"the Book of Horses" of Ibn-El-Kelbee, not, as J asserts it to be, in praise of a munificent man, (TA,)

هُوَ الجَوَادُ بُّنُ الجَوَادِ بْنِ سَبَلْ • أَنُ الجَوَادِ بْنِ سَبَلْ • أَنْ جَادُوا وَبَلْ • أَنْ جَادُوا وَبَلْ • أَنْ جَادُوا وَبَلْ

[He is the fleet, the son of the fleet, the son of Sebel (a famous mare): if they are unremitting in their running, (the masc. pl. being here used, though relating to horses, in like manner as it is used in the Kur xli. 20,) he is fleet; and if they are fleet, he is rehement in his running]: or, as some relate it, إنْ دُومُوا . (M, TA. [It should be observed that the three verbs in this verse, and the word سبل, also relate to rain.]) __ ‡ It (a thing, T) was, or became, still, or motionless; said of water (T, S,* Msb, K,* TA) left in a pool by a torrent, and of the boiling of a cooking-pot; (Msb;) and said, in this sense, of the sea: (M:) and it stopped, or stood still. (T, TA.) -+ He was, or became, tired, or fatigued: (T, TA:) [app. because he who is so stops to rest.] - + It (a thing) went round, revolved, or circled: (T, TA:) [app. because that which does so keeps near to one place.] دُومَان [an inf. n. of مام, like as حومان is of مام,] signifies ! The circling of a bird (K, TA) around water. (TA. [But in my MS. copy of the K, and in the CK, in the place of الدُّوْمَانُ I find الدُّوْمَانُ I find الدُّوْمَانُ I find الدُّوْمَانُ t He was taken, or affected, with a vertigo, or giddiness in the head; as also أديم به, (M, TA,) and أُستُديهُ [app., in like manner, followed by مِرَامَت الدُّنُو __ (Z, TA.) [به ولا إلى المُرابِية المُرابِية إلى المُرابِية إلى المُرابِية إلى المُرابِية إلى المُرابِية إلى المُرابِية إلى المُرابِية المُرابِية إلى المُراب روم, (TA,) + The buchet became full : (K:) in this meaning, regard is had to the stagnant water [in the bucket]. (TA.)

2. دَوْمَتِ السَّمَاءُ said of horses: see 1, in the latter half of the paragraph, in three places. دُوْمَت الكلابُ The dogs went far: (Akh, IAar, M, K:) or continued their course. (IAar, M.) Dhu-r-Rummeh says, (describing a wild bull, T, TA,)

[Until, when they went far in the land, pride returned to him: but, had he pleased, flight had saved his blood: J, however, assigns to the verb in this instance another signification, as will be seen below]. (M, TA.) دوّم said of a bird, (T, M, K,) inf. n. تُدُوييْر, (T, S,) ‡ It circled (Lth, T, S, M, K, TA) in the sky, (Lth, T, M, K,) as also مُتَدُوّمات , تدوّم (KL,) [or مُتَدوّم (see مُتَدوم) to rise high towards the sky; (S;) as also استدامً : (M, K:) or circled in the sky, (M,) or flew, (T,* K,) without moving its wings; (T, M, K;) like the kite and the aquiline vulture: (T, TA:) or put itself into a state of commotion in its flying. (TA. [See also 1, near the end of the paragraph.]) Dhu-r-Rummeh makes التُدُوير to be on the earth, or ground, in the verse cited above in this paragraph; [as though the meaning were, † Until, when they went round &c.;] As disallows this, and asserts that one says only رَوى فِي الأرض,

التُّدُوِيمُ but some affirm that ; دُوَّمَ فِي السَّمَاءُ and is correct; and say that hence is derived الدُّوامَةُ , meaning "the round thing [or top] which the boy throws, and makes to revolve, or spin, upon the ground, by means of a string;" though others say that this is so called from the phrase دُومت القدر [explained below], because, by reason of the quickness of its revolving, or spinning, it seems as though it were at rest: and is like تَدُوامُ: some, however, say that : signifies the dog's going far in flight تَدُويمُ الكُلُّبِ is التدويم , AHeyth says that, accord. to As, only the act of a bird in the sky: (T, TA:) AAF says that, accord to some, التَّدُوييُ is in the sky, and التدوية is on the earth, or ground; but accord. to others, the reverse is the case; and this, he says, is the truth in his opinion. (M, TA. [See رُدُومَتِ ,in art ___ ([.دوى in art دُوَّى also رُوَّى , (T,) ,دوَّمَت الشَّمِس فِي السَّمَاءِ (M, K,) or الشَّمَاسُّر ,(T,) or دَارْتُ فِي السَّمَاءِ ،i. e. (\$, فِي كَبِدِ السَّمَاءِ or lit. ‡ The sun spun in the sky, or in the middle of the sky; meaning, was as though it were spinning]; (T, M, K;) or was as though it were motionless [&c.]: (T, S:) and hence is [said to be] derived the word وُوَامَةُ اللهُ applied to the boy's revolving, or spinning, thing. (T.) Dhu-r-Rummeh says, (describing the [insect called] جندب, [generally said to be a species of locust,] TA in art. رمض,)

