

Exam 2 → Friday → run-time → hash tables
 PA8 released today → discussion at 8pm
 PAs Late/Resubmit → due Tuesday
 PA7 hard deadline today

Iterators

What is an iterator used for in Java?

Loop through / visit, in some order, every element of a collection
 ↳ use in a for-each loop

What is the interface needed for creating an iterator?

Iterable<E> Iterable<Integer>

What method(s) do we need to implement for that interface?

Iterator<E> iterator() ?

Iterator<Integer> iterator()

What class do we need to create to hold the iterators state?

Iterator

Where should that class be created?

private inner class

inside our collection or data structure

What interface does it need to implement?

Iterator<E>

Iterator<Integer>

What method(s) do we need to implement for that interface?

E next()

Integer next()

boolean hasNext()

What is the process to iterate over an object? (next method)

- ① save the current value into temp variable
- ② move to the next item (update state)
- ③ return the temp value

class MyClass<E> implements Iterable<E> {

class MyIterator<E> implements Iterator<E> {

// state

public MyIterator (———) {
 // save initial state

```
public MyIterator {  
    // save initial state  
}
```

```
    public E next() {  
        return null;  
    }
```

```
    public boolean hasNext() {  
        return false;  
    }
```

```
    public Iterator<E> iterator() {  
        return new MyIterator<E>();  
    }
```

```
}
```

How could we make our linked list work in an enhanced for loop? What changes would we need to make to the LList class?

```
LList<Integer> list = new LList<Integer>();
```

```
//code to add data to list
```

```
for (Integer i: list) {  
    System.out.println(i);  
}
```

Integer i; *should be an iterator*
while (list.hasNext()) {
 i = list.next();
 print(i);
}

```
public class LList<E> {  
    Node front;  
    int size;  
  
    LList() { //... }  
    public void prepend(E value) { //... }  
    public E get(int index) { //... }  
    public int size() { //... }
```

implements Iterable<E>
boolean changed = false;

changed = true;

```
    public Iterator<E> iterator() {  
        return new LLIterator<E>();  
    }
```

```
    class LLIterator<E> implements Iterator<E> {
```

// state

Node<E> current;

```
    public LLIterator() {
```

current = front.next; // skip the dummy node

changed = false;

```
    }  
    public boolean hasNext() {
```

return current != null;

```
    }  
    public E next() {
```

① E temp = current.value;

② current = current.next;

③ return temp;

}

}

if (changed)
// throw an exception