

# class17

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```
vax <- read.csv("covid19vaccinesbyzipcode_test.csv")
head(vax)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction      county
## 1 2021-01-05           92395           San Bernardino San Bernardino
## 2 2021-01-05           93206                Kern          Kern
## 3 2021-01-05           91006           Los Angeles Los Angeles
## 4 2021-01-05           91901           San Diego San Diego
## 5 2021-01-05           92230           Riverside Riverside
## 6 2021-01-05           92662            Orange      Orange
##   vaccine_equity_metric_quartile      vem_source
## 1                             1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2                             1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4                             3 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5                             1 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
##   age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1                35915.3                40888                NA
## 2                 1237.5                 1521                NA
## 3                28742.7                31347                19
## 4                15549.8                16905                12
## 5                 2320.2                 2526                NA
## 6                 2349.5                 2397                NA
##   persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1                        NA                        NA
## 2                        NA                        NA
## 3                        873                        0.000606
## 4                        271                        0.000710
## 5                        NA                        NA
## 6                        NA                        NA
##   percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1                        NA
## 2                        NA
## 3                        0.027850
## 4                        0.016031
## 5                        NA
## 6                        NA
##   percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose
## 1                        NA
## 2                        NA
```

```
## 3 0.028456
## 4 0.016741
## 5 NA
## 6 NA
## redacted
## 1 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 2 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 3 No
## 4 No
## 5 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 6 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
```

Q1. What column details the total number of people fully vaccinated?

persons\_fully\_vaccinated

Q2. What column details the Zip code tabulation area?

zip\_code\_tabulation\_area

Q3. What is the earliest date in this dataset?

2021-01-05

Q4. What is the latest date in this dataset?

2021-11-16

We will use lubridate package to make life a lot easier when dealing with dates and times

```
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
today()
```

```
## [1] "2021-11-29"
```

We make our 'as\_of\_date' column lubridate format...

```
# Specify that we
vax$as_of_date <- ymd(vax$as_of_date)
```

```
today() - vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
## Time difference of 328 days
```

### Time difference of 322 days

```
today()- vax$as_of_date[ nrow(vax)]
```

```
## Time difference of 6 days
```

### Time difference of 7 days

Let's quickly look at the data structure using skim() function

```
skimr::skim(vax)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	vax
Number of rows	82908
Number of columns	14
Column type frequency:	
character	4
Date	1
numeric	9
Group variables	None

#### Variable type: character

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	empty	n_unique	whitespace
local_health_jurisdiction	0	1	0	15	235	62	0
county	0	1	0	15	235	59	0
vem_source	0	1	15	26	0	3	0
redacted	0	1	2	69	0	2	0

#### Variable type: Date

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	min	max	median	n_unique
as_of_date	0	1	2021-01-05	2021-11-23	2021-06-15	47

#### Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
zip_code_tabulation_area	0	1.00	93665.11	1817.39	90001	92257.75	93658.50	95380.50	97635.0	
vaccine_equity_metric_quartile1	1089	0.95	2.44	1.11	1	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.0	
age12_plus_population	0	1.00	18895.04	18993.94	0	1346.95	13685.10	1756.12	88556.7	
age5_plus_population	0	1.00	20875.24	21106.04	0	1460.50	15364.00	34877.00	101902.0	
persons_fully_vaccinated	8355	0.90	9585.35	11609.12	11	516.00	4210.00	16095.00	71219.0	
persons_partially_vaccinated	8355	0.90	1894.87	2105.55	11	198.00	1269.00	2880.00	20159.0	
percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated	8355	0.90	0.43	0.27	0	0.20	0.44	0.63	1.0	
percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated	8355	0.90	0.10	0.10	0	0.06	0.07	0.11	1.0	
percent_of_population_with_8355plus_doses	8355	0.90	0.51	0.26	0	0.31	0.53	0.71	1.0	

Q5. How many numeric columns are in this dataset?

9

Q6. Note that there are “missing values” in the dataset. How many NA values there in the persons\_fully\_vaccinated column?

8256 missing values >Q7. What percent of persons\_fully\_vaccinated values are missing (to 2 significant figures)?

10.17%

Q8. [Optional]: Why might this data be missing?