مُعْرَوْرِيًا رَمَضَ الرَّضْرَاضِ يَرْكُضُهُ وَالشَّمْسُ حَيْرَى لَهَا فِي الجَوِّ تَدُويمُ

(T, S, TA) i. e. Venturing upon the [vehement] heat of the pebbles, [meaning the vehemently-hot pebbles,] striking them with its foot, for so the does, (TA,) + when the sun is [apparently] stationary in the summer midday, [as though perplexed in its course,] as though having a spinning [in the region between heaven and earth]: (T, TA:) or as though it were motionless. (S.) _ And one says, دُوْمَتْ عَيْنُهُ †[His eye rolled; i. e.] the black of his eye revolved as though it were in the whirl of a spindle. (IAar, M, K.) is also trans.] You say, دوم الدوامة (M, K,) [or top] دوامة inf. n. , تدويم, (TA,) + He made the to revolve, or spin [so as to seem to be at rest, as has been shown above]: (M, K:) or he played دومت الخمر شاربها And _ And . دوامة with the The wine intoxicated its drinker so as to make him turn round about. (As, S, TA.) _ And They wound the turbans around دوموا العمائير their heads. (TA.) _ And خوم الموقة + He put much grease into the broth so that it swam round تَدْوِيرُ (M, K.) التَّدْوِيرُ (or app. تَدْوِيرُ also signifies + The mumbling the tongue, and rolling it about in the mouth, in order that the saliva may not dry up: so says Fr. (S, TA.) _ [Hence, app., as the context seems to indicate,] Dhu-r-Rummeh says, describing a camel braying in his مُقْشَقَة [or faucial bag],

دُوَّمَ فِيهَا رِزَّهُ وَأَرْعَدَا

[as though meaning + He made his braying to roll, or rumble, in it, and threatened]. (Fr, S, TA.) __ And ____ signifies ! He moistened a thing. (S, M, K.) Ibn-Ahmar says,

وَقَدُ يُدَوِّمُ رِيقَ الطَّامِعِ الْأَمَلُ

(S, M;) i. c. + [And hope sometimes, or often,] moistens the saliva [of the eager]: (S:) he is praising En-Noamán Ibn-Besheer, and means that his hope moistens his saliva in his mouth by making his eulogy to continue. (IB.) _ # He mixed, or moistened, or steeped, (داف) saffron, (Lth, T, S, M, K, TA,) and stirred it round in doing so: (Lth, T, TA:) he dissolved saffron in water, and stirred it round therein. (A, TA.) ___ and ادامها ♦ (S, M, K,) He stilled the boiling of the cooking-pot by means of some [cold] water: (S:) or he sprinkled cold water upon [the contents of] the cooking-pot to still its boiling: (M, K:) or the former, (K,) or both, (M,) he allayed the boiling of the cooking-pot by means of something, (M, K,) and stilled it: (M:) and the latter signifies he left the cooking-pot upon the or three stones that supported it], ofter it أثافي had been emptied, (Lh, M, K,) not putting it down nor kindling a fire beneath it. (Lh, M.)

3. داوم الأَمْر and داوم عَلَى الأَمْر: see 1. = See also 10.

4. رامه (inf. n. إدامة , TA,) trans. of إدامه , (Ş, M,* Msb, K;*) [i. e.] i. q. جعله دائها [He made it to continue, last, endure, or remain: to be extended, or prolonged: to continue, last, endure, or remain, long: and to continue, last, or exist, incessantly, always, endlessly, or for ever; to be permanent, perpetual, or everlasting]: (TK:) he did it continually, or perpetually : (MA:) he had it continually, or perpetually. (MA, KL.) [Accord. to Golius, followed in this case by Freytag, signifies Perennitate donavit ; a signification app. given by Golius as on the authority of the KL; but not in my copy of that work.] -+ ادام الدُّلُوِ __ . see 2, last sentence : ادام القَدْرَ filled the buchet. (K, TA.) _ also significs النُّهُمِ عَلَى الإبْهَامِ [i.e. The trying the sonorific quality of the arrow by turning it round upon the thumb: or, as explained in this art. in the TK, the making the arrow to produce a sharp sound upon the thumb: or rather this or the former is the meaning of إدامة السبور; for, as is said in the TK, ادام السَّهُم signifies المالسَّهُم (i. e. أرنقرهُ : (T, K.) السُّهَا : see 1, in the latter half of the paragraph, in two places. see 1, last sentence but one.

5: see 2: __ and see also 10.

6: see 2: __ and see also 4.

10. استدام : see 1. — And see also 2. — And استدام : see 1, last sentence but one. — As a trans. v., (T,) i. q. انتظر (Sh, T, TA,) as also بتدوم (K, [or this may perhaps be used only without an objective complement expressed,]) and استدم (T,) or ترقب : (Sh, TA:) you say, رقب استدم (meaning انتظره meaning انتظره المعادية) المعادية الم