or it, concealed himself or itself: (K:) it (a thing, or an affair,) became hidden or concealed or secret: (A, Msb:) it (the moon) became concealed (S, M, A, TA) by the light of the sun, (TA,) [i. e. by its proximity to the sun,] for one night, or for two nights. (AO, S.) the took extraordinary pains in concealing it, or keeping it secret. (TA.) See also 5, in four places. Ite revealed to me his secret. (TA.) See also 1; and see 6, last sentence.

A man who rejoices, or gladdens, another; or makes him happy; (S, K;) [and so أَسَارَةُ gen. (Lh, M, K.) you say رَجُلُ بَرُ سَرُ A man who treats with goodness and affection and gentleness, and rejoices &c., (S, K, TA,) his brethren: (TA:) pl. بُرُونَ (S, K.)

A secret; a thing that is concealed, or suppressed, (S, M, A, Mgh, Msh, K,) in the mind; (TA;) as also * سريرة (S, M, A, K:) or the former has the above-mentioned signification, and the latter signifies a secret action, whether good or evil: (Lth:) [and the former, also, a mystery :] pl. of the former, أُسْرَار; (S, M, A, Mgh, Msb, K;) and of the latter, سُوائر, (S, A, K.) It is said in a prov., مَا يَوْمُ حَلْيَمَةُ بِسَرِ [The day of Halcemeh is not a secret]: applied to anything commonly known: alluding to Halcemeh the daughter of El-Harith the son of Aboo-Shemir El-Ghassánce; for, when her father sent an army to El-Mundhir the son of Má-cs-Semà, she took forth for the soldiers some perfume in a vessel (مركن), and perfumed them with it. (Ş.) [You say also, هُو مُوضعُ سرى He is the depositary of my secret, or secrets.] The words of the Kur [lxxxvi. 9] أَوْمَ تُبْلَى السَّرَائِرُ * [signify In the day wherein the secret tenets and intentions shall be is here السوائر is here السوائر meant fasting, and prayer, and alms-giving, and ablution on account of the pollution termed ailin (TA.) [See also a verse cited in the third paragraph of art. عرض.] _ A thing that is revealed, appears, or is made manifest: thus it has two

مُحَلُّ for السُّرِ __ (for السُّرِ __ (for السر, + The heart; the mind; the recesses of the mind; the secret thoughts; the soul;] is a syn. of ([.سُرِيرَةُ See also ...). الصَّهيرُ لَا تُتُعبُ سُرُكُ } † Weary not thy heart, or mind, is a common modern phrase. And one says, of a deceased holy man, قَدَّسَ ٱللهُ سَوْهُ † May God sanctify his soul.] ____ also signifies Secrecy; privacy; contr. of غُلانية (S in art. علن) You say سرّا وعلانية [Secretly and openly; or privately and publichly]. (Kur ii. 275, &c.) _ Concealment. (S.) _ Suppression; contr. of إعلان]. (Msb.) [So in the phrase تَكُلُّمُ سُوّا He spoke with a suppressed, or low, voice; softly.] -[One having private knowledge of a thing. You say,] فَلَانْ سِرُّ هَٰذَا الأَمْرِ + Such a one has [private] knowledge of this thing. (TA.) __ ! The penis (T, S, M, K) of a man: (T:) and the vulva, or external portion of the organs of generation, of a woman. (K.) One says, التَّقَى السَّرَّان † The two pudenda met. (A.) __ ! Concubitus. (AHcyth, S, Mgh, K.) __ ! Marriage: (M, A, Msb, K:) pl. أسرار (TA.) You say, أسرار ‡ He promised her marriage, she promising him the same. (A.) So, accord. to some, in the Kur ii. 235. (TA.) __ ! Plain declaration of marriage : (K:) i. e., a man's offering himself in marriage to a woman during her ac: so expl. as occurring in the Kur ubi suprà: (TA:) or a man's demanding a woman in marriage during her عدة (Mujáhid.) Adultery, or fornication: (A Heyth, (K:) so, accord. to Aboo-Mijlez and El-Hasan, in the Kur ubi suprà. (TA.) Hence the saying, One does not hope for إِلَّا يُرْجَى مِنْ وَلَدِ السَّرِّ بِرَّ filial piety from the offspring of adultery, or fornication. (TK.) - + Origin; syn. أَصْلُ (M, K;) as in the phrase أَهُوَ كَرِيمُ السِّرِ كَثِيرُ البِّر He is of generous origin, of much filial piety. (TK.) - + The commencement, or first night, of a lunar month: (K, TA:) or its middle; (K;) app. meaning what are called الأيّامُ البيضُ: (TA:) but Az says, I know it not in this sense. (IAth.) - + The interior of anything; its heart. (K.) Whence سر الشَّهر and اللَّيْل + [The middle of the lunar month and of the night]. (TA.) -The marrow of anything. (TA.) __ ! The pure, or choice, or best, part of anything. (Fr, M, K.) You say, أَعْطَيْتُكُ سِرُهُ ! I gave thee the pure, or choice, or best, part of it. (A.) _ ! The pure, or genuine, quality of race, or lineage: (S, A, K:) its best quality: (S, K:) and the middle sort thereof; (S;) and of rank, or quality, or the like: (M:) as also سرارة ال and سرارة ال (M, K.) One says, هو في سر قومه ! He is of the best [in race or family] of his people: (TA:) or of the middle sort of them. (S.) __ ! The low, or depressed, part of a valley: (K:) the best, (S, K,) or most fruitful, (As, M, TA,) part thereof: (As, S, M, (As, S, M, سُوَارَةً ♦ (M, K) and سُوَارَةً ♦ (As, S, M, K) and * : (M, K:) or the last signifies the middle of a valley: (S:) the pl. of سَرْ is مَسْرُ and