Q9. How many days have passed since the last update of the dataset?

```
vax$as_of_date[ nrow(vax)] -vax$as_of_date[1]
```

```
## Time difference of 322 days
```

```
322 days between them
```

Q10. How many unique dates are in the dataset (i.e. how many different dates are detailed)?

```
length( unique(vax$as_of_date))
```

```
## [1] 47
```

```
47 unique dates
```

```
The answer makes sense because
```

```
47*7
```

```
## [1] 329
```

We will use **zipcodeR** package to help make sense of the zipcodes

```
library(zipcodeR)
geocode_zip('92037')
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   zipcode lat lng
##   <chr>   <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 92037   32.8 -117.
```

To calculate distance between two zipcodes:

```
zip_distance('92037', '92109')
```

```
##   zipcode_a zipcode_b distance
## 1      92037      92109      2.33
```

pull census data about ZIP code areas (including median household income etc.):

```
reverse_zipcode(c('92037', "92109"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 24
##   zipcode zipcode_type major_city post_office_city common_city_list county state
##   <chr>   <chr>         <chr>         <chr>         <blob> <chr> <chr>
## 1 92037   Standard      La Jolla      La Jolla, CA      <raw 20 B> San D~ CA
## 2 92109   Standard      San Diego     San Diego, CA      <raw 21 B> San D~ CA
## # ... with 17 more variables: lat <dbl>, lng <dbl>, timezone <chr>,
## #   radius_in_miles <dbl>, area_code_list <blob>, population <int>,
## #   population_density <dbl>, land_area_in_sqmi <dbl>,
## #   water_area_in_sqmi <dbl>, housing_units <int>,
## #   occupied_housing_units <int>, median_home_value <int>,
## #   median_household_income <int>, bounds_west <dbl>, bounds_east <dbl>,
## #   bounds_north <dbl>, bounds_south <dbl>
```

##Focus on San Diego County

```
table(vax$county)
```

```
##
##           Alameda      Alpine      Amador      Butte
##           235         2303         47          564         846
##   Calaveras      Colusa   Contra Costa   Del Norte   El Dorado
##           846         329         2021         188         1034
##   Fresno        Glenn     Humboldt      Imperial      Inyo
##           2585         282         1645         705         470
##   Kern          Kings      Lake         Lassen      Los Angeles
##           2303         329         658         611         13630
##   Madera        Marin      Mariposa      Mendocino      Merced
##           564         1316         376         1222         893
##   Modoc         Mono       Monterey      Napa          Nevada
##           517         329         1316         470         564
##   Orange        Placer      Plumas      Riverside      Sacramento
```

##	4136	1363	752	3290	2538
##	San Benito	San Bernardino	San Diego	San Francisco	San Joaquin
##	188	4183	5029	1269	1504
##	San Luis Obispo	San Mateo	Santa Barbara	Santa Clara	Santa Cruz
##	1034	1363	1081	2726	799
##	Shasta	Sierra	Siskiyou	Solano	Sonoma
##	1222	329	987	705	1692
##	Stanislaus	Sutter	Tehama	Trinity	Tulare
##	1128	423	611	611	1551
##	Tuolumne	Ventura	Yolo	Yuba	
##	611	1269	799	517	

```
inds <- vax$county == "San Diego"
head(vax[inds,])
```

##	as_of_date	zip_code_tabulation_area	local_health_jurisdiction	county
## 4	2021-01-05		91901	San Diego San Diego
## 14	2021-01-05		91902	San Diego San Diego
## 21	2021-01-05		92011	San Diego San Diego
## 22	2021-01-05		92055	San Diego San Diego
## 25	2021-01-05		92067	San Diego San Diego
## 33	2021-01-05		92081	San Diego San Diego
##	vaccine_equity_metric_quartile		vem_source	
## 4		3	Healthy Places Index Score	
## 14		4	Healthy Places Index Score	
## 21		4	Healthy Places Index Score	
## 22		3	CDPH-Derived ZCTA Score	
## 25		4	Healthy Places Index Score	
## 33		2	Healthy Places Index Score	
##	age12_plus_population	age5_plus_population	persons_fully_vaccinated	
## 4	15549.8	16905		12
## 14	16620.7	18026		22
## 21	20503.6	23247		NA
## 22	11548.0	11654		NA
## 25	6973.9	7480		11
## 33	25558.0	27632		14
##	persons_partially_vaccinated	percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated		
## 4	271		0.000710	
## 14	374		0.001220	
## 21	NA		NA	
## 22	NA		NA	
## 25	241		0.001471	
## 33	346		0.000507	
##	percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated			
## 4		0.016031		
## 14		0.020748		
## 21		NA		
## 22		NA		
## 25		0.032219		
## 33		0.012522		
##	percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose			
## 4		0.016741		
## 14		0.021968		
## 21		NA		

```
## 22 NA
## 25 0.033690
## 33 0.013029
## redacted
## 4 No
## 14 No
## 21 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 22 Information redacted in accordance with CA state privacy requirements
## 25 No
## 33 No
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
sd <- filter(vax, county == "San Diego")
nrow(sd)
```

```
## [1] 5029
```

