

mentioned in this art.,] is explained in art. ردی.

ردی

1. رَدَى, aor. يَرْدِي, inf. n. رَدَى, *He* (a man, TA) *perished*. (S, M, M_{ab}, K.) [See an ex. in the Kur xx. 17.] — And رَدَى, (AZ, T, M, and so in a copy of the S.) aor. يَرْدِي, (AZ, T,) inf. n. رَدَى; (M;) or رَدَى; (K, and so in copies of the S;) or both of these verbs; aor. of the latter يَرْدِي; (TA;) and † تَرْدَى; (S, M, K;) *He fell into a well*: (AZ, *T, *S, K;) or *he tumbled down into a deep hollow, or cavity, or pit*: (M;) or † the last of these verbs has this meaning: (Lth, T;) or it signifies *he fell into a deep hollow, or cavity, or pit*: (M_{ab};) or *he tumbled down* (S) *from a mountain*: (AZ, T, S;) and so the first, or second: (S;) and † تَرْدَى signifies *he fell from a mountain and died*. (TA.) إِذَا † تَرْدَى, in the Kur [xcii. 11], means *When he falls into the abyss of the fire [of Hell]*: (T, *TA;) or *into the cavity of the grave*: or *into the lowest depth of Hell*: or *when he perishes*: (Bd;) or *when he dies*. (T.) — And رَدَى *He* (a man) *went away*. (K.) You say, مَا أَذْرَى أَيْنَ رَدَى I know not whither he went away, or has gone away. (S.) = رَدَاهُ, (S, M, K,) aor. يَرْدِي, (M,) inf. n. رَدَى, (TK,) *He broke it*: (M, K;) namely, a thing with a stone: (M;) or *he beat it*, [or *battered it*], namely, a stone with a piece of rock, or with a pickaxe, in order to break it. (S.) — And *He dashed himself against him, or knocked against him*, (S, K, TA,) like as the pickaxe knocks against the stone. (TA.) — And رَدَاهُ بِحَجَرٍ, (T, K,) or رَدَاهُ بِحَجَرَةٍ, (S,) aor. يَرْدِي, inf. n. رَدَى; (T;) and يَرْدُو, (K and TA in art. ردو,) aor. يَرْدُو, inf. n. رَدُو, (TA,) with و for the final radical; (K, TA;) [like رَدَاهُ, and رَدَاهُ;] *He threw at him, or threw at him and hit him, with a stone, or stones*. (T, S, M.) [It is also said in the T, with reference to مِرْدَاة, as signifying a large stone with which other stones are beaten, or battered, رَدَاهُ بِحَجَرٍ; but I think that رَدَاهُ is a mistranscription for دَفَعَ; and that the meaning intended to be expressed by these words is, that رَدَى signifies *The thrusting with a مِرْدَاة; and the throwing it, or with it*.] — [Hence, app.] رَدَى said of a horse, (As, ISk, T, S, M, K,) aor. يَرْدِي, (As, ISk, T, S, K,) inf. n. رَدَى and رَدِيَان; (ISk, S, M, K;) and رَدَا, (K and TA in art. ردو, [in the CK, و is omitted before the word لَفْع in that art.]) aor. يَرْدُو, (TA;) [and, accord. to Freytag, † ارتدى is used in the same sense by Jereer;] *He beat, or battered, the ground, (رَجَمَ) with his hoofs*, (As, ISk, T, S, M, K,) *in running*, (As, T,) or *in going along, and in running*, (M,) or *in going a pace between running and vehement walking*: (ISk, S;) or رَدِيَان signifies *the same as تَقَرُّبٌ*: (AZ, T, M; [see 2 in art. قرب:]) or it is [a manner of going] *between running and walking*: (K;) or the *running* (T, S, M) of the horse (T) or of the

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ass (S, M) *between his أَرَى [or place of confinement, or the loop to which he is tied,] and his مُتَعَكِّ [or place of rolling upon the ground]*; (T, S, M;) thus explained by El-Munteji' Ibn-Nebhán, (T, S,) to As. (S.) In the K, رَجَمَتْ is erroneously put for رَجَمَ; being app. taken from the M, in which it refers to horses; [not to a single horse;] as does also the pronoun in بِحَوَافِرِهِ, in the same portion of the passage in the K and in the M. (TA.) Accord. to AZ, this is from رَدِيَانُ الْجَوَارِي, explained in what follows. (Ham p. 221.) — You say, رَدَتْ الْجَارِيَةُ *The girl raised one leg and went along upon the other, in play*; (K, TA;) and so † ارْتَدَتْ: (TA;) and رَدِيَانُ الْجَوَارِي, inf. n. رَدِيَان; (M;) or † يَرْتَدِينَ; (T;) *the girls played*, (T, M,) *raising one leg*, (M,) or *one of them raising one leg*, (T,) and *going along upon the other*: (T, M;) or رَدِيَانُ الْجَوَارِي signifies *the girls' playing in which one of them raises one leg and steps with the other two steps, and then puts it down and raises the other, doing thus several times*. (AZ, Ham p. 221.) And رَدَى الْغُلَامُ *The boy raised one leg and leaped, or jumped, [or hopped,] with the other*. (S.) And رَدَى الْغُرَابُ, (M, K,) aor. يَرْدِي, (T,) *The crow, or raven, raised one leg and hopped on the other; or leaped along*. (T, M, K.) = رَدَتْ غَنِيٌّ *My sheep, or goats, increased, or exceeded; as also † ارْتَدَتْ*. (Fr, M, K.) — And رَدَيْتُ عَلَى الشَّيْءِ and † ارْدَيْتُ *I exceeded the thing*. (M.) And رَدَى عَلَى غَيْرِهِ *It exceeded another thing; as also ارْدَا [q. v.]*. (M in art. ردأ.) And رَدَيْتُ عَلَى الْخَمْسِينَ, (S, M, *) and رَدَيْتُ عَلَى الثَّمَانِينَ, (M,) and † ارْدَيْتُ, (S,) *I exceeded [the age of fifty, and eighty]*. (S, M, *)

