he who obeys a stupid woman shall be debarred from good. (IAth.) أَمْرَةُ is applied to a woman and to a man: when it is applied to a man, the 5 is added to give intensiveness to the signification. إِذَا طُلُعَتِ الشَّعْرَى , Ish.) The following saying, إِذَا طُلُعَتِ الشَّعْرَ , in rhyming prose, means [When Sirius rises in the clear twilight,] send not thou among them (meaning the camels) a man without intelligence [in a great degree, nor one who is so in a less degree; or a woman without intelligence, nor a man without intelligence;] to manage them. (Sh.) ______ Also, (M, K,) and أَمْرُةُ and أَمْرُةُ and أَمْرُةُ (K,) A young lamb: (M, K:) or the first (إُمَّر) and the second, a young kid: (M, TA:) or the former of these two, a male lamb: (M, TA:) or a young male lamb: (S:) and the latter of them, a female lamb: (M, TA:) or a young female أَمَّا لُهُ إِمَّرُ وَلَا إِمَّرَةً * lamb. (S, M.) One says, meaning He has not a male lamb nor a female lamb: (M, TA:) or he has not anything. (T, S, M.)

in two places. أَمْرَةُ

, إمْرَة in six places : = and see إمْرَة in four places.

إَمْرَةُ عَدَةً إَمْرَةً

النَّفْسُ الأُمَّارُةُ [Wont to command]. [Hence,] أمَّارُ [The soul that is wont to command]; (A;) the soul that inclines to the nature of the body, that commands to the indulgence of pleasures and sensual appetites, drawing the heart downwards, so that it is the abode of evils, and the source of

. إمر fem. of أَمَّارُ q. v.]. _ See also أَمَّارُةُ

and أُمُون and مُؤْتَمر Two آمر and أَمَر Two days, (S,) the last, (K,) the former being the sixth, and the latter the seventh, (M,) of the days ralled : عُجُوزُ (Ş, M, K: [but see :]) as though the former commanded men to be cautious and the latter consulted them as to whether they should set forth on a journey or stay at home: (S:) accord. to Az, the latter is applied as an epithet to the day as meaning . (TA.)

in two places. تَأْمُورُ see : تَأْمُرِيُّ

and without .: see بَّأْمُورٌ, in six places.

and تَأْمُورَةُ * are properly mentioned in this art.; the measure of the former being تفعول; (K;) and that of the latter, تَفْعُولُة: (TA:) not as J has imagined; [who writes them without ., and mentions them in art. تمر;] (K;) their measures accord. to him being فَاعُولُ and فَاعُولُ (TA.) [But in all the senses here explained, they appear to be with and without ..] ___ The former signifies The soul : (S in art. تمر, where it is written without .; and M, A, K:) because it is that which is wont to command. (A.) One says, Thy soul, or self, hath known قَدْ عَلَمَ تَأْمُورُكَ ذَلكَ that. (AZ, and T in art. .) _ The intellect : (M:) as in the saying, عَرْفَتُهُ بِتَأْمُورِي I knew it

TA.) You say also, هُوَ ٱبْنُ تَأْمُورِهَا , meaning IIc is the knowing with respect to it. (TA in art. ., without ., The heart, (T in art. تمر without ., and M, A, K,) itself. (M, TA.) Hence the عَرْفُ فِي تَأْمُورِي خَيْرٌ مِنْ عَشَرَة فِي وِعَائِكَ aying, كَرْفُ فِي وَعَائِكَ One word in my heart is better than ten in thy receptacle]. (T in art. مر, and TA.) __ The pericardium. (M in art. تمر, without ..) __ The core, or black or inner part, or clot of blood, (A, M, K, or alas, TA,) and life, and blood, of the heart : (M, K:) or blood, (As, S, M, in art. تَأْمُورُ, and K,) absolutely: (TA:) and تمر signifies the life-blood : (As, S :) or the blood of the body : (S in art. نفس :) and the life of the soul. (M, K.) _ Also, as being likened to blood, (TA,) ! Wine; and so أَعُورُةُ * (M, K:) and __ : A dye: (M, TA:) and __ : Saffron. (As, K.) — [Hence also,] : Water. (M, K.) You say, مَا فِي الرَّكِيَّة تَامُورُ (T, S in art. , and M,) or تأمور, (A,) ! There is not in the well any water. (T, S, M, A.) = The wezeer (وزير) of a king: (M, K:) because his command is effectual. (TA.) = Any one: as in the saying, رُتُوْمُورٌ * A, K,) as also, رُتُوْمُورٌ * T in art. رَمَا بِهَا تَأْمُورُ (T in art. تمر, and K,) each with an augmentative, and without as well as with it, accord to Er-Radee and others, (TA,) and أُمُرِيُّ , and أُمُرِيُّ , and الله (M,) and أُمُورِيُّ , (T in art. تمر , M, TA,) or without ., (S, M, K, in art. تمر,) and أمر , (M, K,) There is not in it (i. c. in the house, الدار, M, A, TA) any one. (M, A, K, and T and S in art. بلاد خارة .) You say also, بلاد خارة Vacant regions wherein is not كَيْسَ فيهَا تُومُرِيُّ ♦ any one. (Ş in art. تُؤْمُرِيُّ (M, K) and تُؤْمُرِيُّ (Š in art. تَأْمُرِيُّ (Š in art.) تُؤْمُرِيُّ (Ş in art.) تُؤْمُرِيُّ (Ş in art.) تُؤمُرِيُّ (M, K) also signify A man, or human being. (Ṣ, M, K.) You say, speaking of a beautiful woman, مَا رَأَيْتُ تُومُرِيًّا لا أَحْسَنَ مِنْم I have not seen a human being, or creature, more beautiful مَا رَأَيْتُ and she: (S and M in art. تمر:) and [I have not seen a man more beautiful than he]. (T and S in art. تمر.) Accord. to some, they are used only in negative phrases; but accord to others, they are also used in such as are affirmative. (MF.) Also Anything: as in the saying The wolf ate أَكُلِ الذِّنُّ الشَّاةُ فَهَا تُرَكَ منْهَا تَامُورًا the sheep, or goat, and left not of it anything]. (T and S in art. تمر.) = A child, young one, or fætus; syn. وَلَدْ. (M, K.) = The · receptacle (ale) of the child, young one, or fætus. (M in art. وعاء A ... without ،; and K.) _ A وعاء (in the ordinary sense; i.e. a bag, or receptacle, for travelling-provisions and for goods or utensils &c.]. أَنْتَ أَعْلَمُ بِتَأْمُورِكَ Mence the saying, أَنْتَ أَعْلَمُ بِتَأْمُورِكَ Thou art best acquainted with what thou hast with thee; and with thine own mind. (M.) ___ Also, (K,) and * تَأْمُورَةٌ * (M, [in which the former is not given in the following senses,] and K,) or , إبريق A ewer, syn. إبريق, (Ş in art. بنامورة ال M, K,) for wine: (S:) and, (M, K,) or, as some by my intellect. (M in art. تمر, without .; and say, (TA,) a a . (M, K, TA) in which wine is