How many entries are there for San Diego county?

```
nrow(sd)
```

```
## [1] 5029
```

Q11. How many distinct zip codes are listed for San Diego County?

```
length(unique(sd$zip_code_tabulation_area))
```

```
## [1] 107
```

Q12. What San Diego County Zip code area has the largest 12 + Population in this dataset?

```
ind <- which.max(sd$age12_plus_population)
sd[ind,]
```

```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction county
## 60 2021-01-05 92154 San Diego San Diego
## vaccine_equity_metric_quartile vem_source
## 60 2 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 60 76365.2 82971 33
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 60 1341 0.000398
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 60 0.016162
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose redacted
## 60 0.01656 No
```

What is the population in the 92037 ZIP code area?

```
filter(sd, zip_code_tabulation_area == "92037")[1,]
```

```
## as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction county
## 1 2021-01-05 92037 San Diego San Diego
## vaccine_equity_metric_quartile vem_source
## 1 4 Healthy Places Index Score
## age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1 33675.6 36144 46
## persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1 1268 0.001273
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1 0.035082
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose redacted
## 1 0.036355 No
```

Q13. What is the overall average “Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated” value for all San Diego “County” as of “2021-11-09”?

```
sd.now <- filter(sd, as_of_date == "2021-11-09")
mean(sd.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated, na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 0.6734714
```

