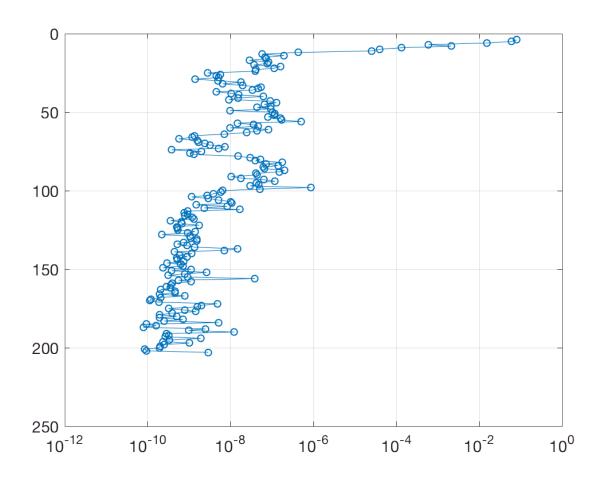
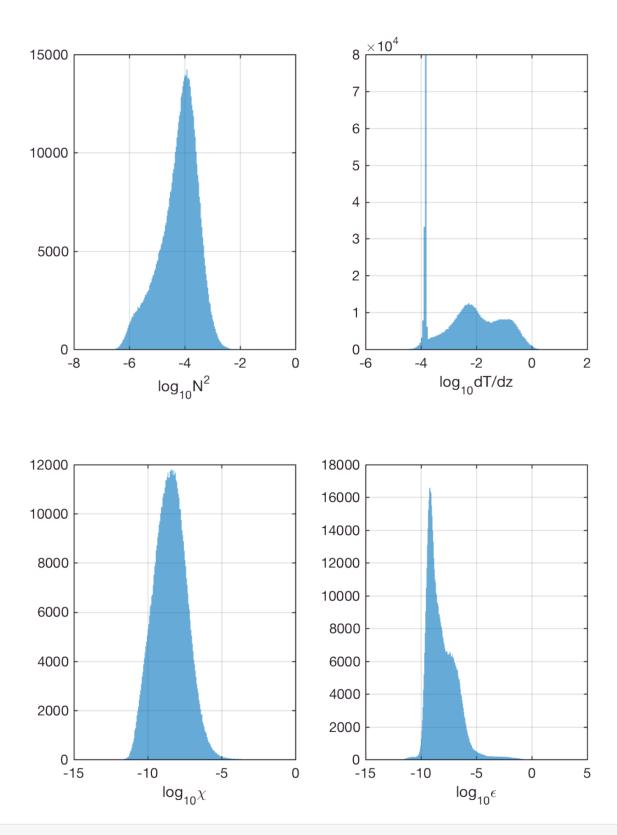
```
%~~~~~~
% Examine_TIWE_Data
% %
%
% 10/21/16 - A.Pickering
%~~~~~~~
```

```
clear ; close all
load('/Users/Andy/Dropbox/ap_share_with_jn/date_from_jim/Tiwe91/mat_Greg_analysis/tw910031.mat
figure(1);clf
semilogx(avg.EPSILON,avg.P,'o-')
axis ij
grid on
```