2. رَدَاهُ, (M_{ab}, K,) inf. n. تَرْدِيَةٌ, (M_{ab},) *He made him to fall, or threw him down*, (M_{ab}, K,) *into a deep hollow, or cavity, or pit*, (M_{ab};) or *into a well*; as also † ارْدَاهُ. (K.) *He* (God) *overthrew him*; as also † ارْدَاهُ. (M.) = رَدَيْتُهُ, inf. n. as above, *I clad him with a رَدَا [q. v.]*. (S.)

3. مُرَادَاةٌ, (S, K, *) inf. n. رَدَاةٌ, (S,) *I contended in throwing stones in defence of the people, or party*. (S, K, *) = رَدَاهُ, (T, S, M, K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) is also syn. with رَاوَدَهُ [He endeavoured to turn him; or to turn him by blandishment, or by deceitful arts; or to entice him to turn]; (S, M, K;) formed from the latter by transposition; (S;) or دَاوَرَهُ [which means the same]; *to the thing, or affair*: (T as on the authority of A'Obeyd;) and دَارَاهُ [which means the same; or *he treated him with gentleness, or blandishment; soothed, coaxed, wheedled, or cajoled, him; or he deceived, deluded, beguiled, circumvented, or outwitted, him; or endeavoured, or desired, to do so*]; (S, M, K; the first as on the authority of A'Obeyd;) or, accord. to AA, i. q. دَاوَاهُ and دَاوَاهُ [all of which are syn. with دَارَاهُ]. (T.)

4. ارْدَاهُ *He* (i. e. God, M, or another, S, M, *) *caused him to perish; or destroyed him*. (S, M,

K.) Hence, (M,) in the Kur [xxxvii. 54], إِنَّ كِدْتَ تَرْدِينِ *Verily thou almost causedst me to perish, or destroyedst me*. (T, M, *) — See also 2, in two places. — Also *He made him* (i. e. a horse) *to go in the manner signified by the verb رَدَى [q. v., meaning, beating, or battering, the ground, &c.]*: so accord. to the M and K, except that, in both, the fem. pronoun is used, in the M referring to horses, and in the K improperly referring to a single horse. (TA.) — See also 1, last four sentences.

5. تَرْدَى: see 1, second and third sentences, in four places. — *He was, or became, overthrown*. (M.) = Also, and † ارتدى, *He put on, or clad himself with, or wore, a رَدَا [q. v.]*: (S, K; but in the latter the verbs are fem. [as said of a woman].) or so تَرْدَى بِرَدَاً and † ارتدى بِهِ. (M, M_{ab}.) — And تَرْدَى بِسَيْفِهِ, and † ارتدى † *He hung upon himself his sword, putting its suspensory belt or cord upon his neck or shoulder; syn. تَقَلَّدَهُ*. (M.) — And تَرْدَتْ الْجَارِيَةُ † *The girl, or young woman, put on, or decked herself with, a وَشَاح [q. v.]*, which is also called رَدَا. (T, K.)

8. ارتدى: see 1, in the latter half of the paragraph, in three places. = See also 5, in three places: and see an ex. voce رَدَا. — [Hence,] ارتداني *He carried me, or bore me, upon his shoulder, in the place of the رَدَا*. (Ham p. 471.)

رَدَى an inf. n. of رَدَى [q. v.]. (S, M, M_{ab}, K.) = Also *Excess, redundancy, or superfluity*; syn. زِيَادَةٌ: so in the saying, مَا بَلَغْتُ رَدَى عَطِيَّتِكَ *I have not attained to thy excess, &c., in thy gift*: and رَدَى قَوْلِكَ *The excess of thy saying pleases me*: and so in the saying of Kutheiyir,

لَهُ عَهْدٌ وَدَّ لَمْ يُكْتَرْ يَزِينُهُ
رَدَى قَوْلٍ مَعْرُوفٍ حَدِيثٍ وَمُزْمِنٍ

meaning [*He has a covenant of love, or affection, into which he has entered, which has not been sullied, and] which excess of kind speech, on his part, [recent and of long duration,] adorns*: (T;) or, [as ISd cites the verse,] رَدَى قَوْلٍ مَعْرُوفٍ &c.: [and he adds,] it is said, in explanation thereof, that رَدَى means زِيَادَةٌ; and I think that it is an inf. n., of the measure فَعْلٌ, like ضَحْكٌ and حَبِيْقٌ, or a subst. put in the place of an inf. n. (M.) = See also رَدَاةٌ.

رَدَ [originally رَدَى] *Perishing*; (IA_{ar}, T, S, M, K;) applied to a man: fem. رَوِيَةٌ. (S, K.) = See also the next preceding paragraph.

رَدَاةٌ *A mode, or manner, of wearing the رَدَا: (S, M, *M_{ab};) like رَكْبَةٌ from الرُّكُوبُ, and هُوَ حَسَنٌ from الجُلُوسُ*: (S;) you say, الرَّدِيَّةُ [*He is comely in respect of the manner of wearing the رَدَا*]. (S, M, M_{ab}.)

رَدَاةٌ *A rock; or piece of rock; or great mass of*