

نَفَاجٌ: see نَفَجٌ and نَفَاجٌ.

نَفِيجَةٌ A bow (S, K) made of a piece of wood of the kind of tree called نَبَعٌ; not known by Abo-Sa'eed with ح [in the place of ج]. (S [so in the copies of that work which I am using, three in number: but in one copy, "except with ح".])

نَفَاجٌ † A proud man; as also مُنْتَفِعٌ (K:) a boastful and proud man: (ISK, S:) a man who praises himself for that which is not in him: one who says that which he does not, and who boasts of that which does not belong to him and which is not in him; as also † ذُو نَفَجٍ (and ذُو نَفَاجَةٍ, A): or one who boasts of that which he does not possess: and said to be not of high repute. (TA.) [See also نَفَاجٌ.]

نَافِجَةٌ: see نَافِجَةٌ.

نَافِجَةٌ The commencement of anything, (so in two copies of the S, and so in the Mṣb,) or of any wind, (so in one copy of the S,) that begins with vehemence, or violence: (S, Mṣb:) or a wind that begins with vehemence: (K:) or, that comes with vehemence: (A:) Aḥ says, that sometimes the north wind rises upon people when they have been sleeping, and almost destroys them with cold at the close of the night, when the former part of the night has been warm: (TA:) or a wind that rises upon one suddenly and vehemently, when he is not aware: (Sh:) pl. نَوَافِجٌ. (A.) — نَافِجَةٌ † A cloud abounding with rain: (S, K:) so called from the same word as signifying "a wind that comes with vehemence:" (TA:) thus called by the name of the thing which is its cause. (S.) — نَافِجَةٌ The hinder part of a rib: (S:) or, of the ribs: (K:) as also † نَافِجٌ (TA:) pl. نَوَافِجٌ. (S.) — نَافِجَةٌ † Camels which a man inherits, and whereby his camels are increased in number. (TA.) — نَافِجَةٌ † A daughter: so called because she increases the property of her father by her dowry: (K:) or, that increases the property of her father; for he takes her dowry (consisting of camels, TA) and adds it to his property, (or camels, TA,) so that the amount becomes raised. (S.) The Arabs used to say, in the time of paganism, when a daughter was born to one of them, هَذِيكَ لَكَ النَّافِجَةُ May she who is to increase thy property by her dowry be productive of enjoyment to thee! (S.) — نَافِجَةٌ A bag, follicle, or vesicle, of musk: (K:) pl. نَوَافِجٌ. (S:) an arabicized word, (S, K,) from [the Persian] نَافَقٌ; and therefore some say that it is properly written نَافِجَةٌ: or, accord. to the Mṣb, it is Arabic, and a bag of musk is so called because of its high value, from نَفَجَهُ "he magnified him, or it:" but this requires consideration. (TA.) See قَارَةُ الْمِسْكِ, voce قَارٌ.

أَنْفَجَانِي One who exaggerates, or exceeds the due bounds, in speech; (K:) and who boasts of that which he does not possess. (TA.)

مَنَافِجٌ Pieces of stuff with which women make their buttocks to appear large; syn. عَظَامَاتُ. (K.)

مُنْتَفِعٌ A man having elevated, [or bulging,] sides. (A.) — مُنْتَفِعٌ A camel having prominent flanks. (TA.) See نَفَاجٌ.

نفع

1. نَفَحَ, aor. -, (S, L, K,) inf. n. نَفْحٌ (L, K) and نَفُوحٌ (L) and نَفْحَانٌ and نَفَاحٌ (K,) It (perfume) diffused its odour. (S, L, K.) — نَفَحَتْ نَفْحٌ, (S, Mṣb, K,) aor. -, inf. n. نَفْحٌ (Mṣb,) † The wind blew: (S, Mṣb, K:) or blew gently; began to be in a state of commotion: (A:) نَفَحَتْ and نَفُوحٌ are syn., except that the effect of النَفْحِ is greater than that of اللَفْحِ: (Zj:) or, accord. to Aḥ, (S,) or IAḥ, (TA,) نَفْحٌ relates to a cold, or cool, wind; and نَفُوحٌ, to a hot wind: (S, TA:) [but see نَفْحَةٌ]. — نَفَحَتْهُ الْجَنُوبُ بِرِدْهَا † The south wind blew upon it with its cold, or coolness. (IB.) — نَفَحَ الْعِرْقُ, (aor. -, inf. n. نَفْحٌ, S,) † The vein ejected, or spirted forth, blood. (S, K.) And in like manner, نَفَحَتْ الطَّعْنَةُ بِالدِّمِ † The stab ejected, or spirted forth, blood. (TA.) — نَفَحَ اللَّبَنُ نَفْحَةً † He churned the milk once. (A.) — نَفَحَهُ بِالسَّيْفِ † He struck him, or it, lightly, or slightly, with the sword: (A:) he reached, or hit, him, or it, (تَنَاوَلَهُ) with the sword (S, L, K) from a distance, (S, L,) by a side-blow, شَرًّا. (L.) — نَفَحَ, inf. n. نَفْحٌ, He struck, smote, or beat. (L.) See 3. — نَفَحَ, inf. n. نَفْحٌ, He threw, or cast. (L.) — نَفَحَ شَيْئًا † He thrust, or pushed, or repelled, a thing from him. (L.) — نَفَحَتْ الدَّابَّةُ, aor. -, inf. n. نَفْحٌ, The horse, or the like, kicked, or struck, with its hind leg: (L:) or, with its hoof: (Mṣb:) or, with the extremity of its hoof: the نَفْحُ is said to be with one hind leg; and نَفَحَتْ الرَّمْحَ, with both hind legs together. (L.) — نَفَحَتْ الدَّابَّةُ The she-camel struck, or kicked, with her hind leg. (S.) أَبْطَلَ نَفْحَ الدَّابَّةِ He made the kicking of the horse, or the like, with its hind leg, to be of no account; not to require anything to be paid by its owner. (L.) [See 3 in art. عَقَبَ.] — نَفَحَهُ, (inf. n. نَفْحٌ, Mṣb,) † He gave him a thing. (S, K.) — نَفَحَهُ نَفْحَةً † He gave him a gift; or conferred upon him a favour. (S.) [See an ex. voce عَرَبَةٌ.]

