japplied to a she-camel, i. q. زُوْنَ [That pushes, or thrusts, or that pushes, or thrusts, away, or that hicks, or strikes, and pushes, &c., her milker with her hind leg, or with her stifle-joint; or that is wont, or accustomed, to do so]: or lame; as also المنافذة (K;) as though she danced in her gait, in consequence of lameness. (TA.)

نَوُونَ : see زَافِنَة. — Also A woman that suffices her man, or husband, in respect of the means of ... (K.)

زِيفُنْ (Ṣ, Ķ) and زِيفُنْ (Ķ) Tall; (Ķ;) and strong; (Ṣ, Ķ;) and some add, light, or active. (TA.) [In one copy of the Ṣ, I find it written; نَيْفُن; which its measure in poetry shows to be wrong.]

رَيْزُوْنَ, applied to a she-camel, Swift, (K,) and light, or active: IJ says that it is app. of the measure الزَّفْنُ, from الزَّفْنُ [as meaning "the act of dancing"]; or it may be a quadriliteral-radical word: IB says that رَيْدَبُونَ [which see in art. رَيْدَبُونَ is similar to it. (TA.) — Also, applied to a bow, That makes a sound, or sounds, in consequence of being put in motion: and in this sense it is said by IJ to be of the measure الزَّفْنُ, from الزَّفْنُ.

مَرَجُلٌ فِيهِ إِزْفَنَةُ A man in whom is motion, or commotion: and رَجُلٌ إِزْفَنَةُ A man in a state of motion, or commotion: mentioned by Sb, and expl. by Seer. (TA.)

## زق

1. رَقُونَهُ فَرَحُهُ , said of a bird, aor. أَرَقُ فَرَحُهُ , (Ṣ, M, Mṣb,) inf. n. رُقُونَهُ ; (M, Mṣb, K;) and أَرَقُونَهُ , (IDrd, M,) inf. n. رُقُونَهُ ; (K;) It fed its young one (Ṣ, M, K) with its month [or bill]; (Ṣ, M;\*) it ejected food [from its bill] into the mouth of its young one. (IDrd, TA.) — [Hence,] one says, مَا زِلْتُ أَرْقُهُ اللهِ إِلَّهُ اللهُ الله

2. تَزْقِيقٌ, (M, TA,) inf. n. تَزْقِيقٌ, (Ṣ, TA,) He stripped off a hide, or skin, by commencing from the head, (Ṣ, M, TA,) in order to make of it a إِنَّى [q. v.]. (M, TA.) The doing thus is different from the mode now practised. (Ṣ.)

R. Q. 1. زَفْزَقَ inf. n. زُفْزَقَ see 1, above, in two places. \_\_ [As inf. n. of the same verb,]

also signifies A bird's uttering its cry, or voice, at dawn: (Lth, K:) or it is a word imitative of the cry, or voice, of the bird; (M, TA;) and he who thus explains it does not restrict it by adding "at dawn." (TA.) — Also [as an onomatopæia] A meak laughing. (Ibn-'Albád, K.) — And The being light, or active, (K, and Harp. 375,) and quich. (Har ibid.) — Also a word of the dial. of Kelb, app. meaning The being quich in speech, (Ibn-'Abbád, K, TA,) and making one part thereof to follow close upon another. (Ibn-'Abbád, TA.) — And The dancing a child; (Lth, S, M, K;) as also وَقُواقُ [which is likewise an inf. n. of the same verb,] (Lth, M, K,) with kesr. (K.)

j one of the names of Wine: (Moḥceṭ, Ķ:\*) pl., as in the Moḥceṭ, وَقَقَدُ ; but accord to the Ķ, رُقَقَدُ (TA.)

[A skin for holding wine Sc. :] any receptacle, consisting of a skin, that is used for wine and the like: or, as some say, not thus called unless it be stripped off from the part next the animal's nech: or, accord. to AHn, one in which wine is conveyed: (M:) or a skin for water or milk; syn. : (S, K:) or a shin of which the hair is clipped, not plucked out, (Lth, K,) for wine and the like, (Lth.) or for wine Sc. : (K:) or a receptacle, (طُرُف, Msb, and Har p. 335,) of skin, in which are put clarified butter and vinegar and wine: (Har ibid .: ) or, as some say, a ظُرُف smeared with زفت: (Msb:) AHat says that it is such as is smeared with زفت or with (Ş, M, Mab, K) أَزْقَاقُ (Ş, M, Mab, K) : قير and ij, mentioned by El-Hejeree, (M,) and (of mult., Ş) زَقَانَ (Ş, M, K) and زُقَانَ [in the CK erroncously written رقاق]. (S, M, Msb, K, TA.)

A certain small bird; (K;) a certain oquatic bird, that remains still until it is almost seized, and then dives, and comes forth far aff: pl. وَقَتْقُ. (M.)

