(Mo'allakát, p. 169.) — تَمَتُعُ He became provided with مِثَاع, or utensils and furniture for the house, or tent. (TA, voce تَمَتُعُ بِهِ مِنْ i.q. عَاشَ (Bd, Jel, xi. 68.) . عَاشَ generally signifies He enjoyed it: (MA:) so in many cases in the Kur, &c.

8 : see 5.

10. اَسْتُهُ عُ بِكَذَا, and وَ مُتَعَقِّعُ بِكَذَا, He benefited or profited by such a thing. (Msb.) _ See 5. _

Anything useful or advantageous; as goods: such as the utensils and furniture of a house or tent, or household-goods: any utensils, or apparatus: chattels: a commodity, and commodities; (Mgh, &c.;) generally best rendered goods, chattels, household-goods or chattels, or utensils and furniture. _ الفَرْجُ [signifies إلْهَتَاعُ] a woman's pudendum : (TA :) [see متوهجة, in art. وهج: and] the penis. (Mgh.) _ وهج applies to Food, the necessaries of life: soo two exs. voce مَثَاعٌ مَثَاعٌ for a divorced wife, A provision of necessaries, such as food and clothing and household-utensils or furniture: see عرف, and Bd in ii. 242: i. q. تُمْتِيعُ. (Bd in ii. 237.) _ أَلِاسْتَمْتَاعُ and إِنْ أَتُمَتَّعُ بِهِ . [Jel in iv. 79;) generally best rendered Enjoyment, in the Kur iv. 79 and ix. 38 and similar cases. See

مترن

2. مُتَّنَّهُ, inf. n. تَهْتَيْنٌ, He made it, or rendered it, strong, stout, firm, or hard. (TA.) مُتَّنَ لِلهِ He seasoned a skin with rob, or inspissated juice (بُ). (K.)

consists of the sacro-lumbalis and longissimus dorsi and spinalis dorsi. The oach: is The back: (M, Msb:) or, as also مُثَنَّهُ, (M,) or مُثَنَّهُ, (T,) two portions of firmly-bound flesh between which is the back-bone, [or that confine the back-bone,] rendered firm by being tied (مَعُلُوبَانِ) with, or by, هِمَةُ [or sinews,] (T, M,) or the مُثَنَّهُ are the two sides of the back. (M.) مَثَنَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَ

side, or the middle of the broad side, of the blade, of a sword;] the part in the middle of which is the [ridge called] , (En-Nadr, in L, voce ,) or the part in which is the [ridge called] : عُمُود and ,شطيبة and (,سَفْسَقَة , and , مُطبَّة : (K, voce عير) or the ridge [itself] (عمود rising in the middle of a sword. (T.) __ مَتْن __ The hard and outer or apparent part of anything: The middle مَتْن _ (M.) متَانٌ and مُتُونٌ . of a bow, and of a spear. (Munjid of Kr.) -The part مَثْنُ _ . عَيْرُ seo مَثْنُ أُذُنِ الفَرَسِ between two poles of a , or tent. (AZ in TA, art. مَثَنْ _ Elevated, and level, or plain, ground: (M:) or hard and elevated ground. (S, Mab, K.) _ مَتْنُ الفَرَس One of the four bright stars in Pegasus, that (a) at the extremity of and حَدِيثُ i. q. مَتُنْ _ . الغَرْغُ and and , A tradition of Mohammad, or of another, namely a companion of Mohammad, Sc. (IbrD.)

مَتْنُ see مُثَنَّةً.

مَتِينَ Strong; stout; firm; hard. (S, K, M,b.) [Well seasoned. Possessing any quality in a strong degree.]

أَشُدُ حَلَاوَةً , i. q. أَشُدُ حَلَاوَةً , More sweet. (TA, voce مُثُثُ (TA, voce

. تَمْتِينُ see : تِمْتَانُ

رَتُلْبِيبٌ (a subst., properly speaking, like) تُمْتِينٌ (q.v.) and أَيْمَانُ * The threads, or strings, of tents. (Ķ.)

ىتى

a signifies When? and when used to denote a condition: see اَيُنَ and اَيْنَ and Until when? how long? and also until the time when. See Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 382.

مثل

1. مُثُولُ aor. ², inf. n. مُثُولُ; (Ṣ, M, Ķ, &c.;) and مُثُلُ (M, Ķ;) He stood erect; (Ṣ, M, Ķ, &c.;) مُثُلُ بِهِ لِللهِ before him. (Ṣ, &c.) مُثُلُ بِهِ للهِ before him. (Ṣ, &c.) مُثُلُ بِهِ اللهِ he mutilated him; castrated him; namely, a sheep or goat. (TA in art. رجن, from a trad.)

- 2. مَثْلُ: see a verse of Kutheiyir in art. رود. conj. 4. مثْلُهُ : see مُثْلُهُ.
 - (TA.) شَابَهُهُ . q. مَاثَلُهُ . (TA.)
- 4. مُثُلُّ He set it up: from مُثُلُّ "he stood erect." He set up a butt or mark: see an ex.

- 5. اَنَهُمُّلُ بِكُذَا [He affected to be like, or imitated, such a thing;] i.q. مَتُبُدُ بِهِ. (TA, art. مُثَبُدُ بِهِ.) تَهُمُّلُ الْبَيْتَ and [more commonly] بِالبَيْتِ He used, or applied, the verse cs a proverb, or proverbially. (MA.) Ses مُثَبُدُ عَلَيْدَ.

8. امْتَثُلُ أَمْرَهُ He followed his command, order, bidding, or injunction; did like as he commanded, ordered, &c.; (Mgh;) he obeyed his command, order, &c. (Msb.)

A like; a similar person or thing; match; fellow; an analogue. (K, &c.) See عَمْلُ and voce بَدُنُ — A likeness, resemblance, or semblance; see عَبْدُ. — An equivalent; a requital. — مَثْلُ بِعْنُ , used as a denotative of state, means Like. Ex. مَثْلُ البَرُق He passed like the lightning. See an ex. in the Kur li. 23; and another, from Ṣakhr-el-Gheí, voce . .

as meaning A description, condition, state, case, &c.]; (S, K, &c.;) or [meaning the same]: (Msb:) or this is a mistake: (Mbr, AAF, TA:) or it may be a tropical signification: (MI, TA:) for in the language of the Arabs it means a description by way of comparison: (AAF, TA:) you say مثل زيد مثل The description of Zeyd, by way of comparison, or the condition, &c., is that of such a one]: it is from الحَذُو and المِثَال: (Mbr, TA:) it is metaphorically applied to a condition, state, or case, that is important, strange, or wonderful. (Ksh, Bd in ii. 16.) The phrase here given is more literally, and better, rendered, The similitude of Zeyd is the similitude, or is that, of such a one; for a similitude is a description by way of comparison. _ You say also, عُمَلُهُ مَثَلًا [He made it (an expression or the like) to be descriptive, by way of comparison, of such a thing]. (TA passim.) [And مَثَلُ لَكُذَا means An expression denoting, by way of similitude, such a thing.] __ عَلَى الهَثَل As indicative of resemblance to something. _ See بَدُلُ

Quality, mode, manner, fashion, and form; (Msb;) a model according to which another thing is made or proportioned; a pattern, (مقدار) by which a thing is measured, proportioned, or cut out: (T:) an example of a class