part next the lower gums,] in the ______ [or the palate and the part corresponding to it below]. (TA.) _ And الغاران signifies The [sockets of the eyes; or two bones in which are the eyes. (ISd, K.) _ And The belly and the pudendum: (S:) or the mouth and the pudendum. (K.) Hence the saying of a poet, يَسْعَى لَغَارِيه [He works, or earns, for his belly, or his mouth, and his pudendum]. (S, TA.) = Also (غار) An army: (S, K:) or a numerous army. (TA.) You say الْتَقَى الغَارَان The two armies met. (S.) - And A company, or body, of men: (TA:) or a numerous company or body of men. (ISd, K.) And I. q. غَيْرَةً , (Ṣ,) or غُيْرةً. (Ḳ.) [See 1, last signification.] = And A kind of tree, (S, Mgh, K,) of large size, (Mgh, K,) having leaves longer than those of the - ik, (Mgh, TA,) and a fruit [or berry] smaller than the hazel-nut, which is black, and which, being divested of its covering, discloses a heart that is employed in medicine [that is designed to produce a narcotic or an intoxicating effect: the berries are called : its leaves have a sweet odour, (Mgh, TA,) and are employed in perfume: (TA:) its fruit is called [in Persian] دهمست: (Mgh, TA:) and it has an oil, (K,) which is called : دُهْنُ الغَارِ (S:) [it is the bay-tree; or female laurel-tree; the laurus nobilis; also called the sweet bay; of which there are several sorts, as the broad-leaved bay, the narrow-leaved bay, &c.: it is commonly supposed to be the laurus of the ancients:] n. un. with 5. (TA.) _ And The leaves of the grapevine. (K.)

The bottom, or lowest part, of anything ; (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ;) as also أغورى: (Ķ:) and its عَرَفْتُ غَوْرَ هٰذِهِ الْهَالَة ,You say I [I have become acquainted with the bottom of this question]. (TA.) And فُلَانْ بَعيدُ الغُورِ (Ş) 1 Such a one is deep and excellent in judgment; one who examines deeply. (TA.) [See also 1.] And مُؤْرِدُ عُورُهُ إِلا اللهِ اللهِ عُورُهُ And عُورُهُ إِلا عُورُهُ And من the bottom shall not be reached]. (TA.) And الله is deeper in أَبْعَدُ غَوْرًا فِي البَاطِلِ مِنِّي knowledge with respect to what is vain, or false, than I?]. (TA, from a trad.) _ Low, or depressed, land, country, or ground; (S, Msb, K;) [like غَارِ عام ;] as also أَعُور (K.) _ See also غَارِ , in the first of its senses expl. above. = Applied to water, i. q. غائر [Sinking, or going away, into the ground, or earth]: (S, K:) an inf. n. used as an epithet, like مَا يُ سَكُبُ and درهُمْ ضَرْبُ . (S.)

A bloodwit ; syn. دية : (K, TA :) a dial. var. of غير : (TA:) or the latter is a pl., of which the sing. is غيرة. (AA, K in art. غيرة, q. v.)

غارة, a subst. from أغار; A going away into a country, or land. (TA.) _ A quick running, (Mgh, Msb,) or vehement running, (TA,) of a horse, (Mgh, Msb, TA,) and of a fox; (Mgh;) as also غُوير , of a fox. (TA.) _ [A raid; or an incursion into the rritory of an enemy; or a sudden, or an unexpected, attack upon an enemy, or upon the territories or dwellings of an enemy, with a party of armed horsemen, and engagement with them in conflict; an urging of horses upon, or against, a people; generally, a hostile, or predatory, incursion: or the making such an incursion :] a subst. [or quasi-inf. n.] from أَغَارَ عَلَى sion :] . (Ş, TA.) _ And Plunder, or pillage. (TA.) _ And hence, (Mgh, Msb,) [Horsemen making a raid, or a sudden, or an unexpected, attack, upon an enemy, or upon the dwellings of an enemy, and engaging with them in conflict: horsemen urging their horses upon, or against, a people :] i. q. ا خَيْلُ مُغيرَةً (Ş, Mgh, Msb, TA :) and one says also مغيرة vith kesr. (TA.) You say مَنَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الغَارَةَ i. e. He scattered, (Ş in art. شن, and Mghe and Msb,e) or poured, (K in art. بشن,) upon them [the horsemen making a raid, or sudden attack, and engaging in conflict, or the horsemen urging their horses]. (S, K.) The poet (El-Kumeyt Ibn-Maaroof, TA) says,

