

# JavaScript

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```
function foo() {  
    alert("Hello World!")  
}
```

# JavaScript

The world's most misunderstood language

<http://javascript.crockford.com/javascript.html>

No it has nothing to do with Java

Except some syntactical similarities

It is a scripting language – it is not compiled, but interpreted and executed on-the-fly.

# The Web Browser: Execution Sequence

- Downloads the HTML document
- Starts Parsing the document

```
<html>
<head>
  <script> ... </script>
  <style> ... </style>
</head>
<body> ... </body>
</html>
```

# The Web Browser: Execution Sequence

- DOM is rendered, CSS is rendered in parallel
- Javascript is executed as it is seen. The browser may stop parsing the HTML when it is executing the Javascript.
- Resources such as images, embeds and iframes are requested as and when the parser encounters them. They are requested asynchronously.

# The Web Browser



V8



SpiderMonkey



Chakra

# Why do we need JavaScript?

You need to *dynamically* add or change elements on your page

All this happens on the *client-side*

Though, there is server-side JS, but that's out of scope here.

## DOM – Document Object Model

Provides an object-oriented programming interface  
between HTML/CSS and JavaScript

# Lets Dive!

## **In-line JavaScript**

```
<script type = 'text/javascript'>  
alert('Hello World!');  
</script>
```

## **External JavaScript**

```
<script type='text/javascript' src='common.js'></script>
```

# Some basics

- **JavaScript is case-sensitive**

`getElementById != getElementByid`

- **Semicolons in JavaScript are optional**

*(but, semicolons is my hobby)*

`var a = 1`

`var b = 2`

- **Blocks do not have scope – only functions have scope**



# Basics

- Variables

```
var a = 1;
```

```
var me = "angad";
```

**Say no to Global Variables!** They are shared among all code in your JS application!

**Always declare variables with var** Any variable not declared with var, ends up in your "nearest" (mostly, global) namespace.

# Basics

- Operators - +, -, \*, / and %
- Assignment =, +=, -= etc.
- Increment and Decrement ++, --
- String Concatenation “hello” + “world”
- Comparisons <, >, <= and >=
- == performs type coercion with different types
- Use === to prevent type coercion

# Control Structures

```
if (a === 1) {  
    a++;  
}
```

```
while (true) { }
```

```
for(var i = 0; i < 5; i++)
```

```
switch(action) {  
    case 'draw': drawit();  
                break;  
    case 'eat' : eatit();  
                break;  
    default    : donothing();  
}
```

# Arrays

```
var a = new Array();  
a[0] = "car";  
a[1] = "bike";  
var a = ["car", "bike"];
```

Quick Tip: Length of the array is one more than the highest index.

```
a[100] = "truck";  
a.length = 101;
```

# Objects

JS Objects are collection of name-value pairs.

```
var obj = new Object();
```

```
var obj = {};
```

```
//Similar
```

```
obj.name = "Angad";
```

Is similar to

```
obj["name"] = "Angad";
```

# Functions

```
function sayHello() {  
    alert("Hello!");  
}
```

## Inner Functions:

```
function a() {  
    function b(){  
        return 1;  
    }  
    return b();  
}
```

# jQuery

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="jquery.js"></script>
```

*“jQuery is a fast and concise JavaScript Library that simplifies HTML document traversing, event handling, animating, and Ajax interactions for rapid web development.”*

# Basics

```
$(document).ready(function(){  
    // Your code here  
});
```

\$ - alias for the jQuery “class”

\$() – constructs a new jQuery object



# DOM Manipulations

## JavaScript

- `document.getElementById();`
- `document.getElementsByClassName();`
- `document.getElementsByTagName();`

## jQuery

- `$('#id');`
- `$('.class');`
- `$( 'tagName' );`
- `$( 'tagName#id.class' );`

# Events

## JavaScript

- `onclick`
- `onfocus`
- `onkeydown`
- `onmouseover`
- ...

## jQuery

- `$(elem).click();`
- `$(elem).focus();`
- ...

# Animation

```
jQuery(element).fadeIn().fadeOut().show().  
hide().slideDown().slideUp().toggle();
```

# AJAX

```
$.ajax();
```

```
$.get();
```

```
$.post();
```

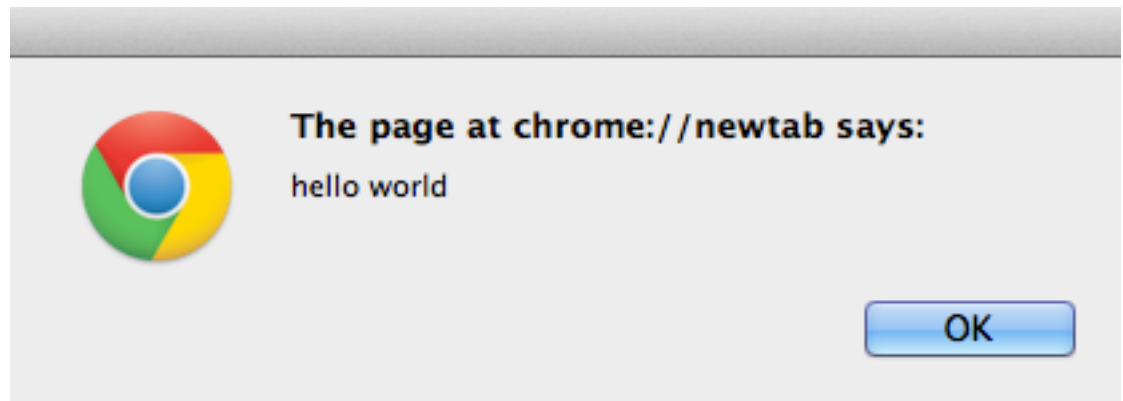
//Don't do it by yourself!

<http://api.jquery.com/jQuery.ajax/>

# Hands On!

Chrome JavaScript Console: Alt + Command + J  
Firebug in Firefox

```
alert("hello world");
```



# READ THIS!

- <http://net.tutsplus.com/tutorials/javascript-ajax/principles-of-maintainable-javascript/>
- <http://addyosmani.com/resources/essentialjsdesignpatterns/book/>
- <http://net.tutsplus.com/tutorials/javascript-ajax/digging-into-design-patterns-in-javascript/>
- <http://net.tutsplus.com/tutorials/javascript-ajax/the-essentials-of-writing-high-quality-javascript/>
- [https://developer.mozilla.org/en/JavaScript/Introduction to Object-Oriented JavaScript](https://developer.mozilla.org/en/JavaScript/Introduction%20to%20Object-Oriented%20JavaScript)
- [https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/JavaScript/A re-introduction to JavaScript](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/JavaScript/A_re-introduction_to_JavaScript)

# Some general rules

- Document your code!
- Use Version Control (Git!)
- Re-use code!