

MATH 425b SAMPLE MIDTERM EXAM 1
Spring 2016
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(1) Suppose the Fourier series of $f(x)$ is $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{inx}$, and it converges pointwise as well as in L^2 . Show that f is real-valued if and only if $c_{-n} = \overline{c_n}$ for all n .

(2)(a) Let $f(x) = |x+1|^{3/2}$, so $f''(x) = \frac{3}{4}|x+1|^{-1/2}$ for all $x \neq -1$ (you may take this as given.) Suppose f is given by some power series $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$ in a neighborhood of $x=0$. Show that this power series cannot converge for any $x > 1$. HINT: No computations are required, just reasoning.

(b) Suppose u_1, \dots, u_{n+1} are orthonormal vectors or functions. Show that u_{n+1} cannot be in the linear span of u_1, \dots, u_n , that is, we cannot have $u_{n+1} = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i u_i$ with c_1, \dots, c_n scalars.

(3) Suppose X is a totally bounded metric space, that is, for every $\delta > 0$ there exists a finite set $D_\delta \subset X$ which is δ -dense. (δ -dense means that for every $x \in X$ there is a $y \in D_\delta$ with $d(x, y) < \delta$.) Suppose $f_n \rightarrow f$ pointwise on all the sets D_δ , and $\{f_n, n \geq 1\}$ is equicontinuous. Show that $f_n \rightarrow f$ uniformly on all of X .

(4)(a) Let \mathcal{A}_1 be the algebra of all polynomial functions on $[0, 1]$ with only even powers, that is, having form $P(x) = a_0 + a_2 x^2 + \dots + a_{2n} x^{2n}$. Show that \mathcal{A}_1 is dense in $C[0, 1]$. HINT: Each $P(x)$ in \mathcal{A}_1 can be written as $Q(x^2)$ for some other polynomial Q . What happens if $Q(x)$ is close to $f(x^\alpha)$ for some appropriately chosen α ? Why does such a Q exist?

(b) Let \mathcal{A}_2 be the algebra of all even polynomial functions on $[-1, 1]$ (that is, all polynomials with $P(x) = P(-x)$ for all x .) Show that the closure of \mathcal{A}_2 in $C[-1, 1]$ (with the uniform metric) consists of all even continuous functions. HINT: Use (a).