See 1 in art. -. And The case in which a in TA.) See also 5 and 10. word is to be used : see S, art. on the particle . _ And The proper place of a thing. _ Ground; as when one says, "a ground for, or of, belief, trust, accusation," &c. And The proper object of an action, &c.: as in the phrase فَلَانْ مُوْضِعُ لِلْإِكْرَامِ Such a one is a proper object of honouring.

A certain pace of a beast; contr. of as an inf. n., مُوثُوعٌ ___ (, فع Ş in art. مُرْدُوعٌ signifying a certain manner of going of a beast : see مُوضُوعٌ ... رَفَعُ البَعِيرُ in logic, † A subject, as opposed to a predicate: and + a substance, as opposed to an accident: in each sense, contr. of Joseph - + The subject of a book أَصْوَاتُ مَصُوغَةً مَصْنُوعُ See مَصْنُوعُ . صوغ . see art : مَرْضُوعَةً

when used as a conv. term in مواضعة lexicology] i. q. إصطلاح [when so used]. (Mz, (.نوع lst)

(.خشع .Ş in art. أَكُمَةُ مُتُوَاضِعَةُ

4. أُوْضَفُ النَّاقَة He made the she-camel to go the pace termed خَبْت ; like أُوْفَضَها . (Khaleefeh El-Hoseynee, in TA, art. وفض.)

A girth (بطان) wide, woven of thongs or hair, or only of skin; (M, K;) said to be بطان the مودج and the رحل; the بطان being peculiarly for the : (M:) or it is for and the يَطَان for the مُودَج and the ; سُرِج for the حزاه and the رَحْل for the تَصْديو and both [but to what this refers is doubtful] are like the i., except that they are of thongs woven one upon another, doubly or more. (S.)

i. c. مُرجُونَةُ i. c. مُرجُونَةُ TA in art.

. طوس . in art طَاسَ see وَطَسَ .1

وطن

He disposed and وَطَّنَ نَفْسَهُ عَلَى الأَمْرِ . 2 subjected his mind, or himself, to do the thing; وظّن نفسه _ (Meb.) مَهْدَهَا لِفَعْلِهِ وَذَلَّلُهَا . , and له , He induced, or persuaded,

4: see 10.

- the under, تُوطَّنَتُ نَفْسُهُ عَلَى الشَّيْءِ, and لَهُ الشَّيْءِ took the thing, and submitted to it ; syn. تُحَوِّلُتُ (ISd, in TA) [see also 2 and 10] his mind, or he, became disposed and subjected to do the thing; syn. تُمَهَّدُتُ (K̄ [in the Ck̄, for رُوطُّنَهَا تُمَهِّدُهَا), is put الرَّوطُّنَهَا تُمَهِّدُهَا

10. استوطن He took for himself as a home, or settled place of abode, (S, Msb, K,) a country; (Ṣ, Mṣb;) as also أُوطَنَ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) and (Mşb.) . تَوَطَّنَ ♦ (Ş, Ķ) or وَطُّنَ ♦

The place of abode or residence (S, Mgh, K) of a man: (S, Mgh:) a man's settled place of abode; his place of constant residence; his dwelling; his home. (Msb)

وظف

2. وَظُفَ عَلَيْهِ العَمَلَ He appointed him the work. (Msb.) _ وَظُّفَ عَلَيْهِمُ الخَرَاجُ [He assessed them their rates of the خراج]. (Mgh in art. قسط.)

in every quadruped, What is above the in the : سَاق or pastern], to the joint of the رسغ fore-leg of a horse, what is beneath the knce, to the and in the hind-leg, what is between the عبد [or hock] and the عبد : accord. to IAar, in a camel, from the رسخ [or pastern], to the knee in the fore-leg, and in the hind-leg to the عُرْقُوب [or hock]: (M, TT:) [the shank, fore and hind]. - See ..., and مُوشَبْ, and رُحُبَة In a horse, What corresponds to the בُراع in an ox or a sheep or goat; or the slender part of the leg. (K, voce ,.) is The joint between which and the hoof is the slender part called the رسغ. (K, art. رسغ.) The slender part of the ذراع and ال in a horse, camel, &c. (S, K.) That which is broad, in the hind-leg, is preferred; and that which is gibbous in the fore-اق, the place where the بجبة, the place where the and وظيف meet is mentioned.] The arm (ذراع) of a camel, [&c.,] is above the edip. (K, voce ovidently signifies what anatomists call the metacarpus (in the fore-log) and the metatarsus (in the hind-leg): see ركبة and ركبة. In general it seems to signify the slender part of the shank, next the pastern : and this, accord. to the explanation of omici in the M and K. is the meaning assigned to it in the S and K. in TA, art. وسط.)

meaning, of a word. (Bd, iv. 48 and v. 45.) himself to do the thing; syn. مَانَ ISd, See also ذِرَاع The bone of the مَانَى. (I, art. The fetlock-joint. (S, K,

> A daily allowance, or portion, of food, or the like. (Ş, K.) _ وظيفة also An appointed part-payment, or instalment, due at a particular period. (Mgh, Msb, in art. وَظِيفَةً مِنْ _ (.نجر [An assessed rate of the land-tax].

> > وع

. فُرَانِقُ see : وَعُوعُ

نَّدُهُ and عَرْكُهُ and عَرْكُهُ and عَرْكُهُ and &c. (IAar, TA, in art. احنك.)

. عُوَاقُ عُوهُ : وُعَاقُ . عَوِيقٌ 500 : وَعِيقٌ

وعل

غَلْ A mountain-goat : (K, &c. :) see وَعُلْ . شَهْرُ and أُرُويَّةً and أُرُويَّةً

as meaning Noble persons: and strong

وعي

1. le hept it in mind, and considered it. (Msb.) _ وغى الحديث _ He kept, or retained, the narration in his mind, or memory; or knew it, or learned it, by heart; and studied it until he knew it. (Msb.) __ , aor. =, He heeded; paid attention to.

4. أوْعَاهُ الصَديث He made him to retain the narration in his memory; or to know it, or learn it, by heart. (TA, in art. زکت.)

A [bag, or wallet, or] receptacle, for travelling-provisions, and for goods or utensils, \$c.: (Ṣ, MA:) a vessel (١). __ وَعَالَمُ القَلْبِ [The pericardium]. (TA, voce بُنَثْتُ لَهُ _ (TA, voce بُنَثْتُ لَهُ _ الله عالى وعالى + I sh wed him what was in my mart. (Er-Raghib, TA, in art. عكو and شكو.) ___ [نى The adverbial particle] حَرْفُ الوعاَّةِ