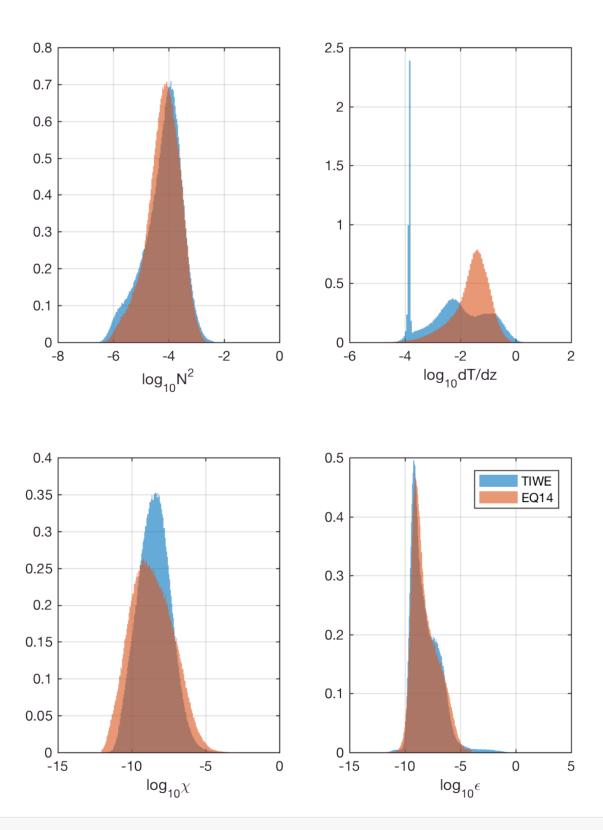
```
% can look at distributions and compare to EQ14
n2=[];
dtdz=[];
chi=[];
eps=[];
file list=dir( fullfile( '/Users/Andy/Dropbox/ap_share_with_jn/date_from_jim/Tiwe91/mat_Greg_a
file list =
3319x1 struct array with fields:
    name
    date
    bytes
    isdir
    datenum
for ip=1:length(file list)
    clear avg
    try
    load( fullfile('/Users/Andy/Dropbox/ap share with jn/date from jim/Tiwe91/mat Greg analysi
    n2=[n2 ; avg.N2(:)];
    dtdz=[dtdz ; avg.DTDZ(:)];
    chi=[chi ; avg.CHI(:) ];
    eps=[eps; avg.EPSILON(:) ] ;
    end
end % ip
disp('Done')
```

```
% plot distrbutions of variables
figure(1);clf
agutwocolumn(1)
wysiwyg
subplot(221)
histogram(real(log10(n2(:))), 'edgecolor', 'none')
xlabel('log {10}N^2')
grid on
subplot(222)
histogram(real(log10(dtdz(:))), 'edgecolor', 'none')
xlabel('log {10}dT/dz')
grid on
subplot(223)
histogram(log10(chi(:)), 'edgecolor', 'none')
xlabel('log {10}\chi')
grid on
subplot(224)
histogram(log10(eps(:)), 'edgecolor', 'none')
xlabel('log {10}\epsilon')
grid on
```



Next I compare distributions from the TIWE data to the EQ14 data. N2 looks very similar. dT/dz from TIWE looks a little strange. There are two peaks, and then a sharp spike at very small values which is probably junk. Chi looks similar, with EQ14 being centered at a slightly smaller value. Epsilon looks very similar.

