Python 2

Text-speak Converter



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Introduction:

In this project you'll learn how to use dictionaries to link data together.



Activity Checklist

Follow these INSTRUCTIONS one by one



Test your Project

Click on the green flag to TEST your code



Save your Project

Make sure to **SAVE** your work now

Step 1: Translating words

Let's make a program to convert text-speak to English.



Activity Checklist

1. As you probably already know, a dictionary allows you to look up a word, and see it's meaning. In Python, a dictionary is even more flexible that that - it allows you to map anything (called a key) to anything else! Here's a dictionary that links text-speak words to their meaning:

```
textSpeakDictionary = {
    "lol" : "laugh out loud" ,
    "idk" : "I don't know"
}
```

So, in the dictionary above, the key "lol" maps to the text "laugh out loud", and the key "idk" maps to the text "I don't know". You should use a colon (:) to map the text-speak keys to their meanings, and put a comma between each dictionary entry.

2. Getting information out of the dictionary is easy; you just need to add the key after the dictionary variable name, in square brackets. Here's a short program that shows how this works:

```
textSpeakDictionary = {
    "lol" : "laugh out loud" ,
    "idk" : "I don't know"
}

#print the entire dictionary
print( "Dictionary =" , textSpeakDictionary )

#print just the entry for "lol"
```

```
print( "\nlol =" , textSpeakDictionary["lol"] )

#the entry for the user's input
key = input("\nWhat would you like to translate? : ")
print( key , "=" , textSpeakDictionary[key] )
```

This program prints 3 things: the entire dictionary, the dictionary entry for "lol" and finally the dictionary entry for whatever the user inputs.



Step 2: Translating sentences

Let's amend your program, so that you can translate whole sentences instead of just single words.



1. Run this program, which splits up a sentence into individual words, and then translates each word (if it exists in the dictionary):

```
textSpeakDictionary = {
    "lol" : "laugh out loud",
    "idk" : "I don't know"
}
#get the sentence to translate
sentence = input("Enter a sentence to translate:
").lower()
#this splits up the sentence into a list of words
wordsToTranslate = sentence.split()
translatedSentence = ""
#loop through each word in the list
for word in wordsToTranslate:
    #add the translated word if it exists in the
dictionary
    if word in textSpeakDictionary:
        translatedSentence += textSpeakDictionary[word]
+ " "
    #just keep the original word if there's no
translation
    else:
        translatedSentence += word + " "
#print the translated sentence
print("==>")
print(translatedSentence)
```

```
Python Shell

File Edit Shell Debug Options Windows Help

Python 3.2.5 (default, May 15 2013, 23:06:03) [MSC v.1500 32 bit (Intel)] on win32

Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>> =====

>>>
Enter a sentence to translate: haha idk lol:)

==>
haha I don't know laugh out loud:)

>>>

Ln: 8 Col: 4
```

Each word is taken in turn, and the program checks whether the word to translate is in the dictionary. If it is, then the translated text added to the translatedSentence variable, which is printed at the end of the program. If the word isn't in the dictionary, then just the original word is added to the translatedSentence variable.

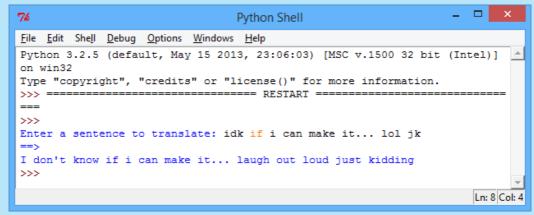
Notice that whenever a word is added to translatedSentence, a space is also added (+ " "). What do you think would happen if this space wasn't added?

Challenge: Adding translations

- Add some more translations to the program above. For example:
 - "jk" = "just kidding"
 - "bc" = "because"

You might need to research some text-speak if you don't know any.

Try out the program above, with a number of different sentences, to test that your program works.



Did you (or your friends) do anything to break your program? If so, can you fix any problems?

Step 3: Adding and deleting translations



Activity Checklist

1. Just like with your 'compliment generator' program, it would be nice to allow the user to add and remove words from the dictionary. You can do this, by creating a menu system:

```
def displayMenu():
    print("txt spk cnvtr")
    print("=" * 13)
```

```
print("Menu:")
    print(" c = convert a sentence")
    print(" p = print dictionary")
   print(" a = add a word")
    print(" d = delete a word")
    print(" q = quit")
#-----
def convertSentence():
    sentence = input("Enter a sentence to translate:
").lower()
   translatedSentence = ""
   #this splits up the sentence into a list of words
   listOfWords = sentence.split()
   for word in listOfWords:
       #add the translated word if it exists in the
dictionary
       if word in textSpeakDictionary:
           translatedSentence +=
textSpeakDictionary[word] + " "
       #just keep the original word if there's no
translation
       else:
           translatedSentence += word + " "
   #print the translated sentence
   print("==>")
    print(translatedSentence)
def addDictionaryItem():
   txtToAdd = input("Enter the text-speak to add to
```

```
the dictionary: ")
   meaning = input("What does this mean?: ")
   #add the new translation to the dictionary
   textSpeakDictionary[txtToAdd] = meaning
def deleteDictionaryItem():
   txtToDelete = input("Enter the text-speak to delete
from the dictionary: ")
   #delete the translation from the dictionary
   del textSpeakDictionary[txtToDelete]
#-----
# main program starts here!
#-----
textSpeakDictionary = {
   "lol" : "laugh out loud" ,
   "idk" : "I don't know",
   "jk" : "just kidding",
   "bc" : "because"
}
running = True
displayMenu()
#repeat until the user inputs 'q' to quit
while running == True:
   menuChoice = input(">_").lower()
   #c to convert
   if menuChoice == 'c':
       convertSentence()
   #p to print
```

```
elif menuChoice == 'p':
    print(textSpeakDictionary)

#a to add
elif menuChoice == 'a':
    addDictionaryItem()

#d to delete
elif menuChoice == 'd':
    deleteDictionaryItem()

#q to quit
elif menuChoice == 'q':
    running = False

else:
    print("Invalid menu choice!")
```

```
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                                      Python Shell
<u>File Edit Shell Debug Options Windows Help</u>
Python 3.2.5 (default, May 15 2013, 23:06:03) [MSC v.1500 32 bit (Intel)] on win3
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
                                ===== RESTART =
>>> =
>>>
txt spk cnvtr
Menu:
 c = convert a sentence
 p = print dictionary
  a = add a word
  d = delete a word
 q = quit
>_a
Enter the text-speak to add to the dictionary: rofl
What does this mean?: rolling on the floor laughing
>_p
{'rofl': 'rolling on the floor laughing', 'bc': 'because', 'idk': "I don't know",
'lol': 'laugh out loud', 'jk': 'just kidding'}
>_c
Enter a sentence to translate: haha idk rofl
haha I don't know rolling on the floor laughing
>_q
>>>
                                                                               Ln: 23 Col: 4
```

