2: see the preceding paragraph.

5: see the paragraph next following, in three places.

7. انفلع (Ṣ, Ķ) and [in an intensive sense] انفلع (Ṣ) It became cleft, split, or rent; &c. (Ṣ, Ķ.) One says, انفلعت البيضة, and [in an intensive sense] تفلعت The egg became cleft, split, or cracked asunder. (IF, O.) And تفلعت His foot became cleft in several, or many, places; or cracked, or chapped: syn. تُشَقَّعُتُ. (Ṣ.)

and الله عَلْمُ A fissure, or crack, in the foot, (Ş, O, Ķ,) &c.: (Ķ:) pl. فُلُوعٌ; (Ş, O, Ķ;) like فُلُوعٌ and فُلُوعٌ. (O.)

see what next precedes.

A piece of the hump of a camel: (O, K, TA:) pl. فَلَعُهُ. (TA.) فَاعُدُ (S, O, K) is a foul phrase, (S,) a phrase used in reviling; (O, K;) or, as in the T, one says in reviling a female slave, أَضَّ اللهُ فَلْعَتَا , meaning [May God remove far from all that is good] her rima vulvæ; or what is cleft, or crached, or chapped, of her heel: or, as Kr says, فَرَجُهُ (thus), means the فَرَجُهُ (TA.)

: see what next precedes.

مُفُلُوعٌ A very sharp sword; one that cuts much: pl. فُلُعٌ. (K. [See also مُفُلُعٌ.])

فَوَالِعُ A calamity, or misfortune : pl. فَوَالِعُ . (O, Ķ.)

A sharp, or cutting, sword. (TA. [See also مُفْلُعُ

[A leathern water-bag composed] مَزَادَةُ مُفَلَّعَةُ [A several pieces of shins sewed together. (O, K.)

فلق

1. فَلَقَهُ, aor. -, (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Mşb, Ķ,) inf. n. فلق، (Ş, Mgh, O, Msb,) He split it, clave it, or divided it lengthwise; (S, Mgh, O, Msb, K;) as also أَنْفُلِيقٌ , (Ṣ, • K,) inf. n. تُفْلِيقٌ ; (Ṣ;) or the latter has an intensive signification for relates to a number of objects]. (O,* Msb.) 'Alee used often وَٱلَّذِي فَلَقُ الصَّبَّةَ وَبَراً النُّسَهَةَ , to swear by saying, [By Him who clave the grain, making it to germinate, and created, or produced, man, or the soul]. (TA.) — [Hence,] وَمُلَقَ الصُّبُح (Ṣ,) or الغجر, (TA,) said of God, (S, TA,) He made the dawn [to break, or] to appear. (TA.) ___ , فَالِقِّ the part. n. being , فَلَقَت النَّخُلَةُ q. v.,] means The palm-tree split, or clave, from [around, i. e. so as to disclose,] the spathe. (TA.) He , فَلْتُ , aor. - , inf. n. فَلَقَ فِي الأَرْضِ And went far into the land; like غَلَقَ. (Ibn-'Abbad, O and TA in art. غلق And فُلُق (K,) as inf. n. of فَلَقَ أَن صُوفَ الجِلْدِ in the phrase فَلَقَ صُوفَ الجِلْدِ (T.K.,) signifies The plucking of the wool of the hide when it has become stinking; like مُرْقُ (K., TA. [كالمَرقِ, in the C.K., is a mistake, for المَرْقِ.])

2: see above, first sentence.

4. افلق He did, or performed, or he uttered, what was admirable, or wonderful; (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K, TA;) said of a man, (Ṣ, O, TA,) and (TA) of a poet, (Ṣ, O, Mṣb, K, TA,) in his poetry; (TA;) as also افتلق (Ṣ, K.) [From فأق, q. v.] — And He brought to pass that which was a calamity; (K;) as also افتلق (Lḥ, TA.) One says to a man, أَعْلَقْتَ وَأَقْلَقْتَ, meaning [Thou hast brought to pass] that which is a calamity. (Ṣ, O, K. o) — And افلق في الأمر He was, or became, skilled in the affair. (TA.)

5: see 7, first sentence. [Hence] one says, تَعَنَّقُ وَلَمْ تَتَفَلَقْ [The egg cracked, or rather cracked in several places, but did not split apart, or did not split much]. (Az, S in art. قيض.) And of milk such as is termed أَوْلَتُ [q. v.] one says تَعْلَقُ meaning It became dissundered, or curdled, by reason of intense sourness: or, as heard by Az from some of the Arabs, it, being collected in a shin, and smitten by the heat of the sun, became dissundered, or curdled, so that the milk [or curds] became separate [from the whey]: and of such milk they loathe the drinking. (TA.)

And تَعْلَقُ الصَّبْعُ see 7. ___ said of a boy: see Q. Q. 2. __ See also 8, in two places.

