

Prediction of the 2020 Presidential Election*

Spoiler Alert: Biden Wins

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Abstract

In this paper, we first consider the Democracy Fund + UCLA Nationscape Wave 50 dataset, which contains the results of a survey (conducted June 25-July 1, 2020) on American voter attitudes. Thereafter, the survey data is used to train a model relating voter intent to a few explanatory variables. The model is then applied to the post-stratification dataset; namely, the results of the 2018 1-year American Community Survey (ACS). Since the ACS data pertains to individual persons and their characteristics, the associated use of our model allows us to conclude that Joe Biden will be the next President of the United States.

Keywords: forecasting; US 2020 election; Trump; Biden

1 Introduction

To accurately predict the winner of the United States 2020 presidential election is difficult, as many different factors are involved.

2 Data

Our data is of penguins (Figure 1).

Talk more about it.

Also bills and their average (Figure 2). (Notice how you can change the height and width so they don't take the whole page?)

Talk way more about it.

3 Model

$$Pr(\theta|y) = \frac{Pr(y|\theta)Pr(\theta)}{Pr(y)} \quad (1)$$

Equation (1) seems useful, eh?

Here's a dumb example of how to use some references: In paper we run our analysis in R [R Core Team, 2020]. We also use the `tidyverse` which was written by Wickham et al. [2019] If we were interested in baseball data then Friendly et al. [2020] could be useful.

*Code and data are available at: https://github.com/aneesshake/elections_prediction