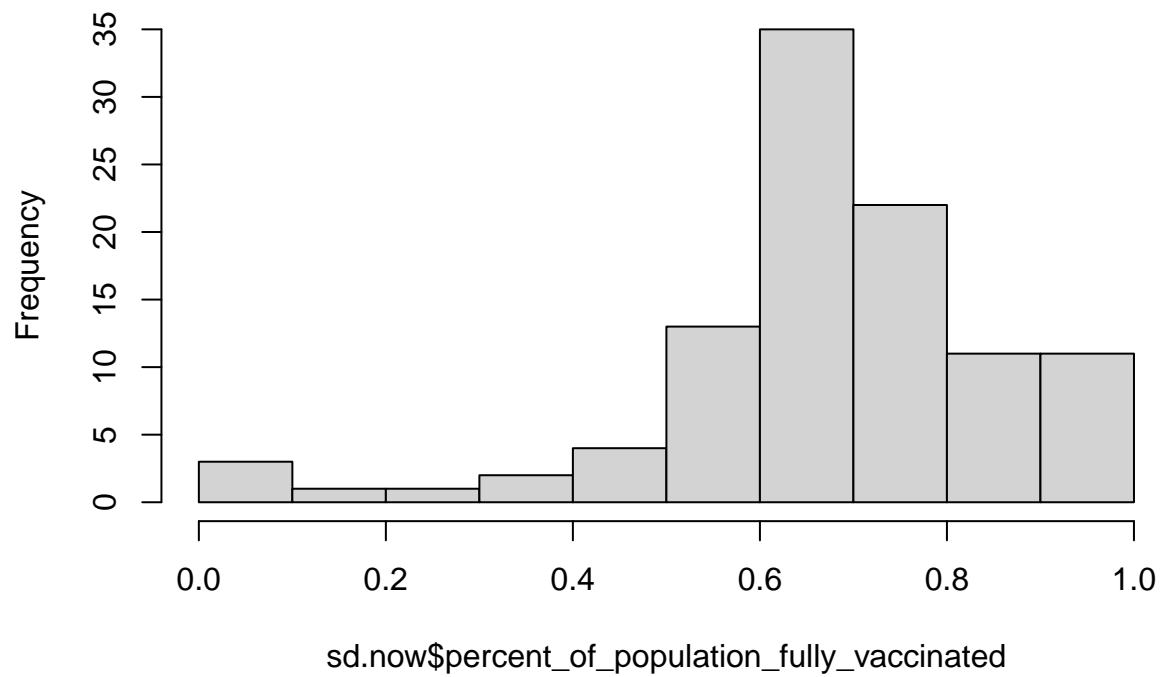
67.3% are fully vaccinated

Q14. Using either ggplot or base R graphics make a summary figure that shows the distribution of Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated values as of “2021-11-09”?

```
hist(sd.now$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

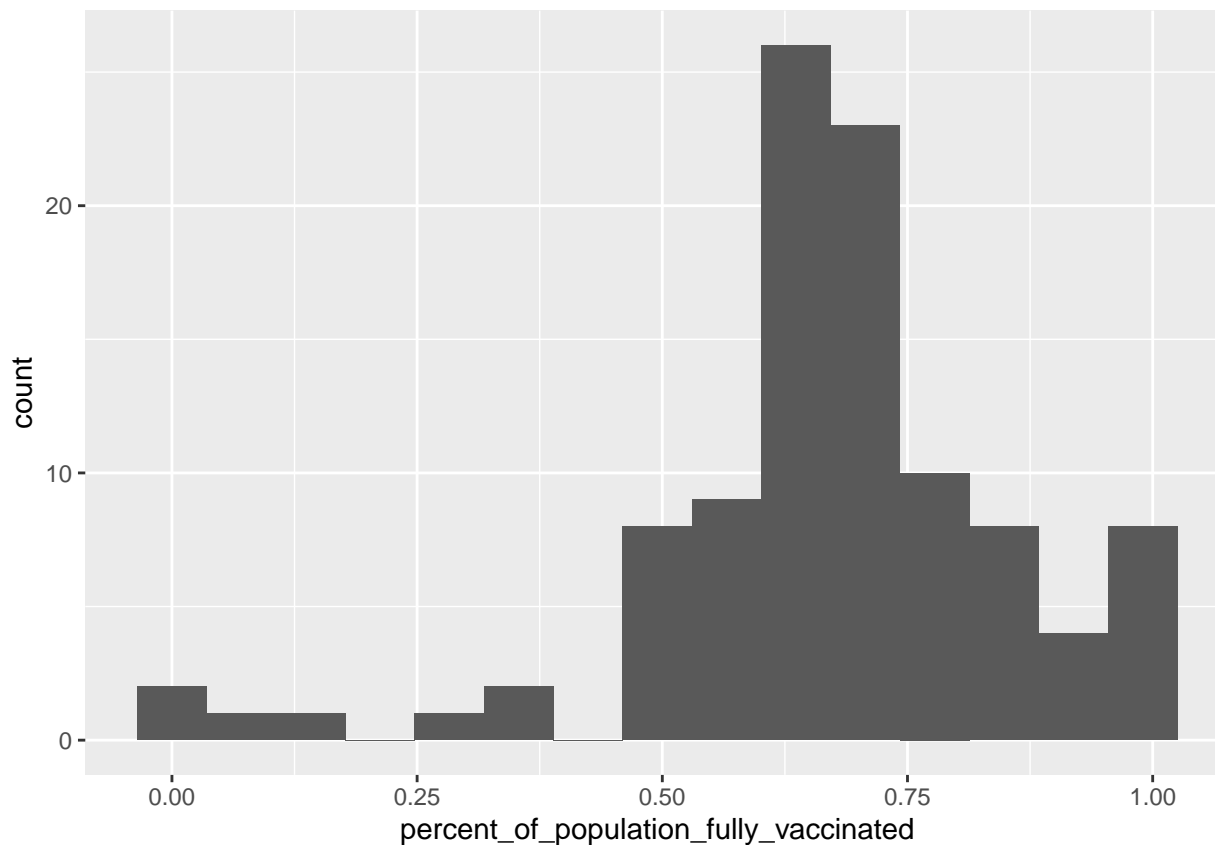


**Histogram of sd.now\$percent\_of\_population\_fully\_vaccinated**



```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(sd.now) + aes(percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated) + geom_histogram(bins=15)
```

```
## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```



```
ucsd <- filter(sd, zip_code_tabulation_area == "92037")
head(ucsd)
```

```
##   as_of_date zip_code_tabulation_area local_health_jurisdiction   county
## 1 2021-01-05                92037             San Diego San Diego
## 2 2021-01-12                92037             San Diego San Diego
## 3 2021-01-19                92037             San Diego San Diego
## 4 2021-01-26                92037             San Diego San Diego
## 5 2021-02-02                92037             San Diego San Diego
## 6 2021-02-09                92037             San Diego San Diego
##   vaccine_equity_metric_quartile          vem_source
## 1                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 2                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 3                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 4                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 5                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
## 6                             4 Healthy Places Index Score
##   age12_plus_population age5_plus_population persons_fully_vaccinated
## 1                33675.6                36144                   46
## 2                33675.6                36144                  473
## 3                33675.6                36144                  733
## 4                33675.6                36144                 1081
## 5                33675.6                36144                 1617
## 6                33675.6                36144                 2227
##   persons_partially_vaccinated percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1                      1268                                0.001273
```

