the CK, بروق, as in the S,) It (a thing, Mgh, K, a sword, &c., S, and the dawn, K, TA) shone, gleamed, or glistened. (S, Mgh, K, TA.) __ Also said of a cloud, aor. as above, inf. n. بريق and and برقان, It gleamed or shone [with lightning]; and so أبرق (JK,) and تبرق (K in art. بَرُقَتِ السَّهَاءُ And , بَرُقَتِ السَّهَاءُ, (Ṣ, Mạb, Ķ,) aor. as above, (Msb, TA,) inf. n. بَرْقَانِ (As, S, Msb, K) and بُرُوقٌ (Mṣb, TA) and بُرُوقٌ, (K̩,) The sky lightened; (Mṣb, K̞;) as also ابرقت الإ (AO, AA, K:) or gleamed or shone [with lightning]: (S, K:) or lightened much before rain; as also The بَرقُ البَرقُ And (رعد .TA in art. ابرقت ♥ lightning appeared. (K.) - And [hence] said of a man, (JK, Msb, K,) or رعد وبرق, (Ṣ,) † He threatened; (JK, S, K;) or he threatened with evil; (Msb;) [or he threatened and menaced;] or he frightened (S and K in art. , and threatened; (S in that art. ;) and ابرق signifies the same; (JK, Msb, K;) and so أَرْعَدُ وَأَبْرَقَ (K:) or, accord. to As, ابرق and ابرق are not allowable. (TA, and S in art. رعد, q. v.) But برقت, inf. n. برق, said of a woman, (K,) or برق, (Ṣ,) means 1 She beautified (S and A in art. رعد, and K) and adorned herself, (S, K,) [as also بتبرقت * (occurring in the K in art. الق, coupled with its syn. تزينت,)] and showed, or presented, herself, (A in art. رعد, and TA,) لى to me: (A in art. :) or she exhibited her beauty intentionally: (TA:) and برقت * means the same, (Lh, K,) inf. n. تَبْرِيقٌ; (TA;) and so أَبْرِيقٌ: (K:) you sny, ابرقت لا بِوَجْبِهَا وَسَائِرٍ جِسْمِهَا \$ She beautified her face. (JK, Ibn-'Abbad, K.) _ Also, said of a star, or an asterism, It rose. (Lh, K.) One says, أَفْعُلُهُ مَا بَرَقَ النَّحْمُرِ فِي السَّمَاءِ I will not do it as long as the star, or asterism, [by which may be meant the asterism of the Pleiades,] rises in the shy. (Lh, TA.) __,برق البصر (S,) or بصره (K,) The eye or eyes, or his eye or eyes, glistened, (S, K,) being raised, or fixedly open: (S:) or became raised, or fixedly open: occurring in the Kur [lxxv. 7], accord. to one reading: (Fr, TA:) or the eye, or his eye, became open by reason of fright. (TA.) بُرقُ has a different meaning, which see below. (Ṣ.) بُرَقَتْ , said of a shecamel, She put her tail between her thighs, making it to cleave to her belly, without being pregnant: (IAar, TA:) or she raised her tail, and feigned herself pregnant, not being so; as also أبرقت بذَنبها (Lh,Ş,K,) and ابرقت (TA:) or ابرقت signifies she smote with her tail at one time upon her vulva and another time upon her huttochs; and also, she feigned herself pregnant, not being so. (JK.) برق He feared, so that he was astonished or amazed or stupified, at seeing the gleam of lightning : (TA voce ;) or his (a man's) sight became confused in consequence of his looking at lightning. (Bd in lxxv. 7.) And hence, (K,) بصره or ببرق البصر (K,) (Bd ibid.,) برق البصر aor. -; (Ṣ, Ķ;) and برق, aor. -; (Ķ;) or the latter has [only] a meaning explained above; (S;) inf. n. برق, which is of the former verb;

(Ṣ;) accord. to the K, برق; but this is wrong; (TA;) and [of the latter verb,] بروق (Lh, K;) The eye or eyes, or his eye or eyes, became dazzled, so as not to close, or move, the lid, or lids: (S, K:) or became confused, so as not to see. (K.) signifies also His eye or eyes, or his برق بصره ight, became weak : whence برقت قدماه His two feet became weak. (TA.) Also برق alone, (TA,) inf. n. برق, (Fr, K, TA,) He (a man, TA) was frightened; or he feared, or was afraid: (Fr, K, TA:) and he became confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course. (K.) said of a skin, aor. -, (JK, K,) inf. n. (JK,) so in the O, in which, as in the K, the part n., being برق, indicates that the verb is like فرح ; (TA;) and برق, (K,) so in the L, (TA,) aor. أِبْرُوقْ and بَرُقْ thus in the L, which indicates that the verb is like نصر; (TA;) It became affected by the heat so that its butter melted and became decomposed, (As, JK, K,) and did not become compact. (K.) ,§), بَرَقَهُ بِزَيْتٍ أَوْ سَمْنٍ JK,) or بَرَقَ طَعَامًا ــــــ K,) aor. ع, (JK,) inf. n. بَرُقْ (JK, كِ) and بُرُوقْ (L,) He poured upon the food, (JK,) or put into it, (S,* K,) somewhat, (JK,) or a small quantity, (S, K,) of olive-oil (JK, S, K) or of clarified butter. (S, K.) And برقت له I made his food [somewhat] greasy for him with clarified Dour ye أَبُرُقُوا الهَاءَ بِزَيْتِ Pour ye upon the water a little olive-oil. (S.) == بُرقَت , aor. -, (Ş, K,) inf. n. الغَنْم, (Ṣ,) The sheep, or goats, had a complaint in their bellies from eating the بروق (S, K:) and in like manner, الإبل the camels. (TA.)

