Scratch

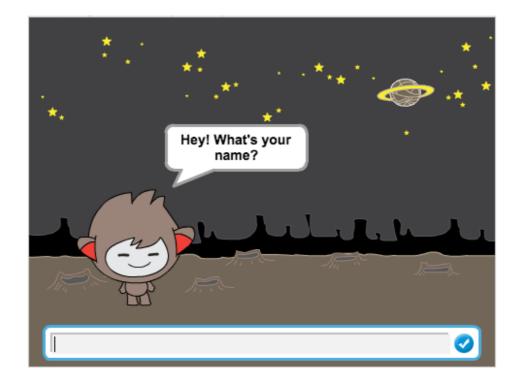
ChatBot



All Code Clubs <u>must be registered</u>. Registered clubs appear on the map at codeclubworld.org - if your club is not on the map then visit jumpto.cc/18CpLPy to find out what to do.

Introduction

You are going to learn how to program your own talking robot!





Activity Checklist



Test your Project



Save your Project

Follow these INSTRUCTIONS one by one

Click on the green flag to TEST your code

Make sure to SAVE your work now

Step 1: Your chatbot

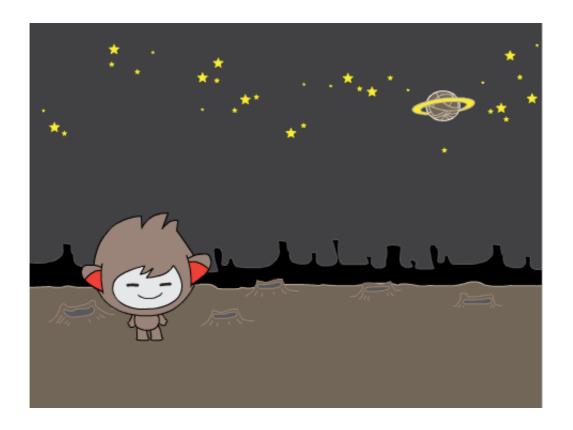


- Before you start making your chatbot, you need to decide on their personality.

 What is their name?
 Where do they live?
 Are they happy? serious? funny? shy? friendly?

 Start a new Scratch project, and delete the cat sprite so that your project is empty. You can find the online Scratch editor at jumpto.cc/scratch-new.
 Choose one of these character sprites, and add them to your project:
- 4. Choose a backdrop that fits your chatbot's personality. Here's an example, although yours doesn't have to look like this:

Nano





Step 2: A talking chatbot

Now that you have a chatbot with a personality, let's program it to talk to you.



1. Click on your chatbot character, and add this code:



2. Click your chatbot to test it out. After you are asked your name, type it into the box along the bottom of the stage.



3. Your chatbot simply replies What a lovely name! every time. You can personalise your chatbot's reply, by making use of the user's answer. Change the chatbot's code, so that it looks like this:



To create the last block, you'll need to first drag on a green join block, and drag it on to the say block.



You can then change the text <code>hello</code> to say <code>Hi</code>, and drag the light blue <code>answer</code> block (from the 'Sensing' section) onto the text <code>world</code>.



4. Test out this new program. Does it work as you expected? Can you fix any problems that you can see? (Hint: you can try

adding in a space somewhere!)

- 5. It may be that you want to store the user's name in a variable, so that you can use it again later. Create a new variable called name. If you've forgotten how to do this, the 'Balloons' project will help you.
- 6. The information that you entered is already stored in a special variable called answer. Go to the Sensing group of blocks and click the answer block so that a tick appears. The current value in answer should then be shown on the top-left of the stage.
- 7. Once you've created your new variable, make sure that your chatbot's code looks like this:

```
when this sprite clicked

ask Hey! What's your name? and wait

set name v to answer

say join Hi name for 2 secs
```

8. If you test your program again, you'll notice that the answer is stored in the name variable, and is shown in the top-left of the stage. The name variable should now contain the same value as the answer variable.



If you'd rather not see the variables on your stage, you can click the tick next to the variable names in the 'Scripts' tab to hide them.

Challenge: More questions

Program your chatbot to ask another question. Can you store their answer in a variable?







Save your project

Step 3: Making decisions

You can program your chatbot to decide what to do, based on the user's responses.



Activity Checklist

Let's get your chatbot to ask the user a question which has a
 yes or no answer. Here's an example, but you can change
 the question if you like:



```
when this sprite clicked

ask Hey! What's your name? and wait

set name v to answer

say join Hi name for 2 secs

ask join Are you OK name and wait

if answer = yes then

say That's great to hear! for 2 secs
```

Notice that now you've stored the user's name in a variable, you can use it as much as you like.

- 2. To test this program properly, you'll need to test it twice once typing no as your answer, and once typing yes. You should only get a response from your chatbot if you answer yes.
- 3. The trouble with your chatbot is that it doesn't give a reply if the user answers **no**. You can fix this, by changing the **if** block to an **if/else** block, so that your code now looks like this:

```
when this sprite clicked

ask Hey! What's your name? and wait

set name v to answer

say join Hi name for 2 secs

ask join Are you OK name and wait

if answer = yes then

say That's great to hear! for 2 secs

else

say Oh no! for 2 secs
```

4. If you test your code, you'll now see that you get a response when you answer <code>yes</code> or <code>no</code>. Your chatbot should reply with <code>That's great to hear!</code> when you answer <code>yes</code>, but will reply with <code>Oh no!</code> if you type anything other than <code>yes</code> (<code>else</code> means 'otherwise').





5. You can put any code inside an if or else block, not just code to make your chatbot speak. For example, you can change the chatbot's costume to match the response.

If you have a look at your chatbot's costumes, you may see that there is more than one. (If not, you can always add more yourself!)



You can use these costumes as part of your chatbot's response, by using this code:

```
when this sprite clicked

switch costume to nano-a v

ask Hey! What's your name? and wait

set name v to answer

say join Hi name for 2 secs

ask join Are you OK name and wait

if answer = yes then

switch costume to nano-c v

say That's great to hear! for 2 secs

else

switch costume to nano-d v

say Oh no! for 2 secs
```

6. Test out your program, and you should see your chatbot's face

change depending on the answer you give.







Save your project

Challenge: More decisions

Program your chatbot to ask another question - something with a yes or no answer. Can you make your chatbot respond to the answer?





Save your project

Step 4: Changing location

You can also program your chatbot to change its location.



Activity Checklist

1. Add another backdrop to your stage, for example the 'moon' backdrop.



2. You can now program your chatbot to change location, by adding this code to your chatbot:

```
if answer = yes then

switch backdrop to moon v
```

3. You also need to make sure that your chatbot is outside when you start talking to it. Add this block to the top of your chatbot code:



4. Test your program, and answer yes when asked if you want to go to the moon. You should see that the chatbot's location has changed.



5. Does your chatbot change location if you type no? What about if you type I'm not sure?



Save your project

Challenge: Make your own chatbot

Use what you've learnt to finish creating your interactive chatbot. Here are some ideas:







Once you've finished making your chatbot, get your friends to have a conversation with it! Do they like your character? Did they spot any problems?



Save your project