Scratch 2

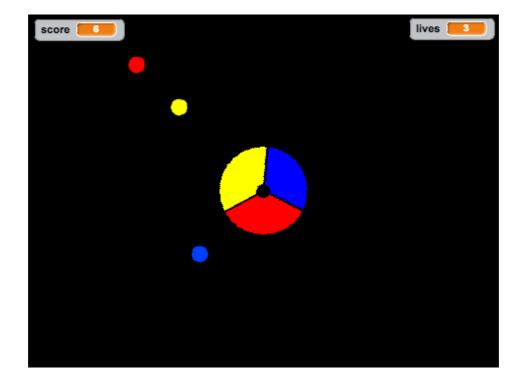
Catch the Dots



All Code Clubs <u>must be registered</u>. Registered clubs appear on the map at codeclub.org.uk - if your club is not on the map then visit jumpto.cc/18CpLPy to find out what to do.

Introduction

In this project you'll learn how to create a game, in which you have to match up coloured dots with the correct part of the controller.



Activity Checklist
Follow these INSTRUCTIONS one by one

Test your Project
Click on the green flag to TEST your code

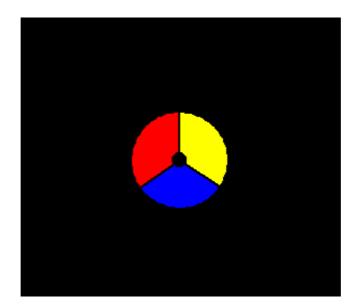
Make sure to SAVE your work now

Step 1: Creating a controller

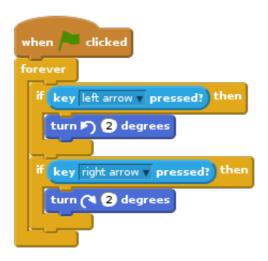
Let's start by creating a controller, that will be used to collect dots.

Activity Checklist

- 1. Start a new project, and delete the cat sprite, so that your project is empty.
- 2. For this project, you should have a 'Project Resources' folder, containing the controller image you can use. Make sure that you can find this folder, and ask your club leader if you can't find it.
 - controller.png
- 3. From this 'Project Resources' folder, import 'controller.png' as a new sprite. If you don't have this image you can draw it yourself! You should also make the stage black. Here's how your stage should look:



4. You can move your controller really easily, by turning it left or right when the arrows are pressed:



- 5. Test out your controller it should spin left and right.
- 6. Although this code works, it would be much better if the controller sped up and slowed down gradually. To do this, delete the code you just created for your controller, and create a new variable called controller speed.
- 7. Add this code to your controller, to make it repeatedly use the **controller speed** to move:

```
when clicked

set controller speed to 0

forever

turn ( controlled speed degrees
```

8. At the moment, this code won't move the controller, as the speed has been set to 0! Create a separate script in your controller, that increases the speed when the right arrow is pressed.

```
when clicked

forever

if key right arrow pressed? then

change controller speed by 0.2

else
```

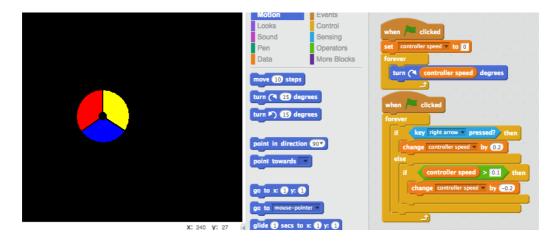
9. Have you noticed that there's a gap in the code above? You will need to add some code to slow down the controller if the right arrow key isn't pressed. However, you only want to slow down the controller until the speed gets back down to 0, otherwise it'll start spinning backwards.

Here's the code you should add:

```
if controller speed > 0.1 then

change controller speed ▼ by -0.2
```

Here's how your controller code should look:



10. Test your project again. If you hold down the right arrow key your controller should speed up. Let go of the key and your controller should gradually slow down.

Challenge: Spinning left

Duplicate the entire controller script for spinning to the right. Can you modify this duplicated code so that your controller spins to the left when the left arrow key is held down?

You'll need to change some of the numbers in the code! (hint: the controller will spin to the left if the controller speed variable has a negative value.)



Save your project

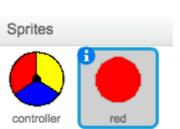
Step 2: Collecting dots

Let's add dots to the game, that the player will collect with their controller.



Activity Checklist

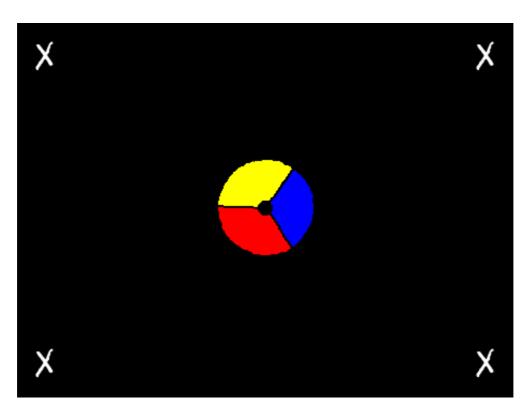
1. Create a new sprite called 'red'. This sprite should be a small red dot.



2. Add this script to your 'red' dot sprite, to create a new dot clone every few seconds:

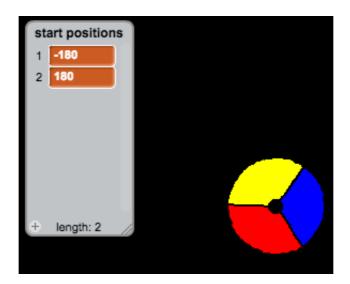
```
when clicked
wait 2 secs
forever
create clone of myself v
wait pick random 5 to 10 secs
```

3. When each clone is created, you want it to appear in one of the 4 corners of the stage.



To do this, first create a new list variable called **start**positions and click the (+) to add in the values -180 and

180.



