قر السّيء . (A.) So in the Kur, [xx. 70,] and motions; for], accord. to Es-Sukkaree, وجاس the accomplishment of the thing; syn. تنجزه: (S, K:) he sought, asked, or demanded, it; syn. ; (K;) and asked for its accomplishment ; (TA.) اِلْتَهَسَّهُ وَسَأَلَ لَجَازَهُ meaning تَنجَزه

Quickness; speed; haste. (TA.) As an epithet, applied to a man, (TA,) Quick of motion (K, TA) in that which he begins: (TA:) fem. with 5: (K:) and quick, applied to a camel. (TA.) - Also, applied to a mar., (TA,) Prompt. or quick, in giving. (K.) _ Also, وُجُور (S, K) and أَخِرُ (Ş, A, Mşb) and أَخِرُ (TA) and (Ṣ, K) and أموجز (Ṣ,) applied to an expression, (Msb,) or language, (S, A, K, TA,) [Brief, or concise:] or brief, or quickly intelligible: (Mab:) or consisting of few words: (A, TA:) or abridged: (S:) or light, or easy, (خفيف, K, TA,) and keeping within just, or moderate, bounds: (TA:) and all these epithets (all but the last accord. to the K, and the last also accord. to the TA,) are likewise applied to the thing, or an affair, [app. meaning, small, or slight, or the like:] (K, TA:) and the first is also applied to a gift, and to beneficence, meaning, little, or small. (TA.)

and مُوجَزُ see , in two places. __ مُوجَزُ so in the L and TA: it may be either : موجز or موجز One of the names of [the month of] : [app. for one or other of the reasons mentioned voce عَفْر:] thought by ISd, to be an appellation used in the time of the tribe of 'Ad [who are also said to have called this month [نَاجِر]. (L, TA.)

[Brief, or concise, in speech;] a man who uses few words in speech and in reply, &c. (IDrd, K, TA.)

, وَجَسَانٌ and وَجُسْ . inf. n. يَجِسُ , aor. وَجَسَ He was frightened at some sound, or other thing, that fell into his mind, or ear. (TK.) [See also below; and see 4, and 5.] This combination of letters generally denotes the perception of a thing of which one bears not any sound. (Ṣgh.) __ وَجَسَ الشَّى (aor. app. as above,] inf. n. وجُسْ , i. q. غَفِي [app. meaning The thing was unperceived, or hardly perceived, by the eye, or ear, or mind; was hidden, or concealed; was low, faint, gentle, or soft, to the ear; or was obscure to the mind]. (IKtt.)

2 : see 5, last signification but one.

And he conceived in his فَأُوْجَسَ فِي نَفْسِهِ خِيفَةً mind a fear : (Aboo-Is-hak, S:) and أَوْجُسُ أ signifies the same: (S:) or the above words of the Kur. signify he perceived, or felt, and conceived, in his mind a fear; (K;) and in like manner in the same book, [xi. 73, and] li. 28: or, as Aboo-Is-hak says, in one place, اوجس signifies fear fell into his mind. (TA.) See also 1, and 5.

 توجس He listened to (S, A, K) a sound, (A,) or a low, faint, gentle, or soft, sound. (S, K.) Ex. توجس ركزا [He listened to a low, sound], occurring in a poem of Dhu-r-Rummeh: or, as some say, it means he perceived a low sound, and listened to it, being in fear. (TA.) [See also 4, where another signification of the same verb is mentioned; and see 1.] And Their ears (referring to camels) استَوْجَسَتْ * آذَانُهَا listened, or endeavoured to hear. (IB, [in a marg. note in my copy of the TA, art. [.]) He sought to توجّس عَن الأخْبَار [Hence,] __ learn the news, or tidings, without others knowing of him. (AZ, in TA, voce يَحَدُني) __ Also, The ear heard a low, faint, gentle, or soft sound; as also * . (TA.) _ Also, He tasted food, and beverage, time after time, little and little at a time. (K.)

10 : see 5.

A fright of the heart : (S:) or fright that falls into the heart, or into the ear, from a sound or some other thing; (Lth, A, K;) as also (K.) [See 1, of which each is an inf. n.] _ A low, faint, gentle, or soft, sound. (A'Obeyd, S, K.) [And particularly The sound denoted in the words here following, and explained in a former art., voce .] It is said in a trad., نَهَى عَنِ الوَجْسِ, meaning, He forbade a man's being with his slave-girl, or his wife, when another female would hear their low sound. (K,* TA.) And in another it is said, respecting the same case, that they used to dislike [what is termed] . (إلى See also الوَجْس (إلى المُجْس المُ

. وَجُسُ see 1, and وَجُسَانُ

is syn. with عَالَمُ [Knowing, &c.]; and therefore made trans. by means of - in the saying of Aboo-Dhu-eyb,

[An intelligent person, acquainted with the circumvention of game : see [cleco]: (M, art. دور :) (ISd holds it to be a possessive epithet, since it has no known verb [of a suitable meaning that is unaugmented]: or [the meaning of these words is, a person possessing skill in circumventmeans يَتُوجَسُ . (TA.)

An opinion, idea, or object of thought, bestirring itself, or occurring, in the mind; syn. (TA.) خَاطِر (Ş, K,) i. e. مَاجِس

A little of food, and of beverage. (K.) One says, مَا دُقْتُ عَنْدُهُ أُوْجُسُ I tasted not, at his abode, any food; (El-Umawee, S;) and [in مًا في سِقَائه TA.) And . وَجُمَّا لا There is not in his skin a drop : thus the phrase is given, without the mention of beverage: or a drop of water. (TA.) It is said that the word is not used except in negative phrases. (TA.) Also, الزُّوْجُسُ and الزُّوْجُسُ (S, K) the latter on the authority of Yaakoob, (S, TA,) but the former is the more chaste, (TA,) Time; syn. لَا أَفْعَلُهُ (Ṣ, Ķ.) Hence the saying, (TA,) . الدَّهْرَ الأُوْجُسِ الأُوْجُسِ (Ş, K,) and الأُوْجُسِ will not do it ever. (ISk, S, K.) And أَنْعُلُهُ will not do it ever. I will not do it while سَجِيسَ عُجِيسَ الأُوجَسِ time lasts. (El-Fárisee.)

> [وجع] &c. See Supplement.]

وح

R. Q. 1. وحوحة, inf. n. وحوحة, He uttered a sound accompanied by a hoarseness, roughness, harshness, or gruffness, of the voice : (S, K :) he made his breath to reciprocate in his throat, so as to be audible, by reason of cold; (TA:) he blew upon his hand by reason of intense cold. (Ş, K.)

A strong man, (L, K,) who breathes hard at his work by reason of his brishness and vigour; (L;) as also (K.) _ Also the former, (L, K,) and the latter, (L,) A quick, or prompt, and sharp-spirited, man. (L, K.) Also the former, (S, K,) and the latter, (S,) A light, or an active, or agile, man. (As, S, K.) _ Also both words, A lord, or chief: pl. and وَحَاوِحُهُ (L.) _ Also both words, A barking, or howling, dog. (L, K.)

see what precedes.

A disease that attacks camels. (K, TA.) By some written , and so in the CK;] but the correctness of this is improbable.

Food in which is no good. (L.)

1. عَدْ , aor. عَدْ ; (T, L, Msb ;) and وَحَدُ 4. اوجس He conceived a thing in his mind; ing game, a listener, or attentive, to their sounds (Lh, M, L, K,) aor. يُحِدُ (Lh) and اوجس; (K;)