sion, (لطيفة) that makes an impression upon the heart : from النَّكْتُ (the striking the ground with a stick &c., so as to make a mark, or marks, upon it with its extremity]: also, a question educed by reflection, [بالتَّفكُر , as the passage here translated is given in the Kull, p. 362, but in the TA بالنقل, which is an evident mistake, as might be shown by many authorities,] which makes an impression upon the heart, on hearing or considering which one generally makes marks upon the ground with the finger or the like: (El-Fenárec's Expos. of the Telweeh:) a nice, or subtile, saying, expression, or allusion, that requires one to reflect, and [induces one] to make marks upon the ground with a stick or the like: (from a scholium quoted by De Sacy, Anthol. Gr. Ar., 303:) [a nice, subtile, abstruse, or mystical, point, or allusion: the point of a saying or sentence, especially one that is difficult to be understood: a conceit expressed in words difficult to be understood: a quaint conceit: a point of wit: a facetious saying or allusion: pl., generally, عُدُاً . _ عَدْدُ اللهِ إِللهِ إِللهِ عَدْدُ إِللهِ اللهِ عَدْدُ إِللهِ اللهِ اللهِ a nice, or subtile, saying, expression, or allusion, Sr.]. (A.)

Spoken against; having his reputation mounded. (TA.)

(and ا مُنكَتُ (And الله one who speaks much, or frequently, against others; who wounds the reputations of others, much, or frequently. (K.) __ زَيْدُ نَكَاتُ فِي الْأَعْرَاضِ Zeyd is one who wounds the reputations of others much, or frequently. (TA.)

عَادِي A distortion in a camel's cloow, so that it lacerates his side : (El-'Adebbes El-Kinánee, S, K:) or the cutting of a camel's side by his elbom: (L:) or [that fault in a camel] when his elbow makes a mark, or marks, upon his side: in this case you say, به ناڪت : but when it makes an incision, or incisions, in his side, you say ناحز is similar to ناڪت (IAar) or : به حَارَ i. e. the elbow's striking, and making a mark, or marks, upon the edge of the callous lump beneath his breast; in the case of which you say a ناكت: (Lth:) and nearly the same is said in the A. (TA.)

A cooked bone, containing marrow, that is struck with the edge of a cake of bread, or with some other thing, to cause the marrow to fall out. (TA.)

" A date be- مُنكَّنُ . . . فَكُنْ مُنكَّنُ A date beginning to ripen [and to become speckled]. (S, K.)

The extremity of the curved piece of rood termed in the kind of saddle called

facetious, or witty, saying, expression, or allu- قَتَب, and in that called إخَّاف, when it is short, and wounds the side of the camel. (TA.)

1. نَكُتُ , (Ṣ, Ķ,) aor. -, (Ķ, Mab,) and -, (K,) inf. n. نَعْتْ, (TA,) He undid [the threads of] a garment of the kind called , &c. : (Msb:) he undid, or untwisted, a rope. (S, K.) _ نَكْتُ السَّوَاكَ , aor. أَنكُتُ السَّوَاكَ , He, or il, made the head of the tooth-stick to be uncompacted, disintegrated, disunited, or seperated, in its fibres: and so the verb signifies with respect to other things. (TA.) [See also 8.] __ نَكُتُ (aor. -, and -, K, inf. n. نَكْتُ, TA,) t He dissolved, violated, or broke, a covenant, or compact, (S, K,) or an act of inauguration, &c. (Aboo-Turáb, نَكُسُ ، q. نَكُتُ عَنِ الأَمْرِ _ (TA.) in TA, art. نكص.)