. زَقَاقُ see : زَقَاقُ

[meaning street]: (Ş, K:) or [rather a hy-street, or lane ;] a narrow طريق [here meaning street], (M,) less than a a., (M, Mgh, Msh,) whether a thoroughfare or not: (Mgh, Msb:) masc. (S, Msb) and fem.: (S, Msb, K:) Akh says that the people of El-Hijáz (Ş) السّبِيلُ and (Ş, Meb) and الصّراطُ and الطَّريقُ and الكُلاءُ and النَّوْقَاقُ and الزَّقَاقُ and السُّوقُ , which is the market of El-Başrah, (S,) fem.; and Temeem make them masc., (S, Msb,) i. e. all of these: (S:) pl. [of pauc., but also used as a pl. of mult.,] أَزْقَةُ (S, M, Mgh, Msb, K) and [of mult.] , occurring مَنْ هَدَى زُقَاقًا (Sb, Ş, M, Ķ.) .زُقَانً in a trad., means He who has guided the erring and the blind to his way. (TA.) - [Hence,] [The strait of Gibraltar ;] the passage of the sea between Tanjeh and El-Jezcerch cl-Khadrà, in the west, (K, TA,) by El-Andalus; called (TA.) . زُفَاقُ سَبِتَهُ

أَوْقَ The maker of the [kind of skin called] زَقَاقَ

(TA.) = Also, as in the copies of the Moheet and the A [and in the JK], or tile, like, like, accord. to the K, but the former is probably the right, (TA,) One who drinks mater (Moheet, A, K) at the table, (Moheet, K,) while having food in his mouth. (Moheet, A, K.) [As shown in the A, it is an epithet applied to a greedy man.]

َوُوْاوَقَةُ Light, or active, in her walk; (K, TA;) applied to a woman. (TA.)

leg; (Lh, TA;) as also مَزْقُوقُ (Lh, K, TA:) دمزُقُوقُ (Lh, K, TA;) as also مُزْقُوقُ (Lh, K, TA:) دمرجُولُ (TA) and of مَرْجُولُ (K, TA:) And A skin of which the hair is clipped, not cut off. (K, TA.) And hence, as being like such a skin, + A head of which all 'he hair is cut off. (K, TA.) And + A man hering all the hair of his head cut off. (TA.) مَرْقَقُهُ لَمُ اللهُ الل

see the next preceding paragraph.

مُزَقُرْقُ Any work that is accomplished quickly.

## قب

1. وَقَبُهُ فَى بَجُدُوهِ, (JK, Ṣ, Ķ, \*) and وَقَبُهُ فَى بَجُدُوهِ, (TA,) He made him (a field-rat, Ṣ, TA) to enter [into his hole, and into the aperture in a wall]. (Ṣ, Ķ, TA.) = See also 7.

2. رَقِّب, (AZ, TA,) inf. n. تُزْقِيبُ, (AZ, K, TA,)

He (the bird called مُكَّاد ) sent forth his voice, or

cry. (AZ, K.)

7. انزقب He entered (T, Ṣ, Ķ) into his hole, (JK, Ṣ, Ķ,) said of a field-rat; (JK, Ṣ;) as also انزيق; (Ķ;) or into a thing; as also انزيق: (T, TA:) or he entered into it and concealed himself. (IĶṭṭ, TA in art.

لَهُ, (K,) and طُرِيقٌ زَقَبٌ (Lh, S,) [in which the latter word may be either a substitute for the former or an epithet,] A narrow road or may: (Lh, S, K:) pl. زُقُبُ : (TA:) and n. un. with ة ; or this and the pl. are alike. (K, TA.) The phrase مُطَارِبُ زُقْبُ occurs in a verse of Aboo-Dhu-eyb cited voce مطرب; [the former word being with tenween for the sake of the measure;] or, as some relate it, زُفْبُ: (Ş, TA:) in this instance, مطارب is a substitute for وقب or, accord. to A'Obeyd, added or signifies narrow roads or طَوِيقُ signifies narrow : (TA :) or طَوِيقُ signifies an obscure narrow road or way. (JK.) \_ One says also, رميته من زقب, meaning I threm, or shot, at him, or it, from a near spot. (JK, Ķ.)

## زقم

1. الْقُوْمُ is syn. with الْقُوْمُ [The act of gobbling a thing; i. e. eating it quickly, and hastily; or drawing it with the mouth, and eating it quickly: or smallowing it: (see also 5 and 8:)]: (AA, K, TA:) or الْقُورُ شُدِيدُ [vehement gobbling; &c.]: (TA:) you say, وَقُومُهُ, aor. عُرُالُهُمُ أَلُولُهُمُ أَلُولُهُمُ اللّهُ [He gobbled it; &c.]. (TK.) [And par-