human ordure. (TA.) _ And [hence] , a_c, (Mgh, Msb,) aor. 2, (Msb,) He defiled, or besmeared, him, or it, (Mgh, Msb,) with i, i. e. dung such as is called سرقين, (Mgh,) or with a thing. (Msb.) _ And عَرْهُ بِشُوّ + He sullied, or bespattered, him with evil, by charging him therewith; aspersed him; or charged, or upbraided, him with evil: (S, O, K, TA:) from signifying "he dunged" land; or, accord. to A'Obeyd, it may be from signifying "mange," or "scab:" and + he wronged him, or treated him unjustly or injuriously; and reriled him; and took his property. (TA.) ___ And [in like manner] هُوْ يَعْرُ قُوْمَهُ + He brings against his people, or party, an abominable, or evil, charge, (يَدْخُلُ عَلَيْهِمْ مَكْرُوهًا) aspersing them with it. (S, O.) + He disgraces, or dishonours, his people, or party. (TA.) _ And عُرِه , aor. 2, + He applied to him a surname, or nickname, that disgraced him, or dishonoured him : and a + He received, or became called by, such a surname or nickname. (TA.) __ And se, (S, O, K,) aor. 2, (TA,) inf. n. 2, (K,) + He did to him an abominable, or evil, thing: (K:) he displeased him; grieved, or vexed, him; did to him what he disliked, or hated; did evil to him. (S, O, K.) _ And عُرَّهُ also signifies It (a thing that he disliked, or hated, and that distressed him,) befell him; syn. عُوَاه, meaning مُواه. (Ksh in xlviii. 25. [In Bd, اغراه; app. a mistranscription for أعراه (O, Msb, K,) aor. ، (O, TA,) inf. n. عَرْدُ; (O, K;) and اعتره (Msb, K,) and اعتراه and عُراه and اعتراه likewise ; (Msb, TA; [see art. 20;]) He addressed, or applied, himself to obtain favour, or bounty, of him, without asking; (Msb, K;) he came to him, and sought his favour, or bounty; or seeking his favour, or bounty: (O, TA:) or he went round about him, seeking to obtain what he had, whether asking him or not asking him. (TA, as implied in an explanation of عُرَّهُ And عُرُّهُ He alighted at his abode as a visiter and guest. (IKtt, TA.) See also 3.

2: see the preceding paragraph, former half.

عرار , (Ṣ, O, K,) aor. يعار , (Ṣ,) inf. n. عرار (Ṣ, O, K) and (K;) and, (Ṣ, O, K,) as some say, (Ṣ, O,) *, aor. , (Ṣ, O, K,) or -, (thus in the L,) inf. n. عرار, (S, O, K,) with kesr; (K; [in one of my copies of the S عُوار; but عُوار, which would be agreeable with analogy, I do not find;]) He (an ostrich [said of the male only]) cried; uttered a cry or cries: (S, O, K:) like as they say of a female ostrich زمرت: (Ş, O:*) IKtt cites an assertion that it is aor.

i. e. عُرّة The house had in it عُرّت الدّارُ .4 dung, or human ordure], (S,* O, K,*) or much thereof; like أُعَذَرَت. (TA.)

the night, with a sound, or cry, (S, O,) or speaking, or talking: (A:) he was sleepless, and turned over upon the bed, by night, speaking, or talking, (A, K,) and with a sound, or cry, and, as some say, stretching. (TA.) A'Obeyd says that some derive it [as Z does] from عرار, signifying the "crying" of a male ostrich; but that he knows not whether it be so or not. (TA.)

8: see 1, near the end of the paragraph.

10. استَعْرَهُم الجَرْبُ The mange, or scab, appeared and spread among them. (S, O, K.) [See also 8 in art.]

R. Q. 2. تَعْرَعْرَت: see 1, first quarter, in two

The mange, or scab; (S, A, Mgh, O, K;) as also مرةً (K) and عرةً (IF, Msb, K) and : (IF, Msh, and so in a copy of the A:) see also عُرَّة: or عُوْد has this signification; but , with damm, signifies purulent pustules in the necks of young, or unweaned, camels: and a certain disease, in consequence of which the fur of the camel falls off, (K, TA,) so that the skin appears and shines; as some say: (TA:) or purulent pustules, like the [cutaneous eruption called] [q. v.], which comes forth in camels, dispersedly, in their lips (S, O) and their legs, (S,) discharging a fluid which resembles yellow water; in consequence of which the healthy camels are cauterized, in order that the diseased may not communicate to them the malady. (S, O.) En-Nabighah says, (addressing En-Noamán Ibn-El-Mundhir, O,)

