renders one forgetful, or content, or happy, in a case of privation; or comforts, or consoles, for a loss or want: (Lh, M, K:) or a thing that is given to drink to the passionate lover in order that he may be forgetful, or content, or happy, without the woman: (Lh, M:) or it consists in one's taking some of the dust, or earth, of a grave, and sprinkling it upon water, and giving it to drink to the passionate lover, (M, K,*) whereupon his love dies: (K:) or rain-water poured upon a certain bead (خُوزَةُ) called مُنُوانَةُ * of which they used to say that when the passionate lover drank this water he became forgetful, or content, or happy, in his privation: (S:) or a certain medicine which is given to drink to him who is in grief and in consequence of which he becomes happy; (S, K;) called by the physicians (S:) or a certain bead (for captivating, or fascinating, also called اسْلُوَانَة (Lh, M, K,) and منوانة ال , (Sgh, K,) with which women captivate, or fascinate, men, restraining them from other women : (Lh, M :) or مُلُوانَةُ signifies [or, accord. to the K, signifies also] a certain bead رفرزة, M, K,) transparent, (M,) which, when one has buried it in the sand and then scraped the sand up from over it, is seen to be black, and is giren [in mater] to drink to a man, and renders him forgetful, or content, or happy, in a case of privation: (M, K:*) or a pebble upon which water is poured and given to drink to a man, who thereupon becomes forgetful, or content, or happy, in a case of privation: (M:) Ru-beh says,

لَوْ أَشْرَبُ السُّلُوَانَ مَا سَلِيتُ مَا بِي غَنِّي عَنْكِ وَإِنْ غَنيتُ

(S, M,*) and Nuseyr Ibn-Abee-Nuseyr, in answer to a question of As respecting the meaning of which is a bead (خرزة) which is bruised, or pulverized, [and upon which water is then poured,] the water of which occasions in the drinker thereof forgetfulness, or content, or happiness, in a case of privation: but As disallowed this, and said that it is an inf. n. of سُلُوت, and i. e. + Were I أَوْ أَشْرَبُ السَّلُو ii. e. + Were I made to drink forgetfulness, &c., I should not become forgetful, &c.: there is not in me freedom from want of thee, though I be free from want of others]. (TA.) See also ...

see the next preceding paragraph.

in سُلُوَانُ see : سُلُوَانُ and see also : سُلُوَانَةُ three places.

بُلَّى, [said to be] like رُبَّى, [but it may be رُبِّى, as there is no apparent cause for its being imperfectly decl.,] A quality that renders forgetful of the objects of love or affection, or that renders content, or happy, without them. (TA

[act. part. n. of 1: as such often signifying] Having his heart free from love, or affection. (Har p. 41.)

and مُسْكُلُة and مُسْكُلُة and مُسْكُلُة فيه مَسْلَاةً عَنِ, One says, أَمْسُلُوةً freedom from, anxieties]: like sike [in form].

The third [in arriving at the goal] of the ten horses that are started together for a race: so called because he renders his owner content, or happy (یسلیه). (Ham p. 46.)

[a noun of place from 5]. One says, There is not any place in which a عنه متسلّى one may be rendered forgetful, &c., of him, or it; or in which one may be rendered content, or happy, without him, or it]. (TA.)

1. سُلْمَتْ , (M, K,) aor. عرب الله أ, (K,) inf. n. سُلْمَتْ said of a ewe, or she-goat, [and of a she-camel,] Her secundine (كلاها) became disrupted [in her belly]. (M, K.) سَلَاهَا , inf. n. سَلَاهَا (M;) or inf. n. بسارها (S, K;) He pulled out or off, or removed from its place, her secundine (سَلاها), namely, a ewe's, or she-goat's, (S, M, K,) or a she-camel's. (So in one of my copies of the S.) And مَلَيْتُ النَّاقَة I drew [forth] the shecamel's secundine (الله) after the bringing forth without letting it fall (الرَّحير or بَعْدُ الرَّحَير). (Lh, M.) = سَلَوْتُهُ a dial. var. of سَلَيْتُهُ mentioned by Esh-Shereeshee. (TA.) See 1 in art. , first sentence.

2: see the preceding paragraph.

