men, and remoteness of hearts from feelings of love or affection; from esignifying "a wild beast," or " wild beasts, of the desert :" (Msb :) unsociableness; unfriendliness; unsocialness; unfamiliarity; shyness; wildness: [in all the above senses] contr. of انْسُن T, S, A, K, in art. اَنْس .) [Hence, مُنْلُهُ الوَحْشَة The night of loneliness, &c. ; the first night after burial : also تَرَكْتُهُ فِي You say, رَبُّلَةُ الوَحْدَةِ called I left him in loneliness, or solitude. (TK.) And أَخَذَتُهُ الوَحَشَةُ Sadness, grief, sorrow, or disquietude or trouble of mind, or sadness, &c., arising from loneliness or solitude, laid hold upon him. (TA.)

[Of, or belonging to, or relating to, the desert : and hence, wild; untamed; undomesticated; uncivilized; unfamiliar: and often used as an epithet in which the quality of a subst. is predominant] : see وَحَشّ , in three places : i. q. (. نوع Mz, 13th وحشية الفظة وحشية ا The right side of anything: (AZ, AA, S, K, &c. :) or the left side (As, S, A, K,) of anything. (As, S.) [For more full explanations of this term, and its contr. , in relation to a beast and to a man, see the latter term: of a beast, accord. to most authorities, it is The right, far or off, side. See an ex. in a verse cited voce دَفُ.] Of the arm or hand, and of the leg or foot, The back; انْسَىٰ signifying the side that is towards the man: (\$\hat{\S};) or of the foot, the former means [the outer side, or] the side that is the more remote from the other foot; the latter being the contr., or that which is towards the other foot. (TA.) Of a bow, (S, K,) or of a Persian bow, (TA,) The back; and انسى, the side that is towards thee: (S, K :) or of a bow, whether Persian or not is not said, the former means the side against which the arrow does not lie. (TA.) And الجانب الوحيش signifies the same as الوَحْشَى. (IAar.) _ A sort of fig, that grows in the mountains and in the remote parts of valleys, of every colour, black and red and white; it is the smallest of figs, [in the TA, smaller than the تين,] and when eaten newly plucked it burns the mouth; but it is dried. (AHn, L.) _ وَحَشِيّة [or وَحَشِيّة A wind that enters one's clothes, by reason of its vehemence. (K.)

, applied to a man, Sad; sorrowful: pl. وَحَاشَى (K.)

see وَحَشَّى, (of which it is a quasi-pl. n.,) in two places: __ and see .

see وَحَشْ , first sentence, and near the

abounding with, (K,) wild animals, or animals of the desert. (Fr, S, A, K.) [See أرض مجرودة in art. جرد.] In [some of] the copies of the K, , which is a mistake. (TA.)

first sentence, and near , وَحْشَى

first sentence. وَحُشْ see : أَرْضُ مُسْتَوْحِشَةُ

[eas &c.

See Supplement.]

R. Q. 1. وخوخ His belly was, or became, flabby. (TA, voce)

A fat and fleshy man, whose flesh shakes: (L:) having a flaccid belly, and dilated skin ; (L, K;) as also بُغْبَاخ : (L:) lazy ; (L, K;) unwilling to work: (L:) lazy or heavy : (L:) weak: (S, K:) a weak coward: (L:) ad venerum impotens; (L, K;) as also بَحْبَاخ and ذُوْذُخ : (L:) qui se polluit, aut concacat, tempore coitus; as also نخباخ and ذوذخ . (IAar.) _ Anything flaccid: (L:) and particularly a flaccid date: (K:) or a date having a flaccid skin: (L:) or a date having no sweetness nor taste. (IAar.)

