a fence, or dam, to confine water: pl. جدور: (Suh, Msb:) and جُدُر, [which is also a pl.,] signifies fences, or dams, between houses, which retain water. (TA.) _ [The pl.] جدور also signifies Gardens, or walled gardens, (حوائط) of grapes. (TA.)

جديرة عود : جدرة

and جَدري (S, Msb, K) [Small-pox;] certain pustules (Msb, K) in the body, (K,) which break forth (Msb, K) from the skin, full of water, and afterwards opening, (Msb,) and generating thick purulent matter; (K;) a well-known disease, that attacks people once during life. an appellation applied بَدُرِيُّ الأَرْضِ _ (TA.) to Truffles (كُمَّاة), denoting disapprobation. (TA from a trad.)

. جَديرَةُ and see also : جَدْرُ see . جَدَارُ

A place having a wall built around it; a malled place. (S, K.) = See also مُجَدّر. = Also Adapted, disposed, apt, meet, suited, suitable, fitted, fit, proper, competent, or worthy; syn. (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K) and خليق : (Mṣb:) fem. with ة : (TA :) pl. masc. جُدراً and جُديرُونَ (S, K:) pl. fem. جُدائر and جَديرَاتٌ. (TA.) لكَذَا (Ṣ, A, Mạb) and هُوَ جَدِيرٌ بِكَذَا (TA) He is adapted, disposed, apt, meet, &c. for such a thing; (S, A, Msb;) and [naturally drawn to it. (Ham p. 707.) And أنْتَ جَدير أن Thou art adapted, disposed, apt, meet, &c., for doing such a thing; or worthy to do it. (Ṣ.) And إِنَّهُ لَهُجُدَرَةٌ * أَنْ يَفْعَلَ (Ķ,) and in like manner you say of two persons, and of more, (TA,) and مجدور (K.) Verily he is one who is adapted, disposed, apt, meet, &c., for doing [such a thing]; or worthy to do [it]; syn. مَخْلُقَة (K.) [* محدرة properly signifies A place, and hence a thing, an affair, and a person, adapted, disposed, apt, meet, &c.; like مُعْلَقُهُ and :: مُعْرَاةً and *, Made, or called, adapted or disposed &c., though said by Aboo-Jaafar Er-Ruásee to be a pass. part. n. having no verb.] Also Verily she is one who is إِنَّهَا لَمُجْدَرَةٌ * بِذُلكَ adapted, disposed, apt, &c., for that : and بان for doing that : and in like manner تَفْعَلَ ذَلكَ you say of two persons, and of more. (TA.) And هَذَا الزُّمْرِ مَجْدَرَةً * لذَاكَ This affair, or thing, is one that is adapted, apt, meet, &c., for هَذَا الأَمْرُ مَجْدَرَةً * And (ج.) مُحْرَاةً ، that; syn. مُحْرَاةً This affair, or thing, is one that is adapted, apt, meet, &c., for him to do; i. e. he is adapted, apt, meet, &c., for doing it. (TA.)

An enclosure for camels, (AZ, S, K,) and for lambs and kids and calves &c., (TA,) made of masses of stone; (AZ,S;) as also مُدرة (TA:) if of mud, or clay, it is called * جدار : (AZ, TA:) or an enclosure (زرب) for sheep or goats. (TA.) - Nature; or natural, or native, disposition, temper, or other property. (K.)

He, or it, is more, or most, adapted, Ibn-es-Sarraj says, the poet, requiring refa for the the nose, to its furthest, or uttermost, part: (As,

disposed, apt, meet, suited, suitable, fitted, fit, competent, or proper, for it, or him; or he is more, or most, worthy of it. (A.) [See an ex. in a verse cited voce aba.]

or أَرْضُ مُجْدَرَةً A land in which is small-pox]: (Lh, S:) or a land in which is much thereof. (K.) = See also جدير, in five places.

(Mgh, مُجُدُورٌ \$ S, Mgh, Msb, K) and مُجُدُورٌ (Mgh, (Msb, TA) Having the جدري [or small-pox]. (S, Mgh, Msb, K.) And أبجدور [Having the face marked with the smallpox]. (A.)

in جَدِيرٌ see :مُجَدُّرٌ and see also :مُجَدُّورُ two places.

1. جُدُعُ الْأَنْفُ, (Ṣ,* Mṣb, Ķ,*) aor. -, (Mṣb,) inf. n. جدء, (S, Msb, K,) He cut off the nose; and in like manner, the car; and the hand, or arm; and the lip; (S, Msb, K;) and a similar signifies the same أَجْدَعْتُ * أَنْفُهُ and as جَدَعَت [I cut off his nose]: or جَدَعَت signifies [absolutely] the cutting off; or cutting so as to separate. (TA.) In the following saying of a poet, the verb is used metaphorically,