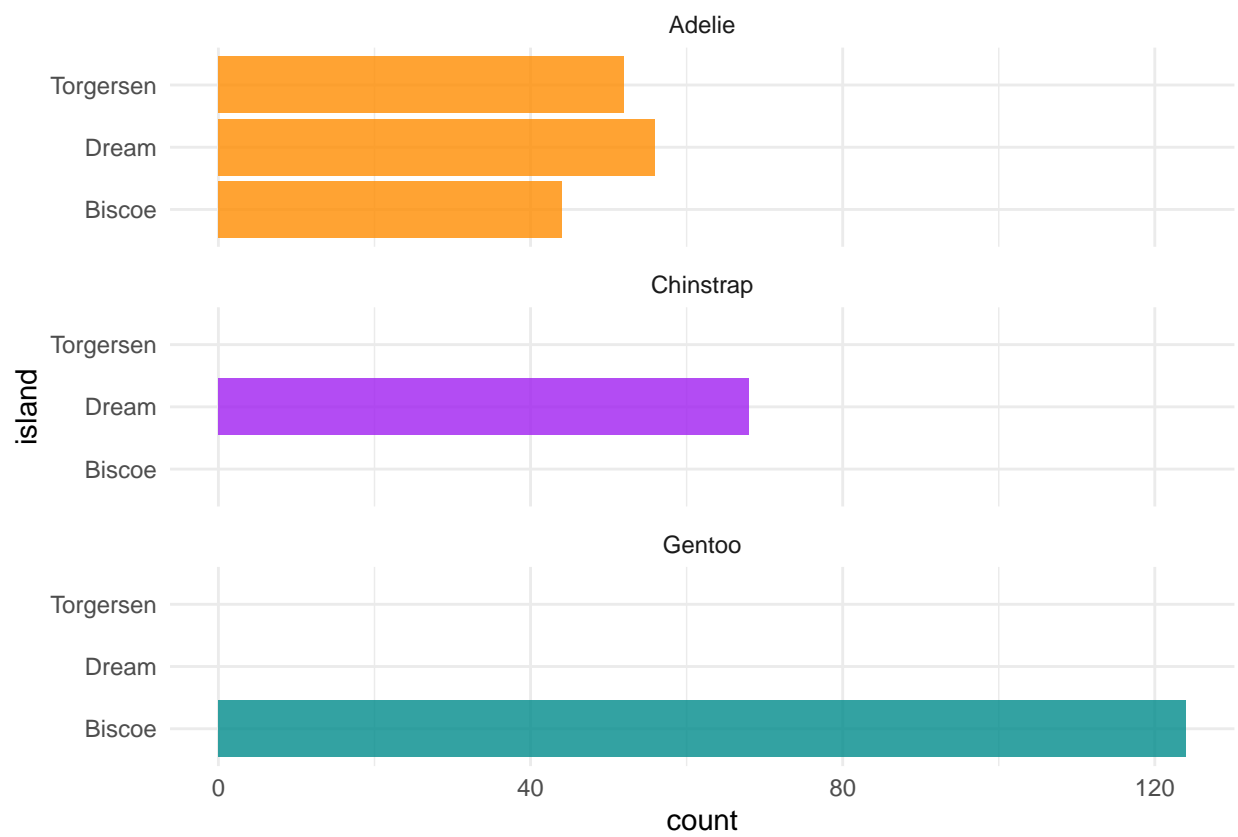


Figure 1: Bills of penguins

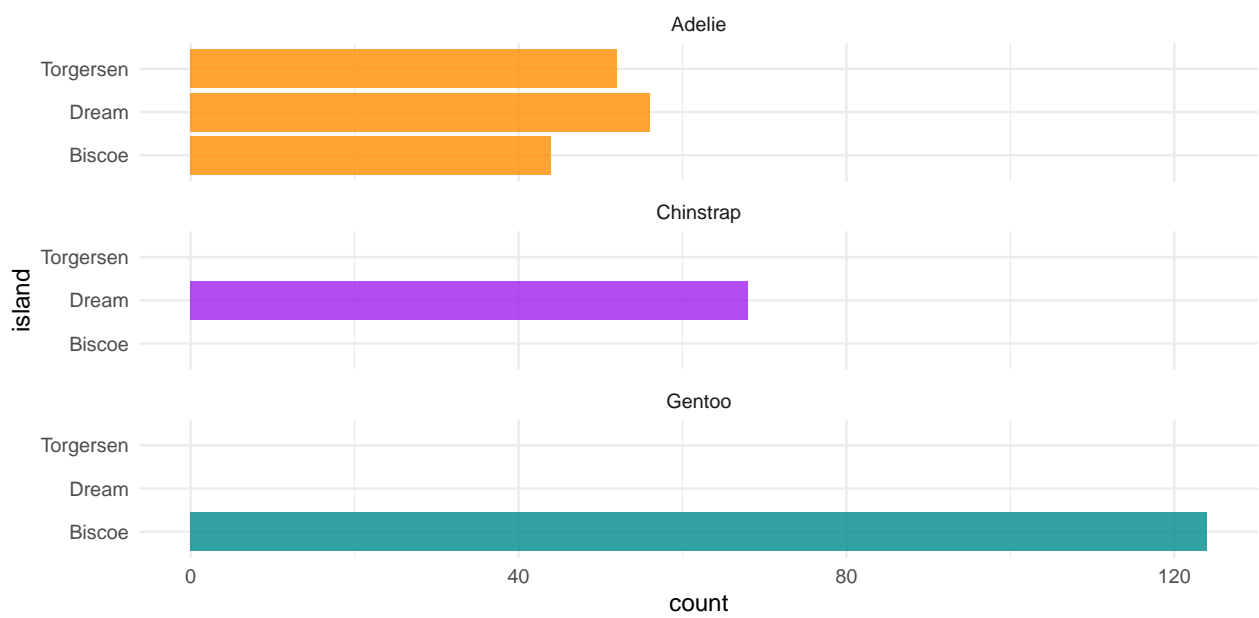


Figure 2: More bills of penguins

4 Results

5 Discussion

5.1 First discussion point

If my paper were 10 pages, then should be at least 2.5 pages. The discussion is a chance to show off what you know and what you learnt from all this.

5.2 Second discussion point

5.3 Third discussion point

5.4 Weaknesses and next steps

Weaknesses and next steps should also be included.

Appendix

6 References

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References

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