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```
% ECE408 - Wireless Communications
% Jongoh (Andy) Jeong
% MRRC, Alamouti Space-Time Block Coding (STBC) Simulations
% Date: March 11, 2020
clear all; close all; clc;
```

# (0) Flat-fading Rayleigh Channel Setup

```
nIter = 1e2;
M = 2;
                     % modulation type
k = log2(M); % bits per symbol
mod = comm.PSKModulator(M,0);
demod = comm.PSKDemodulator(M,0);
EbNo = 0:2.5:50;
                                    % bit to noise power ratio (dB)
EsNo = EbNo + 10*log10(k);
                                   % symbol to noise power ratio(dB)
samprate = 1;
                                   % sampling rate (Tsymbol : Tsample)
snr = EsNo - 10*log10(samprate);
                                   % adjusted SNR (dB)
% parameters for rayleigh channels
Ts = 1e-5;
                                    % sample time
N = int64(1/Ts);
                                    % message word length
fd = 10;
                                    % Maximum Doppler Shift frequency
r chan1 = newRayleighChan(N, fd);
r chan2 = newRayleighChan(N, fd);
r chan3 = newRayleighChan(N, fd);
r chan4 = newRayleighChan(N, fd);
disp('[INFO] Rayleigh channels created.')
```

[INFO] Rayleigh channels created.

# (1) BPSK Tx (flat-fading rayleigh channel) no diversity

```
fprintf('[INFO] Uncoded (no diversity) in simulation\t')
bers = zeros([length(snr),nIter]);
% iterate nIter times
for ii = 1:nIter
    fprintf('.')
    x = randi([0 M-1],N,1); % random message bits
    modulated = step(mod,x); % modulate message to PSK symbols
```

```
filtered = r_chan1.*modulated;  % transmit symbols through Rayleigh flat fading ch
annel

% allocate memory space
    transmitted = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
    demodulated = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
    for i=1:length(snr)
        % pass through an AWGN channel
        transmitted(:,i) = awgn(filtered,snr(i),'measured')./r_chan1;
        % demodulate PSK symbols
        demodulated(:,i) = step(demod,transmitted(:,i));
    end
        % compute Bit Error Rate
        [~,bers(:,ii)] = biterr(demodulated,x);
end
ber1 = mean(bers,2);

disp('[INFO] Uncoded (no diversity) complete')
```

# (2) BPSK Tx (flat-fading rayleigh channel), MRRC (2 Rx)

```
fprintf('[INFO] MRRC 2 Rx in simulation\t')
bers = zeros([length(snr),nIter]);
% iterate nIter times
for ii = 1:nIter
    fprintf('.')
   x = randi([0 M-1], N, 1);
                                       % random message bits
                                       % modulate message to PSK symbols
   modulated = step(mod, x);
    filtered1 = r_chan1 .* modulated; % transmit symbols through Rayleigh flat fading ch
annel
    filtered2 = r_chan2 .* modulated;
    % antenna path gains = sum channel powers of both Rx antennas
    h = [r chan1, r chan2];
    % signals from Rayleigh channel for both Rx antennas
    filtered = [filtered1,filtered2];
    % allocate memory space
    combined = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
    demodulated = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
    for i=1:length(snr)
        % pass through an AWGN channel
        n filtered = awgn(filtered, snr(i), 'measured');
        % combine symbols at 2 Rx antennas
        combined(:,i) = sum(conj(h).*n filtered,2)./sum(h.*conj(h),2);
        % demodulate PSK symbols
        demodulated(:,i) = step(demod,combined(:,i));
    end
        % compute Bit Error Rate
    [~,bers(:,ii)] = biterr(demodulated,x);
end
ber2 = mean(bers, 2);
```

```
disp('[INFO] MRRC 2 Rx complete')
```

# (3) BPSK Tx (flat-fading rayleigh channel), MRRC (4 Rx)

