

Create a Database name entri_assignment

```
CREATE DATABASE entri_assignment; # Create a Database name entri_assignment
USE entri_assignment; # Use database entri_assignment
```

Create a Table with name departments Department_id (pk) Department_name Location_id+

```
CREATE TABLE departments
(
  Department_id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
  Department_name VARCHAR(30),
  Location_id INT
);
```

Create a Table with name employees

Employee_id (pk) ,first_name,last_name ,email,phone_number,hire_date,
job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id (fk reference)

```
CREATE TABLE employees
(
  Employee_id INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
  first_name VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
  last_name VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
  email VARCHAR(100),
  phone_number VARCHAR(12),
  hire_date DATE,
  job_id VARCHAR(30),
  salary DECIMAL(10,2),
  commission_pct DECIMAL(10,2),
  manager_id INT,
  department_id INT NOT NULL,
  FOREIGN KEY (department_id) REFERENCES departments(Department_id)
);
```

Insert into Departments table

```
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 20, 'Marketing', 180);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 30, 'Purchasing', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 40,'Human Resources', 2400);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 50, 'Shipping', 1500);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 60, 'IT', 1400);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 70, 'Public Relations', 2700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 80, 'Sales', 2500 );
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 90, 'Executive', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 100, 'Finance', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 110, 'Accounting', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 120, 'Treasury', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 130, 'Corporate Tax', 1700 );
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 140, 'Control And Credit', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 150, 'Shareholder Services', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 160, 'Benefits', 1700);
INSERT INTO departments VALUES ( 170, 'Payroll', 1700);
```

TABLE departments :

```
mysql> select * from departments;
```

Department_id	Department_name	Location_id
20	Marketing	180
30	Purchasing	1700
40	Human Resources	2400
50	Shipping	1500
60	IT	1400
70	Public Relations	2700
80	Sales	2500
90	Executive	1700
100	Finance	1700
110	Accounting	1700
120	Treasury	1700
130	Corporate Tax	1700
140	Control And Credit	1700
150	Shareholder Services	1700
160	Benefits	1700
170	Payroll	1700

16 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
# Insertinto employees table
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (100, 'Steven', 'King', 'SKING', '515.123.4567', '1987-06-17', 'AD_PRES', 24000, NULL, NULL, 20);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (101, 'Neena', 'Kochhar', 'NKOCHHAR', '515.123.4568', '1989-11-21', 'AD_VP', 17000, NULL, 100, 20);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (102, 'Lex', 'De Haan', 'LDEHAAN', '515.123.4569', '1993-09-12', 'AD_VP', 17000, NULL, 100, 30);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (104, 'Bruce', 'Ernst', 'BERNST', '590.423.4568', '1991-05-21', 'IT_PROG', 6000, NULL, 103, 60);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (105, 'David', 'Austin', 'DAUSTIN', '590.423.4569', '1997-06-25', 'IT_PROG', 4800, NULL, 103, 60);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (106, 'Valli', 'Pataballa', 'VPATABAL', '590.423.4560', '1998-02-05', 'IT_PROG', 4800, NULL, 103, 40);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (107, 'Diana', 'Lorentz', 'DLORENTZ', '590.423.5567', '1999-02-09', 'IT_PROG', 4200, NULL, 103, 40);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (108, 'Nancy', 'Greenberg', 'NGREENBE', '515.124.4569', '1994-08-17', 'FI_MGR', 12000, NULL, 101, 100);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (109, 'Daniel', 'Faviet', 'DFAVIET', '515.124.4169', '1994-08-12', 'FI_ACCOUNT', 9000, NULL, 108, 170);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (110, 'John', 'Chen', 'JCHEN', '515.124.4269', '1997-04-09', 'FI_ACCOUNT', 8200, NULL, 108, 170);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (111, 'Ismael', 'Sciarra', 'ISCIARRA', '515.124.4369', '1997-02-01', 'FI_ACCOUNT', 7700, NULL, 108, 160);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (112, 'Jose Manuel', 'Urman', 'JMURMAN', '515.124.4469', '1998-06-03', 'FI_ACCOUNT', 7800, NULL, 108, 150);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (114, 'Den', 'Raphaely', 'DRAPHEAL', '515.127.4561', '1994-11-08', 'PU_MAN', 11000, NULL, 100, 30);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (115, 'Alexander', 'Khoo', 'AKHOO', '515.127.4562', '1995-05-12', 'PU_CLERK', 3100, NULL, 114, 80);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (116, 'Shelli', 'Baida', 'SBAIDA', '515.127.4563', '1997-12-13', 'PU_CLERK', 2900, NULL, 114, 70);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (117, 'Sigal', 'Tobias', 'STOBIAS', '515.127.4564', '1997-09-10', 'PU_CLERK', 2800, NULL, 114, 30);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (118, 'Guy', 'Himuro', 'GHIMURO', '515.127.4565', '1998-01-02', 'PU_CLERK', 2600, NULL, 114, 60);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (119, 'Karen', 'Colmenares', 'KCOLMENA', '515.127.4566', '1999-04-08', 'PU_CLERK', 2500, NULL, 114, 130);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (120, 'Matthew', 'Weiss', 'MWEISS', '650.123.1234', '1996-07-18', 'ST_MAN', 8000, NULL, 100, 50);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (122, 'Payam', 'Kaufling', 'PKAUFLIN', '650.123.3234', '1995-05-01', 'ST_MAN', 7900, NULL, 100, 40);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (123, 'Shanta', 'Vollman', 'SVOLLMAN', '650.123.4234', '1997-10-12', 'ST_MAN', 6500, NULL, 100, 50);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (124, 'Kevin', 'Mourgos', 'KMOURGOS', '650.123.5234', '1999-11-12', 'ST_MAN', 5800, NULL, 100, 80);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (125, 'Julia', 'Nayer', 'JNAYER', '650.124.1214', '1997-07-02', 'ST_CLERK', 3200, NULL, 120, 50);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (126, 'Irene', 'Mikkilineni', 'IMIKKILI', '650.124.1224', '1998-11-12', 'ST_CLERK', 2700, NULL, 120, 50);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (127, 'James', 'Landry', 'JLANDRY', '650.124.1334', '1999-01-02', 'ST_CLERK', 2400, NULL, 120, 90);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (128, 'Steven', 'Markle', 'SMARKLE', '650.124.1434', '2000-03-04', 'ST_CLERK', 2200, NULL, 120, 50);
INSERT INTO employees VALUES (130, 'Mozhe', 'Atkinson', 'MATKINSO', '650.124.6234', '1997-10-12', 'ST_CLERK', 2800, NULL, 121, 110);
```

TABLE employees:

