like: (TA:) an inf. n. used as a subst. [properly thus termed]: (O, K, TA:) like in the sense of مُعَلُونٌ, &c. (O, TA.) — And The plants of the earth; (K;) because they cleave it: (TA:) [i. c.] the plants from over which the earth cleaves : so in the phrase وَٱلْأَرْضِ ذَاتِ ٱلصَّدْعِ in the Kur lxxxvi. 12: (Bd:) or this phrase means And the earth which is cloven by the plants (Th, Bd, TA) and by the springs. (Bd.) = And i. q. إلْهُ إِنْ (TA:) you say, النَّاسُ عَلَيْهُمْ أَنْبُ (K, TA,) and إِنْبُ وَاحِدُ (K, TA,) مَدْعُ وَاحِد [elac.], (TA,) The people are one company combined in hostility against them : (K, TA:) and in so says : ضَلَعٌ واحد and وَعُلْ واحد so says AZ. (TA.) And A man light of flesh; and so مدع (S, K,) sometimes : (S:) or of middling stature, light of flesh : (Ks, TA:) like the moun-مَدُع tain-goat thus termed. (TA.) _ See also

The half of a thing that is cloven, or split, or slit, in halves. (K, TA. [See also المُعْنَى اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ عَنْ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ

and مُدُعُ (K,) or the former only, (S,) applied to a mountain-goat, and a gazelle, and an ass, [app. a wild ass,] (S, K,) and a camel, (K,) Of a middling size, neither great nor small, but between the two : (S:) or youthful and strong: [see also صديع:] or [in the CK "and"] the former word signifies a thing of any sort between two things; between tall and short, and youthful and advanced in age, and fat and lean, and great and small. (K.) — For the former word as applied to a man: see مُعْنَى — Also, thus applied Penetrating, sharp, or effective, in his affair. signifies also The صدع [It is said that] [i. e. rust] of iron. (K.) [But this seems to be a mistake, which has arisen from what here follows.] It is said that [a certain person called] El-Uskuff [which generally means "the bishop"], being asked by 'Omar respecting the Khaleefels, designated [him who was afterwards] the fourth of them ['Alee] as مُنْ حُدِيد, meaning [lit.] thereby A mountain-goat of iron; using it as a hyperbolical appellation to denote his might and courage and endurance and hard-صَدَأُ حَدِيدٌ ness : or the phrase, as some relate it, is [which may be rendered, "light or active in body" (a meaning assigned to and صَدُع and صَدُع, the latter of which is said to be in this sense the original), and "sharp"]; or صَدَا حَديد [i. e. "rust of iron," app. alluding to his frequent and long-continued wearing of mail and bearing of weapons]; which last is thought by As to be most probably correct. (O, TA.)

The half of a thing that is cloven, split, or slit, in halves; as also بشويع. (K. (cle [See also عدعة]) — And A [herd such as is]

termed] مرمة of camels; (S, O, K;) and so المربة (S, O, K:) or, accord. to AZ, a herd of camels amounting to sixty. (O, TA.) And A separate flock, or herd, of sheep or goats; as also مديع (S, O, K:) or, as some say, of these also, amounting to sixty: and it is said to signify also a herd of gazelles: (TA:) and مديع signifies also a herd of oxen [probably meaning wild oxen]. (O, TA.) — One says also, عليه i. c. [On him lies a debt of] a small amount of property. (TA.)

Divisions in opinion &c.]. One says, إِنْهُمْ صَدَعَاتُ فِي الرَّأْيِ وَالْهَوَى Between them is division [in opinion and affection; or rather between them are divisions &c.]. (O, K, TA.) And أَصْلَحُوا مَا فَيْكُمْ مِنَ الصَّدَعَاتِ TA.) pair ye the divisions that are among you;] i. e. become ye in a state of unity. (O, TA.) And مُن الصَّدَعَاتِ أَلْبَاءَ كِرَامُ الصَّدَعَاتِ أَلْبَاءَ كِرَامُ they, notwithstanding the divisions that are among them, are intelligent and generous]. (TA.) [It is stated in the TA, among the additions to the إِنَّهُمْ عَلَى مَا تَرَى ,K in this art., that one says also, app. as meaning + Verily من صَدَاعَتِهُمْ الكَرَامُ they, notwithstanding what thou seest of their disunion, are generous: but I think it most probable that occlaring is a mistranscription for .]=[Reiske, as stated by Freytag, explains it as signifying also Camels going

† Headache: (S, O, Msh, K:) Er-Raghib says that it is like a splitting in the head by reason of pain; and is a metaphorical term. (TA.)