```
fprintf('[INFO] MRRC 4 Rx in simulation\t')
bers = zeros([length(snr),nIter]);
% iterate nIter times
for ii = 1:nIter
   fprintf('.')
    x = randi([0 M-1], N, 1);
                                       % random message bits
    modulated = step(mod,x);
                                       % modulate message to PSK symbols
    filtered1 = r chan1.*modulated; % transmit symbols through Rayleigh flat fading ch
annel
   filtered2 = r chan2.*modulated;
    filtered3 = r chan3.*modulated;
    filtered4 = r chan4.*modulated;
    % antenna path gains = sum channel powers of all Rx antennas
    h = [r_chan1, r_chan2, r_chan3, r_chan4];
    % signals from Rayleigh channel for both Tx antennas
    filtered = [filtered1,filtered2,filtered3,filtered4];
    % allocate memory space
    combined = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
    demodulated = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
    for i=1:length(snr)
        % pass through an AWGN channel
        n filtered = awgn(filtered, snr(i), 'measured');
        % combine symbols at Rx antenna
        combined(:,i) = sum(conj(h).*n filtered,2)./sum(h.*conj(h),2);
        % demodulate PSK symbols
        demodulated(:,i) = step(demod,combined(:,i));
    end
        % compute Bit Error Rate
    [~,bers(:,ii)] = biterr(demodulated,x);
end
ber3 = mean(bers, 2);
disp('[INFO] MRRC 4 Rx complete')
```

### (4) BPSK Tx (flat-fading rayleigh channel), Alamouti (2 Tx, 1 Rx)

```
fprintf('[INFO] Alamouti 2 Tx, 1 Rx in simulation\t')
bers = zeros([length(snr),nIter]);
% iterate nIter times
for ii = 1:nIter
    fprintf('.')
    x = randi([0 M-1],N,1); % random message bits
```

```
% Alamouti space-time block coding (STBC)
% s0: symbols from both Tx antenna 0 and 1 at time t
% s1: symbols from both Tx antenna 0 and 1 at time t+T
% ... where T = symbol duration
% -----
% (example) code s0 and s1:
         antenna 0 antenna 1
s0*
% (next iter) ...
                             . . .
oddIdx = 1:2:N; % odd indices (MATLAB odd indexing; otherwise even)
evenIdx = 2:2:N; % even indices (MATLAB odd indexing; otherwise even)
s0 = modulated(oddIdx); % Tx symbols from antenna 0
s1 = modulated(evenIdx); % Tx symbols from antenna 1
coded syms = zeros(N,2); % coded syms: [N \times 2] dimension
coded_syms(oddIdx, 1:2) = sqrt(1/2) * [s0,s1];
coded_syms(evenIdx, 1:2) = sqrt(1/2) * [-conj(s1), conj(s0)];
% Constant Gaussian random channel characteristics for both Tx
h = sqrt(1/2) * kron((randn(N/2,2) + 1j*randn(N/2,2)),[1,1]');
\mbox{\ensuremath{\$}} signals from Rayleigh channel for both Tx antennas
filtered = h.*coded syms;
% allocate memory space
combined = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
decoded = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
demodulated = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
for i=1:length(snr)
   % pass through an AWGN channel
   n filtered = awgn(filtered, snr(i), 'measured');
   % combine symbols at Rx antenna
   combined(:,i) = sum(n filtered,2);
   % separate into two r symbols by each Tx antenna
   r0 = combined(oddIdx,i);
   r1 = combined(evenIdx,i);
   % Rx has perfect knowledge of channel characteristics
   h0 rx = h(oddIdx, 1);
   h1 rx = h(oddIdx, 2);
   % maximum ratio combining technique (max likelihood)
   h rx = zeros(N,2);
   h rx(oddIdx,:) = [conj(h0 rx), h1 rx];
   h rx(evenIdx,:) = [conj(h1 rx), -h0 rx];
   hHh = h rx.*conj(h rx);
   % s hat: Equation (12) from Alamouti paper
   s hat = zeros([N,1]);
   s_hat(oddIdx) = (conj(h0_rx) .* r0) + (h1_rx .* conj(r1));
   s hat(evenIdx) = (conj(h1 rx) .* r0) - (h0 rx .* conj(r1));
   decoded(:,i) = sum(s_hat,2)./sum(hHh,2);
   % demodulate PSK symbols
   demodulated(:,i) = step(demod,decoded(:,i));
end
```

