Computer Programming 1 Lab

2022/12/29 Andy Hung

Outine

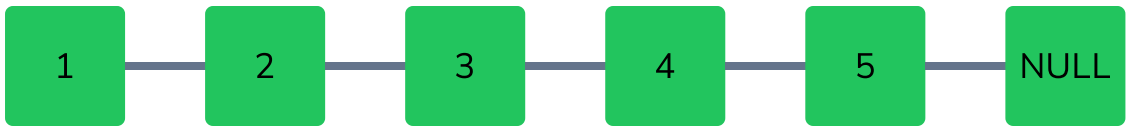
- Link list
- Debug

Linked List

```
1   typedef struct node Node;
2
3   struct node {
4     int value;
5     Node* nextPtr;
6   }
```

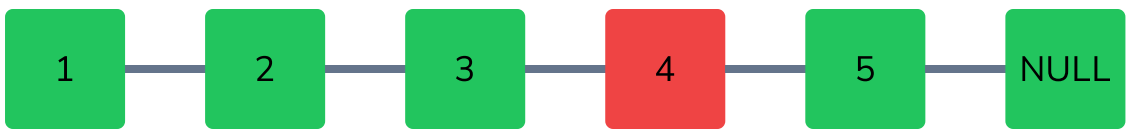
- other concept
- insert
- delete
- remove

Linked List - other concept



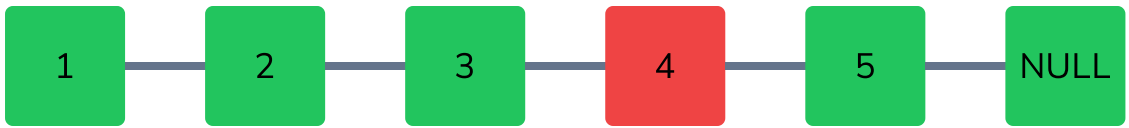
Use a dummy header to avoid strange pointer problem

Linked List - insert




```
1   Node* newPtr = malloc(sizeof(Node));
2   newPtr -> value = 0;
3   newPtr -> nextPtr = currPtr -> nextPtr;
4   currPtr -> nextPtr = newPtr;
```

Linked List - delete




```
1   Node* tmpPtr = currPtr -> nextPtr;
2   currPtr -> nextPtr = tmpPtr -> nextPtr;
3   free(tmpPtr);
```

Linked List - remove

```
1   while(ptr ≠ NULL) {
2     Node* nextPtr = ptr → nextPtr;
3     free(ptr);
4     ptr = nextPtr;
5   }
```

Whenever use malloc, use free then.

Debug

- IO first, then Logic
  - □□□□□□□□□□□□input□□□□□□□□
  - □□IO□□□□□□□□□print□□□□□□□□
- TLE
  - □□while□□□□□ex: recursive, i–
  - □□□ `while(1)` □oj
- Segmentation fault
  - array index□□□□□link list□□ `NULL` □ `nextPtr`
  - □□□□□□□□□□□□□
- Stack Overflow
  - □□□□□□□□□□□□

Debug

- array □□□□
  - Stack vs heap
  - □`malloc`□□□□□□
- local vs ghost vs oj
  - gcc version
  - `llvm` vs `gcc`

Debug friend - GDB

- Vscode instruction: WSL setup
- You can also use `gdb` command: GeekForGeeks.
- Other platforms have other good tools.

No exercise this year

END