2. برق بعنيه برق برق بصره (JK,) or برق بعنيه, (TA,) He glistened with his eyes by reason of looking hard, or intently. (JK, TA.*) And برق عنيه, inf. n. برق عنيه, He opened his eyes wide, and looked sharply, or intently. (Lth, S, K.) برق برقت به said of a woman: see 1. — And برق He decorated, or adorned, his place of abode. (El-Muärrij, K.) برق Thou madest a sign with a thing, that had nothing to verify it, [app. meaning thou madest a false display, or a vain promise,] and didst little. (IAar.) — Also برق والمناسخة المناسخة المن

4: see 1, in eight places. ابرق ابرق, (Aboo-Naṣr, Ṣ, Ķ,) or ابرق, (JK,) said of a man, (Aboo-Naṣr, JK, Ṣ,) He made a sign with his sword [by waving it about so as to make it glisten]. (Aboo-Naṣr, JK, Ṣ, Ķ.) — And ابرق He betook himself, or directed his course, towards the lightning. (TA.) — He entered into [a tract wherein was] lightning. (TA.) — He saw lightning. (TA.) Tufeyl uses the phrase المرقف المواقعة المو

(Ṣ, Ķ.) = ابرقه الفزّع [app. Fright, or fear, made him to be confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right way: see برق.]. (TA.) — [And hence, perhaps,] ابرق الصّيد [And hence, perhaps,]

5: see 1, in two places.

10. استبرق It (a place, and the horizon,) shone, or gleamed, with lightning. (TA.)

الرق [Lightning;] what gleams in the clouds, (TA,) or, from the clouds; from برق [in the first of the senses explained above], said of a thing, inf. n. [بريق (Bd in ii. 18:) or an angel's smiting the clouds, and putting them in motion, in order that they may become propelled, so that thou seest the fires [issue from them]: (Mujáhid, K:) or a whip of linht with which the angel drives the clouds: (I'Ab, TA:) sing. of the angel drives the clouds: (I'Ab, TA:) sing. of it has no pl., being originally an inf. n. (Bd ubi suprà.) برق خلب and برق خلب signify That [lightning] which is without rain. (S. [See also art.)]

وَبُابِ [Lizards of the species called] بُرُقُ, pl. of صَبَابِ . (IAar, K.) It is app. pl. of صَبُ or of i: more probably, I think, of the former; from the raising of the tail, which is a habit of those lizards.] = See also عُبُرُدُة

رَقُ (Ṣ, Ķ:) مَهُلَّ (q. v.]: (Ṣ, Ķ:) · a Persian word, (Ṣ,) arabicized; (Ṣ, Ķ;) originally ، بَرُقُانُ (Ḳ:) pl. [of mult.] بَرُقُانُ (Ṣ, Ķ) and مِرْقَانُ and [of pauc.] أَبُرَاقُ (Ḳ.)

بَرِقُ [part. n. of بَرِقُ: and particularly explained as meaning] A skin affected by the heat so that its butter melts and becomes decomposed, (JK, O, K,) and does not become compact. (K.)

[app. an inf. n. of un., signifying A flash of lightning]. (M, TA in art. وبعن) = A fit of confusion, or perplexity, affecting one in such a manner that he is unable to see his right course. (K, TA.)

A quantity of lightning : (Bd in xxiv. 43, TA:) pl. برق (TA;) or [this is a coll. gen. n., of which the former is the n. un.; or, probably, it is a mistranscription, and] the pl. is برق, also pronounced بُرُقْ (Bd ubi suprà.) = Rugged ground in which are stones and sand and earth mixed together, (S, K, TA,) the stones thereof mostly white, but some being red, and black, and the earth white and of a whitish dust-colour, and sometimes by its side are meadows (رُوض); (TA;) as also أَبْرُقُ and أَبْرُقُ (Ş, K, TA:) or a portion of such land (أرض) as is termed *, برقاة which consists of tracts containing black stones mixed with white sand, and which, when spacious, is termed ابرق (JK:) [and] a mountain mixed with sand; as also أَبْرُقُ * (IAar, TA:) the pl. of بَرُقْ is بَرُقْ (K, TA) and بَرُقْ is بَرُقْ (K, TA) and that of ابرق is أَبَارِقُ is أَبَارِقُ, (JK, Ş, K,) after the manner of a subst., because the quality of a subst. is predominant in it; (TA;) and that of برقاء ا is بَرْقَاوَاتْ (Ae, IAar, S, K.) The بَرْقَاوَاتْ of the