```
% compute Bit Error Rate
[~,bers(:,ii)] = biterr(demodulated,x);
end
ber4 = mean(bers,2);
disp('[INFO] Alamouti 2 Tx, 1 Rx complete')
```

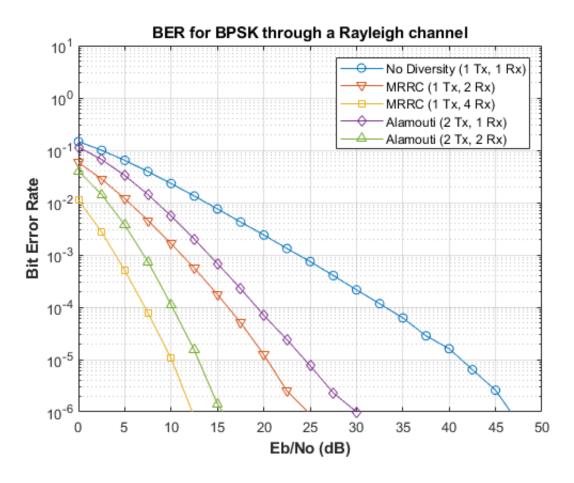
### (5) BPSK Tx (flat-fading rayleigh channel), Alamouti (2 Tx, 2 Rx)

```
fprintf('[INFO] Alamouti 2 Tx, 2 Rx in simulation\t')
numRxAntennas = 2;
bers = zeros([length(snr),nIter]);
% iterate nIter times
for ii = 1:nIter
   fprintf('.')
   x = randi([0 M-1], N, 1);
                                     % random message bits
   modulated = step(mod,x); % modulate message to PSK symbols
   % Alamouti space-time block coding (STBC)
   % s0: symbols from both Tx antenna 0 and 1 at time t
   % s1: symbols from both Tx antenna 0 and 1 at time t+T
   % ... where T = symbol duration
   % (example) code s0 and s1:
             antenna 0 antenna 1
              s0
   % time t
                               s1
   % time t+T
                -s1*
                                s0*
   % (next iter) ...
   oddIdx = 1:2:N; % odd indices (MATLAB odd indexing; otherwise even)
   evenIdx = 2:2:N; % even indices (MATLAB odd indexing; otherwise even)
   s0 = modulated(oddIdx); % Tx symbols from antenna 0
   s1 = modulated(evenIdx);
                             % Tx symbols from antenna 1
   coded_syms = zeros(N,2*numRxAntennas); % coded_syms: [N x (2*numRxAntennas)] dimension
   coded syms(oddIdx, 1:4) = sqrt(1/2) * [s0,s1,s0,s1];
   \verb|coded_syms(evenIdx, 1:4)| = \verb|sqrt(1/2)| * [-conj(s1), conj(s0), -conj(s1), conj(s0)];
   % Constant Gaussian random channel characteristics for both Tx
   h = sqrt(1/2)*kron( randn(N/2,2*numRxAntennas) + 1j*randn(N/2,2*numRxAntennas),...
                       [1,1]');
   % signals from Rayleigh channel for both Tx antennas
   filtered = h.*coded syms;
   % allocate memory space
   combined = zeros(length(modulated), numRxAntennas, length(snr));
   decoded = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
   demodulated = zeros(length(modulated),length(snr));
   for i=1:length(snr)
      % pass through an AWGN channel
      n filtered = awgn(filtered, snr(i), 'measured');
      % combine symbols at Rx antenna
      combined(:,:,i) = [sum(n_filtered(:,1:2),numRxAntennas), ...
                           sum(n filtered(:,3:4),numRxAntennas)];
```