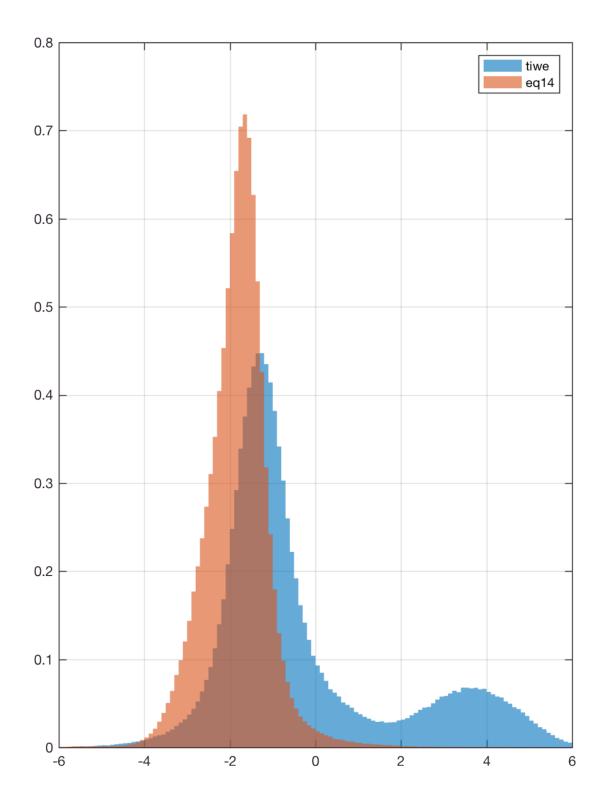
```
% compare to EQ distributions
dir base='/Users/Andy/Cruises Research/ChiPod/Cham Eq14 Compare/Data/chameleon/processed';
clear cham
load( fullfile( dir base, '/Cstar=0 01366/sum/eq14 sum.mat') )
Nm='pdf';
figure(1);clf
agutwocolumn(1)
wysiwyg
subplot(221)
h1=histogram(real(log10(n2(:))), 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
hold on
h2=histogram(real(log10(cham.N2(:))), h1.BinEdges, 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
xlabel('log {10}N^2')
grid on
subplot(222)
h1=histogram(real(log10(dtdz(:))), 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
hold on
h2=histogram(real(log10(cham.DTDZ(:))), h1.BinEdges, 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
xlabel('log {10}dT/dz')
grid on
subplot(223)
h1=histogram(log10(chi(:)), 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
hold on
h2=histogram(real(log10(cham.CHI(:))),h1.BinEdges,'edgecolor','none','Normalization',Nm);
xlabel('log {10}\chi')
grid on
subplot(224)
h1=histogram(log10(eps(:)), 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
hold on
h2=histogram(real(log10(cham.EPSILON(:))), h1.BinEdges, 'edgecolor', 'none', 'Normalization', Nm);
xlabel('log {10}\epsilon')
grid on
legend([h1 h2], 'TIWE', 'EQ14')
```



Next I compute gamma from both datasets and compare the distribution. The EQ14 distribution appears to be slightly smaller. The TIWE distribution has a second hump at high values, which I think are just bogus data where dT/dz is really small or something.

```
gam_tiwe=n2 .* chi ./2 ./ eps ./ (dtdz.^2);
gam_eq14=cham.N2 .* cham.CHI ./2 ./cham.EPSILON ./(cham.DTDZ.^2);

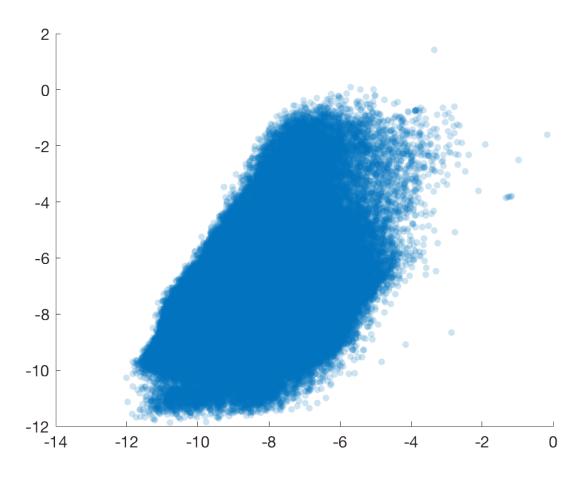
% plot distributions
figure(1);clf
h1=histogram(real(log10(gam_tiwe(:))),'edgecolor','none','Normalization','pdf');
hold on
h2=histogram(log10(gam_eq14(:)),h1.BinEdges,'edgecolor','none','Normalization','pdf');
grid on
xlim([-6 6])
legend([h1 h2],'tiwe','eq14')
```



xlabel('log_{10}\Gamma','fontsize',16)

\$ try identifying overturns/patches in tiwe and compare to the patch data Bill shared

```
%figure(2);clf
%loglog(chi(:),eps(:),'.')
%scatter(log10(chi(:)), log10(eps(:)),'filled','markerfacealpha',0.2)
```



```
%figure(3);clf
%histogram2(log10(chi(ig)),log10(eps(ig)),'DisplayStyle','tile')
%colorbar
%caxis([0 500])
```