this sometimes means stumps, as well as roots, &c.,]) of the عرفج. (M.)

مَرْمُولُ see مُرْمَلُ.

A man whose provisions, or travelling-provisions, are exhausted, or consumed. (A'Obeyd, T.) See also أُرْمَلُ, first sentence. = See also المُرمَلُ.

i.e. shackle or pair of shackles]. (IAnr, T, K.)

المراق) has been thrown. (TT, as from the T.) And الرماق) has been thrown. (TT, as from the T.) And خبيص مرماق [A mess of dates and clarified butter mixed together] into which dust, or earth, and sand, have been put: (so in a copy of the T: [but this seems to be a mistake, occasioned by the omission of what here follows:]) [or] such as has been much stirred about and turned over (K, TA, and so in the TT, as from the T) [app. with coarse flour (see جريش)] so that it has complicated streaks. (TA, and so in the TT, as from the T.)

— And خرماق الإسلام المعام مرماق الله على الل

الهُرُمُلُ The lion; [app. because he smears his prey with blood;] as also الهُرُمُلُ (O, K.)

مُرْمُولُ A mat woven [of palm-leaves or the like (see 1)]; as also مُرْمُلُ * (A'Obeyd, T, TA.)

يَرْمُولُ Palm-leaves (غُوصُ) moven together.

رمن

[The pomegranate;] a certain fruit, (T,) the produce of a certain tree, (M,) well known: (T, S, M, K:) n. un. with 5: (S, M, Msb, K:) the sweet sort thereof relaxes the state of the bowels, and cough; the sour sort has the contrary effect; and that which is between sweet and sour is good for inflammation of the stomach, and pain of the heart : the رمان has six flavours, like the apple; and is commended for its delicacy, its quick dissolving, and its niceness, or its elegance: is of the measure فُعْلَانُ accord. to Sb: (M in art. ره.) Kh, being asked by Sb respecting الرَّمَّان, (Ṣ,) or [rather] respecting رُمَّان, (M in art. روم,) when used as a proper name, (S,) said that he declined it imperfectly (S, M) when [thus made] determinate; (S;) and that he made it to accord to the majority, because its derivation is unknown, (S, M,*) i. e., that he regarded its I and i as augmentative: (S:) but accord. to Akh, the is radical, (S,) [i. e.] he held it to be of the measure فعال, making it to accord to many similar names of plants, (M,) like &c., (S, M,) being more common than وُعُلَانِ; (Ş;) he meant, as applied to plants; for otherwise the contr. is the case: (TA:) [Fei says,] the measure is نعال, the ن being radical, and therefore the word is perfectly decl., unless when used as a proper name, in which case it is imperfectly decl.,

names ending with 1 and ن, as عُشْهَانُ &c.]. (Msb.) [Freytag mentions several varieties of رمان, as follows: but the names, as given by him and here transcribed, require verification or cor-رمان الهرسى ,رمان القسطيسى " rection : رمان ,رمان الترحين ,رمان الخزايني ,العدسي qui ad speciem dulcium pertinent : tum : dulce et corticem tenuissimum habens رمان شعرى Malum Punicum maximum, esu gratissimum et acinorum expers: رمان السحى, sunt minoris magni, رمان الدواري ,رمان الدلوي tudinis, formæ rotundæ: رمان السفريا Malum Punicum magnitudine et sapore præstantissimum, a viro Sefri dicto ita appellatum, quod a Syria Cordubam regnante Abd-Alrahmano hanc speciem transtulerat:" and he refers to "Casiri, Bibl. Ar. Hisp. T. i. p. 329; and Avicenn. L. ii. p. 254;" the latter of which authors only mentions the in the رُمَّانُ السَّعَالِي __ [.رمّان properties of the CK السَّعالَى The white خَشْخَاش [or poppy]: or a species thereof. (K. [The heads of the poppy are called رُمَّانُ الخَشْخَاشِ because of their re-An- رُمَّانُ الأُنْهَارِ __ ([Androsæmum; or hypericum majus; j the large species رُمَّانٌ , (K.) [In the present day فَيُوفَارِيقُون of are used as meaning رَمَّانتَان are used as meaning + A young woman's breasts, when small and round; they being likened to pomegranates. In a saying of Umm-Zara, (mentioned in the M in art. ررم,) seems to be used in this sense, or as meaning a woman's posteriors.] _ The n. un., رُمَانَةُ is also used, vulgarly, as meaning + The قطنة [or third stomach, commonly called the manyplies, and

in the proper sense of this word, and also in several tropical senses expl. in the latter part of the next preceding paragraph]. (Ş, M, Mṣb, Ķ.)

by some the millet, of a ruminant animal]: (K in

art. قطن:) or it signifies + the thing [or part] in

which is the fodder, of the horse. (M and TA in art. م and in the present art.) One says, ومّانة مُالِّتُ الدَّابَةُ رُمَّانَتُهَا [The beast filled its].