6. تَنَاكُتُوا عَبُودَهُم They mutually dissolved, or broke, their covenants, or compacts; syn. (K.) . تَنَاقَضُوهَا

8. انتكث It (a garment of the kind called كساء, &c., Msb, or a rope, S, K) was undone, or untwisted. (Ş, K, &c.) __ انتكث السواك [so accord. to the TA: in the K, الْكُتُ :] (TA:) and † تنكّث, (TA, in art. شعث,) The head of the tooth-stick became uncompacted, disunited, or separated, in its fibres. (TA.) __ انتكث [He was, or became, emaciated, or lean; he (a camel) became lean after having been fut. See 4, in art. رأى] __ انتكث _ [It (a covenant, or compact, S and K, or an act of inauguration, &c., TA,) was dissolved, violated, or broken. (S, K, &c.) -(,§) الأُخْرَى or (,ق) ,انتكث منْ حَاجَة إِلَى أَخْرَى He turned from a thing that he wanted to another thing, (S, K,) having desired, or sought, the former. (TA.)

What is undone, to be spun again, (A, Mab,) of the garments called أُحْسَية, and of the : أَنْكَاتُ A:) pl. أَخْبِية stuff of the tents called (Meb:) or threads of an old and worn-out stuff, of mool or hair, untwisted, and mixed with new mool [or hair], and beaten with مطارق, and spun a second time: or old and worn-out thread of mool or common hair or the soft hair called ; so called because it is untwisted, and twisted again: (TA:) it is when the old and worn-out materials of the garments called اكسية (and of the tents called اخبية, S) are undone, to be spun again. (S, K.) [SM seems to have understood, from the expl. in the S and K, that is an inf. n.; for he adds,] the subst. is نكيثة (TA:) [i. e., this last word has the signification assigned analogy, but more common, and the form used

above to ثُنْت, from the A and Mab]. __ هي and الأنكات, She spins what has been undone, to be spun again, &c. (A.) and أَنْكَاتُ TA,) and أَنْكَاتُ and مَبْلُ نَكُتُ أَمْنُكُوثُ (K,) A rope undone, or untwisted, (K, TA,) at its end. (TA.)

Pustules which come forth in the mouths of camels: (K:) as also كُنْكُ. (TA.) _ A disease in the نَكْفَتَان of a camel, which are two prominent bones by the fat parts of the two cars: it is also called نُكَافُ. (TA.)

. نكْتُ see نكيثُ

سواك The broken particles of the end of a عاثة [or tooth-stick], remaining in the mouth. (K.) _ Also, What is undone, or untwisted, of the end of a rope, (K,) &c. (TA.)

انتكث الحَبْلُ Subst. from نَكْثُ see : نَكِيثَةُ [What is undone, or untwisted, of a rope]. (TA.) _ 1 Breach of promise; syn. . (S, K.) Ex. قَالَ فُلَانٌ قَوْلًا لَا نَكِيثُةَ فيه Such a one said a saying in which was [intended] no breach of promise. (S.) _ I A difficult, or an arduous, affair, or case, in which a people dissolves, or breaks, (تَنْكُتُ) [its covenants, or compacts]. (S, K.) _ A great affair. (TA.) _ The utmost of one's endeavour, or effort: (S, K:) power, or بَلَغَ فُلَانْ . (TA.) Ex. بَلَغُ فُلَانْ . (trength: (K:) pl. نَكَائِثُ Such a one exerted the utmost endeavour, or effort, [or power, or strength,] of his camel, in journeying. (Ş.) [See also نَجِيثُةُ.] ___ Nature; natural, or native, disposition, temper, or other property. (K.) __ النَّكيثُة + The mind; the soul; syn. النَّفْسُن: (Ş, K :) so called because the vexation of those things of which it is in need dissolve (تَنْكُثُ) its powers, and old age destroys it: the o is added because it is a subst. Such a one is فُلَانٌ شَدِيدُ النَّكِيثَة Such a one is strong in mind. (S.) Pl. نَكَانَتْ. (TA.)

One who undoes, or untwists, thread, and twists it again, or, to twist it again. (TA.) [See عُثْن.] _ بُكَّاتُ لِلْعَهُد _ One who is wont to dissolve, violate, or break, his covenant, or compact. (TA.)

. نَكُتُ see مَكُوتُ

Emaciated; lean: (K:) a camel that has been fat, and has become lean. (TA.)

1. نَكُمْ, (Ṣ, Ķ, &c.,) aor. -, (Mab, Ķ,) and , (K,) the latter agreeable with analogy, but by some rejected, and the former contr. to