sort of in the desert; and , much (S, K, TA.) He collected together a thing, and thereof: (T:) or this latter signifies a certain herb having prickly branches and leaves, that forbid the touch, rising to the height of a cubit; long in the leaves, broad, and intensely green, having a yellow flower, and eagerly desired by the cattle: (AHn, M:) or a certain dust-coloured plant, (Aboo-Ziyád, M, K,) which people use as a remedy for the sting of the scorpion. (Aboo-Ziyad, M.)

of which it is thought to be the singular.

a pl. of مُهُ as signifying "a piece of a rope:" (M, K:) \_ and perhaps also in another sense: see the latter word, last sentence.

رم Containing مرم, i.e. marrow; applied to a bone. (T.) And, [in like manner without 5,] applied to a she-camel, (S, M, K,) in the first stage of fatness when becoming in good condition of body, and in the last stage thereof when becoming lean, (M,) meaning Having in her somewhat of marrow. (S, M,\* K.\*) = Also Silent; (A'Obeyd, T, S;) in a general sense; or, as some say, from fear, or fright; (TA;) applied to a man, (A'Obeyd, T,) and to a bird, as in the saying of a rájiz, (S,) namely, Homeyd El-Arkat,

• يَرِدْنَ وَاللَّيْلُ مُرِمَّ طَائِرُهُ • مُرْخًى رِوَاقَاهُ هُجُودٌ سَامِرُهُ •

[They come to the mater when the bird of night is silent, when its curtains (lit. its two curtains) of darkness are let down, when the holders of discourse therein are sleeping]. (S,\* TA.) = [The pl.] مرمات signifies Calamities, or misfortunes: (T, K:) so accord. to AZ in the saying, زَمَاهُ بالمرمّات [He smote him, or afflicted him, with calamittes, or misfortunes]: or, accord. to Aboo-Malik, it signifies الهُسْكتَات [i. e. silencing words or acts]. (T.)

[originally مُرْمَةُ, a noun of the same class as مُرْمَةُ and مُرْمَةً &c., meaning A cause of repair: and hence, a thing needing repair; as in a phrase mentioned voce رقيع]. \_ See also . \_ And see what here follows.

(Th, T, S, M, TA,) accord. to the K, , but this is a mistake, (TA,) The lip of any cloven-hoofed animal, (Th, T, S, M, K, TA,) such as the cow &c.; because it eats therewith; (S;) like مُقَبَّة (Th, T;) as also أَمُونَة [like مُقَبَّة ]. (S, M, K.)

sing. of مراميم (TA,) which is [an epithet] applied to arrows, meaning Having the feathers repaired, or put into a good state. (K, TA.) \_ And ; An arrow [made even, or straight, by means of the eye; or] looked at until made even, or straight. (TA.) - You say also, low i. e. The affair, or case, of such a one is rectified, or repaired]. (TA.)

1. رَمْتُ , (Ş. TA,) aor. ع , (TK,) inf. n. رُمْتُ , (K,) He put a thing into a right, or proper, state, or adjusted it; and niped it with his hand. garnished with minute leaves overlying one another

put it into a right, or proper, state, or adjusted it. (As, TA.) = رَمِثَتِ الإبلُ (T in art. حلله, S, M,) aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. رُمْتُ, (Ş, M, K,) The camels ate con alone, without any change of food: (T in art. :) or had a complaint from eating دمث: (S, M, K:) AHn says that the complaint thus caused is a looseness, or flux of thin excrement from the bowels, consequent upon eating رمث when hungry; and that one fears for the camels in this case. (M.) \_\_\_\_, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. رُمَتُ أَمْرُهُمْ (TA,) + Their affair, or case, or state of things, became confused. (K.) = رمث aor. -; and رَمْتُ, aor. -; inf. n. of each وَمْتُ; He stole. (T.)

2. رمث He mixed, or confounded, a thing with another thing. (IAth, TA.) = رمَّتْ نَاقَتُهُ He left some milk remaining in his she-camel's udder after milking; (M;) as also أرمثها ألم (T, M.) \_\_ And رَمْيتُ, inf. n. رَمْتُ فِي الضَّرْع, He left somewhat [of milk] remaining in the udder; as also ارمث ال (S, K.) And in like manner one says, (TA,) ارمث أ فُلَانٌ فِي مَاله (K, TA, in the CK and in a MS. copy of the K فلانا,) Such a one left a residue, or remainder, in his property, or among his cattle; as also استرمث . (K, TA. [Had Use been the right reading, the author of the K would, or should, have said "as also He, or it, exceeded him, رمث عليه \_ [".استرمثه or it; (IAth, TA;) as also ارمث ال (IAth, K,\* TA.) You say, رَمْتُ عَلَى الخَمْسِينَ He exceeded the [age of] fifty [years]: (M, K:) and in like manner one says of other numbers, relating to age. (M.) And مَثَتُ غَنَهُهُ عَلَى المِائَة His sheep, or goats, exceeded the [number of a] hundred. (M.) And in like manner, رَمَّتُ النَّاقَةُ عَلَى مِحْلَبِهَا [The she-camel yielded more than the contents of her ارمث لا عَلَيْه فِي الْهَنْطق M.) And المَنْطق He exceeded him, or surpassed him, in speech. (TK.)