```
mysql> select * from employees
-> ;
```

Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
100	Steven	King	SKING	515.123.4567	1987-06-17	AD_PRES	24000.00	NULL	NULL	20
101	Neena	Kochhar	NKOCHHAR	515.123.4568	1989-11-21	AD_VP	17000.00	NULL	100	20
102	Lex	De Haan	LDEHAAN	515.123.4569	1993-09-12	AD_VP	17000.00	NULL	100	30
104	Bruce	Ernst	BERNST	590.423.4568	1991-05-21	IT_PROG	6000.00	NULL	103	60
105	David	Austin	DAUSTIN	590.423.4569	1997-06-25	IT_PROG	4800.00	NULL	103	60
106	Valli	Pataballa	VPATABAL	590.423.4560	1998-02-05	IT_PROG	4800.00	NULL	103	40
107	Diana	Lorentz	DLORENTZ	590.423.5567	1999-02-09	IT_PROG	4200.00	NULL	103	40
108	Nancy	Greenberg	NGREENBE	515.124.4569	1994-08-17	FI_MGR	12000.00	NULL	101	100
109	Daniel	Faviet	DFAVIET	515.124.4169	1994-08-12	FI_ACCOUNT	9000.00	NULL	108	170
110	John	Chen	JCHEN	515.124.4269	1997-04-09	FI_ACCOUNT	8200.00	NULL	108	170
111	Ismael	Sciarra	ISCIARRA	515.124.4369	1997-02-01	FI_ACCOUNT	7700.00	NULL	108	160
112	Jose Manuel	Urman	JMURMAN	515.124.4469	1998-06-03	FI_ACCOUNT	7800.00	NULL	108	150
114	Den	Raphaely	DRAPHEAL	515.127.4561	1994-11-08	PU_MAN	11000.00	NULL	100	30
115	Alexander	Khoo	AKHOO	515.127.4562	1995-05-12	PU_CLERK	3100.00	NULL	114	80
116	Shelli	Baida	SBAIDA	515.127.4563	1997-12-13	PU_CLERK	2900.00	NULL	114	70
117	Sigal	Tobias	STOBIAS	515.127.4564	1997-09-10	PU_CLERK	2800.00	NULL	114	30
118	Guy	Himuro	GHIMURO	515.127.4565	1998-01-02	PU_CLERK	2600.00	NULL	114	60
119	Karen	Colmenares	KCOLMENA	515.127.4566	1999-04-08	PU_CLERK	2500.00	NULL	114	130
120	Matthew	Weiss	MWEISS	650.123.1234	1996-07-18	ST_MAN	8000.00	NULL	100	50
122	Payam	Kaufling	PKAUFLIN	650.123.3234	1995-05-01	ST_MAN	7900.00	NULL	100	40
123	Shanta	Vollman	SVOLLMAN	650.123.4234	1997-10-12	ST_MAN	6500.00	NULL	100	50
124	Kevin	Mourgos	KMOURGOS	650.123.5234	1999-11-12	ST_MAN	5800.00	NULL	100	80
125	Julia	Nayer	JNAYER	650.124.1214	1997-07-02	ST_CLERK	3200.00	NULL	120	50
126	Irene	Mikkilineni	IMIKKILI	650.124.1224	1998-11-12	ST_CLERK	2700.00	NULL	120	50
127	James	Landry	JLANDRY	650.124.1334	1999-01-02	ST_CLERK	2400.00	NULL	120	90
128	Steven	Markle	SMARKLE	650.124.1434	2000-03-04	ST_CLERK	2200.00	NULL	120	50
130	Mozhe	Atkinson	MATKINSO	650.124.6234	1997-10-12	ST_CLERK	2800.00	NULL	121	110

27 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Solve SQL Exercises

1. Select employees first name, last name, job_id and salary whose first name starts with alphabet S

A:

```
SELECT
    first_name, last_name, job_id, salary
FROM
    employees
WHERE
    first_name LIKE 'S%'; # starts with the letter 'S' LIKE is used for pattern matching, % symbol represents any sequence of characters.
```

OUTPUT :

```

80
81
82     # 1. Select employees first name, last name, job_id and salary whose first name starts with alphabet S
83 •   SELECT
84         first_name, last_name, job_id, salary
85     FROM
86         employees
87     WHERE
88         first_name LIKE 'S%'; # starts with the letter 'S' LIKE is used for pattern matching, % symbol represents any sequence of characters.
89
90

```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	first_name	last_name	job_id	salary
▶	Steven	King	AD_PRES	24000.00
	Shelli	Baida	PU_CLERK	2900.00
	Sigal	Tobias	PU_CLERK	2800.00
	Shanta	Vollman	ST_MAN	6500.00
	Steven	Markle	ST_CLERK	2200.00

2. Write a query to select employee with the highest salary (using an inner query)

A:

```
SELECT
    *                                # '*' symbol represents select all
FROM
    employees                        # employees table
WHERE
    salary = ( SELECT MAX(salary) FROM employees ); # filters the rows returned by the main (outer) query where salary = maxium
                                                    # SELECT MAX(salary) function returns the maximum value of the salary column.
```

OUTPUT:

```
90
91
92 # 2. Write a query to select employee with the highest salary (using an inner query)
93 • SELECT
94     *                                # '*' symbol represents select all
95 FROM
96     employees                        # employees table
97 WHERE
98     salary = ( SELECT MAX(salary) FROM employees ); # filters the rows returned by the main (outer) query where salary = maxium
99                                     # SELECT MAX(salary) function returns the maximum value of the salary column.
```

Result Grid											
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>											
Edit: Export/Import: Wrap Cell Content:											
	Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
▶	100	Steven	King	SKING	515.123.4567	1987-06-17	AD_PRE	24000.00	NULL	NULL	20
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

3. Select employee with the second highest salary

A:

```

SELECT
    *
FROM
    employees
ORDER BY
    salary DESC          # DESC sort the result in descending order
    LIMIT 1             # LIMIT determines how many rows to return after the offset.
    OFFSET 1;           # OFFSET skips the specified number of rows from the beginning.

```

OUTPUT:

101
102 # 3. Select employee with the second highest salary
103 • SELECT
104 *
105 FROM
106 employees
107 ORDER BY
108 salary DESC # DESC sort the result in descending order
109 LIMIT 1 # LIMIT determines how many rows to return after the offset.
110 OFFSET 1; # OFFSET skips the specified number of rows from the beginning.
111
112

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

Fetch rows:

	Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
▶	101	Neena	Kochhar	NKOCHHAR	515.123.4568	1989-11-21	AD_VP	17000.00	NULL	100	20
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

4. Write a query to select employees and their corresponding managers and their salaries

A:

```
SELECT
    e.Employee_id AS EmployeeID,
    e.first_name AS EmployeeFirstName,
    e.last_name AS EmployeeLastName,
    e.salary AS EmployeeSalary,
    (SELECT m.Employee_id
     FROM employees m
     WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerID, # get manager's ID

    (SELECT m.first_name
     FROM employees m
     WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerFirstName, # get manager's first name

    (SELECT m.last_name
     FROM employees m
     WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerLastName, # get manager's last name

    (SELECT m.salary
     FROM employees m
     WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerSalary # get manager's salary
FROM
    employees e
ORDER BY
    e.Employee_id;
```

OUTPUT:

```
113
114 # 4. Write a query to select employees and their corresponding managers and their salaries
115 • SELECT
116     e.Employee_id AS EmployeeID,
117     e.first_name AS EmployeeFirstName,
118     e.last_name AS EmployeeLastName,
119     e.salary AS EmployeeSalary,
120
121     (SELECT m.Employee_id # select the Employee_id from the employees table with the alias m.
122      FROM employees m # m.Employee_id = e.manager_id retrieves the ID of the manager whose Employee_id matches the manager_id of the employee in the current row of the main query.
123      WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerID, # get manager's ID
124
125     (SELECT m.first_name
126      FROM employees m
127      WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerFirstName, # get manager's first name
128
129     (SELECT m.last_name
130      FROM employees m
131      WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerLastName, # get manager's last name
132
133     (SELECT m.salary
134      FROM employees m
135      WHERE m.Employee_id = e.manager_id) AS ManagerSalary # get manager's salary
136 FROM
137     employees e
138 ORDER BY
139     e.Employee_id;
140
141
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

EmployeeID	EmployeeFirstName	EmployeeLastName	EmployeeSalary	ManagerID	ManagerFirstName	ManagerLastName	ManagerSalary
100	Steven	King	24000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
102	Lex	De Haan	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
104	Bruce	Ernst	6000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
105	David	Austin	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
106	Valli	Pataballa	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
107	Diana	Lorentz	4200.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00	101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00
109	Daniel	Faviet	9000.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
110	John	Chen	8200.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
111	Ismael	Sciarra	7700.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
112	Jose Manuel	Urman	7800.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
115	Alexander	Khoo	3100.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
116	Shelli	Baida	2900.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
117	Sigal	Tobias	2800.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
118	Guy	Himuro	2600.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
119	Karen	Colmenares	2500.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
122	Payam	Kaufling	7900.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
123	Shanta	Vollman	6500.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
124	Kevin	Mourgos	5800.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
125	Julia	Nayer	3200.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
126	Irene	Mikkilineni	2700.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
127	James	Landry	2400.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
128	Steven	Markle	2200.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
130	Mozhe	Atkinson	2800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid

Form Editor

Field Types

Query Stats

Execution Plan

5. Write a query to select employees and their corresponding managers and their salaries (SELF Join)

A:

```
SELECT
    e.Employee_id AS EmployeeID,
    e.first_name AS EmployeeFirstName,
    e.last_name AS EmployeeLastName,
    e.salary AS EmployeeSalary,
    m.Employee_id AS ManagerID,
    m.first_name AS ManagerFirstName,
    m.last_name AS ManagerLastName,
    m.salary AS ManagerSalary
FROM
    employees e                                # Specify the main table and its alias
LEFT JOIN
    employees m ON e.manager_id = m.Employee_id # left join to link each employee to their manager using the manager_id
ORDER BY
    e.Employee_id;                             # Then order the results by the employee's ID
```

OUTPUT:

144 # 5. Write a query to select employees and their corresponding managers and their salaries (SELF Join)

145 • SELECT

146 e.Employee_id AS EmployeeID,

147 e.first_name AS EmployeeFirstName,

148 e.last_name AS EmployeeLastName,

149 e.salary AS EmployeeSalary,

150 m.Employee_id AS ManagerID,

151 m.first_name AS ManagerFirstName,

152 m.last_name AS ManagerLastName,

153 m.salary AS ManagerSalary

154 FROM

155 employees e # Specify the main table and its alias

156 LEFT JOIN

157 employees m ON e.manager_id = m.Employee_id # left join to link each employee to their manager using the manager_id

158 ORDER BY

159 e.Employee_id; # Then order the results by the employee's ID

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	EmployeeID	EmployeeFirstName	EmployeeLastName	EmployeeSalary	ManagerID	ManagerFirstName	ManagerLastName	ManagerSalary
▶	100	Steven	King	24000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	102	Lex	De Haan	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	104	Bruce	Ernst	6000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	105	David	Austin	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	106	Valli	Pataballa	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	107	Diana	Lorentz	4200.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00	101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00
	109	Daniel	Faviet	9000.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	110	John	Chen	8200.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	111	Ismael	Sciarra	7700.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	112	Jose Manuel	Urman	7800.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	115	Alexander	Khoo	3100.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
	116	Shelli	Baida	2900.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
	117	Sigal	Tobias	2800.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
	118	Guy	Himuro	2600.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
	119	Karen	Colmenares	2500.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	122	Payam	Kaufling	7900.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	123	Shanta	Vollman	6500.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	124	Kevin	Mourgos	5800.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	125	Julia	Nayer	3200.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
	126	Irene	Mikkilineni	2700.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
	127	James	Landry	2400.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
	128	Steven	Markle	2200.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
	130	Mozhe	Atkinson	2800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

