## <u>Announcement</u>

Wednesday's class will be observed

Galois gps of generic polys., and the discriminant Let f(x) & F[x], K = Sp\_f

Def: The Galois gp. of f(x) is Gal(f):= Gal(K/F)

We want to understand Gal(f) for different polys.

Thm (Abel, Ruffini): The degree - 5 poly. is not solvable by radicals

We know: If deg f=n, Gal(f)≤Sn

Generic Version:

 $K = F(x_1, ..., x_n) = \begin{cases} \text{field of fractions} \\ \text{of } F[x_1, ..., x_n] \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{3x_1^2x_2^3 - 5x_2}{1 + x_1 + x_1^4x_2} \\ \text{of } \text{o$ 

We have  $S_n \leq Aut(k/F)$  (permute the  $x_i$ 's)

Set L= Fix Sn, and we have Gal(K/L)= Sn field of symmetric functions

Example elts:

$$e_2 = \sum_{i < j} x_i x_j = x_1 x_2 + x_1 x_3 + x_2 x_3 + ...$$

 $\begin{array}{ll}
(a_{i}, x_{i}, x_{i},$ 

Fun. Thm. of Sym. Funs: L = F(e,, -, en)

Pf: Let L'=F(e,,-en). Then L'EL and

[K:L] = |Sn|=n!, so we just need to show

that [k: L'] < n! . This follows since k is the

splitting field of the following deg. n poly

in L'[x]:

$$f_{gen}^{(n)}(x) = TT(x-x;)$$

$$= x^{n} - (x_{1} + \dots + (-1)^{n} x_{1} + \dots + (-1)^{n} x_{1} + \dots + (-1)^{n} x_{n} +$$

$$D = \prod_{i < j} (\alpha_i - \alpha_j)^2$$

where x; are the roots of F in K:=Sp\_(f)

Prop: D=0 \iff is inseparable.

Prop: D & F

Pf: D is sym. in the di, so

$$D \in F(e_1(a_1,...,a_n), ..., e_n(a_{i_1},...,a_n)) = F$$

(oeffs. of f

D

$$(x) f = f_{(5)}^{364}(x) = (x-x')(x-x^5)$$

$$= 6_{5}^{1} - 46^{5}$$

$$= (x^{1} + x^{2})_{5} - 4x^{1}x^{5}$$

$$D = (x^{1} - x^{5})_{5} = x_{5}^{1} - 5x^{1}x^{5} + x_{5}^{5}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + bx + c, \text{ then } D = b^2 - 4c \qquad (!)$$

$$-e_1 \quad e_2$$

p) It 
$$f(x) = x_3 + \alpha x_5 + px + c^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{D} = \prod_{i < j} (\alpha_i - \alpha_j)$$

Assume char  $F \neq 2$ If  $G := Gal(K/F) = S_n$ then  $\exists \sigma \in D \quad W/ \sigma(J\overline{o}) = -J\overline{o}$ . Thus,  $J\overline{o} \notin F$ 

8.9. 6-=(12)

Recall: An = {even perms.} < 5n
of 1,-,n} Tindex 2

Prop: GEAN ATTEF

Pf: o(vo)=vo = o is even, so

GEAN # O(VO)=VO YOFG

€ TO & Fix G=F

Next time: find Galois gps of small degree polys.