(TA.) And أَكُلُ حَتَّى نَتَأَتُّ رُمَّاتَتُهُ, meaning + He ate until his navel with the parts around it pro-

jected. (TA.) - [+ A knob of metal, of wood, and

of silk, &c.: so called as resembling in shape a

pomegranate.] __ And [for the same reason] + The

weight of a steelyard, or Roman balance. (MA.)

[Also applied in the present day to + The steelyard

itself; and so itself.]

[Of, or relating to, the pomegranate. __]
A seller of رَمَّان (or pomegranates]. (TA.) __
[Of the colour of the pomegranate. __ † Rubycoloured. __ And, accord. to Golius, on the authority of a gloss in a copy of the KL, † The
ruby itself.]

مُانية A kind of food prepared with pomegranates. (KL.)

رُمَّانَةٌ dim. of رُمَّانَةٌ [or rather of رُمَّانَةٌ, the n. un.]. (TA.)

word is perfectly decl., unless when used as a proper name, in which case it is imperfectly decl., being made to accord to the majority [of proper (T,) are numerous therein. (T, K.)

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رمًا, mentioned under this head in the M, see the art. here following.

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1. رَمَى الشَّيْءَ (T, S, M, K,) aor. رَمَى الشَّيْءَ (T,) inf. n. رمّى به (T, M;) and زمّى; (M, K;) He من يده (S, K,) من يده threw, cast, or flung, the thing, from his hand; (S, TA;) as also ارمى; (M, M: [in the Ķ it] : ارمي الشَّيْءَ مِنْ يَدِهِ M: [in the Ķ it is implied that one says also ارمى , agreeably with a phrase mentioned in what follows:]) you say, أَرْمَيْتُ † الحَجَرَ مِنْ يَدي I threw the stone أرمى ♦ الفُرسُ بِرَاكِبِه and إِرَاكِبِه from my hand: (Ṣ:) and The horse threm, or threm down, [i. c. threw off,] his rider : (T :) الْرُجُلُ (: This rider : (T :) الْرُجُلُ [i.e., as meaning زَمْیّتُهُ بِیَدِی; which may be rendered I threw him (the man) with my hand; and also I threw, or shot, at him (the man) with my hand;] but when you remove him from his l threw أَرْمَيْتُهُ * عَنِ الفَرَسِ وَغَيْرِهِ [I threw him, or threw him down or off, from the horse .fc.]: (Msb:) and طَعْنَهُ فَأَرْمَاهُ * عَنْ فَرْسِهِ mean, طَعْنَهُ فَأَرْمَاهُ * ing [He thrust him, or pierced him, with his spear,] and threw him, or threw him down [or off], from his horse: (El-Fárábee, S, Msb:) and I threw down the أَرْمَيْتُ لا الحِمْلَ عَنْ ظَهْر البَعير load from the back of the camel. (T.) in the Kur [viii. 17], is إِذْ رَمَيْتَ وَلَانٌ ٱللهُ رَمَى said by Aboo-Is-hak to be tropical, and to mean And thou didst not cast [in effect, or] so as to attain the point that was attained, [when thou didst cast,] but God [cast in effect, i.e.,] overruled the casting: or, accord. to Abu-l-'Abbás, the meaning is, + thou didst not cast fear, or terror, into their hearts, when thou didst cast the pebbles, [but God cast the fear, or terror:] or, accord. to Mbr, + thou didst not cast with thy strength, when thou didst cast, but with the strength of God thou didst cast [so that in effect God cast]. (T. [See also another explanation in what follows.]) _[رمى بسلحه] _ IIe cast forth his excrement, or ordure, or properly, in a thin state, is a phrase of frequent occurrence.] - You say also, رَمْيْتُ بِالسَّهْمِ [I shot the arrow], inf. n. (Ş, M, Mşb,) رَمَى عَنِ القَوْسِ And (.ج). رَمَايَةُ or رَمَى السَّهْرَ عَنِ الْقُوْسِ, (Mgh, K,) and رَمَى السَّهْرَ عَنِ الْقُوْسِ, (Mgh, M,) and رَمْنَى (Ṣ, M, Mgh, M,b, K,) inf. n. K) and رماية, (Mgh, K,) [He shot, or shot the arrow, from, and upon, meaning with, the bow;] and accord. to El-Ghooree, walso; (Mgh;) but one should not say رمى بها, (Ş, M, Mşb, K,) unless meaning "he threw it from his hand;" رَمَى or] though some make it to mean على or عن to be instead of ب مَلَيَّهَا, making the (Mab.) _ And رَمَى القَنْص (S, M,) or الصَّيْدُ, (Ete shot, or shot at, the animal, or animals, of رَمْی Meb,) or رمایة and رمین (Meb,) or and none other. (M.) [And رَمَاهُ بِكُذِا He threw at him, cast at him, or shot at him, with such a