[And thou hast charged me with the crime, or offence, of a man other than myself, and left him like that which has the disease called , another than which is cauterized while he is pasturing at pleasure]: he who says العُرّ, in relating this verse, errs; for cauterization is not practised as a preservative from the mange, or scab. (IDrd, S, O.) - [Hence, app.,] + A vice, or fault, or the like. (Har p. 366.) [See also .] __ And + Evil, or mischief. (Ḥaribid.) One says, القيتُ منْهُ شَرًّا وَعَرًّا + [I experienced from him, or it, evil and mischief: the two nouns being synonymous: and the latter of them also an inf. n. of عره, q. v.]. (TA: but written without any syll. signs.) [See also an instance of the use of the phrase مُرُّدُ وَعَرُّ voce .عَارُّ See also ___ (. دُفينَ

عرة : see عُرْ in three places : __ and see عرة .

: see عرف . __ Also Madness, or such as is caused by diabolical possession, affecting a man: you say, به عرة In him is madness, &c. (Ş,O.) Dung, such as is called , and , and , (S, O,) or سرقين, (Mgh,) [i. e. dung of horses or 8. تعار He awoke from his sleep, (S, A, O,) in other solid-hoofed animals, and of camels, sheep

and goats, wild oxen, and the like,] and that of birds; (S, O, K;) as also عُرُ (O, K;) and human ordure. (O, K.) It is said in a trad., i. e. [God has cursed, لَعَنَ ٱللَّهُ بَائِعُ العُرَّةَ وَمُشْتَرِيبًا or may God curse, the seller of] سوقين [or perhaps the meaning may be human ordure, and the buyer thereof]. (Mgh.) _ Dirt, or filth. (Msb.) _ + Filthiness in the natural dispositions. (O.) ___ A thing that exposes its author to disgrace; a vice, or fault, or the like. (O, Msb, TA.) See also عُرِّة (And see عُرِّ voce عُرِّة . Hence, That which disgraces women; their evil conversation or behaviour, with others. (TA.) ___ As an epithet applied to a man, (S, O, Msb,) + Dirty, or filthy; as also عارورة and ۱ عارورة : (S, O:) [or] having an intensive signification [as though meaning "dirt," or "filth," itself]: (Msb:) + a man who is the disgrace of the people [to whom he belongs]: (K:) a man sullied, or bespattered, with evil. (IDrd, O.) And one says, فُلَانْ عُرَّةُ أَهْله meaning + Such a one is the worst of his family. (TA.) __ Also + The act of doing an abominable, or evil, thing, to another. (K.)

and غرور Manginess, or scabbiness : (K:) or, accord. to some, mange, or scab, itself; like * ...

A certain plant, of sweet odour, (S, O,) intensely yellow and wide in the blossom; (O;) i. q. بَهَارُ البَّرِ [q. v., i. e. buphthalmum, or ox-eye; which is called by both of these names in the present day]: (Ṣ, O, K:) accord. to IB, the wild narcissus (النَّرْجِسُ البَرِّيّ): (TA:) and said by some to be a sort of tree [or plant] to which the complexion of a noman is likened: (Ham p. 548:) n. un. with 5: (S, O, K:) IAar says that the is like the بهار; having wood, [or arborescent, app. meaning that it is the buphthalmum arborescens, the flower of which is intensely yellow, agreeably with what is said of it in the O,] having a sweet odour, and growing only in plain land. (O.) = Also, i. e. like [in measure], Retaliation of slaughter or of wounding or of mutilation ; syn. قُودُ and anything that is slain in retaliation for another (ﷺ: بُآء بِشَيْء): (K, TA:) of any such thing one says, هُو لَهُ عَرَارُ [It is one slain in retaliation for it]. (TA.) [This latter meaning is app. taken from the prov. relating to two cows; mentioned , بَآءَتْ عَرَارِ بِكُمُّل in art. [...]

عَرُرُ عُورٍ عُورٍ

A stranger (Az, S, Z, O, K) among a people: (O, K:) occurring, in the accus. case, in a trad., in which some read غُريرًا, with the pointed ¿; and some say that the right reading is ["here meaning "an adherent"]: but Hr and IAth agree with Az [and the S] and Z and the [O and] K. (TA.)

which is the common, سُرُو The tree called عَرْعَر