M, M , b;) and so \* صُلُبْ; (M, K;) which latter signifies also ichor, or watery humour, mixed with blood, that flows from the dead: (M:) pl. [of the former accord. to analogy, and perhaps of the latter also,] منت (K.) Hence, in a trad., the phrase أَصْحَابُ الصَّابِ [in the CK Those who collect bones, (K, TA,) when the flesh has been stripped off from them, and cook them with water, (TA,) and extract their grease, or oily matter, and use it as a seasoning. (K, TA.) = Also [A cross;] a certain thing pertaining to the Christians, (Lth, S, M, Msb, K.) which they take as an object to which to direct the face in prayer: (Lth, TA:) pl. [of mult.] (Lth, S, M) صُلُبُ (S, M, A, Meb) and صُلُبُ and [of pauc.] . (Msb.) \_ [And The figure of a cross upon a garment &c.: see مُصَلَّبُ.] \_\_And A certain brand, or mark made with a hot iron, upon camels; (M, K;) which, as Aboo-'Alee says in the "Tedlikireh," is sometimes large and sometimes small, and may be upon the cheeks, and the neck, and the thighs: (M, TA:) or, as some say, it is upon the temple; and as some say, upon the nech; being two lines, one upon [or across] the other. (TA.) \_ And i. q. [as meaning A banner, or standard; properly, in the form of a cross]: (O, K:) En-Nábighah Edh-Dhubyánce is said to have thus called the ale because there was upon it a -[i. e. a cross]; for he was a Christian. (O.) \_\_\_ [And hence, as Freytag says, (referring to the "Historia Halebi" and "Locman. Fabul." p. Pr 1. 5. 8,) + An army of ten thousand soldiers.] -And الصليب is the name of The four stars behind النُّسُو الطَّائر which is the asterism consisting of the three principal stars of Aquila; whence it seems to be the four principal stars of Delphinus]: inconsiderately said by J to be behind النَّسُرُ الوَاقعُ [which is & Lyræ]. (L, K, and so in the margin of some copies of the S.) [And Freytag says, (referring to Ideler Unters. p. 35,) that elelip lie the name of + Stars in the head of Draco.] \_ صليبان of a leathern bucket: see 1, last sentence but one. = See also مَصْلُوبُ

inf. n. of صُلْبَة. (Ṣ, M, A, &c.) — [Using it as a subst. properly so called,] one says, إِنْ مَشَى فِي صَلَابَة مِنَ الأَرْضِ إِلَيْ الْمُرْضِ [He walked, or went along, upon hard ground]. (A, TA.)

in the loins (صُلْب) of the father [or ancestor] of the man: hence the family of the Prophet, who are forbidden to receive of the poor-rate, are termed مَلْيَةُ بَنَى هَاشِم وَبَنَى عَبْد المُطَلِب (Mgh.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

ened; (Ṣ, TA;) and so أَصُلُّبُ (Ṣ,) or أَصُلُّبُ (Ṣ,) and so أَصُلُّبُ (Ṣ,) or أَصُلُّبُ (Ṣ,) and so أَصُلُّبُ (Ṣ,) or أَصُلُّبُ (ṬA: [but this last is perhaps a mistranscription for مُصُلُّبُ (¡) or a thing polished and sharpened with whetstones: (K:) and أَصُلُّبُ signifies a spear sharpened with the مُلُّبِي (M, TA,) or a spear-head sharpened upon the مُلُّب which is like the whetstone. (A.)

مُلَّبُ see صُلَّبُ.

(O, K:) or, as some say, the قَصَبَة [or musical reed, or pipe]: (O, ke) or, as some say, the قصبة [or tube] that is in the head of the مزمار [app. meaning its mouth-piece]. (O.)