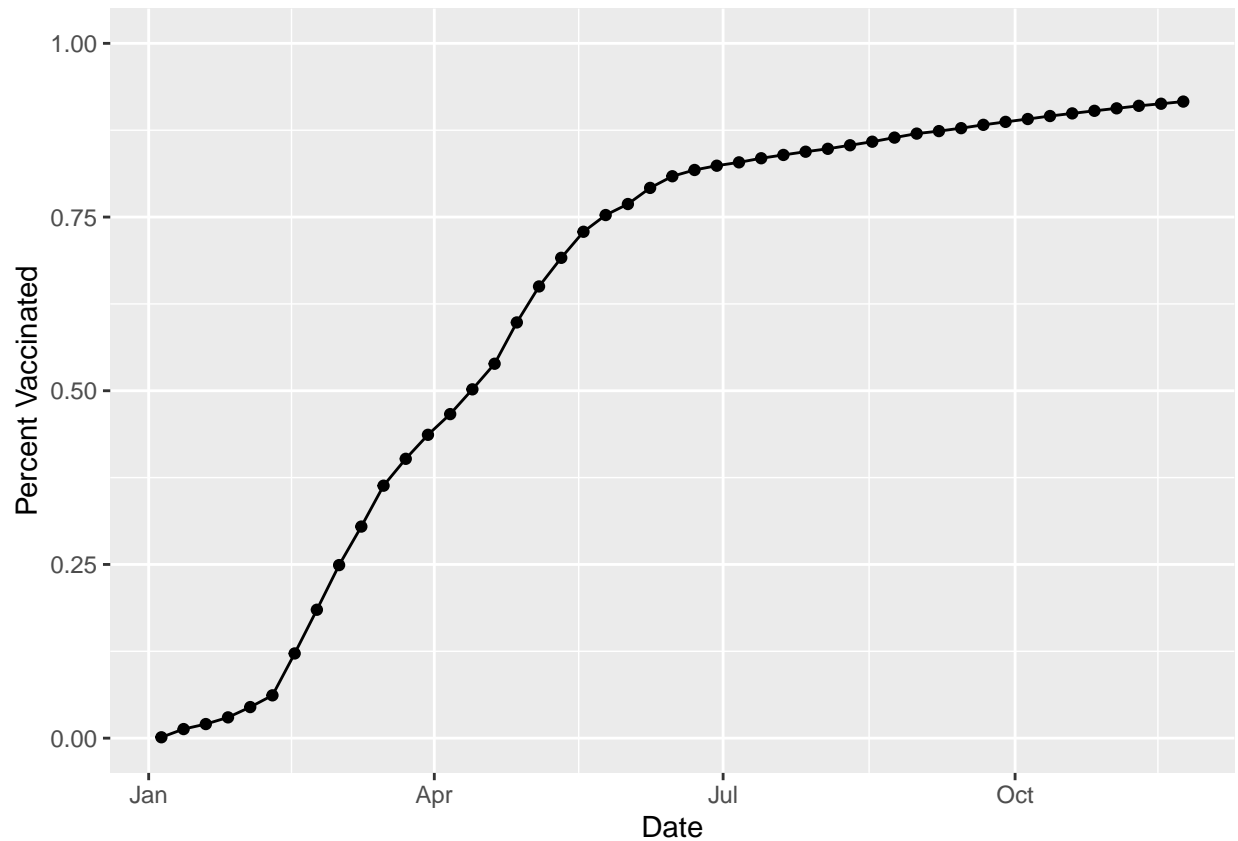
```
## 2          1569          0.013087
## 3          3512          0.020280
## 4          6212          0.029908
## 5          8408          0.044738
## 6          9655          0.061615
## percent_of_population_partially_vaccinated
## 1          0.035082
## 2          0.043410
## 3          0.097167
## 4          0.171868
## 5          0.232625
## 6          0.267126
## percent_of_population_with_1_plus_dose redacted
## 1          0.036355      No
## 2          0.056497      No
## 3          0.117447      No
## 4          0.201776      No
## 5          0.277363      No
## 6          0.328741      No
```

```
ucsd[1,]$age5_plus_population
```

```
## [1] 36144
```

Q15. Using ggplot make a graph of the vaccination rate time course for the 92037 ZIP code area:

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(ucsd) +
  aes(as_of_date,
    percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line(group=1) +
  ylim(c(0,1)) +
  labs(x="Date", y="Percent Vaccinated")
```



## Comparing 92037 to other similar sized areas?

