Announcements

Quiz today!

Midtern 3 Wed. 11/20 in class

§ 10.3: Representing graphs & graph isomorphism

Def: Let G be a graph w/ vertices v1, --, vn.

The adjacency matrix of G is the

matrix Adj = [aij]

where a ij = # edges with endpoints vi & vi

Ex 3:

$$Ads_{G} = \begin{cases} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{cases}$$

Exi

$$Adj_{G} = {}^{A}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

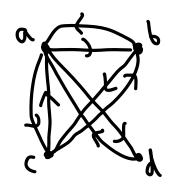
Def: Let D be a digraph w/ vertices v1, --, vn.

The adjacency matrix of D is the matrix Adin = [aij]

where a ij = # edges from vi to vi

Ex:

$$D: Adj_{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$Adj_{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Def: Let G be a graph w/ vertices v1, --, vn. and edges e,, -, em

The incidence matrix of G is the

matrix Inc = [mij]

or both endpirits?

where $m_{ij} = \begin{cases} 2, & \text{if } v_i \text{ is an endpoint of } e_j \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

 E_{x} :

G:
$$a = b$$
 $C = b = 0$
 $C = b = 0$
 $C = 0 = 0$
 $C = 0$

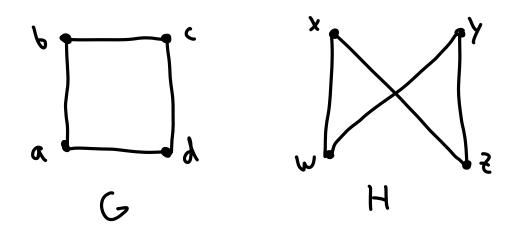
$$G: \overset{e}{\underset{a}{\underset{h}}} \overset{f}{\underset{b}} \overset{i}{\underset{b}{\underset{b}}} \overset{i}{\underset{b}{\underset{b}}} \overset{i}{\underset{b}{\underset{b}}} \overset{i}{\underset{b}{\underset{b}}} \overset{i}{\underset{b}} \overset{i}{\underset{b}$$

Def: Let $G = (V_1, E_1)$ and $H = (V_2, E_2)$ be simple graphs. A function $f: V_1 \rightarrow V_2$ is an <u>isomorphism</u> if a) f: S a bijection

b) f(a) and f(b) are adj. if and only if a and b are adj.

If any isomorphism exists, G and H are isomorphic

Ex 8:



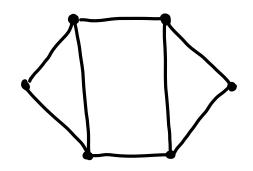
Grown isomorphism :

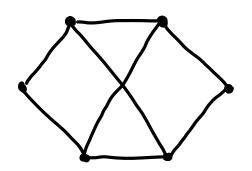
$$f(a) = V$$
 $f(c) = 2$
 $f(b) = x$

Isomorphic graphs have to have the same:

- a) number of vertices
- 6) number of edges
- c) lists of degrees

So if G & H differ on any of these and not isomorphic! Be careful:





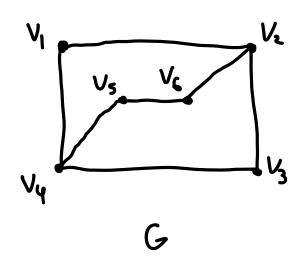
same a), b), c), but not isomorphic!

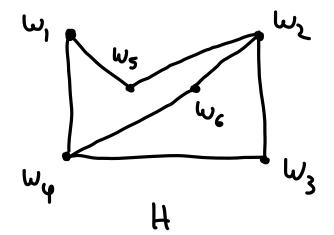
Two ways to show two graphs are isom.

- 1) Find an isomorphism
- 2) Show that the adjacency matrices are the same for some ordering of the vertices

(always same ordering on nows & cols!)

Ex 11:





$$Adi_{G} = V_{3} V_{4} V_{5} V_{6}$$

$$V_{1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Adi_{H} = \begin{cases} W_{1} & W_{2} & W_{3} & W_{4} & W_{5} & W_{6} \\ W_{1} & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ W_{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ W_{3} & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ W_{4} & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ W_{5} & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ W_{6} & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{cases}$$

Not the same

But... put the vertices in a different order, and

So G and H are isomorphic.