Either half of a garment, or piece of cloth, (O, K,) that is slit in halves: (O:) and a accord. to the copies of the K, but I i. e. "of a شيء i. e. "of a thing,"] that is cloven, or split, or slit, in halves: pl. صدع (K.) See also صدع, first sentence. It is also said to signify A [garment of the kind called] رداء, that is slit in halves. (TA.) And A new patch in an old and worn-out garment. (O, K.) And A garment much rent. (TA.) And A black garment which a wailing woman wears with a white garment beneath it, and which she rends at her bosom so that the white one appears: so says Ķásim Ibn-Thábit. (TA.) And A garment that is worn beneath the coat of mail. (O, K.) And A shirt [of a middling size] between two shirts, neither large nor small. (TA.) -See also oceand and third sentences, in three places. __ Accord. to Ibn-'Abbad, (O,) applied to a mountain-goat, it signifies Youthful: and (some say, O) of middling size; syn. مربوع الخُلْقِ; (O, K, TA;) i. e. between two [in size]; like oca [q. v.]. (TA.) = Also + Daybreak: (S, O, K:) because it cleaves the night. (O.) And Fresh milk which is put in a place, and becomes cool, and overspread by a thin skin: (O, K:) so called because you skim off (تصدع, lit. "cleave,") that thin skin from the clear milk.

عَدَاعَةُ: see a saying mentioned above, voce تُدَعَاتُ.

[act. part. n. of صَدَع ; Cleaving, splitting, &c.] — [Hence,] applied to a valley, (O, K,) and a road, or way, (سَبِيلٌ, O, TA, in the K erroneously written سَيْلٌ [a torrent], TA, [or both may be correct,]) and a mountain, (K, TA, [in the O, سَبِيلٌ is put for مَبْلُ ; *Extending far along the earth. (O, K, TA.) — And, applied to the daybreak, † Shining, or bright; syn. (IDrd, O, K.) — Also † One who decides, or judges, between, or among, a people, or party. (TA.) — A poet (قيس بن ذريع) says,

فَلَمَّا بَدَا مِنْهَا الفِرَاقُ كَمَا بَدَا بِظَهْرِ الشَّفَا الصَّلْدِ الشُّقُوقُ الشَّوَادِعَ

[i. e. And when separation from her appeared, like as appear the cleaving cracks in the surface of the hard and smooth rock]: it may be that عَدْعُ is syn. with تَصْدُعُ in some dial. [and that ois pl. of its part. n.]: or this may be an instance of a possessive epithet, meaning having a cleaving. (TA.)

الله أَسْرَع جَوَابِ فَى أَسْرَع جَوَابِ الله + [app. IIe is the most effective of them in deciding rightly in a most quich answer]. (TA.)

ثَمُدُعُ بِ A smooth, or plain, road, in a rugged tract of ground: pl. مُصَادِعُ. (IDrd, O, K, TA.)

as is termed] مشقص [q. v.]: pl. مصدع (IDrd, O, K.) Hence the quiver is called خَالِثُهُ الْمُصَادِع (The concealer, or guarder, of the مصدع (TA.) لمصادع + A guide going his way [app. with energy]. (TA.) — And خطيب مصدع + An orator, or a preacher, perspicuous, (O, K, TA,) eloquent, (K, TA,) and bold in speech. (TA.)

see 2, last sentence.

صدغ

1. صَدَعْتُهُ (A'Obeyd, Ṣ, O, Ķ,*) aor. -, (Ķ,) inf. n. صدخ, (TK,) [may be rendered I walked, or went along, cheek by jole with him; lit.] I had my صدغ [or temple] over against his (another man's) in walking, or going along. (A'Obeyd, S, O, K.*) [See also 3. Accord. to Golius, it means also I overtook him, and joined myself to him by his side: but for this explanation he names no authority.] _ And مُدَعُهُ, aor. as above [and probably also, like that of رَمْغه), and inf. n. as above, He struck his صُدُغ [or temple]. (TA.)
— And مُدِيّ , like عَنِي , inf. n. as above, He had a complaint of his صدغ [or temple]. (TA.) He turned him away, or back, صدغه عن الأمر from the affair. (K. [And so, accord. to Freytag, as from the S, on the authority of As, اصدغه: but he has app. taken this from a mistranscription in a copy of the S.]) One says, مَا صَدَغَكَ عَن What turned thee away, or back, from