أَدْبُ , (S, M, K,) or, accord. to some, أَدْبُ (TA,) Wonderful; or a wonderful thing; syn. (S, M, K;) as also lin the latter sense]. (K.) You say, أَجُاءَ فَلَانَ بِأُمْرِ إِدْبِ Such a one did a wonderful thing. (As, T.°) See also أُدَبُ, last sentence.

أَدْبُ see إِذْبُ, in two places.

, so termed because it invites men to the acquisition of praiseworthy qualities and dispositions, and forbids them from acquiring such as are evil, (T, Mgh,) signifies Discipline of the mind; and good qualities and attributes of the mind or soul: (Msb:) or every praiseworthy discipline by which a man is trained in any excellence: (AZ, Mgh, Msb:) [good discipline of the mind and manners; good education; good breeding; good manners; politeness; polite accomplishments:] i. q. فارق [as meaning excellence, or elegance, of mind, manners, address, and speech]: and a good manner of taking or receiving [what is given or offered or imparted, or what is to be acquired]: (M, A, K:) or good qualities and attributes of the mind or soul, and the doing of generous or honourable actions: (El-Jawalcekee:) or the practice of what is praiseworthy both in words and actions: or the holding, or heeping, to those things which are approved, or deemed good: or the honouring of those who are above one, and being gentle, courteous, or civil, to those who are below one: (Towsheeh:) or a faculty which preserves him in whom it exists from what would disgrace him: (MF:) it is of two kinds, -[which embraces all the significations explained above], and أَدَبُ الدَّرْسِ [which signifies the discipline to be observed in the prosecution of study, by the disciple with respect to the preceptor, and by the preceptor with respect to the disciple: see "Haji Khalfæ Lexicon," Vol. I. p. 212]: (S, Btl, Mgh:) [also deportment, or a mode of conduct or behaviour, absolutely; for one speaks of good أَدُب and bad إ: أُدُب the pl. is [which is often employed, and so is the sing. also, as signifying the rules of discipline to be observed in the exercise of a function, such as that of a judge, and of a governor; and in the exercise of an art, such as that of the disputer, and the orator, and the poet, and the scribe; &c.]. (Msb.) signifies [The science of philology; or] the science by which one guards against error in the language of the Arabs, with respect to words and with respect to writing; (" Haji Khalfæ Lexicon," Vol. I. p. 215;) [and so, simply, الأَدْبُ: which is also used to signify polite literature: but in this sense, and likewise] as applied to the sciences relating to the Arabic language, [or the philological sciences, which are also termed is a post-classical term, العُلُومُ الأَدَبُ أَتُ الْ innovated in the time of El-Islam. (El-Jawa-أُدْبُ \* البَّدِرِ A, K,) or أُدَبُ البَّدِرِ (T, L,) | The abundance of the water of the sea. (T, A, L, K.)

أَرْبُ see عَادِيةُ : and see also : أَرْبُ

أدب Of, or relating to, what is termed أدبي ,

sentence but one.]

أدب Characterized by what is termed أديب [or good discipline of the mind and manners, &c.; i. e. well-disciplined, well-educated, well-bred, or well-mannered; polite; instructed in polite accomplishments, or an elegant scholar; &c.]: (T, S, M, Mgh, K:) pl. اُدِيانَ (M, K.) \_ See also .مَؤَدَّبُ

[originally أأَدُب [originally آدب] آدب terized by what is termed i, i. e. better, or best, disciplined, educated, bred, or mannered; more, or most, polite; &c.]. You say, هُوَ مِنْ أَدْب [He is of the best disciplined, &c., of

One who invites people to a repast, or banquet : (T, S, Msb :) pl. ici. (TA.)

: see what next follows, in two places.

A repast, or banquet, to which guests are invited; (A'Obeyd, T, S, M, Mgh, Msb, K;) or made on account of a wedding: (M, K:) as also المائية (S, M, Msb, K,) or, accord. to A'Obeyd, this latter has a different signification, as will be seen below, (TA,) and أُدْبُهُ \* (IJ,) and أُدْبُهُ \* (M, K:) pl. مَأْدِبُ. (Ş.) In a trad., the Kur-án is called مَأْدَبَة بن مَأْدُبَةُ اللهِ فِي الأَرْضِ or بَاذَبَة and A'Obeyd says that, if we read مادية, the meaning is, God's repast which He has made in the earth, and to which He has invited mankind; but if we read مُفْعِلَة, this word is of the measure مُأْدِية from الأدب, [and the meaning is, a means which God has prepared in the earth for men's learning good discipline of the mind, &c.; it being a noun similar to مُكْثَرَةً and مَكْثَرَةً &c. :] El-Ahmar, however, makes both words synonymous. (T, M,\* TA.)

see what next precedes.

