of the water, or of some disease: (A:) and disliking water from any cause: (K:) and أَمُامُ مُقَامِعُ وَاللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ

see 4, first sentence.

and its fem. : see قَامِحْ, in three places.

نسحد

What is behind the head; (Ş, in art. ; and Msb;) that is to say, (Msb,) the [occiput or] hinder part of the back of the head; (T, Mab, K;) i. e., the surface between the ذؤابة [here app. meaning the hair that surrounds the قاس round part of the head] and what is termed for the small protuberance above the back of the neck]: (T:) also, the protuberance above the back of the nech, (L, K,) between the ¿¿lise above] and the back of the nech, sloping down from the acia [or middle, or crown, or top, of the head]; it is the part of the head which touches the ground when a man lies on his back : (L:) also, the upper part of the back of the head: (L, K:) or that part of the bone of the head which projects over the back of the neck; the aola being above it; and the قَذَال, below it, next the part of the back of the neck that is between the ears: (AZ, L:) pl. فَهَاحِدُ (S, L, K, &c.) and and قَهَاحِيدُ (L.) Accord. to J and AHei, the is an augmentative letter; but others hold it to be a radical; and F says, that J's mentioning this word in art. قحد requires consideration. (TA.)

قهد

1. قَعَدُ, aor. -, (TA,) inf. n. قَعَدُ, (K,) He, or it, was, or became, tall, or long: or he was, or hecame, large and long in the neck. (K, TA.)

Q. Q. 4. إِثْمَادُ [in which the s is an augmentative letter accord. to J, is said by F to be improperly assigned by J to this art.] see art. قميد.

and قَمُدُ (K) or قَمُدُودُ (Lth, K) and قُمُدُودُ (K) or قَمُدُودُ and قُمُدُودُ (Lth, L) and قُمُدُودُ and قُمُدُودُ (K) and قُمُدُودُ (K) and قُمُدُونُ (K) and قُمُدُانُ (K) Strong: (Lth, S, K:) or strong and hard or hardy: (L:) or gross, thick, coarse, or rude, (K,) and hard, or hardy: (TA:) applied to a

man: (L, Ķ:) fem. قُهُدُّ (Ṣ) and قُهُدُّانَةُ and قُهُدُّانَةُ (Ṣ). (L.) ... قُهُدُّانَيَّةُ Verily he is very strong. (Lth, L.) ... إِنَّهُ لَقُهُدُّ فَهُدُدُ ... Penis vehementer se erigens, (L, Ķ,) or القَهُدُّ is a name of the penis. (L.) ... See also ... أَقْهَدُ (L.) ... See also ...

see عَمُدُّةً (L, K,) and أُفَهُدُّهُ and [fem.? see عُمُدُّةً above] قُمُدُّةً and أُفُهُدُ (K,) Large and long in the nech: or tall, (L, K,) in a general sense: applied to a human being. (L.) فَحُدُ الْأَقْمَادِ We are thick-necked. (L.) _ See also قُمُدُ الْأَقْمَادِ.

قيو

1. قَصْر , (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) inf. n. قَصْر , (Ṣ,) He, (a man, Ṣ, A, Ķ, and an antelope, and a bird, TA,) and it, (a man's sight, A,) became dazzled (Ṣ, A, Ķ) in the moonlight, (A,) or by snow, (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) so that he could not see: (Ṣ, A:) he (an antelope) became deprived of his sight by the light of the moon, so that he was perplexed, and unable to see his right course. (IĶṭ!), aor. -; (Ķ,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He (a man, TA,) was, or became, sleepless in the moonlight. (Ķ.) — See also 3, throughout.

