considered it; or thought upon it; (S, M, K, TA;) deliberately, or leisurely; without haste; a dial. var. of [q. v.]: (M, TA:) [and عَرَوْيْتُ اللهِ app. signifies the same :] see يَتْرُوَّى in the former half of this naragraph, in an explanation of يومر التروية.

(MA) مِنَ الْهَاءِ (M, MA, Msb, K) إرواهُ 4. [and إِرْوَاءٌ, inf. n. إِرْوَاءٌ; (KL, and Ḥar p. 67;) and أ واه (MA, Msb) منه (MA,) inf. n. تروية; (KL;) He satisfied him, or made him to

milk]; he satisfied, or quenched, his (another's) thirst, by a drink, or draught, of water [and of milh]; (M,* MA, Msb,* K,* KL;*) he did away with his thirst [thereby]. (Har ubi suprà.) One says of a she-camel abounding in milk, هي تُرُوِي [She satisfies the thirst of the young child]: because he sleeps in the beginning of the night, and they desire that her flow of milk may be early, before his sleeping. (M, TA.) [And in like manner, ارواه is said of water, and of milk, &c., meaning It satisfied his thirst.] - [Hence, signify also He watered, or ir- اروى rigated, plentifully a plant, or herbage, or a tree; or rendered it flourishing and fresh, luxuriant, succulent, or sappy, by plentiful irrigation: see 1, second sentence.] = See also 2, in the middle of the paragraph. - And see 1, last three sen-

5. تروّی: see 1, first three sentences. — You say also, رَوُّوا اللهِ and أَرُوُّوا به meaning They pro-كَانُو vided themselves with water. (M.) And (Mab, and so in a copy of the T; see 2, second sentence;) or . أَيْرْتُوُونَ * من الها ، (S and K; see again 2, second sentence;) [They used to provide themselves with water:] and Whence do ye provide] منْ أَيْنَ تُرْتُوُونَ * الهَا. for yourselves water?]. (T and S; see 1, in the middle of the paragraph.) _ And تَرُوْتُ اللَّقْهَةُ The morsel was imbued, or soahed, with clarified butter]. (En-Nadr, TA in art. ريغ.) = see 1, in the latter : الشَّعْرُ and الحَدِيثُ see 1, in the latter half of the paragraph. = تَرَوَّتْ مَغَاصِلُهُ = sec 8. see 2, in two places.

8. ارتوى: see 1, first and third sentences: _ and see also 5, in two places. __ ارتوث النَّخُلَةُ The palm-tree, having been planted in a hollow dug for the purpose, was watered at its root. (Lth, T.) = It (a rope) was twisted: (M, K:) or was twisted well, or thoroughly, or soundly: (M:) or was thick in its strands: (S:) or was composed of many strands, and thick, and very compact. (Lth, T.) _ And مفاصله His joints (those of a beast, T, or those of a man, S) were, or became, well-proportioned and thick; (T, S, K;) and so * تروت. (M, K.)

رُوَآءُ see اَرْوَ

see what next follows: = and see also art. ري.

رى, said by Esh-Shamee, in his "Seereh [of the Prophet]," to be also with damm [i. e. , which is anomalous, like رُوِّيا, for رُوِّيا, (MF, TA,) is an inf. n. of (co): (T, S, M, Mgh, K:) and also (M, K) a simple subst. from that verb [meaning The state of being satisfied with drinking of water and of milk; the state in which one is satisfied with drinking or drink; the state of having drunk enough to quench, or satisfy, the thirst]. (M, Msb, K.) One says, وَيُلُونُ فِي رِيّ [Such a one is in a state in which he is satisfied with drink and food]. (T, A, TA, all in art. نظر.) _ [Also, as is indicated in the K &c., (All three from the T.) = Also The [funda-

be satisfied, with drinking of water [and of | in relation to plants or herbage, or to trees, The state of having plentiful irrigation; or of being flourishing and fresh, luxuriant, juicy, succulent, or sappy, by reason of plentiful irrigation.] A source abounding with water. (Ş.) رى .See also art

> Dates when they رُطُبُ روى ... رُوَاءُ see روى ripen [after they have been cut off,] not upon their palm-trees; as also مرو (TA.)

رأى in art. رُوْيًا see رُويًا

and روى (T, S, M, K [in this last improperly said to be like إلى, which is without tenween,]) and أروى (M, K) Sweet water: (S:) or water that causes him who comes to it to return with his thirst satisfied; (T, S;*) applied only to water that has a continual increase, and does not become exhausted, nor cease: (T:) or abundant water, that satisfies the thirst. (M, K.) -[Hence,] الرواء is a name of The well of Zemzem. (K, TA.) And , co in the TA, as from the K, and as mentioned by Az on the authority of I Aar, [but I have looked for it in vain in two copies of the T, app. ; or perhaps vel, like the Pers. , for one of these two may be from the other,] or \$3, (so accord. to my MS. copy of the K and accord. to the TK, [but this I think very dubious, and still more strange is the reading in the CK, which is ,]) Abundance of herbage, or of the goods, conveniences, or comforts, of life. (K.)

or of the رُوَّاءٌ for أَرِثْعٌ see رُوَّاءٌ in art. رُوَّاءٌ measure أنعال from الريّ, (see Ḥar p. 24,)] i. q. [as meaning A pleasing, or goodly, aspect; or beauty of aspect] : so in the phrase رُجُلُ لَهُ رُوا: [A man having a pleasing, or goodly, aspect]. (S.)

115) A rope with which the two leathern waterhags are bound upon the camel: (T:) or a rope with which goods, or furniture, or utensils, Se., are bound upon the camel; (S, K;) and with which a man is bound upon a camel, lest he should fall in consequence of his being overcome by sleep: (M, and Ham p. 321:) or one of the ropes of the [tent called] -: and sometimes the load is bound therewith upon the camel: accord. to AHn, it is thicker than well-ropes: (M:) and signifies the same: (T, K:) pl. of the former i, (T, S, K;) and of the latter = (TA.) مراو and مراوى (T, K,) i. e. مراوى See also :193.

see زوى . _ Also A full, or complete, drink. (K, TA.) You say, رُويًا رُويًا (Ş, TA) I drank a full, or complete, drink. (TA.) _ And A cloud of which the rain-drops are large, (S, K,) and vehement in their fall; like (Ş:) pl. أَرْوِيَةُ (TA.) _ And, accord. to IAar, One who gives to drink; or a waterer; syn. سَاقِ: [in one copy of the T, in the place of , الثَّأَنِّي I find , الرُّويُّ as explanatory of السَّاقي which I think an evident mistranscription:] and Weak: _ and Sound in body and intellect.