```
# Subset to all CA areas with a population as large as 92037
vax.36.all <- filter(vax, age5_plus_population > 36144 &
  as_of_date == "2021-11-16")

#head(vax.36)
vax.36 <- filter(vax, age5_plus_population > 36144)
```

```
nrow(vax.36.all)
```

```
## [1] 411
```

```
length(unique(vax.36.all$zip_code_tabulation_area))
```

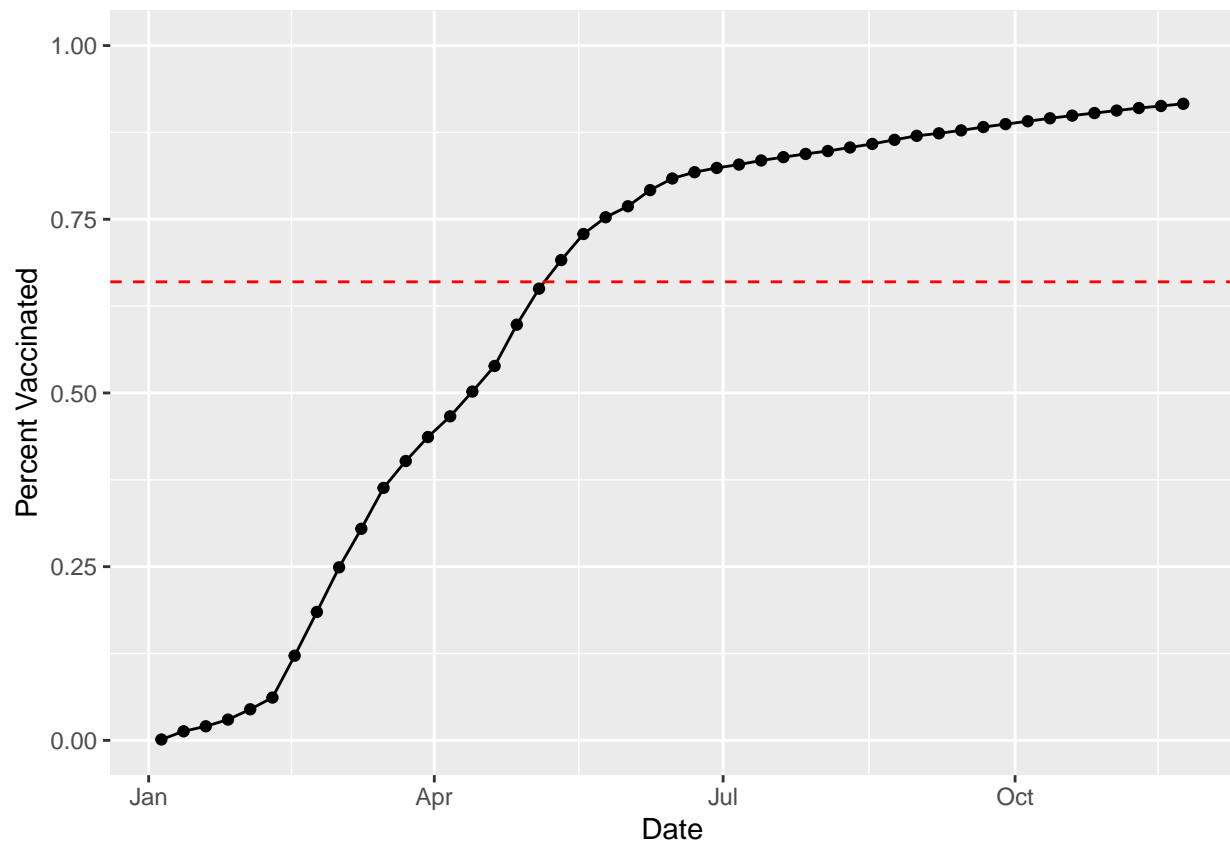
```
## [1] 411
```

Q16. Calculate the mean “Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated” for ZIP code areas with a population as large as 92037 (La Jolla) as\_of\_date “2021-11-16”. Add this as a straight horizontal line to your plot from above with the `geom_hline()` function?

