2. I made it to be regarded by him with reverence, veneration, or awe; with fear; or with cautious fear, or caution. (S, K.)

4. اهاب بصاحبه # He called his companion. And in like manner, إِلَى الخَيْرِ 11 called him, or invited him, to what was good. (MF.) _ اهاب بالإبل He called to the camels, in driving them or urging them, by the cry (K.) _ اهاب بغنيه He (a pastor) cried out to his sheep, or goats, in order that they might stop, or return: and اهاب بالبعير [He cried out to the camel, for the same purpose]. (S.) الاهابة is The crying out to camels, and calling them. (As and others.) __ بالخَيْلِ He called the horses, or called out to them by the cry , (so in the S and in a MS. copy of the K : in the CK, , or by the cry of and and, and, meaning Come! Approach! or Advance boldly! (K.) Az remarks his having heard used [as a cry] only to horses; not to camels. (TA.) See بنبة, in art. به.

5: see 1. آنيننى It filled me with awe, or fear: (El Jarmee:) it made me to fear: (Ṣ, 1Sd, Msb:) I regarded it with awe, or fear; i.q. نَعْبَتُهُ (Ṣ, 1Sd, Ķ.) Ibn-Mukbil says,

[And the waterless desert fills me not with ame, or fear; (or makes me not to fear, &c.;) I ride over it when the male owls (?) answer one another at early dann: تبينى being for [نَتْبَيْنِينَ]. (S, &c.)

8: see 1.

and أمبى, (S, K,) [but respecting the second of these words see 4,] Cries to horses, meaning, Come! Approach!
(S, K,) or Advance boldly! (K.)

. هَبْ see : هَبِي and هَابِ

أَلْ + A serpent. (K.) — أَلْ A calling to camels, in driving, or urging, them, by the cry مَانِ هَانِ. (K.) — See 4.

and * in: see 1. — [As substs., Reverence, veneration, respect, honour, dread, or awe; fear; cautious fear, or caution.] — Also, great, reverend, or venerable, dignity; a quality inspiring reverence or veneration or respect or honour; venerableness; amfulness; a quality inspiring dread or awe. (MF.)

هَائِبُ see مُنِّلُهُ.

غيبان فيبان فيبان فيبان فيبان (K) or [rather] أهيبان (K) or [rather] أهيبان (K), (TA, [see مُقيبان A he-goat: (K:) explained by the word تين ; but this is a signification not found [by SM] elsewhere, and appears to be a mistake for مُنتَفْن ; for in the L and other lexicons we find the word explained by مُنتَفْس خَفيف مُنشف مُنشف خَفيف خَف

She ejects from her mouth the scattered and light froth, as though it were plucked fruit of the oshar which the flabby sides of her mouth cast forth :] and we also find, in the R, قُطْنُ هِيِّبانُ explained as signifying cotton that is plucked, or teased with the fingers, so as to become scattered; syn. منتفش signifies, in the abovecited verse, accord. to some, Light, [which signification is also given in the K, but in the CK displaced; following, instead of preceding, before it ;] and without و and without الرَّاعي separated into small particles: (TA:) [or] the froth of the mouth of camels; (Az, K;) i.q. : (Mj, Sifr es-Sa'ádeh:) Az cites the above verse; and says, that the fruit of the عَشُر [or asclepias gigantea] comes forth like a small pomegranate, and, when burst open, discloses what resembles [white] raw silk; to which the poet likens the froth of the camel's mouth. (TA.) _ مُعِبّانُ (or مُعِبّانُ, TA,) A pastor. (K, from Es-Seeráfee.) [Accord. to the CK, a light, or an active pastor: but see above.] __ هَيْبَانْ (or مُيّبان , TA,) Dust, or earth : syn. تُرَاب . (K.) _ See مُائثُ .

. هَيْبَانٌ see هَيِبَانٌ

[act. part. n. of هَابَّه, Regarding with reverence, veneration, dread, or awe; with fear; with cautious fear, or caution;] fearing men.

(K.) This is the original [simple] epithet. (TA.)

The following, which are explained in the K in the same manner as the above, are intensive epithets: (TA:) namely * هَيْبُونَهُ (Ṣ, K) and هَيْبُونَهُ (Ṣ, L,) [in which the ā is added to strengthen the intensiveness,] and * هَيْبُونَهُ هَا مُعْبُونَهُ (Ṣ, K,) in which ā is added for the purpose above mentioned, (TA,) and * هَيْبُونَهُ (K,) which may be contracted into هَيْبُونَهُ (K,) and * هَيْبُانُ (K,

of them; asserting فَيُعَلَّنُ to be unknown as the is فيعكرن is measure of an unsound word, like as unknown as that of a sound word except in extr. instances; (TA;) [Having much reverence, veneration, dread, or ane; much fear; much cautious fear, or caution:] fearing men [much]: (K:) a coward, who regards men with awe, or fear, &c.: (S:) [The last of these epithets is also explained in the CK as signifying having much fear, or very fearful; (كثيرُ الخوف) and a coward: but in the TA and in a MS copy of the K, الخوف is omitted; and in the TA is added من كل the words, after كثير, the words شي ; as though the meaning of the word were "much, or many, of any things:" the correct reading seems to be the former, and the meaning intended by SM, having much fear, or very fearful, of everything : in like manner] signifies a man who fears everything. (TA.) ___ Faith is fearful, or very fearful; i. e., he who possesses faith fears acts of disobedience: occurring in a trad.: (S:) in this case, ased in the sense of an act. part. n. : or it signifies [faith is feared; or regarded with reverence, &c.; i. e.,] he who possesses faith is feared, or regarded with reverence, &c. : in which case هيوب is used in the sense of a pass. part. n. (TA.)

أَهُذَا الشَّىُ مُهْبَبَةً لَكَ [This thing is a cause of are, or fear, to thee]. (Ş.)

بُهْ: see بُهْبُ.

هَيْبَةً see مَهَابَةً.

مَهِيثُ see مُهُوبُ

and \$, o, (S, K,) the former agreeable with rule, (TA,) and أ ميوب , (K) [respecting which see also هُيْبَانْ * and) مُيْبَانْ , (Th, IM, K,) [Regarded with reverence, veneration, respect, honour, dread, or are; with fear; with cautious fear, or caution;] a man whom others regard with reverence, &c.; (S;) a man whom others fear. (K.) _ بُكَانُ مَهُوبُ , formed from the verb عُوب, the original ي being changed into , (S, K,) A place regarded with awe, or fear; (S;) a place in which one is impressed with awe, or fear : as also * مُهَابُ (S, K :) مُهَابُ signifies a place of awe, or fear. (IB.) ___ and † المتبيّب † The lion : المهوب (K:) because regarded with awe, or fear, by men. (TA.)

الْهَرِيْبُ see الْهُتَهِيْبُ.

هيت

2. هيت به (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. تَبِيتُ, (TA,) as also مُوَّت , (Ṣ,) He cried out to him, and called