but accord. to the Msb and to MF it is the pri- |, (K,) or both these augmented forms; mary signification,] the hinder parts, or posteriors, (A, Msb, MF, TA,) of a woman, (A, Msb,) and of a man: (TA:) pl. as above. (Msb.) So in the phrase نَفُجُ الْحَقِيبَةِ إِلْمَاعِيبَةِ Large, (A,) or prominent, (TA,) in the posteriors. (A, TA.)

A camel suffering suppression of his urine: (Msb:) and * [signifies the same; or] a camel having difficulty in staling, in consequence of the pressure of his ______ [or hind girth] upon his sheath, which sometimes kills him. (A, TA.) And the former, A man who is caused to hurry by the issuing of his urine: (Msb:) or who requires to go to the privy (Msb, TA) for the discharge of his urine, (Msb,) [or to evacuate his bowels,] and does it not until he suffers constipation: (Mab, TA:) or one suffering constipation. (Msb.) [See an ex. voce ______.]

A wild ass having a whiteness in the belly: (K:) or white in the part where the hind girth (would be placed: (A, K:) the former is the more approved meaning: (TA:) or a wild ass; so called because white in the flanks: (Ṣ:) fem. مُقْبُ: (Ṣ, A:) pl. مُقْبَدُ. (A.) __ Also Jis [or small isolated mountain], (S, K,) slender, (TA,) rising high into the sky, (S, K,) of which the flanks, or middle parts, (الصفوان) are enveloped by the mirage so in the K accord. to the TA), or by dust (التراب), accord. to the CK and a MS. copy of the K): or قارة TA,) signifies a, قَارَةُ حَقْبَاءُ having, in its middle part, dust of a whitish hue (أعفر), with برقة [app. meaning a mixture of blackness and whiteness] of the rest. (K, TA.)

Made to ride behind another on the same beast. (S.) _ Bound upon the [au or] . (Ham p. 289.) _ The fox: (K:) so called because of the whiteness of his belly. (TA.)

One who makes another to ride behind him on the same beast. (K.) _ Hence, in a trad., He who makes his religion + المُحقبُ النَّاسَ دينَهُ to follow that of others, without evidence, proof, or consideration. (TA.)

1. حَقَد عَلَيْه , (S, A, L, Msb, K,) aor. -; and aor. -; inf. n. (of the former, S, or of both, L, TA) حَقْدُ (S, L, Msb, K,) or this is a simple subst., (L,) and (of the former, L, or of both, TA) مَقَدُ (L, K) and (of the latter, S, L) (S, L, K) and [app. of both, or perhaps this is a simple subst.,] حَقَيدة ; (K;) and زَحَقَد *; (L, K;) [and احتقد (see عاقد ;)] He bore rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite, (ضغن) against him; (S, L;) he hid enmity, and violent hatred, against him in his heart; (Msb;) he retained, or held fast, enmity against him in his heart, watching for an opportunity to indulge it or exercise it (A, L, K) speedily. (A.) [Accord. to the A, this signification is from the one here next following.] _ حقد , (IAar, A, L,) or حقد , (K,) inf. n. حَقَد; (L;) and احقد (IAar, A, L,) and

(TA;) It (a mine) ceased to yield anything; (IAar, L, K;) or yielded nothing: (A:) and it (rain) withheld itself. (IAar, L,K.)_ مقدت (K, TA,) inf. n. حَقَدُ (TA;) or حُقَدُ (CK;) or احقدت ; (so in a MS. copy of the K;) She (a camel) became full of fat. (K.)

4. احقده He, (a person, S, L,) or it, (a thing, L,) caused him to bear rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite, (ضغن) [against another;] (S, L;) [caused him to hide enmity, and violent hatred, in his heart; (see 1;)] caused him to retain, or hold fast, enmity in his heart, watching for an opportunity to indulge it or exercise it [speedily]. (L, K.) احقد, intrans.: see 1, in two places. They sought to obtain something from a mine and found it not. (S, K: copied by J from a book, but not heard by him.)

5: see 1.

6. تحاقدوا [They bore mutual rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite; they hid mutual enmity, and violent hatred, in their hearts; (see 1;)] they retained, or held fast, mutual enmity in their hearts, watching for opportunities to indulge it or exercise it speedily. (A.)

8: see 1, in two places.

(K, K) حَقَيْدُةً (Ş, A, L, Mşb, K) and مُقْدُ (L, K) Rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite; syn. ضعْنْ; (S, A, L;) concealment of enmity, and violent hatred, in the heart; (Msb;) retention of enmity in the heart, with watchfulness for an opportunity to indulge it or exercise it [speedily: see 1]: (L, K:) pl. of the former أحقاد [a pl. of pauc.] (S, A, L, Msb, K) and _____ (A, L, K) and (of the latter, L) مَقَائدُ (L, K.)

