I An eye of which the white is intermixed with redness: (S, A, K:) an eye in which is what is termed مَعْرَةُ سَجْرَاءُ __ (TA.) فَعُلْرَةً سَجْراً المِ إِنْ المِحْرِ termed مِنْ المِحْرِةُ المِحْرِةُ المِ turbid drop: (A, TA:) and in like manner (TA.) . نطفة

: see and also what here follows.

: see مسجّرة .__ Also [and app. اسجور A piece of wood, or stick, with which the fuel in an oven (تَنُور) is stirred. (A, L, TA.)

Filled: (AZ:) applied to the sea in this sense: (S:) or the sea [itself]: (K: [in the after البَحْر, it is made to signify "a sea of which the water is more than it is itself;" a meaning which, as there remarked, is not found in other lexicons :]) and مسجور بالنار filled with fire: ('Alee:) and مَيْنَ مُسْجُورَةً , and أَمْتُ , a full eye or source ; syn. مُفْعَيَةً . (A, TA.) __ Milk of which the water is more than it is itself. (Fr, S, K.). Made to flow forth. (TA.) __ Empty. (AZ, Aboo-'Alee.) Thus it bears two contr. significations. (TA.) _ Kindled. (K.) _ Still, or quiet; (K;) as also ville : (TA:) or still, or quiet, and full at the same time. (A'Obeyd, TA.). Pearls strung and hanging down: (A'Obeyd, S, K:) or that have fallen and become is دولؤة مسجورة and عدورة is said to signify a pearl of much brilliancy. (TA.) مُسُوجُر * TA,) and أمسجُور مسجُور (TA,) مَعَر مُسجُور (K,) and vine, (S, K,) Hair made to hang down; (K;) hanging down. (S,K.) فَ الْمُورِ (AZ, A,) and مُسُوْجُر (A,) and مُسُوْجُر (Ş, A,) A dog having a مَاجُورِ (q. v.) upon his neck. (AZ, S, A.)

see مسجور, in three places. __ Also, Dried up; of which the water has sunk into the ground. (TA.)

in two places. مَسْجُورُ see : مُنْسَ

1. , (S, A, K,) aor. , (K,) inf. n. , (TA,) It (water) became altered, changed in odour, or stinking; syn. تغير: (IAar, A'Obeyd, S, A, K:) it became turbid, thick, or muddy: (ISk, A, K:) or it became corrupted, and stirred up. (TA.)

2. مجس, inf. n. بنجس, He made it (namely, water,) turbid, thick, or muddy. (K, TA.)

see the next paragraph, in five places.

- ilo Water that is altered, changed in odour, or stinking ; syn. مَنْفُعَر : turbid, thick, or muddy: as also اسجس (K, TA,) and اسجس : (TA:) or corrupted, and stirred up; as also (Msb.) And [alone], (S, K,) aor. -, (K,)

or muddy, and stirred up: the [only] form mentioned in the S is the but Aboo-Sahl says is the form learned by him in reading under Aboo-Usameh in the Musannaf; and as to سُجس, it is only an inf. n. (TA, from a note in the handwriting of Aboo-Zekereeyà.) -لا أتيك سَجِيسَ ٱللَّيَالِي (TA,) اللَّيَالِي Hence the saying, I will not come to thee to the end of nights: (TA:) or ever; (S, K;) as also سجيس الليالي (Ş, K,) and رُسجِيسَ الأُوْجَسِ, (Ş, K,) and (Ş, K : سُجِيسَ عُجَيْسِ and سَجِيسَ الأُوجُسِ or while time lasts; as also سَجِيسُ الدَّهْرِ, and mean سَجِيسَ mean : سَجِيسَ الأُوجَسِ ing "turbid," because water thus termed is the last that remains: غجيت is a corroborative; and signifies "the last part of the night:" (TA:) or سَجِيسَ اللَّيَالِي means while the nights glide along continuously. (Ham p. 243.)

A ram having much wool: fem. with 5: (A:) or a ram having white wool, good for tupping, or covering, and of excellent breed. (K, (TA.) And Certain sheep [i. e. a breed of sheep] belonging to the Benoo-Teghlib, (K, TA,) in El-Jezeereh. (TA.)

