in the sense of صَرَاهُ in the sense of ...]) ___ Said of God, (M,) He protected, defended, guarded, or preserved, him: (M, K:) or (M) He saved him (M, K) from destruction, or perdition : (K:) or (M) He sufficed him: (M, K:) or He aided him. (TA.) صرى بينهم رور (K,) or صرى ما بينهم, (S, M,) He decided [between them, or the case between them]; (S, K;) namely, persons who had applied to him as a judge: (S:) or he rectified, or adjusted, the case between them. (M.) عطف also signifies صرى = [He bent, or inclined]: (K, TA:) [app. intrans., or trans. by means of ب, for] a poet uses the phrase صرين [They bent, or inclined, with the necks]. (TA.) [But it is said in the TK that out means He bent, or inclined, it.] Accord. to Ibn-Buzurj, صَرَت النَّاقَةُ عَنْقَهَا means The she-camel raised her neck by reason of the heaviness of the burden. (TA.) = Also He preceded, or went before; syn. تَغَدَّمُ. (IAar, K.) [Accord. to the TK, one says صُرَى القُومُ He preceded, or went before, the people, or party.] _And [the contr., i. e.] He receded, or retreated; or became, or remained, or lagged, behind; syn. ... (IAar, K.) [Accord. to the TK, one says صَرَى عَنْهُ, meaning He receded, or retreated, from them; &c.]. __ Also He, or it, was, or became, high; syn. Je. (IAar, K.)_ And the contr., i. e. He, or it, was, or became, low; syn. سَفُل. (IAar, K.)

2: see 1, former half, in two places.

4: see 1, former half, in two places. ___ اصرى also signifies He sold a erve or she-goat, (K, TA,) or a she-camel, (TA,) whose milk had been caused to collect in her udder in consequence of her not having been milked for some days; such as is termed مصراة (K, TA.)

in cach being sub- ازدراه i. q. اصدراه stituted for]: see the latter, in art. زرى.

صرى, (S, M, Msb, K,) an inf. n. used as an epithet, (Msb,) and von, (S, M, K,) [and Freytag adds , or, as from the K, in which I do not find it,] Water remaining, or stagnating, long, accord. to Fr; (S;) or that has remained, or stagnated, long: (Msb:) or water remaining long, (K,) or that has remained long, and become altered [for the worse], (S, M, Msb,) accord. to AA. (S.) And the first, (M, K,) an inf. n. used as an epithet, (TA,) Milk that has remained (M, K) long (K) so that its flavour has become altered [for the worse]; (M, K;) as also ♥, o, which is in like manner applied to water: (M:) or milk left [long] in the udder of the camel, not drawn, so that it becomes salt and windy: (IAar, TA:) or milk drawn in the night from a camel abounding therewith, having a bad and burning flavour. (Az, TA.) And, (M, K,) some say, (M,) [used as a subst.,] A portion remaining (M, K) of milh (M) in the udder, (Ham p. 661,) and of water. (TA.) And Tears (cos) that have become collected: and the sing. [or epithet applied to a single tear (مُعَدُّم)] is صُواةً (M.) mast] of the ship, which is set up in the middle 1. صُعُوبُ (Ṣ, A, MA, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. ², (A, Ķ,) And عُرِيَةً (Ṣperma of a man] altered [for thereof, and upon which is the صُرَاةً (Ṣ, MA, Mṣb, Ķ;) and المُعُوبُةُ (Ṣ, MA, Mṣb, Ķ;) and المُتَعَبُّ أَنْ اللهُ عَرَاةً اللهُ عَرَاقًا اللهُ عَرَاقًا

the worse]: and long retained by him in his, back. (M. [This is also mentioned in the S, app. in the latter of these senses; the meaning being there only indicated by the context.]) - For the fem., مصراة see also , صراة

عُرَى : see صُرَّى, first sentence: __ and see

صرى: see صرى, first sentence. _ In relation to a she-camel it is Her being pregnant twelve months, and bringing forth, and then yielding her biestings, or having her biestings milked: mentioned by Az. (TA. [But what is meant by this is, to me, doubtful; for sometimes an inf. n., and sometimes an epithet, and sometimes a subst., is expl. in this manner.])

part. n. of صَرَّى: see صَرَّى. — Also A she-camel whose milk has collected in her udder. (Msb.) [See also مُصَرَّاة .]

