A tribe below that which is termed عَالَةُ : (Ṣ, Mạb, K, TA:) or next below the عَالَةُ : (Ṣ and TA voce عُعَلَّهُ, &c.:) or below the عَالَةُ and above the عَالَةُ : (K: [but for this I have found no other authority:]) of the masc. gender: (TA:) or [properly] fem.: but if ______ [said by some to signify a tribe, absolutely,] be meant thereby, it is masc.: (Mạb:) or fem. if used in the sense of المُعَلَّدُ : (TA:) pl. [of pauc.] مُعُلِّدُ : (Mab, K.) [See ________]

plisease of the belly, (K, TA,) being a state of enlargement thereof arising from satiety; and so بَطْنُ ; whence the phrase مَاتَ بِالبَطْنِ He died by the disease of the belly. (TA.)

One whose object of care, or anxiety, is his belly: (K:) or who has an inordinate desire, or appetite, for food; (S;) whom nothing causes care, or anxiety, but his belly; (S, TA;) as also time: (TA:) or the former, (TA,) or the latter, (S,) ever large, or big, in the belly in consequence of much eating: (S, TA:) or both signify voracious; not ceasing from eating. (K.) — And [hence,] t One who exults, or exults greatly, or excessively, and behaves insolently and unthankfully, or ungratefully: (TA:) or who does so, being abundant in wealth. (K, TA.)

Repletion ; the state of being much filled with food (8, K) and drink. (So in a copy of the إلبطنتُهُ تُذُهبُ الفطنة , It is said in a prov. [Repletion banishes intelligence]. (TA.) _ And [hence,] ! Exultation, or great or excessive exultation, and insolent and unthankful, or ungrateful, مَاتَ فَلان [Hence also,] __ [Hence also,] + Such a one died with his wealth complete, not having expended, or dispensed, anything thereof: or, accord. to A'Obeyd, this prov. relates to religion, and means + he went forth from the present world in a state of integrity, without any infringement of his religion. (TA.) [See also نَزَّتْ به [Hence also,] (تَفَضَّغُضَّ | +Richness caused him to exult, or exult greatly, or excessively, and to behave insolently and unthankfully, or ungratefully. (TA.)

الدُّبُرُ i. q. البَطِنَةُ [The back, kinder part, posteriors, &c.]. (TA.) بُطِنَاتُ الوَادي بِـ (The roads, or beaten tracks, of the valley. (TA.)

[The belly-girth of a camel: or] the girth of the [kind of saddle called] قَلَبُ (Ṣ, Ķ,) which is put beneath the belly of the camel, and is like the تَصْدِير to the تَصْدِير (Ṣ:) or the girth of the [saddle called] رُحُلُ (Ḥsb:) pl. [of pauc.] أَبُطُنَةُ المَّقَاتُ حَلَقَا [The two rings of the belly-girth met]: said of a case, or an affair, that has become severe, strait, or distressing. (Ṣ.) And المَطانُ [A man in ample and easy circumstances; or in an easy, or a pleasant, state or condition; or easy, or unstraitened, in mind. (K, TA. [See also art. عَرَفُ البِطَانُ And أَلَا المُعَانُ وَمُو عَرِيضُ البِطَانُ And مَاتَ فَلَانُ وَمُو عَرِيضُ البِطَانُ And أَلَا المُعَانُ أَلَا المُعَانُ أَلَا المُعَانُ المُعَانُ المُعَانُ المُعَانُ المُعَانُ المُعَانُ had أَلَا المُعَانُ المُعَانُ المُعَانُ المُعَانُ had مَاتَ فَلَانُ وَمُو عَرِيضُ البِطَانُ nothing of him the fleshy parts (المُلاحية); nothing of him

** A tribe below that which is termed Link: (S, having gone. (TA. [But this seems to be said of Mab, K, TA:) or next below the said of a man's dying in a state of opulence: see Freytag's Arab. Prov. ii. 601.])

, applied to a man, (K,) Big, or large, in the belly ; (S, K ;) as also مُعْمَانُ the former occurs, in a description of 'Alee, used as an epithet of praise: and signifies also big, or large, in the belly in consequence of much eating: and having the belly full; as also the latter: pl. of the former بطان. (TA.) __ Hence, إ Full; applied to a purse [&c.]. (TA.) You say رَجُلُ بَطِينُ الْكُرْزِ + [lit. A man having the pair of provision-bags full]; meaning + a man who conceals his travelling-provision in a journey, and eats that of his companion. (TA.) __ † Far; far-extending. (8, لِي بَطِينُ K, TA.) So in the phrase خُاوُ بَطِينُ +[A farextending heat, or single run to a goal or limit], (S, TA,) and مُؤطُّ بَطِينُ [signifying the same]. (TA.) _ + Wide, and low, or depressed; applied to a tract of land or ground. (Ham p. 506.)

