Prophet: (Bd, Jel:) or shall be cloven on the day of resurrection: but the former is confirmed by another reading, وَقَد ٱنْشَقَّ الْقَهُر (Bd:) or, accord. to Er-Rághib, the meaning is, † the case hath become manifest. (TA.) One says, انشق The thing became cloven, &c., in الشَّىٰ ينصُّفَيْنِ halves]. (S.) [And انشق منه It became cloven, &c., from it: and it branched off from it; as a river from another river, and the like. And It clave asunder from over it, so as to انشق عنه انشق فلان [Hence,] __ [Hence,] انشق فلان † Such a one was as though his interior were filled with anger so that he split. (TA.) -And انْشَقْت العَصَا † The affair, or state of affairs, became discomposed, deranged, or disordered: (Ṣ, Ķ, TA:) and بالبين, and (Lth, M, TA,) + the affair, or state of affairs, became discomposed, deranged, or disorganized, by separation : (Lth, TA :) and انشق the affair, or state of affairs, became discomposed, deranged, or disorganized, being incongruous, or inconsistent. (M, TA.) And † [The compact of allegiance, or obedience, became broken]. (M.) __ انشق __ said of lightning: see 1, in the latter half of the paragraph.

of a شق signifies The taking the اشتقاق thing, (S, K,) i. c. the half thereof. (S.) One says, شقّ He took the اشتق الشّي [or half] of the thing. (TK.) - And + The taking [or deriving] a word from a word, (S, K,) with the condition of reciprocal relation in meaning and [radical] composition, and of reciprocal difference in form : [and it is of three kinds :] الاشْتقَاقُ الصَّغيرُ is that derivation in which there is a reciprocal relation between the two words in the letters and in the order [thereof]; as in ضَرَبُ from : الضَّرْبُ is that in which there is a reciprocal الاشتقاق الكبير relation between the two words as to the letter and the meaning, exclusively of the order; as in is that in الاشتقاق الأُكْبَرُ : الجَذْبُ from جَبَدَ which there is a reciprocal relation between the two words in the place [or places] of utterance; as in نَعْقَ from النَّهْقُ (KT.) [You say, النَّهْقُ or كُلْهَةً or كُلْهُ di, and أُسُهًا, He derived a word, and a name, مِنْ آخَر from another; and sometimes signifies the same, as is shown (see 8 in art. إختراع,)] The constructing, or founding, (بنيان,) of a thing of, or from, what is originated without premeditation. (M.) - And ! The taking to the right and left, (S, K, TA,) not pursuing the right, or direct, course, (S, TA,) in speech, and in contention, or disputation, or litigation : (S, K, TA :) or اشْتَعَاقُ الكُلام signifies the taking to the right and left in speech: (so in a copy of the M: [but I think that the right reading is الإشْتِقَاقُ فِي الكَلَامِ, agreeably with what here follows :]) you say, اشتق في الكلام, and في الخصومة. (TK.) See also 6. And [in like manner] one says of a horse, اشتق في عَدُوه † He deem not anything little that is given as alms. K:) [but this is app. taken from the following Bk. I.

[See also مُشَقُّ الطَّرِيقُ فِي الفَلَاةِ __ ([.أَشَقُّ See also إِنَّ الْفَلَاةِ __ إِنَّ الْفَلَاةِ __ road ment [or branched off] into the desert. (TA. [See also 7.])

10. استشق بالجوالق He turned the sach upon one of his two sides (عَلَى أُحَد شَقَيْه), in order to pass through a door. (TA.) ___ [استشق , as stated by Freytag, is expl. by Jac. Schultens, but on what authority is not said, as signifying "Prodiit, manifestus evasit."]

R. Q. 1. مُقْشَقَة , (JK, S, K,) inf. n. مُقْشَقَ , (S,) said of a stallion [camel], He brayed [in his مُعْشَقَة, or faucial bag]. (JK, S, K.) [It is said that] the primary meaning of is Loudness of voice; or the being loud in voice. (JK.) -And said of a sparrow, It uttered a cry: (K. TA:) or one says of a sparrow, يُشَقُّشُقُ فِي صَوْتِه [app. meaning It makes a loud twittering in its cry]. (Ş.)

