### Java Class

# The Method

10<sup>th</sup> June 2020

#### **OVERVIEW**

Organization is the key to success. Why not take lines of code that are used often and bunch them into one neat package. What about creating a nice, easy to use front end for a more complex bunch of code? The method can solve that

## **GOALS**

- 1. Learn about methods and why they are important
  - a. VOCAB
    - i. Method
    - ii. Return
    - iii. Return Type
      - iv. Visibility
      - v. Parameter
- 2. Write your own method

### **BASIC SYNTAX**

 A method is written by using a very specific syntax to tell the compiler about it and what it does. See below:

```
private static <typeofreturndata> <nameofmethod>([paramaters go in here]){
  Code here;
}
```

• So if we are going to create a method named hello that returns a string and takes no parameters, you will then write:

```
private static String hello(){
    return "Hello";
}
```

 Now, what about parameters? Here is a method that returns the sum of two parameters (a and b)

```
private static int add(int a, int b){
    int sum = a + b;
    return sum;
}
```

• To call this method, we just write:

```
add(num1,num2);
```

#### **PROJECT**

# The Random Game, but this time it's a method

So, you created a game. Let's redesign the architecture of your code to make use of methods. You will redesign your game to:

1. Outsource the checking to a method titled randomChecker that takes in the random number and the guess as parameters and returns true or false based upon if the number match or not.