مُقَامَرة (S, A, Msb, K) and قَمَار (S, A, Msb, K) (S, K,) ! He contended with him for stakes, or wagers, laid by both of them to be taken by the winner; syn. راهنه; (K;) [he contended with him in a game of hazard, such as that called الميسر or the like: (see Bd and Jel, ii. 216:)] in common modern conventional language, he played with him at a game in which it is generally made a condition that the winner shall receive something of the loser: (so accord, to an explanation which I find in several copies of the KT:) from signifying "he deceived him;" because تَعْمَرُهُ قَامَرُهُ is [often] deception. (A.) You say قَهَار aor. of the latter - (JK, S, A, Msb, K) and =, (JK,) inf. n. قَمْر, (S, Msb,) : He contended with him for stakes, or magers, &c., (S, K,) and overcame him therein; (S, A, Msb, K;) and أَمْرَهُ فَتَقَمَّرُهُ signifies the same: (K:) or القمرة علم علم الم signifies he overcame him who contended with him in the contest termed قَمَرُهُ and وَمَرَهُ , aor. - , inf. n. , he played with him in the manner termed قَمْر , inf. n. قَمْرُهُ and overcame him: (S:) or قَمْرُهُ , inf. n. he overcame him in play; and so القَّمْوَهُ : (IĶtt:) or قَمْرُ , aor. , (Ķ,) inf. n. قَمْرُ (TA,) i. q. قامر, (K, TK,) and is transitive: (TA:) you say بالنَّرُد, and بالنَّرُد, [he contended for stakes, or wagers, &c., with the gaming-arrows, and with the apparatus for trictrac or backgammon]: (A:) and أَمْرَهُ [as syn. with أَوْمَرُهُ]: (TA:) and قَهْرَتُهُ الهَالَ, aor. -, [so in a copy of the A, doubly trans., app. meaning I contended with him in a game of hazard for the property: or I so contended with him for the property and overcame him.]

1. اقمر الهالال The new moon became what is termed . قَمْر الهالال , in the third night. (A.) اقمر Our night became bright [with light of the moon]. (Ş, TA.) أَتُّمُونًا [We entered upon the time of moonlight;] the moon rose upon us. (Ş, TA.) اقمر He (a man, TA) watched, or waited, for the rising of the moon. (K.) = See also 3.

5. الطير He came to him in the moonlight.

(S.) الطير (A, TA,) and الطير (TA,)

He hunted, or pursued, the antelopes, (A, TA,)

and the birds, (TA,) in the moonlight, so that

their sight was dazzled. (A, TA.)

The lion went forth in the moonlight in quest of

prey. (S, K.*) تقرر (S, K.*) القررة He deceived, beguiled,

or circumvented, him; desired to do him some evil

action without his knowing whence it proceeded.

(A.) See also 3, in two places.

6. تقامروا They played [together] in the manner termed : (S:) they contended together for stakes, or wagers, &c.; (K;) [they contended together in a yame of hazard, such as that called potential or the like: see 3.]

The moon in its third night [and after]: (ISd, A, K:) or the moon during the interval between the first two and last two nights: (A Heyth:) or after three nights until the end of the month: (S:) [and the moon, absolutely, in many instances:] so called because of its whiteness, (Ş, Mab, TA,) from القَوْرة : (TA:) of the masc. gender : pl. أَفْهَار . (TA.) The dim., is found to occur: (S:) and is applied to The moon at the time called of [which is generally said to be applied to the last three nights of the month]: you say غَاب قَمِير [The moon at the time called one set, or disappeared]. (A, TA.) التَّرْعَيْتُ مَالَى الغُمَرِ لل إلمَّا إلمَّانِي الغُمَرِ اللهِ إلمَّانِي العُمْر left my cattle to pasture without a pastor to take care of them in the night : and [in like manner,] القَمْرَانِ ـــ (TA.) , in the day. (TA.) استرعيته الشَّمْسَ The sun and the moon : one of them [namely the latter] being made predominant. (TA.)

. أَقْهُرُ fem. with ة: see : قَهْرُ

A colour inclining to greenness: (A, K:) or whiteness inclining to dinginess or duskiness: (A:) or whiteness in which is a dinginess or duskiness: (K:) or clear, or pure, whiteness. (TA.) See also

قَمْرِيَّ [Of, or relating to, the moon; lunar]. Ex. السَّنَةُ القَمْرِيَّةُ The lunar year. (Mgh, art.

is a rel. n. from عَمْرُ عَهُ and أَخْمَرُ is either pl. of أَخْمَرُ أَلَّهُ أَلِّكُ أَلَّهُ أَلِكُم أَلَّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلِّهُ أَلَّهُ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِهُ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلَاكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلَاكُمْ أَلَاكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلَاكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلَّهُ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلُوكُمْ أَلَاكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِكُمْ أَلِهُ أَلَّهُ أَلِكُمْ أَلِل