6. Create a view for the above query

A:

CREATE VIEW Employee_and_Managers AS

SELECT

e.Employee_id AS EmployeeID,

e.first_name AS EmployeeFirstName,

e.last_name AS EmployeeLastName,

e.salary AS EmployeeSalary,

m.Employee_id AS ManagerID,

m.first_name AS ManagerFirstName,

m.last_name AS ManagerLastName,

m.salary AS ManagerSalary

FROM

employees e

Specify the main table and its alias

LEFT JOIN

employees m ON e.manager_id = m.Employee_id

left join to link each employee to their manager using the manager_id

ORDER BY

e.Employee_id;

Then order the results by the employee's ID

To View the created VIEW 'Employee_and_Managers'

SELECT

*

FROM

Employee_and_Managers;

OUTPUT:

161

162

163 # 6. Create a view for the above query

164 • CREATE VIEW Employee_and_Managers AS

165 SELECT

166 e.Employee_id AS EmployeeID,

167 e.first_name AS EmployeeFirstName,

168 e.last_name AS EmployeeLastName,

169 e.salary AS EmployeeSalary,

170 m.Employee_id AS ManagerID,

171 m.first_name AS ManagerFirstName,

172 m.last_name AS ManagerLastName,

173 m.salary AS ManagerSalary

174 FROM

175 employees e # Specify the main table and its alias

176 LEFT JOIN

177 employees m ON e.manager_id = m.Employee_id # left join to link each employee to their manager using the manager_id

178 ORDER BY

179 e.Employee_id; # Then order the results by the employee's ID

180

181

182 # To View the created VIEW 'Employee_and_Managers'

183 • SELECT

184 *

185 FROM

186 Employee_and_Managers;

187

188

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	EmployeeID	EmployeeFirstName	EmployeeLastName	EmployeeSalary	ManagerID	ManagerFirstName	ManagerLastName	ManagerSalary
▶	100	Steven	King	24000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	102	Lex	De Haan	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
	104	Bruce	Ernst	6000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	105	David	Austin	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	106	Valli	Pataballa	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	107	Diana	Lorentz	4200.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00	101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00
	109	Daniel	Faviet	9000.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	110	John	Chen	8200.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	111	Ismael	Sciarra	7700.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	112	Jose Manuel	Urman	7800.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
	114	Den	Ranhaelv	11000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00

Employee_and_Managers 3 x

Read Only

```

182      # To View the created VIEW 'Employee_and_Managers'
183      SELECT
184      *
185      FROM
186      Employee_and_Managers;

```

EmployeeID	EmployeeFirstName	EmployeeLastName	EmployeeSalary	ManagerID	ManagerFirstName	ManagerLastName	ManagerSalary
100	Steven	King	24000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
102	Lex	De Haan	17000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
104	Bruce	Ernst	6000.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
105	David	Austin	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
106	Valli	Pataballa	4800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
107	Diana	Lorentz	4200.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL
108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00	101	Neena	Kochhar	17000.00
109	Daniel	Faviet	9000.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
110	John	Chen	8200.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
111	Ismael	Sciarra	7700.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
112	Jose Manuel	Urman	7800.00	108	Nancy	Greenberg	12000.00
114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
115	Alexander	Khoo	3100.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
116	Shelli	Baida	2900.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
117	Sigal	Tobias	2800.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
118	Guy	Himuro	2600.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
119	Karen	Colmenares	2500.00	114	Den	Raphaely	11000.00
120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
122	Payam	Kaufing	7900.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
123	Shanta	Vollman	6500.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
124	Kevin	Mourgos	5800.00	100	Steven	King	24000.00
125	Julia	Nayer	3200.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
126	Irene	Mikkilineni	2700.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
127	James	Landry	2400.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
128	Steven	Markle	2200.00	120	Matthew	Weiss	8000.00
130	Mozhe	Atkinson	2800.00	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Employee_and_Managers 3 x Read Only

7. Write a query to show the count of employees under each manager in descending order (from view)

A:

```

SELECT
    ManagerId, ManagerFirstName, ManagerLastName, COUNT(EmployeeID) AS Employees
FROM
    employee_and_managers
WHERE
    ManagerID IS NOT NULL      #THE GIVEN SAMPLE DATABASE CONTAINS EMPLOYEES HAVING NO MANAGERS SO I REMOVED IT TO BEAUTIFY
GROUP BY
    ManagerId
ORDER BY
    Employees DESC;

