

نَظِيرٌ † Looking to, or facing, another person or thing; opposite or corresponding to another person or thing; as also مُنَاطِرٌ; syn. مُقَابِلٌ. (A.) [Hence, النَّظِيرُ, and النَّظِيرُ, † The nadir; the point opposite to the zenith.] نَظِيرُكَ الَّذِي تُنَاطِرُهُ (M,) or الَّذِي يُنَاطِرُكَ (T,) [which I suppose to mean † He who looks towards, or faces, thee; who is opposite, or corresponds, to thee; or he towards whom thou lookest, &c., and who looks towards thee, &c.: though susceptible of other interpretations: see 3.] — † Like; a like; a similar person or thing: (AO, T, S, M, A, K;) equal; an equal: (Msb:) applied to anything: (TA:) as also نَظَرٌ; (AO, S, K;) like نَدِيدٌ and نَدٌ; (AO, S;) and مُنَاطِرٌ: (K:) fem. نَظِيرَةٌ: (T, M, A:) pl. masc., نَظَائِرٌ: (M, A, Msb, K:) and pl. fem. نَظَائِرٌ, (T, A,) applied to words and to all things. (T.) You say, فَلَانٌ نَظِيرُكَ † Such a one is thy like. (T.) And هَذَا نَظِيرُ هَذَا (T,) or نَظِيرُ هَذَا (Msb,) † This is the like of this, (T,) or the equal of this. (Msb.) And عَدَدْتُ إِبِلَ فَلَانٍ نَظَائِرَ † I counted, or numbered, the camels of such a one in pairs, or two by two; (As, T, K;*) if by looking at their aggregate, you say, عَدَدْتُهَا جَمَارًا. (As, T.)

نَظُورَةٌ: see نَظُورٌ, in two places. — See also نَظِيرَةٌ.

نَظِيرَةٌ: see نَظُورٌ, in two places. — Also, A scout, or scouts; (T, Sgh, K;) and so نَظُورَةٌ: (Sgh, K;) pl. of both, نَظَائِرٌ. (TA.) — Fem. of نَظِيرٌ, q. v. (T, &c.). [And hence,] النِّظَائِرُ [the pl.] The more excellent of men: (K,* TA:) because they resemble one another in dispositions and actions and sayings. (TA.)

نَظَارٌ † A horse (A, K) that raises his eye by reason of his sharpness of spirit: (A:) or sharp-spirited, and raising his eye. (T, K.)

نَظَارَةٌ A people looking at a thing; (S, K;) as also مُنَظَرَةٌ. (K.) — See also مُنَظَارٌ.

نَاطِرٌ act. part. n. of نَظَرَ; Looking; &c.: pl. نَظَائِرٌ. (Msb.) النَّاطِرُ [The pupil, or apple, of the eye, the smallest black of the eye, (S, Msb,) in which is [seen] what is termed نَظِيرٌ, (S,) [and] with which the man sees; (Msb;) the black spot in the eye; (M, K;) the clear black spot that is in the middle of the [main] black of the eye, with which the looker sees what he sees: or that part of the eye which resembles a mirror, in which, when one faces it, he sees his person: (TA:) or a duct (عَرَقٌ) in the nose, wherein is the water of sight: (M, K;) [app. a loose description of the optic nerve:] or the sight itself: (M, K;) or the eye:

(K:) or the eye is called النَّاطِرَةُ; (S, A;*) the pl. of which is نَوَاطِرٌ. (A.) — شَدِيدُ النَّاطِرِ (A.) — (so in a copy of the M and of the A and in some copies of the K,) or شَدِيدُ النَّاطِرِ, (so in some copies of the K and in the TA,) A man clear of suspicion, who looks with a full gaze: (M, K:) or clear of that with which he is upbraided. (A.) — النَّاطِرَانِ Two veins at the two edges of the nose, commencing from the inner angles of the eyes, towards the face. (Zj, in his Khalk el-Insán.) — Also, نَاطِرٌ † A guardian; a keeper; a watcher: (S, Msb:) and, as also نَاطُورٌ, i. q. نَاطُورٌ, (K, TA,) [which last is] a word of the Nabathean dialect. (TA.) — [The dim. نَوَيْظِرٌ.] You say, عَمِيَّتِي نَوَيْظِرَةٌ إِلَى اللَّهِ ثُمَّ إِلَيْكُمْ † My eye (lit. my little eye) is looking to God for His bounty, then to you for your bounty. (A.) — In the K, [lxv. 23,] the words إِلَى رَبِّهَا نَاطِرَةٌ have been explained as signifying Waiting for (مُنْتَظَرَةٌ) their Lord: but this is a mistake; for the Arabs do not say نَظَرْتُ in the sense of انتَظَرْتُهُ, but they say نَظَرْتُ فَلَانًا in that sense. (T.)

نَظِيرَةٌ: see نَاطِرٌ. — See also نَظَرَةٌ.

