the verb doubly trans.: (TA:) or [this is allowable, as it is said that] AA has related this on the authority of an Arab of the desert : so in the K: but in the L, it is said that Seer has related this, from 'Amr, (meaning Sb,) from an Arab of the desert. (TA.) En-Nawawee allows the expression وَهُبِتُ كُذَا مِنْهُ, meaning, I gave such a thing to him, &c.; (being redundant, as in عُدُا منه "I sold such a thing to him;") as occurring in several trads. (MF.) -See 3. _ وَهَبَنِي ٱللَّهُ فِدَاكَ _ May God make me [or give me as] thy ransom! (IAar, K.) May I be made [or given as] thy ransom! Ibn-Umm-Kásim says, that eis one of the verbs which signify He caused to be, or to become: and he cites the above phrase from IAar; and adds, that the verb is only used in the pret. tense. Others assert it to be rare. (TA.) __ مُبْنى فَعَلْتُ ذٰلِكَ __ (Suppose me; syn. ظُنْنى; (AHei, cited by Fei;) or count me, or reckon me; syn. أُحْسَنِي وَأَعْدُدْنِي; (M, K;) [or grant me;] to have done that. (M, K.*) Suppose Zeyd to be going away, doubly trans.: (S:) but it is not used in this sense in the pret., nor in the aor. : (S, K:) you do not say وَهَبْتُكَ فَعَلْتَ ذِلكَ [I supposed thee to have done that] : nor (as some assert, Msb,) do you say أَنَّى فَعَلْتُ , (TA,) as say the vulgar, though what the grammarians say, respecting the class of verbs to which ظَنَنْتُ belongs, that and إِنّ and إِنّ with what follows them] may supply the place of the two objective complements, [as ظننت إنَّ and ظَنَنْتُ أَنَّ زُيْدًا قَائمٌ and ظَننت i thought Zeyd to be standing,"], "I thought Zeyd to affords matter for controverting this. (Msb.)

3. أواهَبُهُ فُوهَبُهُ عَلَى, aor. of the latter verb and , He strove to surpass him in giving, freely, or disinterestedly, and he surpassed him therein. (K.) [The former of the above aors., accord, to general opinion, is irregular; and the latter, regular; because the first radical letter is ; as in the case of وَاعَدُهُ فَوَعَدُهُ, aor. يَعِدُ or, accord. to the rule laid down by Ks, the reverse is perhaps the case, because the medial radical letter is a guttural. See Lumsden's Ar. Gram., p. 171.]

4. اوهب لهُ الشَّيْء He prepared, or made ready, the thing for him. (K.) _ أُوهَبِتُكُ الطُّعَامَ _ I prepared, or made ready, for thee the food and beverage, and abundance of them. (Tahdheeb el-Af'al.) But see this verb in an intrans. sense. __ أوهب الطّعام The food, or corn, or the like, became abundant and ample, so

I became capable of such a thing إثمر كذا and able to do it. (A.) _ الشَّى The thing was, or became, within thy power, or reach, so that thou mightest take it. (K.*) Related on the authority of IAar alone, who says, They أُوْهَبَ لَهُ الشَّيْءِ _ (TA.) .. أُوْهَبُتُهُ لَكَ did not say The thing was lasting to him. (A'Obeyd, AZ, S, K.) J cites the following verse :

[Large in the back of the neck, soft (or loose or flabby) in the flanks: dates of the best that El-Medeeneh produces, prepared with clarified butter, and leaven, are lasting (provisions) to him]. But 'Alee Ibn-Hamzeh says, that this is a mistake, and that the right reading is أَرْهَنْتُ , meaning "are prepared, and continued." So in a marginal note in a copy of the S. (TA.) [So too in the margin of one of my MS. copies

6. تواهبوا They gave gifts, one to another. (S, K.) _ فيهم التَّوَاهُبُ [They have a habit of mutually giving gifts]. (TA.) __ تُواهَبه __ [The people gave it ; one to another]. (TA.) _ وَلا التَّوَاهُبُ فِيهَا بُيْنَهُمْ ضَعَةً _ (TA.) their mutual giving of what is (possessed) among them (from fear of) humiliation]: i. e., they do not give by constraint. (TA, from a trad.)