Although this is a loooong program, you've seen most of this code before in other programs. The new bits are just the code to add an item to the dictionary:

txtToAdd = input("Enter the text-speak to add to the

```
dictionary: ")
meaning = input("What does this mean?: ")
#add the new translation to the dictionary
textSpeakDictionary[txtToAdd] = meaning
```

...and the code to remove an item:

```
txtToDelete = input("Enter the text-speak to delete
from the dictionary: ")
#delete the translation from the dictionary
del textSpeakDictionary[txtToDelete]
```

The code for each of the menu options is also in it's own function, to make the code much easier to read.



Save Your Project

Step 4: Fixing your program

#Add your code here!



1. You've already done lots of testing to improve your program, but there's one more thing that you can fix, to make your program even better. Look what happens when you test your program with the following sentence:

if itemToDelete not in textSpeakDictionary:

```
>_c
Enter a sentence to translate: hello lol!
==>
hello lol!
>_

Ln: 17 Col: 2
```

It doesn't get translated properly. Try it out for yourself.

2. Why doesn't your program convert the 'lol' in this sentence? It's because your program splits up the sentence into words, like this:

```
words = [ "hello" , "lol!" ]
```

It then looks up the key "lol!" in your dictionary (with the exclaimation mark), and can't find a translation for it, because "lol!" doesn't exist! One simple way to avoid this problem is to remove some punctuation from the sentence before it is translated. Add this code to your convertSentence() function:

```
def convertSentence():
    sentence = input("Enter a sentence to translate:
").lower()
    translatedSentence = ""

    #take out some punctuation from the sentence
    for char in '?!.,':
        sentence = sentence.replace(char,'')

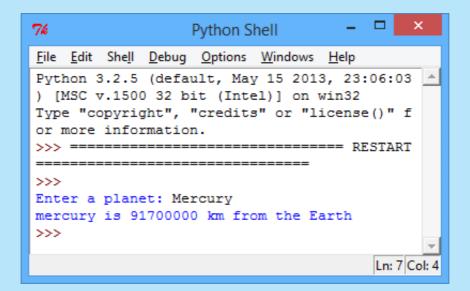
#this splits up the sentence into a list of words
listOfWords = sentence.split()
...
```

This extra code loops through each of the punctuation marks ?!., in turn, and replaces them in the sentence with... nothing! This removes the punctuation from the sentence.

3. After adding in this code to take out the punctuation, try translating "hello, lol!" again, to check whether you've solved the problem.

Challenge: Distant planets

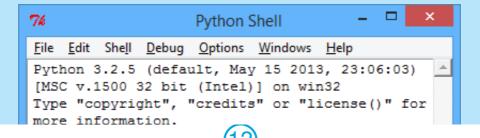
Make a program to give the user information about any topic you like. For example planets, and their distances from the Earth. You can store this data in a dictionary that links planets and distances.

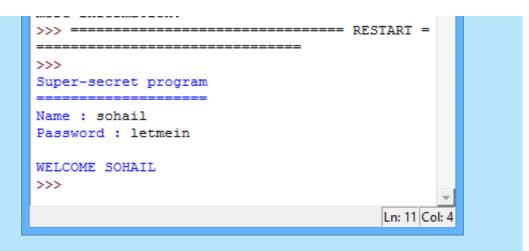




Challenge: Password protection

Create a password-protection program, that asks the user for their name and password, and checks a dictionary to see if they've entered the correct details.





Your program will need to check that the user's name exists in the dictionary, and that the correct password for that user has been entered. You can use this code to help you:

```
#check that the name exists, and that the password is
correct
if name in passwordDictionary and password ==
passwordDictionary[name]:
    #add code here!
```

Make sure that your program works, by testing what happens when the user enters valid and invalid names and passwords.

If you feel like it, you could also:

- add this login code to one of the programs you've already created, so that the program can only be used by your friends.
- only allow the user 3 attempts to login..., adding 1 to loginAttempts whenever access is denied.

```
loginAttempts = 0
while loginAttempts < 3:
    #login code goes here!</pre>
```

You could even use what you've learnt about dictionaries to create a program for storing your friend's email

o ordate a programm for ordining your midning official

addresses, or translating text from one language to another. You could even password-protect this program to make it secure!