3. نَفَحُوا (inf. n. مُنَافَحَةٌ, TA) † They contended with them with swords face to face; or

encountered them in war face to face, having before their faces neither shields nor anything else; syn. كَانُفُوحٌ: (S, K:) originally signifying they approached them in fight so near that the breath of each party reached the other. (TA.) — نَافَحَهُ † He contended with him. (K.) — نَفَحَ عَنْهُ, (S, A,) and نَفَحَ عَنْهُ, (A,) inf. n. نَفْحٌ; (IAḥ;) † He contended for him, or in defence of him; (S;) repelled from him, and defended him: (IAḥ, A:) as also نَاضَحَ. (TA.)

نَفْحَةٌ An odour, whether good or bad: or a plenteous odour; differing from نَفْحَةٌ, which is a slight odour: (Aḥn, in L, art. نَفْحُ:) pl. نَفَحَاتٌ. (L.) You say لَهُ نَفْحَةٌ طَيِّبَةٌ (S, L,) and غَيِّبَةٌ, (L,) It has a good, or sweet, and a bad, or foul, odour. (L.) — نَفْحَةٌ † A blast, or breath, of wind. (K.) — نَفْحَةٌ مِنَ الصَّبَا † A pleasant and fragrant blast of the east wind. And مِنْ نَفْحَةٍ مِنْ نَفْحَةٍ † A grievous blast of hot wind. (AHeyth.) — نَفْحَةٌ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ † A part, or portion, of punishment: (S, K:) or a grievous blast of punishment: (AHeyth:) or a most violent infliction of punishment. (L.) — نَفْحَةُ الدِّمِ † The first gush of blood from a wound. (Khālid Ibn-Jambel, L.) — نَفْحَةٌ † A single churning (مُخَضَّةٌ: so in the A and TA: in the CK and a MS. copy of the K, with ح unpointed:) of milk. (A, K.) — [See 1.] — نَفْحَةٌ † A gift: (Mṣb:) [pl. نَفَحَاتٌ]. — نَفَحَاتُ الْمَعْرُوفِ (S, L) There cease not to be attributable to such a one acts of kindness, or favours. (L.) — تَعَرَّضُوا لِلنَّفَحَاتِ رَحِمَهُ اللَّهُ: (TA:) see art. عَرَضَ, voce تَعَرَّضَ.

رِيحٌ نَفُوحٌ † A wind that blows violently, and raises the dust. (L.) — يَمَانِيَةٌ نَفُوحٌ † A south wind (S, IB) that blows coldly, or coolly. (IB.) — دَابَّةٌ نَفُوحٌ † A horse, or the like, that kicks with its hind leg: or, with the extremity of its hoof. (L.) [See 1.] — نَفُوحٌ † A she-camel whose milk comes forth without its being drawn from the teat: (S, K:) and an udder that does not retain its milk. (AZ.) See نَفَاجٌ = قَوْسٌ نَفُوحٌ † A bow that sends the arrow far; or that impels the arrow with force: (S, A, K:) as also † نَفِيجَةٌ (K) and † مُنَفِّحَةٌ (TA:) each of which two words is a name for a bow: (S, with respect to the former, and TA, with respect to the latter:) pl. of the former نَفَاجٌ (S:) and † نَفِيجَةٌ signifies a branch of the tree called نَبَعٌ, of which a bow is made. (ISK, S, K.) [See also نَفِيجَةٌ, with ج.]

نَفُوحٌ: see نَفِيجَةٌ.

مِسْكٌ نَفَاحٌ [Musk that diffuses much odour or fragrance]. (A, art. خَطَرُ.) — طَعْنَةٌ نَفَاحَةٌ † A