having yet set himself firmly in a standing posture, but having prepared himself to leap, or spring, (Lth, K, TA,) or to go away: (Lth, TA:) or he sat in a posture as though he desired to rise and stand up; whether in the manner termed fiel. e. sitting upon the ground with the shanks erect], or otherwise. (MF.)

and وَفَوْرُ Haste: pl. (of the latter, TA,) وَفُوْرُ and وَفُوْرُ الْمَاهِ وَفُوْرُ . (S, K.) You say, أَوْفَارُ . (S, K.) and عَلَى وَفَوْرِ (K,) We are in haste: (K:) or we are on a journey; [like عَلَى أَوْفَادِ ;] the time of our journeying has come. (S, TA.) And joint joint

. وَفْرُ see : وَفَرُ

An upright posture in sitting, so that one is not at his ease. (Lth, TA.) Sec 10.

Turning over and over upon the bed, scarcely sleeping: (K,* TA:) mentioned by Z, and by Sgh in the O, on the authority of Ibn-Abbad. (TA.)

act. part. n. of 10, q. v. One says, puts his food. (Fr, M.) _ Also, puts his food. (Fr, M.) _ Also, pression between the two mustacil see thee to be sitting in an upright and uneasy nose, (K, TA,) of a man. (TA.) posture]. (TA.)

وفض

4. وفض: see 1, in two places. = Also, He made a she-camel to go the pace termed غنية; as also اوضف. (Khaleefeh El-Hoseynec.) And He dispersed camels. (The same, and K.) See also 10. فض لَهُ الله spread for him a carpet, or the like, by which to preserve himself from the ground; (K, TA;) as also اوضم. (TA)

10. استوفض: see 1, in two places. = Also, He required, or commanded, another to hasten, or be quick, or he hastened, hurried, or urged, him. (S, M, A, K, [but in the M; it seems to relate to camels, or an ostrich.]) — He drove away (S, M, K) camels, or an ostrich; as also to the drove away, or expelled, another

from his country: (M:) he banished him. (Mgh, K.)

(Ṣ, M, K,) and أُوفُاضٌ (M, K) Haste: (Ṣ, M, K) [like وَفُونٌ and أُوفُاضٌ [pl. أُوفُاضٌ (K.) You say, وَفَضٍ and جَاءً عَلَى وَفُضٍ, and أُوفَاضٍ and أُوفَاضٍ and لَقِيتُهُ عَلَى أُوفَاضٍ the came in haste. (M.) And لَقِيتُهُ عَلَى أُوفَاضِ I found him in a state of haste: (Ṣ, K:) like

in two places. وَفُضٌ see وَفَضْ

, خريطة [hag of the kind called] وَفُضَةً for his implements and provisions, (M, K,) which he carries therein. (M.) _ And hence, as being likened thereto, (M,) A [quiver of the kind called] Australia (N, K,) or a thing like the are, (S,) for arrows, (M,) of skins, or hides, (S, M, K,) in which is no wood: (S, M:) or [a quiver] smaller than the جعبة, having its upper and lower parts of equal size: the ass is round and wide, and has a cover on the top, over its mouth: [see the latter word :] (ISh :) pl. وَفَاضْ (S, M, A, K) and وفضات (A, TA.) _ Also, A thing like a quiver (كنانة), (Fr, M,) of small size, (Fr,) in which a man of the class called اُوفَاض puts his food. (Fr, M.) _ Also, The small depression between the two mustaches, beneath the

Parties of men : (A'Obeyd, S, K:) a mixed multitude : (A'Obeyd, M, K :) from وَفَضَت " meaning " the camels became dispersed !" (AA:) or poor, weak, defenceless people: (L:) or an assemblage, (K,) or a mixed multitude or rollection, (S,) from various tribes, such as the (A'Obeyd, S, K:) or a company : أَصْحَابُ الصُّفَّة of whom every one has a وَفْضَة for his food, (Fr, M, K,) i. e. a thing resembling a كنانة, (Fr, M,) of small size, (Fr,) in which he puts his food; (Fr, M;) but this explanation is disapproved by A'Obeyd (TA) [and by ISd]: or أَهْلُ الصَّقَّة applies to the persons called الزُّوفَاضُ (M,) who were a mixed multitude (A'Obeyd, M) from various tribes, (A'Obeyd,) consisting of ninety-three men. (TA.) [See ...]

