

ذَفَافٌ [or ذَفَافٌ], (AA, T, S,) or ذَفَافٌ (M,) or both, (K,) *Deadly poison*: (AA, T, S, M, K:) because it kills quickly him who drinks it. (AA, T.) — You say also, ذَفَافٌ, meaning مَا فِيهِ ذَفَافٌ [i. e. *There is not in it that whereby one may retain life; or a bare sufficiency of the means of subsistence*]. (K.) — See also ذَفٌ and ذَفَافٌ.

ذَفِيفٌ *Quick*: (S, M, S, K:) or, as also ذَفَافٌ, *quick and light*: or *light*, or *going lightly*, upon the ground. (M, K.) You say also ذَفِيفٌ, (T, S, K,) meaning *Quick*, (S,) and in like manner ذَفَافٌ ذَفَافٌ, (T, K,) in each case using the latter word as an imitative sequent. (K.) — Also A death, (M,) or a pestilence, (K,) that kills quickly. (M, K.) — Also The male قَنْدُ [or hedge-hog]. (M.)

ذَفِيفٌ *A swift and light arrow*. (K.)

ذفر

1. ذَفَرٌ, nor. ذ, (S, M, S, K,) inf. n. ذَفَرٌ, (M, S, K,) *He, or it, had, or emitted, a pungent, or strong, odour, or smell*: (S, M, S, K;) or a very pungent, or very strong, odour, or smell; (M, K;) whether sweet or stinking: (S, M, S, K;) or he had stinking arm-pits; or it (the arm-pit) stank. (Lh, M, K.) [See also ذَفَرٌ, below.] — ذَفَرٌ الثَّبْتُ *The plants became abundant*. (AHn. M.)

10. استذفر في الأمر. *He became very determined, and hardy, [as though he drew forth from himself a pungent odour by sweating,] to do the thing, or affair*. (M, TA.) — استذفرت said of a woman, i. q. استشرفت [q. v.]. (TA.)

ذَفَرٌ inf. n. of 1. (M, S, K.) — *Pungency, or strength, of odour*: (S, A, M, S, K;) or *intense pungency or strength thereof*: (M, K;) whether sweet or stinking: (S, M, A, M, S, K;) as also ذَفَرَةٌ, (K, TA,) or ذَفَرَةٌ: (so in the TT, as from the M:) a subst. to which it is prefixed, or an epithet by which it is qualified, shows whether it mean sweet or foul: (TA:) or any pungent, or strong, odour; whether sweet or stinking: (T:) or stench of the arm-pit: (Lh, M, K;) or it has this signification as well as the first: (S, M:) or stink, or stench, [absolutely,] (IAar, M, K,) except when relating to musk; not used with reference to any other perfume, or sweet-smelling substance: (IAar, M:) but ذَفَرٌ, with the unpointed د, signifies only “stink, or stench.” (M.) — The seminal fluid (مَاء) of a stallion. (K.)

ذَفَرٌ (S, M, A, M, S, K) and ذَفَرٌ (M, K) *Having, or emitting, a pungent, or strong, odour, or smell*: (S, M, S, K;) or *having, or emitting, a very pungent, or very strong, odour, or smell*: (M, K;) whether sweet or stinking: (S, M, M, S, K;) or especially, (Lh, M, K,) or also, (S, M, A,) a man having stinking arm-pits, (S, M, A, K,) and a foul smell: (S, M, A:) fem. of the former, ذَفَرَةٌ; and of the latter, ذَفَرَةٌ: (M:) or ذَفَرَةٌ signifies a woman having a strong smell; whether sweet, like that of musk, or foul, like that of the arm-pits. (M, S, K.) You say ذَفَرٌ ذَفَرٌ, (S, A,

Bk. I.

M, K.) and ذَفَرٌ, (M, K,) *Pungent, or strong-scented, musk*: (S, A:) or *musk of the utmost excellence*. (K.) And ذَفَرَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ [A pungent, or strong-scented, or] sweet-smelling [follicle, or vesicle, of musk]: Er-Rá'ee says, speaking of camels that had pastured upon herbage and its flowers, and gone to water, and come back from it with their skins moist and diffusing a sweet smell,

* لَهَا فَارَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ كُلَّ عَشِيَةٍ
* كَمَا قَتَّى الْكَافُورَ بِأَيْلِسِكِ قَاتِقَةٍ

[They have an odour like that of a strong-scented vesicle of musk, every evening; as when one has imparted additional fragrance to camphire by mixing with it musk]. (T, M, TA.) One says also ذَفَرَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ (S, A) *A sweet-smelling meadow*. (TA.) And ذَفَرَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ (A) *A stinking arm-pit*. (A.) And ذَفَرَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ, (S, K,) or ذَفَرَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ, (A,) *An army, or a collected portion thereof, or a troop of horse, having a foul smell from the rust of the arms or armour*. (S, A, K.) — ذَفَرَةٌ *A certain plant, (K,) which grows in the midst of herbage, little in quantity, of no account, growing in hard and level ground, upon a single root, having a yellow fruit, resembling the جَعْدَةُ in [the sweetness of] its odour*. (TA.) — And ذَفَرَةٌ *A certain herb, or leguminous plant, (K,) which remains green until the cold smites it: [a coll. gen. n.; and with tenween; for] the n. un. is ذَفَرَةٌ: (TA:) [but it is from ذَفَرَةٌ, fem. of ذَفَرٌ:] a certain herb, of foul odour, which camels &c. scarcely ever eat: (Yaqoob, S:) or a certain tree, also called عِطْرُ الْأَمَةِ: or, accord. to AHn, a species of [the trees called] حَمِض: or, as he says in another place, a certain green herb, which rises a span high, with round leaves, and with branches, having no flower; the odour of which is like that of a slight wind from the anus: it makes the breath of camels to stink; and they desire it eagerly: it is bitter; and grows in rugged places: and Abu-n-Nejm describes it as in meadows. (TA.) [Ruta sylvestris. (Golius, from Er-Rá'ee.)]*

