! He struck him with the whip]. (A.) -And it is said of anything annoying or hurtful that befals a man. Thus in the Kur, [ii. 74, t [The fire of hell will إِنْ تَهَسَّنَا النَّارُ [The fire of hell will not smite us; or here it may be rendered touch us]. And [ii. 210,] مُشْتُهُو البَأْسَاءُ [Distress, or misfortune, smote, or afflicted, or befell, them]. And in other instances; all which are similar to the saying in the same, ذُوتُوا مَسَّ سَقَرَ (TA.) أمسه المرض below.] You say also, مس أ 1 [Sickness smote him, or befell him]: and مَسَّهُ الكَبْرِ Punishment befell him]: and العَذَابُ [Old age came upon him]. (A.) And الجن I [lit. The jinn, or genii touched him; meaning, affected him with madness, or insanity]: (TA:) [whence,] مُس , [in the TA, مُس , app. meaning, from what immediately precedes, , inf. n. بالجنون, He was, or became, [touched with madness, or insanity: or] mad, or insane: (K:) as though the jinn had touched him. (TA.) And مُسَّهُ بِعَذَابِ IIe punished him. (TA, from مُسْتُ إليه الحَاجَة [Hence, app.,] (S, K,) inf. n. [مُسيس and] مُسار, (TA,) + [which seems to signify either The want of him, or it, was difficult of accomplishment, or distressing; or the want was difficult of accomplishment, or distressing, to him]. (S, K. [In both these lexicons, the meaning is left to be inferred only from the fact that this phrase immediately follows the explanation of مَاسَةُ مَاسَةُ is also said of what is good, as well as of what is ovil; as in the following instance:] مُسَنَّهُ مُوَاسُ The haps of good fortune, and of الغير والشر evil,] happened to him, or betided him. (TA.) مَسَّتُ بِكَ رَحُمُ [As touching implies proximity,] significe ! The relationship of such a one is near to you. (S, K, TA.) _ And as originally signifies "he touched or felt with the hand," it is used metaphorically as meaning ! He took a thing; as, for instance, (in a trad.,) water from a مَشُ = (TA.) ميضاة is made doubly trans. by means of the prep. - prefixed to the second objective complement. (Msb.) See 4, in two places.

3: see 1, in two places: and see يُر مُسَاس

4. إست الشيء He made him, or caused him, to touch the thing: (S, IJ, M, A:) he enabled him to touch it. (Mgh.) المَسَّ الْجَسَدُ مَاءً للهِ مَسَّ الْجَسَدُ بِمَاءً and مُسَّ الْجَسَدُ بِمَاءً , I He wetted the body with water; or caused water to wet the body. (Msb.) And أمَسَّ وَجَهُهُ الطّيبُ He smeared his face with the perfume. (Mgh.) And

مُسْتُهُ لَا يَعَارِضَيْهَا, and مُسْتُهُ لَا يَعَارِضَيْهَا, \$ She smeared the sides of her cheeks with it; namely, perfume.

(Mgh.) — أُمُسُهُ شُكُوى He made a complaint to him. (M, TA.)

6. تات They (two bodies) touched each other; were, or became, in contact. (M, A,* K.*)

— Hence, (K,) † They two came together in the way of مُنافَعة : (Ṣ, Mṣb,* K:*) in this sense the verb is used in the Kur, lviii. 4 and 5. (Ṣ, TA.) See also