وَخُدَانُ aor. أَيْخُدُ , inf. n. وُخُدُ , and (S, A, L, K) and وخيد (K,) He (a camel) went along throwing out his legs like the ostrich: (S, L, K:) or went quickly: or went with wide steps: (L, K:) as also غدى (L:) also said of a horse, (Kr, L,) and of an ostrtch. (TA.) See -

(L, وَخُودٌ * and) وَخُادٌ * (S, L, K,) and وَخُادٌ * (L, K) A camel going along, or that goes along, throwing out his legs like the ostrich: (S, L, K:) or, quickly: or, with wide steps. (L, K.) The second [which is an intensive or frequentative epithet] is also applied to an ostrich : and the third [which is intensive] to a she-camel. (L.)

. أَخَذَ .c.: see art. وَخُذَ

1. وَخُزُهُ , (Ṣ, A, Mṣb,) aor. يَخْزُهُ , (Mṣb,) inf. n. وخز (S, A, Mab, K) He pierced, stabbed, or pricked him, with a spear, (S, A, Msb, K,) or other thing, (K,) or with the like of a spear, as

A land having, (Fr, S, A,) or a dagger, (S,) and a needle, (A, Meb,) &c., (Msb,) not making the instrument to pass th ugh: (S, A, Mab, K:) or, as some say, he did so making the instrument to pass through: in a trad., the plague (الطَّاعُون) is said to be a inflicted by jinn, or genii; and the word in this instance is explained by some agreeably with the former rendering, and by some agreeably with the latter : or signifies a slight piercing, and is like a goading: so accord. to Khálid وخز في Ibn-Jembeh, who uses the expression He made a slight stab in her also signifies The act of scarifying; syn. تَبْزِيغ . (K. [So in a MS copy of the K, and this is the right reading: in the TA, تَبْزِيع, written with و, unpointed: in the CK, تَنْزِيع, with ن and ع instead of - and .]) You say of a farrier, He وَخُزَهُ بِمِبْضَعِ وَخُزًا خَفِيفًا لَا يَبْلُغُ العَصَبَ scarified it with a scarifier slightly, not penetrating to the sinens]; the pronoun referring to the hoof of a horse or the like, and the place of the operation being the part called the اتاعر. (Aboo-'Adnán, TA.)

> The plague; syn. طَاعُونْ. (TA.) See above. _ Pain: [or, app., a piercing, or pricking, pain :] as in the following ex. : إِنِّي لَاجِد [Verily I feel, in my arm, or في يدى وخزا hand, a pain, or a piercing, or pricking, pain]. (IAar, TA.)

(Ş) وُخُوشَةٌ and وَخَاشَةٌ . aor. مُر, inf. n وَخُشَ . 1 K) and وُخُوشٌ (TA,) It (a thing, S, TA,) became bad, vile, or base. (S, K, TA.)

Bad, vile, or base; applied to anything : (K:) low, ignoble, vile, base, or mean; the refuse, or lowest or basest or meanest sort, of mankind; (Lth, Az, S, Msh, K;) the abject, contemptible, or despicable, thereof; (Lth, Az, Mab;) used as a pl., (S, Msb, K,) and dual, (Msb,) and sing., and masc. and fem., without variation: (Msb, K:) but sometimes it is made fem. by the addition of 5: (IAar, ISd:) and has the dual form: (S, K) and has for its pl. أُوْخَاشُ (S, K) and (TA.) You . وَخُشَةُ TA.) You): وخَاشَ قَوْمْ وَخُشْ and امْرَأَةٌ وَخُشْ and رَجُلُ وَخُشْ say, [A man, and a roman, and a company of men, low, ignoble, &c.]. (TA.) And ذلك رَجُل مِن وَحْشِ That is a man of the low, ignoble, vile, base, or mean, of mankind. (S.) And جاءنى Some of the refuse, or lowest أُوْخَاشٌ مِنَ النَّاسِ or basest or meanest sort, of mankind came to me. (S.) And وَخُشُنْ is the same as وَخُشَنْ (TA:) the rájiz (Dahlab, TA) says,

جَارِيَةٌ لَيْسَتُ مِنَ الوَخْشَنِّ