Open Command-oriented Geometric Graphics Generator OpenCG³ Specification Version 0.2.11

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Command Tokens

Regular Expressions

```
\begin{split} \mathbb{N} &\coloneqq \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha \mid \alpha \in [\text{0-9}] + \right\} \\ \mathbb{R} &\coloneqq \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha \mid \alpha \in [\text{+}\text{-}]?([\text{0-9}] * [.])?[\text{0-9}] + \right\} \\ \mathbb{S} &\coloneqq \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha \mid \alpha \in '(.*?)' \mid [.\text{0-9A-Za-z+}\text{-}] + \right\} \\ \mathbb{W} &\coloneqq \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha \mid \alpha \in [\text{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymbol{\topsymb
```

Descriptions

- The matching mechanism abides by the maximal munch rule.
- Each command is whitespace-insensitive except being quoted by a pair of single quotation marks (').

Command Grammars

Context-Free Expansions

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \mathbf{C} \to \mathbf{AC} & ; & | & \mathtt{EOL} \\ \mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{A}) & | & \mathbf{V}(\mathbf{A}) & | & \mathbf{S}(\mathbf{A}) & | & \mathbf{L}(\mathbf{A}) & | & \mathbf{L}(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A}, \cdots, \mathbf{A}) & | & \mathbb{N} & | & \mathbb{R} & | & \mathbb{S} \\ \mathbf{T}(\Pi) & \equiv \Pi : n) & \to & (& \Sigma(\Pi, n) &) & | & & \Sigma(\Pi, n) & \to & \Pi & \cdots & \Pi \\ \mathbf{V}(\Pi) & \equiv \Pi : n) & \to & < & \Sigma(\Pi, n) & > & | & \Sigma(\Pi, n) & \to & \Pi & \cdots & \Pi \\ \mathbf{S}(\Pi) & \equiv \Pi : n) & \to & \{ & \Sigma(\Pi, n) & \} & | & \mathbf{L}(\Pi) & \equiv \mathbb{L} \left[\Pi : n\right] & \to & [& \Sigma(\Pi, n) &] \\ \mathbf{L}(\Pi_1, \Pi_2, \cdots, \Pi_{n-1}, \Pi_n) & \equiv \mathbb{L} \left[\Pi_1 \Pi_2 \cdots \Pi_{n-1} \Pi_n\right] & \to & [& \Pi_1 \cdots \Pi_n &] \end{array}$$

Descriptions

- Each command starts from C and ends with a ; or an EOL.
- Non-terminal symbol expansions are prior than function expansions except that symbols are used for describing arguments of a command.

Command Parsing

Escape Sequence

- \x is an escape sequence.
- If x is \, then it is treated as a single backslash.
- If x is EOL which may vary from platforms, then the sequence is omitted.
- Otherwise, the sequence is ignored and triggers a warning by default.

Error Handling

- Physical lines are separated by an EOL.
- Logical lines are separated by either a semicolon or an unescaped EOL.
- If the command cannot be parsed by the grammar, then all the characters on the same logical line will be discarded.

System Hierarchy

Classes

- Classes are split into two categories, top and bottom.
- Top classes are class window, class camera, and data classes.
- Bottom classes are class attrib and class group.
- Data classes are split into primitive classes and compound classes.
- Primitive classes are class point, etc.
- Compound classes are class line, class polygon, etc.

Objects

- An object is instantiated from a class aforementioned.
- An object has an unique name throughout the category of its class.

Relations

References are bidirectional and can be created or deleted via commands.

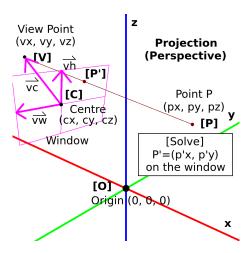


Figure: Projection in Euclidean \mathbb{R}^3 Space

Create a Window

Command

Parametres

• <u>label</u>^w : the name of the object instantiated from the class window

Examples

create window main

Delete a Window

Command

 $delete window \underline{S \underline{label^w}} \underline{S \underline{string}}$ (2)

Parametres

- <u>label</u>^w : the name of the object instantiated from the class window
- string : the text printed right after exiting the session

```
delete window main delete window main 'Have a nice day.'
```

Create a Camera

Command

Parametres

- <u>label</u>^c : the name of the object instantiated from the class camera
- centre : the world coordinate (c_x, c_y, c_z) of the centre of the viewport
- plane : the horizontal and the vertical vertors $(\vec{v_w}, \vec{v_h})$ of the viewport
- $\underline{\mathsf{sight}}$: the reverse line of sight $\vec{v_c}$ from $\underline{\mathsf{centre}}$ to the camera

Examples

create camera z-top (0 0 1) (<1 0 0> <0 1 0>) <0 0 1>

Select a Camera

Command

 $\texttt{select camera} \ \underline{\mathbb{S} \ \underline{\mathsf{label}^c}} \ \underline{\mathbb{S} \ \underline{\mathsf{label}^w}} \$

Parametres

- <u>label</u>^c : the name of the object instantiated from the class camera
- <u>label</u>^w: the name of the object instantiated from the class window

Examples

select camera z-top main

Create Points

Command

```
create point \frac{\mathbb{S} |\text{abel}^p:}{\mathbb{S} |\text{abel}^p:} \stackrel{}{>}^* \frac{\mathbb{R}:3) \text{ coord}}{\mathbb{R}:3) \text{ coord}} : n)^* (5)
```

Parametres

- ullet : the name of the object instantiated from the class point
- coord : the world coordinate (p_x, p_y, p_z) of the object named <u>label</u>

```
create point 'origin' (0 0 0)
create point {X-1 X-2} (1 0 0)
create point (Y-1 Z-1) ((0 1 0)(0 0 1))
```

Delete Points

Command

Parametres

• <u>label^p</u> : the name of the object instantiated from the class point

```
delete point origin
delete point {origin 'random-point'}
```

Create Attributes

Command

Parametres

```
    <u>attrib</u>: the name of the object instantiated from the class attrib
```

```
• <u>class<sup>t</sup></u> : the name of one of the top classes
```

- prop : the property of the object of <u>class</u>^t
- value : the value of prop in designated format

```
create attrib (magenta dashed-and-translucent-line) \
[[point fill-hsv '(300 1.0 1.0)'] \
  [line [style dashed] [fill-rbga '[(0 255 0) 0.5]']]]
```

Attach Attributes

Command

```
attach attrib \frac{\mathbb{S} \text{ attrib}:)^*}{\mathbb{S} \text{ attrib}:)^*} \frac{\mathbb{S} \text{ label}:}{\mathbb{S} \text{ label}:)^*} (10)
```

Parametres

- <u>attrib</u>: the name of the object instantiated from the class attrib
- <u>label</u>: the name of the object instantiated from one of the top classes

```
attach attrib red point-0
attach attrib (red large) point-1
attach attrib blue {point-2 rect-0}
attach attrib (5px black) {point-3 circ-0}
attach attrib (red thick) (point-4 line-0 triangle-0)
```

Assign Operations

Command

assign operat $\underline{\mathbb{S}}$ action $\underline{\mathbb{S}}$ class $\underline{\mathbb{S}}$ repeat $\underline{[=\infty]}$ (12)

Parametres

<u>action</u>: the name of the corresponding action of <u>class</u>

class : the name of one of the classes

• repeat : the amount of the commands emitting operation names

```
assign operat create point 2
x-axis (1 0 0)
y-axis (0 1 0)
// Back To Normal
```