ذَفَرَةٌ *A single emission of pungent, or strong, odour*. (M, S, K.)

ذَفَرَةٌ } see ذَفَرٌ.
ذَفَرَةٌ }

ذَفَرِي, without tenween, (S, K,) because the alif [written ي] is the characteristic of the fem. gender, (S,) and sometimes, (S, K,) more rarely, (Sb,) ذَفَرِي, with tenween, (S, K,) when indeterminate, (S,) the alif in this case being considered as making the word quasi-coordinate to ذَفَرِي, (S, K,) *The place that sweats, in the back of a camel's neck, behind the ear*: (Lh, S:) or, in a man, (M,) and in any animal, the part extending from the مَقَدُّ [or part between the two ears, erroneously written in the CK مَقَدَّم,] to the half of the قَذَال [or entire back of the head]: or the prominent bone behind the ear: (M, K:) or a bone in the upper part of a man's neck, on the right and left of the small hollow which is in the

middle: (Sh:) or the ذَفَرِيَانِ [which is the dual] are the two protuberances on the right and left of the small hollow in the middle of the back of the neck: (M:) it is from ذَفَرُ الْعَرَقِ [“the pungency of the odour of sweat”], because it is the first part that sweats in a camel: (S:) pl. ذَفَرِيَاتٌ and ذَفَارِي, (S, K, S) and some say ذَفَارِي. (S.)

ذَفَرٌ: see what next follows.

ذَفَرٌ *A camel large in the part called ذَفَرِي*: fem. with ذ: (AZ, S, K:) or a great camel: (AA:) or (so in the TA; but in the K, “and”) hard, or firm, and strong: as also ذَفَرٌ (K:) but the former (ذَفَرٌ) is of higher authority: also applied to a camel; fem. with ذ: and in like manner to an ass: (TA:) or (so in the TA; but in the K, “and”) great in make: (K:) also a young man tall, perfect [in make], and hardy, strong, or sturdy: (S, K:) and ذَفَرَةٌ an excellent she-camel, (K,) long-necked: (TA:) and, accord. to the K, a bulky, or thick, ass: but this is at variance with what is found in other lexicons. (TA.)

ذَفَرٌ and ذَفَرَةٌ: see ذَفَرٌ, in eight places.

ذَفَرَةٌ ذَفَرَةٌ *A meadow abounding with ذَفَرَةٌ*. (K.) [See ذَفَرٌ.]

ذقن

1. ذَقَنَ, (JK, S, A, K,) aor. ذ, (JK,) inf. n. ذَقْنٌ, (TK,) *He struck his ذَقْن [or chin]*: (JK, S, A, K:) or *he struck him on the back of his neck, or on his head at the part next the back of the neck, with the inside of his hand; syn. قَفَنَهُ*. (K, TA. [In the CK, erroneously, قَفَنَهُ.]) And *He struck him, or beat him, with a staff, or stick*. (JK.) — ذَقَنَ عَلَى يَدِهِ, (K,) or ذَقَنَ عَلَى عَصَاهُ, (JK, K,) *He put his ذَقْن [or chin] upon his hand, or upon his staff, or stick*, (JK, K, TA,) and leaned [upon it]: (TA:) and ذَقَنَ بِنُوبِهِ [He leaned his chin upon his whip]: (TA:) as also ذَقْنٌ. (K.) — ذَقَنَتِ الدَّلْوُ, (JK, S, K,) aor. ذ, (JK, K,) inf. n. ذَقْنٌ, (JK,) *The bucket was, or became, such as is termed ذَقْنٌ* (S, K) or ذَقْنَةٌ. (JK.)

2: see the preceding paragraph.

3. ذَقَنَهُ *He straitened him*. (K.)

[4. ذَقْن is said by Golius, as on the authority of the KL, to signify *Opem tulit in tollenda re*; but the word explained in the KL as signifying the doing this is the inf. n. of ذَقْن, not of ذَقْن.]

ذَقْنٌ *A decrepit, old and weak, or extremely aged, man*. (K.)

ذَقْنٌ [The chin;] the place where the ذَقْنَانِ [here meaning the two lateral portions of the lower jaw] combine. (JK, S, M, S, K,) at their lower part: (K:) it is of a man, (S, M, S,) and of a beast: also pronounced with kesr (ISd, K) to the ذ [i. e. ذَقْن]: (TK:) of the masc. gender, (Lh, K,) only: (Lh, TA:) pl. ذَقْنَانِ, (M, S, K, S)