8. انْتَلَتْ She (a camel, TA, [or a ewe or goat,]) cast forth her secundine (الله). (K, TA.) _ She (a ewe, or goat,) became fat. (K in art. سلو, and TA in the present art.) = استلت or clarified] سهن She collected [سُهنًا .e.] سهنًا butter]. (TA. [See also 8 in art.])

or سُلَّى (thus differently written, the former the more correct, unless the word be derived from , as it is said to be in the Ham p. 656, but this is improbable,] The secundine; i. e. the skin, [or membrane,] (M, K,) or thin skin, (S,) in which is the fætus, or young, [in the womb,] (S, M, Msb, K,) of human beings, and of horses and camels, (M,) or of human beings and of cattle, (K,) or [peculiarly] of cattle, (T, S,) that of human beings being termed : (TA:) it is pulled off from the face of the young camel at the time of the birth, or else it kills it, like as it does when it becomes disrupted in the belly: when it comes forth, the she-camel is safe, and so is the young one; but if it becomes disrupted in the belly, she perishes, and so does the young one: (S:) pl. الْقَطَعُ (M, Msb, K.) [Hence,] one says, أَسُلَاءً The secundine became dis السَّلَى فِي البَّطُّنِ rupted in the belly]; (S, Meyd, K;) i.e. artifice departed [or came to an end]; (S;) a prov. applied in the case of an affair's becoming beyond one's power of accomplishment, and coming to an end; (Meyd;) like the saying, بَلَغَ السِّكِينُ العَظْمَ [The knife reached to the bone]. (S, K.) And † [He is the eater of secundines]; meaning he is low, base, vile, or sordid. (TA.) And خَمَلِ † [The people, or (S,) or the latter hemistich is

[In him is a cause of forgetfulness of, or | party, fell into the like of the secundine of a hecamel]; meaning they fell into a difficult affair or case; (S, K;*) or they fell into an unparalleled evil; (Meyd;) for the he-camel has no الله. (٩, Meyd.)

> A ewe, or she-goat, (S, K,) and a shecamel, (S,) whose secundine (L) has become disrupted [in her belly]. (S, K.) _ And A ewe, or she-goat, [or she-camel,] whose secundine (Like) has been pulled out or off, or removed from its place. (TA.)

> رُسُتَّى, [or سُلَّى,] mentioned in this art. in the TA: see art. ...

1. سُهُ , (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) aor. ٤, inf. n. سُهُ , (Mṣb,) He put poison into it; [poisoned it; infected it with poison;] namely, food. (S, Msb, K.) And He gave him to drink poison. (S, K.) And The alos [or venomous reptile or the like] smote him with its poison. (M.) _ [Hence, perhaps, He suggested it, إليه to him: a signification mentioned by Freytag, but without any indication of the authority.] - [And, app., It perforated it; transpierced it; or pierced, or passed, through it: for it is said that] may be an inf. n. of the verb [signifying نَفَدُ], and may also signify a place of نفوذ. (Msb.) ___ And, (K,) aor. 4, (S, TA,) inf. n. , (TA,) ! He probed it; namely a case, or an affair; and examined, or endeavoured to learn, its depth. (S, K, TA.) — Also, inf. n. نَدُهُ i.q. نَدُهُ [He made it firm, fast, or strong; &c.]: (M:) [or this may be a mistranscription for سده; for] you say, اَسَمْتُ الْقَارُورَةُ وَنَحُوهَا (Ş, K,*) inf. n. as above, (TA,) meaning مَدُدُتُ [i.e. I closed, stopped, or stopped up, the flask, or bottle, and the like]. (S, K. .) _ Also, (M, K,) aor. 2, inf. n. (TA,) i. q. أَصْلَحَهُ [He rectified it; or put it into a good, sound, right, or proper, state; &c.]; namely, a thing. (M, K.) And (K,) aor. 2, [for the ,سَرَّ بَيْنَهُمَا or الْقَوْم verb is trans., الأمر being understood, or meaning سُمُّر, (M,) inf. n. سُمُّر, (Ş, M,) i. q. أصلَح [He rectified, or reformed, or amended, the circumstances subsisting between the people, or between them two; or he effected a rectification of affairs, or an agreement, a harmony, or a reconciliation, between the people, or between them two]. (S. M, K.) _ And يتر الودع He strung the ودع [or cowries]; which, when strung, are termed and and . (M.) __ inf. n. , inf. n. signifies also He appropriated it to a particular, peculiar, or special, object. (M.) You say, He so appropriated the benefit, or bounty. (K.) And سَمَت النَّعْمَة The benefit, or bounty, was, or became, particular, peculiar, or special, as to its object: (S, K:) the verb being intrans. as well as trans. (K.) El-'Ajjáj says,

هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْعَمَر نُعْمَى عَبَّتْ عَلَى الَّذِينَ أَسْلَمُوا وَسَهَّتُ