Taller 4

Métodos Computacionales para Políticas Públicas - URosario

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Instrucciones:

- Guarde una copia de este *Jupyter Notebook* en su computador, idealmente en una carpeta destinada al material del curso.
- Modifique el nombre del archivo del notebook, agregando al final un guión inferior y su nombre y apellido, separados estos últimos por otro guión inferior. Por ejemplo, mi notebook se llamaría: mcpp_taller4_santiago_matallana
- Marque el *notebook* con su nombre y e-mail en el bloque verde arriba. Reemplace el texto "[Su nombre acá]" con su nombre y apellido. Similar para su e-mail.
- Desarrolle la totalidad del taller sobre este *notebook*, insertando las celdas que sea necesario debajo de cada pregunta. Haga buen uso de las celdas para código y de las celdas tipo *markdown* según el caso.
- Recuerde salvar periódicamente sus avances.
- Cuando termine el taller:
 - 1. Descárguelo en PDF.
 - 2. Suba los dos archivos (.pdf y .ipynb) a su repositorio en GitHub antes de la fecha y hora límites.

(Todos los ejercicios tienen el mismo valor.)

Zelle, Exercises 6.8 (p. 159):

• True/False: 1-10

• Multiple choice: 2, 3, 6, 7, 10

• Programming Exercises: 1, 3, 4, 11, 12, 13

True/False 1. Falso 2. Falso 3. Verdadero 4. Verdadero 5. Falso 6. Falso 7. Falso 8. Verdadero 9. Verdadero 10. FalsoSelección Múltiple 2. A 3. A 6. A 7. D 10. A Ejercicios de Programación

```
In [5]: #Ejercicio 1
        def cancion():
            print("Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!")
        def animal(animal, sonido):
            print("And on this farm he had a", animal +", Ee-igh, Ee-igh, Oh!")
            print("With a", sonido + ",", sonido, "here, and a", sonido+",", son
        ido, "there.")
            print("Here a", sonido+",","there a", sonido + ",", "everywhere a",
        sonido+",", sonido+".")
        def main():
            oldMac()
            animal('dog', 'guau')
            oldMac()
            print()
            oldMac()
            animal('wolf', 'auu')
            oldMac()
            print()
            oldMac()
            animal('tiger', 'groaarr')
            oldMac()
            print()
            oldMac()
            animal('sheep', 'baah')
            oldMac()
            print()
            oldMac()
            animal('cat', 'miau')
            oldMac()
        main()
```

Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh! And on this farm he had a dog, Ee-igh, Ee-igh, Oh! With a guau, guau here, and a guau, guau there. Here a guau, there a guau, everywhere a guau, guau. Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!

Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!
And on this farm he had a wolf, Ee-igh, Ee-igh, Oh!
With a auu, auu here, and a auu, auu there.
Here a auu, there a auu, everywhere a auu, auu.
Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!

Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!
And on this farm he had a tiger, Ee-igh, Ee-igh, Oh!
With a groaarr, groaarr here, and a groaarr, groaarr there.
Here a groaarr, there a groaarr, everywhere a groaarr, groaarr.
Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!

Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!
And on this farm he had a sheep, Ee-igh, Ee-igh, Oh!
With a baah, baah here, and a baah, baah there.
Here a baah, there a baah, everywhere a baah, baah.
Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!

Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh! And on this farm he had a cat, Ee-igh, Ee-igh, Oh! With a miau, miau here, and a miau, miau there. Here a miau, there a miau, everywhere a miau, miau. Old MacDonald had a farm, Ee-igh, Ei-igh, Oh!

```
In [9]: # Ejercicio 3
    import math as m

def sphereArea(radius):
        area = 4 * m.pi * (radius*radius)
        return area

def sphereVolume(radius):
        volume = 4/3 * m.pi * (radius ** 3)
        return volume

def main():
        r = (eval(input("Introduzca el valor del radio: ")))
        a = sphereArea(r)
        v = sphereVolume(r)
        print("Una esfera con radio de", r, "tiene un volumen de", round(v, 3), "y una superficie de área de", round(a, 3),".")

main()
```

Introduzca el valor del radio: 20 Una esfera con radio de 20 tiene un volumen de 33510.322 y una superfic ie de área de 5026.548 .

```
In [20]: #Ejercicio 4
         def sumN(n):
             suma = 1
             for i in range(n,1,-1):
                 suma = suma + i
             return suma
         def sumNCubes(n):
             cubo = 1
             for x in range(n,1,-1):
                 cubo = cubo + x ** 3
             return cubo
         def main():
             n = eval(input("Ingrese un número natural: "))
             N = sumN(n)
             NCubes = sumNCubes(n)
             print("La suma de los primeros {0} números naturales es {1}, y la su
         ma "
             "de los primeros {0} cubos es {2}".format(n, N, NCubes))
         main()
         Ingrese un número natural: 10
         La suma de los primeros 10 números naturales es 55, y la suma de los pr
         imeros 10 cubos es 3025
```

```
In [26]: # Ejercicio 11

def squareEach(nums):
    for x in range (len(nums)):
        nums[x] = nums[x] ** 2
    return(nums)

def test():
    list = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
    y = squareEach(list)
    print(y)
    test()
```

[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]

```
In [27]: # Ejercicio 12

def sumList(nums):
    y = 0
    for x in range (len(nums)):
        y = nums[x] + y
    return(y)

def test():
    list = [1,2,3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15]
    z = sumList(list)
    print(z)
    test()
```

114

```
In [30]: # Ejercicio 13

def toNumbers(strList):
    for x in range (len(strList)):
        strList[x] = int(strList[x])
    return(strList)

def test():
    list = ["1","2","3","4","5","6","7","8","9","10"]
    z = toNumbers(list)
    print(z)
    test()
```

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]