8. إِزْتُهُبُ (originally إِرْتُهُبُ, TA,) He accepted a مَبْة , or gift. (S, Msb.) اتّبه He accepted it [as a gift]. (K.) إِتُّهَبُّتُ مِنْكَ دِرْهَمًا [I accepted from thee a dirhem, as a gift]. (L.)

10. استوهب هبة (Ṣ,) or استوهب, (Mab,) He asked for a هبة or gift. (S, Msb.) __ استوهبه [He asked him to give him a servant.] (K, art. مخدم.)

and doestowed); properly, one that is freely and disinterestedly given, not for any compensation; a free, or disinterested, gift. (L.) [In the K, the latter is explained as signifying simply a gift.] Pl. of the former مواهب; and of the latter, مواهب. (A, A هِبُةُ صَدَقَة : is of two kinds هِبَة A free gift, for no requital, or compensation: and هبة ثواب A gift for a requital, or compensation. This distinction is made in law, &c.]

that some of it was given away. (A.) = أَوْهَبْتُ (S, K) epithets from وَهُبُ (TA.)

first signifies Giving; properly, as a free gift, disinterestedly, and not for any compensation: or one who gives; &c.:] the others are intensive epithets, [as is said in the S of the third and fourth,] signifying one who gives liberally, or bountifully ; &c. : and in this sense الوهاب is used as an epithet of God; or, accord. to the Nh, it signifies He who dispenses his bounties universally and perpetually, freely, or without constraint, and disinterestedly, for no compensation. The 5 in talled to give more force to the intensiveness ; as in as in as (TA.)

and أَوْهُبُ substs. of وَهُبُ and " lie gave, &c.;" signifying A gift (or act of giving); properly, that is free and disinterested, not for any compensation; a free, or disinterested, donation]. (S, K, &c.) See 1.

A thing, such as food, prepared, ready, at one's hand. (S.)

A valley abounding with إ وَادِ مُوهِبُ الحَطَبِ fire-wood. (A.) = أُصْبَحَ فُلَانْ مُوهِبًا Such a one became prepared, or ready, (1326; so in an excellent copy of the S: in another copy, :) and able. (S.)

see عُبِهُ. _ ! A cloud falling [in rain] in any place : (K :) pl. مُوَاهِبُ you say خُثُرُت The rains became abundant المواهب في الأرض in the land. (TA.) _ and vais 1 A small pool of water left by a torrent: or the former only is the correct word, and the meaning of which, as explained in the S, is a small hollow, or cavity, in a mountain, in which water staynates : pl. مواهب : and in the T it is said that a small cavity, or hollow, in a rock, is called , with fet-h, being extr. [with respect to rule]. (TA.)

. مُوْهَبُةُ and مُوهبُ see مُوهبة

A thing given; properly, as a free gift, &c.: see the verb. (Msb.) _ مُوهُوبُ لَهُ Having a thing given to him; properly, as a free gift, &c. (Msb.) _ مُوهُوب A son; a child; offspring: and whatever is given to one by the Liberal, or Bountiful, Giver, i.e., by God. An epithet in which the character of a subst. is predominant. (TA.)

1. acr. بهت , inf. n. وهته , He trod, or stamped upon it vehemently. (L.) _ He pressed, compressed, or pressed against, him; or it; syn. (L, K.)

4. اوهت It (flesh-meat) became stinking : (S, K:) dial. form of ايهت. (TA.)

A depressed, or low, piece of ground: and أوهَابُهُ * and أوهَابُهُ * and أوهَابُهُ * (K.) pl. [or rather coll. gen. n. of which it is