4. You can use these 2 list items to pick a random corner of the stage. Add this code to the 'dot' sprite, so that each new clone moves to a random corner and then slowly moves towards the controller.

```
when I start as a clone

go to x: item random of start positions v

point towards controller v

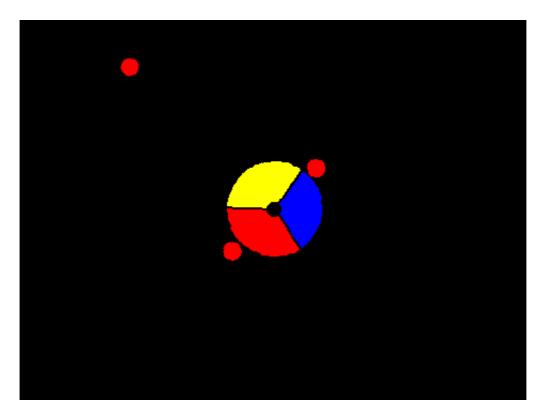
show

repeat until touching controller v

move 1 steps
```

The code above chooses either -180 or 180 for the x and y positions, meaning that each clone starts in one corner of the stage.

5. Test your project. You should see lots of red dots appear in each corner of the screen, and move slowly towards the controller.



- 6. Create 2 new variables called <a>1ives and <a>score.
- 7. Add code to your stage, to set the lives to 3 and the score to 0 at the start of the game.
- 8. You need to add code to the end of your red dot's when I start as a clone code, so that either 1 is added to the player's score if the colours match, or 1 is taken from the player's lives if the colours don't match.

```
if touching color ? then

change score v by 1

play sound pop v

else

change lives v by -1

play sound laser1 v

delete this clone
```

9. Add this code to the end of your stage's script, so that the game ends when the player loses all of their lives:



10. Test your game to make sure this code works as expected.





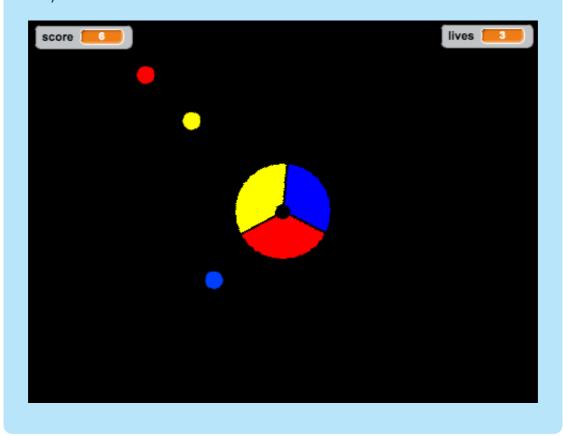
Save your project

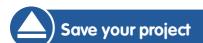
Challenge: More dots

Duplicate your 'red' dot sprite twice, and name the two new sprites 'yellow' and 'blue'.



Edit these sprites (including their code), so that each coloured dot has to match the correct colour on the controller. Remember to test your project, making sure you gain points and lose lives at the right times, and that your game isn't too easy or too hard!





Step 3: Increasing the difficulty

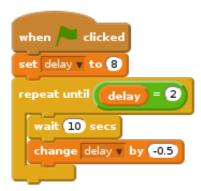
Let's make the game get more difficult the longer the player survives, by slowly reducing the delay between dots appearing.



Activity Checklist

Save your project

- 1. Create a new variable called delay.
- 2. On your stage, create a new script that sets the delay to a high number, and then slowly reduces the delay time.



Notice that this is very similar to how a game timer works!

3. Finally, you can use this delay variable in your red, yellow and blue dots' scripts. Remove the code that waits a random number of seconds between creating clones, and replace it with your new delay variable:



4. Test your new delay variable, and see whether the delay between dots reduces slowly. Does this work for all 3 coloured dots? Can you see the value of the delay variable reducing?

	aots?	Can	you	see	The	value	OT	The	delay	variable reducing?	

Challenge: Faster moving dots

Can you improve your game by adding a speed variable, so that the dots start off moving 1 step at a time, and steadily get faster and faster? This will work in a very similar way to the delay variable used above, and you can use this code to help you.



Save your project

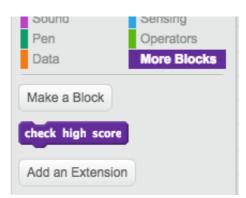
Step 4: High score

Let's save the high score, so that players can see how well they're doing.



Activity Checklist

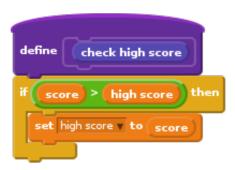
- 1. Create a new variable called high-score.
- 2. Click on your stage, and create a new custom block called check high score.



3. Just before the end of the game, add in your new custom block.



4. Add code to your custom block to store the current score as the high score if it's the highest score so far:



5. Test the code you've added. Play your game to check whether the high-score is updated correctly.



Challenge: Improve your game!

Can you think of ways to improve your game? For example, you could create special dots that:

- double your score;
- slow down the dots;
- hide all the other dots on the screen!



Challenge: Game menu

Can you add a menu (with buttons) to your game? You could add an instructions screen, or a separate screen for showing the high score. If you need help with this, the 'Brain Game' project will help you.