نَاطِرٌ: see نَاطِرٌ.

نَظُورٌ: see نَاطُورَةٌ.

أَنْظُرُ for أَنْظُرُ: see 1.

مُنَظَرٌ [A place in which a thing is looked at]: a place, or state, in which one likes to be looked at. (T, A, TA.) You say, فَلَانٌ فِي مَنَظَرٍ وَمَسْجَعٍ † Such a one is in a state in which he likes to be looked at and listened to [and in a state in which he is satisfied with drink and food]. (T, A, TA.) And لَقَدْ كُنْتُ عَنْ هَذَا الْمَقَامِ بِمَنَظَرٍ † Thou wast in a state [in] which thou likedst [to be looked at], away from this place of abode. (T, TA.) — The aspect, or outward appearance, of a thing; opposite of مَخْبَرٌ: (S, art. خَبَر:) [when used absolutely, a pleasing, or goodly, aspect; or beauty of aspect; as also مُنَظَرَةٌ: this is implied by the usage of مُنَظَرَانِي, q. v., and is well known:] or what one looks at and is pleased by or displeased by; as also مُنَظَرَةٌ: (M, K:) or the former, a thing that pleases and rejoices the beholder when he looks at it: (T:) and the latter, the aspect (مَنَظَرٌ) of a man when one looks at it and is pleased by it or displeased by it. (T, TA.)* You say, لَهُ مَنَظَرٌ حَسَنٌ [He has a goodly aspect]. (A.) And امْرَأَةٌ حَسَنَةُ الْمَنَظَرِ, [A woman goodly of aspect.] (S.) And مَنَظَرُهُ خَيْرٌ مِنْ مَخْبَرِهِ [His aspect is better than his internal state]. (S.) And لَذُو مَنَظَرٍ بَلَا مَخْبَرٍ (T, A.)

and دُو مَنَظَرَةٍ بَلَا مَخْبَرَةٍ (A,) [Verily he has a pleasing aspect without a pleasing internal state.]

مَنَظَرَةٌ A high place on which a person is stationed to watch; (S;) a place on the top of a mountain, where a person observes and watches the enemy: (T:) and مَنَاطِرٌ [the pl.] eminences; or elevated parts of the earth; or high grounds: (M, K:) because one looks from them. (M.) — Its application to A certain separate place of a house, [generally an apartment on the ground-floor overlooking the court, and also a turret, or rather a belvedere, and any building, or apartment, commanding a view,] is vulgar. (TA.) — See also نَظَارَةٌ. — And see مَنَظَرٌ, in five places.

مَنَظَرِي: see what next follows.

مَنَظَرَانِي (S, M, A, K) and مَنَظَرِي (M, K,) the latter contr. to analogy, (M,) A man (M,) of goodly aspect. (M, K.) You say, رَجُلٌ مَنَظَرَانِي [A man of goodly aspect and of pleasing internal, or intrinsic, qualities]; (S, A;) i. e., دُو مَخْبَرٍ and دُو مَنَظَرٍ. (TA, art. خَبَر.)

مَنَظَارٌ A mirror (A, K) in which the face is seen. (TA.) — Also, A telescope; a thing in which what is distant is seen [as though it were] near: vulgarly, نَظَارَةٌ. (TA.)

مَنَظُورٌ A man looked at with an evil eye: (A, TA;) affected by what is termed a نَظَرَةٌ; (T, TA;) i. e., a stroke of an [evil] eye; [or of an evil eye cast by a jinnee; or a touch, or slight taint of insanity, from the jinn;] or a swoon. (TA.) — A person, (T,) or chief person, (A,) whose bounty is hoped for, (T, A,) and at whom eyes glance. (A.) — مَنَظُورَةٌ A woman in whom is a نَظَرَةٌ, meaning, a fault, defect, or imperfection. (K,* TA.)

نَظِيرٌ: see مُنَاطِرٌ.

[نظف, &c.]

See Supplement.]

نعب

نَعِيبٌ and نَعَبٌ 1. نَعَبٌ, aor. نَعَبَ and نَعَبَ, inf. n. نَعَبٌ and نَعِيبٌ (S, K) and نَعَابٌ (K) and نَعَابٌ (S, K) He (a raven, or crow, غَرَابٌ,) uttered a cry, cried out, or croaked: (S;) or uttered the cry, or croak, that is asserted to be ominous of separation: [but see below:] or moved about his head without crying: (Msb:) he (a raven, or crow, or other animal,) cried out: or stretched out his neck, and moved about his head, in crying out. (K.) The نَعِيبٌ of the raven, or crow, is said to be ominous of good; and its نَعِيقٌ, of evil. (Kifāyet el-Mutahaffidh.) — نَعِيبٌ also signifies † The neighing of a horse. (TA.) — نَعَبٌ الدِّيكُ † [The cock crowing] is sometimes said, metaphorically. (S.) — نَعَبٌ الْمُؤَذِّنُ † The chanter of the call to prayer