Which أَنْافض A hot fever; contr. of مَالبُ [which means "attended with shivering, or trembling"]: (S:) or a fever not such as is termed : (M:) or a fever attended with vehement heat, and not attended with cold: (TA:) or a fever attended with tremour (A, K, TA) and quivering of the skin: (TA:) or a continual fever: (Msb:) or a fever attended with och [or headache]: (Ham p. 345:) it is said by Ibn-Buzurj to be from the الله : (I., TA:) it is masc. and fem.: one says, أَخُذُتُهُ الْحَتَى بِصَالِبِ (which may be rendered Fever with burning heat, &c., seized him] and ; [virtually meaning the same] أَخَذَتُهُ حُمَّى صَالِبٌ the former of which is the more chaste: and one seldom or never makes one of the two nouns to govern the other in the gen. case: (M, TA:) or, accord. to Fr, they said مُالِبُ and مُعَلَى and مُالِبِي أَشَدُّ (MF, TA.) مَالِبُ حُمَّى My burning fever, or continual مِنْ نَافضكُ fever, &c., is more severe than thy fever attended with shivering] is a prov., (Meyd, TA,) applied to two things, or events, of which one is more severe than the other. (Meyd.) = See also , in the middle of the paragraph.

and أصُولُيبُ (Lth, O, K, TA,) in some of the lexicons أصُلِيبُ (TA,) Seed that is scattered (Lth, O, K, TA) upon the earth, (Lth, O, TA,) and upon which the earth is then turned with the plough: (Lth, O, K, TA:) Az thinks it to be not Arabic. (TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

A garment, or piece of cloth, figured with the resemblance of the صليب [or cross]: (Ṣ, M, TA:) or figured with a صليب: (A, Mṣb:) or figured with the resemblances of مثبان [or crosses]. (TA.) [See 2.] — And A camel marked with the brand called the صليب; (M, A, TA;) as also مصلوب: fem. of the latter with ō, applied to a she-camel; (M, TA;) as of the former also, applied to camels. (TA.) — And An Abyssinian (حَسْمَى) marked with the figure of

the صَلِيب [or cross] upon his face. (A, TA.)

رَطُبُ مُصَلَّبُ (M,) (Ṣ, Ķ,) and مُصَلَّبُ (M,) [Ripe dates, and a date,] becoming, or having become, dry. (Ṣ, M, Ķ.) When date-honey (جبر) has been poured on such dates, that they may become soft, they are termed مُصَلَّبُ (Ṣ.) = Vehement, injurious rain. (L, TA.)

(M, A, Msb, K) and مصلوب (M, A, K) [Crucified;] put to death in a certain well-known manner: (M:) applied to a slayer of another, (Msb,) or to a thief. (A.) [See 1, latter half.]—See also مصلوب عليه عليه عليه مصلوب عليه مصلوب عليه عليه الله (See 1, latter half.] or by a continual and vehement fever; (S, TA;) or by a fever such as is termed مصلوب (TA.)

## صلت

3. مَصَالَتَهُ signifies The taking to oneself a verse of another poet without altering anything in it. (Har p. 267. [But this I believe to be post-classical.])

4. اصلت سَيْفَة He drew his sword from the scabbard. (Ṣ, M, A.)

7. انصلت الله advanced with a penetrative energy, and outstripped; syn. مضى, and بَسْنَى, and انصلت في سَبْوه, and انصلت في سَبْوه, and انصلت في سَبْوه, and انصلت في سَبْوه, or so انصلت في سَبْو؛ and he was quich, or he hastened, in his pace, or going. (TA.) One says of the eagle (العقاب), انصلت المقضة [It was swift in making a stoop]. (A. [This meaning is there indicated by the context.]) انصلت يعدو المالية ا

مثت (or side of the مثبت (or side of the forehead), Conspicuous, or clear, or fair; syn. وَاصَّلَ : (S, A, K:) open, or uncovered, and even: (M, K:) or smooth: (TA:) anything bare; and open, or uncovered: (IAar, TA:) wide, even, and beautiful, or comely. (ISh, TA.) One says رَجُلُ صَلَّتُ الْجَسِينِ