: see 1. __ It is used to denote [the first sensible effect of] anything annoying or hurtful that befalls a man. (TA.) Thus in the Kur, [liv. 48,] (TA,) مُثَّ سَقَرَ (TA,) أَوْقُوا مَثَّ سَقَرَ (TA,) first effect upon you of the fire of hell : (K, TA:) or the stroke thereof: (Jel:) or the heat and pain thereof. (Bd.) In like manner you say, (K,) وَجُدُ مَسَّ الْحَبَى (M, K) # He felt the commencement, or first touch, [or access,] of fever, before its taking him forcibly, and becoming apparent. (M, L.) And بِنَ النَّصِ apparent. He did not feel the first sensation of fatigue. (TA, from a trad.) [And hence,] به مَسْ مِن f [In him is a touch, or stroke, of madness, or insanity, or diabolical possession]: (S, TA:) and , alone, signifies madness, or insanity, or diabolical possession : (M, A, Mgh, K:) as in the Kur, ii. 276: (TA:) and you say in him is madness, &c. : (A, Mgh :) for they assert that the devil touches one and his intellect in consequence becomes confused. (Mgh.) # You say also, مَالِهُ سَنُ الْهَسِّ فِي مَالِهِ He has the impress of a good state, or condition, in his camels, or sheep, or goats : and الله عنا منا أيت له I saw him to have an impress of a في ماله good state, or condition, in his camels, &c. : like as you say إصبعا (A, TA.)

with kesr for its termination, because altered from the inf. n. مُسَاس, (Ṣ,) signifies [properly There shall be no touching: or] touch not thou: (Ķ:) or touch not thou me: (M:) and some read thus in the Kur, [xx. 97:] (M, Ķ:) it is a saying of the Arabs: (Ṣ:) and sometimes one says مَسَاس [alone], in the sense of an imperative, [affirmatively,] like مُسَاس , in the Kur, [ubi supra,] (Ṣ, M, Ķ,) accord. to the reading of others, (M,) signifies There shall be no mutual touching: (M:) or I will not touch nor will I be touched. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

لَا مُسَاسِ 500 : لَا مِسَاسَ

I Water that is reached by the hands; 5. لمسال It (a garment) or taken with the extended hands: (M, K, TA:) and worn out. (IB, K.)

in the K, مُثَاوَلَتُهُ is put by mistake for تَنَاوَلَتُهُ [which is the reading in the M]: (TA:) accord. to which explanation, it has the signification of a pass. part. n.: (M:) or, [in the K and,] : wholesome water, (A, TA,) that removes thirst, or the heat of thirst, as soon as it touches it: (M. A.º K, TA:) accord to which explanation, it has the signification of an act. part. n. : (M:) and + anything that cures thirst, or the heat of thirst : (IAar, K :) or, [in the K, and,] + water between sweet and salt: (S, K:) or, [in the K and,] + sweet and clear water: (As, K:) and + salt, or biiter and thick and undrinkable, water, that burns everything by its saltness. (M.) You say also ريقَةٌ مُسُوسُ Some saliva that takes away thirst. (IAar, M.) And خُلاً مُسُوسُ + Herbage that has a fattening and beneficial effect upon the animals that pasture on it. (AHn, M.) _ Also, i.q. فَادْزُهُر [The bezoar-stone] : (K:) or تَرْيَاقَ [an antidote against poison]: (M:) or both these words by which it is explained mean the same thing. (TA.)

مَانَّة see مَانَّة.

مالة خاجة مالة † A want difficult of accomplishment; or pressing; syn. مُرَفَّدُ. (Ṣ, Ķ.) مَالَةُ لَهُ اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ اللهُ إِلَى اللهُ الله

A man in whom is a touch, or stroke, (,,) of madness, insanity, or diabolical possession: (S, TA:) or mad, insane, or possessed by a devil. (AA, M, A, Mgh, K.)

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1. مَسَن He went along the middle of the road; (K;) or the hard and elevated part (مَسَن) of the road. (TA.) — الله Me was slow, or tardy. (K.) — مَسَّا حَقَّهُ He delayed giving him his due. (K, TA.) مَسَّا القَدْر (K.) — He stilled, or allayed, the boiling of the pot. (K.) — مَسَا عَلَى شَى القَوْلِ He soothed, or softened, him by words. (K.) — أَسَّ He beguiled, or deceived. (K.) مَسَّا عَلَى شَى (TA,) He became accustomed, or inured to a thing. (K.) — أَسَّلُ أَمْ اللهُ اللهُ

4: see 1.

5. It (a garment) rent, or became ragged and worn out. (IB, K.)