5 and 8: see 1.

رُنْجِيُّ \* العين and رُنَجُوْد العين and رُنَجُوْ العَيْن and نجي، العين, Having an evil, or a malignant, eye; (Fr, S, K;) and powerfully affecting there-

. نَجُوُ العَيْنِ see : نَجُوْدُ and ; نَجِيْ and نَجِيْ

An affecting with an evil, or a malignant, eye: (Ks:) force, or eagerness, of look: (Ks, IAth, S:) lust, or desire, or a hankering after a رُدُوا نَجُأَةَ السَّائِلِ بِاللَّقْمَةِ Ex. إِنْ اللَّقْمَةِ (\$) Avert the beggar's evil eye; (Ks;) or the force, or eagerness, of his look at thy food, or at thee; (§;) or his lust; or accomplish his desire, and avert his eye from thy food, in compassion for him; (TA;) do this by giving him a morsel. (S.) \_ رُدُّ عَنْكَ نَجْأَةً هٰذَا الشَّيْءِ Avert from thee the desire of this thing. (TA.)

1. مُجْبُ , aor. - and -, inf. n. بُجْبُ , He took off the bark of the stem, or trunk, of the tree: (S:) or نجبه, aor. and inf. n. as above; and inf. n. زَنْجِيهُ; and انتجبه He took off its bark; barhed it. (ISd, K.) See نخن. = , aor. -, inf. n. نُجَابَة, He mas generous, noble, or liberal, &c.: [see نَجِيبُ]. (Msb, K.) He, or it, was excellent, or choice. (MA.) [Said of a horse and the like, He was generous, : نَاجِبُه فَنَجِبُه \_\_\_ excellent, strong, light, or swift.]

2: see 1.

3. V ain il [He vied with him, or strove to surpass him, in generosity, nobleness, or liberality; and he surpassed him therein.] (TA, art. غير.)

4. انجب He begot a generous, noble, or liberal, child; such as is termed نَجِيبُ. (Ş.) [This verb, being coupled in the K with , might be imagined syn. therewith; but this, accord. to the TA, is not the case.] El-Aasha says,

(S) He begot a generous son in the times when his parents (rejoiced) in him, when they produced him; and excellent was that which they produced. : أيَّام Accord. to one reading, the second word is and أيَّامُ وَالدَّيْهِ is also read in place of in which case, انجب is fig. the agent of (TA.) \_\_ is said of a woman, in the same sense. (TA.) See also انجب ... انخب [as also انخب] He begot a cowardly child: (from , the "bark" of a tree: TA:) thus the

two significations are not necessarily contr.; for a courageous man may be not generous, or liberal; and a generous, or liberal, man may be not courageous. (MF.)

8. انتجبه He selected him; chose him; (Ş;) preferred him above others. (TA.) See also He went to زَهُبُ يُنْتَجِبُ \_ See 1. collect [the kind of bark called] نجن. (TA.) \_ A poet says,

> يَا أَيُّهَا الزَّاعِمُ أَنِّي أَجْتَلَبْ وَأَتَّنِي غَيْرَ عضَاهِي أَنْتَجِبُ

meaning, O thou who assertest that I take the verses of other poets and appropriate them to myself, and, and as it were, take the bark of other trees than my own 'idáh, to tan therewith . . . (TA.) [See مضاه .]

نَحِيْتُ: see نَحِينَ.

The bark (الحاد) of trees: (S, K:) or the rind of the roots thereof: or of what is hard thereof. (K.) The soft peel of branches is not thus called; nor is the rind of roots called, but نَجَبُةُ n. un. نُجِبُهُ. (TA.)

A bite of an ant. So in a trad., accord. to one reading: accord. to another reading, it is نخنة. Both these words are given by IAth on the authority of Z. (TA.)

نَجِيتُ and نُحَنةُ see نُحِيثُ.

