T. 1, p. 194.

aor. a. and o. To serve; and مهن To be despicable. مُهين Despicable, contemptible; it may also be derived from هَانَ for هُوَنَ q.v.

.هُمُّنَ .rt. هَيْمَنَ see مُهَيْمِنَ

q.v. مَخَرَ rt. مَاخِرَةٌ plur. of مَوَاخِرُ

.وَطَنَ see مَوَاطِنَ

. وَقَتَ see مِعقَاتٌ plur. of مَوَاقِيتُ

.q.v وَلَمِي .rt , مَوْلِي acc. plur. of مَوَالِمَ

، وَبِقَ see مَوْتِقَ

aor. o. To die; this is the usual مَوْتَ for مَاتَ form, but others are mentioned by lexico-مَيْتَ aor. a. and مَيتَ مَبوتَ aor. i.; instances of the preterite with the first letter kesrated are found in most copies of the Korân, as مِثْنَا 23 v. 37, and ومِثْنَا 23 v. 84; so in the 19th and مِتُ in the 21st chapter; see D. S. Gr. T. 1, pp. 114 and . Plur مَيْتُ Death مَمْاتُ and مَمْاتُ Death مَوْتُ 242. مَوْتُ Dead. مَوْتُ Dead. أَمُواتُ noun of مَوْتَة Dead, mortal, about to die. unity, One single death. مُنْيَةُ A dead body, that which is dead or dies of itself. _ أَمَاتَ IV. hast caused us to die twice," in allusion to the second death which the body is said to undergo after its examination in the sepulchre by the two angels Munkar and Nakeer.

. أَفَكَ see مُوْتَفِكُ

E aor. o. To be agitated with waves (the sea); to press tumultuously like waves (with فِي). n.a. A wave, the surge; used also as a collective noun, فِي مَوْجٍ كَأَلْجِبَالِ 11 v. 44, "On waves like mountains.".

n.a. مَوْرٌ n.a. Whatsoever or whensoever, see D. S. Gr. مَوْرٌ aor. o. To be moved to and fro. Agitation, fluctuation.

.وَرَى see مُورِيَاتُ

(2nd declension) Moses.

.أَصَدَ see مُوصَدَةً

. وَقَتَ see مَوْقُوتُ

.وَقَذَ see مَوْقُوذَةٌ

مَالُ sor. o. To be rich, especially in cattle. أَمَالُ Plur. Jie Riches, wealth, substance, possessions, and especially flocks and herds; مَالِية 69 v. 28, for مَالِي "My wealth;" the s is affixed because followed by a pause, and is hence named هَا مُ آلِو أَفْفِ D. S. Gr. T. 1, p. 459.

.وَلَى see مَوْلَا .أَ مِننَ see مُوْمِنَ

aor. a. o. and i. To be full of water (a well). for you Water, liquor. Note. The hamza when followed by an affixed pronoun and moveable by Damma is changed into , as D. S. Gr. T. 1, p. 118.

.وَأَلَّ see مَوْدِكُ تُدُّ .وَأَلَ see مَوْثِلَ

.وَثِنَّ see وسيمَاقُ

aor. i. To be moved ; أَنْ تَمِيدَ بِكُمْ ; 16 v. 11, "Thou مَادَ aor. i. To be moved "Lest it should move with you;" for the ellipse of the negative see أَنْ A table, properly, when set out with food.

aor. i. To provide food for.

aor. i. To separate, discriminate, distinguish (with acc. and تَمَيَّزُ ... (مِن V. To burst, as 67 v. 8, "It will almost تَكَادُ نَمَيَّزُ مِنَ ٱلْغَيْظِ burst with fury" (for إِمْتَازَ—.(تَتَمَيَّزُ VIII. To be separated ; وَآمْنَازُوا 36 v. 59, " And be ya separated" (from the righteous).