```
mean(vax.36.all$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated, na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
## [1] 0.6640413
```

```
ggplot(ucsd) +
  aes(as_of_date,
    percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line(group=1) +
  ylim(c(0,1)) +
  labs(x="Date", y="Percent Vaccinated") + geom_hline(yintercept=0.66, col="red", linetype="dashed")
```



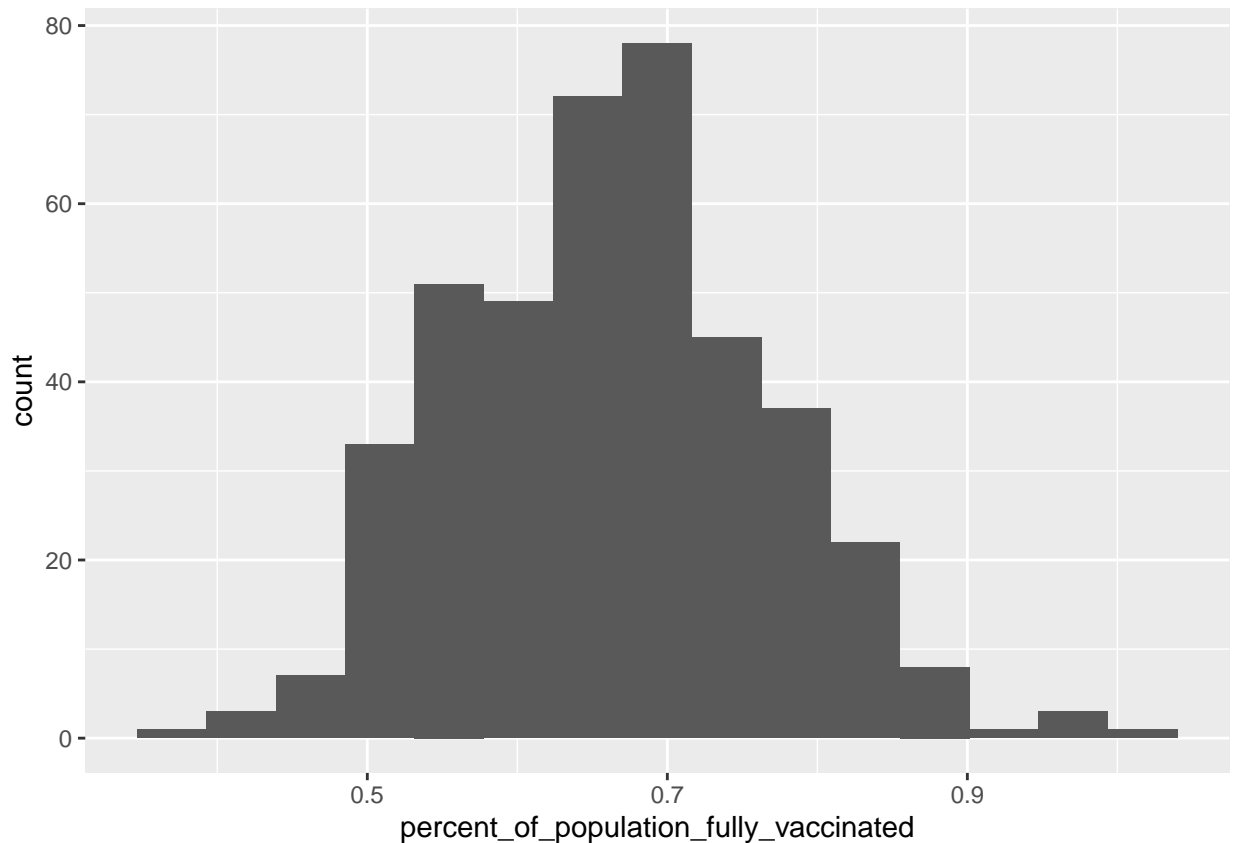
Q17. What is the 6 number summary (Min, 1st Qu., Median, Mean, 3rd Qu., and Max) of the “Percent of Population Fully Vaccinated” values for ZIP code areas with a population as large as 92037 (La Jolla) as\_of\_date “2021-11-16”?

```
summary(vax.36.all$percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 0.3529  0.5905   0.6662   0.6640  0.7298   1.0000
```

Q18. Using ggplot generate a histogram of this data.

```
ggplot(vax.36.all) +aes(percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated) + geom_histogram(bins=15)
```



Q19. Is the 92109 and 92040 ZIP code areas above or below the average value you calculated for all these above?

