woman;] and so أَمُّ ظُنْيَة (Msb, TA.) _ And + A man who is stupid, dull, wanting in intelligence, inert, or wanting in vigour. (K, TA: but not in the CK.) - And accord to the K, i. q. غَاةً: and بَقَرَة but this is a great mistake, caused by a misunderstanding of what is cited in the passage here next following from the M. (TA.) _ Also The rulca of a woman: (Lth, T, S, M, K:) and, (M,) accord. to As, (T, S,) of any solid-hoofed beast: (T, S, M:) accord. to some, (M,) or accord. to Fr, (T, S,) of the bitch: (T, S, M:) and accord. to Lth, of the she-camel: (T:) IAar makes it to be peculiarly of the sheass, and of the ewe or she-goat, and of the cow; (M;) meaning that it signifies the vulva of these: (TA:) and it signifies also the vagina of the mare. (M.) _ Also A [bag for travellingprovisions &c., such as is called] جراب: (M, K:) or peculiarly a small جراب: (M, K:*) or one made of the skin of the طُبِّي [or gazelle]: (M:) or a thing [i. e. a pouch] like the خريطة and the : dim. أَخْبَيَّةُ : and pl. ظُبَيَّةً (T.) _ And A [tent such as is called] - خبا . (TA.) _ And A place of bending, or turning, of a valley; (M, K;) as also ظُبُة [mentioned in art. ظبة]: pl. of the former ظبية (M.) = ظبية is one of the names of The well Zemzem. (TA.)

[of which it is the dim.]. .q. v. ظُبِيَةٌ dim. of ظُبِيَةٌ

or ظباء A land abounding with أرض مظباة gazelles]. (M.)

i. c. a frag- مظرة He cut [or split off] a ظرّ ment of hard stone, with a sharp edge, to be used as a knife]. (Lth, T, M, K. [In some copies of the K, مَظرة; and in one place, in a copy of the M, مَظْرة but correctly ، مظرة, as is said in the TA.]) This the pastor does for the purpose of cutting off therewith a thing resembling a wart within the belly of a she-camel, (Lth, T, M,) at the orifice of the womb, when she is affected by a disease occasioned by lusting for the male. (Lth, TA.) - And He slaughtered a she-camel, (K, TA,) or, as in the "Tekmileh," an animal, with the [stone called] ظرر. (TA.)

4. أُطرِّي فَإِنَّكِ نَاعِلُهُ (M, K) is a prov., meaning Tread thou upon the ظرر for thou art furnished with leathern shoes or sandals]: (M:) but the phrase commonly known is with the unpointed [i. e. أطرى: see 4 in art. إطر]. (M, K.)

: see the next paragraph.

A sharp-edged hard stone : (As, T, Mgh, TA:) a stone having an edge like that of the knife: (§:) or a [kind of] smooth and broad stone which a man breaks and with which he slaughters a camel; (ISh, T, Mgh, TA;) and it is of any colour; and is also thus called before

· فَلْرَزَةُ * and فَلْرَزَةُ * a stone, | (Sh, M, TA:) as also فَلْرَزَةُ * (T:) or, as also فَلْرَزَةُ * (T:) or, as also فَلْرَزَةُ * (M, K,) in a general sense: (M:) or a round stone: (TA:) or a round sharp-edged stone: (M, K:) or a piece of stone having a sharp edge: (M:) the pl. is ظُرَانُ and ظُرَانُ; (As, T, S, Mgh;) or the pl. is ظُرَّانٌ and ظُرَّانٌ; (Th, M, and so in the K accord. to the TA; [in the CK فطرار and and Th says that the former of these is;]) and pl. of ظُرُر, or both may be pls. of ظُرَر , (M;) and another pl. is أَظَرَّةُ, (T, TA,) [a pl. of pauc.,] occurring in a trad.; (TA;) or, accord. to ISh, mentioned above as a pl.] is a sing., and ظُرْظُورْ * and أُظْرُورْ * is its pl. : (Mgh :) and أُظْرُورْ and مُظَارِيرُ, of which last the pl. is , مُظْرُورٌ ال (Sgh, K, TA,) and all of which are with damm, thus in the handwriting of Sgh, (TA,) signify the same [as ظرر &c.]. (Sgh, K, TA.)

sec the next preceding paragraph, in two:

مَظُرَّةُ and see also : ظُرَارُ see : ظُرَارُ

ظرير: see مُظُرَّة . _ Also A sign set up whereby one is guided to the right way : pl. أَظْرَةُ (M, K) and ظرّان: (TA, and so in the CK: [in some copies of the K ظرار, which is said in the TA to be wrong :] أَظْرَةُ signifies signs set up whereby one is guided to the right way, like the low [thus in a copy of the T, a mistranscription for أمرة]; some of which are extended and hard, and millstones are made from them. (T.)