```

OUTPUT:

```

189
190      # 7. Write a query to show the count of employees under each manager in descending order (from view)
191      SELECT
192      ManagerId, ManagerFirstName, ManagerLastName, COUNT(EmployeeID) AS Employees
193      FROM
194      employee_and_managers
195      WHERE
196      ManagerID IS NOT NULL      #THE GIVEN SAMPLE DATABASE CONTAINS EMPLOYEES HAVING NO MANAGERS SO I REMOVED IT TO BEAUTIFY
197      GROUP BY
198      ManagerId
199      ORDER BY
200      Employees DESC;
201

```

ManagerID	ManagerFirstName	ManagerLastName	Employees
100	Steven	King	7
114	Den	Raphaely	5
108	Nancy	Greenberg	4
120	Matthew	Weiss	4
101	Neena	Kochhar	1

8. Find the count of employees in each department

A:

```

SELECT
    Department_Name AS Department,
    COUNT(employees.Employee_id) AS 'Number of Employees'
FROM
    departments
LEFT JOIN
    employees
ON
    departments.Department_id = employees.department_id
GROUP BY
    Department_name;

```

OUTPUT:

```

203
204 # 8. Find the count of employees in each department
205 • SELECT
206     Department_Name AS Department,           # The column is selected from the departments table and is aliased as Department
207     COUNT(employees.Employee_id) AS 'Number of Employees' # Counts the number of employees in each department and aliased as Number of Employees
208 FROM                                         # Specifies the departments table as the main table from which to select data.
209     departments
210 LEFT JOIN                                   # LEFT JOIN ensures that all records from the departments table are included in the result,
211     employees                               # even if there are no matching records in the employees table.
212 ON                                           # This condition makes the join performed where the Department_id from
213     departments.Department_id = employees.department_id # the departments table matches the department_id from the employees table.
214 GROUP BY                                   # groups the rows by Department_Name,
215     Department_name;                       # so the COUNT function calculates the number of employees in each department group.
216

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	Department	Number of Employees
▶	Marketing	2
	Purchasing	3
	Human Resources	3
	Shipping	5
	IT	3
	Public Relations	1
	Sales	2
	Executive	1
	Finance	1
	Accounting	1
	Treasury	0
	Corporate Tax	1
	Control And Credit	0
	Shareholder Serv...	1
	Benefits	1
	Payroll	2

9. Get the count of employees hired year wise

```
A:
SELECT
    YEAR(hire_date ) AS 'year',
    COUNT(Employee_id) AS 'employees hired'
FROM
    employees
GROUP BY
    YEAR(hire_date );
```

OUTPUT:

218

219 # 9. Get the count of employees hired year wise

220 • SELECT

221 YEAR(hire_date) AS 'year', # extracts the year from the hire_date column using the YEAR function and aliased as 'year'

222 COUNT(Employee_id) AS 'employees hired' # count the number of Employee_id values in each group and aliased as 'employees hired'

223 FROM

224 employees # from employees table as the input data

225 GROUP BY

226 YEAR(hire_date); # so the COUNT function calculate number of employees hired for each year.

227

228

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	year	employees hired
▶	1987	1
	1989	1
	1993	1
	1991	1
	1997	8
	1998	4
	1999	4
	1994	3
	1995	2
	1996	1
	2000	1

Result Grid

Form Editor

Field Types

Query Stats

Execution Plan

10 . create a stored procedure to get the “ Get the count of employees hired in the input year”(IN year , OUT count)

```
A:
DELIMITER //
CREATE PROCEDURE get_employee_count_by_year(IN input_year INT, OUT count INT)
BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO count
    FROM employees
    WHERE YEAR(hire_date) = input_year;
END //
DELIMITER ;

CALL get_employee_count_by_year(1994, @employee_count);
SELECT
    @employee_count AS 'The count of employees hired in 1994';
```

OUTPUT:

The screenshot displays a MySQL IDE interface. The top pane shows SQL code with line numbers 229 to 245. The code defines a stored procedure `get_employee_count_by_year` and calls it with the year 1994, storing the result in a session variable `@employee_count`. The bottom pane shows the output of the query, which is a single row with the value 3. The output is displayed in a table with one column, 'The count of employees hired in 1994'.

```
229
230 # 10 . create a stored procedure to get the “ Get the count of employees hired in the input year”(IN year , OUT count)
231 DELIMITER //
232 CREATE PROCEDURE get_employee_count_by_year(IN input_year INT, OUT count INT) # define procedure with input parameter 'input_year', output parameter 'employee_count'
233 BEGIN # BEGIN ... END: is the body of the procedure
234     SELECT COUNT(*) # run the query to count the number of employees hired in the given year
235     INTO count # and stores the result into count variable.
236     FROM employees
237     WHERE YEAR(hire_date) = input_year;
238 END //
239 DELIMITER ; # change delimiter back to ;
240
241 • CALL get_employee_count_by_year(1994, @employee_count); # call the procedure
242 SELECT # @employee_count is session variable to hold the output of the stored procedure.
243     @employee_count AS 'The count of employees hired in 1994'; # output aliased to 'The count of employees hired in 1994'
244
245
```

The count of employees hired in 1994
3

Result 14 x

11. Select the employees whose first_name contains “an”

A:

```
SELECT
    *                                # select all
FROM
    employees                       # from employees table
WHERE
    first_name LIKE '%an%';         # where first_name contains "an"
                                    # '%an%' Filters the rows where the first_name column contains the substring "an"
```

OUTPUT:

```
246
247 # 11. Select the employees whose first_name contains "an"
248 SELECT
249     *                                # select all
250 FROM
251     employees                       # from employees table
252 WHERE
253     first_name LIKE '%an%';         # where first_name contains "an"
254                                     # '%an%' Filters the rows where the first_name column contains the substring "an"
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
	107	Diana	Lorentz	DLORENTZ	590.423.5567	1999-02-09	IT_PROG	4200.00	NULL	103	40
	108	Nancy	Greenberg	NGREENBE	515.124.4569	1994-08-17	FI_MGR	12000.00	NULL	101	100
	109	Daniel	Faviet	DFAVIET	515.124.4169	1994-08-12	FI_ACCOUNT	9000.00	NULL	108	170
	112	Jose Manuel	Urman	JMURMAN	515.124.4469	1998-06-03	FI_ACCOUNT	7800.00	NULL	108	150
	115	Alexander	Khoo	AKHOO	515.127.4562	1995-05-12	PU_CLERK	3100.00	NULL	114	80
	123	Shanta	Vollman	SVOLLMAN	650.123.4234	1997-10-12	ST_MAN	6500.00	NULL	100	50
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

12. Select employee first name and the corresponding phone number in the format (_ _ _)-(_ _ _)-(_ _ _ _)

A:

phone_number format on employees table 515.123.4567

```
SELECT
    # Selects the first_name coulum
    first_name,
    # SUBSTRING(data, start position, length)
    CONCAT( '(', SUBSTRING(phone_number,1,3), ')-(', SUBSTRING(phone_number,5,3), ')-(', SUBSTRING(phone_number,9,4), ')') AS 'phonenumber'
FROM
    employees;
```

OUTPUT:

```

256
257     # 12.  Select employee first name and the corresponding phone number in the format ( _ _ _)-( _ _ _)-( _ _ _ _)
258     # phone_number format on employees table 515.123.4567
259     SELECT
260         # Selects the first_name coulum
261         first_name,
262         # SUBSTRING(data, start position, length)
263         CONCAT( '(', SUBSTRING(phone_number,1,3), ')-(', SUBSTRING(phone_number,5,3), ')-(', SUBSTRING(phone_number,9,4), ')') AS 'phone number'
264     FROM
265         employees;
266

```

	first_name	phone number
▶	Steven	(515)-(123)-(4567)
	Neena	(515)-(123)-(4568)
	Lex	(515)-(123)-(4569)
	Bruce	(590)-(423)-(4568)
	David	(590)-(423)-(4569)
	Valli	(590)-(423)-(4560)
	Diana	(590)-(423)-(5567)
	Nancy	(515)-(124)-(4569)
	Daniel	(515)-(124)-(4169)
	John	(515)-(124)-(4269)
	Ismael	(515)-(124)-(4369)
	Jose Manuel	(515)-(124)-(4469)
	Den	(515)-(127)-(4561)
	Alexander	(515)-(127)-(4562)
	Shelli	(515)-(127)-(4563)
	Sigal	(515)-(127)-(4564)
	Guy	(515)-(127)-(4565)
	Karen	(515)-(127)-(4566)
	Matthew	(650)-(123)-(1234)
	Payam	(650)-(123)-(3234)
	Shanta	(650)-(123)-(4234)
	Kevin	(650)-(123)-(5234)
	Julia	(650)-(124)-(1214)
	Irene	(650)-(124)-(1224)
	James	(650)-(124)-(1334)
	Steven	(650)-(124)-(1434)
	Mozhe	(650)-(124)-(6234)

13. Find the employees who joined in August, 1994.

A:

```
SELECT
    *                                # select all from employees table
FROM
    employees
WHERE
    YEAR(hire_date) = 1994 AND MONTH(hire_date) = 8; # where both matched (YEAR(hire_date) = 1994 AND MONTH(hire_date) = 8;)
```

OUTPUT:

```
269 # 13. Find the employees who joined in August, 1994.
270 SELECT
271     *                                # select all from employees table
272 FROM
273     employees
274 WHERE
275     YEAR(hire_date) = 1994 AND MONTH(hire_date) = 8; # where both matched (YEAR(hire_date) = 1994 AND MONTH(hire_date) = 8;)
276
```

