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Lesson Objective: Simplify polynomials using addition and subtraction.

Vocabulary Box

coefficient – A constant that multiplies a variable. Example: the 4 in 4x.

polynomial – An algebraic expression consisting of two or more rational and integral terms. Example: $x^3 + 4x^2 - 7x + 1$.

Independent Practice

Complete the following practice problems on your own. Your teacher will review the answers. Make sure that you show all of your work.

Directions: Add or subtract as indicated.

1.
$$(4x^2 + 5x + 9) + (x^2 - x - 9)$$

2.
$$(3y^2 - 4y - 13) - (5y^2 + 7y - 8)$$

3.
$$(5z^4 - 2z^2 + z - 7) + (-2z^4 - 3z^3 + z - 5)$$

4.
$$(7a^3 - 5a^2 - 8) - (2a^2 - 5a + 8)$$

5.
$$(16-c^4-9c^2)+(c^3-6c^2+6c-27)$$

6.
$$(-d^3 - 8d + 2d^2 + 16) - (9d^3 - 6d^2 + d)$$

7.
$$(f^5 + 7f^4 - 5f^3) + (8f - 4f^2 - f^3)$$

8.
$$(-30 - 13h + h^2) - (-42 - 13h + h^2)$$



Directions: Add or subtract as indicated.

1.
$$(7k^2 - 4k - 5) - [(k^2 - 2k - 3) - (-4k^2 + 2k - 7)]$$

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2.
$$8m^3 - [4m^3 - m^2 - [-m^3 - 3m^2 - m - (7m^3 - 6m^2 + m - 15)]]$$



- I. Frankie created the following pattern: 2, 3x, $4x^2$, $5x^3$ Answer the following questions based on Frankie's pattern.
 - 1. What are the next 3 terms in Frankie's pattern?
 - 2. Frankie evaluated each of the terms in her pattern for x = 2. What is the value of each of the 7 terms if x = 2?
 - 3. Frankie then evaluated each of the terms in her pattern for $x = \frac{1}{2}$. What is the value of each of the 7 terms if $x = \frac{1}{2}$?
 - 4. Write about any additional patterns you may have observed.

- II. Parker created the following pattern: 1, x + 2, $x^2 + 2x + 3$, $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 4$... Answer the following questions based on Parker's pattern.
 - 1. What are the next 2 terms in Parker's pattern?
 - 2. Parker evaluated each of the terms in her pattern for x = 1. What is the value of each of the 6 terms if x = 1?
 - 3. Parker then evaluated each of the terms in her pattern for x = -1. What is the value of each of the 6 terms if x = -1?
 - 4. Write about any additional patterns you may have observed.

- III. Mr. Lee created the following pattern: 2^x , $2 + 2^{x+1}$, $2 + 2 + 2^{x+2}$... Answer the following questions based on Mr. Lee's pattern.
 - 1. What are the next 2 terms in Mr. Lee's pattern?
 - 2. Mr. Lee evaluated each of the terms in his pattern for x = 1. What is the value of each of the 5 terms if x = 1?

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- 3. Mr. Lee then evaluated each of the terms in his pattern for x = 2. What is the value of each of the 5 terms if x = 2?
- 4. Write about any additional patterns you may have observed.



<u>Directions</u>: Add or subtract as indicated.

1.
$$(4x^2 + 7x + 9) + (x^2 - 12x - 4)$$

2.
$$(9-5v-v^2-3v^3)+(v^4-12v^2+36)$$

3.
$$(5r^3 + 7r^2 + 10r - 5) - (8r^3 + 7r^2 - 4r + 12)$$

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Lesson Objective: Multiply polynomials using the distributive property and the FOIL method.

Vocabulary Box

monomial – An algebraic expression consisting of one term. Example: 4m.

binomial – An algebraic expression consisting of two terms. Example: 3n + 6.

trinomial – An algebraic expression consisting of three terms. Example: $7p^2 - p + 2$.



You will complete the following practice problems with your partner. Then your teacher will review the answers. Make sure that you show all important work.

1.
$$k^2(16 + 6k - k^2)$$

2.
$$(5w^2 - w - 7)(-4w)$$

3.
$$(i + 5)(i + 10)$$

4.
$$(2q + 9)(q - 1)$$

5.
$$(b-7)(b-7)$$



A. Vocabulary Words

<u>Directions</u>: Match each name of a type of algebraic expression with the number of terms it has.

1. binomial A. zero

2. monomial B. one

3. polynomial C. exactly two

4. trinomial D. exactly three

E. many

B. Summarize What We Learned Today

<u>Directions</u>: Write and simplify two problems requiring multiplication of a monomial by a trinomial. Next, write three problems requiring multiplication of two binomials. Be sure to include a variety of signs. Then, write a few sentences to explain how to multiply these polynomials. You will use this explanation as a personal reminder.

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Lesson Objective: Multiply polynomials using the distributive property and the FOIL method.

Vocabulary Box

monomial – An algebraic expression consisting of one term. Example: 4m.

binomial – An algebraic expression consisting of two terms. Example: 3n + 6.

trinomial – An algebraic expression consisting of three terms. Example: $7p^2 - p + 2$.



Complete the following practice problems on your own. Your teacher will review the answers. Make sure that you show all of your work.

1.
$$(m + 9)(m - 8)$$

2.
$$(7n + 1)(n + 5)$$

3.
$$-8(5b^2 - b + 8)$$

4.
$$(v-3)(v-17)$$

5.
$$(c + 3)(c - 10)$$

6.
$$4x(9x^2 + 4x + 1)$$

7.
$$(7z - 8)(8z + 11)$$

8.
$$(2k + 3)(2k - 3)$$

9.
$$(h^2 - 5h + 9)(-3h)$$

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1.
$$(m + 4)^2$$

2.
$$(a + 7)(a^2 + 5a + 4)$$

3.
$$(f + g)(h + j)$$

4.
$$(3x + 4y)(5x - 2y)$$



Look at the table below. Your job will be to work with other class members to find a match for each entry in the table. Each binomial will match with a trinomial for which it is a factor. For example, (x + 5) would match with $x^2 + 7x + 10$ because $(x + 5)(x + 2) = x^2 + 7x + 10$; that is, x + 5 is a factor of $x^2 + 7x + 10$.

List all of the matching pairs below the table. Then, individually, find the missing binomial factor. In the example above, the missing binomial factor would have been (x + 2).

Some binomials might be factors of more than one trinomial, but you must create six distinct matches. Therefore, you might have to do some switching around.

x + 9	$x^2 - 7x + 12$	x – 3
x + 4	x^2 + 16 x + 63	$x^2 + 9x + 14$
$x^2 - 10x + 25$	$x^2 + x - 12$	x + 5
x + 2	<i>x</i> −10	$x^2 - 8x - 20$

Good luck!

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1.
$$(x-9)(2x+5)$$

2.
$$-6y(y^2 + 6y - 9)$$

3.
$$(4z-7)(3z-2)$$