A camel well-trained and broken. (T, L.)

occurring in a verse of 'Adee, [which I do not anywhere find quoted,] She [app. a bride] for whom a repast, or banquet, has been made. (TA.)

1. أَدْرُ , aor. - , (T, M, Msb, K,) inf. n. أُدْرُ (Lth, T, S, Mgh) and أُدْرَةُ (Lth, TA,) or أُدْرَةُ (as in the TT,) or أَدُرَة is a simple subst., (M, K,) and so is أُدُرَةً, (K,) He (a man, S) had the disorder termed i,i. (T, S, M, &c.)

a subst. from أَدْرِ see أَدْر, below;] (K;) as also اُدَرَةُ (M, K:) the former signifies [A scrotal hernia;] an inflation in the ----- [or the testicle, or the scratum]: (T, \$:) or an inflation of the ace: (Msb:) or a disorder consisting in an inflation, or a swelling, of the خصيتان, and their becoming greatly enlarged with matter or wind therein: (Esh-Shihab, on the Soorat el-

or الأَدْبِ Hence, الأَدْبِيّاتُ: see أَدْرَةً أَلَاهُمُ last and أَدْرَةً also signifies what is vulgarly termed [meaning in the present day a scrotal hernia]: or, accord. to some, i. q. accord. (TA.) [See also 1.]

> : see أَدْرَةُ ; in two places. [See also 1.] (M, مَأْدُورْ \* (T, S, M, Mgh, Mab, K) and مُأْدُورْ \* K) A man (S) [having a scrotal hernia; or] having an inflation in the and [or the testicle, or the scrotum]: (T, \$:) or having an inflation of the مَفْق : (Msb:) or having his صفاق [or inner skin] ruptured, so that [some of] his intestines fall into his scrotum; the rupture being in every instance only in the left side: or afflicted by a rupture in one of his خُصيان [or in either half of the scrotum]: (M, K:) or having a largeness of the مُصَى (Mgh:) pl. of the former, أدر (K.) مادير, (Msb, K;) and of the latter Accord to some, (M,) عُصِية أَدْرَاء signifies [A testicle, or scrotum,] large, without rupture. (M, K.)

آدُرُ see : مَأْدُورُ

: أَدْمُ aor. -, (M, Mab, K,) inf. n. أَدْمُ الخُبْزَ .1 (M, M,b) and ۱ أدمه (M,b, K,) inf. n. إيدام; (TK:) He mixed the bread with or [or seasoning; i. e. he seasoned it]; (M, K;) he made the swallowing of the bread to be good, or agreeable, by means of إدام [or seasoning]. (Msb.) You say also, أَدَمَ الخُبْزُ بِاللَّحْمِ, aor. -, [He seasoned the bread, or rendered it savoury, with flesh-meat,] from أَدُمُ and إِذَامُ signifying مَا يُؤْتَدُمُ بِهِ . (Ṣ.) مَا يُؤْتَدُمُ بِهِ , signifying إِذَامُ (Ṣ.) (Ṣ.) أَدُمُ القَوْمُ . (Ṣ.) أَدُمُ القَوْمُ . (Ṣ.) (TA;) or both; (TA;) He seasoned for the people, or company of men, (أَدُمُ لَهُمْ , [in the CK, erroneously, أدام لهم,]) their bread; (M, K, TA;) i. e., mixed it [for them] with .!. in the first of the senses أَدُمُ (TA.) \_\_ [From أَدُمُ explained above, is app. derived the phrase,] He mixed him, associated him, or united him in company, with his family. (M.) [And in like manner,] أَدُمْ بِينَهُمْ (T, S,) or بِينَهُوْ (M, M, M, b, \* K,) aor. , (T, M, M, b, K,) inf. n. أَدُمْ; (T, M, Msb;) and أَدُمْ, (T, S, M, Msb, K,) inf. n. إيدام ; (T, TA;) He (God, T, S, M, or a man, Mab) effected a reconciliation between them : brought them together; (S, M, Msb, K; [expl. in the M and K by , for which we find in the CK ();]) made them sociable, or familiar, one with another; (S, Msb, TA;) and made them to agree: (TA:) or induced love and agreement between them : held by A'Obeyd to be from because thereby food is made good and pleasant. (T.) It is said in a trad., وَفَاتُهُ أُحْرَى أَنْ يُؤْدَمُ بَيْنَكُمَا meaning For it is most fit, or meet, that there should be, between you two, love and agreement: (T, S:) or, that peace, or reconciliation, and friendship, should continue between you two. (Msb.) And a poet says,

وَالبِيضُ لَا يُؤْدِمُنَ \* إِلَّا مُؤْدَمَا \*

Ahzab:) or a largeness of the .: (Mgh:) i. e. [And the pure, or free from faults, among