ميفَاثَى Geing quickly, or swiftly; applied to a she-camel, (Ş, M, K,) and to an ostrich. (Ş, M.)

of fright; (As;) or running away by reason of fright; as though desiring his وَفُض , or running: (Ṣgh:) or frightened. (TA.)

وفق, &c. See Supplement.]

وقب

1. وَقَبَ الظَّلَامُ The darkness came in upon the people. (Ṣ, Ķ*.) — So in the verse of the Kur. [cxiii. 3,] وَمِنْ شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ And from

the mischief of night when it cometh in upon men; (S;) [for other explanations see غاسق in art. , وُقُوبُ and وَقُبْ . (inf. n. وَقَبَتِ الشَّهْسُ _ [.غسق K,) : The sun set: (S, K:) entered its place [of setting.] (S.) _ رُقُوبٌ , (inf. n. رُقُبُ القَمَرُ _ (S.) The moon entered upon a state of eclipse; (K;) entered into the cone-shaped shade of the earth. (, TA, وَقُبُ (and simply) وَقَبَتُ عَيْنَاهُ _ (TA.) His eyes became sunk, or depressed, in his head. رُوقيبُ and وَقْبُ , inf. n. وَقَبْ and وَقَبْ , inf. n. He (a horse) made a sound with his prepuce : [in the S and K, the verb is not mentioned, but only the latter of the two inf. ns., which is explained as signifying "the sounding of a horse's prepuce:"] or made a sound by the motion of his penis in its prepure. (TA.) -: It (a thing) entered وَقُبُ , inf. n. وَقَبْ (S:) but it is said in a marginal note in a copy of the S, that the inf. n. is correctly , because the verb is intrans. : accord to some, it signifies he, or it, entered into a ¿, q. v.; and in the is given as the inf. n. of the verb in this sense. (TA.) [In the CK, وَقُت is put by mistake for وَقُبُ _ [.وَقُبُ , [aor. رِيْقِبُ,] inf. u. and وُقُوبُ, He, or it, became absent, hidden, or concealed. (K.) _ وَقَبْ [aor. رِيْقْب jinf. 11. وَقُبْ, He, or it, came ; approached ; advanced.

4. اوقب السَّخْلُ The palm-tree became rotten in the fruit-bearing stalks of its racemes. (TA.)

— اوقب الله (K), or it, (a people, S,) hungered; suffered hunger. (S, K.)

, (inf. n. إوقب شُغْ , q. v. : (Fr, S, K:) or, as in some Lexicons, into a وَقُبُ وَلَكُمْ. (TA.)

A small hollow, or cavity, (نَقْرَة), in which water collects, in a mountain: (S:) or in a rock: as also * وَقُبِهُ (K:) or, accord. to some, وَقُبِهُ * is a coll. gen. n., of which وقبة is the n. un. : (MF:) pl. اُوْقَابُ : (TA:) or وَقُبُ , accord. to the K, (but accord. to the TA * وُقْبَةُ ,) signifies what is like a well, in a tract of hard and large stones that produce no plants, a fathom, or two fathoms, in depth, (K,) in which the rain-water stagnates. (TA.) - The ravity, or socket, of the eye: (S:) any cavity, or socket, in the body; as that of the eye, and that of the shoulder-blade: (K :) pl. وقَابُ and وقُوبٌ. (TA.) _ The pit, or cavity, above the eye of a horse : (K:) pl. وقوب and وقاب. (TA.) _ The hole into which enters the axle of a pulley. (K.) _ See also وُقْبَةً . = Stupid; foolish; of little sense: (S, K:) like : أُوْقَابُ . (Ṣ:) an epithet of a man: pl. وَغُبُ TA:) fem. with 5. (TA.) _ So in the following trad. of El-Ahnaf: إِيَّاكُمْ وَحَمِيَّةَ الرُّوقَابِ Beware of the care with which stupid people defend their rights: a proverb]. (TA.) For ,الأوغاب another relation substitutes ,الاوقاب meaning the same, or weak persons. (TA,