Design and Validity

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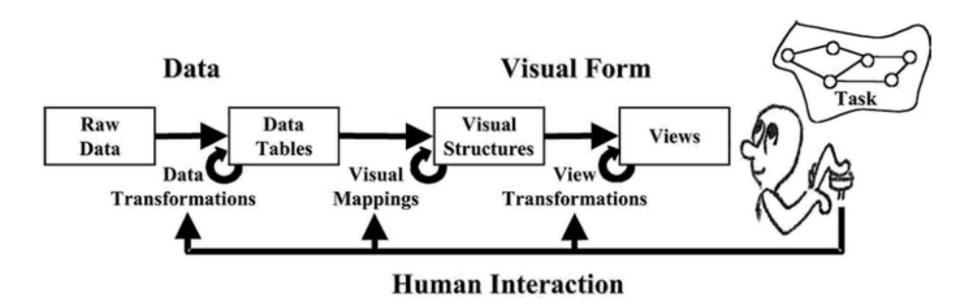


Diagram from Card, Mackinlay, & Shneiderman, 1999. Readings in Information Visualization: Using Vision to Think

How to choose the right data transformations, visual mappings, and view transformations for an effective visualization?

The Design Process

- Initial user needs assessment & research
- Use researched heuristics and perceptual principles as a guide
- Select efficient computational and visualization techniques/tools
- Design tool/system (prototype to higher fidelity)
- Test and collect data
- Iterate

Vision and plan

- √ initial concept
- ✓ business objectives and goals
- √ plan for UCSD

Analyze

requirements and user needs

- ✓ users, user context and scenarios
- user needs, usability requirements and design goals

Design for usability by prototyping

- √ conceptual design
- / interaction design
- / detailed design

Feedback plan the next iteration

- √ suggestion for changes
- project planning based on the outcome

Evaluate use in context

- evaluate early and continuously
- measure usability, business and effects

Construct and deploy

- continuous focus on users and usability
- usability testing and monitoring

© Bengt Göransson, Enea Radina AB, 2003, version 1.0en, http://www.redina.se/ :: Utability Design

Human-Centered Visualization Design

Places human need, skill, and creativity at the center of the design of visualization systems

Where Validity Can Break

- Wrong domain problem: They don't do that
- Wrong abstraction: Showing them the wrong thing
- Wrong encoding/interaction: The way you're showing doesn't work
- Wrong algorithm: Your code is too slow

(Muzner, 2009)

Evaluating Validity

Earlier Stages

- Observe and interview target users (needs assessment)
- Design data abstraction/operation (data types, transformation, operations)
- Justify encoding/interaction design (design heuristics, perception research)
- Informal analysis/qualitative analysis of prototypes (task-based)
- Algorithm complexity analysis/evaluation

Mid- and Later Stages

- Qualitative analysis of system (task-based)
- Algorithm performance analysis
- Lab or crowdsourced user study (measure time/errors/memory/etc.)
- Field study of the deployed system

Some Variation in Methods

Visualization Tool 1:

MatrixExplorer (Henry & Fekete, 2006)

justify encoding/interaction design
computational complexity analysis
measure system time/memory
qualitative result image analysis

Visualization Tool 2:

Flow map layout (Phan et al., 2005)

justify encoding/interaction design
measure system time/memory
qualitative result image analysis

Diagram Source: Munzner, T. (2009). A nested model for visualization design and validation. *IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics*, *15*(6).

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