put. (TA.) __ Also the first, (M, K,) or * third, (T and S in art. تمر,) The chamber, or cell, without ., and S , مومعة), without ., and S and K, and inam, ilagu, M, K,) of a monk. (M, K.) - And hence, (TA,) the first, (K,) and * second, (M, K,) or third, of these three words, (T and S in art. تمر,) ! The covert, or retreat, of a lion. فُلَانٌ أَسَدٌ في تَامُورَته † (T, S, M, K.) Whence, t Such a one is a lion in his covert : (T and S in art. تمر:) a saying borrowed from 'Amr Ibn-Maadce-Kerib: (T and S ibid:) or, accord. to some, it means, a lion in the greatness of his courage, and in his heart. (TA.) = Also (i. e. the first only) Play, or sport, of girls or of boys. without ., and K.) = See also

A sign, or mark, set up to show the may in a waterless desert; (K, TA;) consisting of stones piled up, one upon another: (TA:) pl. . تَأْمُورُ K.) [See أَمْرَةُ See also . تَأْمُورُ

in eight places. تَأْمُورُ and without .: see بَتَأْمُورَةٌ Also The pericardium; the integument (غلاف) of the heart. (S in art. : there written without ..)

ناموري : see تأموري, in two places.

فَلَانْ, Counsel; advice: as in the saying مثمر Such a one is بَعِيدٌ مِنَ المِثْمَرِ قُرِيبٌ مِنَ المِثْبَرِ fur from counsel, or advice: near to calumny. or slunder. (A.)

Made, or appointed, commander, governor, lord, prince, or king: (S, M, K:*) made to have authority, power, or dominion : (T, M, K:) in which latter sense it is explained by Khálid, as applied by 1bn-Mukbil to a spear. (T.) _ + A cane, or spear-shaft, having a spearhead affixed to it. (K.) __ + A spear-head (T, TA) sharpened; syn. مُحَدُّد. (T, M, K, TA.) _ Distinguished, or defined, (محدّد,) by signs, or marks: (TA:) or, as some say, (TA,) marked with a hot iron; syn. مُوسُوم. (K, TA.)

pass. part. n. of أَمْرُهُ , q. v.]. _ It is said in a trad., (S, &c.,) عُيْرُ الْهَال مُهْرَةً مُأْمُورَةً وَسَكَّةً (S, &c.,) The best of property are a prolific filly [and a row of palm-trees, or perhaps a tall palmtree, fecundated]; (AZ, A'Obcyd, T, S, A, K;) as though the filly were commanded [by God] to be so: (A, in which the epithet ologic thus used is thus for the مأمورة [or] مأمورة is thus for the sake of conformity to مأبورة, and is originally (TA:) or it is أَمْرِهَا ٱللهُ (Ş, M, * K,) from مُؤْمَرةً a dial. var. of weak authority; (K;) though, accord. to AZ, it signifies made to have abundant offspring, from أَمَرُ اللهُ المُهرة, meaning "God made the filly to have abundant offspring," a dial. var. of أمرها, as A 'Obeyd also asserts it to be.

مَامُو and مَامَو : see what next follows.

[Obeying, or conforming to, a command; &c.: see 8. __] One who acts according to his own opinion; (T;) who follows his own opinion