. مَظُرَّةُ sec : ظَرَارَةٌ : ظُرْظُورْ see مُلْرَقُ عُورُ.

أَرْضُ مُظَرَّةٌ, (S, M, K,) thought to be thus by AAF; (M;) or مظرة, (T, M,) with kesr to the B, accord. to Th; (M;) Land containing, (T, S,) or abounding with, (K,) stones of the kind called : (T, S, K:) or stony land: (Th, M:) and also has the former meaning: (K:) or this latter is an epithet applied to a place as meaning rugged, or rugged and hard: (S:) or meaning a place abounding with stones: (M:) and its pl. is أَظرَّانُ and فُلرَّانُ. (S.) _ See also the next paragraph.

A stone with which one strikes fire. (TS, K.) _ And also, (TS, TA,) or, accord. to the K, with fet-h, [i. e. مُظرة بالله but this requires consideration, (TA,) Fragments [or a fragment, agreeably with an explanation in the Mgh, in my copy of which مُظرة is erroneously put for of sharp-edged stone : (TS, K, TA :) pl. signifies a piece split مظرة (TS, TA:) or مظارة off from ظُرُرُ [pl. of ظُرُرُ or ظُرُان (Sh, TA,) or

. ظُرَرُ see : مُظْرُورً

1. ظربَ به, aor. -, He, or it, stuck, adhered, or clave, to him, or it. (K.)

2. تُظْرِيبٌ, inf. n. تُظْرِيبٌ, The solid hoofs became hard and strong. (T, K.)

A stone projecting (Lth, T, M, Msb, K) from a mountain or from rugged ground (Lth, T) and having a sharp point : (Lth, T, M, K:) or an expanded mountain, (M, K, TA,) accord. to some, that is not high: (TA:) or a small mountain: (M, K:) or a small hill: (T, S, Msb:) pl. ظُرَاب (T, S, M, Msb, K) and أَظُرُب (Nh, TA,) [the latter a pl. of pauc.,] the former pl. of a rare kind, for by rule it should be أَظُواْتُ, and it seems as though they had imagined the sing. to be ظُرْب, and so made the pl. like سَهَاهُ, pl. of طُرِبُ : (Msb, TA:) or, accord. to En-Nadr, signifies the smallest of [hills such as are termed] and the sharpest in stones, all its stones, being sharp like knives, the white thereof and the black and of every colour : and the pl. is أَظُرَابُ. (T.) [See also this pl. below.]

Short, and thick, (M, K, TA,) and fleshy: (Lh, TA:) or a short and fleshy man. (S.)

and ظُرْبَى : see ظُرْبَانُ, in three places.

and ظرباء : see the next paragraph, in four

(AA, ظُرْبَانٌ S, M, Msb, K, &c.) and ظُرْبَانٌ ظَرِبَاءً * (IJ, TA) and ظَرْبَانُ AZ, Msb, TA) and accord. to two ظرباء 🕈 or طرباء 🕈 accord. علرباء على الم different copies of the K) A small, stinking beast, (AZ, S, M, Msb, K,) resembling a cat, (AZ, S, M, K,) or resembling a short Chinese dog, (Msh,) or resembling an ape or a monkey, (AA, T, M, TA,) or above the whelp of a dog, (El-Mustaksec, TA,) that often emits a noiseless wind from the anus; (M, Msb, TA;) said by Az, on the authority of the handwriting of AHeyth, to be a beast that has small legs, their length being that of half a finger, but which is broad, its breadth being equal to the space measured by the extension of the thumb and the little finger, or of the thumb and the fore finger, and its length being a cubit, having a compact head, and its ears [for ادناه, in my original, I read [الْأَنَّاهُ being like the cat's; (TA;) it is small and short in the ears, (أصلُمَ الأُذُنَيْن, M, Msb,) or having a stoppage of the ears, (أصر الاذنين, TA,) its carholes [only] hearing a confused, or humming, or ringing, sound; (M, TA;) long in the snout, [but El-Farezdak speaks of it as having a short nose, as is shown in the S,] black in the back, white in the belly; (M, Msb, TA;) it is said that its back is [or it is broken: (ISh, T, TA:) and the n. un. is [simply] a stone, (M, TA,) with which one cuts: | rather contains] one single bone, without any