of his she-camel: (K:) the separated a young camel from the mother. (A.) And last election 1 She (a mother) weaned her offspring: (M, A:) so accord. to Lh, who does not particularize any kind [of animal]. (M.) And غَانَة +He (meaned the offspring of a she-camel. (S.) And among them]: said of the dead. (A, TA.) (S, K,*) aor. -, (K,) + Such a thing occupied me; busied me; or diverted me, by employing my attention, from other things. (S, K, TA.) You say, أَمُورُ الدُّنْيَا †[The affairs of the world occupied him, &c.]. (S, TA.) And الحَوَالِجُ + Busying [or distracting] affairs busied [or distracted] him. (Lth.) And a poet says,

وأبيتُ تَخْلِجُنِي الْهُوْمُ كَأَنَّنِي دَلُوُ السُّفَاة تُهَدُّ بالأَشْطَان

[And I pass the night,] anxieties busying me [as though I were the bucket of the waterers, drawn from the well by the ropes]. (IAar.) , said of a fleet she-camel, (L, K,) + She goes, journeys, or travels, quickly. (L.) And جَلْخ see 5. __ خَلْج, aor. _, also signifies + He put (a thing, TA) in motion, or into a state of commotion. (A, K, TA.) You say, and aire, the put in motion, or into a state of commotion, his eyebrons, and his eyes. (A.) _ And _ aor. - (L, K) and 4, inf. n. (L, TA,) + He made a sign [by a motion] (L, K, TA) with his eye, and with with his eyebrons. (L, TA.) And and and aor. and inf. n. as above, + He made a sign to him with his eyebrow. (L.) And air a + He made a sign to him with his eye; winked to him. (She made a sign to غَلَجَتْني يعَيْنَهَا And me with her eye, or winked to me, to indicate a time or place of appointment, or something that she desired. (A, TA.) - See also 8, in two places.

3. مخالجه, (A, Msb, TA,) inf. n. مخالجه (Mgh,) He contended with him, (A, Mgh,* Msb, TA,) [as though drawing, or pulling, him, (see 6,)] namely, a man. (TA.) You say, أَخُالِجِهُ الشَّيْءَ He contended with him for the thing. (A.) And خَالَجْنِي القرآءة + He vied with me in reciting the words of prayer, (Mgh, * TA,) uttering aloud what I uttered aloud, so that he took from my tongue what I was reciting, and I did not [or could not] continue to do so. (TA, from a trad.) And مُعْرِي أَمْرُ A thing, or an affair, troubled my heart with contending thoughts. (K, TA.) And أيضًا لِجني في ذلك الأمر شَكُ TA.) does not contend with me respecting that affair], meaning I doubt not respecting that affair. (Sh,

4. اخلج عَاجِبَيْهِ عَنْ عَيْنِهِ +[He drew up his eyebrows from his eyes]. (Lth.) = اخلج is also quasi-pass. of though this is extr. with of the dial. of Hudheyl: (TA:) or clouds, (L, Msb, K:) or he remained, stayed, dwelt, or

signifying It was, or became, drawn, dragged, pulled, &c. (L, TA.)

5. يخآت: see 1, first sentence. — [Hence,] He (a paralytic, Ş, K, or an insane, or a possessed, man, A) malked in a loose manner, as though disjointed, and inclined from side to side, (S, A, K, TA,) as one dragging a thing: (A,TA :) it is similar to تَحَلَّع: (TA:) and signifies also he (an insane, or a possessed, man) inclined from side to side in his gait, (Mgh,* TA,) as though he were drawing along, now to the right and now to the left; and so خليج العامة , aor. ج, inf. n. مشيته (TA.) — See also 8, in two places. _ And see 6. = [It branched off, like a _____, from a large river: occurring in this sense in art. رجل of the T and TA; where ذُجُيْل يَتَخَلُّجُ is described as [.من دَجُلَةً

6. موما المحقق Anxieties contended with him, one on one side and another on another side, as though each were drawing him to it. (A, L.) اختلج المجاري شي: And المختلج في صَدْرِي شَيْ: And (TA) A thing was, or became, unsettled in my bosom, or mind; (TA;) meaning I was in doubt [respecting a thing]; (S, A, K;) as also أخلَّج and منا, (Lth, As, TA in art. حلم,) or these two mean nearly the same. (Sh, TA in that art.; in which see 5, in three places.) [See also 8.]

8. اختلج, as a trans. v.: see 1, in three places. Also ! It (a thing) was, or became, in a state of commotion, or agitation; it quivered, quaked, or throbbed; (Sh, TA;) and so تخلّج (Sh, K) [and مُعَلَّج , as will be seen from what follows]. You say اختلج حاجباه + His eyebrows quivered, or mere in a state of commotion. (Lth.) And أَنْ (TA;) عَيْنُهُ (Ṣ, Ķ;) and اختلجت عَيْنُهُ (TA;) and اختلجت عَيْنُهُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and خلجان; (Sh;) + His eye quivered, throbbed, or was in a state of commotion; (Sh, L;) i.q. طارت, (Ş, K,) i. e., throbbed. (PŞ, TK.) And † The member (i. e. any member, L) quivered, &c. (Mgh, L, Msb.) _ + He trembled, quivered, or quaked. (TA.) And appear + He moved about his lips and his chin, mocking and imitating a person talking. (TA, from a trad.) __ اختلج فِي صَدْرِي هُمِّر [Anxious thought fluttered in my bosom]. (TA.) See also 6.

. خُلُوجُ see : خِلْجُ

+Persons trembling in the bodies. (K.) + Persons tired, or fatigued. (IAar.) - + A people whose lineage, or origin, is doubted, (T, K,) so that different persons dispute, one with another, respecting it. (T.) See also

خَلَنْج: see art. خَلَنْج: خُلُوج: Clouds (سَحَاب) separated, or scattered, (K, TA,) as though drawn away from the mass;

respect to analogy, like ابشر [q. v.] &c.; (TA;) مصاب (براية, K,) and a cloud, (مَصَابَة), TA,) abounding with water, (K, TA,) and lightening vehemently. (TA.) - And hence, † A she-camel abounding with milk, and yearning towards her young one. (T, TA.) _ Also +A she-camel, (S, K.) or other female, (TA,) whose young one has been taken from her (S, K) by slaughter or death, and that yearns towards it, (TA,) and whose milk in consequence has become little in quantity. (S, K.) Accord to some, (L,) +A she-camel that goes, journeys, or travels, quickly, by reason of her [natural, not forced,] fleetness. (L, K.*) Pl. (or, rather, this is a quasi-pl. n., like as نُبْنُ is of بُنونُ and جُلاجُ (L.)

A canal, or cut, from a large river; syn. : شره من بحر (S, A, K:) what is cut off from the main mass of water; so called because it is drawn from it: (ISd, TA:) a river cut off from a larger river, extending to a place where use is made of it: a river on one side of a larger river: (TA:) and [simply] a river: (S, A, K:) and is said to signify the two sides of u river: (S:) or the two wings thereof: and some explain the sing. (خليح) as meaning a branch from a valley, conveying its water to another place: (TA:) pl. خُلْجَان (A, TA) and خُلْجَان. (TA.)

[act. part. n. of 1]. __ It is said in a trad. of 'Alee, respecting life (العَيَاة), إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ جَعَلَ (العَيَاة) meaning + Verily God hus made death to be quick in seizing its cords; i.e. the cords of life. (L.) __ [Hence,] الخالج is applied to + Death; because it draws away mankind. (TA.)

إَمَالَ + A busying, or distracting, affair : pl. خَلَجْتُهُ الحَوَالِجُ : see 1.

† Fut, so that his flesh quivers. (TA.)

1 A man whose name has been transferred from the register of his own people to that of another people, to whom his lineage, or origin, is consequently ascribed, (A, TA,) and respecting whose lineage, or origin, people differ and dispute: (TA:) accord. to some, i.-q. * as meaning a people whose reputed origin is transferred so as to be ascribed to another people: and the former signifies also a man whose lineage, or origin, is disputed; as though he were drawn, and pulled away, from his people. (TA.) ___ + One whose flesh and strength are taken away. (TA.) -+ A face (Lth, ISd, K) lean, (Lth, ISd,) having little flesh. (K.)

1. غَلُو , aor. ، inf. n. غُلُود (Ṣ, A, L, Mab, Ķ) and مُلْد , (S,* A, L, K,* [but the latter is not said to be an inf. n. in the first nor in the last of these lexicons, and is perhaps a simple subst.,]) He remained, stayed, drelt, or abode; syn. :