sing. of ثُقُوقٌ ; (Ş, Mgh, Msh, K;) originally an inf. n.; (S, Msb;) An opening forming an interstice in a thing: (Msb:) or a fissure, cleft, chink, split, slit, rent, crack, or the like, syn. in wood or a stick, or in a wall, or in a glass vessel [&c.]: (T, TA:) [or] a place that is i. c. cloven or cleft, split, &c. : (see 1, first sentence : and see also مَشَقَّى and often signifying an incision, a gash, or a furrow, or trench]: (M, K:) as though an inf. n. used as a subst. in this sense: pl. as above, شُقُوقُ : (M:) it differs from بُقَاقٌ, (Ṣ, Mgh,) by having a general signification: (Mgh:) accord. to Yankoob, one says, (Ṣ) [i. c. In برجله (Ṣ, Mgh) and بيد فَلَانِ شُقُوقٌ the hand, or arm, of such a one are cracks, or the like, and in his foot, or leg]: but [it is asserted that in this case] one should not say شُقَاقَ : (S, Mgh: [see, however, this word:]) and hence, The trench, or oblong excavation, in the شق القبر middle of the grave: and accord. to As, significs مدوع [i. e. fissures, &c.,] in mountains, and in the earth, or ground. (Mgh.) - The rima vulvæ of a woman; i.e. the gap [or chink] between the two edges, or borders, of the lubia majora of her vulva : as also أَشُقُ (M, K.) _ And ! The daybreak. (S, K, TA.) = See also the next paragraph, first and fifth sentences. And see the last two sentences of the same para-

The half (S, Mgh, Msb, K) of a thing (S, Msb, K) of any kind; as also * شُقُّ : (K:) or the half of a thing when it is cloven, or split, or divided lengthwise; (M;) as also مُقَةُ (AHn, شَقَّةُ * and أُخَذُتُ شُقَّ الشَّاة , One says أُخَذُتُ شُقَّ الشَّاة I took the half of the sheep or goat: (S, TA:) the vulgar pronounce the with fet-h. شقّة * Take thou this خُذُ هُذَا الشِّقَ TAk [i. e. half] of the sheep or goat. (TA.) Hence i. e. [Give ye تَصَدَّقُوا وَلُوْ بِشِقِّ تَمْرَة i. e. alms though it be but] the half of a date; meaning

nent to the right and left in his running. (M. (TA.) And الْهَالُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ شِقَّ الشَّعَرَة (O, K, ° [in the CK and in my MS. copy of the K , but the former reading appears being an inf. n. as in a similar عُثَّى, being an inf. n. saying in the former half of the first paragraph of being a subst. used as an inf. n. or for كُشْق,]) meaning [The property is between us] two halves, equal [in division]. (K.) ___ [Hence,] A certain kind of the jinn, or genii; (Ibn-Abbad, O, K;) a species of diabolical beings having the form of the half of a human being. (Kzw in his Descr. of the Jinn.) __ The lateral half, or half and side; as when one says that a person paralyzed has a شق inclining; and as meaning مُحْمِل of a مُحْمِل (meaning either of the two dorsers, or panniers, or oblong chests, which are borne, one on either side, by a camel, and which, with a small tent over them, compose a مُحَارَة see this last word, and (Mgh.) _ The side of the body; as when one says of a person that his left as was grazed, or abraded. (Mgh.) [Hence,] one says of a horse, IIe inclines, or leans, upon يَمِيلُ عَلَى أَحَدِ شُقَّيْهِ one of his two sides]. (O.) [And مُشَى عَلَى شِقِّ and في شق He went, or walked, inclining upon one side.] _ The side, or lateral part, (Lth, Msb, K, TA,) of a thing; the two sides of a thing being called شقاه: (Lth, TA:) or, as some say, (TA,) the side of a mountain. (S, TA.) [Hence,] فَلَانْ مِنْ شِقِّ العَشِيرَةِ لَا مِنْ صَمِيمِهَا ,one says + [Such a one is of the collateral class of the kinsfolk, or tribe, not of the main stock thereof]. (Mgh in art. عرض , (S, Msb, K;) [which primarily signifies The cloven-off half of a thing; i. e.,] when a thing is cloven in of the شَقيق of the halves is called the شَقيق other. (S, K.) - [And hence, + The counterpart of a person or thing: and this appears to be meant by J, and accord. to SM in the K, where it is said that شَقَّى * is syn. with شُقَّى; for they هُوَ أُخِي وَشِقِّ add immediately after:] one says lHe is my brother, and the counterpart of : myself]; (S, TA;) as though he were cloven from me, because of the resemblance of each of us to the other. (TA.) One says also, مذًا , meaning + This is the like of him, or it. (TA.) And [hence] it is said in a trad., النَّاء شَقِيقٌ † is the pl. of شَقَائقُ lin which شَقَائقُ الرِّجَال as fem., or of مُقيقة in the same sense,] meaning + Women are the likes of men in natural dispositions; as though they were cloven from them; or because Eve was created from Adam. (TA.) . And ‡ A man's brother ; (M ;) and so \$ بُقَيْقُ ; (S, M, O, K, TA;) meaning a brother by the as meaning شَقَيْقُ as meaning "either half of a thing that is cloven in halves;" (S, TA;) or as though the relationship of one were cloven from that of the other: (IDrd, O, K:) pl. of the latter [in]. (M, Msh.) _ And a name for A thing at which one looks: (Lth. O.