Announcements

Quiz 2 Wed. in class
HW3 will be posted soon, due Sun@11:59 pm
Strong suggestion: read the textbook!

Algorithms (cont.)

Reall:

Def: An algorithm is a finite sequence of precise steps

Properties:

- · Input
- · Output
- · Definiteness: Steps are precisely-defined
- · Correctness: Always gives the right answer
- · Finiteness: Finite # steps for any input
- · Effectiveness: You can actually do each step
- · Generality: Works for all possible inputs

Ex: finding max. elt. in a finite sequence procedure max($a_1,...,a_n$: integers) $m := a_1$

for i:=2 to n

For $a_i:=a_i$ set a_i regual to a_i

return m

Check properties:

- · Input /
- · Output V
- * Definiteness: Yes, because we're only incrementing, assigning value, and checking conditions
- · Correctness: Yes, always returns max. elt.
- · Finiteness: Yes, goes through the list once and terminates
- · Effectiveness: Yes, because we're only incrementing, assigning value, and checking conditions
 - · Generality: Yes, works for all finite lists of integers

Searching algorithms:

General problem! locate an elt. x in a list of distinct elts. a,,..., an, or determine it's not in the list

Linear search algorithm (Use when list is unordered)

Input: integer x
list of integers: a,,--, an

Output: Location of x in list (or 0 if not found)
Algorithm:

Set i=1while $(i \le n \text{ and } x \ne a_i)$ i := i+1

location:= {i, if i ≤ n 0, otherwise

return location

Binary search algorithm (Use when list is ordered) Input: integer x list of integers: a,,.., an w/ a, < az < ... < an Output: Location of x in list (or 0 if not found) Algorithm: Let i:= 1 lend points of search interval Let] := n While icj Let $m := \lfloor \frac{(+)}{2} \rfloor$ if x>am i := m+1 else

j:= M

location:= { i, if x=a; 0, otherwise

return location

Sorting algorithms:

General problem: Sort a list in increasing order Many different also rithms

Bubble sort algorithm:

Input: list of integers a,, -, an
Output: list of integers which is the original list in inc. order

Algorithm:

for i:=1 to n-1for j:=1 to n-iif $a_j > a_{j+1}$ Swap a_j and a_{j+1} return $a_1, - a_n$

Class activity: perform bubble sort on the list 3, 2, 4, 1, 5

Insertion sort algorithm (if time): Input: list of integers a,, .., an Output: list of integers which is the original list in inc. order Algorithm: for j := 2 to n Let i := 1 While a, 7ai (finding the spot for a;) i := i + 1 Let m:=a; (insert a; into spot m) for k := 0 to j-i-1 aj-k := aj-k-1 (shift other elts. to make room) Q; = : M

return a an

Class activity: perform insertion sort on the list 3, 2, 4, 1, 5