One of the Mansions of the Moon; (8, K;) namely, the Second; (Kzw, &c.;) three small stars [e and w and v], (S, K,) disposed in the form of an equilateral triangle, (8,) as though they were three stones whereon a cooking-pot is placed, and forming the belly of the Ram; (8, K;) the appellation being made a diminutive because the Ram consists of many stars in the form of a ram; [so I here render though it properly signifies a lamb;] the شُرطَان being its two horns ; and the بطين, its belly ; [or, accord. to our configuration of Aries, the rump;] and the its rump, or tail; (S;) three obscure stars, forming the points of a triangle, in the belly of the Ram, between the شُرطان and the إثريًا; (Kzw, Mir-at ez-Zeman, &c.;) the three stars of which two are on the tail and one on the thigh of the Ram, forming an equilateral triangle. (Kzw in his description of Aries.) [See مَنَازِلُ القَمْر, in art. نزل.] The Arabs assert that it has no [here meaning effect upon the weather], except wind. (TA.)

The lining, or inner covering, of a garment, or piece of cloth [&c.]; contr. of ظهارة (S, Msb, K;) as also * باطنة (JK in art. باطنة) pl. of the former بطائن. (TA.) _ +A secret (K, TA) that a man conceals. (TA.) One says, i. e. + He is one who possesses, i. e. knowledge of the inward, or intrinsic, state or circumstances of the case, or affair, of such a one. (TA.) _ I A particular, or special, intimate, friend, or associate; (S, K, TA;) one who is particularly distinguished by entering into, and becoming acquainted with, the inward, or intrinsic, state or circumstances of one's case or affair; (TA;) an intimate and familiar friend or associate; (Zj, TA;) a confidential friend, mho is consulted respecting one's circumstances: (TA:) it is from the same word in the sense first explained above, relating to a garment, or piece of cloth: (Mgh, Er-Rághib:) and is used in a pl. sense, as meaning intimate and familiar friends or associates, to whom one is open, or unreserved, in conversation, and who know the

inward state or circumstances [of one's case or affair]: (Zj, TA:) or one's family; and one's particular, or special, intimates, friends, or associates. (Mgh.) You say, مُوْ اللهُ إِلَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ إِلَّهُ اللهُ ا

: Unapparent ; hidden ; concealed ; covert باطن (K, TA:) [and inward; inner; interior; internal; intrinsic; esoteric: in all these senses] contr. of باطن أمر_ (Mab, TA.) . ظاهر The inward, or intrinsic, state or circumstances, of a case or an affair]; (TA, &c.;) [and so مُطُنُ * أَمْرِ whence the phrases,] أَفْرَشْنِي ظَهْرَ أَمْرِهِ وَبَطْنَهُ [He displayed, or laid open, to me the outward state or circumstances of his case or affair, and the inward state or circumstances thereof]; and † [He is one who possesses أَمُجَرَّبُ بَطُنَ الْأُمُورِ experience of the inward, or intrinsic, state or circumstances of affairs], as though he hit their bellies by his knowledge of their true, or real, states or circumstances. '(TA.) __ البَاطنَ __ (The internal, inward, or intrinsic, state, condition, character, or circumstances, of a man: and the heart, meaning the secret thoughts; the recesses of the mind; the state of mind; the inward, or secret, disposition of the mind : opposed to الظَّاهر. _ Also,] an epithet applied to God, meaning He who knows the inward, or intrinsic, states or circumstances of things: (8:) or He who knows the secret and hidden things: or He who is veiled from the eyes and imaginations of created beings. (TA.) _ [idil Covertly; secretly.] _ See also also signifies A بَاطِنْ ... , in eight places بَطُنْ water-course, or place in which water flows, in rugged ground: pl. بُطْنُ (K) and بُطْنَانُ. (TA.)

Also The middle, and the retired part, of a حُورَة [i. e. province, or district, or city]: in the copies of the K erroneously written بطانة , and explained as meaning the "middle of a حُورة (TA.)

الأبطن A certain vein in the interior of the arm of the horse; one of two veins which are called الأبطنان: (S:) accord. to AO, these are two veins that penetrate into the interior of the arm until they become hidden among the sinens of the shank. (TA.)

مَبَطُن, applied to a man, Lank in the belly: (Ṣ, Ķ, TA:) fem. with 5. (Ṣ.) — Applied to a horse, White in the back and belly. (Ķ.) — Lined; having a عَلَاكُ put to it. (TA.)

بَطِنٌ see بَطِينٌ, in two places : and see بَطِينٌ, in three places.

Having a complaint of, or a disease in, or a pain in, his belly: (S, Mgh, Mab, K:) one who dies of disease of his belly, as dropsy and the like: such is reckoned a martyr. (TA.)