eye shed tears [which are sometimes termed غُرب]. (Har p. 572.) In the saying, in a certain form of prayer, أُعُودُ بِكَ مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْطَان مُسْتَغْرِبٍ prayer, أُعُودُ بِكَ مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْطَان مُسْتَغْرِبٍ protection by Thee from every devil &c.], the meaning of مستغرب is thought by El-Harbee to be exorbitant in evilness, wichedness, or the like; as though from الإستغرابُ في الصَّحك or it may mean sharp, or vehement, in the utmost degree. (TA.) _ And اغرب, (S, Mab,) inf. n. as above, (K,) He did, or said, what was strange, or extraordinary. (S, Msb, K.) You say, He spoke, and said what was strange, and used extraordinary words: and يُغْرِبُ فِي كَلَامِهِ [He uses strange, or extraordinary, words in his speech]. (A, TA.) _ Also, (TA,) inf. n. as above, (K,) He came to the west. (K, TA.) [See also signifies He had a white child born to him. (TA.) _ And إغراب signifies Whiteness of the groins, (K, TA,) next the flank. (TA.) You say, of a man, غرب meaning He was white in his groins. (TK.) = See also غُرُبُ. = غُرُبُ said of a rider signifies His making his horse to run until he dies : (K :) or, accord. to Fr, one says, اعرب عَلَى meaning "he made his horse to run :" [or has this meaning: (see 4 in art. عرب فَرَسَهُ but he adds that some say اغرب. (O in art. عرب.) __ And اغرب, (S, TA,) inf. n. as above, (K, TA,) He filled (S, K, TA) a skin, (S, TA,) and a watering-trough or tank, and a vessel. (TA.) Bishr (Ibn-Abee-Kházim, TA) says,

وَكَأَنَّ ظُعْنَهُمُ غَدَاةَ تَحَمَّلُوا سُفُنُّ تَكَفَّأُ فِي خَلِيجٍ مُغْرَبٍ *

[And as though their women's camel-vehicles, on the morning when they bound the burdens on their beasts and departed, were ships inclining forwards (or moving from side to side like the tall palm-tree) in a filled river (or canal)]. (S.) _ Hence, (TA,) signifies also Abundance of wealth, and goodliness of condition : (K, TA:) because abundance of wealth fills the hands of the possessor thereof, and goodliness of condition fills [with satisfaction] the soul of the goodly person. (TA.) [Therefore the verb, meaning He was endowed (as though filled) with abundance of wealth and with goodliness of condition, is app. أغْرب; not (as is implied in the TK) : the explanation of the verb in the TK is, his wealth was, or became, abundant, and his condition was, or became, goodly.] _ One says also (of a man, S) أغربُ (with damm, K) meaning His pain became intense, or violent, (As, S, K, TA,) from disease or some other cause. (TA.) _ And أَغْرِبُ عَلَيْهِ أَعْرِبُ accord. to the K, signifies A foul, or an evil, deed mas done to him; and [it is said that] أغْربَ به signifies the same : but in other works, [the verb must app. be in the act. form, for] the explanation is, he did [to him] a foul, or an evil, deed. (TA.) __ And اغرب said of a horse, His blaze spread (8, K) so that it took in his eyes, and the edges of

his eyelids were white: and it is used in like manner to signify that they were white by reason of what is termed زَرْقُ [inf. n. of رُرِقُ, q. v.]. (Ṣ, TA.) See its part. n., مُغُرِّب

5. تغرب : see 1, third sentence. ___ بنا and المنترب المناه المن

8. اغترب: see 5. — Also He married to one not of his kindred. (Ş, K.) It is said in a trad., [ضوى TA) [expl. in art. [ضوى].

10: see 4, in four places. استغربه He held it to be, or rechoned it, غريب [i. e. strange, far from being intelligible, difficult to be understood, obscure; or extraordinary, unfamiliar, or unusual; and improbable]. (MA.)

