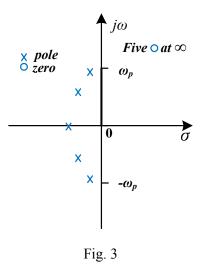
系級班別:

(不可攜帶資料,可用計算機)請在答案卷右上方畫上成績欄,謝謝。

(10%) 1. Derive the normalized polynomial of a 2nd-order Butterworth filter with $\varepsilon = 1$.

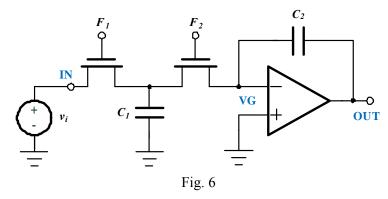
(Butterworth transmission function=
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\varepsilon^2(\frac{\omega}{\omega_p})^{2N}}}$$
)

- (10%) 2. Find the Butterworth transfer function that meets the following low-pass filter specification: f_p =10-kHz, f_s =15-KHz, A_{min} =10dB, dc gain=1 and ε =1.
- (20%) 3. Your answers should be as simple as possible.
 - (a) Plot the rough transmission characteristics of Fig. 3. (10%)
 - (b) Determine the order (5%)
 - (c) Show its approximate transfer function. (5%)

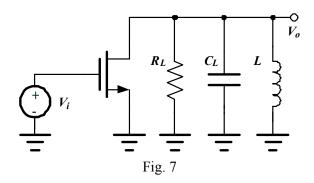


- (20%) 4. (a) Derive a block diagram of a two-integrator-loop biquad. (10%)
 - (b) Circuit implementation of (a) with KHN biquad. (10%)
- (10%) 5. For a Antoniou inductance-simulation circuit.
 - (a) Briefly explain its purpose. (5%)
 - (b) Show its application for a 2nd-order LPF. (5%)

- (20%) 6. For a dc voltage of 1V applied to the input of the circuit of Fig. 6, in which C₁ is 1pF.
 - (a) What charge is transferred for each cycle of the two-phase clock? (3%)
 - (b) For a 100-kHz clock, what is the average current drawn from the input source. (4%)
 - (c) For a feedback capacitance C₂ of 10pF, what change in the output for each cycle of the clock? (3%)
 - (d) Why is the time constant of the circuit in Fig. 6 accurate? (10%)



(10%) 7. It is required to design a tuned amplifier of the type shown in Fig. 7, having f_0 =1MHz, 3-dB bandwidth = 10-kHz, and center-frequency gain=-10V/V. The FET available has at the bias point gm=5mA/V and r_o =10k Ω . The output capacitance is negligibly small. Determine the values of R_L , C_L , and L.



(10%) 8. For the circuit in Fig. 8, find its oscillation frequency.