```
vax %>% filter(as_of_date == "2021-11-16") %>%
  filter(zip_code_tabulation_area=="92040") %>%
  select(percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

```
## percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1 0.521047
```

52% less than average

```
vax %>% filter(as_of_date == "2021-11-16") %>%
  filter(zip_code_tabulation_area=="92109") %>%
  select(percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated)
```

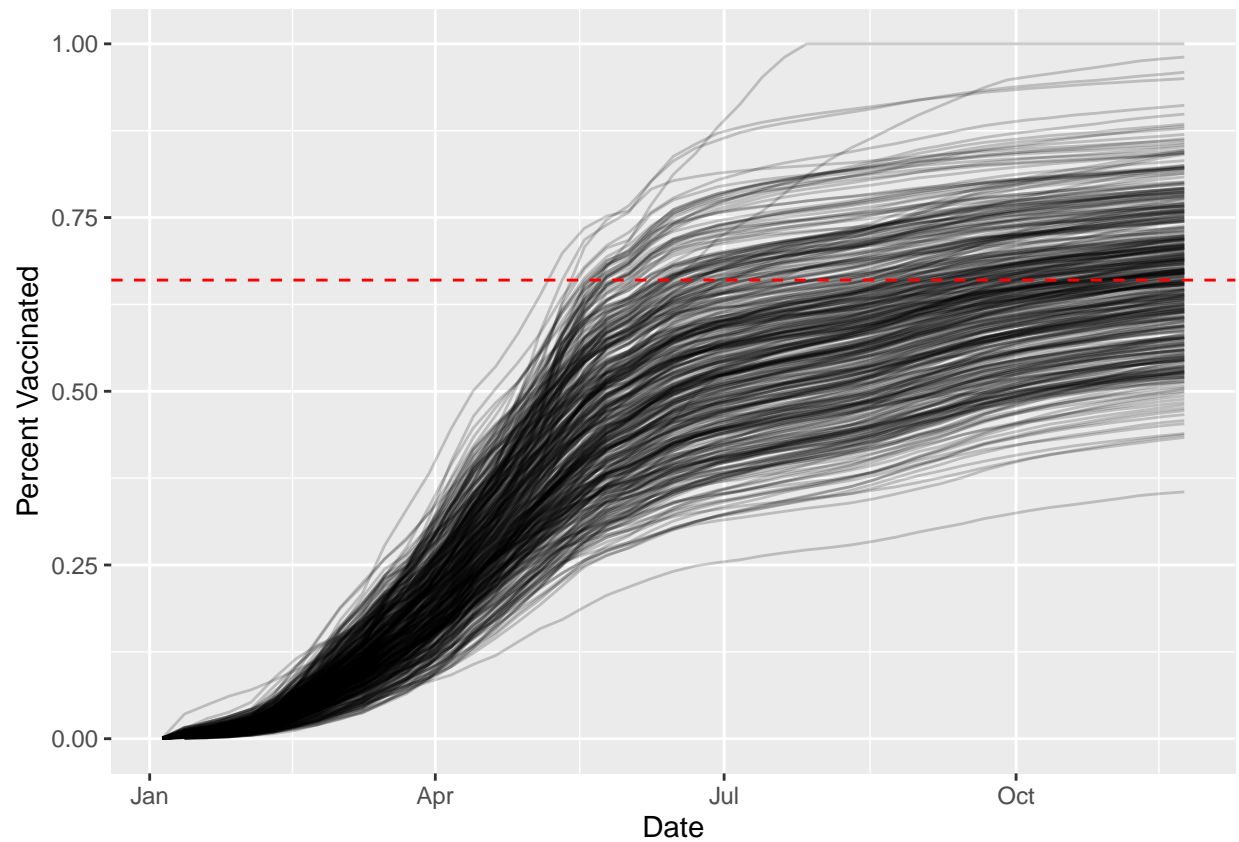
```
## percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated
## 1 0.68863
```

68% above the average

Q20. Finally make a time course plot of vaccination progress for all areas in the full dataset with a age5\_plus\_population > 36144.

```
ggplot(vax.36) + aes(as_of_date,
  percent_of_population_fully_vaccinated,
  group=zip_code_tabulation_area) + geom_line(alpha=0.2) + geom_hline(yintercept = 0.66, col="red",
```

```
## Warning: Removed 176 row(s) containing missing values (geom_path).
```



Q21. How do you feel about traveling for Thanksgiving and meeting for in-person class next Week?

I feel a bit uneasy about having class in person because I know most people have traveled and spent their time with big groups.

ZZ