## Integrating with Data Sources

- 1. Understanding Spring Data
- 2. Getting started with JPA
- 3. Defining JPA entity classes
- 4. Viewing database data

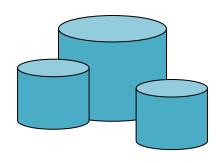


## 1. Understanding Spring Data

- Spring data access APIs
- About Spring Data
- Adding the data source driver to the classpath

## Spring Vertical Data Access APIs

- Spring supports many APIs for data access
  - JDBC, JPA, NoSQL databases, etc.



- Declarative transaction management
  - Transactional boundaries declared via configuration
  - Enforced by a Spring transaction manager

- Automatic connection management
  - Acquires/releases connections automatically



## **About Spring Data**

- Spring Data supports many data access technologies
  - See <a href="https://spring.io/projects/spring-data">https://spring.io/projects/spring-data</a>
- Powerful repository and object-mapping abstractions
- Dynamic query creation from repository method names



## Adding the Data Source Driver to the Classpath

 Add the appropriate Maven dependency for the type of data source you wish to access, e.g. H2:

```
<dependency>
     <groupId>com.h2database</groupId>
          <artifactId>h2</artifactId>
          <scope>runtime</scope>
</dependency>
pom.xml
```

- H2 is an in-memory database
  - Created/dropped when app starts/ends
  - Very handy during development ©



## 2. Getting Started with JPA

- Overview of JPA
- Important JPA concepts
- JPA dependency in Spring Boot
- Spring Boot autoconfiguration
- Customizing persistence properties



#### Overview of JPA

- JPA = Java Persistence API
  - A standard ORM (object/relational mapping) API

- JPA is a specification
  - Implemented by the Hibernate library
  - Also implemented by Java Enterprise Edition

- To use JPA in Spring:
  - Add the Hibernate library to your classpath, see later



#### Important JPA Concepts

- Entity class
  - A Java class, mapped to a relational database table

- Entity manager
  - Provides an API to fetch/save entities to a relational database

- Entity manager factory
  - Creates and configures an entity manager so it can connect to a relational database



# JPA Dependency in Spring Boot

 To use JPA in a Spring Boot application, add the following dependency to your POM file:

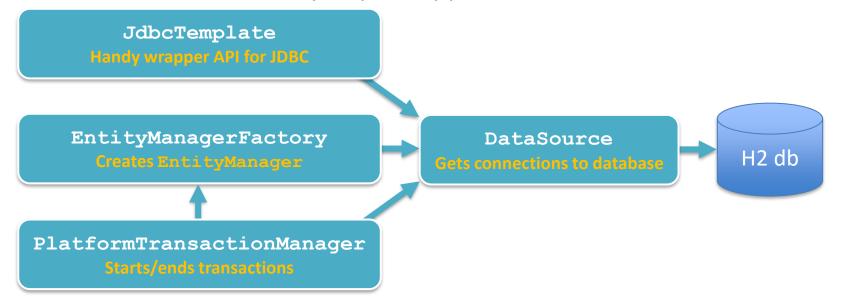
```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-data-jpa</artifactId>
</dependency>
pom.xml
```

This adds all the relevant Hibernate libraries to the classpath



## Spring Boot Autoconfiguration

 Courtesy of the JPA dependency, Spring Boot creates several beans automatically in your application





#### **Customizing Persistence Properties**

 Spring Boot automatically sets persistence properties to connect to the in-memory H2 database:

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:h2:mem:<UUID>
spring.datasource.username=sa
spring.datasource.password=
spring.jpa.database-platform=org.hibernate.dialect.H2Dialect application.properties
```

You can customize persistence properties if you need to:

```
# Show SQL statements, nicely formatted.

spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=create-drop

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.show_sql=true

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.use_sql_comments=true

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.format_sql=true

application.properties
```



## 3. Defining JPA Entity Classes

- How to define an entity class
- Locating entity classes
- Seeding the database with data



## How to Define an Entity Class

You can define an entity class as follows:

```
import jakarta.persistence.*;
@Entity
@Table(name="EMPLOYEES")
public class Employee {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private long employeeId = -1;
    private String name;
   private String region;
    @Column(name="salary")
    private double dosh;
    // Plus constructors, getters/setters,
    // equals(), and hashCode()
                                                                                 Employee.java
```



#### **Locating Entity Classes**

- A Spring Boot app scans for entity classes when it starts
  - It looks in the main app class package, plus sub-packages
- You can tell it to look elsewhere, if necessary
  - Via @EntityScan

```
@SpringBootApplication
@EntityScan( {"myentitypackage1", "myentitypackage2"} )
public class Application {
    ...
}
```



#### Seeding the Database with Data

 For convenience during development/testing, you can seed the database with some sample data

```
import org.springframework.jdbc.core.JdbcTemplate;
@Component
public class SeedDb {
    @Autowired
    JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;
    @PostConstruct
    public void init() {
        jdbcTemplate.update(
            "insert into EMPLOYEES (name, salary, region) values (?,?,?)",
            "James", 21000, "London");
                                                                                    SeedDb.java
```



## 4. Viewing Database Data

- Overview
- Obtaining the database connection string
- Viewing the database data in the H2 console UI



#### Overview

- Most databases have a console UI to let you view data
  - To enable the H2 console UI, add these application properties:

```
spring.h2.console.enabled=true
spring.h2.console.path=/h2-console
```

application.properties

- The H2 console UI is a web endpoint
  - So, add this dependency in your POM:

```
<dependency>
     <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
     <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

pom.xml



## Obtaining the Database Connection String

 When you run your app, you'll see a message that indicates the JDBC connection string for the database:

 You can use this JDBC connection string to connect to the database in the H2 console UI ...



#### Viewing the Database Data in the H2 Console UI

- To open the H2 console UI, browse to:
  - http://localhost:8080/h2-console

- To connect to the database, enter these details:
  - JDBC URL as per previous slide
  - User name sa
  - Password leave blank

You can then view tables in the database - cool!



## Summary

- Understanding Spring Data
- Getting started with JPA
- Defining JPA entity classes
- Viewing database data