7. انفاق It became split, cleft, or cloven, or divided lengthwise; it split, clave, or clave asunder; (Ṣ, Mgh, O, Mṣb, Ḳ;) as also وَ يَشْقَقُ [i. e. it became split, &c., much, or in pieces, or in several or many places]. (O, Mṣb.) The former occurs in the Ḳur xxvi. 63, said of the sea [as meaning It clave asunder]. (O.) — [Hence,] انفلق الصُّنَّةُ (TA in the present art.) The dawn broke. (TA in explanation of the latter.)

8. افتاق He (a man, TA) strove, or exerted himself, so that he excited wonder by reason of his vehemence in running; as also أَمَدُّ يَغْتَلُقُ فِي عَدُوهِ, (Ṣ, O,) and يَتَغْلِلُونَ , and يَتَغُلُلُونَ , (O,) He passed along doing what was wonderful by reason of his vehemence in his running. (Ṣ, O.) See also 4, in two places.

Q. Q. 2. تَفَيْلَتَ, said of a boy, He became big, or bulky, and fat, or plump; (O, K, TA;) as also تفاق; both mentioned in the "Nawadir." (TA.) — See also 8, in two places.

فَلْقُ (AHeyth, TA,) or فَلْقُ (Ṣ, O, TA,) the former said by AHeyth to be the more correct, (TA,) A split, fissure, cleft, or longitudinal division; syn. فَلُوقٌ pl. فَلُوقٌ (Ṣ, O, TA:) and

signifies also [par- فَلَقُ اللَّهِ Lḥ, K, TA) فَلَقٌ اللَّهِ ticularly] a fissure, or cleft, (شُقُ in a mountain ; (Lh, K, TA;) and so فَالَقُ (K, TA:) and a [app. meaning gap, or ravine, or pass]. (TA.) One says, مَرَرْتُ بِحَرَّة فِيهَا فُلُوقْ, meaning [i. e. I passed by a stony tract such as is termed in which were fissures, or clefts]. (S, (In his foot, شَقُوقُ i. e. فِي رِجْلِهِ فُلُوقُ In his or leg, are fissures or clefts]. (As, S, O, K.) نَلْقِ اللهِ (Lh, S, O, K) and ا كُلَّهَني مِنْ فَلْقِ فِيهِ (Lh, S, K,) the former of which is the more He spoke to me من شقه from out the fissure of his mouth, i. e., with his lips, not by means of a spokesman]. (K.) And He struck him on the place ضَرِبَهُ عَلَى فُلْق رأسه where his hair was separated, the middle of his head. (TA.) _ See also فَلَقُ and see the paragraph here following, last quarter.

see the next preceding paragraph. == See also فَلْقَة , in two places. __ Also A rod, or branch, that is split in two, (S, O, K,) [i. e., in halves,] and of which are then made two bows, each whereof is termed فَثْقُ, (S, O,) [or] each half in the CK (شَقِّ) of what is thus split كُلُّ شِقِّ) is termed a: فلتَّى : (K, TA:) and thus is termed a bow that is made of the half of a branch, (K, TA,) the branch being split in two; and it is also the latter word being thus used, قُوسٌ فَلْقٌ as an epithet, on the authority of Lh: or, as is one of which فأق is one of which the wood whereof it has been made has been previously split in two, or three, pieces: and he also signifies a [قَوْسٌ فَلِيقٌ app. for فَلِيقٌ \$ signifies a bow of which the piece of wood has been split in tro pieces. (TA.) [See also شُرِيخ, in two places: and see فرع.] = Also A wonderful thing or affuir or case; (S, O, Msb, K;) as also أَفُلِيقُ (K,) and , (TA,) and , فَلِيقَةً (O, TA,) of which last an ex. occurs in the prov.,

يًا عَجَبِى لِهُذِهِ الفَلِيقَةُ هَلُ تَغْلِبَنَّ القُوَبَآءُ الرِّيقَةُ

[O my monder at this wonderful thing! Does the ringworm indeed overcome the spittle?]: AA savs. the meaning is, that he was in wonder at the alteration of usual occurrences; for the spittle usually dispels the ringworm, so he spat upon his ringworm, but it did not become healed : القوباء is made an agent; and الريقة, an objective complement. (O, TA.) - And A calamity, or misfortune; (S, O, K;) as also Valle, (K, TA, accord. to the CK , فَلْقُ , and , فَلْقَ , (O, K,) and أَفُقَى * (Ṣ, O, Ķ,) and فَنُقَى * (Ķ, TA) or (O and CK,) and وَمُثِلَقُ * TA,) and (نَيْلَقُ * اً مُفْلَقِهُ (IDrd, O, K.) The Arabs say, * عَلْقُلْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ O [come with succour] to the calamity. (S, O.) And أ جُأَة بِعُلَقٌ فُلَقَ ﴿ And إِجَاء بِعُلَقَ فُلَقَ ﴿ And (S, O,) i. e. [He brought to pass] that which was