Result Grid											
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>											
Edit: Export/Import: Wrap Cell Content:											
	Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
▶	108	Nancy	Greenberg	NGREENBE	515.124.4569	1994-08-17	FI_MGR	12000.00	NULL	101	100
	109	Daniel	Faviet	DFAVIET	515.124.4169	1994-08-12	FI_ACCOUNT	9000.00	NULL	108	170
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

14. Find the maximum salary from each department.

A:

```
SELECT
    e.department_id AS 'Department ID', d.Department_name AS 'Department', MAX(salary) AS 'Maximum salary'
FROM
    employees e
JOIN
    departments d ON e.department_id = d.Department_id
GROUP BY
    e.department_id;
```

OUTPUT:

```
278
279 # 14. Find the maximum salary from each department.
280 SELECT
281     e.department_id AS 'Department ID', d.Department_name AS 'Department', MAX(salary) AS 'Maximum salary'
282 FROM
283     employees e
284 JOIN                                # join employees table (e) and the departments table (d).
285     departments d ON e.department_id = d.Department_id # ON where the department_id in employees matches the Department_id in departments table
286 GROUP BY
287     e.department_id;
288
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: I A

	Department ID	Department	Maximum salary
▶	20	Marketing	24000.00
	30	Purchasing	17000.00
	60	IT	6000.00
	40	Human Resources	7900.00
	100	Finance	12000.00
	170	Payroll	9000.00
	160	Benefits	7700.00
	150	Shareholder Services	7800.00
	80	Sales	5800.00
	70	Public Relations	2900.00
	130	Corporate Tax	2500.00
	50	Shipping	8000.00
	90	Executive	2400.00
	110	Accounting	2800.00

15. Write a SQL query to display the 5 least earning employees

A:

```
SELECT
*
FROM
employees
ORDER BY
salary LIMIT 5;
```

OUTPUT:

```
290
291 # 15. Write a SQL query to display the 5 least earning employees
292 SELECT
293 *
294 FROM
295     employees
296 ORDER BY
297     salary LIMIT 5;
298
299
```

Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
128	Steven	Markle	SMARKLE	650.124.1434	2000-03-04	ST_CLERK	2200.00	NULL	120	50
127	James	Landry	JLANDRY	650.124.1334	1999-01-02	ST_CLERK	2400.00	NULL	120	90
119	Karen	Colmenares	KCOLMENA	515.127.4566	1999-04-08	PU_CLERK	2500.00	NULL	114	130
118	Guy	Himuro	GHIMURO	515.127.4565	1998-01-02	PU_CLERK	2600.00	NULL	114	60
126	Irene	Mikkilineni	IMIKKILI	650.124.1224	1998-11-12	ST_CLERK	2700.00	NULL	120	50
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

16. Find the employees hired in the 80s

A:

```
SELECT
    *
FROM
    employees
WHERE
    YEAR(hire_date) >= 1980 AND YEAR(hire_date) < 1990;
```

OUTPUT:

```
300
301    # 16. Find the employees hired in the 80s
302    SELECT
303        *
304    FROM
305        employees
306    WHERE
307        YEAR(hire_date) >= 1980 AND YEAR(hire_date) < 1990;
308
309
```

Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
100	Steven	King	SKING	515.123.4567	1987-06-17	AD_PRES	24000.00	NULL	NULL	20
101	Neena	Kochhar	NKOCHHAR	515.123.4568	1989-11-21	AD_VP	17000.00	NULL	100	20
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

17. Find the employees who joined the company after 15th of the month

A:

```
SELECT
    *
FROM
    employees
WHERE
    DAY(hire_date) > 15;
```

OUTPUT:

```
310
311    # 17. Find the employees who joined the company after 15th of the month
312    SELECT
313        *
314    FROM
315        employees
316    WHERE
317        DAY(hire_date) > 15;
318
```

Employee_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone_number	hire_date	job_id	salary	commission_pct	manager_id	department_id
100	Steven	King	SKING	515.123.4567	1987-06-17	AD_PRES	24000.00	NULL	NULL	20
101	Neena	Kochhar	NKOCHHAR	515.123.4568	1989-11-21	AD_VP	17000.00	NULL	100	20
104	Bruce	Ernst	BERNST	590.423.4568	1991-05-21	IT_PROG	6000.00	NULL	103	60
105	David	Austin	DAUSTIN	590.423.4569	1997-06-25	IT_PROG	4800.00	NULL	103	60
108	Nancy	Greenberg	NGREENBE	515.124.4569	1994-08-17	FI_MGR	12000.00	NULL	101	100
120	Matthew	Weiss	MWEISS	650.123.1234	1996-07-18	ST_MAN	8000.00	NULL	100	50
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL