Mullà 'Alee Karee: (TA:) or اکبحه ا signifies he pulled up his head by the bridle, so as to make it upright, or erect; (Msb;) and so حُبُحُه. (A.) __ He turned such a one back كَبَحَ فُلَانًا عَنْ حَاجَتِهِ from, or made him to revert from, or relinquish, the thing that he wanted. (L, K.) -The wall made the arrow, striking it, to turn from its course, without its sticking in it. (L.) _ غَنْمَهُ He struck him with a sword, (K,) upon his flesh, not upon a bone. (Msb.)

. قابحه see كابحة . 3

4: see 1, in two places.

That which presents itself before thee, (K,) or he who presents himself before thee, (T, L,) of such objects as are of evil omen, (T, L, K,) as a he-goat &c.; (L;) because it turns him back from his course: (TA:) pl. (L, Ķ.) . كُوابِـح

1. ڪبده, (aor. -, AZ, L, K, and ،, L, K, int. n. كبد, L,) He, or it, hit, or smote, or hurt, his كَبد [or liver]: (AZ, S, IKtt, L:) or struck it. (L, K.) _ كَبْدُهُمُ الْبُردُ _ (aor. - and ، K,) + The cold affected them severely; distressed them; straitened them : (L, K:) or, smote their livers; which only the most intense cold does. (L, from a trad.) __ خَبد , aor. :, (L, K,) inf. n. حُبد إ (L,) He had a pain in his liver: (L, K) and (A, L:) or جُبَاد, (K,) inf. n. كُبَاد, (TA,) he had a complaint of his liver. (L, K.) = كُبد , aor. د, (L,) inf. n. خُبَدُ , (Ş, L, K,) He was big in the belly, (L, K,) in its upper part: (L:) he (a man) was bulky in the middle, and therefore slow in his pace. (S, L.) __ It (anything) was big, or large, and thick, in the middle. (L.) = See 5.

2 : See 5.

(, L, K, كَبَادُ and مُكَابَدَةُ , L, K,) كابد الأُمْرِ . 3. He endured the thing; struggled, or contended, with, or against, it; struggled or contended with, or against, its difficulty, or severity; syn. قاساه, (L, K,) or قَاسَى شِدَّته; (Ṣ;) he endured, or struggled, or contended, with or against, its diffi-: عَانَى مَشَقَّتُه . culty, trouble, or inconvenience ; syn. (L:) he underwent difficulties, troubles, or inconveniences, in doing it. (Mab.) _ كابد اللَّيْلَ _ ! He (a man) braved (,) the terribleness and كَابُدْتُ ظُلُمَةَ هَذِه And كَابُدْتُ ظُلُمَة هَذِه I braved the darkness of this اللَّيْلَة مُكَابَدَةً شُدِيدَةً night with a mighty braving. (Lth, L.) -One party of them struggles, بُعْضُهُمْ يُكَابِدُ بَعْضًا contends, or strives, against the opposition of the other]: said of adversaries in a contest, litigation, or the like. (A.)

5. تكيده I He tended, or betook himself, or directed himself or his course, to, or towards, it,

syn. قَصَدُهُ; (L, K;) as also مُخَبِدُهُ , aor. - and ي. (K, TA.) = تكبد tt (milk) became thich; (S, A, L, K;) as also any other beverage; (L;) and (the former) became thich like liver, so as to quiver. (L.) = رَنگبدت الشَّهْسُ (Ṣ, A,) or لسَّهَا، (L, K,) ! The sun became in the جُبِيدًا. (S, L,) or كُبيدًا, (K,) of the sky; (S, L, K;) became in the middle of the shy; culminated; (A;) as also ځندت , inf. n. the star, or كَبْد النَّجُمُ السَّمَا and : تُكْبِيدُ asterism, [or the Pleiades,] culminated. (S, L.) He directed his course to, or تَكْبِد الفَلاَةُ towards, the middle and main part of the desert.

. ڪَيدُ and ڪُبدُ see ڪُبدُ

Difficulty; distress; affliction; trouble. (S, A, L, Mab, K.) Ex. وَقَعَ فِي كَبُد He fell into difficulty, &c. (A.) So in the words of the Verily لَقَدُ خَلَقُنَا ٱلْإِنْسَانَ فِي كَبَدِ Verily we have created man in difficulty, &c., (S, L, Jel,) in a state in which he has to contend with the afflictions of the present life and the difficulties pertaining to the life to come: (Zj,* Jel:) or في here signifies, in a right and just state: (Aboo-Talib, L:) or in an erect state, and in just proportion: (Fr; L:) or in an erect state, and walking upon his two legs; whereas other animals are not erect: or in the belly of his mother, with his head towards her head; in which state the child remains until near the birth, when it becomes inverted. (L.) - And see ڪَابِدُ and

جبد, (S, L, Msb, K, &c.,) the most chaste and best known form of the word, (TA,) and , (S, L, Msb, K,) a contraction of the former, (Msb,) and ځبد (S, L, K,) also a contraction of the first, (S,) [The liver;] a certain black piece of flesh on the right of the lungs: (L:) fem., and sometimes masc.; (Fr, L, Msb, K;) or fem. only: (Lh, ISd, L, Msb:) pl. كُبُود (S, L, Msb, K) and جُبُود ; (L, Msb, K;) the latter seldom used. (Msb) _ Also, [the first,] ! The place of the liver, outside: (L;) the side. (K) It is said in a trad., فوضع يده e, meaning, And he put his hand upon, على كبدى my side externally; or, upon the external part of my side, next the liver. (L.) - + The inside of an animal, altogether. (Kr, ISd, K.) Sometimes used in this sense. (Kr, ISd.) __ ; The inside, meaning a cave, or ravine, of a mountain. (L.) _ كَبدُ الأَرْضِ The interior of the earth : (Msb:) or the minerals (معادن) of the earth: (A:) or the gold and silver and the like that are in the mines of the earth : (L :) pl. أُخْبَادُ (A, L) and خُبُودٌ. (L.) It is said in a trad. وَتُلْقَى And the earth shall cast الأرض أفلاذ كبدها

namely, an affair, (L, K,) and a town or country; forth what is hidden in her belly, of treasures and minerals. (L.) __ ! The middle of anything, (A, L, Msb, K, *) and its main part. (L, K.) ___ The middle of the sea. (L.) __ ! The middle of a butt for archers. (A, L.) _ دَارُهُ خُبِدُ نَجْد His house is in the middle of Nejd. (A.) ___ غبد ; (L;) in the K, ځبد ; but none [except F] says so; (MF;) The middle of a tract of sand, (L, K,) and its main part. (L.) _ غبد ; (Ṣ, A, L, Mṣb;) in the Ķ, ځَبُدْ ; but none [except F] says so; (MF;) and ځند , and (S, A, L,) as كُبَيْدَاتُ * (K,) and كُبُدَاتُ * though they had formed the dim. from عُبْدُ, and then formed the pl.; (Ş, L;) in the K, څېنداۀ; but this is wrong; (TA;) and أَبُيْدُاً، (L, Msb, K,) dim. of جُبِيْدُاً، contr. to rule, like اَسُوَيْدَاء; (Msb;) [or dim. of إُسُويْدَاء;] The middle of the sky, (S, A, L, K,) and its main part: (L;) or [the meridian of the sky;] the middle of the sky, wherein is the sun at the time of its declining from the meridian: (L:) or the part of the middle of the sky which faces the spectator. (Lth, L, Mab.) _ خبد (Lh, L; in the K, ڪَبَد ;) + The air ; (Lh, L, K ;) as also † of a bow, The handle: كُبدُ اللهِ (S, A, Msb:) or the part a little above the handle, (Az, L, Msb,) against which the arrow goes: (Az, L:) or the part between the two extremities of the handle, and that along which the arrow runs: (S, L:) or the part [midway] between the two extremities of its suspensory string or cord or the like: (As, L, K:) [see :] or the space of a cubit from its handle: (L, K:) or each part where the thong of its suspensory string or the like is tied: (L:) in the bow is its ڪبد, which is the part [midway] between the two extremities of its suspensory string or the like; then, next to this, the خُلْيَة; then, next to this, the fixt then, next to this, the , which is the curved part ظائف of each extremity. (Aş, L.) _ فَلَانٌ تُضْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ Such a one is a person to whom men أُحْبَادُ الإبل journey seeking knowledge &c. (S, L, K.) [See an ex. in the first paragraph of art. ضرب.] ___ [Black-livered men ;] a designation سُودُ الرُّكْبَاد of enemies, (As, S, L, K,) similar to صهب السبال [q. v.]: (As, S, L:) they are so called because the effects of rancour, or malevolence, have [as it were] burnt their livers so that they have become black; the liver being the source of enmity. (L.)

أَكْبَدُ and كَبْدُ . see كَبْدُ

Pain of the liver: (S, L, K:) or a disease, or complaint, of the liver. (L.) The only known word, signifying a disease, derived from the name of the member affected, except نُكَافُ and قُلَابُ (Kr.) It