Milk collected [in the udder] : a poet says,

[And whatever udder has milk must be milked].

مصراة see : صرياً،

مريان, applied to a man and to a beast, Whose [i. e. sperma] has collected in his back. (TA.) . يَمَامُ n. un. of يَمَامُة [n. un. of يَمَامُة [n. un. of مُرَامَة [h. un. of يَمَامُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا لَاللَّهُ q. v.]: and the [bird called] سَهَامَة [n. un. of q. v.]. (TA.) سَمَامُ

Colocynths (S, M, K, in the CK [erroneously] صواء [expressly said in the TA to be with fet-h and medd,]) when they become yellow; (S, M;) as also صَرَايَات: (so in one of my copies of the S [in which it is shown to be correct by an ex. in a verse of Suleyk there cited; in the M and TA صَرَايًا, which I think a mistranscription]: in the other of my copies of the S omitted:) one thereof is termed مراية (S, M, K.*) [In the M and K, صَرَايَة is termed pl. of صَرَايَة; but it is properly speaking a coll. gen. n., originally ...] also signifies The water in which colocynths have been steeped. (M, K.)

One who acts with boldness towards the wife of his father: (K, TA:) such was Ibn-Mukbil. (TA.)

in two places. صَرَايَةُ

. see مُصَرَّاةً below.

[act. part. n. of صرى as such signifying] Guarding or preserving [&c.], or a guarder or preserver [&c.]. (TA.) _ [Hence,] A sailor: (S, M, K:) because he guards, or preserves, the ship: (TA:) pl. صُرَّاءُ (S, M, K) and (M, K) pl. pl. (M) صَرَادِيُونَ and صَرَادِيُونَ. (M, K. [But see in art. صرارى _ Also [said to signify] The transverse piece of wood in the middle of the ship: (M, K:) [but] IAth says that it is the رقل [i. e.

is now commonly called • صَارِيَةُ and مَارِيَةُ both of which are also sometimes applied to a column]: pl. صوار (TA.)

of which the water is old, رُكِيَّةً) A well مَارِيَةٌ altered for the worse, and overspread with [the green substance termed] عُرمُض (K, * TA:) mentioned by Az. (TA.) = See also صار, last sen-

A ewe, or she-goat, whose milk has been caused to collect in her udder by her not having been milhed for some days; (S, K;) as also ربی, like ربی; (so in copies of the K; [but this, if correct, should be mentioned in art. , o, in which the former is also mentioned; accord. to the TA, however, it seems to be مرى , without teshdeed, for it is there said to be like زُبى;]) both likewise applied to a she-camel, and to a cow; (TA;) and v مراة signifies the same, (K,) applied to a she-camel and to a ewe or she-goat; (TA;) and so, applied to a she-camel, أصرياء, of which the pl. is صُرَايًا, (M, K,) an irreg. pl. (M.) [See also أ.صر Aboo-'Alee, in the Bári', makes it syn. with مُصْرُورَةً and so says the Imam Esh-Sháfi'ce; as though originally مصررة: but Suh, in the R, disallows this. (TA.)

is the pl., and is the dim., of (.اصطبل , q. v. (TA in art. إضَّطَبْلُ

أَوْطُبَةُ (i. q. v.;] Tow; i. e. what falls from flax in the process of combing. (M, K.)

مصطبة * app. a mistranscription for مصطبة or مُسْطَبة, like مُسْطَبة, q. v.,] A blacksmith's anvil: so in the T, on the authority of IAar.

like ,مصطبة (so in copies of the K) [and مصطبة (so accord. to the TA, with teshdeed to the , [but the word is of frequent occurrence and commonly written without teshdeed,]) A place where people assemble, (AHeyth, TA,) like a دُخَان, [i. e. a kind of wide bench, of stone or brick &c., generally built against a wall,] for the purpose of sitting upon it: (AHeyth, K, TA:) Az heard an Arab of the desert, of the tribe of Fezárah, apply this word to a square, flat-topped pile of earth, raised for the purpose of passing the night upon it: (TA:) also, [sometimes, app. in late ages,] a hospice for strangers; or a place in which the poor and the beggars assemble: (MA, and Har p. 375:) not [originally, or properly,] an Arabic word: (Har ubi suprà:) [see more in art. سطب, for it is a dial. var. of مُسْطَبَةً,] of the dial. of Baghdad: (MA:) [the pl. is ___ See also the next preceding paragraph.