IMPLEMENTING A BAYESIAN-BASED IMAGE RESTORATION METHOD

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Proposal Presentation

Introduction

Motivation

 Often Fourier methods fail to reproduce deblurred images in the presence of additional noise. We wish to compare the results of applying a probabilistic method with that of the Fourier method.

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REQUIREMENTS

- The goal is to reconstruct an image that has been blurred using a known blurring function with the addition of noise.
- The original image will be obtained when the blurring function is a Gaussian point spread function (PSF).
- The final product will be code written in Matlab that implements the findings of W. H. Richardson's *Bayesian-based iterative* method of image restoration and can be run on a standard laptop.

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

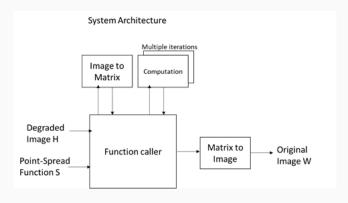


Figure: Diagram of the main components and how they interface

MAIN COMPONENTS

- · Equation
 - · Degraded Image H
 - · Point Spread Function S
 - · Original Image W
- · MATLAB
 - · Computation
 - · Image Processing

APPROACH

ALTERNATIVE DESIGNS

Some examples of other proposed methods of image restoration are:

- · Wiener Filter
- · Adaptive Filter

EXPERIMENT 1

- · Simple experiment to reduce factors that would hinder the operation
- · Generate simple shapes and figures to be inputted into a blurring point spread function that is known
- · Multiple different images will be used at various different noise levels
- · Use this as an input to the Bayesian based iterative method of image restoration
- · Retrieve the original clear image and compare to the original and repeat for different shapes

EXPERIMENT 1 FIGURES

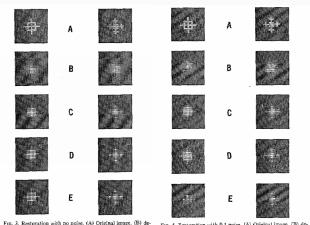


Fig. 3. Restoration with no noise. (A) Original image, (B) degraded image, (C) 10-iteration restoration, (D) 20 iterations, and (E) 30 iterations.

Fig. 4. Restoration with 0.1 noise. (A) Original image, (B) degraded image, (C) 10-iteration restoration, (D) 20 iterations, and (E) 30 iterations.

Figure: Figure 1 (right) no noise and Figure 2 (left) with noise

EXPERIMENT 2

- Experiment will be conducted using multiple real images of a simple object such as a box or chair.
- · Picture will be taken indoors with artificial light to minimize factors such as sun glare.
- · Images will be processed into a blurring point spread function where the function is know
- This will serve as the input to the Bayesian based iterative method that will return a deblurred version of the image
- · Compare to original and repeat for multiple images

CHALLENGES

- · Learning and understanding the theory behind image processing techniques and Bayes formula as applied to image processing
- Understanding existing methods of blurring point spread functions in order to process our input
- · Programming the equation and methods into Matlab
- · Latency in the computation as the image becomes more complex
- Deblurring the image until the subject can be reasonably determined (number of iterations)

TASKS

- · Track progress; contact faculty Project Manager
- · Program computation Rishi G., Aneesh M.
- · Testing Adrienne S., Shakib R.
- · Prepare in-progress presentation all members
- · Prepare final poster presentation all members

KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS

- · Communications
- · Signal processing
- Probability
- · Programming in Matlab

Knowledge to be acquired:

· Understanding of image processing theory and applications