[And we gave as a morning-drink to the people of Nejrán a troop of horsemen making a raid, or sudden attack, upon them, or urging their horses against them, namely the tribe of Temeem Ibn-سَقَيْنَاهُم , Murr, and the piercing spears] : he means is put in the accus. تمير بن مرّ and : خَيْلًا مُغيرَةً case as a substitute for غارة. (Ṣ, TA.) = حُبْلُ means A rope twisted hard; or hard in respect of the twisting; (S, TA;) غارة being in this case [as in that first mentioned above] a subst. standing in stead of the inf. n. بَعُارٌ \$ (TA:) and so إُعُارُهُ ; (Ş, TA;) applied to a rope that is twisted with another. (TA voce الغَارَةُ signifies The navel : (Sgh, K:) app. so called because of its depth. (Sgh, TA.)

The sun. (IAar, K, TA.) = See also

Abundance of the produce of the earth : and rain : and i. q. ميرة [a provision of corn, or mheat, &c.]: belonging to this art. and to art. غير (TA.) = [See also 1, last signification.]

غُور see : غُوري

غوير: see غَارَةٌ, second sentence.

i. q. قَيْلُولَةُ app. as syn. with] قَائِلَةٌ i. q. غَائِرَةٌ A sleeping in the middle of the day; though the is that which here قَائلةً is that which here next follows]; (S, O, K;) as also عُوْرة (O, K.) And The middle of the day [itself]. (K.) رُبْنِيَ هَٰذَٰ الْبَيْتُ عَلَى غَائِرَةِ الشَّمْسِ ,And one says meaning \$ [This house, or tent, was, or has been, built, or set up,] facing the place of sunrise.

of entrance: and a place where a thing is sought for: you say, إِنَّكَ غُرْتَ فِي غَيْرِ مَغَارٍ Verily thou hast entered into that which is not a place of entrance: and verily thou hast sought in that which is not a place where a thing is sought for.

see غارة Also A place of a غارة [or raid, or sudden attack upon an enemy, or upon the dwellings of an enemy, with a party of armed horsemen, &c.]. (TA.) = See also 5,16, last sentence but one. - Hence, ! A horse strong, or compact, in make; as though twisted: (Az, TA:) or a horse strong in the joints: (Lth, TA:) or, applied to a horse, i. q. inade lean, or light of flesh; &c.: see 2 in art. عير and see also in that art.]. (Aboo-Sa'eed Ed-Dareer, TA in art. عيد.) And A horse that runs swiftly. (TA. [But in this last sense, the word should be, accord. to rule, as here next follows.])

A horse swift in running : [see also what next precedes:] and مغُوَارُ [likewise] signifies a swift horse: or this latter, accord. to Lh, vehement in running: and its pl. is مُعَاوِير. (TA.) غَارَةً see : مغيرَةً and خَيْلُ مُغيرَةً __

. see 2.

and عَارَة see عَارَ first sentence.

Also A fighting man ; and ._ مغير see مغوار so أمْغَاور * : (Ṣ:) or the former signifies one who occupies himself much in غارات [or raids, or sudden attacks upon enemies, or upon the dwellings of enemies, with armed horsemen, &c., pl. of غارة]; (K, TA;) as also أ : (TA:) pl. مَغَاوِيرُ: (Ş:) and مَغُوارُ may be a contracted pl. of مغُاورُ or a pl. of مُغَاور, (TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph, in two places.

1. يَغُوثُ , aor. يَغُوثُ , (Ş, A, Mşb,) inf. n. غُوْسٌ and غَيَاصَةُ and مَغَاصٌ (Ş, A, K) and عُوْسٌ (K,) He dived in, or descended beneath, the water; (S, A, K;) or entered into the water : (TA;) to fetch out what was in it. (Msb [in my copy of which, the particle في is omitted, app. by a slip of the transcriber].) _ غياصة [also] signifies The diving in the sea for pearls; (S;) and signifies [the same : or both signify] the fetching out pearls from beneath the water. (Mgh.) -[Hence,] you say also, اغاص عَلَى الأمر, (K,) inf. n. غوص, (TA,) \$ [He dived for the thing, or affair, so as to elicit it; or] he knew the thing, or غَاصٌ عَلَى المَعَانِي حَتَّى And عَلَى المَعَانِي حَتَّى المَعَانِي عَلَى المَعَانِي عَلَى المَعَانِي عَلَى مُنْهَا وَدَقَّ فَهُمُهُ [He dived for the meanings so that he reached the uttermost of them, and elicited what was remote of them, and the understanding whereof was subtile]. فُلَانٌ يَغُوسُ عَلَى حَقَائِقِ العِلْمِ Msb.) And) see غار in two places. _ Also A place | [Such a one dives for the verities of science].