سَجِيسُ 800 : مُسَجِّسُ

1. aor. -, inf. n. He pursued an even, uniform course; he pursued an even course, following one order: this is the primary signification. (TA.) [It seems to be properly intrans.; but is sometimes used as a trans. verb, ل or إلى being perhaps understood; as in the following phrase;] بَعَعُ ذَلِكُ الْمُسَجَعُ He pursued, or aimed at, that object of pursuit or aim; (K, TA;) occurring in a trad. (TA.) __ And It was even and uniform, one part thereof being like another. (TA.) _ [Hence,] أَسْجَعْت الحَمَامَة (IDrd, S, Msb, K,) aor. -, (Msb, K,) inf. n. سجع (Mbr, TA,) and quasi-inf. n. (TA,) The pigeon continued its cry uninterruptedly in one uniform way or manner; or called, and prolonged its voice or cry, modulating it sweetly: (Mbr, in the "Kamil;" and TA:) or cooed: or reiterated its voice or cry: syn. رُدُّدُتُ Msb:) or : صُوْتَتُ (Msb:) or : هَدَرَتُ (IDrd, K.) It is said in a prov., أ [I will not come to thee as اتيك ما سجع الحمام long as the pigeon cooes;] meaning I will never come to thee. (Lh.) _ You say also, النَّاقَة, (Ṣ, TA,) inf. n. بُنجع, (TA,) The she camel prolonged her yearning cry in one uniform manner. (S, TA.) __ And بمعت القوس † The bow prolonged its twang in one uniform manner, monotonously. (TA.) - And hence by way of صَبِعَ كُلامه ,of the pigeon مجع كُلامه ,comparison to the # He (a man) made his speech, or language, [to be rhyming prose, i. e.,] to have be like the rhymes of verse, without its being measured. or the last signifies made turbid, thick, inf. n. جعة; (Ṣ, TA;) and المجعة; in the two words as well as the letter of the

(S, TA;) ! He (a man, S) spoks, or uttered, [or composed,] (S,* K, TA,) rhyming speech or language, (S,) [i. e., rhyming prose, i. e.,] speech, or فواصل K, TA) like the فواصل of verse, without measure: as is said in a descrip-مَاؤُهَا وَشُلُ • وَلِصُّهَا بَطَلٌ • وَتَمْرُهَا stion of Sijistán, مَاؤُهَا وَشُلُ • وَلَصُّهَا بَطَلُ دَقَلُ • إِنْ كُثُرَ الجَيْشُ بِهَا جَاعُوا • وَإِنْ قَلُوا ضَاعُوا • [Its water is such as scantily distils, in interrupted drops, from mountains or rocks, and its robber is a man of courage, and its dates are of the worst kind: if the army be numerous in it, they hunger; and if they be few, they perish]: so says Lth. (TA.) You say also, سُجُعَ بِالشَّيْ, meaning He uttered the thing in the manner above described. (TA.) [See also , below.]

2: see the preceding paragraph.

; [originally inf. n. of جَعْعُ, q. v.;] (Ṣ, Mṣb, K, &c.;) or, as some say, أبعث but the former is that which commonly obtains, the latter being said to be a subst. like meaning "what is slaughtered," unknown, however, in the lexicons, and probably one of the instances of the elicitations of the foreigners, (MF, TA,) the object of him who says that it is being app. to make a distinction between the simple subst. and the inf. n., as in the case of the simple subst. and the inf. n. of said of the pigeon; [see (Ş,• أَسْجُوعَةُ * (TA;) and إِنْسَجُعَت الحَمَامَةُ K;) ! Rhyming speech or language; (S, K, TA;) [i. e. rhyming prose; i. e.] speech, or language, having فواصل like the rhymes of verse, without being measured; so called as being likened to the of the pigeon; (Msb;) or because of its uniformity, (TA,) and the mutual resemblance and agreement of the words which end its clauses: (IJ, TA:) or a consecution [of clauses] of speech or language, with one con [which is the principal, or only, rhyme-letter]: (Jm, K:*) or it consists in the agreement of the endings of words [or clauses], in a certain order, like the agreement of the rhymes (قواف) [of verses]: (Mbr, in the "Kámil;" TA:) each clause ends with a quiescent letter; and consists of at least two words: (Kull p. 208:) [see an ex. in the first عُكُرُم مُسَجّع varagraph of this art. :] you say also (Ṣ) and أكلام مُسْجُوع , meaning the same as is نجع (Ṣ, Ķ) and, accord. to IJ, مُحُوم , but ISd says, I know not whether he have related this from another or coined it, (TA,) and أساجيع, (Ṣ,) or this last is pl. of أُسْجُوعَةُ (K) [and is also a pl. pl., i. e. pl. of أُسْجُوعَةُ أَزَاهِيرُ khich is pl. of زهر, and many similar instances might be added, such instances being numerous app. because is properly a measure of a pl. of paucity]. is That [rhyming prose] in which the two words [that end two corresponding clauses] agree in the letter of the but not in measure; as الرُّمَر and الرَّمَر and الرَّمَة is that in which the measure is observed