حَاقدُ see عَقدُ.

(S, A, L, K). A man [very rancorous, malevolent, malicious, or spiteful; wont to hide enmity, and violent hatred, in his heart;] wont often, or to a great degree, to retain, or hold fast, enmity in his heart, watching for opportunities to indulge it or exercise it [speedily]. (L, K.)

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(A, L) and مُقَدُّ (Ḥam p. 516) [Bearing rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite; hiding enmity, and violent hatred, in the heart;] retaining, or holding fast, enmity in the heart, and watching for an opportunity to include it or exercise it [speedily]; applied to a man; (L;) and in like manner to a heart, as also محتقد (A.)

مُحَدِّدُ . Qrigin; syn. أَصُلُ ; (IAar;) i. q. مُحَدِّدُ (K) and مُحَدِّدُ and مُحَدِّدُ (TA.)

A man [against whom rancour, malevolence, malice, or spite, is borne; against whom enmity, and violent hatred, are hidden in the heart; against whom enmity is retained in the heart, or hearts, with watchfulness for an opportunity to indulge it or exercise it speedily.

. حَاقَدُ see مُحَتَقَدُ

1. مَقْر , aor. - , inf. n. مَقَارة (Ş, A, Mab, K) and and مَقْر and مَقَر , aor. -, inf. n. مَقَر and زيد (K, TA;) He, or it, was, or became, contemptible, despicable, mean, paltry, abject, ignominious, base, or vile, (S, A, Msb, K,) and held of no weight or worth. (Msb.) And (so in a copy of the A,) مَقْرَ (TA,) or مُقْرَ and الماقر, (K,) He, or it, mas, or became, contemptible, despicable, mean, paltry, &c., in my eye. (K, TA.) And تَعَافُرتُ لَا إِلَيْهِ نَفْسُهُ He (lit. his spirit, or soul, or his own self,) became contemptible, &c., in his own estimation. (S, TA.) You say also, اَحَقُرا لَهُ وَعَقْرا May he be contemptible, or despicable, and beget no children]: (A, TA:) a form of imprecation. (TA.) And in which the latter word is an imitative] حَقْر نَقْرُ sequent, or a corroborative: see _______. (TA.) And حَقْرَتُ وَنَقْرَتُ Thou hast become very contemptible, despicable, mean, paltry, &c.; syn. مَّوْرُهُ (K.) عَفَرُهُ (Ş, A, Mşb, K,) مَرْتَ حَقِيرًا نَقِيرًا وَقِيرًا (K, TA;) and أَحْقُوهُ (A,) inf. n. وَقُوهُ (K;) and أَحْقُوهُ إِنْ الْمِثْرُهُ أَنْ الْمِثْرُهُ الْمِثْرُةُ وَقُولُوهُ الْمِيرُانُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ ا (S, A, Mab, K,) and Vinal; (S. A. K;) He contemned, or despised, him, or it; held him, or it, to be contemptible, despicable, mean, paltry, abject, ignominious, base, or vile, (S, A, Msb, K, TA,) and of no weight or worth. (Msb.) [Hence,] He who is contemned, or despised, is prohibited, or debarred, from what is good]: a prov. (A.)

2. مَقْره , inf. n. تَحْقير : see 1. _ Also He, or it, made him to be contemned or despised, contemptible or despicable, mean, paltry, abject, ignominious, base, or vile. (TA.) _ Also, (A, K,) inf. n. as above, (S, A, K,) said of a noun, (A,) and of speech, (K,) i. q. صغره [He made it (namely, a noun,) diminutive in form: and he used the diminutive form in it; namely, speech].

6: see 1, in two places.

8: see 1.

10: see 1.

حَقَارَة see - حَقَر

, a simple subst., Contempt. (Msb.)

. حَقَارَة see : حُقْرِيّة

Contemned or despised, contemptible or despicable, mean, paltry, abject, ignominious, base, or vile, (S, A, Msb,) and held of no weight or worth; (Msb;) as also مُعَقَرُهُ and أَنْ عَنْ عَلَى اللهُ عَنْ عَلَى اللهُ عَنْ عَلَى اللهُ عَنْ عَلَى اللهُ (K, TA:) or these two signify weak: or of mean, or ignoble, origin. (K.) You say also مقير نقير, (A,) using the latter word as an imitative sequent, (S and K in art. نقر,) or as a corroborative.

مَعْرِيَّةُ vand مُعَارِةً and value and value and value (K,) all of which are inf. ns., (TA,) and الله الله (K,) and محقرة (K) and محقرة (Ş,K,) Contemptibleness, despicableness, meanness, paltriness, abjectness, ignominiousness, baseness, or vileness: (S, A, Msb, K:) [or the last rather signifies a