(S,) or أَقِنَّ is of أَقِنَّةُ (S,) or the last is pl. of أُقْذِلَةٌ like as أُقْذِلَةٌ is of سَرَارٌ * the last is pl. of (M;) and that of مُسَوَّارُ أَنْ أَنْ أَوْلَةً أَنْ (Ṣ,) or [this is a coll. gen. n., and the pl. is] سُوَائر (M:) also the middle of a city : and أُسرةً the middles of meadows. (TA.) And أُرْضُ سُرُّ + Fruitful, good, land; (M, K;) as also مُرْآءُ (K, TA.) - Also + Goodness; excellence. (Msb.) - Also, and , (M, K,) and , (S, M, K,) and (K,) and سُورُ (S, M, K,) A line of the palm of the hand, (M, K,*) and of the face, (M,) and of the forehead: (S, M, Mgh:) pl. (of بُسِرٌ, TA, or of أُسِرَةٌ (S, سِرَارٌ مِّ TA, or of أُسِرَةٌ (S, سِرَارٌ بِّ same, K, or of *, سَرَّرُ , S, Mgh) أُسْرَارُ (S, M, Mgh, K;) and pl. pl., [i. e. pl. of أَسَارِيرُ [,أُسْرَارُ (S, M, (Mgh, K:) this last, accord. to AA, signifies the lines in the forehead, from the shrivelling of the skin; and its sing. is *سَرُو : (TA:) some also apply the pl. أَسْرَةً to tlines, or streaks, of herbage; as being likened to the lines of the hand and of the face, but this is not of valid authority: (M:) and أَسُرارُ (as pl. of أُسُريرُ , which is pl. of أُسُريرُ TA) also signifies the beauties of the face, and of the cheeks, and of the elevated parts of the cheeks. عَلَى And (,X,) ,وُلِدَ لَهُ ثَلَاثَةُ عَلَى سِرِّ (,X, TA.) رسرر و أواحد (K, * TA,) means Three children were born to him, whose navel-strings were cut in a similar manner, without any female among them. (K. [See also سر])

The navel; i. e. the place from which the navel-string (سُر) has been cut off; (S;) the small cavity, or hollow, of the belly, (M, TA,) in the middle thereof; (TA;) what remains of the part. (M:) [see سُرَة.] pl. سُرَة. [in the CK erroneously عُمْنَة. [hence,] سُرَةً الْفُرْسِ [Hence,] سُرَةً الْفُرْسِ + [The navel of the horse,] the star, of Pegasus, that is in the head of Andromedu. (Kzw.) — [Hence likewise] مُرْمَلَة also signifies † A perforation in the middle of a jar such as is termed مُرْمَلَة [q. v.], in which is fixed a tube of silver or lead, whence one drinks. (Har p. 548.) — And † The place where the water rests, in the furthest part, of a watering-trough, or tank. (K, TA.) — See also سُرَة, in two places, in the latter part of the paragraph.