وَأَصْبَحَ الدُّهْرُ ذُو العِرْنِينِ قَدْ جُدِعَا

[lit. And nosed fortune became mutilated in the nose; meaning, thecame marred]. (TA.) And in خَانَ الله following phrase, occurring in a verse, خَانَ الله the poet means, [As though God cut off his nose] and put out his eyes : see a similar saying in art. قلد, voce تَقَلَّد. (TA.) _ جدعه, (S, K,) aor. and inf. n. as above, (TA,) He mutilated him, or maimed him, by cutting off his nose, or his ear, or his hand or arm, or his lip, (S, K, TA,) or the like; (TA;) as also محدعه الم (S, TA.) [Hence the phrase,] جَدْعًا * لَهُ (S, K) [(May God decree) to him mutilation, or maining, by the cutting off of his nose, or the like; or أَلْزَمُهُ ٱللهُ الجَدْعُ cause it to befall him: or] meaning [+may God make injury, or diminution of what is good, to cleave to him]: (K:) said in imprecating a curse upon a man: similar to عَقْرًا لَهُ q. v.: the first word being governed in the accus. case by a verb understood. (TA.) One says also, a phrase mentioned by إِجْدَعْهُمْ بِالأُمْرِ حَتَّى يَذِلُوا IAar, but not explained by him; thought by ISd to mean, ! Act thou, in commanding, as though thou mutilatedst them by cutting off their noses [until they become submissive]. (TA.) In the phrase صُوتُ الحمَارِ اليُجَدَّعُ [The voice of the below,)], occurring in a verse of Dhu-l-Khirak Et-Tuhawee, (S,) accord. to J, but not found by Sgh in the verses of that poet, and said to be in the Book [of Sb], though IB denies this, asserting it to be in the Nawadir of AZ, (TA,) Akh says, the poet means الَّذِي يُجَدُّع, like as you say, Aboo-Bekr : الَّذِي يَضْرِبُكَ meaning هُوَ ٱلْيَضْرِبُكَ

rhyme, has changed the noun into a verb; and this is one of the worst of poetic licences. (S.) [Hence,] السَّنَةُ تَجْدُعُ النَّبَاتَ [The year of drought cuts off, or destroys, the herbage]: (A, TA:) and تَجْدُعُ باليَّالِ destroys the camels or the like. (Ş, O, K.) And جَدَّعُ القَحْطُ النَّبَاتَ The drought prevented the growth, or increase, of the herbage. (K, TA.) _ [Hence also,] inf. n. جَدْع, +He withheld good things from his family, or household. (TA.) And مجدعته امه aor. -, inf. n. as above, ! His mother fed him with bad food; (Zj, K;) as also أُجِدُعَتُهُ (S, K,) inf. n. إجداع, (K,) inf. n. and أجديع (TA:) and مجدّعة and إلا : تُجديع pastor) confined him [a beast] to bad pasture. (TA.) جَدِعته (S,) inf. n. as above, (K,) also signifies + I confined him, restricted him, or the like; syn. and +I imprisoned him: (8, K:*) and so with : (S:) or جُذْع and أَجُدُعُ both signify the confining, or restricting, a person with evil management, and with contemptuous treatment, and want of good care. (Alleyth.) == جدع, aor. -, (Msb,) inf. n. جدع, (Ş, Msb, K,) He (a man) was, or became, mutilated, or maimed, by the cutting off of his nose, or his ear, (S,* Msh, K,*) or his hand or arm, or his lip, (S, K,) or the like: (TA:) or, accord. to some, you do not say جُدِعَت, but جُدِعَ : (TA:) and جُدِعَت The sheep, or goat, was, or became, mutilated الشَّاة by having its ears entirely cut off. (Msh.) ___ [Hence,] also, (S, K,) aor. as above, (K,) and so the inf. n., (S,) [as though meaning + IIe was, or became, injured;] the (a child) had bad food: (S, K, TA:) and he (a young weaned camel) had bad food: or mas ridden while [too] young, and in consequence became weak. (TA.)

2. مدعه inf. n. تُجديع: see 1, in five places. IIc made him to experience evil جدعه وشراه __ treatment, and derided him; as when one cuts off the ear of his slave, and sells him. (TA.) Also He said to him جُدُعًا لَك [explained above; see 1]. (S, K.*) [See also .]

3. جدام inf. n. مَجَادَعَة (Ş, K) and جادع, (K,) ! He reviled, being reviled by another, (K, TA,) saying اجدعا لك; as though each of them cut off the nose of the other : (TA:) and, (K,) or accord. to some, (TA,) the contended in an altercation; as also تجادع; (Ṣ, K, TA;) [but the latter is said of a number of persons &c.] You say, أَرَكْتُ البِلَادَ تَجَادَعُ الْفَاعِيهَا, (Th, Ṣ,) and also, (Th,) ‡ I left the countries with their vipers eating one another; (Th, S;) not meaning eating in reality, but rending in pieces, or mangling, one another : (Th:) and إِعَامُ تُجَدِّعُ * أَفَاعِيهَا and أجادع, A year in which the vipers eat one another, by reason of its severity. (Th.)

4: see 1, in three places.

5: see 3, in two places.

6: see 3, in three places.

What is cut off of the anterior parts of