He entered into an affair and became entangled in it so that he could not extricate himself. (TA.) الَّذِي , aor. -, inf. n. عالم ; and ; the inclined to him, or it. (TA.) By the following words of Ru-beh,

## أَوْ تُلْحُجُ الأَلْسُنُ مِنَّا مَلْحَجًا

is meant, Or tongues speak of us, and incline from what is good to that which is bad. (L.) [For in the L, I have substituted lie. seems to be an inf. n.] \_\_ all, [and † , Golius, from Ibn-Maaroof,] He had recourse to him or it for protection or concealment. (K.) \_\_\_\_\_ It (a thing) became strait, narrow, or confined. (TA.)

2. اَلَّهِ النَّبَرِ and اِلَّهِ عَلَيْهِ النَّبَرِ ; and النَّبَرِ ; the rendered the news, or information, confused to him, and told him something different from that which was in his mind: (S. K:) or the phrase with the former verb signifies he told him news, or a piece of information, different from that which was in his mind; and that with the latter verb, he rendered the news, or information, confused to him. (Az.) See 5.

4. الحجة إليه, He caused him to incline to him, or it. (TA.) \_\_ الحجة إليه (K,) and التحمة (S, K,) He constrained, compelled, or necessitated, him to have recourse to, or to do, it. (S, K.)

5. مُوْجَهُ لا مُعلى and عليه الأَمْر , He represented the affair to him not as it was in his mind. (L.) See 2.

8 : see 1 and 4.

10: استلحج الياب [app. He found the door stuck fast]: (A:) [but I think it not improbable that the right reading is البَابُ; and the meaning, the door stuck fast].

Q. Q. 1. : see 2 and 5.

نجح عود : نحج

A strait, narrow, or confined, place.

(K) and (A, S, K) A place to which one has recourse for protection or concealment; a place of refuge; an asylum. (As, S, K.) \_ Strait, narrow, or confined, places. (S, K.) \_ Narrow roads in mountains. (TA.)

A confused and crooked business.

A lock that is not [or, app., that or he held his clemency, or forbearance, or incannot be opened. (A.)

مُلْحَجُ عود مُلْتَحَجُ

1. الحد (A) and الحد (L, K) ; He, or it, (as an arrow, A) declined, or deviated, from the right course: (A, L, K:) and also he, or it, inclined: you say الْحَدُ إِلَيْه, (A, L, K,) aor. -; (L;) and الحد † (A;) and ; (S, L, K;) he, or it, inclined to him, or it. (A, L, K.) النان الذي Some read, [in the Kur xvi. 105,] The tongue of him unto whom يُدُحُدُونَ إِلَيْه they incline]. (Ṣ.) \_\_ ; الحد الحين الدين (Ṣ.) A, L, Msb;) and نَحَدُ فيه, (S, L, Msb,) aor. -; (L;) ! He deviated, or swerved, from the right way, with respect to religion: (S, A, L:) he الحد ♦ في الحَرْم \_\_ (Msb.) الحد ♦ t He relinguished, or forsook, the right course, with respect to that which he was commanded to do, in the sacred Temple or territory of Mekkeh; (L, K;) and inclined to do wrong, wrongfully, unjustly, or injuriously : (L:) or he did wrong, wrongfully, unjustly, or injuriously, therein; (S, L, K;) and so opposed others: (Fr, L:) or he associated others with God, therein; expl. by اَشُرُكُ بالله : so in the K and Basáir: in the latter as on the authority of Zj: or he doubted respecting God, therein: so in the L and other lexicons, as on the authority of Zj: (TA:) or he hoarded up corn in expectation of its becoming dear, therein; (L, K;) a meaning taken from a trad. of 'Omar; (L;) but this is merely a kind of wrong-doing: (TA:) or he desecrated it, and violated its sanctity. (Msb.) The origin of the phrase is in the text of the Kur [xx. 26,] ومن يرد فيه being بِ the بِظُلْمِ being إِنْحَادًا بِظُلْمِ redundant. (Ş, L.) = , (inf. n. , aor. ع, (inf. n. نَعَدُ L,) and أنعد (A, L, K;) and (S, Msb;) He made a الحد \* له أحدًا لَحْدُ ٱلْمَيْتُ ل to the grave. (S, A, L, K.) \_ تُحْدُ ; نَحَدُ لَهُ and ; الحدُهُ \* and ; and ; and and الحد اله He made a الحد اله for the corpse : or الحدة has this signification; (L;) and in like manner, الحد له لحد له المدل, and الحد he dug a for him : (A, Mgh, Msb:) and أحد he buried him; (L, K;) or put him into a .....; and so الحدة (Mgh, Msb.)

3. + He behaved towards him in a crooked, or perverse, manner, the latter doing the same. (K, TA.).

4. الحد: see 1, throughout. \_\_ † He disputed: altercated; wrangled. (A'Obeyd, L, Mab, K.) + He brought a reproach upon kim, or held him in light estimation, or despised him, tellect, (حلم,) in light estimation; or despised it; as also أَلْبَدُ به. (L.)

8. التحد إليه He had recourse, or betook himself, to it, or him, for refuge, protection, concealment, covert, or lodging. (A.)

(S, L, Mab, K) and 1 نعد (S, L, Msb, K) and المُدُودُ (El-Basáir) and المُدُودُ الله (A, L, K,) which last is an epithet wherein the quality of a subst. is predominant, (L,) A trench or an oblong excavation, in the side of a grave; a lateral hollow of a grave; (S, A, L, Msb, K;) which is the place of the corpse: what is called is in the middle: (L:) pl. (of the first, Msb) مر and (of the second, Msb) الحاد. (L, Msb, K.) Accord. to some, used in this sense is tropical; from and "signifying "he inclined, or declined." (MF.) [The reverse, however, is the case accord. to the A.] [See an ex. in a verse cited [.شدید voce

أَحْدُ and أَحْدُ see أَحْدُ

مَلْحُودُ see عَمِثْلُهُ.

act. part. n. of 4, q.v.: | One who deviates, or swerves, from the truth, and introduces into it that which does not belong to it: (ISk, L:) an impugner of religion: (Msb in art. زَمَلاحدة (Mab) [and مُلْحدُونَ pi. زندى). Some apply the appellation of المُلْحِدُونَ especially to the Batinees (الباطنية), who assert that the Kur-an has an outward sense and an inward, the latter differing from the former, and known to them; by which doctrine they have perverted the law. (Msb.)

مَلْمُودُ عود : مُلْمَدُ

مَا مُودِ لَهُ (A, K) and أَمُدُا , (S, A,) or مَا عُودُ and مُلْمَدُ اللهِ, (L,) and أَرْهَدُ للهُ (K,) A grave having a مُنه made to it. (S, A, L, K.)

A place to which one has recourse for refuge, protection, concealment, covert, or lodging; a place of refuge; an asylum: (S, Msb, K:) so called because one turns aside to it. (S.)

1. أحسه باسانه (S, Mgh, Mab, K,) or باسانه أ (A,) aor. -, (S, Msb, K,) inf. n. (S, A, Msb, K) and منت and and (Yaakoob, S, K,) the last mentioned by ISk, (TA,) He licked it; (S, A, K, TA;) namely, a bowl, (S, K,) and a vessel: (S:) (بازرى به) and said of him what was false: (K:) اللَّحْسُ is with the tongue: (S, K:) or