```
% separate into two r symbols by each Tx antenna
       r0 1 = combined(oddIdx,1,i);
       r1_1 = combined(evenIdx, 1, i);
       r0 2 = combined(oddIdx, 2, i);
       r1 2 = combined(evenIdx, 2, i);
       % constant received symbols at each Rx antenna, so replicate for
       % each Rx antenna pair usin 'kron' function
       r0 1 = kron(r0 1, [1,1]');
       r1_1 = kron(conj(r1_1),[1,1]');
       r0 2 = kron(r0 2, [1,1]');
       r1 2 = kron(conj(r1 2),[1,1]');
       r = [r0 1, r1 1, r0 2, r1 2]; % dimension: [N x (2*numRxAntennas)]
       % Rx has perfect knowledge of channel characteristics
       h rx = zeros(N, 2*numRxAntennas);
       h0 1 = h(oddIdx, 1);
       h1 1 = h(oddIdx, 2);
       h0 2 = h(oddIdx, 3);
       h1 2 = h(oddIdx, 4);
       % maximum ratio combining technique (max likelihood)
       h_rx(oddIdx,:) = [conj(h0_1), h1_1, conj(h0_2), h1_2];
       h_rx(evenIdx,:) = [conj(h1_1), -h0_1, conj(h1_2), -h0_2];
       hHh = h_rx.*conj(h_rx);
       % s hat: Equation (12) from Alamouti paper
       s_hat = h_rx .* r;
       decoded(:,i) = sum(s hat,2)./sum(hHh,2);
       % demodulate PSK symbols
       demodulated(:,i) = step(demod,decoded(:,i));
    end
    % compute Bit Error Rate
    [~,bers(:,ii)] = biterr(demodulated, x);
end
ber5 = mean(bers, 2);
disp('[INFO] Alamouti 2 Tx, 2 Rx complete')
```

### Simulation Results (BER curve)

```
xlim([0 50]); ylim([10e-7 10e0]);
legend('No Diversity (1 Tx, 1 Rx)','MRRC (1 Tx, 2 Rx)',...
    'MRRC (1 Tx, 4 Rx)', 'Alamouti (2 Tx, 1 Rx)',...
    'Alamouti (2 Tx, 2 Rx)');
```



# Appendix: Rayleigh channel generation

```
function [channel_statistics] = newRayleighChan(N, fm)
    % [channel statistics] = newRayleighChan(N, fm)
    % [Usage]
       newRayleighChan creates channel coefficients that mimicks a
       flat-flading Rayleigh channel from inputs 'N' (number of sample
       points) and 'fm' (maximum Doppler shift frequency).
       N should typically be a power of two.
    % >> procedure reference: Rappaport textbook Ch 5: pg 222
   N = N/2;
                         % compensate for IFFT for 2*N sample points
    % df = 2*fm / (N-1); % frequency spacing between adjacent spectral lines
    % T = 1/df;
                         % time duration of a fading waveform
    % column vectors
    randnoise1 pos = randn([N/2,1]) + 1j*randn([N/2,1]);
    randnoise1_neg = flipud(conj(randnoise1_pos));
    randnoise1 = [randnoise1_neg; randnoise1_pos];
    randnoise2 pos = randn([N/2,1]) + 1j*randn([N/2,1]);
    randdnoise2 neg = flipud(conj(randnoise2 pos));
    randnoise2 = [randdnoise2 neg; randnoise2 pos];
    f = linspace(-fm, fm, N);
                                % freq span vector
    fc = 0;
                                % carrier frequency at 0 Hz
    SEz = 1.5 ./ ( pi*fm*sqrt( 1-( (f-fc)/fm ).^2 ) );
```

```
% adjustment for 'Inf' at boundary of this Doppler Spectrum
    SEz(1) = 0;
    SEz(end) = 0;
    sqrtSEz = sqrt(SEz);
    randnoise1 = sqrtSEz .* randnoise1.';
    randnoise2 = sqrtSEz .* randnoise2.';
    time randnoise1 = ifft(randnoise1, 2*N);
    time randnoise2 = ifft(randnoise2, 2*N);
    \mbox{\$} add the squares of each signal point in time to create an N-point time series
    sum = (time_randnoise1).^2 + (time_randnoise2).^2;
    channel statistics = sqrt(sum).';
    % uncomment for Doppler Spectrum plot
    % figure;
    % plot(f,sqrtSEz);
   \ \mbox{$\%$} title(sprintf('Doppler Spectrum for f_m=%d Hz, f_c = %d Hz',fm,fc));
    % xlabel('Frequency (Hz)','FontWeight','bold','FontSize',12);
    % ylabel('S_E_Z (f)','FontWeight','bold','FontSize',12);
end
```

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