4. ارمث: see 2, in five places. = Also i. q. [He, or it, rendered soft, &c.]. (K.)

(A certain shrub, resembling a dwarftamarisk;] a certain pasture of camels; (S, A, Msb, K;) a species of tree [or shrub], (T,) of the kind termed حَمْض, (T, S, A, Msb, K,) growing in plain, or soft, ground, (Msb,) the leaves of which fall, [or droop], like the أشنان [i.e. kali, or glasswort]; eagerly desired by the camels when they are satiated with, and tired of, the [sweet pasture termed] خلة: (T:) it is a species of tree [or shrub] resembling that called Loc, (M, K,) which does not grow tall, but the leaves of which spread, [app. meaning that its sprigs spread out flat, and (as described above) droop, like those of the common tamarish,] and it resembles the it is burned إشنان and غضا : (M:) like the غضا for making قلّی [or potash]: (TA &c. in art. :) AHn says that it has long and slender [generally, and app. here, meaning sprigs

like the scales of a fish], and is a pasture upon which camels and sheep or goats will live when they have nothing else with it; sometimes there comes forth upon it a white honey, [a species of manna,] resembling جمان [i. e. pearls, or silver beads like pearls], very sweet; it affords firewood, and wood for other uses; its kindled firewood is hot; and its smoke is beneficial as a remedy for the rheum: AHn also says in one place, that, accord. to certain of the Başrees, the cocupies the space of a man sitting, and grows in the manner of the \_\_\_\_ [a species of wormwood]: also that he had been told by certain of [the tribe of Benoo-Asad that it rises not so high as the stature of a man, and is used as firewood: (M, TA:) [a coll. gen. n.:] the n, un. is with 5. (T, M.) [See a prov. cited voce رُؤْنُونُ, in art. دُأْن.] Also A man whose clothes are old and worn out: (A, K:) said by MF to be tropical, but not said to be so in the A. (TA.) \_ And Weak in i. e. the back, or the flesh on either side of the back-bone]. (K.)

A raft, constructed of pieces of wood or timber (As, T, S, M, Msb, K) put together (T, S, M, Msb, K) and bound, (T,) upon which one embarks (T, S, M, Msb, K) on the sea or a great river: (S, M, Msb, K:) of the measure فعل in the sense of the measure مُفْعُولُ, from "he collected together" a thing, "and put" it "into a right, or proper, state," or "adjusted" it: (As, TA:) pl. أَرْمَاتُ. (T, S, M, Msb.) = An old, wornout, rope; pl. أَرْمَاتُ and أَرْمَاتُ (M:) and one says جُبُلُ أَرْمَاتُ , (Ş, M, A, K,) meaning as above, (A,) i. e. أَوْبُ أَخُلَاقٌ (S, K;) like as one says : أَوْمَاهُ (M:) or منت signifies a rope undone, or untwisted. (IAar, T.) - And The thong, or the like, by which is suspended the skin of churned milk. (K.) = Also Remains, of milk, in the udder, (T, S, M, K,) after milking; and so pl. of the former أَرْمَاتُ pl. (M.) \_ And i. q. - [app. as meaning Milk, or fresh milk, drawn from the udder]. (T.) == An An excellence, or excellent quality. (T, K.) So in the saying, in the "Nawadir el-Aarab," لغُلَانِ عَلَى To such a one belongs an excellence فلأن رَمَتْ over such a one]. (T.)

(\$, إِبِلْ رَمِثَةُ You say رَمِثُ M, K,) and رَمُثَى (S, K) and رَمُثَى (M, K,) [which are pls.,] Camels having a complaint from eating رمث. (S, M, K. [See 1, third sentence.])

رَمْتُ see رَمْتُةً

. مُرْمَثُةُ see : أَرْضُ رَمْثَاءً

The maker of a raft or rafts: and one who draws, or tows, [or propels,] a raft.

in the CK [مُرْمَثُةُ Land producing أَرْضٌ مَرْمَثُةُ [the shrubs called] أَرْضٌ [signifies the same, or] land in which are رُسُتُ.

-They are in a state of confu-