A generous, noble, liberal, man; (S, K;) one distinguished by rank or quality, nobility or eminence, reputation or note or consideration; (K;) excellent; of great worth in his kind; one who is like his father in generosity and actions: (TA:) as also انْجُبْ (K) [explained as signifying "liberal, generous"] and انجبة : (S, K:) or you call a man نجيب when he is generous, noble, or liberal; but when he is unequalled among his people in generosity, &c., you say in measure like حَلَمَة (El-'Alam) ، هُو نَجَبَةً \* قَوْمِه Es-Sakháwee:) [but MF doubts the correctness of this measure; and seems to think that the is said هو نُجَبَّةُ † القَوْم [: نُجَبَّة \ is said of a man when he is the man, among them, who is distinguished by generosity, &c.: (\$:) pl. بُ مِنْجُانُ and أَنْجَانُ and نُجُنَّا. (K.) Excellent, as an epithet applied to any animal; (IAth;) a generous, excellent, camel or horse; one of high breed; (ISd;) a strong, light, swift, camel: (TA:) you say نَاقَةٌ نَجِيبَةٌ as well as نُجُبُ (Ş, K) and نُجُائِبُ (Ş, K) and نُجِيبُ (S.) \_ نَجَائِبُ القُرْآن \_ The most excellent, and the

verb bears two contr. significations: (K:) or the سُورَةُ الأُنعَام (TA.) In like manner, أَوَاحِبُهُ The heart thereof that has [as it were] no [or bark] upon it: or the best, or most excellent, thereof. (K.)

see what next precedes.

A man who begets generous, noble, or liberal, children; such as are termed i. (K.) In like manner, مُنْجَابُ \* and , and أَمْرَأُهُ مُنْجِبَةُ : (Ş, K:) pl. of the latter مُنَاجِيبُ. (كِ.) — \* منجاب also signifies A woman who has generous, noble, or liberal, children; such as are termed ....... (TA.)

(TA.) See بعثم, and also باخشه. \_ باخشه An arrow that has neither feathers nor head; (A'Obeyd, S;) that is trimmed, shaped, or pared, but has neither feathers nor head. (As, A'Obeyd, K.) \_ an iron with which a fire ix stirred. (K.)

A vessel that is capacious within: : قَدْح a capacious vessel of the kind called : (S:) or wide, or capacious, in the bottom: i.q. , which, accord. to ISd, is the correct word; but others say that the ب and ف may be interchangeable. (TA.) بالدُّ مُنْجُوبُ A hide tanned with the bark of the trunk of the مُلْتُح (Ṣ.) مَنْجُوبٌ منجوبٌ A shin tanned with the same: (Ṣ, Ķ:) or with [the hind of bark called] نَجْبُ : (K:) as also نَجْبُ (Ş, K) and منجب: (Aboo-Mis-hal, K:) but the last is disapproved by ISd, because it is of the measure مفعل, which is not used in the sense of the measure مفعول. (TA.)

مُنْتَعَنْ Select; chosen; choice : (K :) an epithet applied to anything. (TA.)

1. شَجْنُ, aor. عْ, inf. n. ثُجْنُ; and المُتَابِقِينَ ; (TA;) and انتجث ا and استنجث; (K;) He extracted, drew out, or caused to come forth, (K, TA,)a thing: apparently more especially used with reference to what is talked of, or news, tidings, or the like. (TA.) \_ عُنْهُ عَنْهُ , aor. 4, (and \* نَجْتُ عَنْهُ , inf. n. تُنجِتْ , TA,) and المنجيث ; He searched, or sought, for, or after, it; inquired respecting it; sought for information respecting it; searched into, inquired into, investigated, scrutinized, or examined, it; i.e. an affair. (As.) \_ أَنْجَثُ قُبْرًا [aor. 4,] inf. n. نَجْتُ, He dug up the contents of a grave. (TA, from a trad.) = فُلَانْ يَنْجُثُ بَنِي inf. n. نُجْتُ, L.) Such a one seduces, misleads, or leads astray, (يستغوى, Fr, S, K, or, purest, parts of the Kur-an. Of such is the accord to A'Obeyd, with the unpointed