Data Tables and Types

datascience@berkeley

Primitive Data Types

.0034 455,600 true, false

- Nominal
- Ordinal
- Interval
- Ratio

 Nominal: data are classified with no inherent order or ranking

- Nominal: data are classified with no inherent order or ranking
- Ordinal: data are ranked

- Nominal: data are classified with no inherent order or ranking
- Ordinal: data are ranked
- Interval: meaningful difference between values (temp.)

- Nominal: data are classified with no inherent order or ranking
- Ordinal: data are ranked
- Interval: meaningful difference between values (temp.)
- Ratio: meaningful 0 point and ratio between values

Data Type Taxonomy for Info Vis

- 1-Dimensional (sequences, lists)
- 2-Dimensional (map, planar)
- 3-Dimensional (real world objects)
- N-Dimensional (relational data)
- Trees (hierarchies)
- Networks (graphs)
- Temporal (time series)

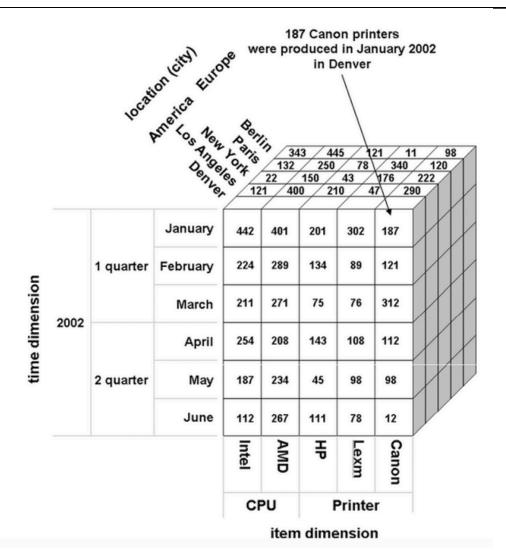
[Shneiderman, 1996]

Dimension and Measures

Dimension: discrete variables such as dates and categories

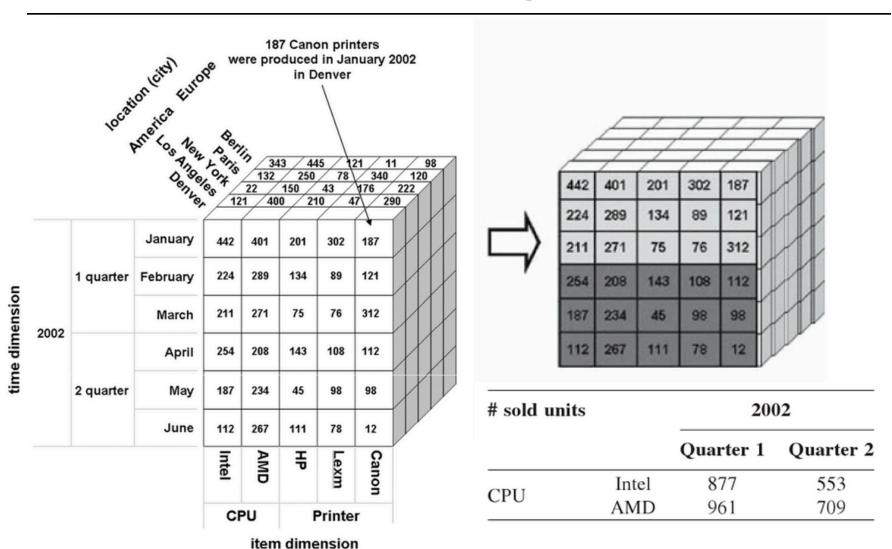
Measure: data values that can be aggregated (average, sum, count, standard deviation, etc.)

The Data Cube



Source: Krzysztof et al., 2010. Data Mining: A Knowledge Discovery Approach.

Roll Up



Source: Krzysztof et al., 2010. Data Mining: A Knowledge Discovery Approach.

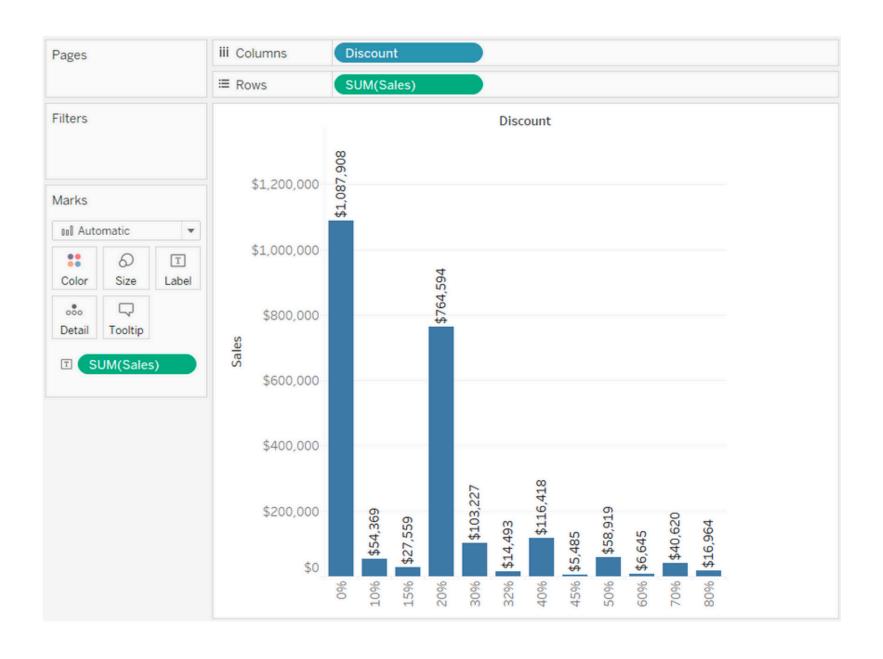
Drill Down

# sold units		CPU		Printer		
		Intel	AMD	HP	Lexm	Canon
All	USA	2231	2134	1801	1560	1129
	Europe	1981	2001	1432	1431	1876



# sold units		CPU		Printer		
		Intel	AMD	HP	Lexm	Canon
All	Denver	877	961	410	467	620
	LA	833	574	621	443	213
	NY	521	599	770	650	296

Source: Krzysztof et al., 2010. Data Mining: A Knowledge Discovery Approach.



Categorical

d3.schemeAccent <>



An array of eight categorical colors represented as RGB hexadecimal strings.

d3.schemeDark2 <>



An array of eight categorical colors represented as RGB hexadecimal strings.

d3.schemePaired <>



An array of twelve categorical colors represented as RGB hexadecimal strings.

Berkeley school of information