[an inf. n. of غُربُ, q. v., in several senses. As a simple subst., Distance, or remoteness; and so مُرْبَةُ * النَّوى (A, K.) غَرْبَةُ * [in one of my copies of the S غُرْبَة means The distance, or remoteness, of the place which one purposes to reach in his journey. (S, TA.) - [And hence, used as an epithet, Distant, or remote.] You say [غُرِيةُ [in one of my copies of the S نُوي غُرِيةُ distant, or remote, place which one purposes to reach in his journey. (S, A.*) And دَارُ فُلَانِ The house, or abode, of such a one is distant, or remote. (TA.) And دُرَاهِم غُربة Distant money [so that it is not easily attainable]. (TA.) And إِنَّهُ لَغُرْبُ العَيْنِ A far-seeing eye : and عَيْنُ غَرْبَةٌ Verily he is far-seeing; and of a woman you say is syn. with الغُرْبُ And الغُرْبُ is syn. with (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, Ķ,) which latter is also pronounced المُغْرَبُ with fet-h to the ,, but more commonly with kesr, (Msb,) or accord. to analogy it should be with fet-h, but usage has given it kesr, as in the case of المَشْرِقُ; (TA;) [both signify The west;] الغُرْبُ is the contr. of is the contr. of المُغْرِبُ † (M, TA;) and الشُّرْقُ and] originally signifies the place [or point] of sunset, (TA,) as also مَعْرِبَانُ * الشَّهْسِ (K;) and is likewise used to signify the time of ; * sunset; and also as an inf. n.: (TA:) and signifies the treo places [or points] المغربان 🕈 where the sun sets; i. e. the furthest [or northernmost] place of sunset in summer [W. 260 N. in Central Arabia] and the furthest [or southern-

Arabia]: (T, TA:) between these two points are a hundred and eighty points, every one of which is called مُغْرِب; and so between the two points called signifies also The first غُرُبُ . (TA.) المَشْرِقَان part (S, K) of a thing (K) [and particularly] tof the run of a horse. (S.) _ And The __ [or edge] (S, K) of a thing, as also أَعْرَابُ (K,) or of a sword and of anything; (S;) and thus [particularly] the عُرَاب of the فَأَس [or adz, &c.]. (S, K.) _ And + Sharpness (S, A, Msb, TA) of a sword, (TA,) or of anything, such as the فأس [or adz, &c.], and of the knife, (Msb,) and (Msb, TA) + of the tongue: (S, A, Msb, TA:) and [as meaning + sharpness of temper or the like, passionateness, irritability, or vehemence,] of a man, (TA,) and of a horse, (S, TA,) and of youth: (A, TA:) [from the same word signifying the "edge" of a sword &c. : whence the saying, mentioned in the A and TA) غَرْبُ ذِهْنَكَ لَهَا أَقُولُ in art. ارهف) meaning \$ Sharpen the edge of thine intellect for what I say :] and عُرِيةُ signifies the same. (TA.) And Vehemence of might or strength, or of valour or provess, of men; syn. (TA.) [And hence, app., + Briskness, liveliness, or sprightliness: and + perseverance in an affair: see the first paragraph.] __ Also, [used as an epithet,] + Sharp, applied to a sword [and the like], and to a tongue. (TA.) And, applied to a horse, + That runs much: (S, K:) or that casts himself forward, with uninterrupted running, not desisting until he has gone far with his rider. (TA.) = And A large دلو or leathern bucket], (S, Mgh, Msb, K, TA,) made of a bull's hide, (Mgh, TA,) with which one draws water on the [camel, or she-camel, called] سَانِية [q. v.]: (Msb:) of the masc. gender: pl. غُرُوبُ. (TA.) So expl. in the following words of a trad.: أَخُذُ and ردلو Omar took the الدُّلُو عُمَرُ فَٱسْتَحَالَتُ غَرْبًا it became changed into a غرب]; i. e. when he to draw water, it became large in his hand: for the conquests in his time were more than those in the time of Aboo-Bekr. (IAth, TA.) - And A [camel, or any beast, such as is called] راوية, (K, TA,) upon which water is carried. (TA.) __ And accord. to the K, A day of irrigation: but [this is app. a mistake: for] Az says that Lth has mentioned the phrase في يوم غرب, meaning thereby in a day in which water is drawn with the [large bucket called] غُرب, [for irrigation,] on the [camel, or she-camel, called] . (TA.) = And Tears (K, TA) when they come forth from the eye : (TA:) or signifies tears; (S;) and is pl. of غُرْبُ. (TA.) A

مَا لَكَ لَا تَذْكُرُ أُمَّ عَمْرِو إِلَّا لِعَيْنَيْكَ غُرُوبٌ تَجْرِي

signifies the two places [or points] where the sun sets; i. e. the furthest [or northern-most] place of sunset in summer [W. 26° N. in Central Arabia] and the furthest [or southern-most] place of sunset in winter [W. 26° S. in Central orator, flowing with] a copious and uninterrupted